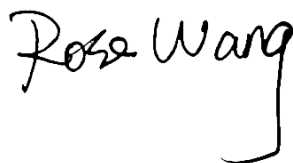


FCC SAR Test Report

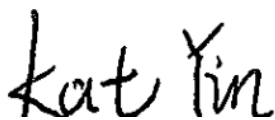
APPLICANT : HMD Global Oy
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME : Nokia
MODEL NAME : TA-1181
FCC ID : 2AJOTTA-1181
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2013

The product was received on May 27, 2019 and testing was started from Jun. 05, 2019 and completed on Jun. 16, 2019. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Rose Wang / Supervisor



Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager



Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.

**No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300
People's Republic of China**



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA952704-03	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jul. 29, 2019

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **HMD Global Oy, Mobile Phone, TA-1181**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.49	0.54	0.47	1.59
		GSM1900	0.30	1.09	0.67	
	WCDMA	Band V	0.22	0.25	0.25	
	LTE	Band 5	0.18	0.24	0.22	
		Band 7	1.14	0.90	0.90	
		Band 41/ Band 38	1.15	0.56	0.56	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.78	0.37	0.37	1.52
NII		5GHz WLAN	0.53	0.51	0.49	1.59
DSS	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	0.21	<0.10	<0.10	1.59
Highest 10g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)			
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	0.94			
Date of Testing:			2019/6/5–2019/6/16			
Remark: This device supports LTE B38 and B41. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B38 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B41, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B41.						

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory		
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.	
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958	
Test Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	CN1257	314309

Applicant	
Company Name	HMD Global Oy
Address	Bertel Jungin aukio 9,02600 ESPOO. FINLAND

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone
Brand Name	Nokia
Model Name	TA-1181
FCC ID	2AJOTTA-1181
IMEI Code	SIM1: 352921100016196 SIM2: 352921100017145
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 41: 2537.5 MHz ~ 2652.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM WLAN 2.4GHz : 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz : 802.11a/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC
HW Version	LLDM690A
SW Version	LLDB701
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: 1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation. 2. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GRPS/EGRPS mode up to multi-slot class 33. 3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications. 4. This device WLAN/5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). 5. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests. 6. This device has WWAN Top and Bottom transmitter antennas which can refer to antenna location chapter. WWAN top antenna and Bottom antenna can't transmit simultaneously. 7. When the phone is in talking mode and receiver worked, then power reduction will be implemented immediately in LTE 7/38/41 and WLAN 2.4GHz. 8. This is a variant report for TA-1181, the difference is a change FCC ID report. The change has no influence on any test results, all the test results are leveraged from original report FA952704-01.	

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05									
FCC ID		2AJOTTA-1181							
Equipment Name		Mobile Phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band		LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 41: 2537.5 MHz ~ 2652.5 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth		LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
Uplink Modulations Used		QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements		Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version		R12, Cat 5							
CA Support		Yes, Downlink only							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design		Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3							
		Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})					MPR (dB)	
			1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz		20 MHz
		QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
		16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
		16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
		64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
		64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
		256 QAM	≥ 1					≤ 5	
LTE A-MPR		In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)							
Spectrum plots for RB configuration		A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.							
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance		Yes, the detail please referred to section 12.							
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations		Intra-Band possible combinations as below page and the detail power verification please referred to section 12.							
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	(1) This device supports LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) in the Downlink with two component carriers. Conducted powers were evaluated per FCC Guidance. (2) This device supports maximum of 2 carriers in the downlink. Additional following LTE Release features are not supported: Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, eICI, WiFi Offloading, MDH, eMBMA, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.								

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band								
LTE Band 5								
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844
LTE Band 7								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560
LTE Band 38								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610
LTE Band 41								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	40065	2537.5	40090	2540	40115	2542.5	40140	2545
L	40385	2569.5	40390	2570	40395	2570.5	40400	2571
M	40640	2595	40640	2595	40640	2595	40640	2595
H	40705	2601.5	40690	2600	40685	2599.5	40670	2598
H	41215	2652.5	41190	2650	41165	2647.5	41140	2645

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

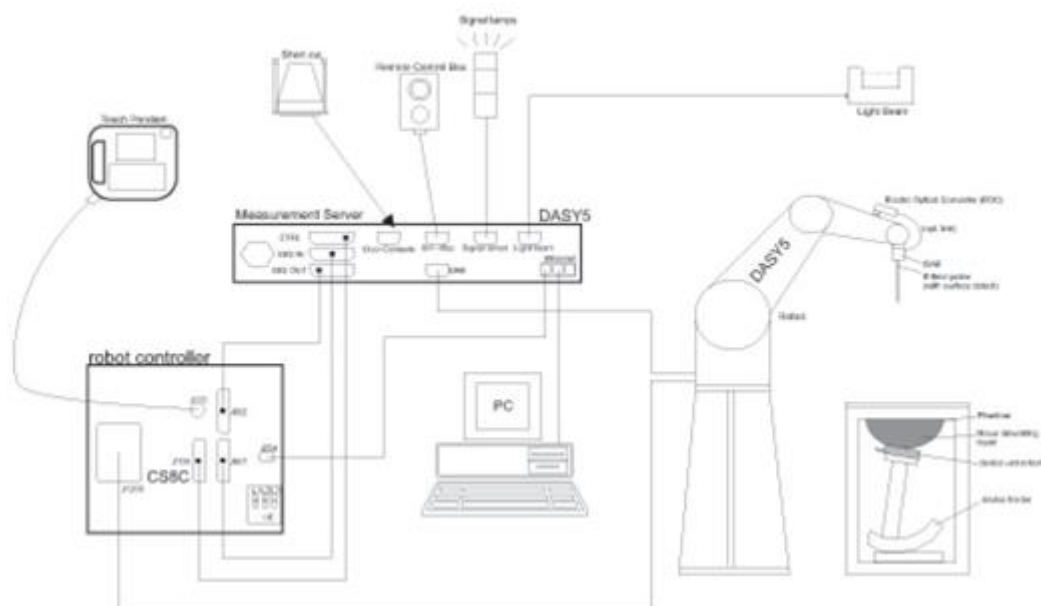
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	2019/3/27	2020/3/26
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2020/3/25
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2020/3/24
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2018/12/7	2019/12/6
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	2018/9/27	2019/9/26
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	2019/1/25	2020/1/24
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1338	2018/12/3	2019/12/2
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3279	2019/3/4	2020/3/3
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3954	2019/4/25	2020/4/24
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1842	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1754	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2019/4/17	2020/4/16
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	2019/4/17	2020/4/16
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2019/4/17	2020/4/16
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2018/11/20	2019/11/19
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2019/1/14	2020/1/13
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101641	2019/1/14	2020/1/13
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2019/1/14	2020/1/13
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2018/8/21	2019/8/20
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2018/8/8	2019/8/7
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.

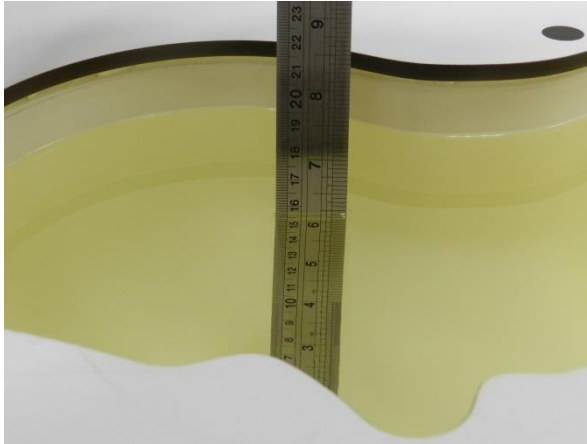


Fig 8.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

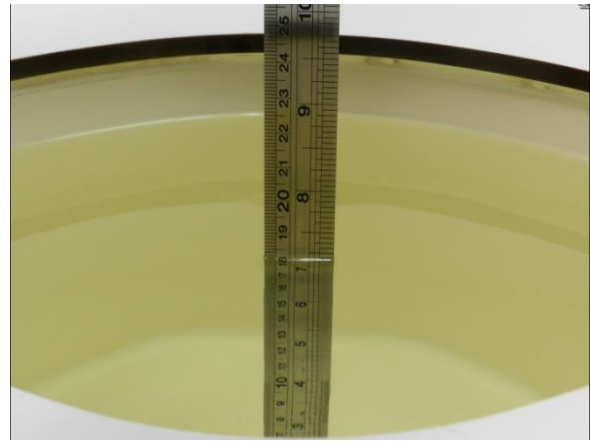


Fig 8.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.8	0.921	42.541	0.90	41.50	2.33	2.51	±5	2019/6/16
1900	Head	22.7	1.434	40.047	1.40	40.00	2.43	0.12	±5	2019/6/5
2450	Head	22.8	1.865	38.699	1.80	39.20	3.61	-1.28	±5	2019/6/11
2600	Head	22.6	2.051	38.120	1.96	39.00	4.64	-2.26	±5	2019/6/5
5250	Head	22.8	4.605	36.722	4.71	35.90	-2.23	2.29	±5	2019/6/11
5600	Head	22.8	5.007	35.936	5.07	35.50	-1.24	1.23	±5	2019/6/11
5750	Head	22.8	5.188	35.602	5.22	35.40	-0.61	0.57	±5	2019/6/11

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019/6/16	835	Head	250	4d151	3279	1210	2.46	9.30	9.84	5.81
2019/6/5	1900	Head	250	5d170	3279	1210	10.20	39.00	40.8	4.62
2019/6/11	2450	Head	250	908	3279	1210	12.70	52.80	50.8	-3.79
2019/6/5	2600	Head	250	1061	3279	1210	14.20	57.70	56.8	-1.56
2019/6/11	5250	Head	100	1006	3954	1338	7.83	80.70	78.3	-2.97
2019/6/11	5600	Head	100	1006	3954	1338	8.35	83.30	83.5	0.24
2019/6/11	5750	Head	100	1006	3954	1338	7.92	80.40	79.2	-1.49

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019/6/11	5250	Head	100	1006	3954	1338	2.33	23.20	23.3	0.43
2019/6/11	5600	Head	100	1006	3954	1338	2.45	23.80	24.5	2.94

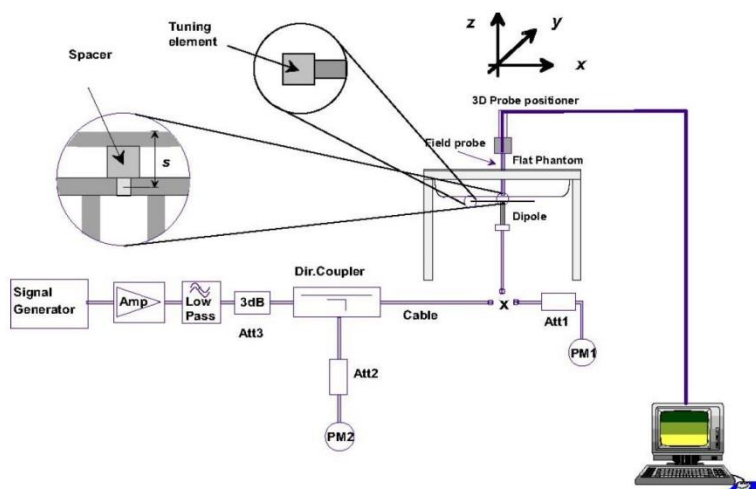


Fig 10.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 10.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 11.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 11.1.2. The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 11.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 11.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

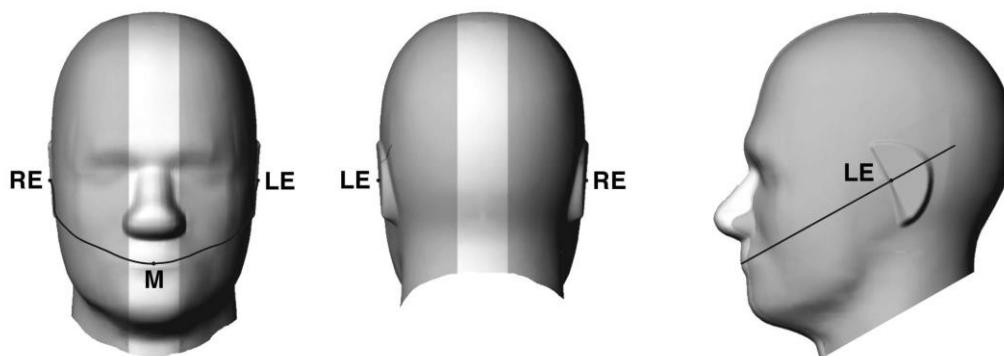


Fig 11.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

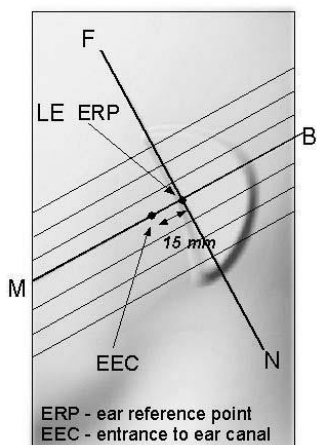


Fig 11.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

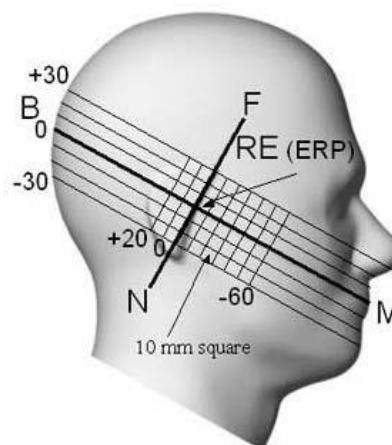


Fig 11.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 11.2.1 and Figure 11.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 11.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 11.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 11.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 11.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

