



FCC SAR Test Report FCC ID : IR5DH8

Report No. : BTL-FCC SAR-1-2205T007 **Equipment** : HANDHELD COMPUTER

Model Name : DH8

Brand Name : MilDef Crete Inc.
Applicant : MilDef Crete Inc.

Address : 7F, No.250, Sec.3, Pei Shen Rd., Shen Keng District, New Taipei City, Taiwan

Radio Function : WLAN 2.4G, WLAN 5G, Bluetooth

Standard(s) : FCC§2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices

IEEE C95.1:1992 Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio

Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.

IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz

to 10 GHz)

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02

KDB616217 D04 SAR for laptop and Tablets v01r02

Date of Receipt : 2022/5/16

Date of Test : 2022/5/30 ~2022/8/16

Issued Date : 2022/8/31

The above equipment has been tested and found in compliance with the requirement of the above

standards by BTL Inc.

Prepared by :

Jerry Chuang, Supervisor

Approved by :

Peter Chen, Assistant Manager

BTL Inc.

No.18, Ln. 171, Sec. 2, Jiuzong Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan

Tel: +886-2-2657-3299 Fax: +886-2-2657-3331 Web: www.newbtl.com

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Declaration

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BTL's reports apply only to the specific samples tested under conditions. It is manufacture's responsibility to ensure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with the identical electrical and mechanical components. **BTL** shall have no liability for any declarations, inferences or generalizations drawn by the client or others from **BTL** issued reports.

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BTL is not responsible for the sampling stage, so the results only apply to the sample as received.

The information, data and test plan are provided by manufacturer which may affect the validity of results, so it is manufacturer's responsibility to ensure that the apparatus meets the essential requirements of applied standards and in all the possible configurations as representative of its intended use.

Limitation

For the use of the authority's logo is limited unless the Test Standard(s)/Scope(s)/Item(s) mentioned in this test report is (are) included in the conformity assessment authorities acceptance respective.

Please note that the measurement uncertainty is provided for informational purpose only and are not use in determining the Pass/Fail results.

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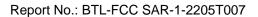




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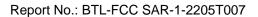
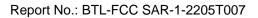




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REPORT ISSUED HISTORY

Report Version	Description	Issued Date
R00	Original Issue.	2022/6/2
R01	Add WiFi Duty Cycle, Add RU Mode Output Power	2022/8/9
R02	Add WiFi 2.4G CH10 & CH11, Add output power scaling	2022/8/31

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

Equipment	HANDHELD COMPL	HANDHELD COMPUTER				
Model Name	DH8					
Brand Name	MilDef Crete Inc.					
	Brand: J.S. POWER					
Battery Information	Model: BDH82A					
	Rating:2500mAh / 18	3Wh				
WIFI+BT Module	Intel /AX210NGW	ntel /AX210NGW				
	Function	Band	Frequency (MHz)			
	WiFi	2.4G	TX : 2412 - 2472			
Operation Frequency		5G_UNII 1	TX : 5150 - 5250			
Operation Frequency		Basic Rate (BR)	TX : 2402 - 2480			
	Bluetooth	Enhance Data Rate	TX : 2402 - 2480			
		Bluetooth Low Energy	TX : 2402 - 2480			
Test Model	DH8					
Sample Status	Engineering Sample					
EUT Modification(s)	N/A					

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc. The test data, data evaluation, and equipment configuration contained in our test report were obtained utilizing the test procedures, test instruments, test sites that has been accredited by the Authority of TAF according to the ISO/IEC 17025 quality assessment standard and technical standard(s).

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2. RF EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facilities used to collect the test data in this report is **SAR Test room** at the location of No. 68-1, Ln. 169, Sec.2, Datong Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 221, Taiwan.

2.2. Measurement Uncertainty

Uncertainty Budget for Frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Uncertainty Budget for Frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz									
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (± %)		Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	Vi V _{eff}
			Measureme	ent Syster	n				
Probe Calibration	6.	05	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.05 %	± 6.05 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.	.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.	.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	·	1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Linearity	4.	.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
Detection Limits	,	l	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Modulation response	2	.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.	.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	8
Response Time	0.	.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.5%	± 0.5 %	8
Integration Time	2.	.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	8
RF Ambient – Noise	3		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	8
RF Ambient– Reflections	3		Rectangula	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	8
Probe Positioner	0.	.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	∞
Probe Positioning	2.	.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Post-processing	4	1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
Max.SAR Evaluation	2	2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.15 %	± 1.15 %	∞
			Test Samp	le Related		ı			
Device Positioning	1.6	1.8	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.6 %	± 1.8 %	145
Device Holder	1.5	1.7	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.7 %	5
Power Drift	5.	.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	∞
			Phantom	and Setup					
Phantom Production Tolerances	6.	.1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.52	3.52	∞
SAR correction	1.9		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	1.10	1.10	
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.08	1.08	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	0.36	0.36	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.53	1.53	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity		.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.05	0.05	∞
			ertainty (K = 1)				± 10.42 %	± 10.48 %	361
Expanded Uncertainty (K = 2)									





