

FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 AND IEEE STD 1528-2013

in accordance with the requirements of
FCC Report and Order: ET Docket 93-62



FCC TEST REPORT

For

Radio Module

Trade Name: DURABOOK

Model: EM7565-9

Issued to

TWINHEAD INTERNATIONAL CORP.

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Issued by

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Revision History

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1 Certificate of Compliance (SAR Evaluation)

Applicant TWINHEAD INTERNATIONAL CORP.
11F, No. 550, Rueiguang Rd., Neihu, Taipei, Taiwan 114, R.O.C.

Equipment Under Test: Radio Module

Trade Name: DURABOOK

Model Number: EM7565-9

Date of Test: March 5 ~ March 15 , 2018

Device Category: Portable Devices

Exposure Category: General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Applicable Standards	
FCC	● IEEE 1528 2013 ● KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 ● KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 ● KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 ● KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02 ● KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Device v02r05 ● KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR procedure v03r01
Limit	
1.6 W/kg	
Test Result	
Pass	

The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Approved by:



Scott Hsu
Section Manager
Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Tested by:



Jerry Chuang
SAR Engineer
Compliance Certification Services Inc.

2 Description of Equipment Under Test

Product	Radio Module		
Trade Name	DURABOOK		
Model Number	EM7565-9		
WWAN Module	Sierra	Model:	EM7565-9
Transmitter	UMTS & LTE		
Modulation Technique	Operatind Mode		TX Freq Range(MHz)
	WCDMA Band II		1850 ~ 1910
	WCDMA Band IV		1710 ~ 1755
	WCDMA Band V		824 ~ 849
	LTE Band 2		1850 ~ 1910
	LTE Band 4		1710 ~ 1755
	LTE Band 5		824 ~ 849
	LTE Band 13		777 ~ 787
	LTE Band 66		1712.5~ 1777.5
WWAN Antenna Specification	Brand name	Sinbon Technology Co., Ltd	
	Parts Number	22+600761+00	
		22+600762+00	
	Type	Monopole	
Rechargeable Li-polymer Battery–alternate	Band:RAC Electric Vehicles Inc. Model: X11BK-M Rating:7.6V/4800mAh/48Wh		

Note:

1. The sample selected for test was prototype that representative to production product and was provided by manufacturer.

2.1 Summary of Highest SAR Values

Results for highest reported SAR values for each frequency band and mode

Technology/Band	Test configuration	Mode	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Edge 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	1.089
WCDMA band IV	Edge 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	1.082
WCDMA band V	Edge 1	RMC 12.2Kbps	1.048
LTE band 2	Edge 1	QPSK	1.190
LTE band 4	Edge 1	QPSK	1.093
LTE band 5	Edge 1	QPSK	1.032
LTE band 13	Edge 1	QPSK	1.032
LTE band 66	Edge 1	QPSK	1.034

Result for highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR values

Technology/Band	Test configuration	Mode	Sum of Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV+WiFi 5.3 GHz	Edge 2	QPSK	1.591

3 Requirements for Compliance Testing Defined

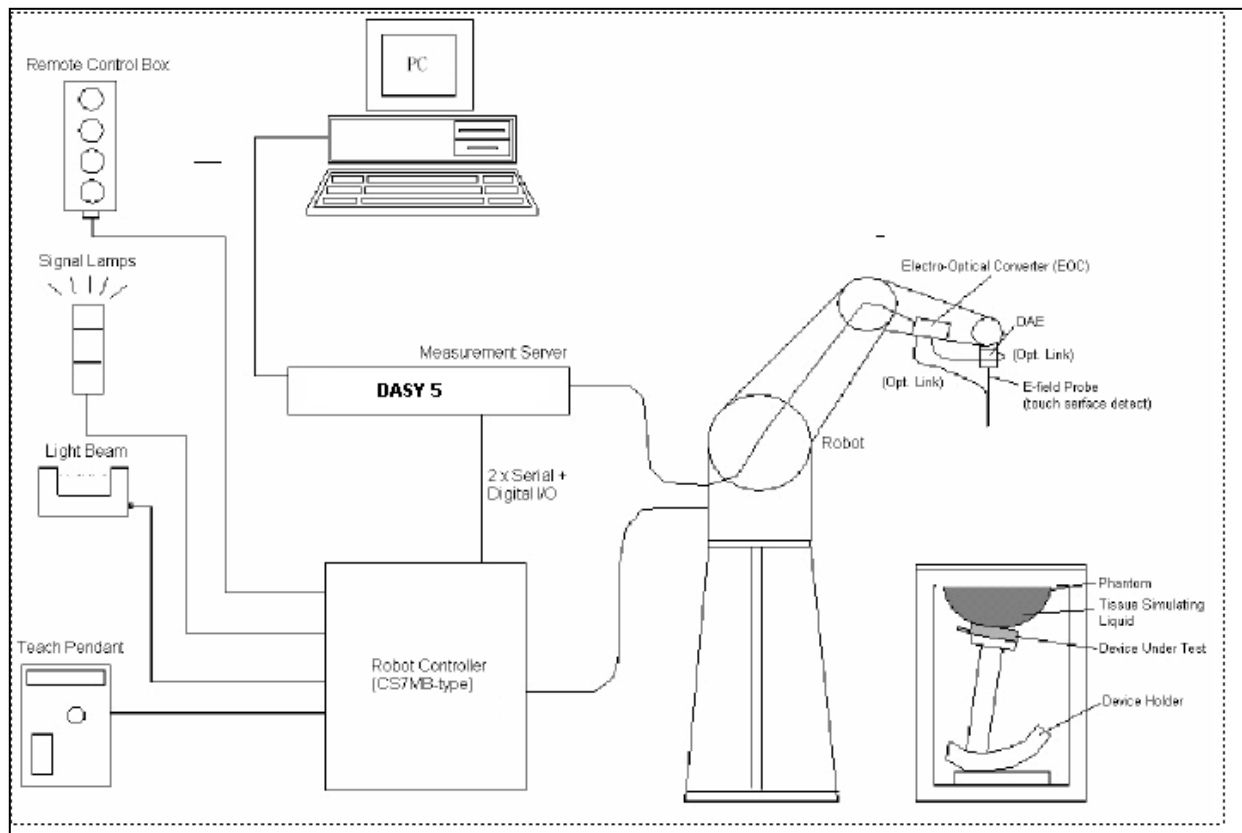
3.1 Requirements for Compliance Testing Defined by the FCC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996 [1]. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 W/kg for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 and IEEE Std 1528-2013.

4 Dosimetric Assessment System

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4-SN: 3665 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE 1528 2013.

4.1 Measurement System Diagram



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software version: 52.8.8.1258.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

4.2 System Components

DASY4/DASY5 Measurement Server	
	The DASY4/DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 166MHz low-power Pentium, 32MB chip disk and 64MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE3 electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4/DASY5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board. The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.
	The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
	The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE4 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction:	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration:	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz. Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800 CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request.
Frequency:	10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity:	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range:	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions:	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application:	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

SAM Phantom (V4.0)

Construction:	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 2013, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.
Shell Thickness:	2 $\pm$ 0.2 mm
Filling Volume:	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions:	Height: 810mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm

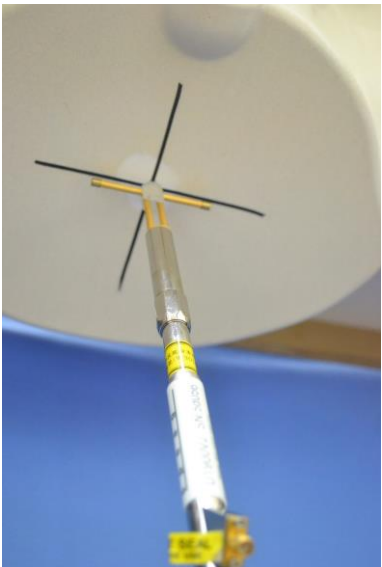
SAM Phantom (ELI4)

Construction:	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4/DASY5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles
Shell Thickness:	2.0 $\pm$ 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)
Filling Volume:	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions:	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm
Minor axis:	400 mm 500mm

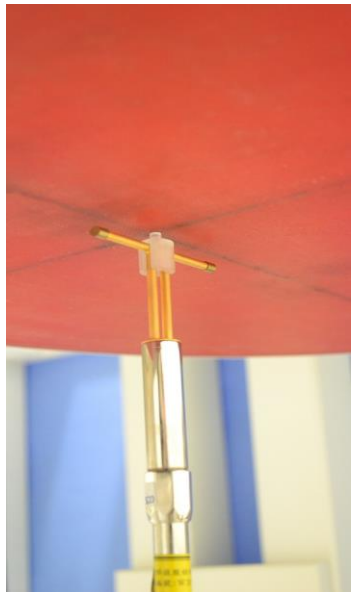
Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

	Construction: In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0 or Twin SAM, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).
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System Validation Kits for SAM Phantom (V4.0)

	Construction: Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor. Frequency: 750, 835, 1750, 1900, 2450, 5300, 5600, 5800 MHz Return loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position Power capability: > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz) Dimensions: D750V3: dipole length: 179 mm; overall height: 330 mm D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm D1750V2: dipole length: 75.2 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm
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System Validation Kits for ELI4 phantom

	Construction: Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor. Frequency: 750, 835, 1750, 1900, 2450, 5300, 5600, 5800 MHz Return loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position Power capability: > 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz) Dimensions: D750V3: dipole length: 179 mm; overall height: 330 mm D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 340 mm D1750V2: dipole length: 75.2 mm; overall height: 300 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 67.7 mm; overall height: 300 mm
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5 Evaluation Procedures

Data Evaluation

The DASY4/DASY5 post processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}$
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_i$
	- Diode compression point	dcp_i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with	V_i	= Compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	U_i	= Input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	cf	= Crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
	dcp_i	= Diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$$

with	V_i	= Compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	$Norm_i$	= Sensor sensitivity of channel i	(i = x, y, z)

$\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E0field Probes

$ConvF$	= Sensitivity enhancement in solution
a_{ij}	= Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f	= Carrier frequency (GHz)
E_i	= Electric field strength of channel i in V/m
H_i	= Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with

SAR	= local specific absorption rate in W/kg
E_{tot}	= total field strength in V/m
σ	= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ	= equivalent tissue density in g/cm ³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{377} \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with

P_{pwe}	= Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm ²
E_{tot}	= total electric field strength in V/m
H_{tot}	= total magnetic field strength in A/m

6 SAR Measurement Procedures

6.1 Normal SAR Test Procedure

- **Power Reference Measurement**

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

- **Area Scan**

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4/DASY5 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, the grid resolution has to less than 15 mm by 15 mm at frequency ≤ 2 GHz; the grid resolution has to less than 12mm by 12 mm at frequency between 2GHz to 4GHz; grid resolution has to less than 10 mm by 10 mm at frequency between 4GHz to 6GHz.

According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

- Zoom Scan**

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures points in accordance with the frequency can be divided into three parts. (1) The zoom scan volume was set to 5x5x7 points at frequency ≤ 2 GHz. (2) The zoom scan volume was set to 7x7x7 points at frequency between 2 GHz to 4 GHz (3) The zoom scan volume was set to 7x7x12 points at frequency between 4 GHz to 6 GHz. The measures points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more than one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly.

According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	Uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Maximum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

- Power Drift Measurement**

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY4/DASY5 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

- Z-Scan**

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.

7 Device Under Test

7.1 Wireless Technologies

Wireless technologies	Tx Frequency Bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for testing
WCDMA (UMTS)	Band II Band IV Band V	UMTS Rel. 99 HSDPA HSUPA	N/A
LTE	Band 2 Band 4 Band 5 Band 13 Band 66	QPSK 16QAM	N/A

7.2 Maximum Tune-up Power**For WWAN**

P-Sensor OFF

Tolerance (dB): ± 1		RF Output Power (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up power
WCDMA Band II	R99	23.0	24.0
	HSDPA	23.0	24.0
	HSUPA	23.0	24.0
WCDMA Band IV	R99	23.0	24.0
	HSDPA	23.0	24.0
	HSUPA	23.0	24.0
WCDMA Band V	R99	23.0	24.0
	HSDPA	23.0	24.0
	HSUPA	23.0	24.0
Band	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up power
LTE Band 2	QPSK	23.0	24.0
LTE Band 4	QPSK	23.0	24.0
LTE Band 5	QPSK	23.0	24.0
LTE Band 13	QPSK	23.0	24.0
LTE Band 66	QPSK	23.0	24.0

P-Sensor ON

Tolerance (dB): ± 1		RF Output Power (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up power
WCDMA Band II	R99	19.0	20.0
	HSDPA	19.0	20.0
	HSUPA	19.0	20.0
WCDMA Band IV	R99	19.0	20.0
	HSDPA	19.0	20.0
	HSUPA	19.0	20.0
WCDMA Band V	R99	21.0	22.0
	HSDPA	21.0	22.0
	HSUPA	21.0	22.0
Band	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up power
LTE Band 2	QPSK	19.0	20.0
LTE Band 4	QPSK	19.0	20.0
LTE Band 5	QPSK	21.0	22.0
LTE Band 13	QPSK	21.0	22.0
LTE Band 66	QPSK	19.0	20.0

8 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices V02

Item	Description	Information					
	Frequency range, Channel Bandwidth, Numbers and Frequencies	Band 2	Channel Bandwidth				
			1.4MHz	3MHz	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz
		Low	18607/ 1850.7	18615/ 1851.5	18625/ 1852.5	18650/ 1855	18675/ 1857.5
		Mid	18900/ 11880	18900/ 1880	18900/ 1880	18900/ 1880	18900/ 1880
		High	19192/ 1909.2	19184/ 1908.4	19175/ 1907.5	19150/ 1905	19125/ 1902.5
		Band 4	Channel Bandwidth				
			1.4MHz	3MHz	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz
		Low	19957/ 1710.7	19965/ 1711.5	19975/ 1712.5	20000/ 1715	20025/ 1717.5
		Mid	20175/ 1732.5	20175/ 1732.5	20175/ 1732.5	20175/ 1732.5	20175/ 1732.5
		High	20392/ 1754.2	20384/ 1753.4	20375/ 1752.5	20350/ 1750	20325/ 1747.5
		Band 5	Channel Bandwidth				
			1.4MHz	3MHz	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz
		Low	20407/ 824.7	20415/ 825.5	20425/ 826.5	20450/ 829	
		Mid	20525/ 836.5	20525/ 836.5	20525/ 836.5	20525/ 836.5	
		High	20642/ 848.2	20643/ 847.4	20625/ 846.5	20600/ 844	
		Band 13	Channel Bandwidth				
			1.4MHz	3MHz	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz
		Low			23205/ 779.5		
		Mid			23230/ 782	23230/ 782	
		High			23255/ 784.5		
		Band 66	Channel Bandwidth				
			1.4MHz	3MHz	5MHz	10MHz	15MHz
		Low			131997/ 1712.5	132022/ 1715	132047/ 1717.5
		Mid			132322/ 1745	132322/ 1745	132322/ 1745
		High			132647/ 1777.5	132622/ 1775	132597/ 1772.5

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices V02 (Continued)

Item	Description	Information																																						
2	Descriptions of the LTE transmitter and antenna implementation;	A single antenna is used for LTE and other wireless modes (UMTS/CDMA) for both Transmit and Receive. A Secondary antenna is used for LTE and other wireless modes (UMTS/CDMA) for Receive Only.																																						
3	Maximum power reduction (MPR)	As per 3GPP 36.101 v9.11.0 (2012-03), Release 9 Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3 <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Modulation</th><th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})</th><th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th></tr><tr><th>1.4 MHz</th><th>3.0 MHz</th><th>5 MHz</th><th>10 MHz</th><th>15 MHz</th><th>20 MHz</th></tr><tr><td>QPSK</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>64 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr></table> MPR is permanently built-in by design A-MPR was disabled	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})						MPR (dB)																																	
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz																																		
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1																																	
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1																																	
64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2																																	
4	Power Reduction	Yes																																						
5	Spectrum plots for RB configurations	Refer to Section 10.7																																						

9 Power Reduction by Proximity Sensing

A proximity sensor for power reduction is implemented in this device to address RF exposure compliance when the cellular antenna is positioned close to the user's body. The sensor's mechanical structure is designed to fit within the enclosure design used in this device and also extended around the edge and top of the antenna element in order to optimize sensitivity in these orientations. This design combines the antenna printed directly on a plastic part and proximity sensor FPC (Flexible Printed Circuit) bonded together into one piece. According to KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02)

9.1 Procedures for determining proximity sensor triggering distances

The following procedures should be applied to determine proximity sensor triggering distances for the back surface and individual edges of a tablet. Conducted power is monitored qualitatively to identify the general triggering characteristics and recorded quantitatively, versus spacing, as required by the procedures. Unless there is built-in test software that reports the triggering conditions and enables the power levels to be confirmed separately, monitoring of conducted power during the triggering tests typically requires internal access to the antenna ports inside the tablet, which may interfere with the triggering tests.

- (1) The relevant transmitter should be set to operate at its normal maximum output power.
- (2) The entire back surface or edge of the tablet is positioned below a flat phantom filled with the required tissue-equivalent medium, and positioned at least 20 mm further than the distance that triggers power reduction.
- (3) It should be ensured that the cables required for power measurements are not interfering with the proximity sensor. Cable losses should be properly compensated to report the measured power results.
- (4) The back surface or edge is moved toward the phantom in 3 mm steps until the sensor triggers.
- (5) The back surface or edge is then moved back (further away) from the phantom by at least 5 mm or until maximum output power is returned to the normal maximum level.
- (6) The back surface or edge is again moved toward the phantom, but in 1 mm steps, until it is at least 5 mm past the triggering point or touching the phantom. If 1 mm resolution is not suitable for the sensor triggering sensitivity, a KDB inquiry should be submitted to determine alternative test configurations.
- (7) If the tablet is not touching the phantom, it is moved in 3 mm steps until it touches the phantom to confirm that the sensor remains triggered and the maximum power stays reduced.
- (8) The process is then reversed by moving the tablet away from the phantom according to steps 4) to 7), to determine triggering release, until it is at least 10 mm beyond the point that triggers the return of normal maximum power.
- (9) The measured output power within ± 5 mm of the triggering points, or until the tablet is touching the phantom, for movements to and from the phantom should be tabulated in the SAR report.
- (10) If the sensor design and implementation allow additional variations for triggering distance tolerances, multiple samples should be tested to determine the most conservative distance required for SAR evaluation.
- (11) To ensure all production units are compliant, it is generally necessary to reduce the triggering distance determined from the triggering tests by 1 mm, or more if it is necessary, and use the smallest distance for movements to and from the phantom, minus 1 mm, as the sensor triggering distance for determining the SAR measurement distance.

9.2 Procedures for determining antenna and proximity sensor coverage

The sensing regions are usually limited to areas near the sensor element. If a sensor is spatially offset from the antenna(s), it is necessary to verify sensor triggering for conditions where the antenna is next to the user but the sensor is laterally further away to ensure sensor coverage is sufficient for reducing the power to maintain compliance. The following are used to determine if additional SAR measurements may be necessary due to sensor and antenna offset. 25 These procedures do not apply and are not required for configurations where the antenna and sensor are collocated and the peak SAR location is overlapping with the sensor.

- (1) The back surface or edge of the tablet is positioned at a test separation distance less than or equal to the distance required for back surface or edge triggering, with both the antenna and sensor pad located at least 20 mm laterally outside the edge (boundary) of the phantom, along the direction of maximum antenna and sensor offset. For the back surface, if the direction of maximum offset is not aligned with the tablet coordinates (physical edges) the tablet test position would not be aligned with the phantom coordinates (orientations). Each applicable tablet edge should be positioned perpendicularly to the phantom to determine sensor coverage. For antennas and/or sensors located near the corner of a tablet, both adjacent edges must be considered.
- (2) The similar sequence of steps applied to determine sensor triggering distance in section 6.2 are used to verify back surface and edge sensor coverage by moving the tablet (sensor and antenna) horizontally toward the phantom while maintaining the same vertical separation between the back surface or edge and the phantom.
- (3) After the exact location where triggering of power reduction is determined, with respect to the sensor and antenna, the tablet movement should be continued, in 3 mm increments, until both the sensor and antenna(s) are fully under the phantom and at least 20 mm inside the phantom edge.
- (4) The process is then repeated from the opposite direction, starting at the other end of the maximum antenna and sensor offset, by rotating the tablet 180° along the vertical axis.
- (5) The triggering points should be documented graphically, with the antenna and sensor clearly identified, along with all relevant dimensions.
- (6) If the subsequently measured peak SAR location for the antenna is not between the triggering points, established by the sensor coverage tests from opposite ends of the antenna and sensor, additional SAR tests may be required for conditions where only part of the back surface or edge of a tablet corresponding to the antenna is in proximity to the user and the sensor may not be triggering as desired. A KDB inquiry must be submitted by the test lab to determine if additional tests are required and the proper test configurations to use for testing. This may include situations where the sensor coverage region is too small for the antenna, the sensor is located too far away from the antenna, the sensor location is insufficient to cover multiple antennas or the antenna is at the corner of a tablet etc.

9.3 Proximity Sensor Status Table of trigger distance

As per the KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02, section 6.2, the following procedure is used to determine the triggering distances.

Proximity Sensor Status Table when DUT is moving towards the phantom

Distance to the DUT (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status – Rear Surface	Proximity Sensor Status – Top-Edge
30	OFF	OFF
27	OFF	OFF
25	OFF	OFF
24	OFF	OFF
23	OFF	OFF
22	OFF	OFF
21	OFF	OFF
20	OFF	OFF
19	OFF	OFF
18	OFF	OFF
17	OFF	OFF
16	OFF	OFF
15	OFF	OFF
14	OFF	OFF
13	OFF	OFF
12	OFF	OFF
11	OFF	OFF
10	ON	OFF
9	ON	ON
8	ON	ON
7	ON	ON
6	ON	ON
5	ON	ON
4	ON	ON
3	ON	ON
2	ON	ON
1	ON	ON
0	ON	ON

Rear Power Back-off

Edge Power Back-off

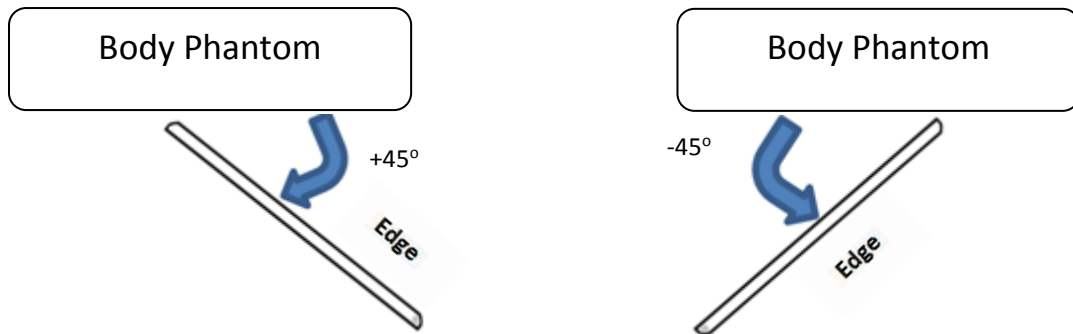
Body Phantom

Proximity Sensor Status Table when DUT is moving away from the phantom

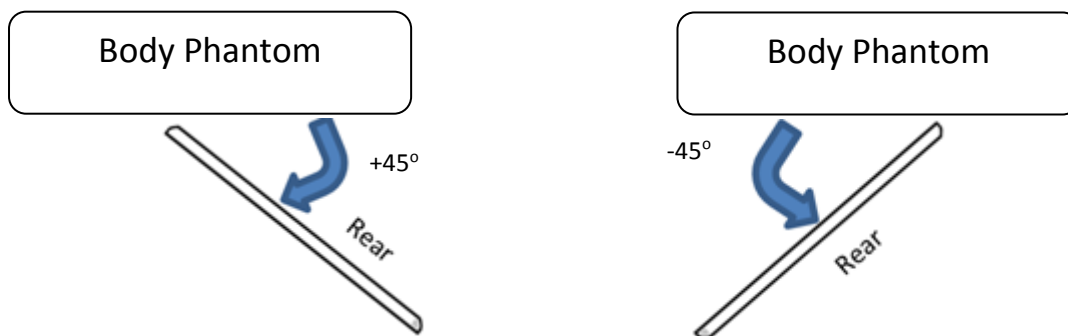
Distance to the DUT (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status – Rear Surface	Proximity Sensor Status – Top-Edge	Body Phantom
0	ON	ON	
1	ON	ON	
2	ON	ON	
3	ON	ON	
4	ON	ON	
5	ON	ON	
6	ON	ON	
7	ON	ON	
8	ON	ON	
9	ON	ON	
10	ON	OFF	
11	OFF	OFF	
12	OFF	OFF	
13	OFF	OFF	
14	OFF	OFF	
15	OFF	OFF	
16	OFF	OFF	
17	OFF	OFF	
18	OFF	OFF	
19	OFF	OFF	
20	OFF	OFF	
21	OFF	OFF	
22	OFF	OFF	
23	OFF	OFF	
24	OFF	OFF	
25	OFF	OFF	
27	OFF	OFF	
30	OFF	OFF	

9.4 Tilt angle influences to proximity sensor triggering

As per the KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02, section 6.4, the following procedure is used to determine the tilt angle influences to proximity sensor triggering.