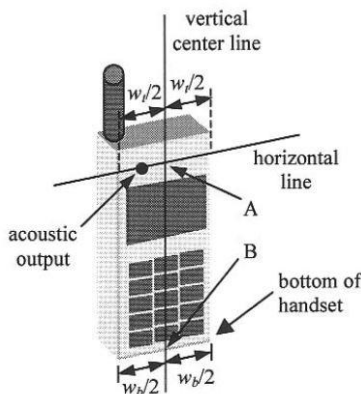


Fig 11.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

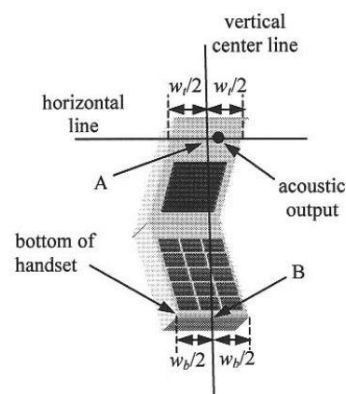


Fig 11.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

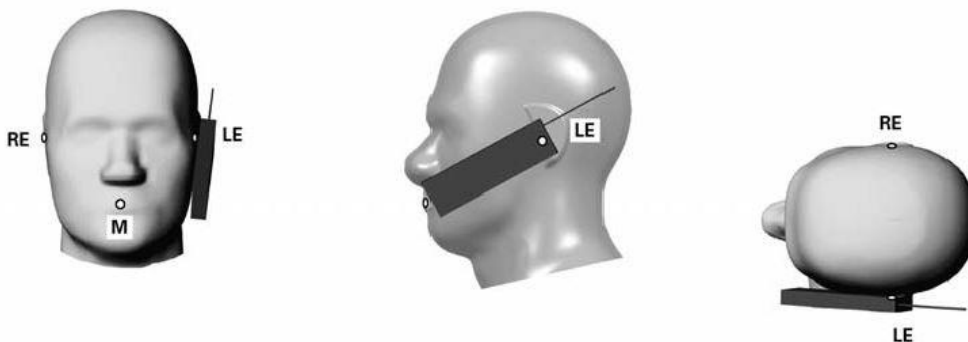


Fig 11.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 11.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

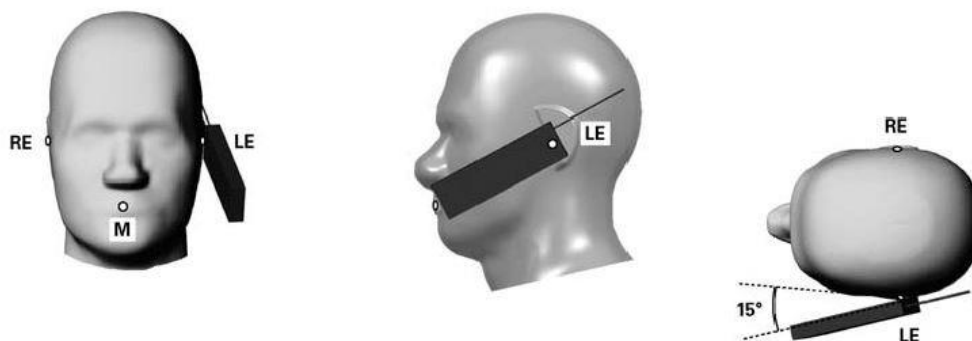


Fig 11.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 11.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

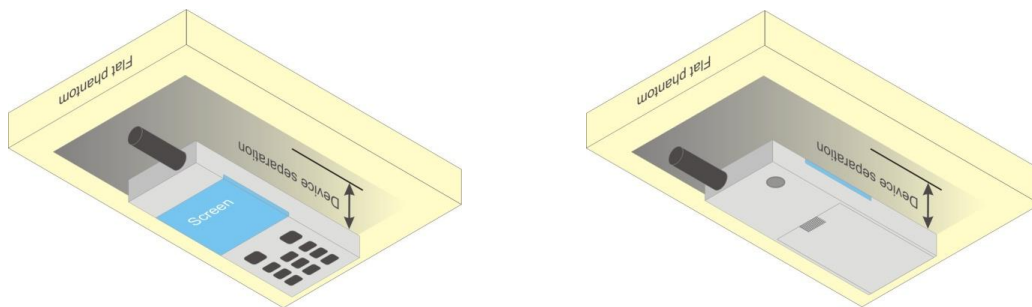


Fig 11.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.⁶ The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

11.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9$ cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 3Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<Full Power Mode>

GSM850		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)		824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot		32.31	32.79	32.69	33.50	23.31	23.79	23.69	24.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot		32.30	32.78	32.68	33.50	23.30	23.78	23.68	24.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots		32.12	32.34	32.43	33.00	26.12	26.34	26.43	27.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots		30.62	30.86	30.94	32.00	26.36	26.60	26.68	27.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots		28.81	29.14	29.31	30.50	25.81	26.14	26.31	27.50
EDGE 1 Tx slot		27.27	27.21	27.22	28.50	18.27	18.21	18.22	19.50
EDGE 2 Tx slots		27.15	27.01	27.02	28.00	21.15	21.01	21.02	22.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots		26.01	25.71	25.66	26.50	21.75	21.45	21.40	22.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots		23.54	23.34	23.46	24.50	20.54	20.34	20.46	21.50
GSM1900		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot		29.13	29.35	29.11	30.00	20.13	20.35	20.11	21.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot		29.12	29.34	29.10	30.00	20.12	20.34	20.10	21.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots		28.47	28.60	28.27	29.50	22.47	22.60	22.27	23.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots		28.04	28.01	27.71	28.50	23.78	23.75	23.45	24.24
GPRS 4 Tx slots		26.01	26.04	25.82	27.00	23.01	23.04	22.82	24.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot		26.34	26.46	26.64	27.50	17.34	17.46	17.64	18.50
EDGE 2 Tx slots		26.08	26.15	26.34	26.50	20.08	20.15	20.34	20.50
EDGE 3 Tx slots		24.81	24.81	24.95	25.50	20.55	20.55	20.69	21.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots		22.40	22.51	22.71	23.50	19.40	19.51	19.71	20.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_d/\beta_c = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Cycle to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

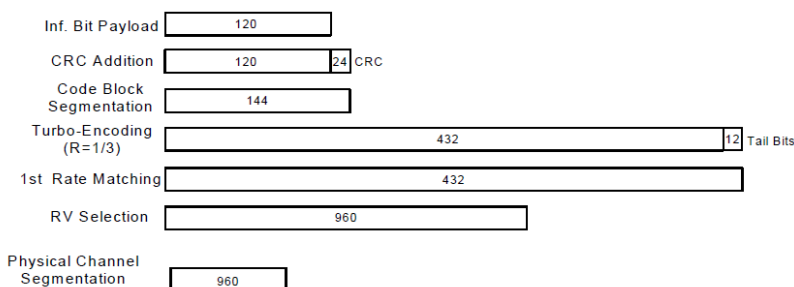


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>
General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

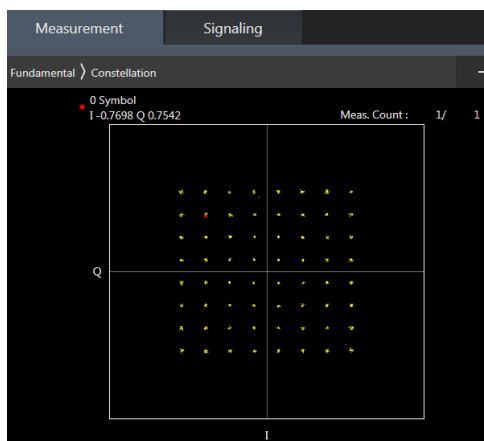
<Full Power Mode>

Band		WCDMA Band V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		4132	4182	4233	
Rx Channel		4357	4407	4458	
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.46	23.44	23.49	24.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.47	23.46	23.51	24.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.58	22.53	22.63	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.61	22.61	22.65	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.14	22.03	22.15	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.08	22.10	22.18	22.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	22.55	22.48	22.61	23.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	22.58	22.56	22.63	23.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	22.11	21.98	22.13	22.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	22.05	22.05	22.16	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.39	22.33	22.41	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.41	20.32	20.30	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.33	21.32	21.37	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.33	20.32	20.39	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.40	22.20	22.40	23.00

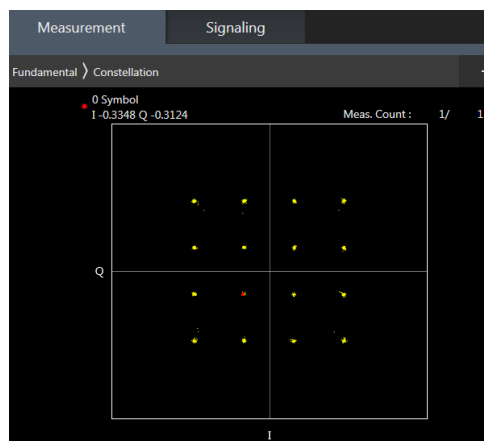
<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE B38 SAR test was covered by B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



64QAM



16QAM

<Full Power Mode>

<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20450	20525	20600		
Frequency (MHz)				829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.02	22.98	23.02	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.00	23.12	22.99		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.01	23.00	23.00		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.07	22.11	22.09	22.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.04	22.09	22.10		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.09	22.03	22.03		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.04	22.08	22.09	22.5	1
10	16QAM	1	0	22.16	22.29	22.26		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.31	22.29	22.20		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.37	22.19	22.23	21.5	2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.14	21.20	21.14		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.16	21.13	21.10		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.22	21.09	21.04	21.5	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.10	21.12	21.12		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.12	21.24	21.19		
10	64QAM	1	25	21.27	21.25	21.16	21.5	2
10	64QAM	1	49	21.29	21.18	21.17		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.15	20.21	20.17		
10	64QAM	25	12	20.15	20.16	20.13	20.5	3
10	64QAM	25	25	20.23	20.14	20.07		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.16	20.14	20.14		



Channel				20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				826.5	836.5	846.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.96	23.02	22.98	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.95	23.01	23.09		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.04	23.04	23.02		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.02	22.09	22.03	22.5	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.14	22.06	22.12		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.10	22.03	22.10		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.10	22.05	22.03		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.20	22.32	22.21	22.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.21	22.29	22.28		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.26	22.26	22.24		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.06	21.13	21.07	21.5	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.19	21.17	21.18		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.15	21.11	21.15		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.15	21.12	21.05		
5	64QAM	1	0	21.10	21.25	21.13	21.5	2
5	64QAM	1	12	21.16	21.18	21.20		
5	64QAM	1	24	21.22	21.21	21.20		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.08	20.14	20.07	20.5	3
5	64QAM	12	7	20.20	20.17	20.20		
5	64QAM	12	13	20.16	20.13	20.16		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.17	20.14	20.10		
Channel				20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				825.5	836.5	847.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.97	23.01	23.06	23.5	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.92	22.96	23.03		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.91	22.95	22.99		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.98	22.03	22.06	22.5	1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.01	22.05	22.10		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.00	22.06	22.07		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.02	22.06	22.11		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.16	22.30	22.26	22.5	1
3	16QAM	1	8	22.18	22.29	22.28		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.12	22.17	22.21		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.04	21.15	21.15	21.5	2
3	16QAM	8	4	21.08	21.17	21.20		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.07	21.12	21.16		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.08	21.13	21.17		
3	64QAM	1	0	21.11	21.19	21.22	21.5	2
3	64QAM	1	8	21.09	21.23	21.19		
3	64QAM	1	14	21.14	21.17	21.19		
3	64QAM	8	0	20.03	20.15	20.14	20.5	3
3	64QAM	8	4	20.08	20.17	20.19		
3	64QAM	8	7	20.07	20.12	20.15		
3	64QAM	15	0	20.07	20.15	20.17		