Uncertainty Budget for Frequency range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz									
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (± %)		Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	Vi V _{eff}
	Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6	.65	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.65 %	± 6.65 %	8
Axial Isotropy	4	1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	(9.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects		2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %	∞
Linearity	4	1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
Detection Limits		1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Modulation response	2	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	(0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	∞
Response Time	(0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.5%	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	2	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient – Noise		3	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient– Reflections	3		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	().4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Post-processing		4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	8
Max.SAR Evaluation		4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	8
			Test S	ample Rela	ated				
Device Positioning	1.6	1.8	Normal	1	1	1	±1.6 %	± 1.8 %	145
Device Holder	1.5	1.7	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.7 %	5
Power Drift	į	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	8
			Phant	om and Se	etup				
Phantom Production Tolerances	(6.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.81	3.81	∞
SAR correction	,	1.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	1.10	0.92	
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.08	0.98	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.26	0.26	0.36	0.36	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.53	1.39	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.4		Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.05	0.06	∞
Combi	Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1)						± 11.65 %	± 11.66 %	361
Expanded Uncertainty (K = 2)							± 23.29 %	± 23.33 %	



2.3. WLAN Antenna Information:

Ant.	Brand	Model	Туре	Frequency Range (MHz)	Gain (dBi)
Main	CRETE	CRETE G983190001	PIFA	2400-2500	-1.87
IVIAIII	Main CKLTL		1117	5150-5250	2.82
Aux CRETE		G983190000	PIFA	2400-2500	2.33
Aux	CREIE	G903190000	PIFA	5150-5250	2.05



2.4. The Maximum SAR 1g Values

Band	Mode	Highest Body Reported SAR-1g(W/kg)
FHSS	Bluetooth_DH5	0.330
DTS	WLAN 2.4G	1.098
UNII	UNII_1	0.731

Note:

1) The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) for general population uncontrolled exposure limits according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI C95.1:2019/IEEE C95.1:2019, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.

2.5. Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25°C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
	

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.



2.6. Main Test Instruments

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
1	Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	918	Jun. 22, 2021	1 Year
2	E-field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	7375	Dec. 20, 2021	1 Year
3	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	973	Feb. 08, 2021	3 Year
4	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	1221	Feb. 09, 2021	3 Year
5	ELI4 Phantom	Speag	ELI4 Phantom V5.0	1240	N/A	N/A
6	ENA Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46524658	Mar. 21, 2022	1 Year
7	Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	113244	Aug. 2, 2021	1 Year
8	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY56480489	Aug. 5, 2021	1 Year
9	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00004714	Aug. 15, 2021	1 Year
10	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	034138	Aug. 15, 2021	1 Year
11	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	2593	N/A	N/A
12	Low pass filter	Mini-Circuits	SLP-2950+	M108294	N/A	N/A
13	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-2W-272+	N650001538	N/A	N/A
14	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G+	N628801631	N/A	N/A
15	Thermometer	PA	O-230PK	N/A	Mar. 10, 2022	1 Year
16	Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100502	Jan. 10, 2022	1 Year
17	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9020A	MY57120120	Mar. 7, 2022	1 Year
18	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1128008	Jun. 1, 2022	1 Year
19	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1126001	Jun. 1, 2022	1 Year
20	Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	1486	May. 31, 2022	1 Year
21	E-field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	7369	May. 28, 2022	1 Year

Remark: "N/A" denotes no model name, serial No. or calibration specified.



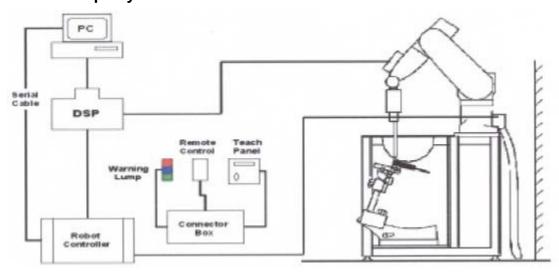
3. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid.The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- 5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- 6. The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows.
- 7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- 8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1.1. Test Setup Layout



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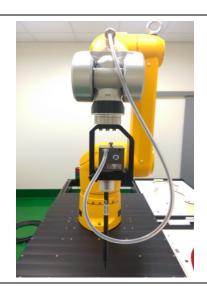
3.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm





EX3DV4 E-field Probe

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3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)}$,

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or SAR =
$$\frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity, ρ = Tissue density (kg/m3).

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3.2.3. Other Test Equipment

3.2.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

Construction: Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI4 and SAM v6.0 Phantoms.

Material: POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

3.2.3.2. Phantom

Model	ELI4 Phantom
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and
	dipoles.
Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Length: 600 mm; Width: 190mm Height: adjustable feet
Aailable	Special



Model	Twin SAM
Construction	The shell corresponds to the
	specifications of the Specific
	Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM)
	phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC
	62209-1. It enables the dosimetric
	evaluation of left and right hand phone
	usage as well as body mounted usage
	at the flat phantom region. A cover
	prevents evaporation of the liquid.
	Reference markings on the phantom
	allow the complete setup of all
	predefined phantom positions and
	measurement grids by teaching three
	points with the robot.
Shell Thickness	$2 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length:1000mm; Width: 500mm
Dillicipions	Height: adjustable feet
Aailable	Special