Distance to the DUT (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status 0° to +45°	Proximity Sensor Status 0° to -45°
9	ON	ON
8	ON	ON
7	ON	ON
6	ON	ON
5	ON	ON
4	ON	ON
3	ON	ON
2	ON	ON
1	ON	ON
0	ON	ON

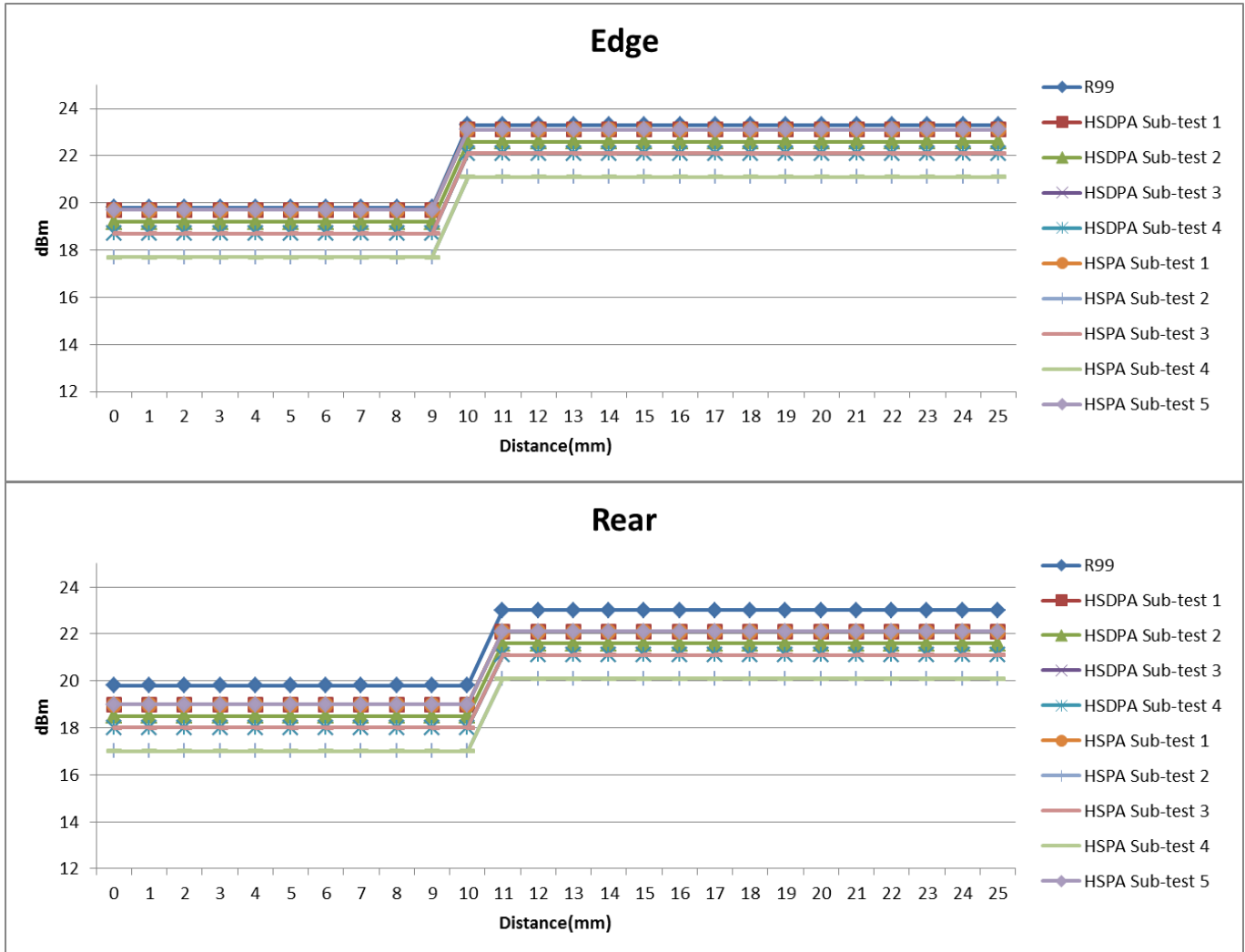


Distance to the DUT (mm)	Proximity Sensor Status 0° to +45°	Proximity Sensor Status 0° to -45°
10	ON	ON
9	ON	ON
8	ON	ON
7	ON	ON
6	ON	ON
5	ON	ON
4	ON	ON
3	ON	ON
2	ON	ON
1	ON	ON
0	ON	ON

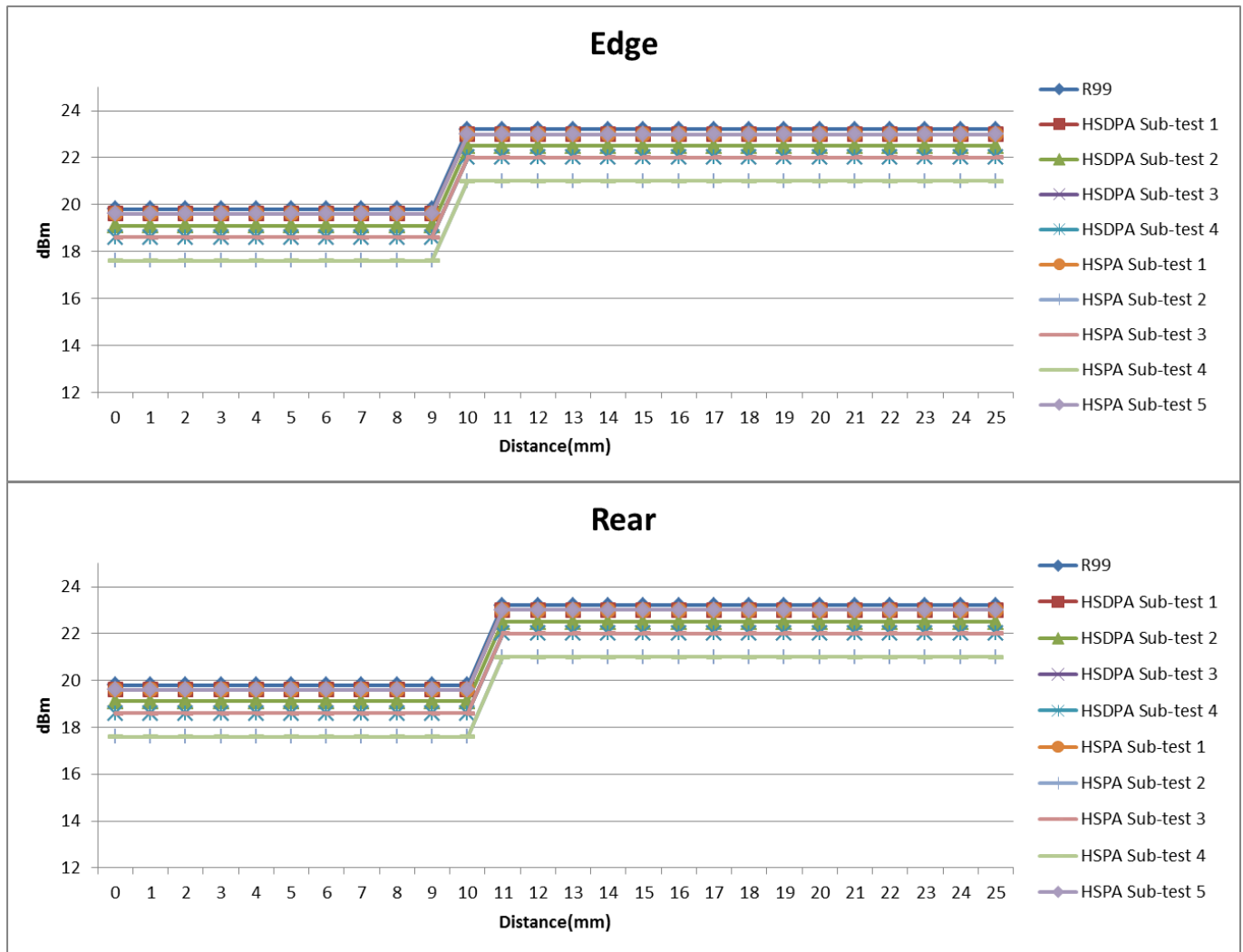
9.5 Power Reduction per Air-interface

The following graphs show the power level and the distance from the DUT to the flat phantom for the Top-Edge and Rear Surface.