Channel				20407	20525	20643	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				824.7	836.5	848.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.85	22.93	22.96	23.5	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.91	23.01	23.01		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.86	22.90	22.95		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.91	23.00	23.01		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.94	23.03	23.04		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.91	22.97	23.00		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.91	21.96	22.02	22.5	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.09	22.20	22.19	22.5	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.17	22.19	22.26		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.07	22.17	22.17		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.92	21.99	22.01		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.98	22.04	22.07		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.94	21.98	21.99		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.05	21.11	21.16	21.5	2
1.4	64QAM	1	0	21.08	21.17	21.14	21.5	2
1.4	64QAM	1	3	21.10	21.20	21.20		
1.4	64QAM	1	5	21.02	21.10	21.12		
1.4	64QAM	3	0	21.03	21.06	21.08		
1.4	64QAM	3	1	21.03	21.09	21.10		
1.4	64QAM	3	3	20.97	21.07	21.04		
1.4	64QAM	6	0	19.98	20.09	20.09	20.5	3

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.21	23.21	23.12	23.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.16	23.28	23.20		
20	QPSK	1	99	23.10	23.12	23.11		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.18	22.26	22.08	22.5	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.22	22.21	22.19		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.25	22.24	22.12		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.21	22.24	22.14		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.47	22.50	22.33	22.5	1
20	16QAM	1	49	22.49	22.47	22.28		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.42	22.48	22.40		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.28	21.27	21.23	21.5	2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.33	21.30	21.28		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.39	21.32	21.23		
20	16QAM	100	0	21.30	21.26	21.25		
20	64QAM	1	0	21.37	21.46	21.28	21.5	2
20	64QAM	1	49	21.41	21.41	21.24		
20	64QAM	1	99	21.47	21.38	21.36		
20	64QAM	50	0	20.27	20.29	20.26	20.5	3
20	64QAM	50	24	20.35	20.32	20.30		
20	64QAM	50	50	20.38	20.33	20.23		
20	64QAM	100	0	20.32	20.30	20.29		



Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.18	23.13	23.08	23.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.20	23.15	23.02		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.27	23.18	23.16		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.31	22.17	22.12	22.5	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.21	22.22	22.08		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.22	22.21	22.12		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.23	22.16	22.20	22.5	1
15	16QAM	1	0	22.49	22.45	22.38		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.48	22.49	22.33		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.48	22.48	22.48	21.5	2
15	16QAM	36	0	21.38	21.24	21.23		
15	16QAM	36	20	21.36	21.29	21.16		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.38	21.30	21.21	21.5	2
15	16QAM	75	0	21.30	21.29	21.28		
15	64QAM	1	0	21.43	21.38	21.32		
15	64QAM	1	37	21.45	21.43	21.27	21.5	2
15	64QAM	1	74	21.46	21.40	21.44		
15	64QAM	36	0	20.41	20.27	20.26	20.5	3
15	64QAM	36	20	20.37	20.33	20.18		
15	64QAM	36	39	20.40	20.33	20.43		
15	64QAM	75	0	20.34	20.32	20.23	20.5	3
Channel				20800	21100	21400		
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.90	23.12	22.94		
10	QPSK	1	25	22.99	23.15	22.99	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	49	23.19	23.19	23.08		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.26	22.14	22.02	22.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.31	22.16	22.01		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.20	22.20	22.08		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.18	22.17	22.02	22.5	1
10	16QAM	1	0	22.47	22.45	22.26		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.45	22.45	22.30		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.45	22.43	22.37	21.5	2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.35	21.21	21.07		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.42	21.30	21.14		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.30	21.26	21.17	21.5	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.24	21.23	21.12		
10	64QAM	1	0	21.41	21.40	21.22		
10	64QAM	1	25	21.50	21.38	21.25	21.5	2
10	64QAM	1	49	21.46	21.50	21.33		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.39	20.25	20.09		
10	64QAM	25	12	20.38	20.33	20.18	20.5	3
10	64QAM	25	25	20.29	20.27	20.19		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.28	20.24	20.13		

Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.18	23.11	22.98	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.22	23.12	23.02		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.25	23.15	23.02		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.24	22.15	22.03	22.5	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.29	22.16	22.08		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.31	22.19	22.04		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.26	22.16	22.03		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.47	22.40	22.31	22.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.47	22.42	22.34		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.44	22.47	22.37		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.30	21.24	21.10	21.5	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.36	21.29	21.18		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.37	21.26	21.15		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.31	21.25	21.13		
5	64QAM	1	0	21.39	21.35	21.23	21.5	2
5	64QAM	1	12	21.43	21.38	21.25		
5	64QAM	1	24	21.46	21.45	21.26		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.33	20.26	20.11	20.5	3
5	64QAM	12	7	20.39	20.29	20.19		
5	64QAM	12	13	20.37	20.29	20.16		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.34	20.28	20.15		

<Reduced Power for Receiver On>

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	18.82	18.84	18.71	19	0
20	QPSK	1	49	18.90	18.96	18.68		
20	QPSK	1	99	18.85	18.69	18.70		
20	QPSK	50	0	16.74	16.87	16.75	18	1
20	QPSK	50	24	16.83	16.78	16.76		
20	QPSK	50	50	16.81	16.83	16.75		
20	QPSK	100	0	16.85	16.89	16.83	18	1
20	16QAM	1	0	17.29	16.93	17.25		
20	16QAM	1	49	17.34	16.91	16.98		
20	16QAM	1	99	17.09	17.25	17.37	17	2
20	16QAM	50	0	15.83	15.99	15.80		
20	16QAM	50	24	15.86	15.82	16.00		
20	16QAM	50	50	15.90	15.90	15.86	17	2
20	16QAM	100	0	15.87	15.93	15.87		
20	64QAM	1	0	15.97	16.14	15.95	17	2
20	64QAM	1	49	15.98	16.22	15.95		
20	64QAM	1	99	16.45	16.21	16.01		
20	64QAM	50	0	14.78	14.84	14.80	16	3
20	64QAM	50	24	14.85	14.87	14.83		
20	64QAM	50	50	14.97	14.89	14.82		
20	64QAM	100	0	14.84	14.92	14.90		



Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	18.79	18.78	18.70	19	0
15	QPSK	1	37	18.85	18.80	18.64		
15	QPSK	1	74	18.91	18.87	18.83		
15	QPSK	36	0	16.81	16.78	16.79	18	1
15	QPSK	36	20	16.78	16.84	16.78		
15	QPSK	36	39	16.84	16.82	16.80		
15	QPSK	75	0	16.75	16.82	16.80		
15	16QAM	1	0	17.02	17.02	17.18	18	1
15	16QAM	1	37	16.97	17.07	16.92		
15	16QAM	1	74	16.91	17.11	17.10		
15	16QAM	36	0	15.95	15.85	15.82	17	2
15	16QAM	36	20	15.83	15.89	15.79		
15	16QAM	36	39	15.85	15.89	15.86		
15	16QAM	75	0	15.78	15.92	15.94		
15	64QAM	1	0	15.78	15.92	15.94	17	2
15	64QAM	1	37	15.98	16.01	15.90		
15	64QAM	1	74	16.04	16.10	16.08		
15	64QAM	36	0	14.95	14.85	14.86	16	3
15	64QAM	36	20	14.82	14.90	14.81		
15	64QAM	36	39	14.86	14.87	14.88		
15	64QAM	75	0	14.80	14.86	14.83		
Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	18.82	18.78	18.61	19	0
10	QPSK	1	25	18.77	18.69	18.77		
10	QPSK	1	49	18.83	18.93	18.74		
10	QPSK	25	0	17.80	17.73	17.68	18	1
10	QPSK	25	12	17.88	17.78	17.73		
10	QPSK	25	25	17.84	17.89	17.70		
10	QPSK	50	0	17.74	17.82	17.68		
10	16QAM	1	0	16.95	16.98	17.18	18	1
10	16QAM	1	25	16.90	16.91	17.09		
10	16QAM	1	49	17.39	17.08	16.91		
10	16QAM	25	0	15.82	15.89	15.79	17	2
10	16QAM	25	12	15.92	15.97	15.79		
10	16QAM	25	25	15.77	15.94	15.88		
10	16QAM	50	0	15.81	15.86	15.83		
10	64QAM	1	0	16.03	15.94	15.63	17	2
10	64QAM	1	25	16.32	15.87	15.62		
10	64QAM	1	49	16.11	16.34	15.84		
10	64QAM	25	0	14.88	14.84	14.77	16	3
10	64QAM	25	12	14.89	14.93	14.81		
10	64QAM	25	25	14.82	14.91	14.84		
10	64QAM	50	0	14.85	14.82	14.77		

Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	18.83	18.85	18.67	19	0
5	QPSK	1	12	18.81	18.77	18.67		
5	QPSK	1	24	18.78	18.88	18.72		
5	QPSK	12	0	16.84	16.76	16.71	18	1
5	QPSK	12	7	16.87	16.87	16.75		
5	QPSK	12	13	16.89	16.82	16.72		
5	QPSK	25	0	16.81	16.82	16.71		
5	16QAM	1	0	17.29	16.94	17.29	18	1
5	16QAM	1	12	16.82	16.98	17.13		
5	16QAM	1	24	17.41	17.28	17.33		
5	16QAM	12	0	15.89	15.85	15.71	17	2
5	16QAM	12	7	16.00	15.86	15.84		
5	16QAM	12	13	16.00	15.88	15.92		
5	16QAM	25	0	15.82	15.85	15.73		
5	64QAM	1	0	15.97	15.93	15.87	17	2
5	64QAM	1	12	16.37	15.98	15.64		
5	64QAM	1	24	16.02	15.98	15.88		
5	64QAM	12	0	14.90	14.75	14.75	16	3
5	64QAM	12	7	14.94	14.91	14.68		
5	64QAM	12	13	14.98	14.84	14.88		
5	64QAM	25	0	14.87	14.88	14.85		

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

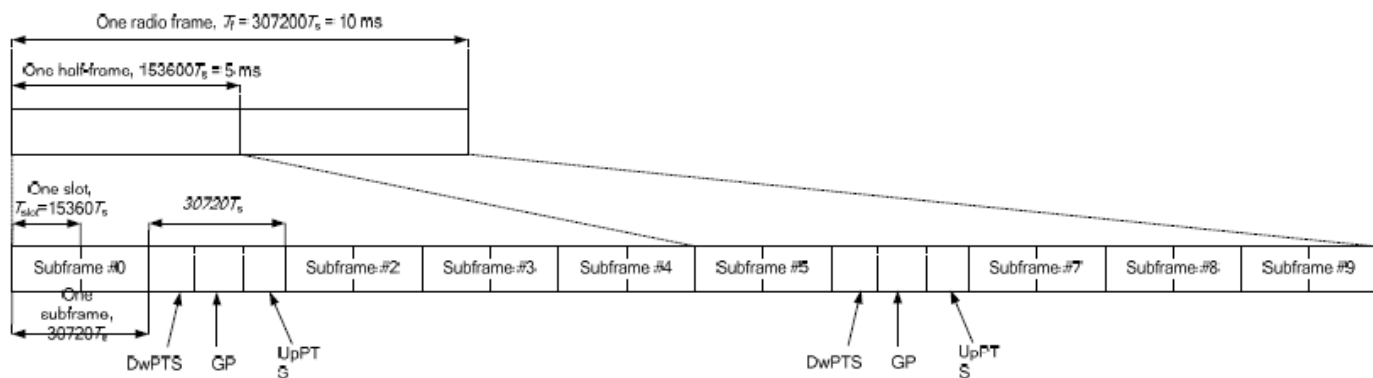


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~3	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:
 $(3+0.167)/5 = 63.3\%$
- for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:
 $(3+0.143)/5 = 62.9\%$
- For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.