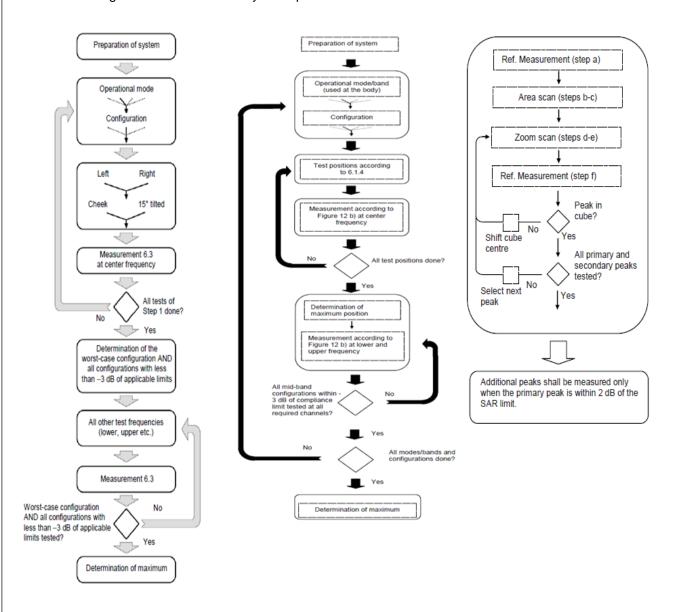


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3.2.4. Scanning Procedure

The SAR test against the head and body-worn phantom was carried out as follow:



After an area scan has been done at a fixed distance of 1.4mm from the surface of the phantom on the source side, a 3D scan is set up around the location of the maximum spot SAR. First, a point within the scan area is visited by the probe and a SAR reading taken at the start of testing. At the end of testing, the probe is returned to the same point and a second reading is taken. Comparison between these start and end readings enables the power drift during measurement to be assessed.

Above is the scanning procedure flow chart and table from the IEEE1528 standard.

This is the procedure for which all compliant testing should be carried out to ensure that all variations of the device position and transmission behavior are tested.





3.2.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

3.2.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvoli readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

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3.2.6. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity Normi, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}

Conversion factor ConvF_i

Diode compression point Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency

Crest factor cf

Media parameters: Conductivity

Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf / dcp_i$$

With $V_i = \text{compensated signal of channel i}$ (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

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From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aii = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_X^2 + E_Y^2 + E_Z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot})^2 \cdot \sigma / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \text{ or } P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

With P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 $H_{tot} = {\sf total} \; {\sf magnetic} \; {\sf field} \; {\sf strength} \; {\sf in} \; {\sf A/m}$





4. TISSUE-EQUIVALENT LIQUID

4.1. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Ingredients

The liquid is consisted of water, salt and Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. The below table shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEC 62209.

Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
Head 2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
Head 5G	-		-	-	1	17.2	65.5	17.3

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4.2. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Properties

Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

				Tissue \	/erificatio	n			
Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Targeted Conductivity (σ)	Targeted Permittivity (εr)	Deviation Conductivity (σ) (%)	Deviation Permittivity (εr) (%)	Limit (%) ±5
2022/5/31	Head	2402	1.79	40.02	1.76	39.29	1.93	1.86	±5
2022/5/31	Head	2412	1.80	39.99	1.77	39.27	1.87	1.83	±5
2022/5/31	Head	2422	1.81	39.95	1.78	39.25	1.80	1.78	±5
2022/5/31	Head	2437	1.82	39.92	1.79	39.22	1.79	1.78	±5
2022/5/31	Head	2441	1.82	39.90	1.79	39.21	1.73	1.76	±5
2022/5/31	Head	2457	1.84	39.90	1.81	39.19	1.83	1.81	±5
2022/5/31	Head	2462	1.84	39.89	1.81	39.18	1.77	1.81	±5
2022/5/31	Head	2467	1.85	39.88	1.82	39.17	1.65	1.81	±5
2022/5/31	Head	2472	1.86	39.88	1.82	39.17	1.76	1.81	±5
2022/5/31	Head	2480	1.86	39.86	1.83	39.16	1.58	1.79	±5
2022/5/30	Head	5180	4.63	35.57	4.64	36.02	-0.13	-1.25	±5
2022/5/30	Head	5200	4.62	35.53	4.66	36.00	-0.86	-1.31	±5
2022/5/30	Head	5220	4.64	35.35	4.68	35.98	-0.81	-1.75	±5
2022/5/30	Head	5240	4.71	35.22	4.70	35.96	0.15	-2.06	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2402	1.83	39.85	1.76	39.29	4.11	1.43	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2412	1.84	39.84	1.77	39.27	3.98	1.46	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2422	1.84	39.83	1.78	39.25	3.91	1.49	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2437	1.86	39.82	1.79	39.22	3.75	1.53	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2441	1.86	39.82	1.79	39.21	3.67	1.54	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2450	1.86	39.81	1.80	39.20	3.57	1.55	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2457	1.87	39.79	1.81	39.19	3.43	1.53	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2462	1.87	39.78	1.81	39.18	3.33	1.52	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2467	1.88	39.76	1.82	39.17	3.18	1.52	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2472	1.88	39.75	1.82	39.17	3.09	1.49	±5
2022/8/16	Head	2480	1.88	39.73	1.83	39.16	2.88	1.46	±5

Note:

- 1) The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 $^{\circ}$ C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.
- 2)KDB 865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.
- 3)The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.
- 4) According to FCC TCB workshop April, 2019 RF Exposure Procedures Update(Effective February 19,2019, FCC has permitted the use of single head-tissue simulating liquid specified in IEEE 62209-1- for all SAR tests.

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5. SYSTEM CHECK

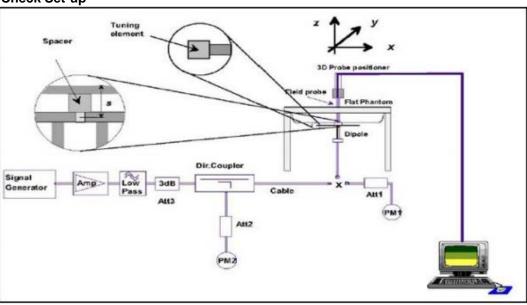
5.1. Description of System Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW(below 3GHz) or 100mW(3-6GHz), which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the 6.2.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.