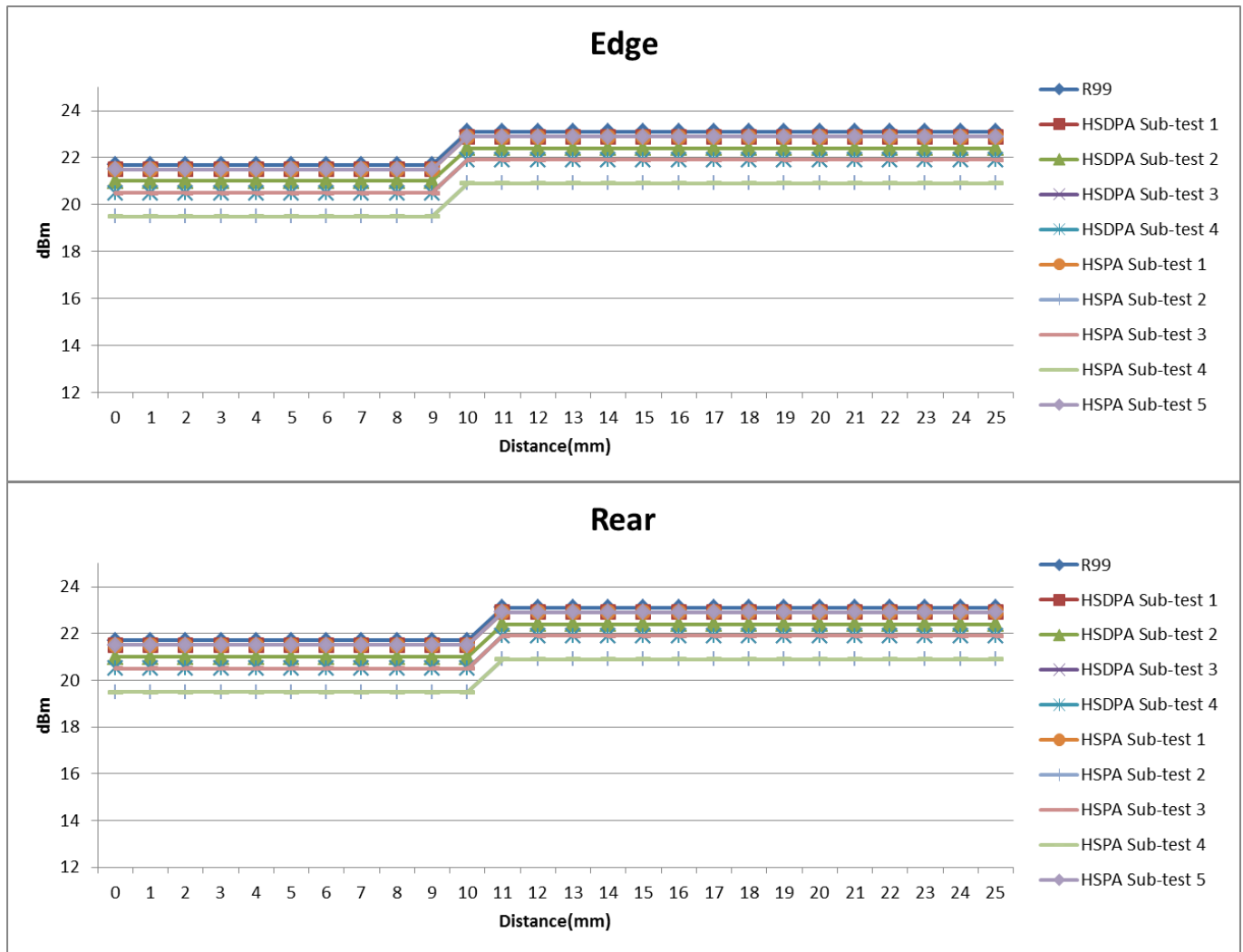
WCDMA Band II



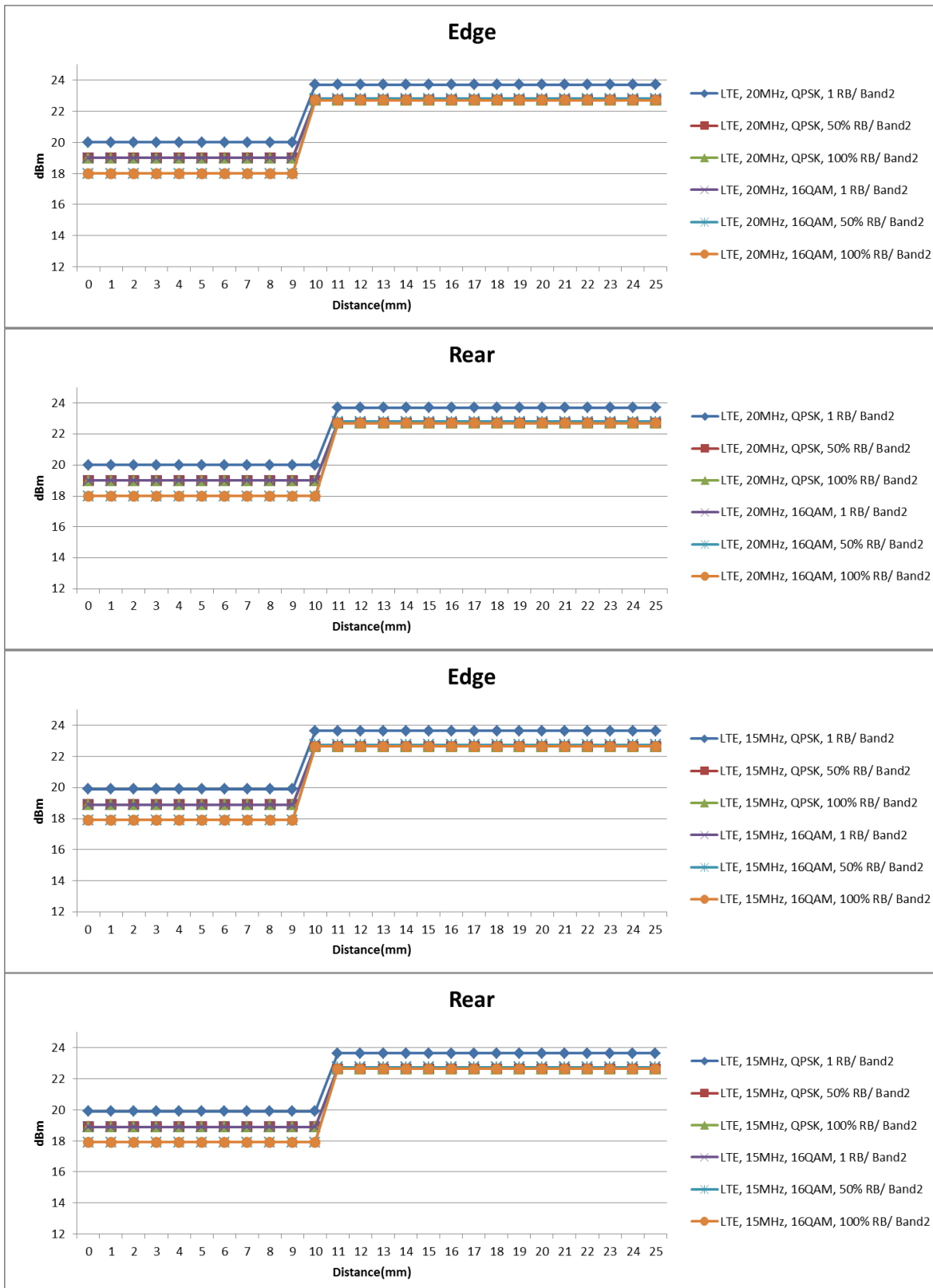
WCDMA Band IV

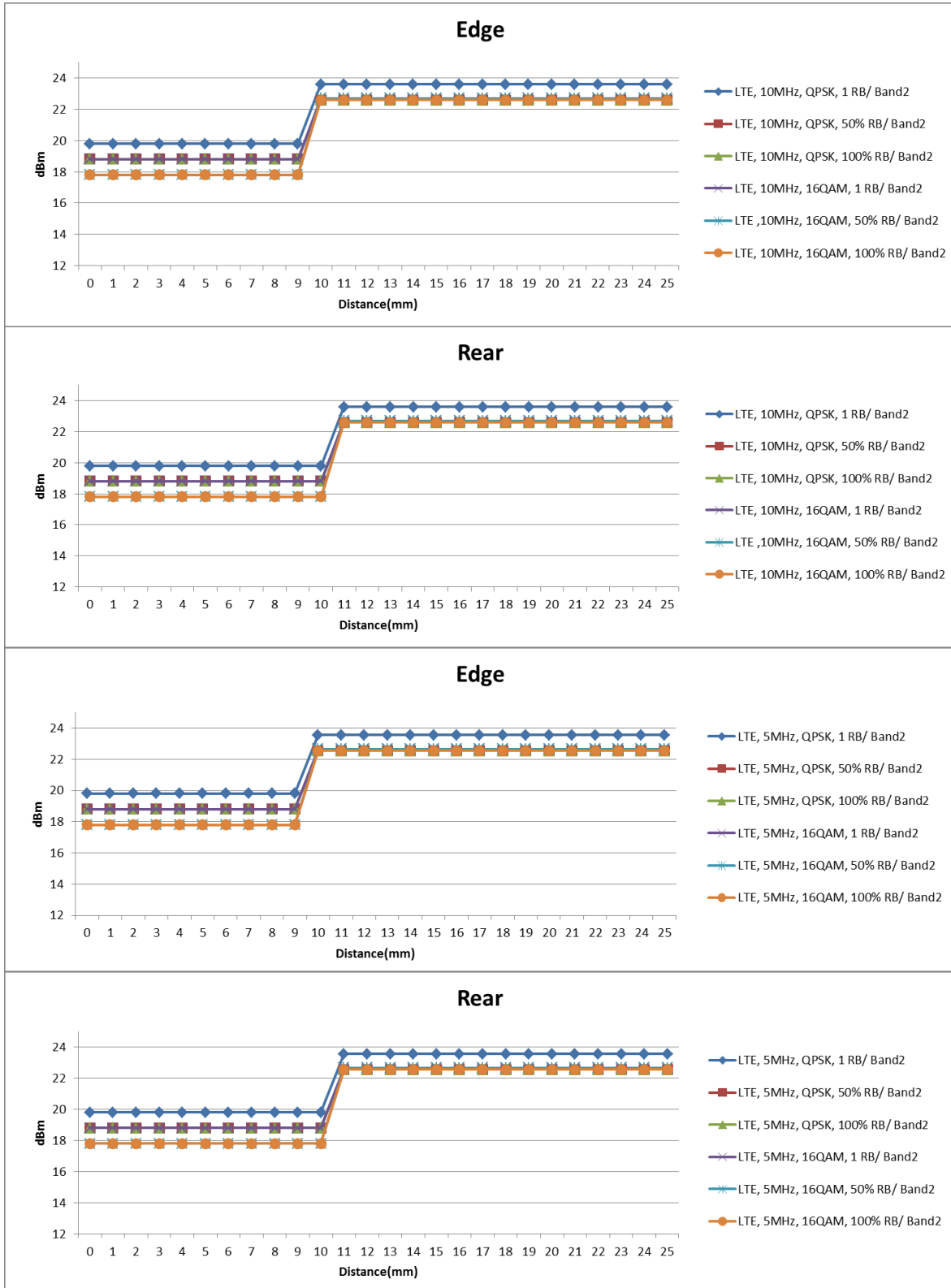


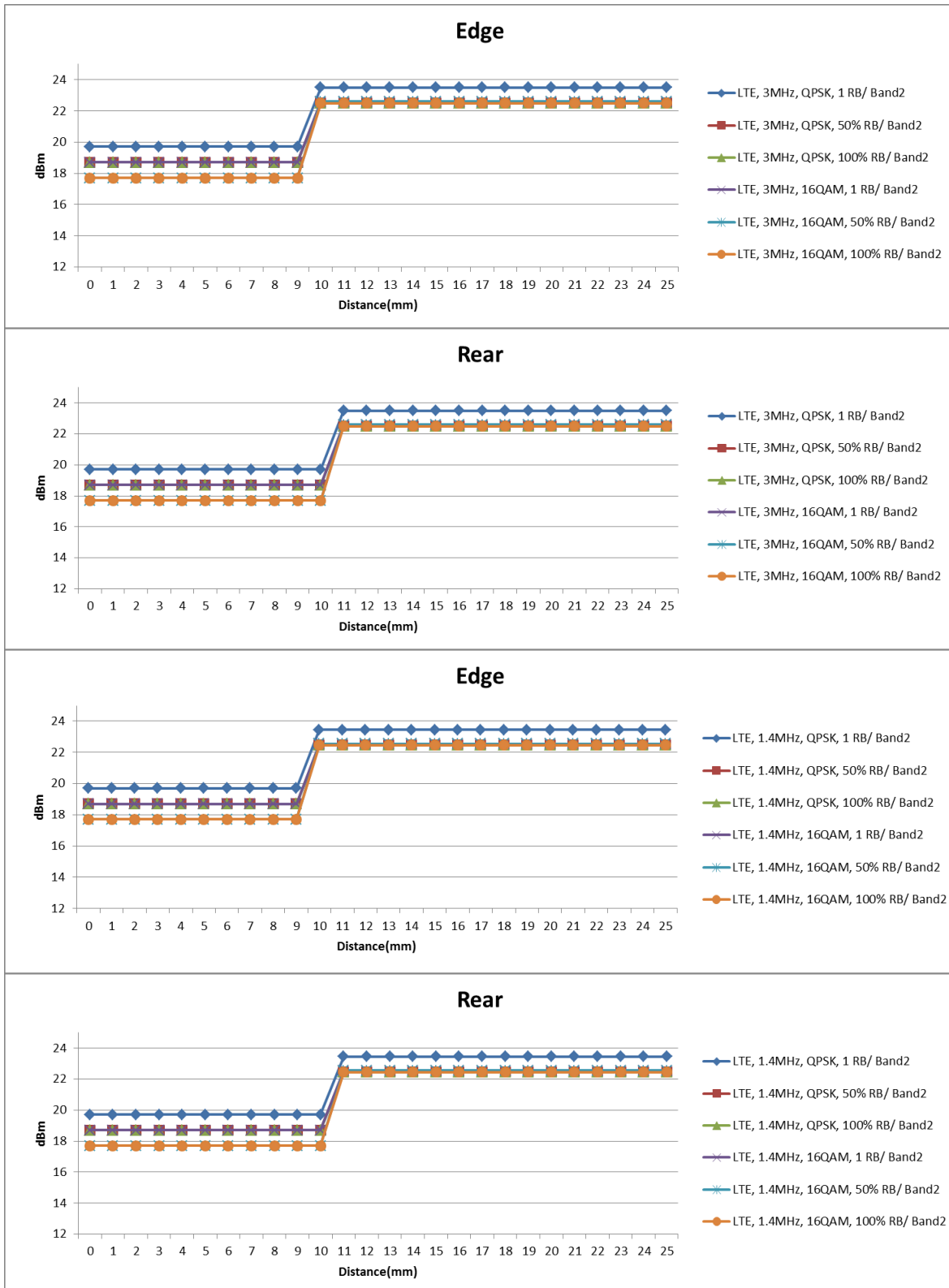
WCDMA Band V



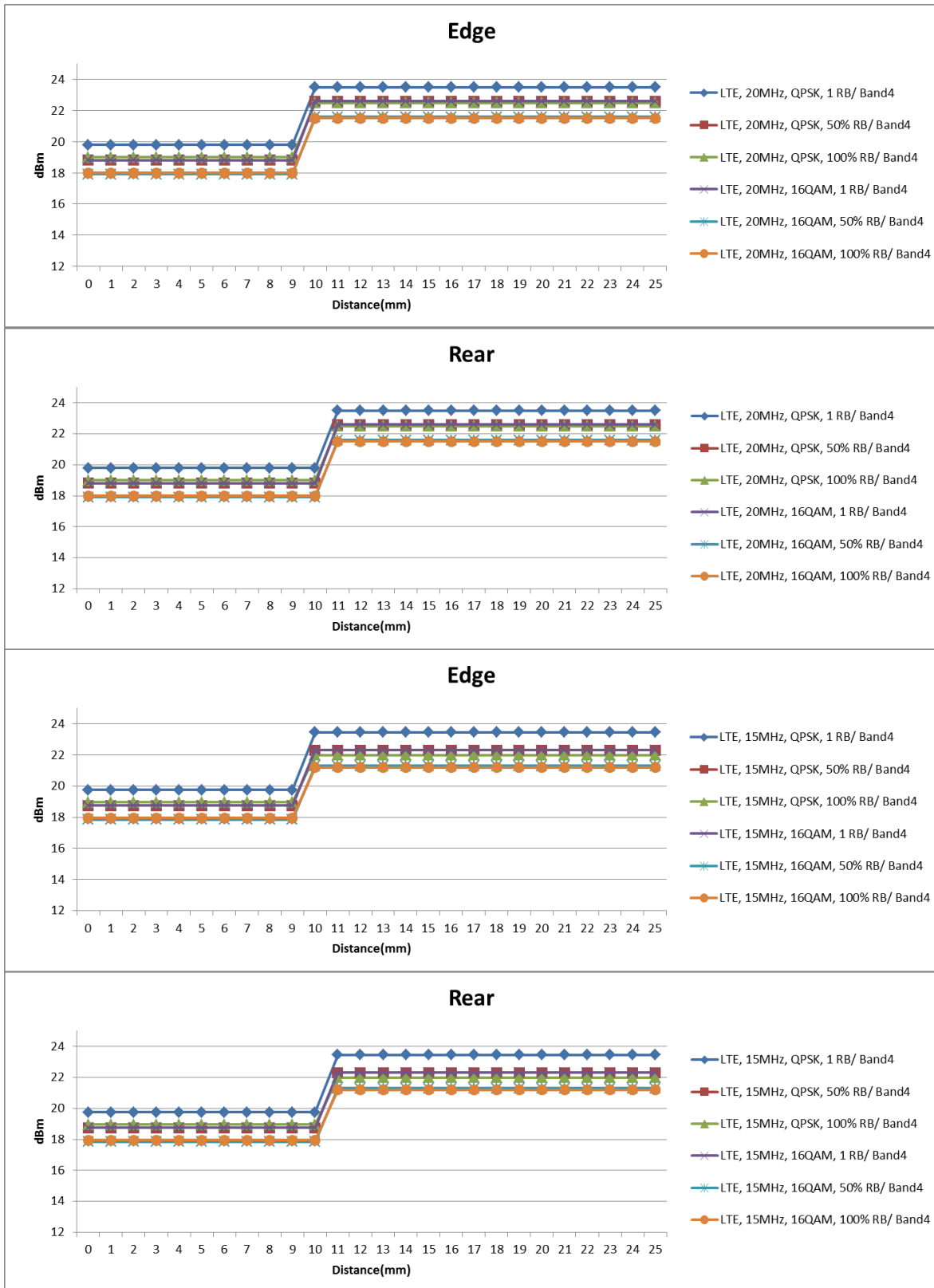
LTE Band 2

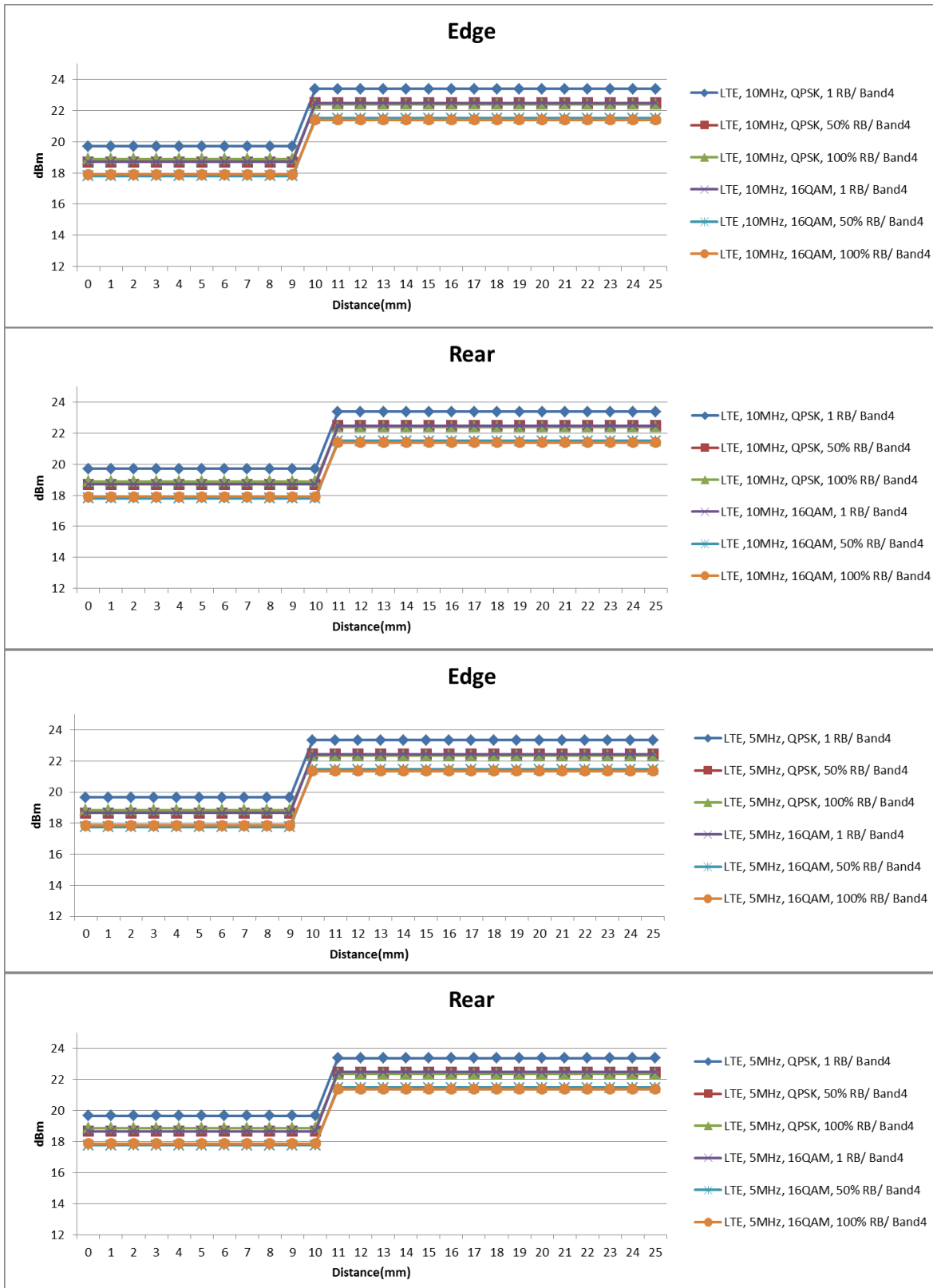


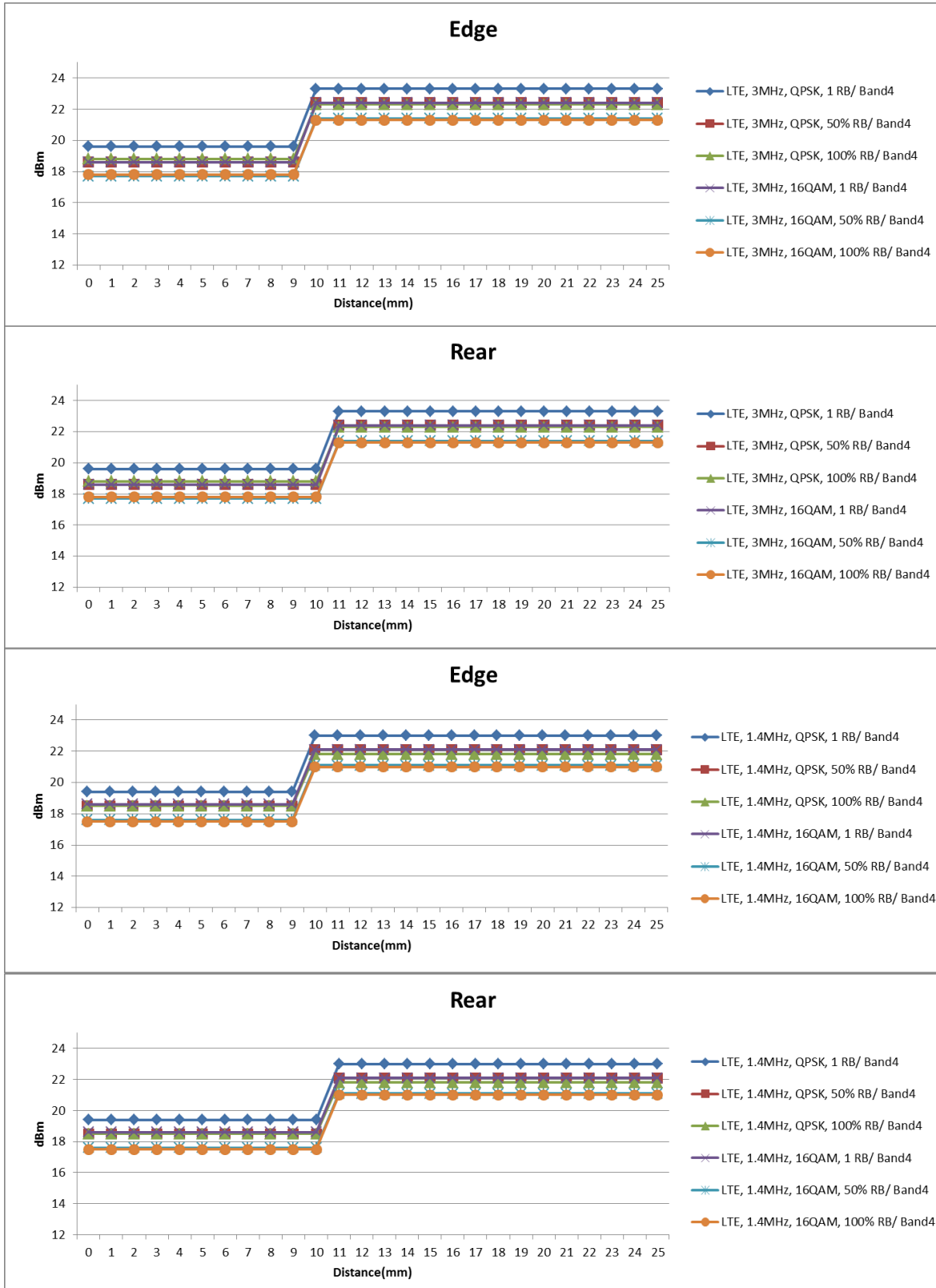




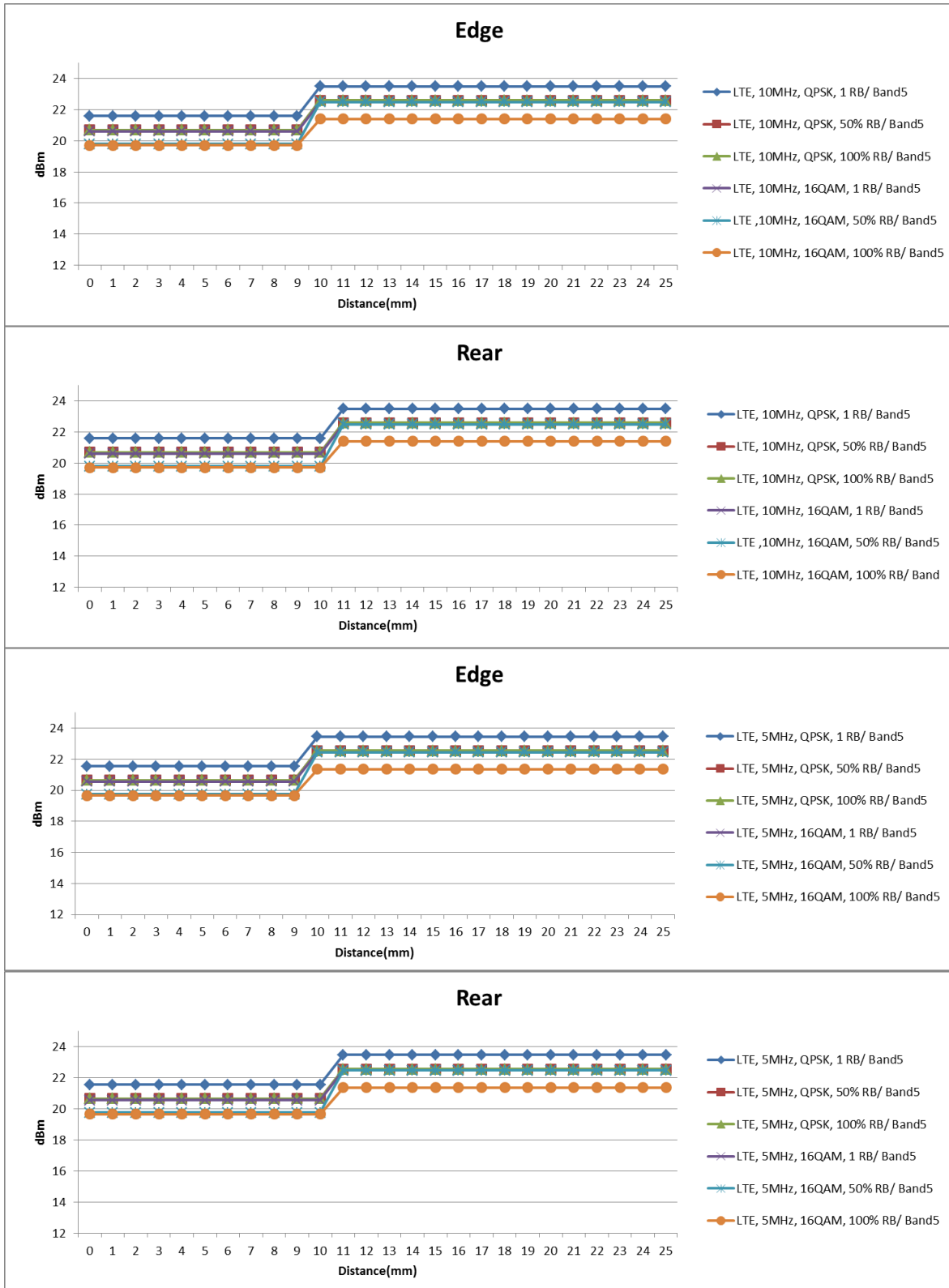
LTE Band 4

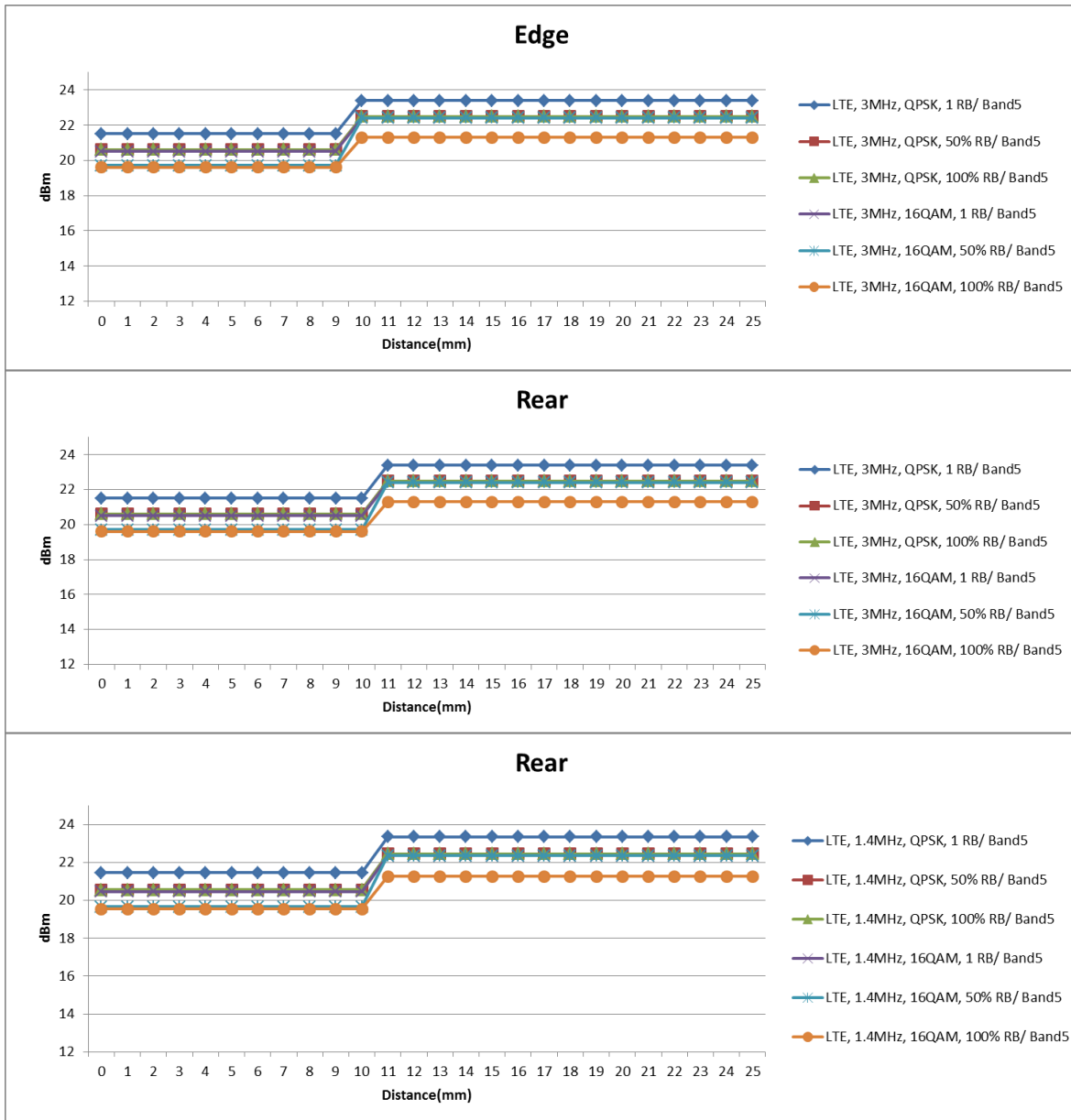




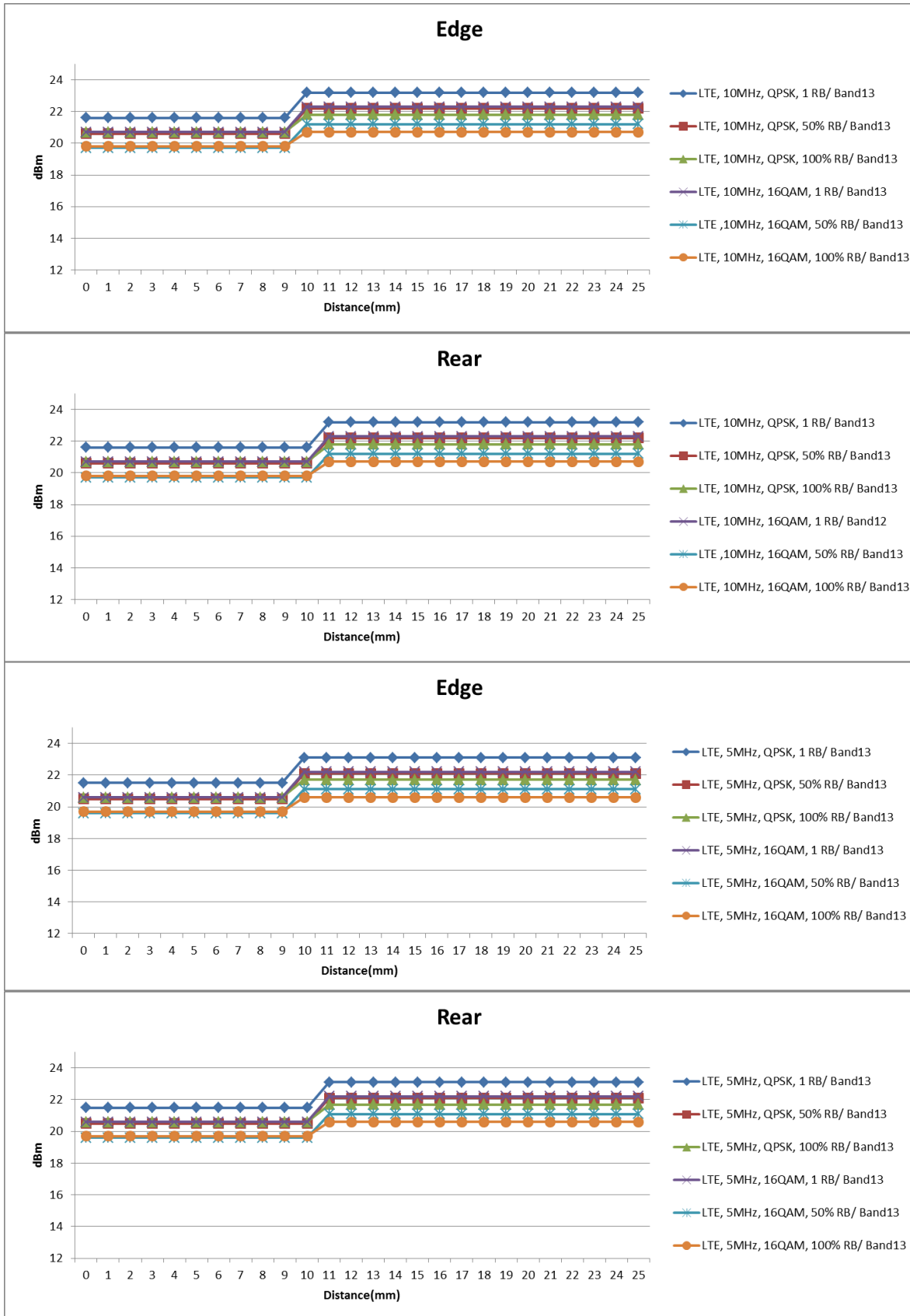


LTE Band 5

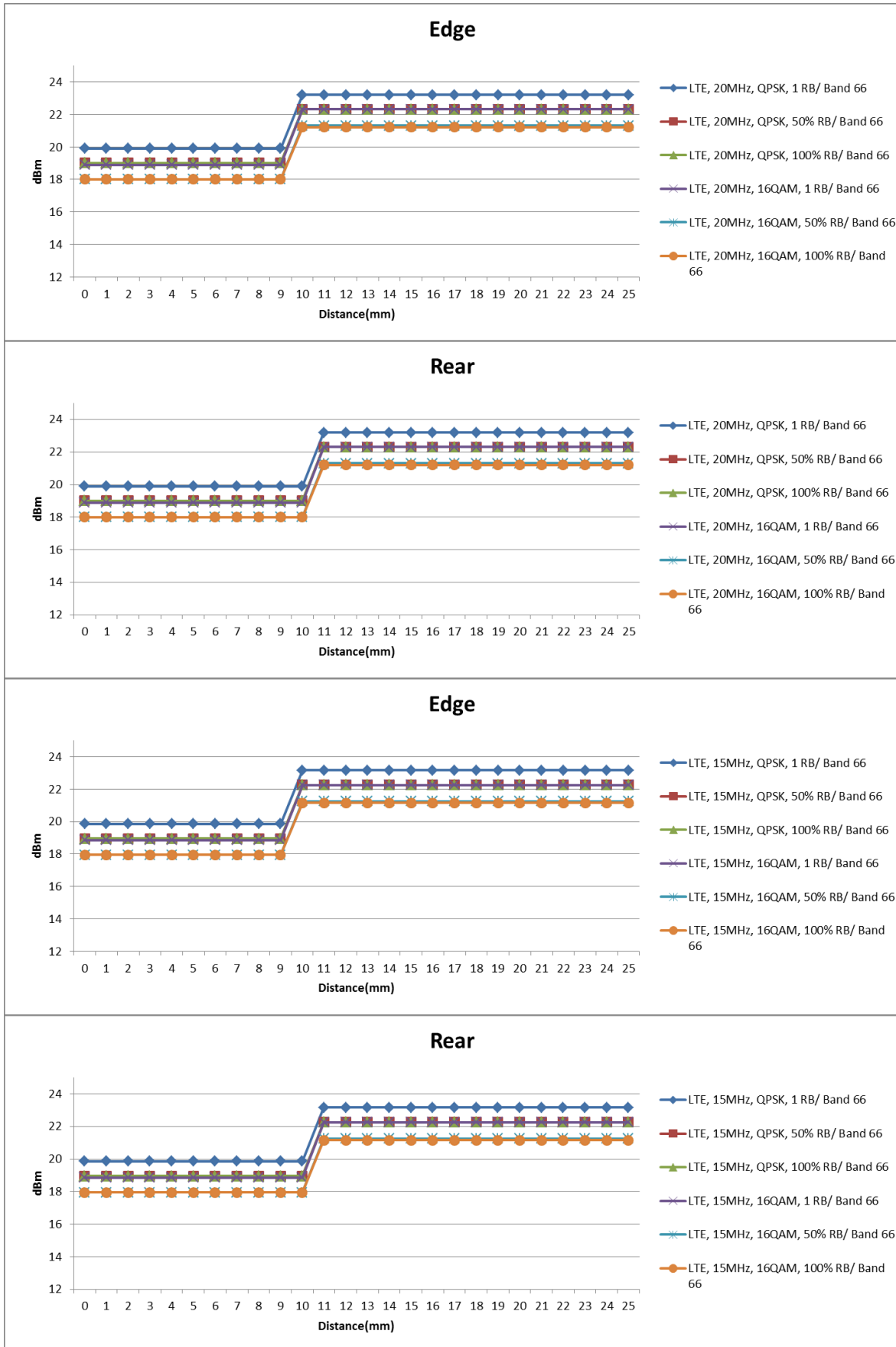


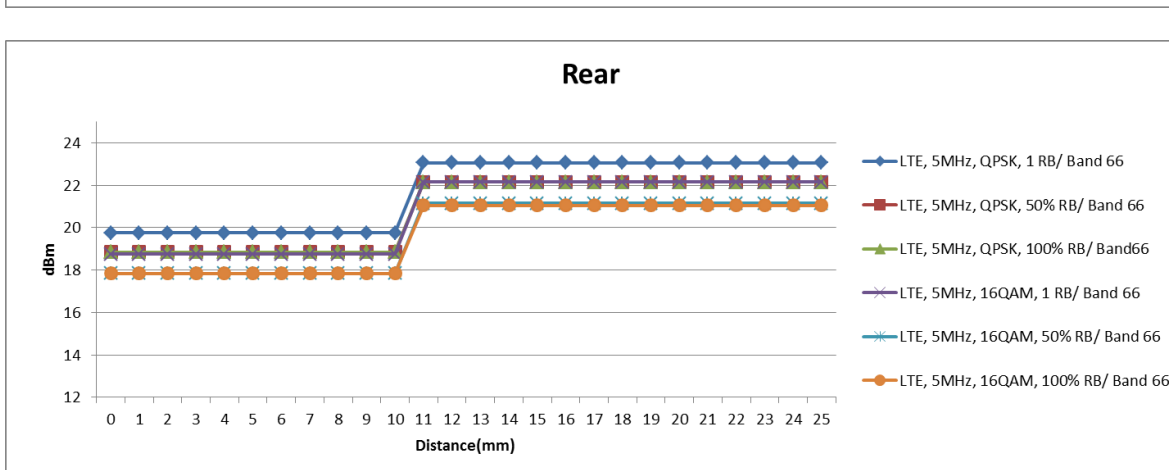
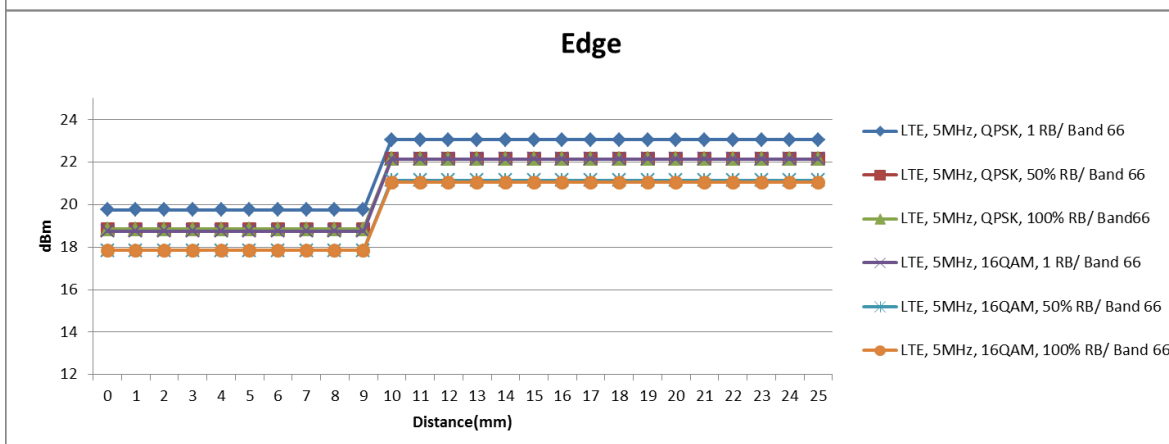
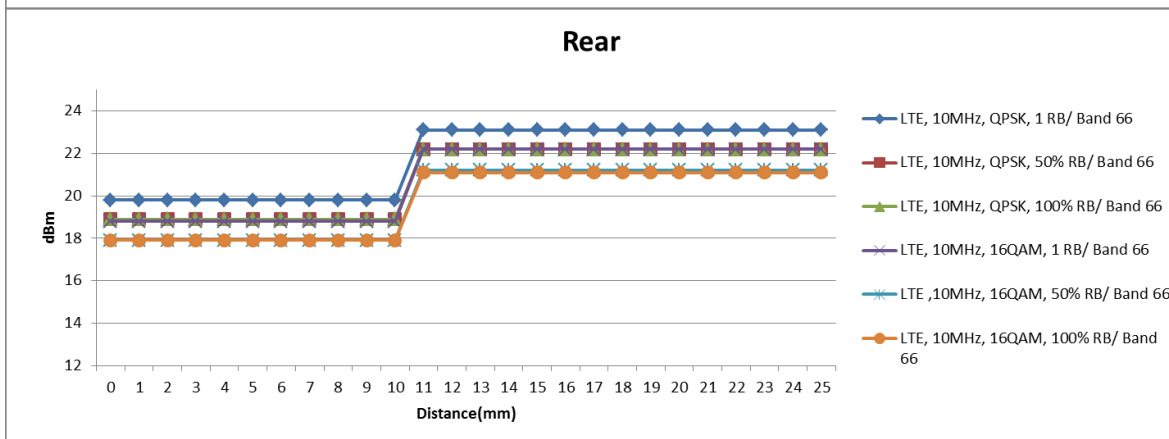
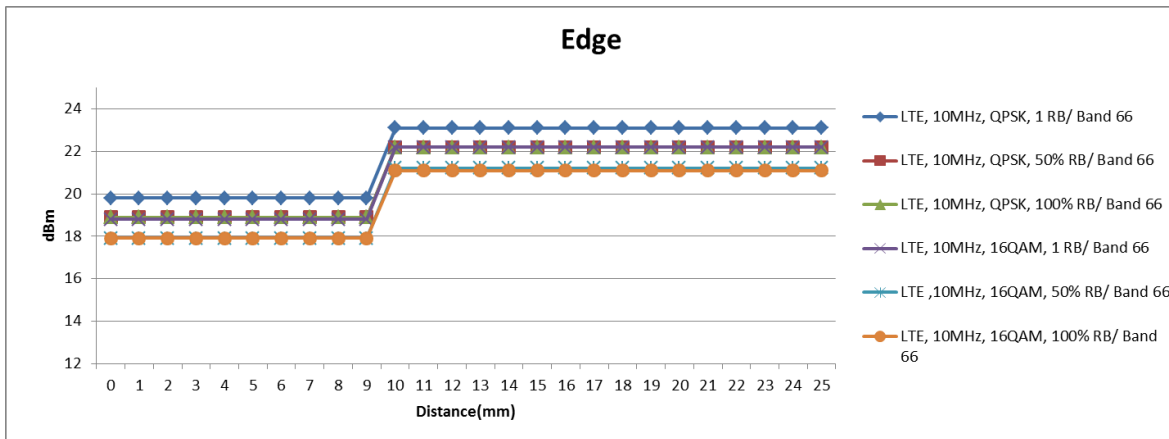


LTE Band 13



LTE Band 66





9.6 Proximity Sensor Coverage Area

According to KDB 616217 D04, Proximity Sensor Coverage Area of not request when the antenna and sensor are collocated and the peak SAR location is overlapping with the sensor.

10 RF Output Power Measurement

10.1 WCDMA

Release 99

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 V8.5.0 specification. The EUT supports power Class 3, which has a nominal maximum output power of 22 dBm (+2.0/-2.0) 12.2kps RMC is used for this testing. Power control set to All bits up. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Mode	Subtest	Rel99
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β_c/β_d	8/15

Output power table

Band	Mode	UL/DL Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)	Average power(dBm)	
				W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
WCDMA Band II	Rel 99	9262/9662	1852.4	23.1	19.8
		9400/9800	1880.0	23.3	19.8
		9538/9938	1907.6	23.2	19.6
WCDMA Band IV	Rel 99	1312/1537	1712.4	23.1	19.7
		1413/1638	1732.6	23.2	19.8
		1513/1738	1752.6	23.0	19.7
WCDMA Band V	Rel 99	4132/4357	826.4	23.0	21.6
		4182/4407	836.4	23.1	21.7
		4233/4458	846.6	23.0	21.7

HSDPA

The following 4 Sub-tests were completed according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS34.121. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subtest	1	2	3	4
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 2			
	β_c	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	Bd (SF)	64			
	β_c/β_d	2/15	12/15	8/15	4/15
	β_{hs}	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	CM (dB)	0	1	1.5	1.5
HSDPA Specific Settings	D_{ACK}	8			
	D_{NAK}	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4)	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor (Table 5.2B.4)	2			
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15			

Output power table

Band	Mode	UL/DL Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)	Average power(dBm)	
				W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
HSDPA II	1	9262/9662	1852.4	22.9	19.6
		9400/9800	1880.0	23.1	19.7
		9538/9983	1907.6	23.0	19.7
	2	9262/9662	1852.4	22.4	19.1
		9400/9800	1880.0	22.6	19.2
		9538/9983	1907.6	22.5	19.2
	3	9262/9662	1852.4	21.9	18.6
		9400/9800	1880.0	22.1	18.7
		9538/9983	1907.6	22.0	18.7
	4	9262/9662	1852.4	21.9	18.6
		9400/9800	1880.0	22.1	18.7
		9538/9983	1907.6	22.0	18.7
HSDPA IV	1	1312/1537	1712.4	23.0	19.6
		1413/1638	1732.6	22.9	19.6
		1513/1738	1752.6	22.8	19.5
	2	1312/1537	1712.4	22.5	19.1
		1413/1638	1732.6	22.4	19.1
		1513/1738	1752.6	22.3	19.0
	3	1312/1537	1712.4	22.0	18.6
		1413/1638	1732.6	21.9	18.6
		1513/1738	1752.6	21.8	18.5
	4	1312/1537	1712.4	22.0	18.6
		1413/1638	1732.6	21.9	18.6
		1513/1738	1752.6	21.8	18.5
HSDPA V	1	4132/4157	826.4	22.8	21.5
		4182/4407	836.4	22.9	21.4
		4233/4458	846.6	22.9	21.3
	2	4132/4157	826.4	22.3	21.0
		4182/4407	836.4	22.4	20.9
		4233/4458	846.6	22.4	20.8
	3	4132/4157	826.4	21.8	20.5
		4182/4407	836.4	21.9	20.4
		4233/4458	846.6	21.9	20.3
	4	4132/4157	826.4	21.8	20.5
		4182/4407	836.4	21.9	20.4
		4233/4458	846.6	21.9	20.3

Note(s):

1. The HSDPA output power less than WCDMA, so we performed the SAR test in WCDMA.

HSPA (HSDPA & HSUPA)

The following 5 Sub-tests were completed according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS34.121. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

	Mode	HSPA	HSPA	HSPA	HSPA	HSPA
	Subtest	1	2	3	4	5
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	β_c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	15/15
	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	24/15
	β_c/β_d	11/15	6/15	9/15	2/15	15/15
	β_{hs}	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	30/15
	β_{ed}	1309/225	94/75	47/15	56/75	134/15
	CM (dB)	1	3	2	3	1
	MPR (dB)	0	2	1	2	0
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4)	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor (Table 5.2B.4)	2				
	Ahs = β_{hs}/β_c	30/15				
HSUPA Specific Settings	D E-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI (from 34.121 Table C.11.1.3)	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_TFCIs	E-TFCI 11		E-TFCI 11	E-TFCI 11	
		E-TFCI PO 4		E-TFCI PO 4	E-TFCI PO 4	
		E-TFCI 67		E-TFCI 92	E-TFCI 67	
		E-TFCI PO 18		E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI PO 18	
		E-TFCI 71			E-TFCI 71	
		E-TFCI PO 23			E-TFCI PO 23	
		E-TFCI 75			E-TFCI 75	
		E-TFCI PO 26			E-TFCI PO 26	
		E-TFCI 81			E-TFCI 81	
		E-TFCI PO 27			E-TFCI PO 27	

Output power table

Band	Mode	UL/DL Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)	Average power(dBm)	
				W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
HSUPA II	1	9262/9662	1852.4	22.9	19.6
		9400/9800	1880.0	23.1	19.7
		9538/9983	1907.6	23.0	19.7
	2	9262/9662	1852.4	20.9	17.6
		9400/9800	1880.0	21.1	17.7
		9538/9983	1907.6	21.0	17.7
	3	9262/9662	1852.4	21.9	18.6
		9400/9800	1880.0	22.1	18.7
		9538/9983	1907.6	22.0	18.7
	4	9262/9662	1852.4	20.9	17.6
		9400/9800	1880.0	21.1	17.7
		9538/9983	1907.6	21.0	17.7
HSUPA IV	1	9262/9662	1852.4	22.9	19.6
		9400/9800	1880.0	23.1	19.7
		9538/9983	1907.6	23.0	19.7
	2	1312/1537	1712.4	23.0	19.6
		1413/1638	1732.6	22.9	19.6
		1513/1738	1752.6	22.8	19.5
	3	1312/1537	1712.4	21.0	17.6
		1413/1638	1732.6	20.9	17.6
		1513/1738	1752.6	20.8	17.5
	4	1312/1537	1712.4	22.0	18.6
		1413/1638	1732.6	21.9	18.6
		1513/1738	1752.6	21.8	18.5
	5	1312/1537	1712.4	21.0	17.6
		1413/1638	1732.6	20.9	17.6
		1513/1738	1752.6	20.8	17.5
HSUPA V	1	4132/4157	826.4	23.0	19.6
		4182/4407	836.4	22.9	19.6
		4233/4458	846.6	22.8	19.5
	2	4132/4157	826.4	22.9	19.6
		4182/4407	836.4	22.9	19.6
		4233/4458	846.6	22.8	19.5
	3	4132/4157	826.4	20.8	19.5
		4182/4407	836.4	20.9	19.4
		4233/4458	846.6	20.9	19.3
	4	4132/4157	826.4	21.8	20.5
		4182/4407	836.4	21.9	20.4
		4233/4458	846.6	21.9	20.3
	5	4132/4157	826.4	20.8	19.5
		4182/4407	836.4	20.9	19.4
		4233/4458	846.6	20.9	19.3

Note(s):

- The HSUPA output power less than WCDMA, so we performed the SAR test in WCDMA.