<Full Power Mode>

<LTE Band 38>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				37850	38000	38150		
Frequency (MHz)				2580	2595	2610		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.05	23.14	22.95	23.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.00	23.11	22.93		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.99	23.07	22.96		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.08	22.00	22.03	22.5	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.08	22.03	22.04		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.03	22.04	21.95		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.12	22.03	22.03		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.06	22.03	22.05	22.5	1
20	16QAM	1	49	22.05	22.05	22.02		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.06	22.14	22.11		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.11	21.04	21.11	21.5	2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.16	21.11	21.16		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.06	21.13	21.07		
20	16QAM	100	0	21.16	21.08	21.13		
20	64QAM	1	0	20.91	20.87	20.83	21.5	2
20	64QAM	1	49	20.84	20.82	20.78		
20	64QAM	1	99	20.87	20.96	20.87		
20	64QAM	50	0	20.12	20.01	20.09	20.5	3
20	64QAM	50	24	20.15	20.09	20.15		
20	64QAM	50	50	20.05	20.12	20.02		
20	64QAM	100	0	20.22	20.16	20.22		



Channel				37825	38000	38175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2577.5	2595	2612.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.08	22.95	23.01	23.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.99	22.96	22.94		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.13	23.07	23.00		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.04	21.97	22.06	22.5	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.08	22.01	21.99		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.06	22.02	21.94		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.07	22.02	22.07	22.5	1
15	16QAM	1	0	22.07	21.97	22.14		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.03	22.00	22.08		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.15	22.17	22.20	21.5	2
15	16QAM	36	0	21.04	21.02	21.14		
15	16QAM	36	20	21.09	21.09	21.06		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.08	21.10	21.07	21.5	2
15	16QAM	75	0	21.11	21.13	21.19		
15	64QAM	1	0	20.92	20.84	20.95	21.5	2
15	64QAM	1	37	20.84	20.84	20.85		
15	64QAM	1	74	20.99	21.00	20.93		
15	64QAM	36	0	20.08	20.11	20.19	20.5	3
15	64QAM	36	20	20.13	20.16	20.12		
15	64QAM	36	39	20.16	20.18	20.13		
15	64QAM	75	0	20.13	20.13	20.21	20.5	3
15	64QAM	75	0	20.13	20.13	20.21		
Channel				37800	38000	38200	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2575	2595	2615		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.12	22.95	22.89	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.10	22.97	22.93		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.12	23.04	22.98		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.14	22.01	21.91	22.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.09	22.01	21.95		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.11	22.02	21.97		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.11	22.07	21.97	22.5	1
10	16QAM	1	0	22.12	22.03	22.05		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.13	22.07	22.10		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.10	22.12	22.11	21.5	2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.17	21.09	21.04		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.14	21.12	21.11		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.17	21.14	21.13	21.5	2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.14	21.13	21.04		
10	64QAM	1	0	20.96	20.86	20.83		
10	64QAM	1	25	20.99	20.91	20.86	21.5	2
10	64QAM	1	49	20.94	20.93	20.92		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.19	20.06	20.02		
10	64QAM	25	12	20.10	20.10	20.09	20.5	3
10	64QAM	25	25	20.13	20.11	20.10		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.10	20.08	20.02		



Channel				37775	38000	38225	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2572.5	2595	2617.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.10	22.96	22.88	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.11	22.95	22.93		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.09	22.97	22.90		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.12	22.02	21.93	22.5	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.18	22.06	21.93		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.16	22.02	21.94		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.15	22.02	21.91	22.5	1
5	16QAM	1	0	22.06	22.01	22.05		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.13	22.06	22.09		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.13	22.10	22.08	21.5	2
5	16QAM	12	0	21.15	21.02	21.03		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.16	21.09	21.03		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.19	21.10	20.99	21.5	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.19	21.08	21.05		
5	64QAM	1	0	20.95	20.85	20.83	21.5	2
5	64QAM	1	12	20.96	20.87	20.86		
5	64QAM	1	24	20.99	20.93	20.90		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.17	20.05	20.03	20.5	3
5	64QAM	12	7	20.23	20.11	20.08		
5	64QAM	12	13	20.19	20.11	20.05		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.16	20.07	20.01		



<LTE Band 41>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle High Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				40140	40400	40670	41140		
Frequency (MHz)				2545	2571	2598	2645		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.99	23.00	22.91	22.93	23.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.05	23.00	22.99	22.96		
20	QPSK	1	99	23.15	23.12	23.16	23.02		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.09	22.10	22.19	21.98	22.5	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.14	22.13	22.10	21.99		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.13	22.16	22.09	22.03		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.12	22.15	22.16	22.01		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.08	22.08	22.00	22.09	22.5	1
20	16QAM	1	49	22.16	22.01	22.11	22.07		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.17	22.10	22.25	22.13		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.18	21.17	21.12	21.07	21.5	2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.23	21.23	21.18	21.12		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.27	21.24	21.24	21.11		
20	16QAM	100	0	21.21	21.17	21.18	21.10		
20	64QAM	1	0	21.01	21.00	20.91	20.93	21.5	2
20	64QAM	1	49	21.02	20.93	20.99	20.93		
20	64QAM	1	99	21.09	21.02	21.08	21.00		
20	64QAM	50	0	20.24	20.22	20.18	20.12	20.5	3
20	64QAM	50	24	20.27	20.24	20.26	20.16		
20	64QAM	50	50	20.32	20.23	20.27	20.19		
20	64QAM	100	0	20.35	20.34	20.34	20.26		



FCC SAR Test Report

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Channel				40115	40395	40685	41165	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2542.5	2570.5	2599.5	2647.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.01	23.07	22.97	22.95	23.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.02	22.98	23.00	22.96		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.10	23.10	23.02	23.03		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.05	22.09	22.04	21.98	22.5	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.13	22.09	22.10	22.03		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.12	22.12	22.07	21.97		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.08	22.12	22.06	21.98		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.11	22.09	22.04	22.03	22.5	1
15	16QAM	1	37	22.14	21.99	22.06	22.05		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.24	22.11	22.27	22.17		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.12	21.10	21.08	21.03	21.5	2
15	16QAM	36	20	21.19	21.13	21.17	21.09		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.19	21.16	21.18	21.07		
15	16QAM	75	0	21.22	21.18	21.16	21.10		
15	64QAM	1	0	21.00	21.00	20.94	20.90	21.5	2
15	64QAM	1	37	20.99	20.92	20.95	20.90		
15	64QAM	1	74	21.13	21.04	21.10	21.05		
15	64QAM	36	0	20.29	20.23	20.24	20.18	20.5	3
15	64QAM	36	20	20.33	20.28	20.28	20.21		
15	64QAM	36	39	20.34	20.24	20.32	20.20		
15	64QAM	75	0	20.33	20.22	20.29	20.23		
Channel				40090	40390	40690	41190	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2540	2570	2600	2650		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.93	22.97	22.92	22.91	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.98	23.00	22.98	22.95		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.07	23.10	23.06	23.04		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.00	22.04	22.01	21.93	22.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.04	22.08	22.07	21.98		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.00	22.09	22.08	22.01		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.04	22.11	22.07	22.03		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.11	22.09	22.07	22.08	22.5	1
10	16QAM	1	25	22.10	22.03	22.08	22.02		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.13	22.05	22.14	22.07		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.10	21.11	21.12	21.11	21.5	2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.15	21.13	21.14	21.08		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.15	21.11	21.16	21.10		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.14	21.14	21.18	21.10		
10	64QAM	1	0	20.95	21.01	20.93	20.93	21.5	2
10	64QAM	1	25	20.98	20.93	20.97	20.91		
10	64QAM	1	49	21.01	21.00	21.03	20.95		
10	64QAM	25	0	20.18	20.18	20.19	20.14	20.5	3
10	64QAM	25	12	20.21	20.22	20.20	20.13		
10	64QAM	25	25	20.21	20.18	20.26	20.17		
10	64QAM	50	0	20.19	20.20	20.21	20.12		



Channel				40065	40385	40705	41215	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2537.5	2569.5	2601.5	2652.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.91	23.08	22.95	22.94	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.93	23.01	22.99	22.95		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.98	22.99	22.96	22.97		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.99	22.04	22.04	21.98	22.5	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.07	22.09	22.08	22.03		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.04	22.10	22.08	22.00		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.00	22.07	22.04	21.95		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.04	22.08	22.04	22.05	22.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.07	22.01	22.09	22.08		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.13	22.04	22.12	22.08		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.06	21.08	21.09	21.03	21.5	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.11	21.11	21.11	21.08		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.09	21.09	21.14	21.08		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.11	21.14	21.12	21.13		
5	64QAM	1	0	20.91	21.03	20.95	20.96	21.5	2
5	64QAM	1	12	20.95	20.91	20.97	20.95		
5	64QAM	1	24	20.96	20.95	20.98	20.97		
5	64QAM	12	0	20.19	20.20	20.23	20.12	20.5	3
5	64QAM	12	7	20.26	20.23	20.26	20.16		
5	64QAM	12	13	20.23	20.20	20.25	20.17		
5	64QAM	25	0	20.14	20.18	20.18	20.17		



<Reduced Power for Receiver On>

<LTE Band 38>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				37850	38000	38150		
Frequency (MHz)				2580	2595	2610		
20	QPSK	1	0	20.82	20.78	20.71	21	0
20	QPSK	1	49	20.80	20.77	20.67		
20	QPSK	1	99	20.76	20.90	20.74		
20	QPSK	50	0	19.35	19.25	19.28	20	1
20	QPSK	50	24	19.35	19.30	19.32		
20	QPSK	50	50	19.30	19.31	19.27		
20	QPSK	100	0	19.39	19.30	19.33	20	1
20	16QAM	1	0	19.49	19.42	19.40		
20	16QAM	1	49	19.44	19.38	19.35		
20	16QAM	1	99	19.41	19.48	19.43	19	2
20	16QAM	50	0	18.41	18.37	18.42		
20	16QAM	50	24	18.46	18.39	18.45		
20	16QAM	50	50	18.37	18.41	18.38	19	2
20	16QAM	100	0	18.43	18.37	18.43		
20	64QAM	1	0	18.24	18.18	18.15		
20	64QAM	1	49	18.20	18.12	18.09	19	2
20	64QAM	1	99	18.17	18.21	18.16		
20	64QAM	50	0	17.38	17.29	17.34		
20	64QAM	50	24	17.40	17.32	17.39	18	3
20	64QAM	50	50	17.31	17.35	17.32		
20	64QAM	100	0	17.48	17.42	17.47		



Channel				37825	38000	38175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2577.5	2595	2612.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	20.87	20.71	20.78	21	0
15	QPSK	1	37	20.81	20.70	20.69		
15	QPSK	1	74	20.89	20.85	20.75		
15	QPSK	36	0	19.32	19.24	19.29	20	1
15	QPSK	36	20	19.37	19.28	19.26		
15	QPSK	36	39	19.36	19.31	19.22		
15	QPSK	75	0	19.35	19.27	19.34	20	1
15	16QAM	1	0	19.51	19.35	19.43		
15	16QAM	1	37	19.43	19.39	19.37		
15	16QAM	1	74	19.53	19.51	19.48	19	2
15	16QAM	36	0	18.36	18.29	18.35		
15	16QAM	36	20	18.40	18.37	18.32		
15	16QAM	36	39	18.41	18.36	18.31	19	2
15	16QAM	75	0	18.41	18.36	18.44		
15	64QAM	1	0	18.26	18.13	18.18		
15	64QAM	1	37	18.17	18.12	18.10	19	2
15	64QAM	1	74	18.29	18.24	18.23		
15	64QAM	36	0	17.38	17.33	17.41	18	3
15	64QAM	36	20	17.44	17.38	17.36		
15	64QAM	36	39	17.43	17.38	17.35		
15	64QAM	75	0	17.41	17.35	17.41	18	3
15	64QAM	75	0	17.41	17.35	17.41		
Channel				37800	38000	38200	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2575	2595	2615		
10	QPSK	1	0	20.82	20.70	20.69	21	0
10	QPSK	1	25	20.87	20.76	20.71		
10	QPSK	1	49	20.85	20.81	20.76		
10	QPSK	25	0	19.38	19.23	19.19	20	1
10	QPSK	25	12	19.34	19.28	19.23		
10	QPSK	25	25	19.35	19.26	19.21		
10	QPSK	50	0	19.34	19.26	19.22	20	1
10	16QAM	1	0	19.53	19.40	19.34		
10	16QAM	1	25	19.51	19.40	19.38		
10	16QAM	1	49	19.48	19.43	19.41	19	2
10	16QAM	25	0	18.49	18.33	18.31		
10	16QAM	25	12	18.43	18.40	18.38		
10	16QAM	25	25	18.43	18.38	18.35	19	2
10	16QAM	50	0	18.42	18.38	18.31		
10	64QAM	1	0	18.24	18.11	18.11		
10	64QAM	1	25	18.27	18.12	18.12	19	2
10	64QAM	1	49	18.25	18.20	18.14		
10	64QAM	25	0	17.40	17.31	17.26		
10	64QAM	25	12	17.38	17.34	17.34	18	3
10	64QAM	25	25	17.38	17.33	17.33		
10	64QAM	50	0	17.37	17.32	17.31		

Channel				37775	38000	38225	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2572.5	2595	2617.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	20.82	20.70	20.65	21	0
5	QPSK	1	12	20.86	20.74	20.69		
5	QPSK	1	24	20.83	20.74	20.67		
5	QPSK	12	0	19.37	19.23	19.21	20	1
5	QPSK	12	7	19.40	19.25	19.24		
5	QPSK	12	13	19.40	19.28	19.25		
5	QPSK	25	0	19.39	19.23	19.19	20	1
5	16QAM	1	0	19.43	19.33	19.32		
5	16QAM	1	12	19.50	19.37	19.35		
5	16QAM	1	24	19.53	19.41	19.42	19	2
5	16QAM	12	0	18.42	18.26	18.27		
5	16QAM	12	7	18.43	18.32	18.30		
5	16QAM	12	13	18.45	18.33	18.35	19	2
5	16QAM	25	0	18.49	18.32	18.35		
5	64QAM	1	0	18.26	18.12	18.08	19	2
5	64QAM	1	12	18.30	18.14	18.10		
5	64QAM	1	24	18.27	18.17	18.13		
5	64QAM	12	0	17.39	17.28	17.24	18	3
5	64QAM	12	7	17.46	17.32	17.30		
5	64QAM	12	13	17.42	17.30	17.33		
5	64QAM	25	0	17.42	17.28	17.29		