System Check Set-up



5.2. Description of System Check

System Check in Tissue Simulating Liquid

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests.

Date	Date System Dipole			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation	Limited
Date	Туре	Serial No.	Liquid	Parameters	[W/kg]	[W/kg]	[%]	[%]
2022/5/31	D2450V2	973	Head	1g SAR	52.5	50.8	-3.24	± 10
2022/5/30	D5GHzV2 (5.2GHz)	1221	Head	1g SAR	79.8	72.6	-9.02	± 10
2022/8/16	D2450V2	973	Head	1g SAR:	52.5	55.2	5.14	± 10

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6. OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

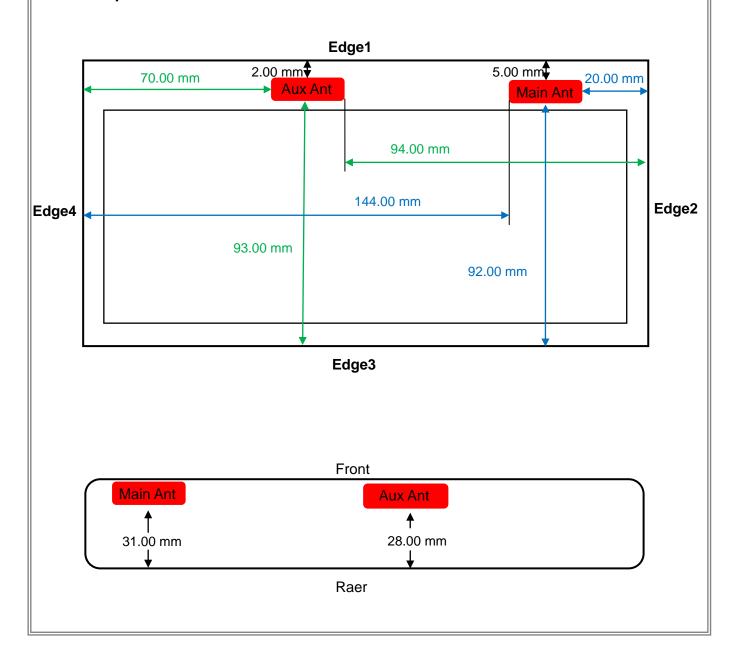
6.1. General Description of Test Procedures

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with base station An, and the EUT is Set to maximum output power by base station. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30dB.

6.2. Test Position of Portable Devices

This DUT was tested in 6 different positions. They are top, right, bottom, left, rear and stand as illustrated below, which recommended by EN62209-2:

6.3. Test position Antenna Location





	Minimum Separat	ion Distance_Tablet N	Mode
Antenna	Position	Distance (mm)	Evaluation Test
	Rear	31.00	No
	Edge1	5.00	Yes
WLAN-Main	Edge2	20.00	Yes
	Edge3	92.00	No
	Edge4	144.00	No
	Rear	28.00	No
	Edge1	2.00	Yes
WLAN-Aux & BT	Edge2	94.00	No
	Edge3	93.00	No
	Edge4	70.00	No



6.3.1. TEST POSITION

The SAR Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 D01can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an EUT edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned adjacent the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

SAR test reduction and exclusion guidance

(1) The SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50mm is defined by the following equation:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) √ Frequency (GHz) ≤3.0 (min. test separation distance, mm)

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤50mm and for transmission frequencies between 100MHz and 6GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is<5mm, a distance of 5mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

- (2)The SAR exclusion threshold for distances>50mm is defined by the following equation, as illustrated in KDB 447498 D01 Appendix B:
- a) at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

[Power allowed at numeric Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · (f (MHz)/150)] mW

b) at >1500MHz and ≤6GHz

[Power allowed at numeric Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) ·10] mW

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6.3.2. SAR EXCLUSION CALCULATIONS FOR WI-FI ANTENNA<50MM FROM THE USER

According to KDB 447498 v06 in section 4.3.1, if the calculated threshold value is > 3 then SAR testing is required

Automa		Frequency	Outpu	t Power		Separation Distances(mm)				Calculated Threshold Value				
Antenna	ntenna Band	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
Wi-Fi Main	2.4GHz	2437	15.00	32.00	31.00	5.00	20.00	92.00	144.00	1.61	9.99	0.19	>50mm	>50mm
VVI-FI IVIAIII	5.2GHz	5210	11.00	13.00	31.00	5.00	20.00	92.00	144.00	0.96	5.93	0.16	>50mm	>50mm
Wi-Fi Aux	2.4GHz	2422	15.00	32.00	28.00	2.00	94.00	93.00	70.00	1.78	24.90	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
WI-FI Aux	5.2GHz	5210	11.00	13.00	28.00	2.00	94.00	93.00	70.00	1.06	14.84	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
Bluetooth	Bluetooth	2402	11.50	14.00	28.00	2.00	94.00	93.00	70.00	0.77	10.85	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm

6.3.3. SAR EXCLUSION CALCULATIONS FOR WI-FI ANTENNA>50MM FROM THE USER

According to KDB 447498 v06, if the calculated Power threshold is less than the output power then SAR testing is required.