10.2 LTE

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

UE Power Class: 3 (22 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signaling Value of "NS_01".

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N_{RB})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4, 10, 23, 25, 35, 36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
			10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	See Table 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤ 1
				> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23 ¹	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
..					
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

Note 1: Applies to the lower block of Band 23, i.e. a carrier placed in the 2000-2010 MHz region.

10.2.1 LTE Band 2

Output power table

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
2	20	18700	1860.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.6	19.7
					1	49	0	23.4	19.5
					1	99	0	23.4	19.4
					50	0	1	22.6	18.8
					50	24	1	22.4	18.6
					50	49	1	22.5	18.4
					100	0	1	22.6	18.8
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.7	18.7
					1	49	1	22.5	18.5
					1	99	1	22.4	18.5
					50	0	2	21.7	18.9
					50	24	2	21.5	18.6
					50	49	2	21.5	18.5
					100	0	2	21.7	18.8
		18900	1880.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.7	19.5
					1	49	0	23.5	19.4
					1	99	0	23.4	19.4
					50	0	1	22.7	18.6
					50	24	1	22.5	18.5
					50	49	1	22.5	18.4
					100	0	1	22.6	18.5
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.7	18.5
					1	49	1	22.5	18.4
					1	99	1	22.4	18.4
					50	0	2	21.7	17.5
					50	24	2	21.5	17.5
					50	49	2	21.4	17.4
					100	0	2	21.8	17.6
		19100	1900.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.7	20.0
					1	49	0	23.6	19.8
					1	99	0	23.5	19.7
					50	0	1	22.7	19.0
					50	24	1	22.6	19.0
					50	49	1	22.5	18.8
					100	0	1	22.7	19.0
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.8	19.0
					1	49	1	22.7	18.8
					1	99	1	22.5	18.8
					50	0	2	22.8	18.0
					50	24	2	22.6	17.9
					50	49	2	22.5	17.9
					100	0	2	22.7	18.0

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
2	15	18675	1857.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.5	19.6
					1	37	0	23.3	19.4
					1	74	0	23.3	19.3
					36	0	1	22.5	18.7
					36	18	1	22.3	18.5
					36	35	1	22.4	18.3
					75	0	1	22.5	18.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.6	18.6
					1	37	1	22.4	18.4
					1	74	1	22.3	18.4
					36	0	2	21.6	18.8
					36	18	2	21.4	18.5
					36	35	2	21.4	18.4
					75	0	2	21.6	18.7
		18900	1880.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.6	19.4
					1	37	0	23.4	19.3
					1	74	0	23.3	19.3
					36	0	1	22.6	18.5
					36	18	1	22.4	18.4
					36	35	1	22.4	18.3
					75	0	1	22.5	18.4
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.6	18.4
					1	37	1	22.4	18.3
					1	74	1	22.3	18.3
					36	0	2	21.6	17.4
					36	18	2	21.4	17.4
					36	35	2	21.3	17.3
					75	0	2	21.7	17.5
		19125	1902.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.6	19.9
					1	37	0	23.5	19.7
					1	74	0	23.4	19.6
					36	0	1	22.6	18.9
					36	18	1	22.5	18.9
					36	35	1	22.4	18.7
					75	0	1	22.6	18.9
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.7	18.9
					1	37	1	22.6	18.7
					1	74	1	22.4	18.7
					36	0	2	22.7	17.9
					36	18	2	22.5	17.8
					36	35	2	22.4	17.8
					75	0	2	22.6	17.9

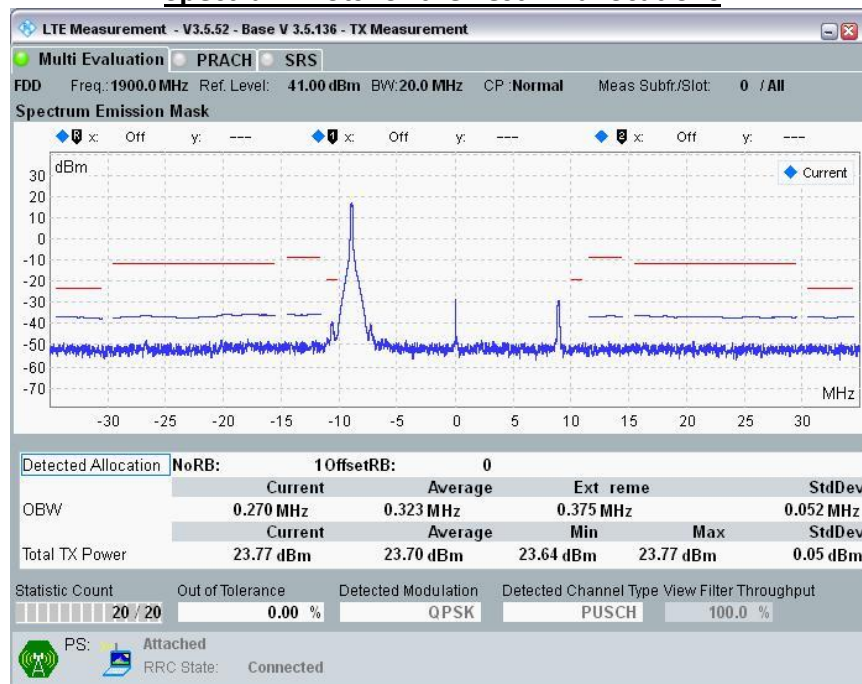
Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
2	10	18650	1855.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.4	19.5
					1	24	0	23.2	19.3
					1	49	0	23.2	19.2
					25	0	1	22.4	18.6
					25	12	1	22.2	18.4
					25	24	1	22.3	18.2
					50	0	1	22.4	18.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.5	18.5
					1	24	1	22.3	18.3
					1	49	1	22.2	18.3
					25	0	2	21.5	18.7
					25	12	2	21.3	18.4
					25	24	2	21.3	18.3
					50	0	2	21.5	18.6
		18900	1880.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.5	19.3
					1	24	0	23.3	19.2
					1	49	0	23.2	19.2
					25	0	1	22.5	18.4
					25	12	1	22.3	18.3
					25	24	1	22.3	18.2
					50	0	1	22.4	18.3
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.5	18.3
					1	24	1	22.3	18.2
					1	49	1	22.2	18.2
					25	0	2	21.5	17.3
					25	12	2	21.3	17.3
					25	24	2	21.2	17.2
					50	0	2	21.6	17.4
		19150	1905.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.5	19.8
					1	24	0	23.4	19.6
					1	49	0	23.3	19.5
					25	0	1	22.5	18.8
					25	12	1	22.4	18.8
					25	24	1	22.3	18.6
					50	0	1	22.5	18.8
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.6	18.8
					1	24	1	22.5	18.6
					1	49	1	22.3	18.6
					25	0	2	22.6	17.8
					25	12	2	22.4	17.7
					25	24	2	22.3	17.7
					50	0	2	22.5	17.8

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
2	5	18625	1852.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.4	19.5
					1	12	0	23.2	19.3
					1	24	0	23.2	19.2
					12	0	1	22.4	18.6
					12	6	1	22.2	18.4
					12	11	1	22.3	18.2
					25	0	1	22.4	18.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.5	18.5
					1	12	1	22.3	18.3
					1	24	1	22.2	18.3
					12	0	2	21.5	18.7
					12	6	2	21.3	18.4
					12	11	2	21.3	18.3
					25	0	2	21.5	18.6
		18900	1880.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.5	19.3
					1	12	0	23.3	19.2
					1	24	0	23.2	19.2
					12	0	1	22.5	18.4
					12	6	1	22.3	18.3
					12	11	1	22.3	18.2
					25	0	1	22.4	18.3
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.5	18.3
					1	12	1	22.3	18.2
					1	24	1	22.2	18.2
					12	0	2	21.5	17.3
					12	6	2	21.3	17.3
					12	11	2	21.2	17.2
					25	0	2	21.6	17.4
		19175	1907.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.5	19.8
					1	12	0	23.4	19.6
					1	24	0	23.3	19.5
					12	0	1	22.5	18.8
					12	6	1	22.4	18.8
					12	11	1	22.3	18.6
					25	0	1	22.5	18.8
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.6	18.8
					1	12	1	22.5	18.6
					1	24	1	22.3	18.6
					12	0	2	22.6	17.8
					12	6	2	22.4	17.7
					12	11	2	22.3	17.7
					25	0	2	22.5	17.8

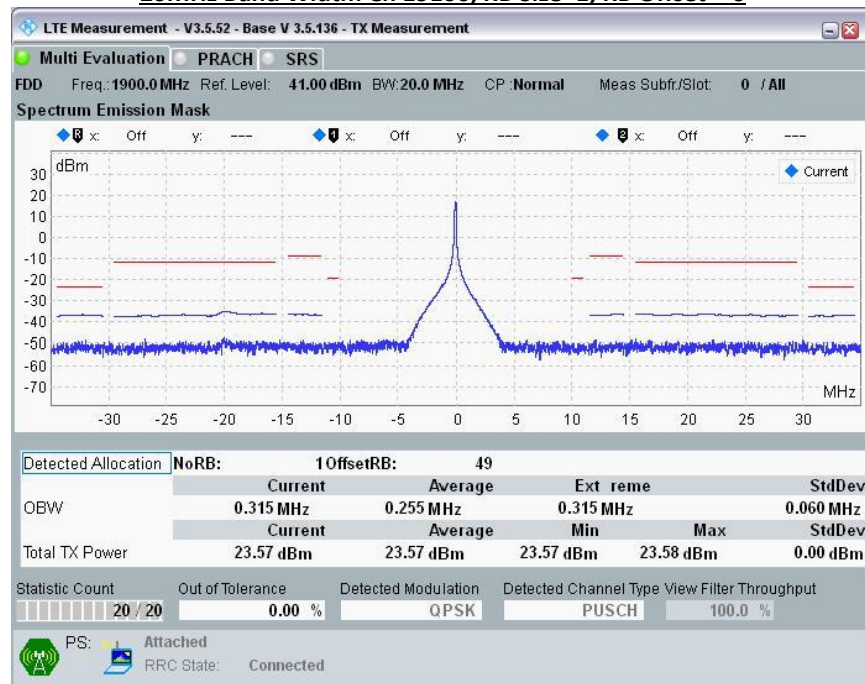
Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
2	3	18615	1851.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.3	19.4
					1	7	0	23.1	19.2
					1	14	0	23.1	19.1
					8	0	1	22.3	18.5
					8	4	1	22.1	18.3
					8	7	1	22.2	18.1
					15	0	1	22.3	18.5
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.4	18.4
					1	7	1	22.2	18.2
					1	14	1	22.1	18.2
					8	0	2	21.4	18.6
					8	4	2	21.2	18.3
					8	7	2	21.2	18.2
					15	0	2	21.4	18.5
		18900	1880.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.4	19.2
					1	7	0	23.2	19.1
					1	14	0	23.1	19.1
					8	0	1	22.4	18.3
					8	4	1	22.2	18.2
					8	7	1	22.2	18.1
					15	0	1	22.3	18.2
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.4	18.2
					1	7	1	22.2	18.1
					1	14	1	22.1	18.1
					8	0	2	21.4	17.2
					8	4	2	21.2	17.2
					8	7	2	21.1	17.1
					15	0	2	21.3	17.3
		19184	1908.4	QPSK	1	0	0	23.4	19.7
					1	7	0	23.3	19.5
					1	14	0	23.2	19.4
					8	0	1	22.4	18.7
					8	4	1	22.3	18.7
					8	7	1	22.2	18.5
					15	0	1	22.4	18.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.5	18.7
					1	7	1	22.4	18.5
					1	14	1	22.2	18.5
					8	0	2	22.5	17.7
					8	4	2	22.3	17.6
					8	7	2	22.2	17.6
					15	0	2	21.4	17.7

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
2	1.4	18607	1850.7	QPSK	1	0	0	23.3	19.4
					1	2	0	23.1	19.2
					1	5	0	23.1	19.1
					3	0	1	22.3	18.5
					3	1	1	22.1	18.3
					3	2	1	22.2	18.1
					6	0	1	22.3	18.5
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.4	18.4
					1	2	1	22.2	18.2
					1	5	1	22.1	18.2
					3	0	2	21.4	18.6
					3	1	2	21.2	18.3
					3	2	2	21.2	18.2
					6	0	2	21.4	18.5
		18900	1880.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.4	19.2
					1	2	0	23.2	19.1
					1	5	0	23.1	19.1
					3	0	1	22.4	18.3
					3	1	1	22.2	18.2
					3	2	1	22.2	18.1
					6	0	1	22.3	18.2
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.4	18.2
					1	2	1	22.2	18.1
					1	5	1	22.1	18.1
					3	0	2	21.4	17.2
					3	1	2	21.2	17.2
					3	2	2	21.1	17.1
					6	0	2	21.2	17.3
		19192	1909.2	QPSK	1	0	0	23.4	19.7
					1	2	0	23.3	19.5
					1	5	0	23.2	19.4
					3	0	1	22.4	18.7
					3	1	1	22.3	18.7
					3	2	1	22.2	18.5
					6	0	1	22.4	18.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.5	18.7
					1	2	1	22.4	18.5
					1	5	1	22.2	18.5
					3	0	2	22.5	17.7
					3	1	2	22.3	17.6
					3	2	2	22.2	17.6
					6	0	2	21.3	17.7

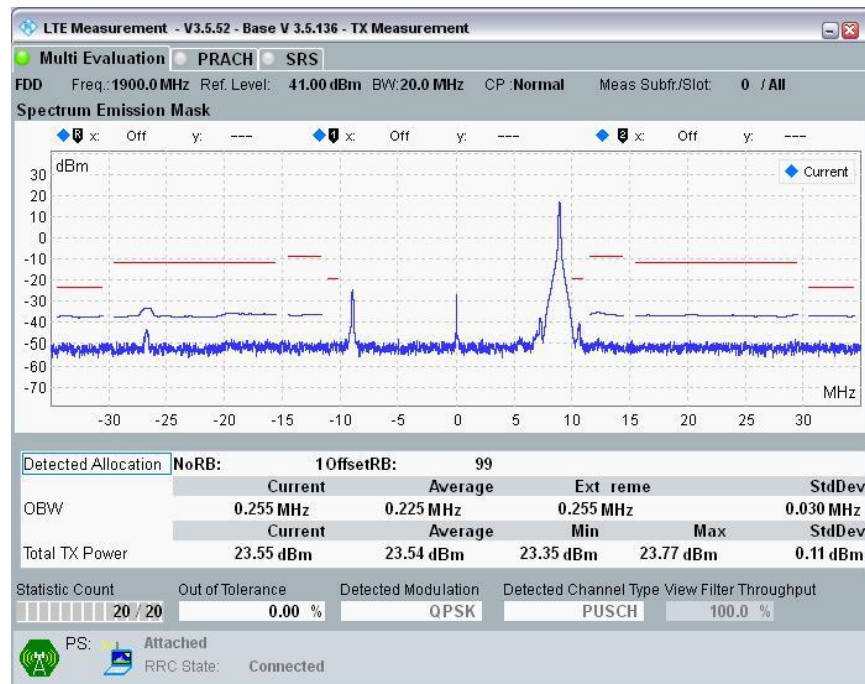
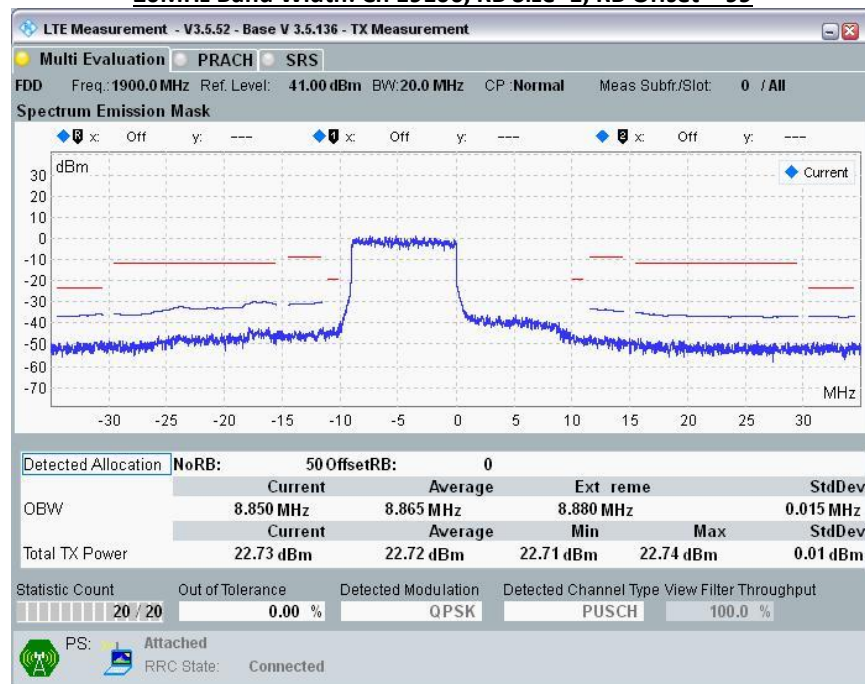
Spectrum Plots for the Test RB allocations

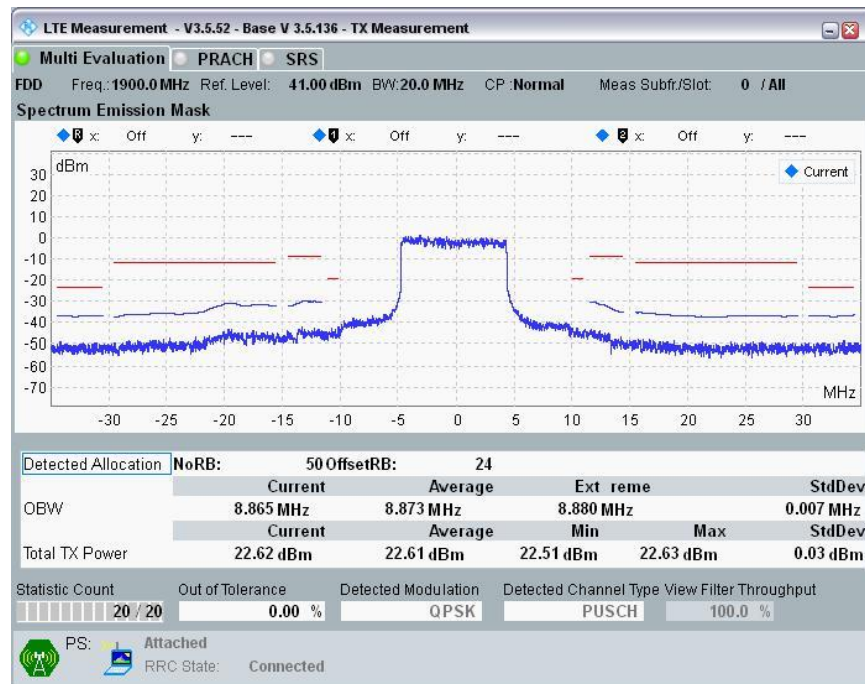


20MHz Band Width: Ch 19100, RB Size=1; RB Offset = 0

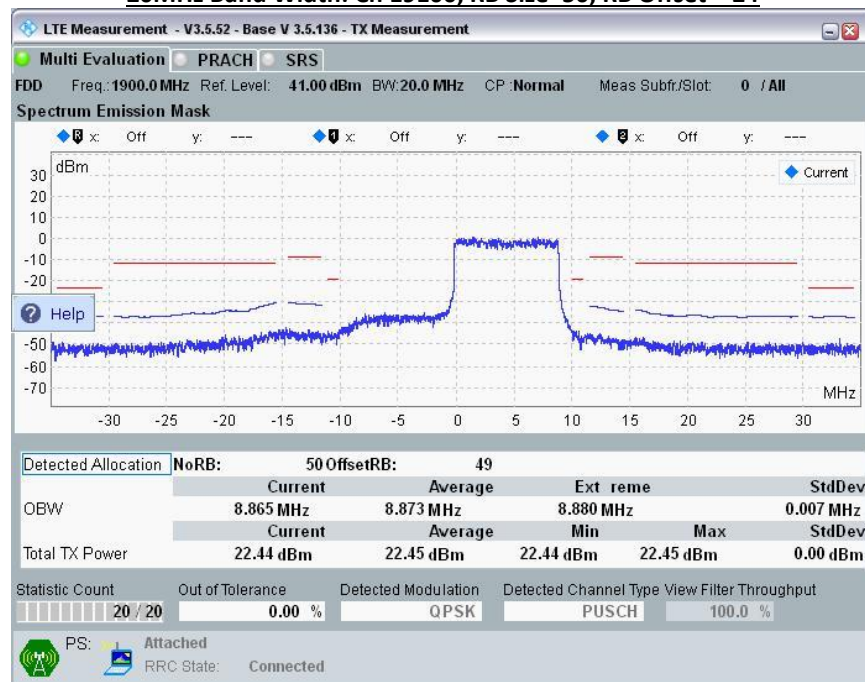


20MHz Band Width: Ch 19100, RB Size=1; RB Offset = 49

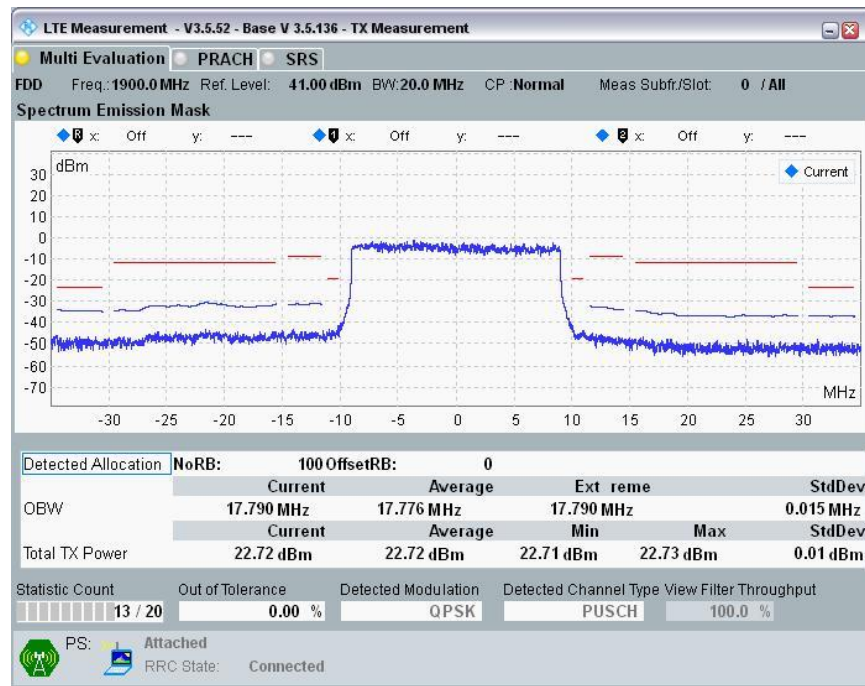
**20MHz Band Width: Ch 19100, RB Size=1; RB Offset = 99****20MHz Band Width: Ch 19100, RB Size=50; RB Offset = 0**



20MHz Band Width: Ch 19100, RB Size=50; RB Offset = 24



20MHz Band Width: Ch 19100, RB Size=50; RB Offset = 49



20MHz Band Width: Ch 19100, RB Size=100; RB Offset = 0

10.2.2 LTE Band 4

Output power table

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
4	20	20050	1720.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.5	19.8
					1	49	0	23.3	19.7
					1	99	0	23.4	19.6
					50	0	1	22.6	18.8
					50	24	1	22.5	18.8
					50	49	1	22.5	18.6
					100	0	1	22.5	19.0
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.6	18.8
					1	49	1	22.3	18.8
					1	99	1	22.4	18.6
					50	0	2	21.6	17.9
					50	24	2	21.4	17.7
					50	49	2	21.4	17.7
					100	0	2	21.5	18.0
		20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	19.7
					1	49	0	22.8	19.5
					1	99	0	22.8	19.6
					50	0	1	22.0	18.9
					50	24	1	21.9	18.6
					50	49	1	21.8	18.8
					100	0	1	22.0	18.9
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.1	19.0
					1	49	1	21.8	18.9
					1	99	1	21.9	18.8
					50	0	2	21.0	18.0
					50	24	2	20.9	17.8
					50	49	2	20.9	17.8
					100	0	2	21.0	17.9
		20300	1745.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	19.7
					1	49	0	23.0	19.7
					1	99	0	22.7	19.7
					50	0	1	22.0	18.8
					50	24	1	22.0	18.7
					50	49	1	21.8	18.8
					100	0	1	21.9	18.8
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	18.8
					1	49	1	22.0	18.8
					1	99	1	21.7	18.7
					50	0	2	21.0	17.9
					50	24	2	21.0	17.7
					50	49	2	20.9	17.8
					100	0	2	21.0	18.0