<LTE Band 41>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle High Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				40140	40400	40670	41140		
Frequency (MHz)				2545	2571	2598	2645		
20	QPSK	1	0	20.83	20.81	20.84	20.76		
20	QPSK	1	49	20.64	20.77	20.82	20.73	21	0
20	QPSK	1	99	20.95	20.87	20.73	20.84		
20	QPSK	50	0	19.27	19.36	19.37	19.21		
20	QPSK	50	24	19.44	19.42	19.24	19.25	20	1
20	QPSK	50	50	19.33	19.28	19.34	19.25		
20	QPSK	100	0	19.38	19.28	19.37	19.28		
20	16QAM	1	0	19.33	19.42	19.36	19.43	20	1
20	16QAM	1	49	19.45	19.43	19.41	19.48		
20	16QAM	1	99	19.43	19.48	19.52	19.42		
20	16QAM	50	0	18.40	18.44	18.39	18.35	19	2
20	16QAM	50	24	18.49	18.40	18.39	18.29		
20	16QAM	50	50	18.48	18.45	18.49	18.37		
20	16QAM	100	0	18.40	18.44	18.39	18.32	19	2
20	64QAM	1	0	18.18	18.29	18.13	18.17		
20	64QAM	1	49	18.28	18.25	18.28	18.25		
20	64QAM	1	99	18.37	18.46	18.28	18.41	18	3
20	64QAM	50	0	17.28	17.36	17.06	17.39		
20	64QAM	50	24	17.31	17.31	17.25	17.35		
20	64QAM	50	50	17.25	17.28	17.28	17.23	18	3
20	64QAM	100	0	17.42	17.15	17.18	17.15		



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Channel				40115	40395	40685	41165	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2542.5	2570.5	2599.5	2647.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	20.79	20.90	20.80	20.86	21	0
15	QPSK	1	37	20.63	20.74	20.77	20.57		
15	QPSK	1	74	20.93	20.90	20.94	20.87		
15	QPSK	36	0	19.24	19.26	19.25	19.26	20	1
15	QPSK	36	20	19.31	19.38	19.27	19.24		
15	QPSK	36	39	19.34	19.41	19.24	19.30		
15	QPSK	75	0	19.35	19.40	19.22	19.34		
15	16QAM	1	0	19.43	19.43	19.37	19.40	20	1
15	16QAM	1	37	19.49	19.39	19.45	19.44		
15	16QAM	1	74	19.58	19.54	19.63	19.57		
15	16QAM	36	0	18.41	18.29	18.34	18.31	19	2
15	16QAM	36	20	18.39	18.33	18.37	18.35		
15	16QAM	36	39	18.33	18.35	18.36	18.28		
15	16QAM	75	0	18.39	18.38	18.36	18.37		
15	64QAM	1	0	18.17	18.26	18.14	18.14	19	2
15	64QAM	1	37	18.22	18.17	18.09	18.06		
15	64QAM	1	74	18.21	18.31	18.27	18.09		
15	64QAM	36	0	17.35	17.34	17.38	17.35	18	3
15	64QAM	36	20	17.44	17.37	17.41	17.38		
15	64QAM	36	39	17.37	17.39	17.39	17.34		
15	64QAM	75	0	17.48	17.49	17.36	17.36		
Channel				40090	40390	40690	41190	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2540	2570	2600	2650		
10	QPSK	1	0	20.72	20.86	20.71	20.74	21	0
10	QPSK	1	25	20.65	20.81	20.71	20.81		
10	QPSK	1	49	20.87	20.81	20.90	20.65		
10	QPSK	25	0	19.17	19.33	19.12	19.14	20	1
10	QPSK	25	12	19.22	19.30	19.23	19.30		
10	QPSK	25	25	19.27	19.37	19.37	19.21		
10	QPSK	50	0	19.28	19.33	19.26	19.30		
10	16QAM	1	0	19.39	19.52	19.38	19.38	20	1
10	16QAM	1	25	19.40	19.39	19.39	19.57		
10	16QAM	1	49	19.40	19.44	19.52	19.42		
10	16QAM	25	0	18.33	18.33	18.27	18.40	19	2
10	16QAM	25	12	18.38	18.39	18.38	18.46		
10	16QAM	25	25	18.32	18.35	18.42	18.38		
10	16QAM	50	0	18.42	18.40	18.41	18.35		
10	64QAM	1	0	18.13	18.21	18.14	18.12	19	2
10	64QAM	1	25	18.13	18.17	18.02	18.20		
10	64QAM	1	49	18.15	18.23	18.27	18.27		
10	64QAM	25	0	17.28	17.30	17.34	17.24	18	3
10	64QAM	25	12	17.34	17.35	17.44	17.31		
10	64QAM	25	25	17.28	17.42	17.38	17.32		
10	64QAM	50	0	17.36	17.36	17.34	17.28		



Channel				40065	40385	40705	41215	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2537.5	2569.5	2601.5	2652.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	20.60	20.86	20.71	20.70	21	0
5	QPSK	1	12	20.62	20.70	20.80	20.85		
5	QPSK	1	24	20.67	20.76	20.82	20.80		
5	QPSK	12	0	19.17	19.29	19.24	19.30	20	1
5	QPSK	12	7	19.24	19.33	19.26	19.42		
5	QPSK	12	13	19.29	19.26	19.27	19.28		
5	QPSK	25	0	19.16	19.26	19.30	19.23		
5	16QAM	1	0	19.20	19.41	19.42	19.42	20	1
5	16QAM	1	12	19.25	19.38	19.47	19.42		
5	16QAM	1	24	19.38	19.38	19.43	19.42		
5	16QAM	12	0	18.69	18.79	18.82	18.83	19	2
5	16QAM	12	7	18.75	18.84	18.94	18.94		
5	16QAM	12	13	18.80	18.86	18.96	18.91		
5	16QAM	25	0	18.84	18.83	18.93	18.92		
5	64QAM	1	0	17.95	18.23	18.09	18.19	19	2
5	64QAM	1	12	18.18	18.07	18.11	18.15		
5	64QAM	1	24	18.22	18.17	18.18	18.26		
5	64QAM	12	0	17.67	17.80	17.92	17.82	18	3
5	64QAM	12	7	17.75	17.86	17.84	17.82		
5	64QAM	12	13	17.78	17.87	17.95	17.89		
5	64QAM	25	0	17.78	17.79	17.88	17.75		

<LTE Carrier Aggregation>
General Note:

1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink for intra band. For the device supports combination bands and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.
2. In applying the existing power measurement procedure of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only the subset with the largest number of combinations of the frequency band and CCs in each row need consideration, and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.
3. All permutations exist. No restrictions on Pcell & Scell combinations.

Index	2CC	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
2CC #1	CA_7C		No
2CC #2	CA_38C		No
2CC #3	CA_5A-5A		No
2CC #4	CA_7A-7A		No

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)
General Note:

- i. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.
- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. For power measurement were and acknowledge data is sent on control uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- v. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

$$\text{Nominal channel spacing} = \left\lceil \frac{BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} + BW_{\text{Channel}(2)} - 0.1|BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} - BW_{\text{Channel}(2)}|}{0.6} \right\rceil 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

<Full Power Mode>
<Two Carrier power verification>

Configure		CA Configuration (BCS)	PCC							SCC				Power	
			LTE Band	BW (MHz)	UL Freq. (MHz)	UL Channel	Mod.	UL# RB	UL RB Offset	LTE Band	BW (MHz)	DL Freq. (MHz)	DL Channel	With CA Tx. Power (dBm)	Without CA Tx. Power (dBm)
Intra-Band	Contiguous	CA_7C	Band 7	20M	2535	21100	QPSK	1	49	Band 7	20M	2674.8	3298	23.22	23.28
		CA_38C	Band 38	20M	2585.1	37901	QPSK	1	0	Band 38	20M	2604.9	38099	23.21	23.14
	Non-Contiguous	CA_5A-5A	Band 5	10M	836.5	20525	QPSK	1	25	Band 5	5M	891.5	2625	23.14	23.12
		CA_7A-7A	Band 7	20M	2535	21100	QPSK	1	49	Band 7	5M	2687.5	3425	23.21	23.28

<Reduced Power for Receiver On>
<Two Carrier power verification>

Configure		CA Configuration (BCS)	PCC							SCC				Power	
			LTE Band	BW (MHz)	UL Freq. (MHz)	UL Channel	Mod.	UL# RB	UL RB Offset	LTE Band	BW (MHz)	DL Freq. (MHz)	DL Channel	With CA Tx. Power (dBm)	Without CA Tx. Power (dBm)
Intra-Band	Contiguous	CA_7C	Band 7	20M	2535	21100	QPSK	1	49	Band 7	20M	2674.8	3298	18.81	18.96
		CA_38C	Band 38	20M	2585.1	37901	QPSK	1	99	Band 38	20M	2604.9	38099	20.85	20.9
	Non-Contiguous	CA_7A-7A	Band 7	20M	2535	21100	QPSK	1	49	Band 7	5M	2687.5	3425	18.62	18.96

<WLAN Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<Full Power>

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	17.96	18.50	100.00
		6	2437	18.29	18.50	
		11	2462	18.15	18.50	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	16.00	17.00	95.00
		6	2437	16.43	17.00	
		11	2462	16.34	17.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	15.21	17.00	94.64
		6	2437	16.32	17.00	
		11	2462	16.27	17.00	

<5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	16.28	17.50	95.32
		40	5200	16.52	17.50	
		44	5220	16.58	17.50	
		48	5240	16.66	17.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	16.03	17.00	95.34
		40	5200	16.34	17.00	
		44	5220	16.32	17.00	
		48	5240	16.42	17.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	14.00	15.00	91.55
		46	5230	16.27	17.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	16.08	17.00	94.68
		40	5200	16.40	17.00	
		44	5220	16.38	17.00	
		48	5240	16.43	17.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	14.39	15.00	90.35
		46	5230	16.80	17.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	14.53	15.00	85.15

5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	16.72	17.50	95.32
		56	5280	16.89	17.50	
		60	5300	16.65	17.50	
		64	5320	16.73	17.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	16.55	17.00	95.34
		56	5280	16.70	17.00	
		60	5300	16.57	17.00	
		64	5320	16.56	17.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	16.55	17.00	91.55
		62	5310	10.64	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	16.63	17.00	94.68
		56	5280	16.72	17.00	
		60	5300	16.62	17.00	
		64	5320	16.59	17.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	16.96	17.00	90.35
		62	5310	10.79	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	9.34	11.00	85.15

5.5GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	16.60	17.50	95.32
		116	5580	16.37	17.50	
		124	5620	15.79	17.50	
		132	5660	16.00	17.50	
		140	5700	15.19	17.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	15.33	17.00	95.34
		116	5580	16.27	17.00	
		124	5620	15.62	17.00	
		132	5660	15.84	17.00	
		140	5700	15.16	17.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	15.01	17.00	91.55
		110	5550	15.76	17.00	
		126	5630	15.53	17.00	
		134	5670	15.57	17.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	15.79	17.00	94.68
		116	5580	16.39	17.00	
		124	5620	15.66	17.00	
		132	5660	15.90	17.00	
		140	5700	15.15	17.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	15.38	17.00	90.35
		110	5550	16.29	17.00	
		126	5630	16.09	17.00	
		134	5670	16.17	17.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	12.95	14.50	85.15
		122	5610	15.68	17.00	

5.8GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	15.60	17.50	95.32
		157	5785	15.46	17.50	
		165	5825	15.89	17.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	15.44	16.00	95.34
		157	5785	15.23	16.00	
		165	5825	15.66	16.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	15.25	16.00	91.55
		159	5795	15.30	16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	15.42	16.00	94.68
		157	5785	15.36	16.00	
		165	5825	15.76	16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	15.77	16.00	90.35
		159	5795	15.87	16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	14.81	16.00	85.15