Free		Frequency Output Power			Separation Distances(mm)				Calculated Threshold Value					
Antenna	Band (MHz)	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge 2	Edge3	Edge4
Wi-Fi	2.4GHz	2437	15.00	32.00	31.00	5.00	20.00	92.00	144.00	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	516.09	1036.09
Main	5.2GHz	5210	11.00	13.00	31.00	5.00	20.00	92.00	144.00	<50mm	<50mm	<50mm	485.72	1005.72
Wi-Fi Aux	2.4GHz	2422	15.00	32.00	28.00	2.00	94.00	93.00	70.00	<50mm	<50mm	536.38	526.38	296.38
WI-FI AUX	5.2GHz	5210	11.00	13.00	28.00	2.00	94.00	93.00	70.00	<50mm	<50mm	505.72	495.72	265.72
Bluetooth	Bluetooth	2402	11.50	14.00	28.00	2.00	94.00	93.00	70.00	<50mm	<50mm	536.78	526.78	296.78

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7. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY

7.1. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

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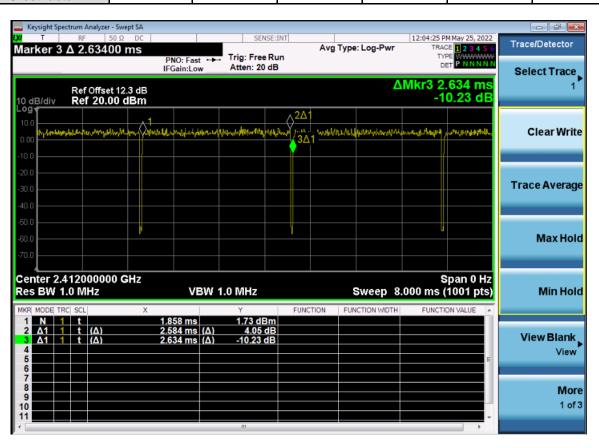
7.2. TEST CONFIGURATION

7.2.1. WIFI TEST CONFIGURATION

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

Wi-Fi 2.4GHz Band

Mode	802.11b	902.11.4	802.11n	802.11n	802.11	802.11
Mode	602.110	802.11g	HT20	HT40	ax20	ax40
Duty cycle	99.50%	98.03%	98.11%	98.10%	98.10%	98.39%
Crest factor	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02

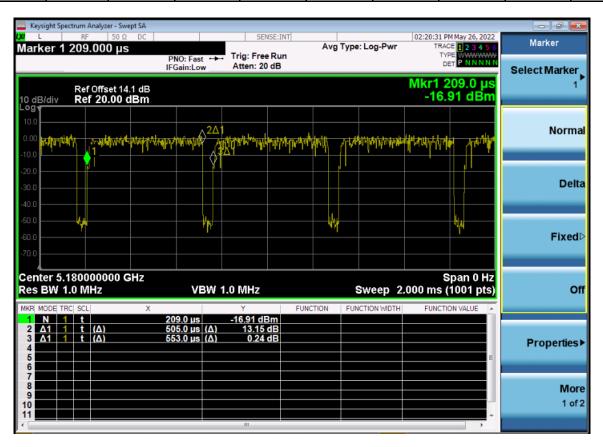


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Wi-Fi 5GHz Band

Modo	002 110	802.11n	802.11n	802.11	802.11	802.11	802.11	802.11	802.11
Mode	802.11a	HT20	HT40	ac20	ac40	ac80	ax20	ax40	ax80
Duty cycle	97.89%	98.88%	98.88%	98.50%	98.00%	91.32%	99.10%	98.85%	98.85%
Crest factor	1.02	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.10	1.01	1.01	1.01

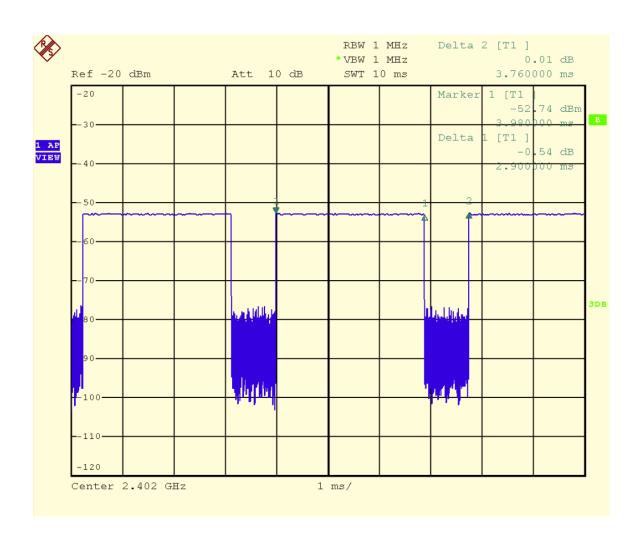


For WiFi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1. The test procedures in KDB 248227 D01 are applied.



Bluetooth

Mode	Bluetooth BR	Bluetooth EDR	BLE 1M	BLE 2M
Duty cycle	77.13 %	77.13%	62.50%	32.26%
Crest factor	1.30	1.30	1.58	1.76





7.2.2. WLAN2.4G SAR TEST REQUIREMENTS

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

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7.2.3. WLAN5G SAR TEST REQUIREMENTS

♦ U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Band

For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, when the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.

♦ U-NII-2C, U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. When Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channels.11 When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

7.2.4. OFDM TRANSMISSION MODE AND SAR TEST CHANNEL SELECTION

For the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations(for example 802.11a,802.11n and 802.11ac,or 802.11g and 802.11n,with the same channel bandwidth, modulation, and data rate, etc.), the lower order 802.11 mode(i.e.802.11a then 802.11n and 802.11ac,or 802.11g then 802.11n) is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

7.2.5. INITIAL TEST CONFIGURATION PROCEDURE

For OFDM, in both 2.4G and 5GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output powers is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output power will be the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurement.