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
4	15	20025	1717.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.5	19.8
					1	37	0	23.3	19.7
					1	74	0	23.4	19.6
					36	0	1	22.6	18.8
					36	18	1	22.5	18.8
					36	35	1	22.5	18.6
					75	0	1	22.5	19.0
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.6	18.8
					1	37	1	22.3	18.8
					1	74	1	22.4	18.6
					36	0	2	21.6	17.9
					36	18	2	21.4	17.7
					36	35	2	21.4	17.7
					75	0	2	21.5	18.0
		20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	19.7
					1	37	0	22.7	19.5
					1	74	0	22.7	19.6
					36	0	1	21.9	18.9
					36	18	1	21.8	18.6
					36	35	1	21.7	18.8
					75	0	1	21.9	18.9
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	19.0
					1	37	1	21.7	18.9
					1	74	1	21.8	18.8
					36	0	2	20.9	18.0
					36	18	2	20.8	17.8
					36	35	2	20.8	17.8
					75	0	2	20.9	17.9
		20325	1747.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	19.7
					1	37	0	23.0	19.7
					1	74	0	22.7	19.7
					36	0	1	22.0	18.8
					36	18	1	22.0	18.7
					36	35	1	21.8	18.8
					75	0	1	21.9	18.8
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	18.8
					1	37	1	22.0	18.8
					1	74	1	21.7	18.7
					36	0	2	21.0	17.9
					36	18	2	21.0	17.7
					36	35	2	20.9	17.8
					75	0	2	21.0	18.0

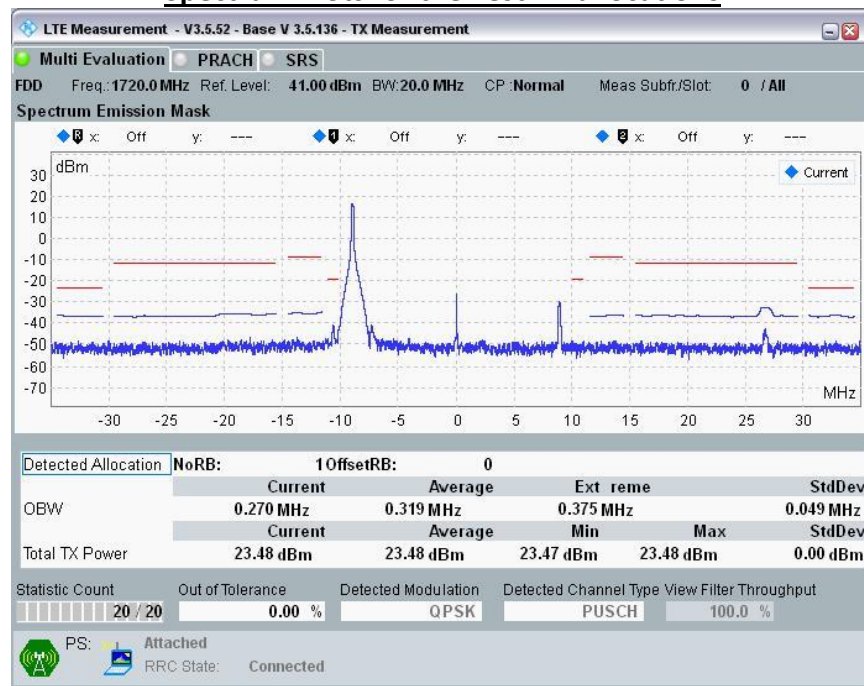
Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
4	10	20000	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.4	19.7
					1	24	0	23.2	19.6
					1	49	0	23.3	19.5
					25	0	1	22.5	18.7
					25	12	1	22.4	18.7
					25	24	1	22.4	18.5
					50	0	1	22.4	18.9
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.5	18.7
					1	24	1	22.2	18.7
					1	49	1	22.3	18.5
					25	0	2	21.5	17.8
					25	12	2	21.3	17.6
					25	24	2	21.3	17.6
					50	0	2	21.4	17.9
		20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	19.6
					1	24	0	22.7	19.4
					1	49	0	22.7	19.5
					25	0	1	21.9	18.8
					25	12	1	21.8	18.5
					25	24	1	21.7	18.7
					50	0	1	21.9	18.8
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	18.9
					1	24	1	21.7	18.8
					1	49	1	21.8	18.7
					25	0	2	20.9	17.9
					25	12	2	20.8	17.7
					25	24	2	20.8	17.7
					50	0	2	20.9	17.8
		20350	1750.0	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	19.6
					1	24	0	22.9	19.6
					1	49	0	22.6	19.6
					25	0	1	21.9	18.7
					25	12	1	21.9	18.6
					25	24	1	21.7	18.7
					50	0	1	21.8	18.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.9	18.7
					1	24	1	21.9	18.7
					1	49	1	21.6	18.6
					25	0	2	20.9	17.8
					25	12	2	20.9	17.6
					25	24	2	20.8	17.7
					50	0	2	20.9	17.9

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
4	5	19975	1712.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.4	19.5
					1	12	0	23.2	19.4
					1	24	0	23.3	19.3
					12	0	1	22.5	18.5
					12	6	1	22.4	18.5
					12	11	1	22.4	18.3
					25	0	1	22.4	18.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.5	18.5
					1	12	1	22.2	18.5
					1	24	1	22.3	18.3
					12	0	2	21.5	17.6
					12	6	2	21.3	17.5
					12	11	2	21.3	17.4
					25	0	2	21.4	17.7
		20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	0	22.8	19.4
					1	12	0	22.6	19.2
					1	24	0	22.6	19.3
					12	0	1	21.8	18.6
					12	6	1	21.7	18.3
					12	11	1	21.6	18.5
					25	0	1	21.8	18.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.9	18.7
					1	12	1	21.6	18.6
					1	24	1	21.7	18.5
					12	0	2	20.8	17.7
					12	6	2	20.7	17.5
					12	11	2	20.7	17.5
					25	0	2	20.8	17.6
		20375	1752.5	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	19.4
					1	12	0	22.9	19.4
					1	24	0	22.6	19.4
					12	0	1	21.9	18.5
					12	6	1	21.9	18.4
					12	11	1	21.7	18.5
					25	0	1	21.8	18.5
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.9	18.5
					1	12	1	21.9	18.5
					1	24	1	21.6	18.4
					12	0	2	20.9	17.6
					12	6	2	20.9	17.4
					12	11	2	20.8	17.5
					25	0	2	20.9	17.7

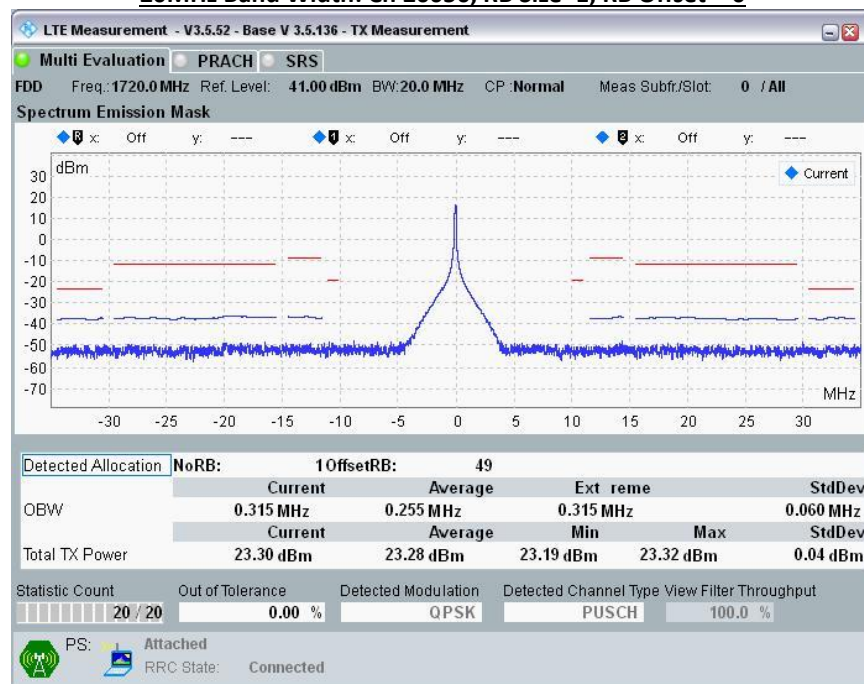
Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
4	3	19965	1711.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.3	19.5
					1	7	0	23.1	19.4
					1	14	0	23.2	19.3
					8	0	1	22.4	18.5
					8	4	1	22.3	18.5
					8	7	1	22.3	18.3
					15	0	1	22.3	18.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.4	18.5
					1	7	1	22.1	18.5
					1	14	1	22.2	18.3
					8	0	2	21.4	17.6
					8	4	2	21.2	17.5
					8	7	2	21.2	17.4
					15	0	2	21.3	17.7
		20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	0	22.8	19.4
					1	7	0	22.6	19.2
					1	14	0	22.6	19.3
					8	0	1	21.8	18.6
					8	4	1	21.7	18.3
					8	7	1	21.6	18.5
					15	0	1	21.8	18.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.9	18.7
					1	7	1	21.6	18.6
					1	14	1	21.7	18.5
					8	0	2	20.8	17.7
					8	4	2	20.7	17.5
					8	7	2	20.7	17.5
					15	0	2	20.8	17.6
		20384	1753.4	QPSK	1	0	0	22.8	19.4
					1	7	0	22.8	19.4
					1	14	0	22.5	19.4
					8	0	1	21.8	18.5
					8	4	1	21.8	18.4
					8	7	1	21.6	18.5
					15	0	1	21.7	18.5
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.8	18.5
					1	7	1	21.8	18.5
					1	14	1	21.5	18.4
					8	0	2	20.8	17.6
					8	4	2	20.8	17.4
					8	7	2	20.7	17.5
					15	0	2	20.8	17.7

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
4	1.4	19957	1710.7	QPSK	1	0	0	23.3	19.4
					1	2	0	23.1	19.3
					1	5	0	23.2	19.2
					3	0	1	22.4	18.4
					3	1	1	22.3	18.4
					3	2	1	22.3	18.2
					6	0	1	22.3	18.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.4	18.4
					1	2	1	22.1	18.4
					1	5	1	22.2	18.2
					3	0	2	21.4	17.5
					3	1	2	21.2	17.4
					3	2	2	21.2	17.3
					6	0	2	21.3	17.6
		20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	0	22.7	19.3
					1	2	0	22.5	19.1
					1	5	0	22.5	19.2
					3	0	1	21.7	18.5
					3	1	1	21.6	18.2
					3	2	1	21.5	18.4
					6	0	1	21.7	18.5
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.8	18.6
					1	2	1	21.5	18.5
					1	5	1	21.6	18.4
					3	0	2	20.7	17.6
					3	1	2	20.6	17.4
					3	2	2	20.6	17.4
					6	0	2	20.7	17.5
		20392	1754.2	QPSK	1	0	0	22.8	19.3
					1	2	0	22.8	19.3
					1	5	0	22.5	19.3
					3	0	1	21.8	18.4
					3	1	1	21.8	18.3
					3	2	1	21.6	18.4
					6	0	1	21.7	18.4
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.8	18.4
					1	2	1	21.8	18.4
					1	5	1	21.5	18.3
					3	0	2	20.8	17.5
					3	1	2	20.8	17.3
					3	2	2	20.7	17.4
					6	0	2	20.8	17.6

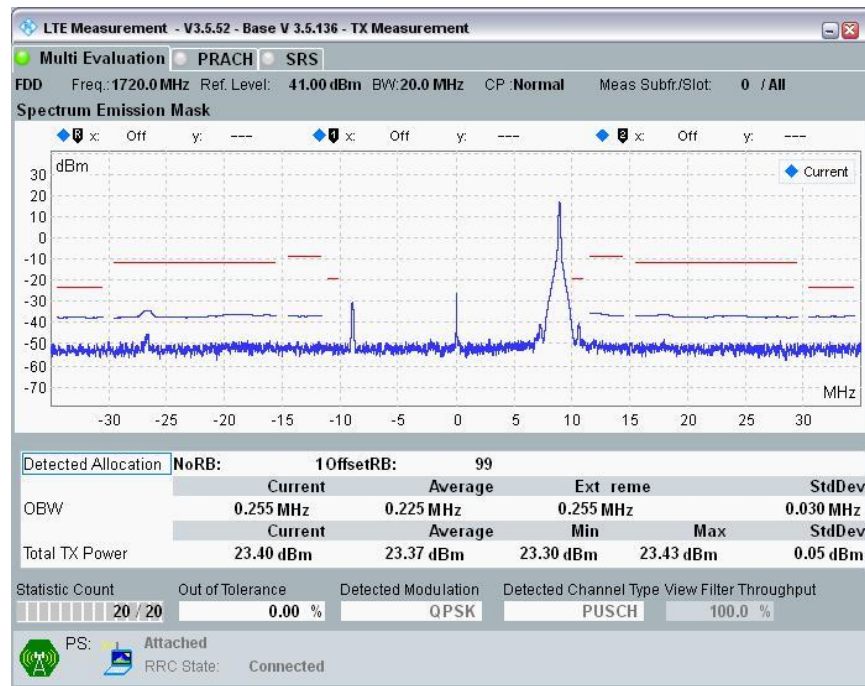
Spectrum Plots for the Test RB allocations



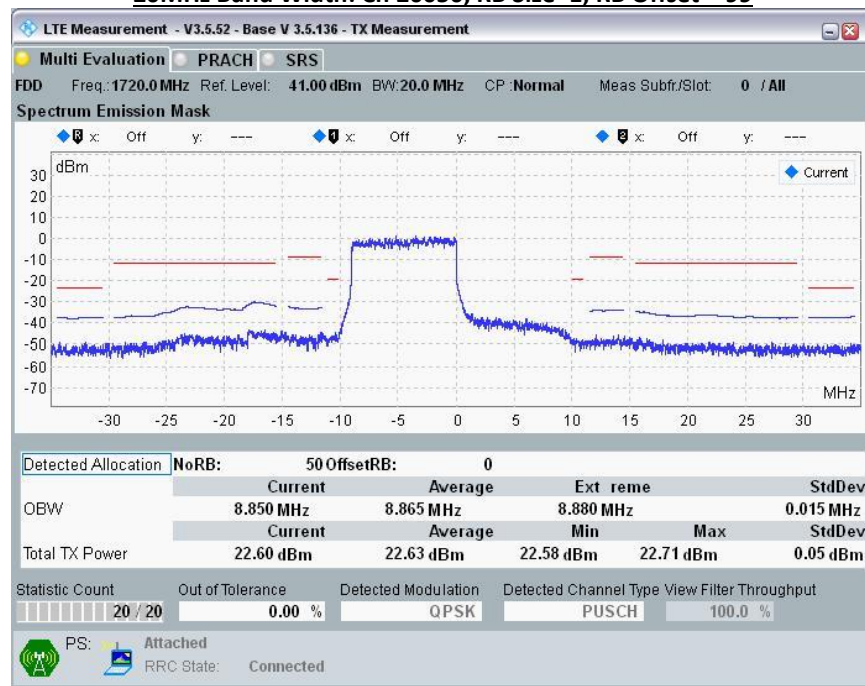
20MHz Band Width: Ch 20050, RB Size=1; RB Offset = 0



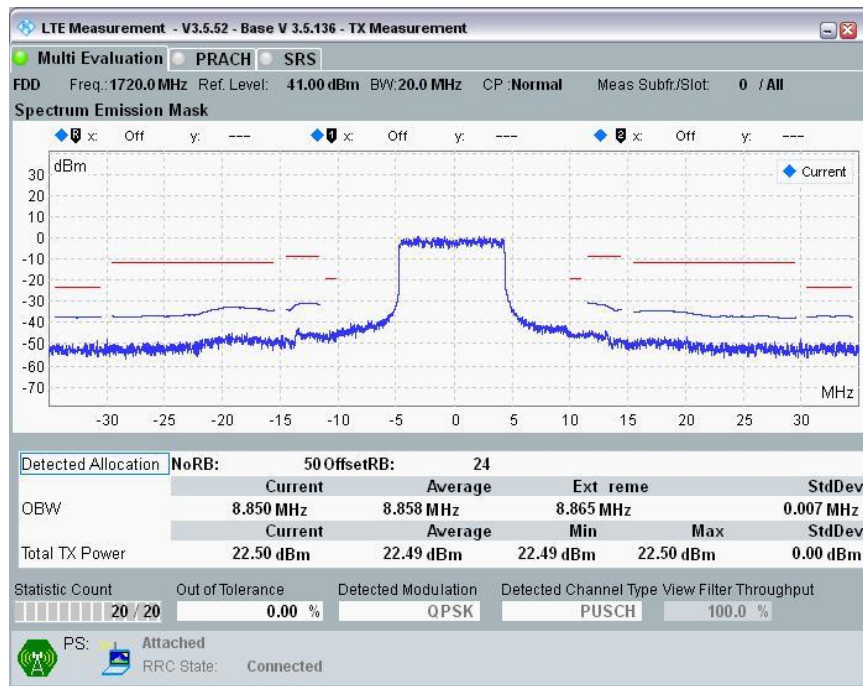
20MHz Band Width: Ch 20050, RB Size=1; RB Offset = 49



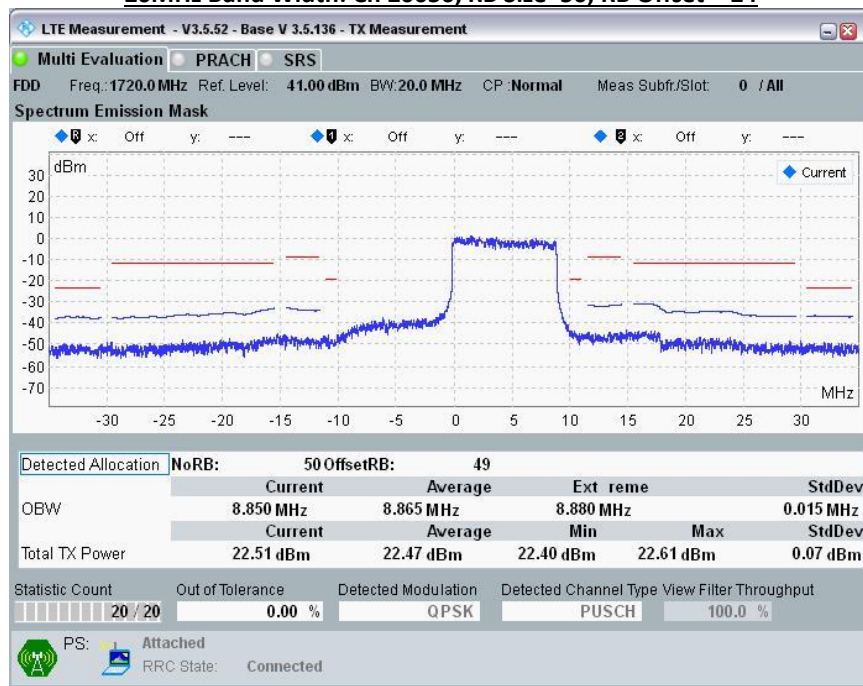
20MHz Band Width: Ch 20050, RB Size=1; RB Offset = 99



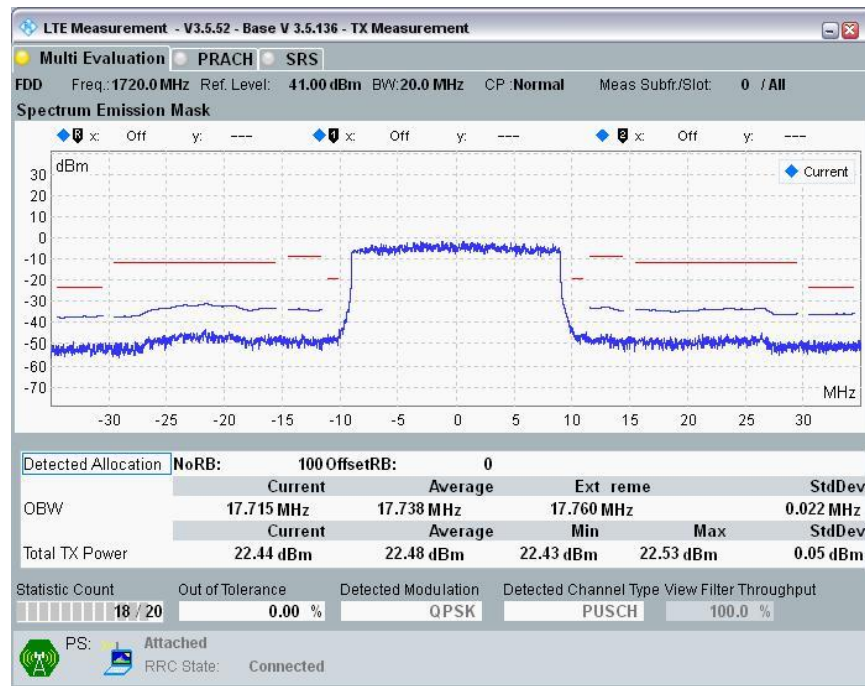
20MHz Band Width: Ch 20050, RB Size=50; RB Offset = 0



20MHz Band Width: Ch 20050, RB Size=50; RB Offset = 24



20MHz Band Width: Ch 20050, RB Size=50; RB Offset = 49



20MHz Band Width: Ch 20050, RB Size=100; RB Offset = 0

10.2.3 LTE Band 5

Output power table

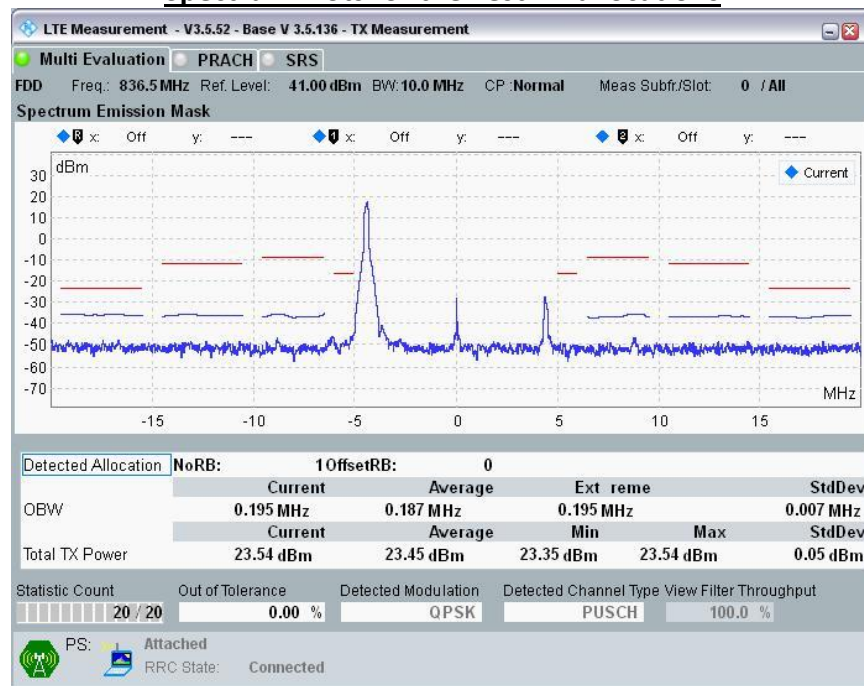
Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
5	10	20450	829.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	21.5
					1	24	0	22.9	21.4
					1	49	0	22.7	21.3
					25	0	1	22.1	20.6
					25	12	1	22.0	20.5
					25	24	1	21.8	20.3
					50	0	1	22.0	20.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.1	20.6
					1	24	1	21.9	20.4
					1	49	1	21.8	20.3
					25	0	2	21.0	19.6
					25	12	2	21.0	19.6
					25	24	2	20.9	19.4
					50	0	2	21.1	19.5
		20525	836.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.5	21.6
					1	24	0	23.5	21.5
					1	49	0	23.3	21.4
					25	0	1	22.6	20.7
					25	12	1	22.5	20.5
					25	24	1	22.4	20.5
					50	0	1	22.6	20.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.5	20.6
					1	24	1	22.5	20.5
					1	49	1	22.4	20.4
					25	0	2	22.5	19.8
					25	12	2	21.5	19.5
					25	24	2	21.5	19.5
					50	0	2	21.4	19.7
		20600	844.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	21.6
					1	24	0	22.9	21.3
					1	49	0	22.8	21.2
					25	0	1	22.0	20.7
					25	12	1	22.0	20.3
					25	24	1	21.8	20.3
					50	0	1	22.0	20.4
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	20.5
					1	24	1	21.9	20.4
					1	49	1	21.9	20.2
					25	0	2	21.0	19.6
					25	12	2	21.0	19.3
					25	24	2	20.9	19.3
					50	0	2	20.9	19.4

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
5	5	20425	826.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	21.5
					1	12	0	22.9	21.4
					1	24	0	22.7	21.3
					12	0	1	22.1	20.6
					12	6	1	22.0	20.5
					12	11	1	21.8	20.3
					25	0	1	22.0	20.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.1	20.6
					1	12	1	21.9	20.4
					1	24	1	21.8	20.3
					12	0	2	21.0	19.6
					12	6	2	21.0	19.6
					12	11	2	20.9	19.4
					25	0	2	21.1	19.5
		20525	836.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.5	21.6
					1	12	0	23.5	21.5
					1	24	0	23.3	21.4
					12	0	1	22.6	20.7
					12	6	1	22.5	20.5
					12	11	1	22.4	20.5
					25	0	1	22.6	20.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.5	20.6
					1	12	1	22.5	20.5
					1	24	1	22.4	20.4
					12	0	2	22.5	19.8
					12	6	2	21.5	19.5
					12	11	2	21.5	19.5
					25	0	2	21.4	19.7
		20625	846.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	21.6
					1	12	0	22.9	21.3
					1	24	0	22.8	21.2
					12	0	1	22.0	20.7
					12	6	1	22.0	20.3
					12	11	1	21.8	20.3
					25	0	1	22.0	20.4
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	20.5
					1	12	1	21.9	20.4
					1	24	1	21.9	20.2
					12	0	2	21.0	19.6
					12	6	2	21.0	19.3
					12	11	2	20.9	19.3
					25	0	2	20.9	19.4

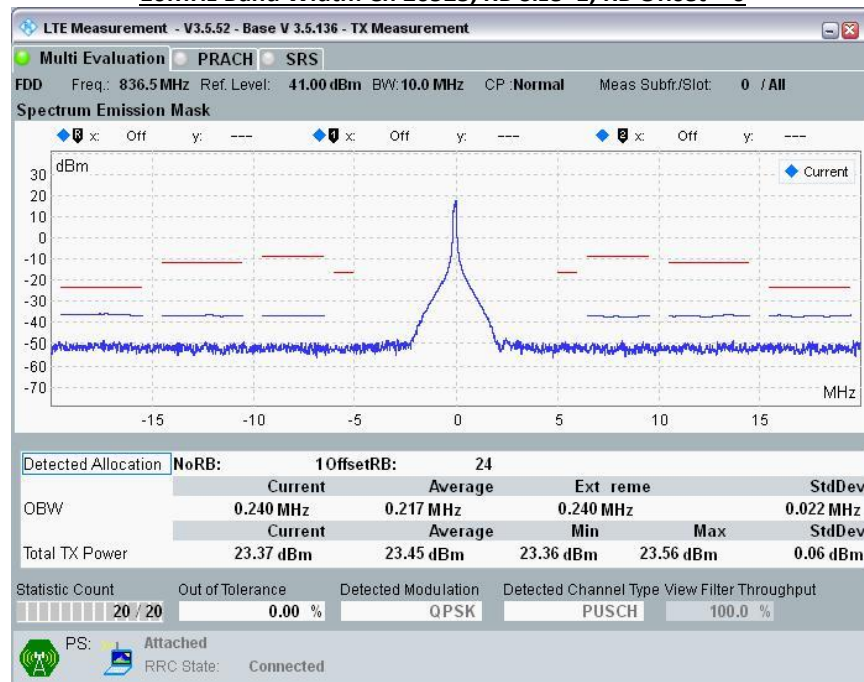
Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
5	3	20415	825.5	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	21.4
					1	7	0	22.8	21.3
					1	14	0	22.6	21.2
					8	0	1	22.0	20.5
					8	4	1	21.9	20.4
					8	7	1	21.7	20.2
					15	0	1	21.9	20.5
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	20.5
					1	7	1	21.8	20.3
					1	14	1	21.7	20.2
					8	0	2	20.9	19.5
					8	4	2	20.9	19.5
					8	7	2	20.8	19.3
					15	0	2	21.0	19.4
		20525	836.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.4	21.5
					1	7	0	23.4	21.4
					1	14	0	23.2	21.3
					8	0	1	22.5	20.6
					8	4	1	22.4	20.4
					8	7	1	22.3	20.4
					15	0	1	22.5	20.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.4	20.5
					1	7	1	22.4	20.4
					1	14	1	22.3	20.3
					8	0	2	22.4	19.7
					8	4	2	21.4	19.4
					8	7	2	21.4	19.4
					15	0	2	21.3	19.6
		20634	847.4	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	21.5
					1	7	0	22.8	21.2
					1	14	0	22.7	21.1
					8	0	1	21.9	20.6
					8	4	1	21.9	20.2
					8	7	1	21.7	20.2
					15	0	1	21.9	20.3
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.9	20.4
					1	7	1	21.8	20.3
					1	14	1	21.8	20.1
					8	0	2	20.9	19.5
					8	4	2	20.9	19.2
					8	7	2	20.8	19.2
					15	0	2	20.8	19.3