<Reduced Power for Receiver On >

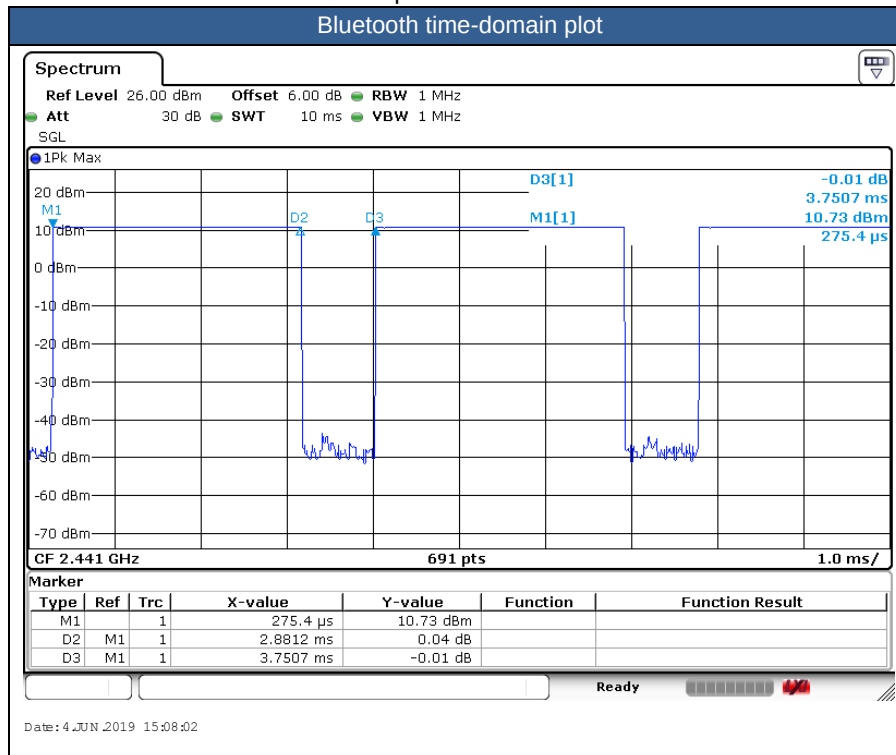
<2.4GHz WLAN>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	16.78	17.50	100.00
		6	2437	17.26	17.50	
		11	2462	17.12	17.50	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	16.00	17.00	95.00
		6	2437	16.43	17.00	
		11	2462	16.34	17.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	15.21	17.00	94.64
		6	2437	16.32	17.00	
		11	2462	16.27	17.00	

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.82 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.

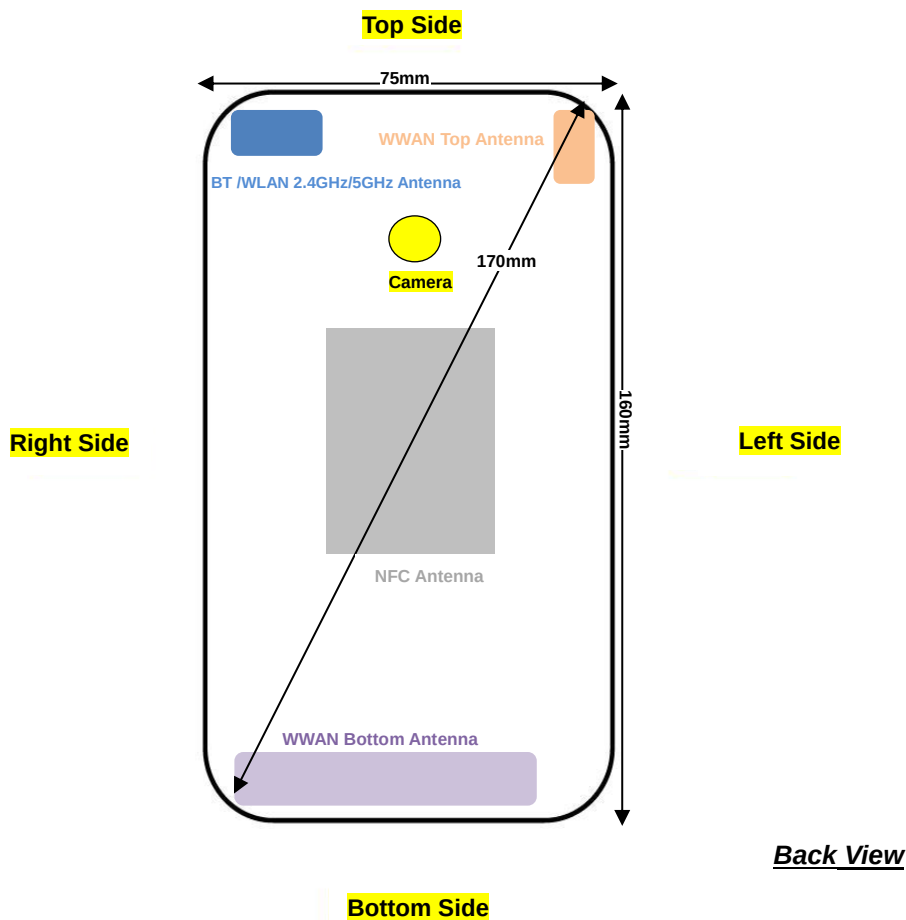


Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			1Mbps
BR/EDR	CH 00	2402	9.90
	CH 39	2441	11.60
	CH 78	2480	10.62
Tune-up limit (dBm)			12.00

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			GFSK
v4.2 LE	CH 00	2402	0.78
	CH 19	2440	0.95
	CH 39	2480	1.57
Tune-up Limit			2.00

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			GFSK
v5.0 with LE	CH 00	2402	0.49
	CH 19	2440	0.70
	CH 39	2480	1.51
Tune-up limit (dBm)			2.00

13. Antenna Location



Antenna	Support Band
WWAN Top Antenna	LTE: B7 / B38 / B41
WWAN Bottom Antenna	GSM: 850 / 1900 WCDMA: B5 LTE: B5
WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz/BT Antenna	WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHz Bluetooth
NFC Antenna	NFC

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Top Antenna	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm
WWAN Bottom Antenna	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz/BT Antenna	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Top Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
WWAN Bottom Antenna	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz/BT Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
 - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result.
The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
5. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g product specific SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold, for this device WWAN/WLAN/BT hotspot mode SAR are all less than 1.2W/kg, so no need to consider 10g product specific SAR.
6. For 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz WLAN product specific SAR is necessary, due to an overall diagonal dimension is > 16 cm and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz WLAN has no hotspot mode.
7. When the phone is in talking mode and receiver worked, then power reduction will be implemented immediately in LTE B7/38/41 and WLAN 2.4GHz.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS 3Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE band B38 SAR test was covered by B41; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Right Cheek	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	-0.06	0.328	0.419
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Right Tilted	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	0.1	0.189	0.241
01	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	0.01	0.381	0.486
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	-0.03	0.279	0.356
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Right Cheek	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	-0.03	0.261	0.290
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Right Tilted	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	0.03	0.181	0.201
02	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Cheek	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	0.01	0.271	0.301
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Tilted	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	0.09	0.219	0.243

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.01	0.184	0.206
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	-0.04	0.102	0.114
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.07	0.199	0.223
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.03	0.097	0.109



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.03	0.155	0.169
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.01	0.127	0.139
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.03	0.095	0.104
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.07	0.078	0.085
04	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.01	0.167	0.182
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.01	0.132	0.144
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.09	0.084	0.092
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.05	0.074	0.081
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	Reduced	21100	2535	18.96	19.00	1.009	-0.03	1.050	1.060
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	Reduced	20850	2510	18.90	19.00	1.023	0.14	1.040	1.064
05	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	Reduced	21350	2560	18.68	19.00	1.076	0.07	1.060	1.141
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Reduced	21100	2535	16.87	18.00	1.297	0.01	0.751	0.974
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Reduced	20850	2510	16.74	18.00	1.337	0.1	0.672	0.898
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Reduced	21350	2560	16.75	18.00	1.334	0.03	0.729	0.972
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Cheek	Reduced	21100	2535	16.89	18.00	1.291	0.02	0.723	0.934
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	Reduced	21100	2535	18.96	19.00	1.009	0.01	0.793	0.800
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	Reduced	20850	2510	18.90	19.00	1.023	0.06	0.696	0.712
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	Reduced	21350	2560	18.68	19.00	1.076	0.06	0.805	0.867
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	Reduced	21100	2535	16.87	18.00	1.297	0.05	0.509	0.660
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Tilted	Reduced	21100	2535	16.89	18.00	1.291	0.02	0.474	0.612
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	Reduced	21100	2535	18.96	19.00	1.009	0.16	0.304	0.307
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Reduced	21100	2535	16.87	18.00	1.297	0.01	0.203	0.263
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	Reduced	21100	2535	18.96	19.00	1.009	0.05	0.292	0.295
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Reduced	21100	2535	16.87	18.00	1.297	0.03	0.203	0.263



<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Cheek	Reduced	40140	2545	20.95	21.00	1.012	62.9	1.006	-0.13	1.050	1.069
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Cheek	Reduced	40400	2571	20.87	21.00	1.030	62.9	1.006	0.09	1.070	1.109
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Cheek	Reduced	40670	2598	20.73	21.00	1.064	62.9	1.006	0.05	1.070	1.145
06	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Cheek	Reduced	41140	2645	20.84	21.00	1.038	62.9	1.006	0.07	1.100	1.148
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	Reduced	40140	2545	19.44	20.00	1.138	62.9	1.006	-0.12	0.673	0.770
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	Reduced	40400	2571	19.42	20.00	1.143	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.723	0.831
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	Reduced	40670	2598	19.24	20.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.850	1.019
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	Reduced	41140	2645	19.25	20.00	1.189	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.810	0.968
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Cheek	Reduced	40140	2545	19.38	20.00	1.153	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.780	0.905
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Tilted	Reduced	40140	2545	20.95	21.00	1.012	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.790	0.804
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Tilted	Reduced	40400	2571	20.87	21.00	1.030	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.764	0.792
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Tilted	Reduced	40670	2598	20.73	21.00	1.064	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.806	0.863
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Tilted	Reduced	41140	2645	20.84	21.00	1.038	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.818	0.854
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	Reduced	40140	2545	19.44	20.00	1.138	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.524	0.600
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Tilted	Reduced	40140	2545	19.38	20.00	1.153	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.513	0.595
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Left Cheek	Reduced	40140	2545	20.95	21.00	1.012	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.359	0.365
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	Reduced	40140	2545	19.44	20.00	1.138	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.257	0.294
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Left Tilted	Reduced	40140	2545	20.95	21.00	1.012	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.301	0.306
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	Reduced	40140	2545	19.44	20.00	1.138	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.218	0.249

**<WLAN 2.4G SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Reduced	6	2437	17.26	17.50	1.057	100	1.000	0.06	0.352	0.372
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	Reduced	6	2437	17.26	17.50	1.057	100	1.000	0.06	0.245	0.259
07	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Reduced	6	2437	17.26	17.50	1.057	100	1.000	0.04	0.736	0.778
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	Reduced	6	2437	17.26	17.50	1.057	100	1.000	-0.01	0.613	0.648

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	Full	39	2441	11.60	12.00	1.098	76.82	1.084	0.12	0.023	0.027
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	39	2441	11.60	12.00	1.098	76.82	1.084	0.01	0.021	0.024
08	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	Full	39	2441	11.60	12.00	1.098	76.82	1.084	0.06	0.174	0.207
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	39	2441	11.60	12.00	1.098	76.82	1.084	0.02	0.054	0.065

<WLAN 5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	Full	56	5280	16.89	17.50	1.151	95.32	1.049	0.09	0.341	0.412
	WLAN5.3GH	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	56	5280	16.89	17.50	1.151	95.32	1.049	0.01	0.396	0.478
	WLAN5.3GH	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Full	56	5280	16.89	17.50	1.151	95.32	1.049	-0.03	0.372	0.449
09	WLAN5.3GH	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	56	5280	16.89	17.50	1.151	95.32	1.049	0.03	0.436	0.527
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	Full	100	5500	16.60	17.50	1.231	95.32	1.049	0.06	0.113	0.146
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	100	5500	16.60	17.50	1.231	95.32	1.049	0.01	0.144	0.186
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Full	100	5500	16.60	17.50	1.231	95.32	1.049	0.07	0.145	0.187
10	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	100	5500	16.60	17.50	1.231	95.32	1.049	0.04	0.167	0.216
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Cheek	Full	165	5825	15.89	17.50	1.449	95.32	1.049	0.12	0.128	0.195
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Tilted	Full	165	5825	15.89	17.50	1.449	95.32	1.049	0.05	0.139	0.211
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Cheek	Full	165	5825	15.89	17.50	1.449	95.32	1.049	0.01	0.161	0.245
11	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Left Tilted	Full	165	5825	15.89	17.50	1.449	95.32	1.049	0.05	0.183	0.278