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8. CONDUCTED POWER RESULTS

8.1. Conducted power measurement results of Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Power (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)		
		0	2402	11.50	9.62		
BR	BR DH5	39	2441	11.50	9.53		
		78	2480	11.50	9.37		
		0	2402	11.00			
	2DH5	39	2441 11.00				
EDR		78	2480	11.00	Not Required		
LUK		0	2402	11.00	Not Required		
	3DH5	39	2441	11.00			
		78	2480	11.00			
		0	2402	10.00			
	1M	19	2440	10.00			
DIE	BLE	39	2480	10.00	Not Required		
DLE		0	2402	10.00	Not nequired		
	2M	19	2440	10.00			
		39	2480	10.00			

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8.2. Conducted power measurement results of 2.4G Band

	Mode	Channel	-	5 .		AVG Power (dBm)		
Band			Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Main	Aux	
2.4G	802.11b	1-11	2412-2462	1	15.00			
	802.11g	1-11	2412-2462	6	15.00	Not Required		
	802.11n20	1-11	2412-2462	HT0	15.00	<u> </u>		
	802.11n40	3	2422	HT0	15.00	14.97		
		6	2437	HT0	15.00	14.98		
		9	2452	HT0	15.00	14.97		
		10	2457	HT0	13.50	13.05		
		11	2462	HT0	13.50	13.46		
	802.11ax20	1-11	2412-2462	HE0	15.00	Not Required		
	802.11ax40	1-11	2412-2462	HE0	15.00	Not kequired		
	802.11b	1-11	2412-2462	1	15.00			
	802.11g	1-13	2412-2472	6	15.00	Not Required		
	802.11n20	1-13	2412-2472	HT0	15.00			
	802.11n40	3	2422	HT0	15.00		14.96	
		6	2437	HT0	15.00		14.95	
		9	2452	HT0	15.00		14.93	
		10	2457	HT0	13.50		13.12	
		11	2462	HT0	14.00		13.53	
	802.11ax20	1-13	2412-2472	HE0	15.00	Not Required		
<u> </u>	802.11ax40	3-11	2422-2462	HE0	15.00			

Note:

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^{1.} Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/n HT40 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



For RU Mode

Band	e Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)
	802.11ax HE20	1	2412	MCS0	26	15.00	No Required
					52	15.00	
					106	15.00	
		6	2437		26	15.00	
2.4G_ 1TX_					52	15.00	
					106	15.00	
		11	2462		26 52	15.00 15.00	
Main Ant					106	15.00	
					26	15.00	
		12	2467		52	15.00	-
					106	15.00	-
		13	2472		26	15.00	
					52	15.00	
					106	15.00	
			_				_
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)
Band	Mode	Channel					
Band	Mode	Channel 1			Setting	Tune-up	
Band	Mode		(MHz)		26 52 106	Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00	
Band	Mode	1	(MHz) 2412		26 52 106 26	15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	
Band	Mode		(MHz)		26 52 106 26 52	Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	
	Mode	1	(MHz) 2412		26 52 106 26 52 106	Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	
2.4G_		1 6	2412 2437	(Mbps)	26 52 106 26 52 106 26	Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
	Mode 802.11ax HE20	1	(MHz) 2412		26 52 106 26 52 106 26 26 26 52	Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	
2.4G_ 1TX_		1 6	2412 2437	(Mbps)	26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52 106	Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		6 11	2412 2437 2462	(Mbps)	26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52 106 26	Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		1 6	2412 2437	(Mbps)	26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52	Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		6 11	2412 2437 2462	(Mbps)	26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52 106	Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		6 11	2412 2437 2462	(Mbps)	26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52 106 26 52	Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)
					26	15.00	
			0.400		52	15.00	1
		3	2422		106	15.00	1
					242	15.00	1
]	26	15.00	1
			0.407		52	15.00	1
		6	2437		106	15.00]
					242	15.00	
2.4G_					26	15.00	
1TX_	802.11ax HE40	9	2452	MCS0	52	15.00	No Required
Main Ant		9	2432	IVICSU	106	15.00	No Required
					242	15.00	
					26	15.00	
		10	2457		52	15.00	
		10	2437		106	15.00	
					242	15.00	
					26	15.00	
		11	2462		52	15.00	
		106 15.00					
					242	15.00	
	Mode						
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)
Band	Mode	Channel			RU	Max.	
Band	Mode		(MHz)		RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	
Band	Mode	Channel 3			RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	
Band	Mode		(MHz)		RU Setting 26 52	Max. Tune-up 15.00	
Band	Mode		(MHz)		RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	
Band	Mode	3	(MHz) 2422		RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	
Band	Mode		(MHz)		RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	
	Mode	3	(MHz) 2422		RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	
Band 2.4G_	Mode	3	(MHz) 2422		RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	
2.4G_ 1TX_		6	(MHz) 2422 2437	(Mbps)	RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_	Mode 802.11ax HE40	3	(MHz) 2422		RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	
2.4G_ 1TX_		6	(MHz) 2422 2437	(Mbps)	RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		6	(MHz) 2422 2437	(Mbps)	RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 262	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		6 9	2422 2437 2452	(Mbps)	RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		6	(MHz) 2422 2437	(Mbps)	RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		6 9	2422 2437 2452	(Mbps)	RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		6 9	2422 2437 2452	(Mbps)	RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 26 52	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		3 6 9	2422 2437 2452 2457	(Mbps)	RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)
2.4G_ 1TX_		6 9	2422 2437 2452	(Mbps)	RU Setting 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 106 242 26 52 26 52	Max. Tune-up 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00 15.00	Power(dBm)