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
5	1.4	20407	824.7	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	21.4
					1	2	0	22.8	21.3
					1	5	0	22.6	21.2
					3	0	1	22.0	20.5
					3	1	1	21.9	20.4
					3	2	1	21.7	20.2
					6	0	1	21.9	20.5
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	20.5
					1	2	1	21.8	20.3
					1	5	1	21.7	20.2
					3	0	2	20.9	19.5
					3	1	2	20.9	19.5
					3	2	2	20.8	19.3
					6	0	2	21.0	19.4
		20525	836.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.4	21.5
					1	2	0	23.4	21.4
					1	5	0	23.2	21.3
					3	0	1	22.5	20.6
					3	1	1	22.4	20.4
					3	2	1	22.3	20.4
					6	0	1	22.5	20.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.4	20.5
					1	2	1	22.4	20.4
					1	5	1	22.3	20.3
					3	0	2	22.4	19.7
					3	1	2	21.4	19.4
					3	2	2	21.4	19.4
					6	0	2	21.3	19.6
		20642	848.2	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	21.5
					1	2	0	22.8	21.2
					1	5	0	22.7	21.1
					3	0	1	21.9	20.6
					3	1	1	21.9	20.2
					3	2	1	21.7	20.2
					6	0	1	21.9	20.3
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.9	20.4
					1	2	1	21.8	20.3
					1	5	1	21.8	20.1
					3	0	2	20.9	19.5
					3	1	2	20.9	19.2
					3	2	2	20.8	19.2
					6	0	2	20.8	19.3

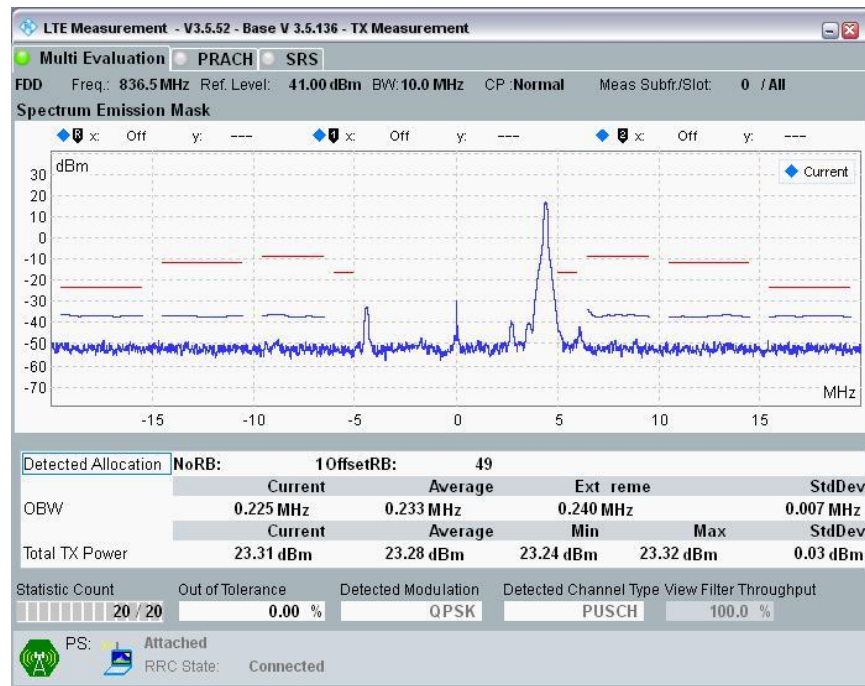
Spectrum Plots for the Test RB allocations



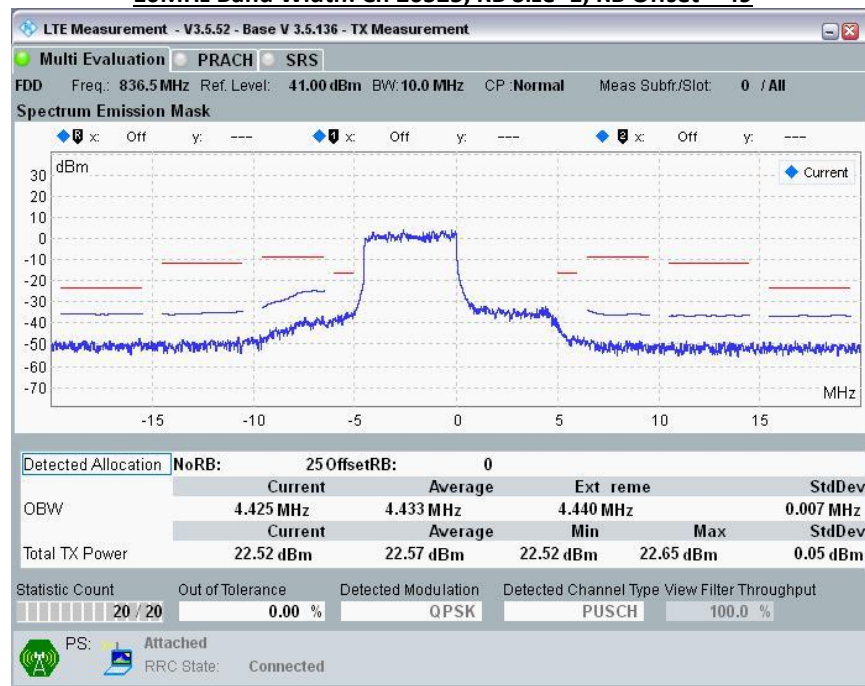
10MHz Band Width: Ch 20525, RB Size=1; RB Offset = 0



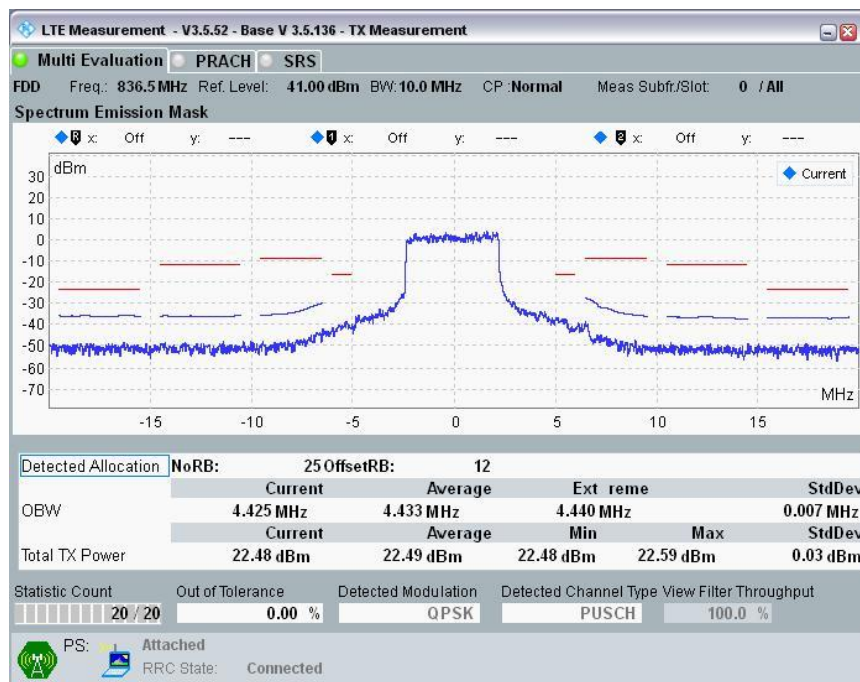
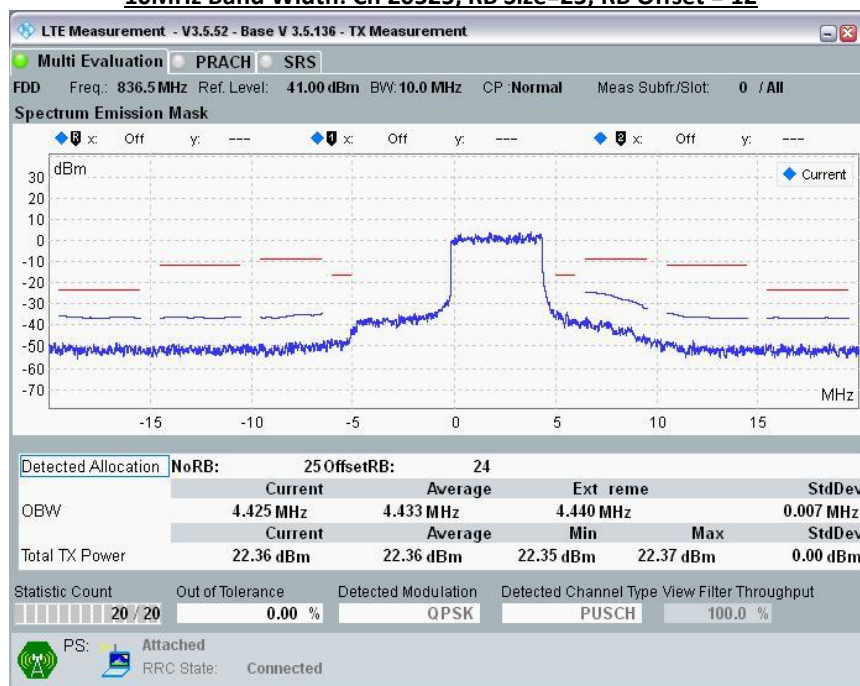
10MHz Band Width: Ch 20525, RB Size=1; RB Offset = 24

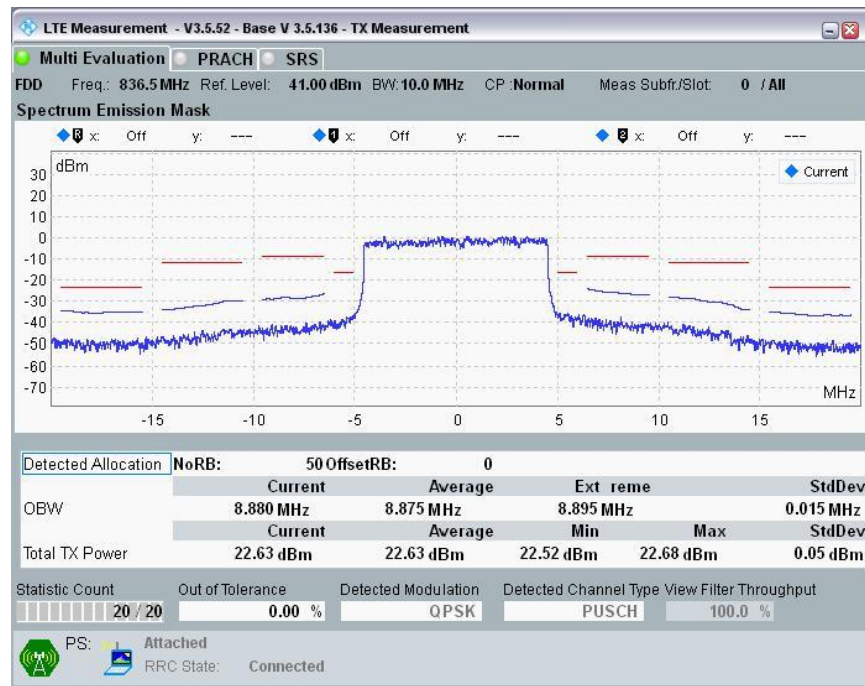


10MHz Band Width: Ch 20525, RB Size=1; RB Offset = 49



10MHz Band Width: Ch 20525, RB Size=25; RB Offset = 0

**10MHz Band Width: Ch 20525, RB Size=25; RB Offset = 12****10MHz Band Width: Ch 20525, RB Size=25; RB Offset = 24**



10MHz Band Width: Ch 20525, RB Size=50; RB Offset = 0

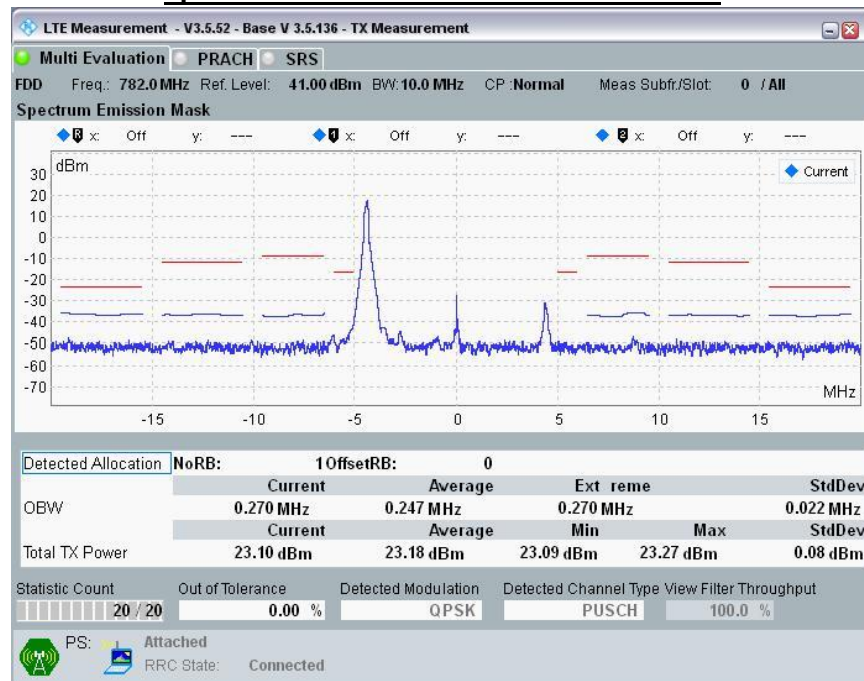
10.2.4 LTE Band 13

Output power table

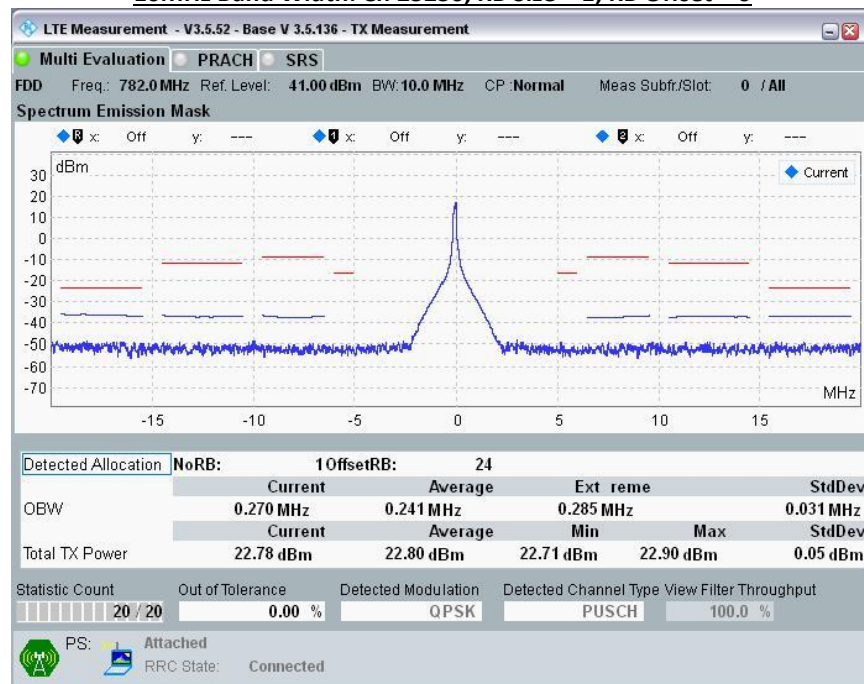
Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
13	10	23230	782.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.2	21.6
					1	24	0	22.8	21.5
					1	49	0	22.7	21.5
					25	0	1	22.2	20.6
					25	12	1	21.9	20.6
					25	24	1	21.7	20.5
					50	0	1	21.8	20.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.3	20.7
					1	24	1	21.8	20.5
					1	49	1	21.8	20.6
					25	0	2	21.2	19.7
					25	12	2	20.9	19.5
					25	24	2	20.8	19.5
					50	0	2	20.7	19.8

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
13	5	23205	779.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	21.3
					1	12	0	22.6	21.2
					1	24	0	22.5	21.2
					12	0	1	22.0	20.3
					12	6	1	21.7	20.3
					12	11	1	21.5	20.2
					25	0	1	21.6	20.4
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.1	20.4
					1	12	1	21.6	20.2
					1	24	1	21.6	20.3
					12	0	2	21.0	19.4
					12	6	2	20.7	19.2
					12	11	2	20.6	19.2
					25	0	2	20.7	19.5
		23230	752.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.1	21.5
					1	12	0	22.7	21.4
					1	24	0	22.6	21.4
					12	0	1	22.1	20.5
					12	6	1	21.8	20.5
					12	11	1	21.6	20.4
					25	0	1	21.7	20.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.2	20.6
					1	12	1	21.7	20.4
					1	24	1	21.7	20.5
					12	0	2	21.1	19.6
					12	6	2	20.8	19.4
					12	11	2	20.7	19.4
					25	0	2	20.6	19.7
		23255	784.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.1	21.2
					1	12	0	22.7	21.1
					1	24	0	22.6	21.1
					12	0	1	22.1	20.2
					12	6	1	21.8	20.2
					12	11	1	21.6	20.1
					25	0	1	21.7	20.3
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.2	20.3
					1	12	1	21.7	20.1
					1	24	1	21.7	20.2
					12	0	2	21.1	19.3
					12	6	2	20.8	19.1
					12	11	2	20.7	19.1
					25	0	2	20.6	19.4

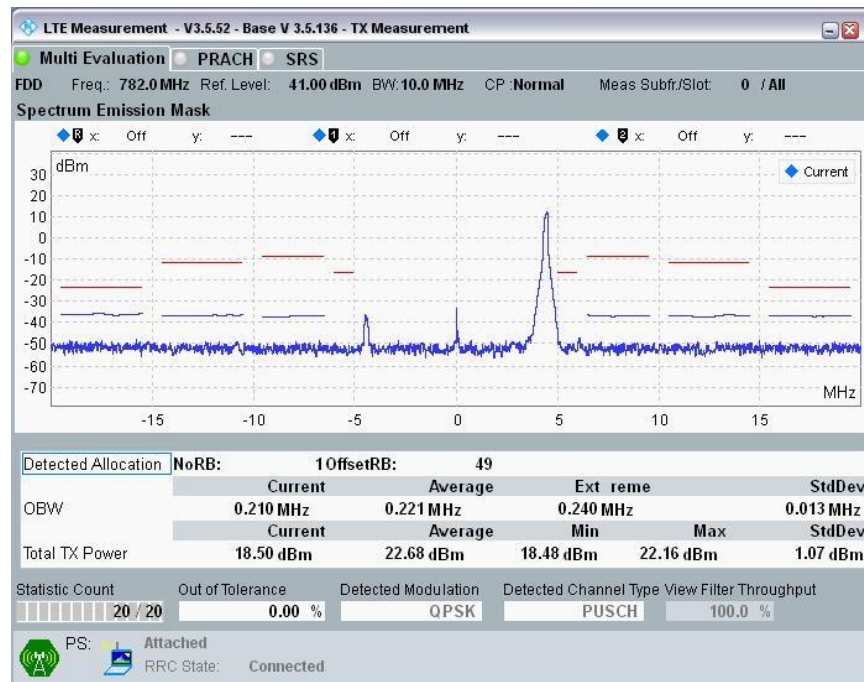
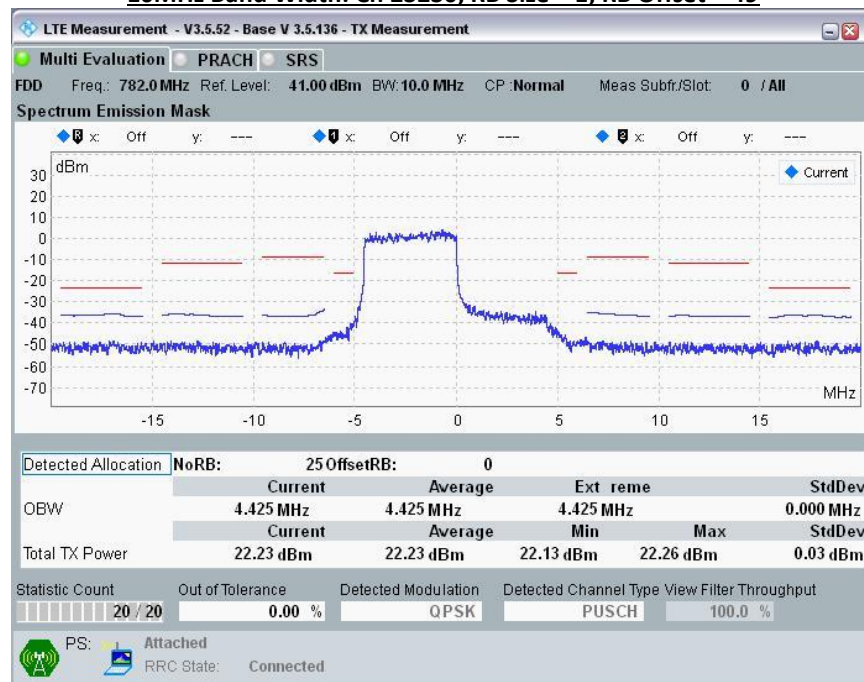
Spectrum Plots for the Test RB allocations

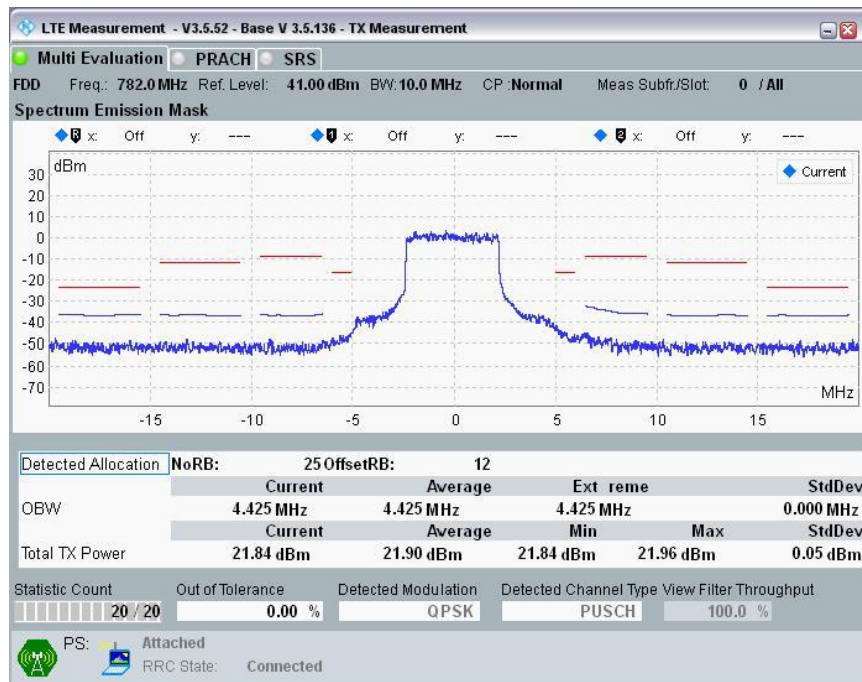


10MHz Band Width: Ch 23230, RB Size = 1; RB Offset = 0

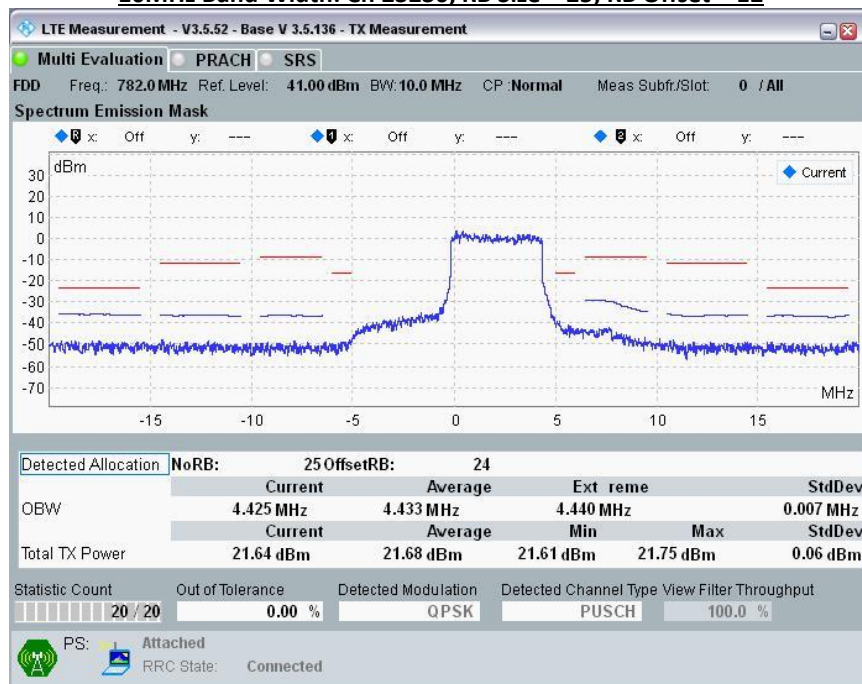


10MHz Band Width: Ch 23230, RB Size = 1; RB Offset = 24

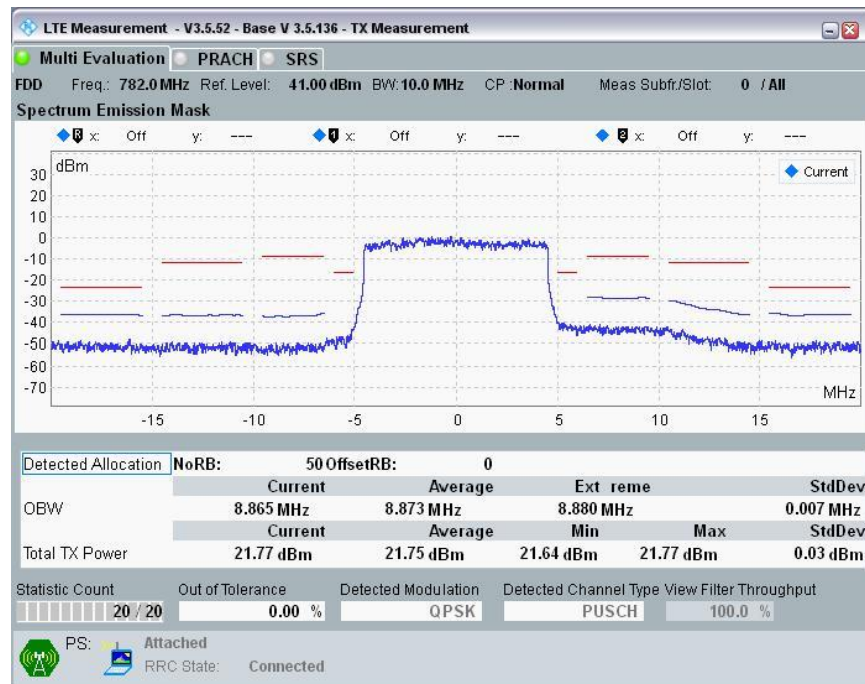
**10MHz Band Width: Ch 23230, RB Size = 1; RB Offset = 49****10MHz Band Width: Ch 23230, RB Size = 25; RB Offset = 0**