14.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Front	10	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	0.03	0.268	0.342
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Back	10	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	0.03	0.368	0.470
12	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Side	10	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	0.04	0.419	0.535
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Right Side	10	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	0.01	0.360	0.460
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Side	10	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	-0.01	0.093	0.119
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Front	10	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	0.09	0.493	0.548
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Back	10	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	-0.03	0.599	0.666
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Left Side	10	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	-0.01	0.298	0.331
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Right Side	10	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	0.05	0.299	0.332
13	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Side	10	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	-0.07	0.976	1.085
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Side	10	Full	661	1880	28.01	28.50	1.119	0.06	0.709	0.794
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Bottom Side	10	Full	810	1909.8	27.71	28.50	1.199	0.01	0.747	0.896

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	-0.01	0.184	0.206
14	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.01	0.222	0.249
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.09	0.210	0.235
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.15	0.207	0.232
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.12	0.055	0.062



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.02	0.144	0.157
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.02	0.119	0.130
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.09	0.202	0.220
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.03	0.169	0.185
15	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	10	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.01	0.221	0.241
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	10	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	-0.16	0.179	0.196
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	10	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.01	0.190	0.207
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	10	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	-0.03	0.155	0.170
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	10	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.01	0.043	0.047
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	10	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	-0.09	0.034	0.037
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	Full	21100	2535	23.28	23.50	1.052	0.02	0.515	0.542
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	Full	21100	2535	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.01	0.521	0.551
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Full	21100	2535	23.28	23.50	1.052	-0.04	0.788	0.829
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Full	20850	2510	23.16	23.50	1.081	0.09	0.718	0.776
16	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Full	21350	2560	23.20	23.50	1.072	-0.01	0.841	0.901
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	Full	21100	2535	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.01	0.679	0.718
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	Full	20850	2510	22.18	22.50	1.076	0.04	0.611	0.658
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	Full	21350	2560	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.01	0.778	0.857
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	Full	21100	2535	22.24	22.50	1.062	-0.05	0.790	0.839
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	Full	21100	2535	23.28	23.50	1.052	0.04	0.814	0.856
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	Full	20850	2510	23.16	23.50	1.081	0.09	0.766	0.828
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	Full	21350	2560	23.20	23.50	1.072	0.05	0.802	0.859
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	Full	21100	2535	22.26	22.50	1.057	-0.03	0.655	0.692
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Left Side	10	Full	21100	2535	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.05	0.648	0.688
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Top Side	10	Full	21100	2535	23.28	23.50	1.052	0.02	0.234	0.246
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Top Side	10	Full	21100	2535	22.26	22.50	1.057	-0.08	0.164	0.173



<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Front	10	Full	40670	2598	23.16	23.50	1.081	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.250	0.272
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	Full	40670	2598	22.19	22.50	1.074	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.300	0.324
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	10	Full	40670	2598	23.16	23.50	1.081	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.468	0.509
17	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	Full	40670	2598	22.19	22.50	1.074	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.520	0.562
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Left Side	10	Full	40670	2598	23.16	23.50	1.081	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.466	0.507
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	Full	40670	2598	22.19	22.50	1.074	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.390	0.421
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Top Side	10	Full	40670	2598	23.16	23.50	1.081	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.113	0.123
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Top Side	10	Full	40670	2598	22.19	22.50	1.074	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.107	0.116

**<WLAN 2.4G SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Max Area Scan SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	Full	6	2437	18.29	18.50	1.050	100	1.000	0.208			
18	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	Full	6	2437	18.29	18.50	1.050	100	1.000	0.455	-0.03	0.349	0.366
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	10	Full	6	2437	18.29	18.50	1.050	100	1.000	0.307			
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10	Full	6	2437	18.29	18.50	1.050	100	1.000	0.191			

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	10	Full	39	2441	11.60	12.00	1.096	76.82	1.084	0.06	0.010	0.012
19	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10	Full	39	2441	11.60	12.00	1.096	76.82	1.084	0.02	0.024	0.028
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Side	10	Full	39	2441	11.60	12.00	1.096	76.82	1.084	0.04	0.015	0.018
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	10	Full	39	2441	11.60	12.00	1.096	76.82	1.084	0.05	0.009	0.011

<WLAN 5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	10	Full	48	5240	16.66	17.50	1.213	95.32	1.049	0.01	0.071	0.090
20	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10	Full	48	5240	16.66	17.50	1.213	95.32	1.049	0.03	0.398	0.507
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	10	Full	48	5240	16.66	17.50	1.213	95.32	1.049	-0.03	0.142	0.181
	WLAN5.2GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	10	Full	48	5240	16.66	17.50	1.213	95.32	1.049	0.01	0.235	0.299
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	10	Full	165	5825	15.89	17.50	1.449	95.32	1.049	0.02	0.039	0.059
21	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10	Full	165	5825	15.89	17.50	1.449	95.32	1.049	-0.01	0.300	0.456
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	10	Full	165	5825	15.89	17.50	1.449	95.32	1.049	0.03	0.124	0.188
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	10	Full	165	5825	15.89	17.50	1.449	95.32	1.049	-0.01	0.169	0.257

14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Front	10	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	0.03	0.268	0.342
22	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Back	10	Full	251	848.8	30.94	32.00	1.276	0.03	0.368	0.470
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Front	10	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	0.09	0.493	0.548
23	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Back	10	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112	-0.03	0.599	0.666

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	-0.01	0.184	0.206
24	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	Full	4233	846.6	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.01	0.222	0.249



<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.02	0.144	0.157
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.02	0.119	0.130
25	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10	Full	20525	836.5	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.09	0.202	0.220
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	Full	20525	836.5	22.11	22.50	1.094	0.03	0.169	0.185
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	Full	21100	2535	23.28	23.50	1.052	0.02	0.515	0.542
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	Full	21100	2535	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.01	0.521	0.551
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Full	21100	2535	23.28	23.50	1.052	-0.04	0.788	0.829
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Full	20850	2510	23.16	23.50	1.081	0.09	0.718	0.776
26	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	Full	21350	2560	23.20	23.50	1.072	-0.01	0.841	0.901
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	Full	21100	2535	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.01	0.679	0.718
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	Full	20850	2510	22.18	22.50	1.076	0.04	0.611	0.658
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	Full	21350	2560	22.08	22.50	1.102	0.01	0.778	0.857
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	Full	21100	2535	22.24	22.50	1.062	-0.05	0.790	0.839

<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Front	10	Full	40670	2598	23.16	23.50	1.081	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.250	0.272
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	Full	40670	2598	22.19	22.50	1.074	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.300	0.324
	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	99	Back	10	Full	40670	2598	23.16	23.50	1.081	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.468	0.509
27	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	Full	40670	2598	22.19	22.50	1.074	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.520	0.562



<WLAN 2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Max Area Scan SAR	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	Full	6	2437	18.29	18.50	1.050	100	1.000	0.208			
28	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	Full	6	2437	18.29	18.50	1.050	100	1.000	0.455	-0.03	0.349	0.366

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	10	Full	39	2441	11.60	12.00	1.096	76.82	1.084	0.06	0.010	0.012
29	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	10	Full	39	2441	11.60	12.00	1.096	76.82	1.084	0.02	0.024	0.028

<WLAN 5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	10	Full	56	5280	16.89	17.50	1.151	95.32	1.049	0.01	0.087	0.105
30	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10	Full	56	5280	16.89	17.50	1.151	95.32	1.049	0.03	0.409	0.494
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	10	Full	100	5500	16.60	17.50	1.230	95.32	1.049	0.07	0.025	0.032
31	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10	Full	100	5500	16.60	17.50	1.230	95.32	1.049	0.03	0.160	0.206
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	10	Full	165	5825	15.89	17.50	1.449	95.32	1.049	0.02	0.039	0.059
32	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	10	Full	165	5825	15.89	17.50	1.449	95.32	1.049	-0.01	0.300	0.456

**14.4 Product specific 10g SAR****<WLAN 5GHz SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0	Full	56	5280	16.89	17.50	1.151	95.32	1.049	0.05	0.228	0.275
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0	Full	56	5280	16.89	17.50	1.151	95.32	1.049	0.01	0.774	0.934
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	Full	56	5280	16.89	17.50	1.151	95.32	1.049	-0.09	0.193	0.233
33	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0	Full	56	5280	16.89	17.50	1.151	95.32	1.049	0.1	0.775	0.936
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0	Full	100	5500	16.60	17.50	1.230	95.32	1.049	-0.03	0.070	0.090
34	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Back	0	Full	100	5500	16.60	17.50	1.230	95.32	1.049	0.03	0.332	0.428
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Right Side	0	Full	100	5500	16.60	17.50	1.230	95.32	1.049	-0.06	0.109	0.141
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Top Side	0	Full	100	5500	16.60	17.50	1.230	95.32	1.049	0.01	0.224	0.289

**14.5 Repeated SAR Measurement****<1g SAR>**

No.	Band	Mode	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Mode	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	LTE Band 41		20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Cheek	0	Reduced	41140	2645	20.84	21.00	1.038	62.9	1.006	0.07	1.100	1	1.148
2nd	LTE Band 41		20M	QPSK	1	99	Right Cheek	0	Reduced	41140	2645	20.84	21.00	1.038	62.9	1.006	0.06	1.090	1.009	1.138
1st	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	-	-	-	-	Bottom Side	10	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112		1.000	-0.07	0.976	1	1.085
2nd	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	-	-	-	-	Bottom Side	10	Full	512	1850.2	28.04	28.50	1.112		1.000	0.03	0.961	1.016	1.068

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45\text{W/kg}$, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Product Specific
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes		Yes
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9.	GSM Voice + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
10.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
11.	WCDMA + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
12.	LTE + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
13.	GSM Voice + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
14.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
15.	WCDMA + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
16.	LTE + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
17.	Bluetooth + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
18.	Bluetooth + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
19.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
20.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
21.	WCDMA + Bluetooth + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
22.	LTE + Bluetooth + WLAN5.2/5.8GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
23.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
24.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
25.	WCDMA + Bluetooth + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes
26.	LTE + Bluetooth + WLAN5.3/5.5GHz	Yes	Yes		Yes

General Note:

- This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
- EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- This device WLAN/5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only).
- WLAN2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- For simultaneously analysis, since the SAR summation of 3 transmitters can cover others combination of 2 transmitters, therefore in this section did not additional to evaluate 2TX combination of simultaneously transmission.
- Chose the worse zoom scan SAR of WLAN2.4GHz WLAN SAR respectively for co-located with WWAN analysis.
- The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.419	0.372	0.412	0.027	0.79	0.86
		Right Tilted	0.241	0.259	0.478	0.024	0.50	0.74
		Left Cheek	0.486	0.778	0.449	0.207	1.26	1.14
		Left Tilted	0.356	0.648	0.527	0.065	1.00	0.95
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.290	0.372	0.412	0.027	0.66	0.73
		Right Tilted	0.201	0.259	0.478	0.024	0.46	0.70
		Left Cheek	0.301	0.778	0.449	0.207	1.08	0.96
		Left Tilted	0.243	0.648	0.527	0.065	0.89	0.84
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.206	0.372	0.412	0.027	0.58	0.65
		Right Tilted	0.114	0.259	0.478	0.024	0.37	0.62
		Left Cheek	0.223	0.778	0.449	0.207	1.00	0.88
		Left Tilted	0.109	0.648	0.527	0.065	0.76	0.70
LTE	Band 5	Right Cheek	0.169	0.372	0.412	0.027	0.54	0.61
		Right Tilted	0.104	0.259	0.478	0.024	0.36	0.61
		Left Cheek	0.182	0.778	0.449	0.207	0.96	0.84
		Left Tilted	0.092	0.648	0.527	0.065	0.74	0.68
	Band 7	Right Cheek	1.141	0.372	0.412	0.027	1.51	1.58
		Right Tilted	0.867	0.259	0.478	0.024	1.13	1.37
		Left Cheek	0.307	0.778	0.449	0.207	1.09	0.96
		Left Tilted	0.295	0.648	0.527	0.065	0.94	0.89
	Band 41	Right Cheek	1.148	0.372	0.412	0.027	1.52	1.59
		Right Tilted	0.863	0.259	0.478	0.024	1.12	1.37
		Left Cheek	0.365	0.778	0.449	0.207	1.14	1.02
		Left Tilted	0.306	0.648	0.527	0.065	0.95	0.90