8.3. Conducted power measurements of UNII_1

			Frequency	Data	Max Tune-Up	AVG Pow	er (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Power (dBm)	Main	Aux	
	802.11a	36-48	5180-5240	6	11.00			
	802.11 n20	36-48	5180-5240	HT0	11.00			
	802.11 n40	38-46	5190-5230	HT0	11.00	Not Re	quired	
	802.11 ac20	36-48	5180-5240	VHT0	11.00			
UNII_1	802.11 ac40	38-46	5190-5230	VHT0	11.00			
	802.11 ac80	42	5210	VHT0	11.00	10.87		
	802.11 ax20	36-48	5180-5240	HE0	11.00			
	802.11 ax40	38-46	5190-5230	HE0	11.00	Not Re	quired	
	802.11 ax80	42	5210	HE0	11.00			
	802.11a	36	5180	6	11.00			
	802.11 n20	36-48	5180-5240	HT0	11.00			
	802.11 n40	38-46	5190-5230	HT0	11.00	Not Re	quired	
	802.11 ac20	36-48	5180-5240	VHT0	11.00			
UNII_1	802.11 ac40	38-46	5190-5230	VHT0	11.00			
	802.11 ac80	42	5210	VHT0	11.00		10.97	
	802.11 ax20	36-48	5180-5240	HE0	11.00			
	802.11 ax40	38-46	5190-5230	HE0	11.00	Not Required		
	802.11 ax80		5210	HE0	11.00	·		

Note

- When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax).

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For RU Mode

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)
					26	11.00	
		36	5180		52	11.00	
115111 4					106	11.00	_
UNII_1_ 1TX_					26	11.00	
Main Ant	802.11ax HE20	40	5200	MCS0	52	11.00	No Required
man / mc					106	11.00	
					26	11.00	
		48	5240		52	11.00	
					106	11.00	
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)
Band	Mode	Channel					
Band	Mode	Channel 36			Setting	Tune-up	
	Mode		(MHz)		Setting 26	Tune-up 11.00	
UNII_1_	Mode		(MHz)		26 52	11.00 11.00	
UNII_1_ 1TX_	Mode 802.11ax HE20		(MHz)		26 52 106	11.00 11.00 11.00	
UNII_1_		36	(MHz) 5180	(Mbps)	26 52 106 26	11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00	Power(dBm)
UNII_1_ 1TX_		36	(MHz) 5180	(Mbps)	26 52 106 26 52	11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00	Power(dBm)
UNII_1_ 1TX_		36	(MHz) 5180	(Mbps)	26 52 106 26 52 106	Tune-up 11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00	Power(dBm)



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)
					26	11.00	
		20	F100		52	11.00	
UNII_1_	802.11ax HE40	38	5190		106	11.00	
1TX_				MCS0	242	11.00	No Required
Main Ant				IVICSU	26	11.00	No Required
		46	5230		52	11.00	
		46	5230		106	11.00	
					242	11.00	
Dand	Mada	Channal	Frequency	Data Rate	RU	Max.	Average
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)
Band	Mode	Channel				_	
Band	Mode		(MHz)		Setting	Tune-up	
	Mode	Channel 38			Setting 26	Tune-up 11.00	
Band UNII_1_ 1TX_			(MHz)	(Mbps)	26 52	11.00 11.00	Power(dBm)
UNII_1_	Mode 802.11ax HE40		(MHz)		26 52 106	11.00 11.00 11.00	
UNII_1_ 1TX_		38	(MHz) 5190	(Mbps)	26 52 106 242	11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00	Power(dBm)
UNII_1_ 1TX_			(MHz)	(Mbps)	26 52 106 242 26	11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00	Power(dBm)

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)
115111 4					26	11.00	
UNII_1_					52	11.00	
1TX_ Main Ant	802.11ax HE80	42	5210	MCS0	106	11.00	No Required
Walli Alic					242	11.00	
					484	11.00	
Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	RU Setting	Max. Tune-up	Average Power(dBm)
115111 4					26	11.00	
UNII_1_					52	11.00	
1TX_ Aux Ant	802.11ax HE80	42	5210	MCS0	106	11.00	No Required
Aux Aiit					242	11.00	
					484	11.00	



8.4. SAR TEST RESULTS

General Notes:

- Per KDB447498 D01, all measurement SAR results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate compliant.
- 2. Per KDB447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:≤0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is≤100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3. Per KDB865664 D01,for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

WLAN Notes:

- 1. For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated(peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- 2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 2.4GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power Channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes(2.4GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR. See Section9.1 for more information.
- 3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 5GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed power. Other transmission mode was not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2W/kg. See Section 9.1 for more information.