10MHz Band Width: Ch 23230, RB Size = 25; RB Offset = 12



10MHz Band Width: Ch 23230, RB Size = 25; RB Offset = 24



10MHz Band Width: Ch 23230, RB Size = 50; RB Offset = 0

10.2.5 LTE Band 66

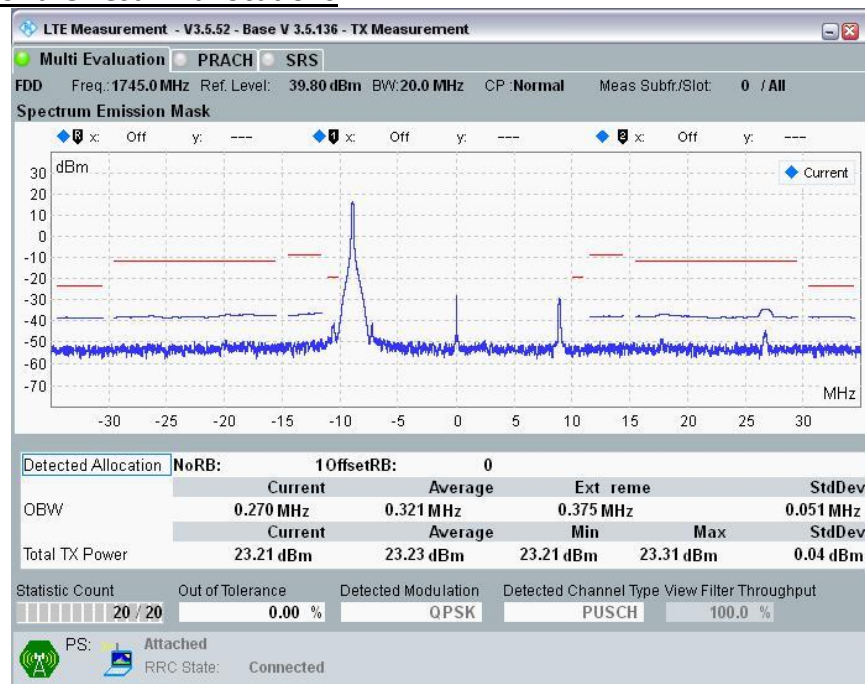
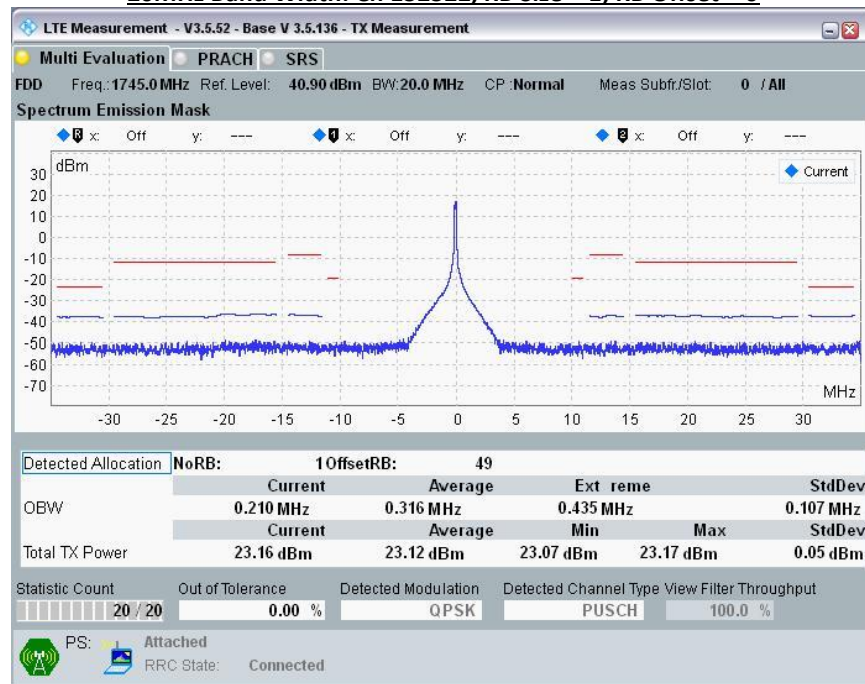
Output power table

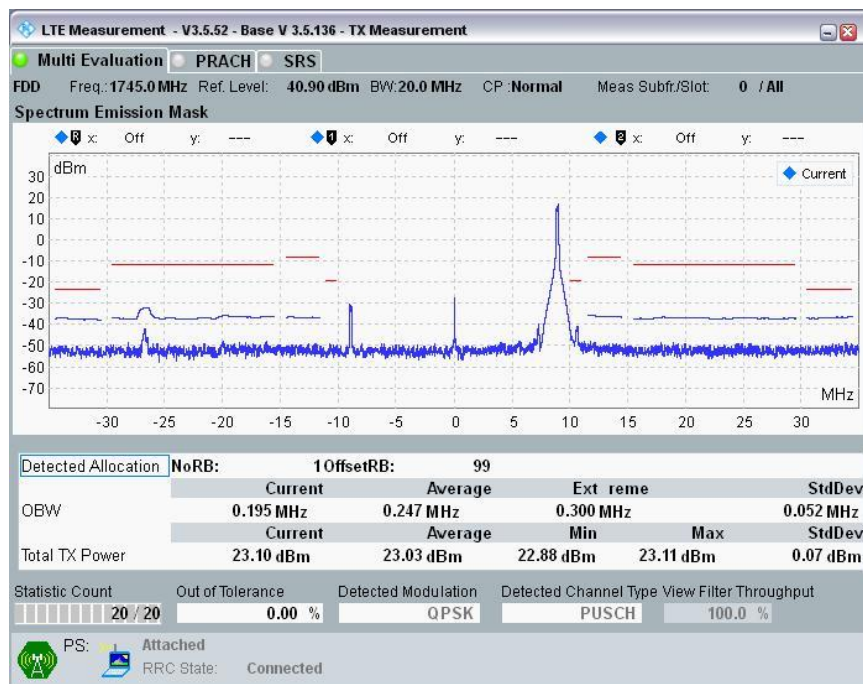
Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
66	20	132072	1720.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	19.6
					1	49	0	22.8	19.4
					1	99	0	22.8	19.4
					50	0	1	22.0	18.7
					50	24	1	21.9	18.5
					50	49	1	21.8	18.4
					100	0	1	22.0	18.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.1	18.7
					1	49	1	21.8	18.5
					1	99	1	21.9	18.4
					50	0	2	21.0	17.7
					50	24	2	20.9	17.4
					50	49	2	20.9	17.4
					100	0	2	21.0	17.7
		132322	1745.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.2	19.9
					1	49	0	23.1	19.8
					1	99	0	23.0	19.8
					50	0	1	22.3	19.0
					50	24	1	22.1	18.9
					50	49	1	22.0	18.8
					100	0	1	22.3	19.0
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.3	18.9
					1	49	1	22.2	18.8
					1	99	1	22.0	18.9
					50	0	2	21.3	18.0
					50	24	2	21.1	17.8
					50	49	2	21.1	17.8
					100	0	2	21.2	18.0
		132572	1770.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	19.8
					1	49	0	23.0	19.7
					1	99	0	22.7	19.6
					50	0	1	22.0	18.8
					50	24	1	22.0	18.8
					50	49	1	21.8	18.6
					100	0	1	21.9	18.8
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	18.9
					1	49	1	22.0	18.7
					1	99	1	21.7	18.7
					50	0	2	21.0	17.8
					50	24	2	21.0	17.7
					50	49	2	20.9	17.7
					100	0	2	21.0	17.8

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
66	15	132047	1717.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	19.6
					1	37	0	22.8	19.4
					1	74	0	22.8	19.4
					36	0	1	22.0	18.7
					36	18	1	21.9	18.5
					36	35	1	21.8	18.4
					75	0	1	22.0	18.6
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.1	18.7
					1	37	1	21.8	18.5
					1	74	1	21.9	18.4
					36	0	2	21.0	17.7
					36	18	2	20.9	17.4
					36	35	2	20.9	17.4
					75	0	2	21.0	17.7
		132322	1745.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.2	19.9
					1	37	0	23.1	19.8
					1	74	0	23.0	19.8
					36	0	1	22.3	19.0
					36	18	1	22.1	18.9
					36	35	1	22.0	18.8
					75	0	1	22.3	19.0
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.3	18.9
					1	37	1	22.2	18.8
					1	74	1	22.0	18.9
					36	0	2	21.3	18.0
					36	18	2	21.1	17.8
					36	35	2	21.1	17.8
					75	0	2	21.2	18.0
		132597	1772.5	QPSK	1	0	0	23.0	19.8
					1	37	0	23.0	19.7
					1	74	0	22.7	19.6
					36	0	1	22.0	18.8
					36	18	1	22.0	18.8
					36	35	1	21.8	18.6
					75	0	1	21.9	18.8
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	18.9
					1	37	1	22.0	18.7
					1	74	1	21.7	18.7
					36	0	2	21.0	17.8
					36	18	2	21.0	17.7
					36	35	2	20.9	17.7
					75	0	2	21.0	17.8

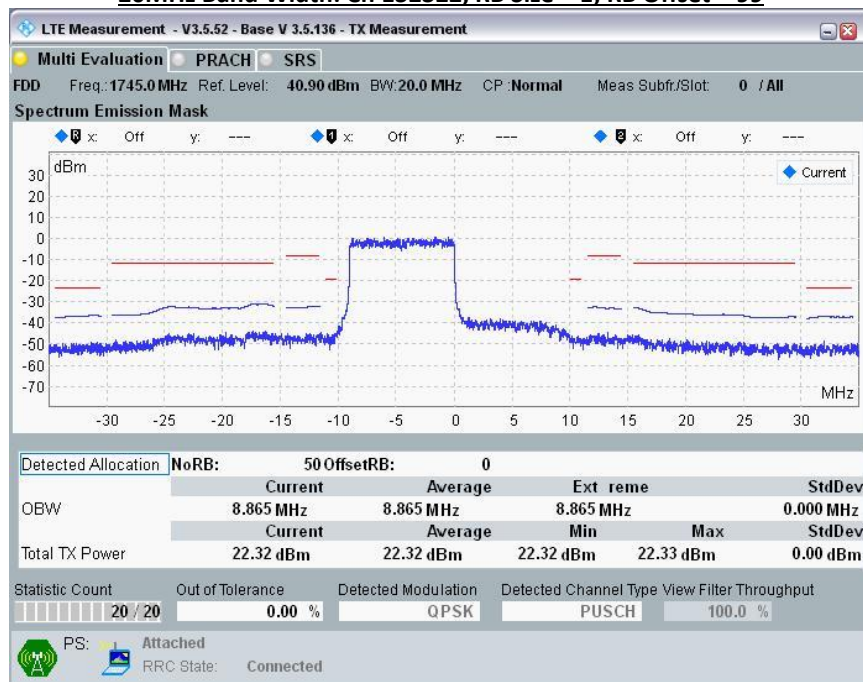
Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
66	10	132022	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	19.5
					1	24	0	22.7	19.3
					1	49	0	22.7	19.3
					25	0	1	21.9	18.6
					25	12	1	21.8	18.4
					25	24	1	21.7	18.3
					50	0	1	21.9	18.5
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	18.6
					1	24	1	21.7	18.4
					1	49	1	21.8	18.3
					25	0	2	20.9	17.6
					25	12	2	20.8	17.3
					25	24	2	20.8	17.3
					50	0	2	20.9	17.6
		132322	1745.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.1	19.8
					1	24	0	23.0	19.7
					1	49	0	22.9	19.7
					25	0	1	22.2	18.9
					25	12	1	22.0	18.8
					25	24	1	21.9	18.7
					50	0	1	22.2	18.9
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.2	18.8
					1	24	1	22.1	18.7
					1	49	1	21.9	18.8
					25	0	2	21.2	17.9
					25	12	2	21.0	17.7
					25	24	2	21.0	17.7
					50	0	2	21.1	17.9
		132622	1775.0	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	19.7
					1	24	0	22.9	19.6
					1	49	0	22.6	19.5
					25	0	1	21.9	18.7
					25	12	1	21.9	18.7
					25	24	1	21.7	18.5
					50	0	1	21.8	18.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.9	18.8
					1	24	1	21.9	18.6
					1	49	1	21.6	18.6
					25	0	2	20.9	17.7
					25	12	2	20.9	17.6
					25	24	2	20.8	17.6
					50	0	2	20.9	17.7

Band	BW (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	MPR	Average power(dBm)	
								W/o Power back-off	W/ Power back-off
66	5	131997	1712.5	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	19.3
					1	12	0	22.7	19.2
					1	24	0	22.7	19.1
					12	0	1	21.9	18.4
					12	6	1	21.8	18.5
					12	11	1	21.7	18.1
					25	0	1	21.9	18.3
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.0	18.4
					1	12	1	21.7	18.5
					1	24	1	21.8	18.1
					12	0	2	20.9	17.4
					12	6	2	20.8	17.5
					12	11	2	20.8	17.1
					25	0	2	20.9	17.4
		132322	1745.0	QPSK	1	0	0	23.1	19.6
					1	12	0	23.0	19.5
					1	24	0	22.9	19.5
					12	0	1	22.2	18.7
					12	6	1	22.0	18.6
					12	11	1	21.9	18.5
					25	0	1	22.2	18.7
				16QAM	1	0	1	22.2	18.6
					1	12	1	22.1	18.5
					1	24	1	21.9	18.6
					12	0	2	21.2	17.7
					12	6	2	21.0	17.5
					12	11	2	21.0	17.5
					25	0	2	21.1	17.7
		132647	1777.5	QPSK	1	0	0	22.9	19.5
					1	12	0	22.9	19.4
					1	24	0	22.6	19.3
					12	0	1	21.9	18.5
					12	6	1	21.9	18.5
					12	11	1	21.7	18.3
					25	0	1	21.8	18.5
				16QAM	1	0	1	21.9	18.6
					1	12	1	21.9	18.4
					1	24	1	21.6	18.4
					12	0	2	20.9	17.5
					12	6	2	20.9	17.4
					12	11	2	20.8	17.4
					25	0	2	20.9	17.5

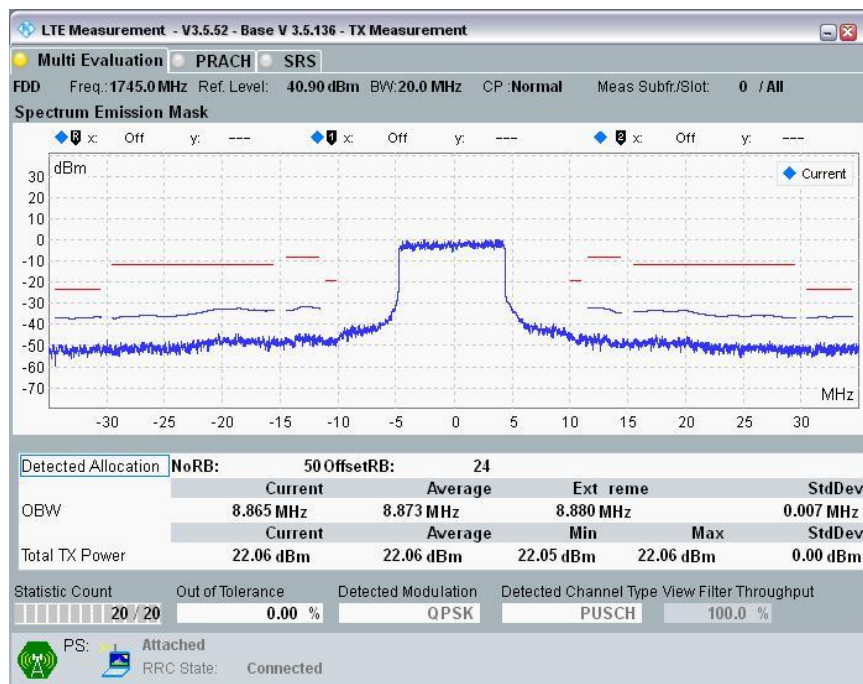
Spectrum Plots for the Test RB allocations**20MHz Band Width: Ch 132322, RB Size = 1; RB Offset = 0****20MHz Band Width: Ch 132322, RB Size = 1; RB Offset = 49**



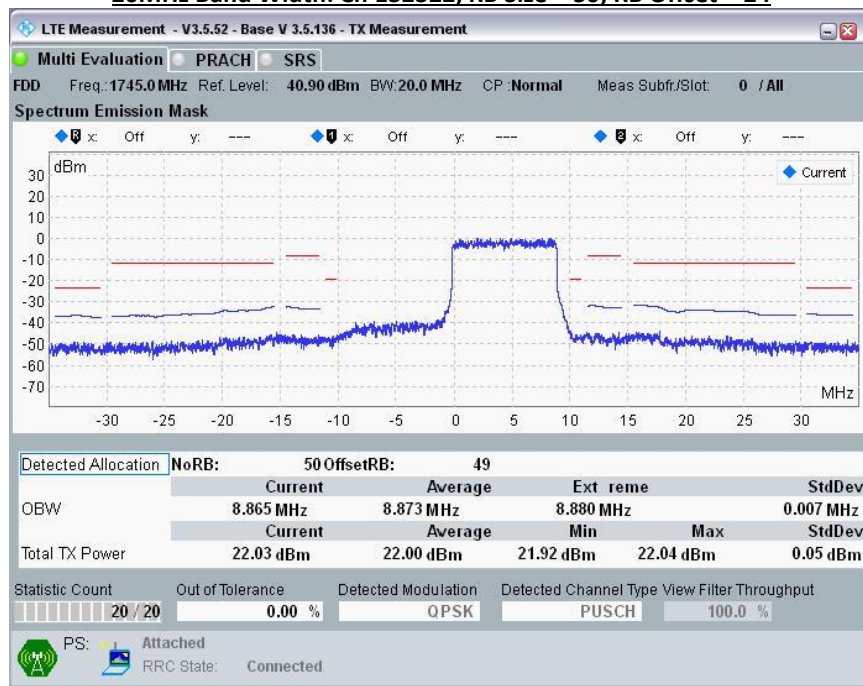
20MHz Band Width: Ch 132322, RB Size = 1; RB Offset = 99



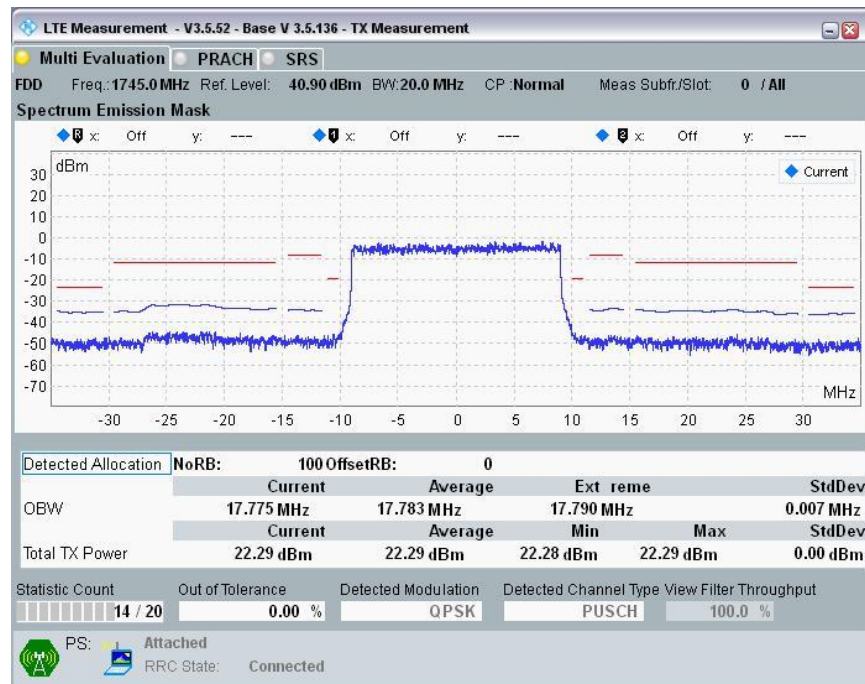
20MHz Band Width: Ch 132322, RB Size = 50; RB Offset = 0



20MHz Band Width: Ch 132322, RB Size = 50; RB Offset = 24



20MHz Band Width: Ch 132322, RB Size = 50; RB Offset = 49



20MHz Band Width: Ch 132322, RB Size = 100; RB Offset = 0

11 Summary of SAR Test Exclusion Configurations

11.1 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Calculations

Since the Dedicated Host Approach is applied, the standalone SAR test exclusion procedure in KDB 447498 section 4.3.1 is applied in conjunction with KDB 616217 section 4.3 to determine the minimum test separation distance:

1. According to KDB 447498 Section 4.1 5) if the antenna is at close proximity to user then the outer surface of the DUT should be treated as the radiating surface. The test separation distance is then determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user. For the purposes of this report close proximity has been defined as closer than 50 mm. For antennas <50 mm from the rear or edge the separation distance used for the estimated SAR calculations is 0 mm.
2. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is > 5 mm, the actual antenna-to-edge separation distance is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.
4. If the antenna to DUT adjacent edge or bottom separation distance >50mm the actual antenna to user separation distance is used to determine SAR exclusion and estimated SAR value.

Refer to Appendix for the specific details on the antenna-to-antenna and antenna-to-edge distances used for test exclusion calculations.

11.1.1 SAR Exclusion Calculations for WWAN Antenna < 50mm from the User

According to KDB 447498 v06 r02 in section 4.3.1, if the calculated threshold value is > 3 then SAR testing is required.

For WWAN

Full Power, Proximity Sensor Off.

Antenna	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation Distances(mm)					Calculated Threshold Value				
			dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
WWAN	WCDMA Band II	1852.4	24.0	251	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	21.76	28.47	48.80	>50mm	>50mm
	WCDMA Band IV	1712.4	24.0	251	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	20.92	27.37	46.92	>50mm	>50mm
	WCDMA Band V	826.4	24.0	251	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	14.53	19.01	32.60	>50mm	>50mm
	LTE Band 2	1860.0	24.0	251	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	21.80	28.53	48.90	>50mm	>50mm
	LTE Band 4	1720.0	24.0	251	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	20.97	27.43	47.03	>50mm	>50mm
	LTE Band 5	829.0	24.0	251	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	14.56	19.04	32.65	>50mm	>50mm
	LTE Band 13	782.0	24.0	251	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	14.14	18.50	31.71	>50mm	>50mm
	LTE Band 66	1745.0	24.0	251	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	21.12	27.63	47.37	>50mm	>50mm

Power back off, Proximity Sensor On.

Antenna	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation Distances(mm)					Calculated Threshold Value				
			dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
WWAN	WCDMA Band II	1852.4	20.0	100	5.7	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	23.88	45.37	19.44	>50mm	>50mm
	WCDMA Band IV	1712.4	20.0	100	5.7	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	22.96	43.62	18.69	>50mm	>50mm
	WCDMA Band V	826.4	22.0	158	5.7	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	25.20	47.88	20.52	>50mm	>50mm
	LTE Band 2	1860.0	20.0	100	5.7	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	23.93	45.46	19.48	>50mm	>50mm
	LTE Band 4	1720.0	20.0	100	5.7	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	23.01	43.72	18.74	>50mm	>50mm
	LTE Band 5	829.0	22.0	158	5.7	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	25.24	47.95	20.55	>50mm	>50mm
	LTE Band 13	782.0	22.0	158	5.7	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	24.51	46.57	19.96	>50mm	>50mm
	LTE Band 66	1745.0	20.0	100	5.7	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	23.18	44.03	18.87	>50mm	>50mm

11.1.2 SAR Exclusion Calculations for WWAN Antenna > 50mm from the User

According to KDB 447498 v06 r02, if the calculated Power threshold is less than the output power then SAR testing is required.

For WWAN

Full Power, Proximity Sensor Off.

Antenna	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation Distances(mm)					Calculated Threshold Value				
			dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
WWAN	WCDMA Band II	1852.4	24.0	100	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1560.2	2418.2
	WCDMA Band IV	1712.4	24.0	100	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1564.6	2418.2
	WCDMA Band V	826.4	24.0	126	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1615.0	2418.2
	LTE Band 2	1860.0	24.0	100	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1560.0	2418.2
	LTE Band 4	1720.0	24.0	100	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1564.4	2418.2
	LTE Band 5	829.0	24.0	126	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1614.7	2418.2
	LTE Band 13	782.0	24.0	100	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1619.6	2418.2
	LTE Band 66	1745.0	24.0	100	15.7	12.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1563.6	2418.2

Power back off, Proximity Sensor On.

Antenna	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation Distances(mm)					Calculated Threshold Value				
			dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
WWAN	WCDMA Band II	1852.4	20.0	100	5.7	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1560.2	1560.2
	WCDMA Band IV	1712.4	20.0	100	4.4	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1564.6	1564.6
	WCDMA Band V	826.4	22.0	126	4.4	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1615.0	1615.0
	LTE Band 2	1860.0	20.0	100	4.4	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1560.0	1560.0
	LTE Band 4	1720.0	20.0	100	4.4	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1564.4	1564.4
	LTE Band 5	829.0	22.0	126	4.4	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1614.7	1614.7
	LTE Band 13	782.0	22.0	100	4.4	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1619.6	1619.6
	LTE Band 66	1745.0	20.0	100	4.4	3.0	7.0	195.0	195.0	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	1563.6	1563.6

11.1.3 SAR Required Test Configuration

For WWAN

Full Power, Proximity Sensor Off

Test Configurations	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
WCDMA Band II	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
WCDMA Band IV	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
WCDMA Band V	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
LTE Band 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
LTE Band 4	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
LTE Band 13	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
LTE Band 66	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No

Note(s):

1. Yes = SAR is required.
2. No = SAR is not required.

Power back off, Proximity Sensor On

Test Configurations	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
WCDMA Band II	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
WCDMA Band IV	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
WCDMA Band V	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
LTE Band 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
LTE Band 4	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
LTE Band 13	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
LTE Band 66	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No

Note(s):

1. Yes = SAR is required.
2. No = SAR is not required.

12 Exposure Limit

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

<u>Whole-Body</u>	<u>Partial-Body</u>	<u>Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles</u>
0.4	8.0	2.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

<u>Whole-Body</u>	<u>Partial-Body</u>	<u>Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles</u>
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: **Whole-Body SAR** is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE
GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE
PARTIAL BODY LIMIT
1.6 W/kg

13 Tissue Dielectric Properties

13.1 Test Liquid Confirmation

Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the values given in the table below. 5% may not be easily achieved at certain frequencies.

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE 1528 2013 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 2013 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE 1528 2013

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

13.2 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Liquid Tissue Phantoms

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

alt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ⁺ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxy thyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra-pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2

13.3 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check Results

Date	Band	Freq(MHz)	Measured			Standard		Δ		Limit(%)
			e' (ϵ_r)	e''	σ	e' (ϵ_r)	σ	e' (ϵ_r)	σ	± 5
2018/3/5	Body 1900	1855	54.37	14.71	1.52	53.30	1.52	2.01%	-0.28%	± 5
		1880	54.43	14.57	1.52	53.30	1.52	2.13%	0.08%	± 5
		1905	54.16	14.57	1.54	53.30	1.52	1.62%	1.45%	± 5
2018/3/6	Body 1800	1715	51.25	15.60	1.49	53.52	1.47	-4.24%	1.35%	± 5
		1732.5	51.17	15.62	1.50	53.48	1.48	-4.32%	1.80%	± 5
		1750	51.10	15.68	1.52	53.43	1.49	-4.37%	2.40%	± 5
2018/3/6	Body 1800	1720	51.23	15.60	1.49	53.51	1.47	-4.26%	1.45%	± 5
		1745	51.11	15.66	1.52	53.44	1.49	-4.37%	2.24%	± 5
		1770	51.06	15.74	1.55	53.38	1.50	-4.34%	3.10%	± 5
2018/3/7	Body 900	829	55.14	21.23	0.98	55.22	0.97	-0.14%	0.83%	± 5
		836.5	55.08	21.20	0.99	55.20	0.97	-0.22%	1.46%	± 5
		844	54.99	21.16	0.99	55.17	0.98	-0.33%	1.13%	± 5
2018/3/8	Body 750	782	52.81	22.86	0.99	55.41	0.97	-4.69%	2.82%	± 5
2018/3/12	Body 1900	1852.4	51.20	14.23	1.46	53.30	1.52	-3.94%	-3.68%	± 5
		1880	51.15	14.23	1.49	53.30	1.52	-4.04%	-2.22%	± 5
		1900	51.12	14.33	1.51	53.30	1.52	-4.10%	-0.51%	± 5
		1907.6	51.10	14.37	1.52	53.30	1.52	-4.13%	0.16%	± 5
2018/3/12	Body 1900	1855	51.19	14.23	1.47	53.30	1.52	-3.95%	-3.53%	± 5
		1880	51.12	14.33	1.50	53.30	1.52	-4.10%	-1.56%	± 5
		1900	51.03	14.44	1.52	53.30	1.52	-4.25%	0.30%	± 5
		1905	51.11	14.34	1.52	53.30	1.52	-4.11%	-0.12%	± 5
2018/3/13	Body 1800	1712.4	51.54	15.28	1.45	53.53	1.46	-3.73%	-0.75%	± 5
		1732.4	51.45	15.24	1.47	53.48	1.48	-3.80%	-0.66%	± 5
		1752.6	51.38	15.24	1.48	53.43	1.49	-3.83%	-0.36%	± 5
		1800	51.33	15.34	1.53	53.30	1.52	-3.70%	0.93%	± 5
2018/3/13	Body 1800	1715	51.52	15.28	1.46	53.52	1.47	-3.74%	-0.71%	± 5
		1747.5	51.45	15.24	1.48	53.44	1.49	-3.73%	-0.44%	± 5
		1780	51.39	15.23	1.51	53.35	1.51	-3.68%	-0.06%	± 5
		1800	51.33	15.34	1.53	53.30	1.52	-3.70%	0.93%	± 5
2018/3/14	Body 900	826.4	52.83	21.82	1.00	55.24	0.97	-4.35%	3.37%	± 5
		836.6	52.73	21.80	1.01	55.20	0.97	-4.47%	4.32%	± 5
		846.6	52.62	21.76	1.02	55.17	0.98	-4.62%	4.07%	± 5
2018/3/14	Body 900	829	52.79	21.81	1.00	55.22	0.97	-4.40%	3.62%	± 5
		836.5	52.73	21.80	1.01	55.20	0.97	-4.47%	4.31%	± 5
		844	52.62	21.76	1.02	55.17	0.98	-4.63%	4.01%	± 5
2018/3/15	Body 750	782	56.52	22.68	0.99	55.41	0.97	2.00%	2.02%	± 5

14 Measurement Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz section 2.8.2, SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

15 System Performance Check

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm
- The DASY5 system with E-field probe EX3DV4 SN:3665 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15 mm (below 1 GHz) and 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration ($dx=dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3.0 mm.
- The dipole input power (forward power) was $100 \text{ mW} \pm 3\%$.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for System Performance Check

The reference SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles

System Dipole	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Freq. (MHz)	Target SAR Values (W/kg)		
				1g/10g	Head	Body
D1900V2	5d018	2017/06/28	1900	1g	40.1	40.6
				10g	20.9	21.5
D1750V2	1023	2017/06/27	1750	1g	36.9	36.9
				10g	19.5	19.7
D835V2	4d015	2017/03/21	835	1g	9.45	9.75
				10g	6.18	6.39
D750V3	1020	2018/01/18	750	1g	8.36	8.66
				10g	5.50	5.75

15.1 System Performance Check Results

Date	System Dipole			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited [%]
	Type	Serial No.	Liquid					
2017/3/5	D1900V2	5d018	Body	1g SAR:	40.60	40.80	0.49	± 5
				10g SAR:	21.50	21.10	-1.86	± 5
2017/3/6	D1750V2	1023	Body	1g SAR:	36.90	37.10	0.54	± 5
				10g SAR:	19.70	19.50	-1.02	± 5
2018/3/7	D835V2	4d015	Body	1g SAR:	9.75	9.32	-4.41	± 5
				10g SAR:	6.39	6.12	-4.23	± 5
2018/3/8	D750V3	1020	Body	1g SAR:	8.66	8.49	-1.93	± 5
				10g SAR:	5.75	5.89	2.43	± 5
2017/3/12	D1900V2	5d018	Body	1g SAR:	40.60	40.20	-0.99	± 5
				10g SAR:	21.50	20.70	-3.72	± 5
2017/3/13	D1750V2	1023	Body	1g SAR:	36.90	36.10	-2.17	± 5
				10g SAR:	19.70	18.90	-4.06	± 5
2018/3/14	D835V2	4d015	Body	1g SAR:	9.75	9.45	-3.08	± 5
				10g SAR:	6.39	6.20	-2.97	± 5
2018/3/15	D750V3	1020	Body	1g SAR:	8.66	8.43	-2.66	± 5
				10g SAR:	5.75	5.85	1.74	± 5

16 SAR Measurements Results

WCDMA Band II:

Power back off (On/Off)	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Dist. (mm)	Power (dBm)		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(W/kg)	Note	Plot.
						Tune up limit	Measured				
On	Rel 99 RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	9400	1880.0	0	20.0	19.8	1.020	1.068		
		Edge 1	9262	1852.4	0	20.0	19.8	1.020	1.068	1	
		Edge 1	9538	1907.6	0	20.0	19.6	0.929	1.019	1	
		Edge 2	9400	1880.0	0	20.0	19.8	0.269	0.282		
		Rear	9400	1880.0	0	20.0	19.8	0.902	0.945		
		Rear	9262	1852.4	0	20.0	19.8	0.856	0.896	1	
		Rear	9538	1907.6	0	20.0	19.6	0.853	0.935	1	
		Edge 1	9400	1880.0	0	20.0	19.8	1.040	1.089	2	1
Off	Rel 99 RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	9400	1880.0	8	24.0	23.3	0.561	0.659		
		Edge 2	9400	1880.0	0	24.0	23.3	0.352	0.414		
		Rear	9400	1880.0	9	24.0	23.3	0.340	0.399		

Note(s):

- Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is required when the reported 1-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel. ≥ 0.8 W/kg and transmission band ≤ 100 MHz (Per KDB 447498 D01 v06)
- Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
 - Original SAR = 1.020 W/kg, therefore two times repeat SAR is required.
 - Repeat SAR = 1.040 W/kg < 1.45 W/kg
 - SAR variation= -1.9% $< 20\%$

WCDMA Band IV:

Power back off (On/Off)	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Dist. (mm)	Power (dBm)		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(W/kg)	Note	Plot
						Tune up limit	Measured				
On	Rel 99 RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	1413	1732.6	0	20.0	19.8	0.998	1.045		
		Edge 1	1312	1732.6	0	20.0	19.7	0.966	1.035	1	
		Edge 1	1513	1732.6	0	20.0	19.7	1.010	1.082	1	2
		Edge 2	1413	1732.6	0	20.0	19.8	0.209	0.219		
		Rear	1413	1732.6	0	20.0	19.8	0.858	0.898		
		Rear	1312	1732.6	0	20.0	19.7	0.841	0.901	1	
		Rear	1513	1732.6	0	20.0	19.7	0.864	0.926	1	
		Edge 1	1513	1732.6	0	20.0	19.7	1.000	1.072	2	
Off	Rel 99 RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	1413	1732.6	8	24.0	23.2	0.540	0.649		
		Edge 2	1413	1732.6	0	24.0	23.2	0.336	0.404		
		Rear	1413	1732.6	9	24.0	23.2	0.279	0.335		

Note(s):

- Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is required when the reported 1-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel. ≥ 0.8 W/kg and transmission band ≤ 100 MHz (Per KDB 447498 D01 v06)
- Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
 - Original SAR = 1.010 W/kg, therefore two times repeat SAR is required.
 - Repeat SAR = 1.000/kg < 1.45 W/kg
 - SAR variation= 0.9% $< 20\%$

WCDMA Band V:

Power back off (On/Off)	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Dist. (mm)	Power (dBm)		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(W/kg)	Note	Plot
						Tune up limit	Measured				
On	Rel 99 RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	4182	836.6	0	22.0	21.7	0.978	1.048		3
		Edge 1	4132	826.4	0	22.0	21.6	0.955	1.047	1	
		Edge 1	4233	846.4	0	22.0	21.7	0.963	1.032	1	
		Edge 2	4182	836.6	0	22.0	21.7	0.033	0.035		
		Rear	4182	836.6	0	22.0	21.7	0.619	0.663		
		Edge 1	4182	836.6	0	22.0	21.7	0.941	1.008	2	
Off	Rel 99 RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	4182	836.6	8	24.0	23.1	0.187	0.230		
		Edge 2	4182	836.6	0	24.0	23.1	0.099	0.122		
		Rear	4182	836.6	9	24.0	23.1	0.112	0.138		

Note(s):

- Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is required when the reported 1-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel. ≥ 0.8 W/kg and transmission band ≤ 100 MHz (Per KDB 447498 D01 v06)
- Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
 - Original SAR = 0.978 W/kg, therefore two times repeat SAR is required.
 - Repeat SAR = 0.941/kg < 1.45 W/kg
 - SAR variation= 3.7% $< 20\%$

LTE Band 2 (20MHz Bandwidth):

Power back off (On/Off)	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Dist. (mm)	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	Power (dBm)		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(W/kg)	Note	Plot
								Tune up limit	Measured				
		Edge1	19100	1900.0	0	1	0	20.0	20.0	1.190	1.190		4
			19100	1900.0	0	1	49	20.0	19.8	1.120	1.173	2	
			19100	1900.0	0	1	99	20.0	19.7	1.090	1.168	2	
			19100	1900.0	0	50	0	19.0	19.0	1.190	1.190		
			19100	1900.0	0	50	24	19.0	19.0	1.170	1.170	2	
			19100	1900.0	0	50	49	19.0	18.8	1.080	1.131	2	
			19100	1900.0	0	100	0	19.0	19.0	0.939	0.939	2	
			18700	1860.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.7	0.930	0.997	2	
			18700	1860.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.8	0.890	0.932	2	
			18900	1880.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.5	0.896	1.005	2	
			18900	1880.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.6	0.870	0.954	2	
		Edge2	19100	1900.0	0	1	0	20.0	20.0	1.120	1.120	3	
			19100	1900.0	0	1	0	20.0	20.0	0.299	0.299	1	
			19100	1900.0	0	50	0	19.0	19.0	0.291	0.291	1	
		Rear	19100	1900.0	0	1	0	20.0	20.0	0.827	0.827		
			19100	1900.0	0	1	49	20.0	19.8	0.761	0.797	2	
			19100	1900.0	0	1	99	20.0	19.7	0.720	0.771	2	
			19100	1900.0	0	50	0	19.0	19.0	0.812	0.812		
			19100	1900.0	0	50	24	19.0	19.0	0.796	0.796	2	
			19100	1900.0	0	50	49	19.0	18.8	0.751	0.786	2	
			19100	1900.0	0	100	0	19.0	19.0	0.800	0.800	2	
			18700	1860.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.7	0.824	0.883	2	
			18700	1860.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.8	0.794	0.831	2	
			18900	1880.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.5	0.829	0.930	2	
			18900	1880.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.6	0.791	0.867	2	
Off	QPSK	Edge1	19100	1900.0	8	1	0	24.0	23.7	1.010	1.082		
			19100	1900.0	8	1	49	24.0	23.6	0.994	1.090	2	
			19100	1900.0	8	1	99	24.0	23.5	0.976	1.095	2	
			19100	1900.0	8	50	0	23.0	22.7	0.829	0.888		
			19100	1900.0	8	50	24	23.0	22.6	0.827	0.907	2	
			19100	1900.0	8	50	49	23.0	22.5	0.801	0.899	2	
			19100	1900.0	8	100	0	23.0	22.6	0.821	0.900	2	
			18700	1860.0	8	1	0	24.0	23.6	0.948	1.039	2	
			18700	1860.0	8	50	0	23.0	22.6	0.758	0.831	2	
			18900	1880.0	8	1	0	24.0	23.7	1.050	1.125	2	
			18900	1880.0	8	50	0	23.0	22.7	0.811	0.869	2	
			18900	1880.0	8	1	0	24.0	23.7	0.980	1.050	3	
		Edge2	19100	1900.0	0	1	0	24.0	23.7	0.521	0.558	1	
			19100	1900.0	0	50	0	23.0	22.7	0.417	0.447	1	
		Rear	19100	1900.0	9	1	0	24.0	23.7	0.424	0.454	1	
			19100	1900.0	9	50	0	23.0	22.7	0.343	0.368	1	

Note(s):

- When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. (Per KDB 941225 D05 v02r05)
- The highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≥ 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required of 100% RB. Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg. (Per KDB 941225 D05 v02r05)
- Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
 - Original SAR = 1.19 W/kg, therefore two times repeat SAR is required.
 - Repeat SAR = 1.12 W/kg < 1.45 W/kg
 - SAR variation= 5.8 % $< 20\%$

LTE Band 4 (20MHz Bandwidth):

Power back off (On/Off)	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Dist. (mm)	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	Power (dBm)		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(W/kg)	Note	Plots
								Tune up limit	Measured				
On	QPSK	Edge1	20050	1720.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.8	1.020	1.068		
			20050	1720.0	0	1	49	20.0	19.7	1.020	1.093	2	5
			20050	1720.0	0	1	99	20.0	19.6	0.980	1.075	2	
			20050	1720.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.8	0.930	0.974		
			20050	1720.0	0	50	24	19.0	18.8	0.914	0.957	2	
			20050	1720.0	0	50	49	19.0	18.6	0.912	1.000	2	
			20050	1720.0	0	100	0	19.0	19.0	0.906	0.906	2	
			20175	1732.5	0	1	0	20.0	19.7	0.918	0.984	2	
			20175	1732.5	0	50	0	19.0	18.9	0.933	0.955	2	
			20300	1745.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.7	0.977	1.047	2	
			20300	1745.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.8	0.962	1.007	2	
			20050	1720.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.8	0.971	1.017	3	
		Edge2	20050	1720.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.8	0.191	0.200	1	
			20050	1720.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.8	0.179	0.187	1	
		Rear	20050	1720.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.8	0.870	0.911		
			20050	1720.0	0	1	49	20.0	19.7	0.826	0.885	2	
			20050	1720.0	0	1	99	20.0	19.6	0.800	0.877	2	
			20050	1720.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.8	0.867	0.908		
			20050	1720.0	0	50	24	19.0	18.8	0.827	0.866	2	
			20050	1720.0	0	50	49	19.0	18.6	0.811	0.889	2	
			20050	1720.0	0	100	0	19.0	19.0	0.808	0.808	2	
			20175	1732.5	0	1	0	20.0	19.7	0.834	0.894	2	
			20175	1732.5	0	50	0	19.0	18.9	0.834	0.853	2	
			20300	1745.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.7	0.870	0.932	2	
			20300	1745.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.8	0.859	0.899	2	
Off	QPSK	Edge1	20050	1720.0	8	1	0	24.0	23.5	0.666	0.747	1	
			20050	1720.0	8	50	0	23.0	22.6	0.628	0.689	1	
		Edge2	20050	1720.0	0	1	0	24.0	23.5	0.483	0.542	1	
			20050	1720.0	0	50	0	23.0	22.6	0.387	0.424	1	
		Rear	20050	1720.0	9	1	0	24.0	23.5	0.477	0.535	1	
			20050	1720.0	9	50	0	23.0	22.6	0.358	0.393	1	

Note(s):

- When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. (Per KDB 941225 D05 v02r05)
- The highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≥ 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required of 100% RB. Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg. (Per KDB 941225 D05 v02r05)
- Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
 - Original SAR = 1.020 W/kg, therefore two times repeat SAR is required.
 - Repeat SAR = 0.971 W/kg < 1.45 W/kg
 - SAR variation= 4.8 % $< 20\%$

LTE Band 5 (10MHz Bandwidth):

Power back off (On/Off)	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Dist. (mm)	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	Power (dBm)		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(W/kg)	Note	Plot.
								Tune up limit	Measured				
On	QPSK	Edge1	20525	836.5	0	1	0	22.0	21.6	0.941	1.032		6
			20525	836.5	0	1	24	22.0	21.5	0.909	1.020	2	
			20525	836.5	0	1	49	22.0	21.4	0.882	1.013	2	
			20525	836.5	0	25	0	21.0	20.7	0.909	0.974		
			20525	836.5	0	25	12	21.0	20.5	0.908	1.019	2	
			20525	836.5	0	25	24	21.0	20.5	0.898	1.008	2	
			20525	836.5	0	50	0	21.0	20.7	0.864	0.926	2	
			20450	829.0	0	1	0	22.0	21.5	0.901	1.011	2	
			20450	829.0	0	25	0	21.0	20.6	0.898	0.985	2	
			20600	844.0	0	1	0	22.0	21.6	0.935	1.025	2	
			20600	844.0	0	25	0	21.0	20.7	0.934	1.001	2	
		Edge2	20525	836.5	0	1	0	22.0	21.6	0.928	1.018	3	
			20525	836.5	0	1	0	22.0	21.6	0.081	0.089	1	
			20525	836.5	0	25	0	21.0	21.5	0.079	0.070	1	
		Rear	20525	836.5	0	1	0	22.0	21.6	0.532	0.583	1	
			20525	836.5	0	25	0	21.0	21.5	0.510	0.455	1	
Off	QPSK	Edge1	20525	836.5	8	1	0	24.0	23.5	0.502	0.563	1	
			20525	836.5	8	25	0	23.0	22.6	0.417	0.457	1	
		Edge2	20525	836.5	0	1	0	24.0	23.5	0.127	0.142	1	
			20525	836.5	0	25	0	23.0	22.6	0.112	0.123	1	
		Rear	20525	836.5	9	1	0	24.0	23.5	0.275	0.309	1	
			20525	836.5	9	25	0	23.0	22.6	0.227	0.249	1	

Note(s):

- When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. (Per KDB 941225 D05 v02r05)
- According to Notice 2016-DRS001, based on the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 requirements, the high, mid and low channels for the configuration with the highest SAR value must be tested regardless of the SAR value measured.
- Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
 - Original SAR = 0.941 W/kg, therefore two times repeat SAR is required.
 - Repeat SAR = 0.928 W/kg < 1.45 W/kg
 - SAR variation= 1.3 % $< 20\%$

LTE Band 13 (10MHz Bandwidth):

Power back off (On/Off)	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Dist. (mm)	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	Power (dBm)		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(W/kg)	Note	Plot.
								Tune up limit	Measured				
On	QPSK	Edge1	23230	782.0	0	1	0	22.0	21.6	0.941	1.032		7
			23230	782.0	0	1	24	22.0	21.5	0.911	1.022	2	
			23230	782.0	0	1	49	22.0	21.5	0.903	1.013	2	
			23230	782.0	0	25	0	21.0	20.6	0.924	1.013		
			23230	782.0	0	25	12	21.0	20.6	0.921	1.010	2	
			23230	782.0	0	25	24	21.0	20.5	0.907	1.018	2	
			23230	782.0	0	50	0	21.0	20.7	0.902	0.967	2	
		Edge2	23230	782.0	0	1	0	22.0	21.6	0.929	1.019	3	
			23230	782.0	0	1	0	22.0	21.6	0.136	0.149	1	
		Rear	23230	782.0	0	25	0	21.0	20.6	0.096	0.105	1	
			23230	782.0	0	1	0	22.0	21.6	0.611	0.670	1	
		Rear	23230	782.0	0	25	0	21.0	20.6	0.586	0.643	1	
Off	QPSK	Edge1	23230	782.0	8	1	0	24.0	23.2	0.610	0.733	1	
			23230	782.0	8	25	0	23.0	22.2	0.545	0.655	1	
		Edge2	23230	782.0	0	1	0	24.0	23.2	0.142	0.171	1	
			23230	782.0	0	25	0	23.0	22.2	0.082	0.098	1	
		Rear	23230	782.0	9	1	0	24.0	23.2	0.385	0.463	1	
			23230	782.0	9	25	0	23.0	22.2	0.300	0.361	1	

Note(s):

- When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. (Per KDB 941225 D05 v02r05)
- According to Notice 2016-DRS001, based on the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 requirements, the high, mid and low channels for the configuration with the highest SAR value must be tested regardless of the SAR value measured.
- Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
 - Original SAR = 0.941 W/kg, therefore two times repeat SAR is required.
 - Repeat SAR = 0.928 W/kg < 1.45 W/kg
 - SAR variation= 1.3 % $< 20\%$

LTE Band 66 (20MHz Bandwidth):

Power back off (On/Off)	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Dist. (mm)	UL RB Allocation	UL RB Start	Power (dBm)		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR(W/kg)	Note	Plot.
								Tune up limit	Measured				
On	QPSK	Edge1	132332	1745.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.9	0.980	1.003		
			132332	1745.0	0	1	25	20.0	19.8	0.975	1.021	2	8
			132332	1745.0	0	1	49	20.0	19.8	0.966	1.012	2	
			132332	1745.0	0	50	0	19.0	19.0	0.978	0.978		
			132332	1745.0	0	50	24	19.0	18.9	0.966	0.989	2	
			132332	1745.0	0	50	49	19.0	18.8	0.953	0.998	2	
			132332	1745.0	0	100	0	19.0	19.0	0.948	0.948	2	
			132072	1720.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.6	0.894	0.980	2	
			132072	1720.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.7	0.866	0.928	2	
			132572	1770.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.8	0.947	0.992	2	
			132572	1770.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.8	0.942	0.986	2	
			132332	1745.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.9	1.010	1.034	3	
		Edge2	132332	1745.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.9	0.231	0.236	1	
			132332	1745.0	0	50	0	19.0	19.0	0.228	0.228	1	
		Rear	132332	1745.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.9	0.902	0.923		
			132332	1745.0	0	1	25	20.0	19.8	0.899	0.941	2	
			132332	1745.0	0	1	49	20.0	19.8	0.885	0.927	2	
			132332	1745.0	0	50	0	19.0	19.0	0.830	0.830		
			132332	1745.0	0	50	24	19.0	18.9	0.833	0.852	2	
			132332	1745.0	0	50	49	19.0	18.8	0.822	0.861	2	
			132332	1745.0	0	100	0	19.0	19.0	0.834	0.834	2	
			132072	1720.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.6	0.770	0.844	2	
			132072	1720.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.7	0.763	0.818	2	
			132572	1770.0	0	1	0	20.0	19.8	0.902	0.945	2	
			132572	1770.0	0	50	0	19.0	18.8	0.843	0.883	2	
Off	QPSK	Edge1	132332	1745.0	8	1	0	24.0	23.2	0.426	0.512	1	
			132332	1745.0	8	50	0	23.0	22.3	0.347	0.408	1	
		Edge2	132332	1745.0	0	1	0	24.0	23.2	0.571	0.686	1	
			132332	1745.0	0	50	0	23.0	22.3	0.466	0.548	1	
		Rear	132332	1745.0	9	1	0	24.0	23.2	0.544	0.654	1	
			132332	1745.0	9	50	0	23.0	22.3	0.428	0.503	1	

Note(s):

- When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. (Per KDB 941225 D05 v02r05)
- According to Notice 2016-DRS001, based on the IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 requirements, the high, mid and low channels for the configuration with the highest SAR value must be tested regardless of the SAR value measured.
- Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
 - Original SAR = 0.941 W/kg, therefore two times repeat SAR is required.
 - Repeat SAR = 0.928 W/kg < 1.45 W/kg
 - SAR variation= -3.0 % $< 20\%$

17 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, introduces a new formula for calculating the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

$$SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i$$

Where:

SAR₁ is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition

SAR₂ is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in the same test operating mode and exposure condition as the first

R_i is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of $[(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2]$

A new threshold of 0.04 is also introduced in the KDB. Thus, in order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of:

$$(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i \leq 0.04$$

17.1 Estimated SAR for Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

Considerations for SAR estimation

1. When standalone SAR test exclusion applies, standalone SAR must also be estimated to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.
2. Dedicated Host Approach criteria for SAR test exclusion is likewise applied to SAR estimation, with certain distinctions between test exclusion and SAR estimation:
 - When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is ≤ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied for SAR estimation; this is the same between test exclusion and SAR estimation calculations.
 - When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is > 5 mm but ≤ 50 mm, the actual antenna-to-edge separation distance is applied for SAR estimation.
 - When the minimum test separation distance is > 50 mm, the estimated SAR value is 0.4 W/kg

17.1.1 Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

According to section 11, the Bluetooth must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [v_{f(\text{GHz})}/x]$ W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Antenna	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation Distances(mm)					Estimated 1-g SAR (W/Kg)				
			dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	2437	9.0	8	5.7	157.0	9.6	19.0	291.0	0.292	0.400	0.173	0.088	0.400

17.2 Sum of the SAR for Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

All Wi-Fi 1-g SAR values were taken from results record in SAR report T171221D04-SF, submitted under FCC ID FKGX11BKA.

17.2.1 Sum of the SAR for WLAN & WWAN**WCDMA Band II+ WLAN**

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario				1+2 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
	1	2	3	4				
	WCDMA Band II	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Rear	0.945	0.180	0.292	0.058	1.125	1.237	1.003	No
Edge 2	0.414	0.599	0.173	1.187	1.013	0.772	1.601	Yes

Note(s):

As the Sum of the SAR is greater than 1.6W/Kg, so SPLSR is required.

WCDMA Band IV+ WLAN

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario				1+2 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
	1	2	3	4				
	WCDMA Band IV	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Rear	0.926	0.180	0.292	0.058	1.106	1.218	0.984	No
Edge 2	0.404	0.599	0.173	1.187	1.003	0.772	1.591	No

Note(s):

As the Sum of the SAR is less than 1.6W/Kg, so SPLSR is not required.

WCDMA Band V + WLAN

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario				1+2 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
	1	2	3	4				
	WCDMA Band V	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Rear	0.663	0.180	0.292	0.058	0.843	0.955	0.721	No
Edge 2	0.106	0.599	0.173	1.187	0.705	0.772	1.293	No

Note(s):

As the Sum of the SAR is less than 1.6W/Kg, so SPLSR is not required.

LTE Band 2 + WLAN

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario				1+2 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
	1	2	3	4				
	LTE Band 2	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Rear	0.930	0.180	0.292	0.058	1.110	1.222	0.988	No
Edge 2	0.558	0.599	0.173	1.187	1.157	0.772	1.745	Yes

Note(s):

As the Sum of the SAR is greater than 1.6W/Kg, so SPLSR is required.

LTE Band 4 + WLAN

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario				1+2 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
	1	2	3	4				
	LTE Band 4	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Rear	0.932	0.180	0.292	0.058	1.112	1.224	0.990	No
Edge 2	0.542	0.599	0.173	1.187	1.141	0.772	1.729	Yes

Note(s):

As the Sum of the SAR is greater than 1.6W/Kg, so SPLSR is required.

LTE Band 5 + WLAN

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario				1+2 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
	1	2	3	4				
	LTE Band 5	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Rear	0.583	0.180	0.292	0.058	0.763	0.875	0.641	No
Edge 2	0.142	0.599	0.173	1.187	0.741	0.772	1.329	No

Note(s):

As the Sum of the SAR is less than 1.6W/Kg, so SPLSR is not required.

LTE Band 13 + WLAN

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario				1+2 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
	1	2	3	4				
	LTE Band 13	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Rear	0.670	0.180	0.292	0.058	0.850	0.962	0.728	No
Edge 2	0.171	0.599	0.173	1.187	0.770	0.772	1.358	No

Note(s):

As the Sum of the SAR is less than 1.6W/Kg, so SPLSR is not required.

LTE Band 66 + WLAN

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario				1+2 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR(W/kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
	1	2	3	4				
	LTE Band 66	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Rear	0.945	0.180	0.292	0.058	1.125	1.237	1.003	No
Edge 2	0.686	0.599	0.173	1.187	1.285	0.772	1.873	Yes

Note(s):

As the Sum of the SAR is greater than 1.6W/Kg, so SPLSR is required.

17.2.2 Sum of the 1g SAR for Body Exposure Condition**WCDMA Band II+ 5GHz Band**

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario		Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Calculated distance (cm)	SPLSR	Figure
	WCDMA Band II	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Edge 2	0.414	1.187	1.601	16.50	0.01	1

Note(s):

The SPLSR is rounded to two decimal digits and ≤ 0.04

LTE Band 2+ 5GHz Band

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario		Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Calculated distance (cm)	SPLSR	Figure
	LTE Band 2	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Edge 2	0.558	1.187	1.745	16.50	0.01	2

Note(s):

The SPLSR is rounded to two decimal digits and ≤ 0.04

LTE Band 4+ 5GHz Band

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario		Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Calculated distance (cm)	SPLSR	Figure
	LTE Band 4	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Edge 2	0.542	1.187	1.729	16.50	0.01	3

Note(s):

The SPLSR is rounded to two decimal digits and ≤ 0.04

LTE Band 66+ 5GHz Band

Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario		Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Calculated distance (cm)	SPLSR	Figure
	LTE Band 66	Wi-Fi 5 GHz Band				
Edge 2	0.686	1.187	1.873	16.50	0.02	4

Note(s):

The SPLSR is rounded to two decimal digits and ≤ 0.04

18 Equipment List & Calibration Status

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Cycle(year)	Calibration Due
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C 8960	MY48363204	1	2018/07/25
Wideband Radio communication Tester	R&S	CMW 500	116875	1	2018/04/24
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46107234	1	2018/10/17
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070D	N/A	N/A	N/A
Power Meter	Agilent	4416	GB41291611	1	2018/08/29
Power Sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41091956	1	2018/08/29
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	SPEAG	DAE4	877	1	2018/03/19
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	SPEAG	DAE4	558	1	2018/07/23
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3665	1	2018/05/23
750 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1020	1	2019/01/17
835 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d015	1	2018/03/20
1750 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1023	1	2018/06/26
1900 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d018	1	2018/06/27
Robot	Staubli	RX90L	F02/5T69A1/A/01	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVE-8G	665500309	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-1724HLN	D072602#2	N/A	N/A
Thermometer	Comet	53120	12932714	1	2019/03/01
Signal Grenerator	Aglient	E8267C	US43240162	1	2018/08/10
Directional Couplers	Aglient	87301D	MY44350252	1	2018/7/24

19 Facilities

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

- ☐ No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
- ☒ No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Dist., New Taipei City 24891, Taiwan. (R.O.C.)
- ☐ No. 199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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21 Attachments

Exhibit	Content
1	System Performance Check Plots
2	SAR Test Data Plots
3	SPLSR Plots
4	Calibration Data Report
5	T171221D04-SF PHOTOS

END OF REPORT