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9. SAR TEST RESULTS

9.1. Body SAR test results

SAR test results of Bluetooth_separation distance=0 mm

Mode	Channel	Test Position	Ant	Max Tune-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Area SAR 1g	Zoom SAR 1g	Duty Cycel %	Duty Factor	Output power scaling	Reported SAR 1g	Note
Bluetooth	0	Edge1	Aux	11.50	9.62	0.176	0.165	77.13%	1.30	1.542	0.330	

SAR test results of 2.4G WiFi_separation distance=0 mm

Mode	Channel	Test Position	Ant	Max Tune-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Area SAR 1g	Zoom SAR 1g	Duty Cycel %	Duty Factor	Output power scaling	Reported SAR 1g	Note
	6	Edge1		15.00	14.98	0.999	0.972	98.10%	1.02	1.005	0.995	
	3	Edge1		15.00	14.97	0.960	0.993	98.10%	1.02	1.007	1.019	1
	9	Edge1	Main	15.00	14.97	0.929	1.070	98.10%	1.02	1.007	1.098	1
	10	Edge1		13.50	13.05	0.611	0.621	98.10%	1.02	1.109	0.702	1
802.11	11	Edge1		13.50	13.46	0.698	0.702	98.10%	1.02	1.009	0.722	1
n40	3	Edge1		15.00	14.96	1.080	0.970	98.10%	1.02	1.009	0.998	
1140	6	Edge1		15.00	14.95	0.773	0.725	98.10%	1.02	1.012	0.748	1
	9	Edge1	Aux	15.00	14.93	0.929	0.905	98.10%	1.02	1.016	0.938	1
	10	Edge1		13.50	13.12	0.607	0.613	98.10%	1.02	1.091	0.682	1
	11	Edge1		14.00	13.53	0.664	0.652	98.10%	1.02	1.114	0.741	1
	9	Edge1	Main	15.00	14.97	0.972	1.010	98.10%	1.02	1.007	1.037	2

Note:

- 1. Highest reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg. Added second highest power channel for this test position
- 2.Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with ≤20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)

Original SAR = 1.070 W/kg, therefore second times repeat SAR is required.

Repeat SAR = 1.010 W/kg < 1.45W/kg

SAR variation= -5.61% < 20%

SAR test results of 5G WiFi_separation distance=0 mm

Band	Mode	Channel	Test Position	Ant	Max Tune-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Area SAR 1g	Zoom SAR 1g	Duty Cycel %	Duty Factor	Output power scaling	Reported SAR 1g	Note
5G_UNII	802.11	42	Edge1	Main	11.00	10.87	0.498	0.648	91.32%	1.10	1.030	0.731	
1	ac80	42	Edge1	Aux	11.00	10.97	0.541	0.464	91.32%	1.10	1.007	0.512	

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10. SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS

10.1. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission must be considered when the maximum duration of overlapping transmissions, including network hand-offs, is greater than 30 seconds. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis.

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

No.	Configuration
1	WLAN 2.4G(Main)+BT
2	RLAN 5G(Main)+BT
3	WLAN 2.4G(Main)+ WLAN 2.4G(Aux)
4	RLAN 5G(Main)+ RLAN 5G(Aux)
5	RLAN 5G(Main)+ RLAN 5G(Aux) +BT

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10.2. Simultaneous transmission conditions

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, introduces a new formula for calculating the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

 $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i$ Where:

SAR₁ is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition

SAR₂ is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas in the same test operating mode and exposure condition as the first

 R_i is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of $[(x_1-x_2)^2+(y_1-y_2)^2+(z_1-z_2)^2]$

A new threshold of 0.04 is also introduced in the KDB. Thus, in order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of: $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$

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10.3. Estimated SAR for Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

Considerations for SAR estimation

- 1. When standalone SAR test exclusion applies, standalone SAR must also be estimated to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.
- 2. Dedicated Host Approach criteria for SAR test exclusion is likewise applied to SAR estimation, with certain distinctions between test exclusion and SAR estimation:
- When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is ≤ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied for SAR estimation; this is the same between test exclusion and SAR estimation calculations.
- When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is > 5 mm but ≤ 50 mm, the actual antenna-to-edge separation distance is applied for SAR estimation.
- When the minimum test separation distance is > 50 mm, the estimated SAR value is 0.4 W/kg

10.3.1. ESTIMATED SAR FOR BLUETOOTH

According to section 9, the Bluetooth must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Antenna	Band	Frequency Output Power			Separation Distances(mm)					Estimated 1-g SAR (W/Kg)				
Antenna	Dallu	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	2480	11.50	14.00	28.00	2.00	94.00	93.00	70.00	0.10	Test	0.03	0.03	0.04

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10.4. Simultaneous transmission conditions

Test Position SAR1g(W/kg)	Edge1
WLAN 2.4G WiFi_Main	1.098
WLAN 2.4G WiFi_Aux	0.998
UNII_1 WiFi_Main	0.731
UNII_1 WiFi _Aux	0.512
Bluetooth_DH5	0.330
WLAN 2.4G_Main+WLAN 2.4G_Aux MAX∑SAR1g	2.096
RLAN 5G_Main+ RLAN 5G_Aux MAX∑SAR1g	1.243
WLAN_ +BT MAX∑SAR1g	1.428

Note:

- MAX. ∑SAR_{1g}= 2.096 W/Kg>1.6 W/Kg, so Peak location SAR are required.
 Peak location SAR are 0.04 that refer Appendix E.



11. TEST LAYOUT

Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout

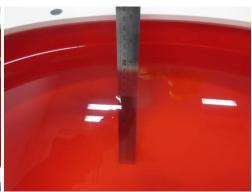


HSL(5GHz)

Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (≥15cm depth)









Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2205T007_Appendix A.)

Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2205T007_Appendix B.)

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2205T007_Appendix C.)

Appendix D. Photographs of the Test Set-Up

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2205T007_Appendix D.)

Appendix E. SAR SPLSR

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2205T007_Appendix E.)

End of Test Report

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