15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.342	0.366	0.090	0.012	0.71	0.44
		Back	0.470	0.366	0.507	0.028	0.84	1.01
		Left side	0.535				0.54	0.54
		Right side	0.460	0.366	0.188	0.018	0.83	0.67
		Top side		0.366	0.299	0.011	0.37	0.31
		Bottom side	0.119				0.12	0.12
	GSM1900	Front	0.548	0.366	0.090	0.012	0.91	0.65
		Back	0.666	0.366	0.507	0.028	1.03	1.20
		Left side	0.331				0.33	0.33
		Right side	0.332	0.366	0.188	0.018	0.70	0.54
		Top side		0.366	0.299	0.011	0.37	0.31
		Bottom side	1.085				1.09	1.09
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.206	0.366	0.090	0.012	0.57	0.31
		Back	0.249	0.366	0.507	0.028	0.62	0.78
		Left side	0.235				0.24	0.24
		Right side	0.232	0.366	0.188	0.018	0.60	0.44
		Top side		0.366	0.299	0.011	0.37	0.31
		Bottom side	0.062				0.06	0.06
LTE	Band 5	Front	0.157	0.366	0.090	0.012	0.52	0.26
		Back	0.220	0.366	0.507	0.028	0.59	0.76
		Left side	0.241				0.24	0.24
		Right side	0.207	0.366	0.188	0.018	0.57	0.41
		Top side		0.366	0.299	0.011	0.37	0.31
		Bottom side	0.047				0.05	0.05
	Band 7	Front	0.551	0.366	0.090	0.012	0.92	0.65
		Back	0.901	0.366	0.507	0.028	1.27	1.44
		Left side	0.859				0.86	0.86
		Right side		0.366	0.188	0.018	0.37	0.21
		Top side	0.246	0.366	0.299	0.011	0.61	0.56
		Bottom side					0.00	0.00
	Band 41	Front	0.324	0.366	0.090	0.012	0.69	0.43
		Back	0.562	0.366	0.507	0.028	0.93	1.10
		Left side	0.507				0.51	0.51
		Right side		0.366	0.188	0.018	0.37	0.21
		Top side	0.123	0.366	0.299	0.011	0.49	0.43

15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.342	0.366	0.105	0.012	0.71	0.46
		Back	0.470	0.366	0.494	0.028	0.84	0.99
	GSM1900	Front	0.548	0.366	0.105	0.012	0.91	0.67
		Back	0.666	0.366	0.494	0.028	1.03	1.19
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.206	0.366	0.105	0.012	0.57	0.32
		Back	0.249	0.366	0.494	0.028	0.62	0.77
LTE	Band 5	Front	0.157	0.366	0.105	0.012	0.52	0.27
		Back	0.220	0.366	0.494	0.028	0.59	0.74
	Band 7	Front	0.551	0.366	0.105	0.012	0.92	0.67
		Back	0.901	0.366	0.494	0.028	1.27	1.42
	Band 41	Front	0.324	0.366	0.105	0.012	0.69	0.44
		Back	0.562	0.366	0.494	0.028	0.93	1.08

Test Engineer : Nick Hu, Yuan Zhao, Jiaxing Chang, Yuankai Kong

16. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

17. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D05A v01r02, "Rel. 10 LTE SAR Test Guidance and KDB Inquiries", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [13] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_835MHz**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d151**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.921$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.541$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.11 W/kg

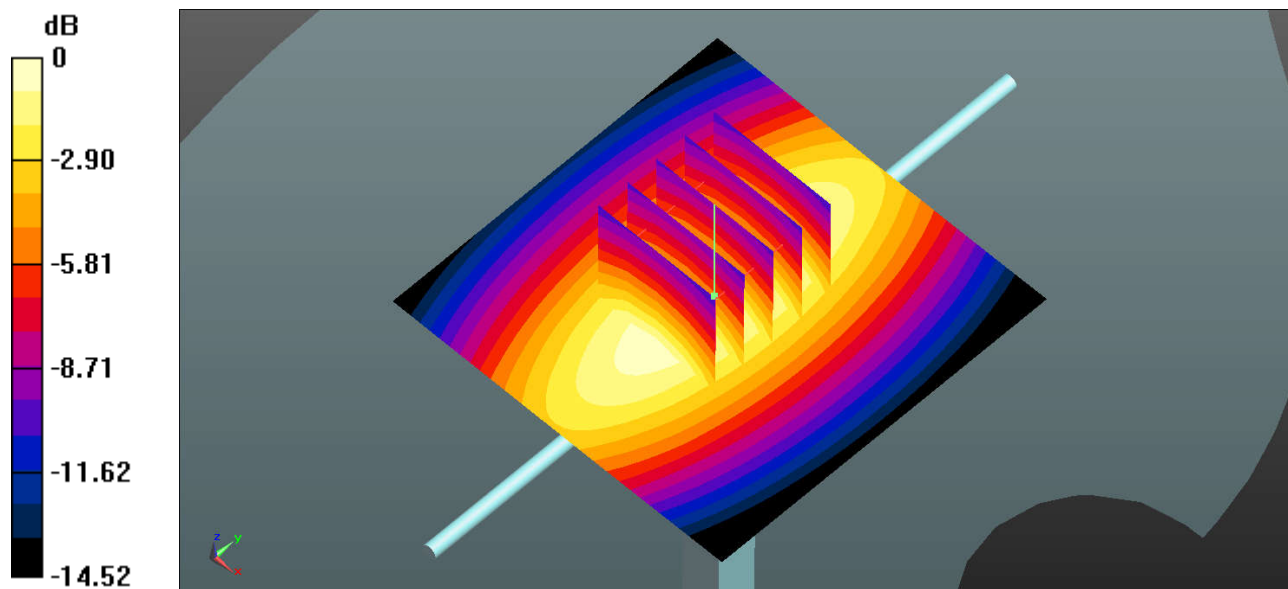
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.09 W/kg



0 dB = 3.09 W/kg = 4.90 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.434$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.047$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.5 W/kg

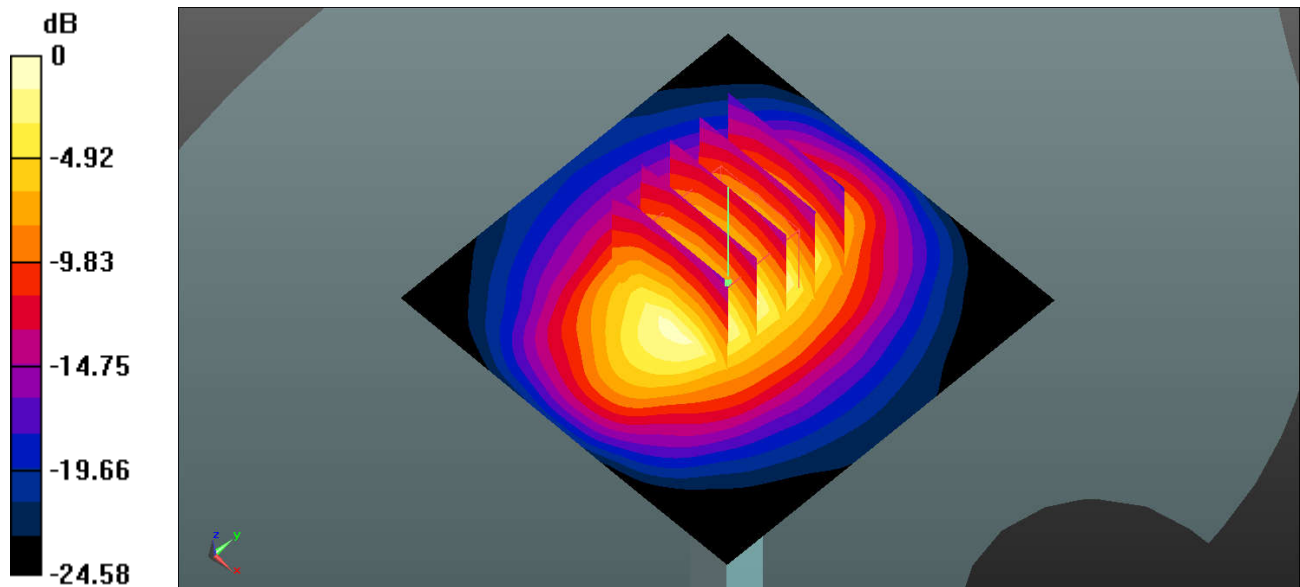
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.865$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.699$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.1 W/kg

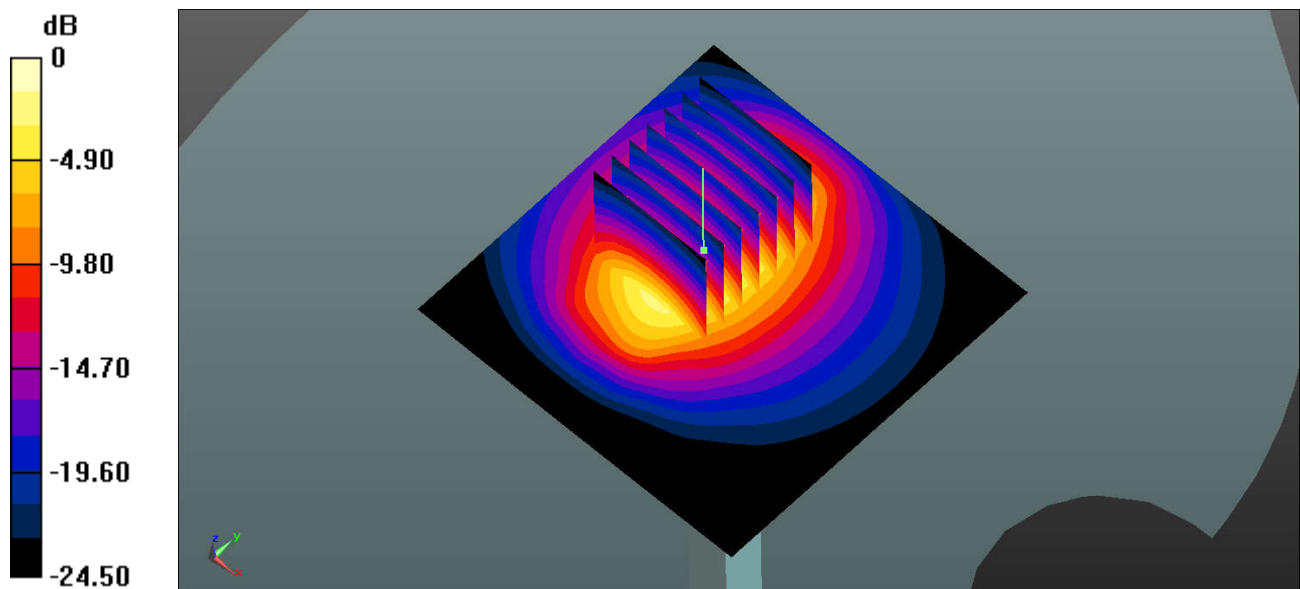
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.82 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg



0 dB = 20.2 W/kg = 13.05 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz**DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.051$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.12$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.3 W/kg

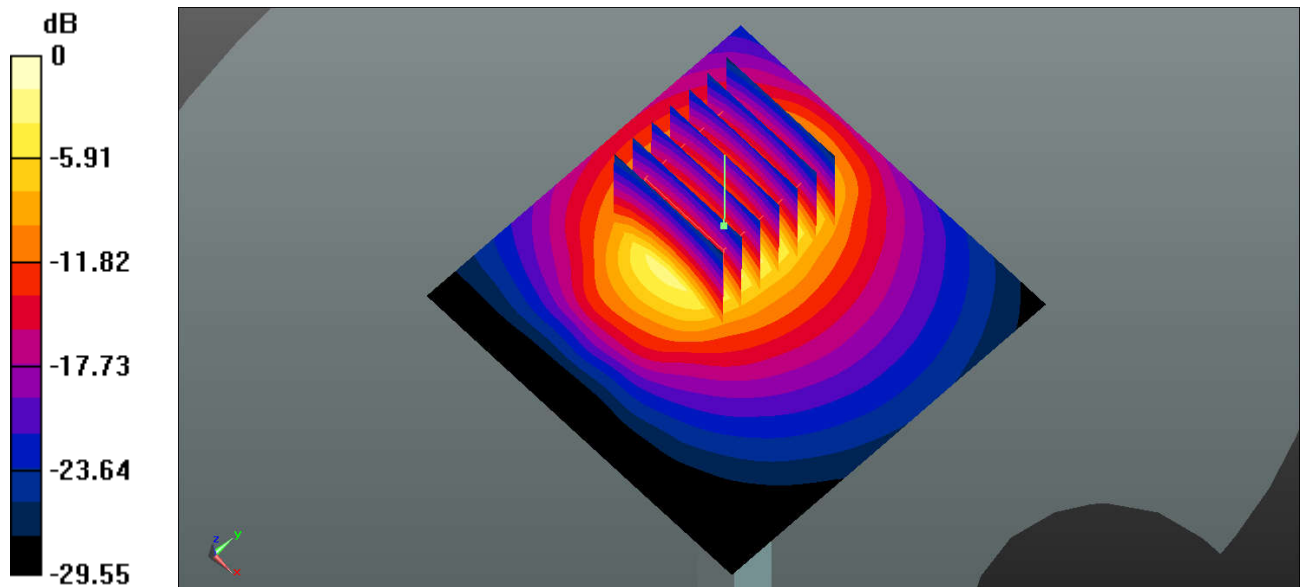
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.3 W/kg



0 dB = 23.3 W/kg = 13.67 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5250MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1006**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.605$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.722$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 2019.4.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 W/kg

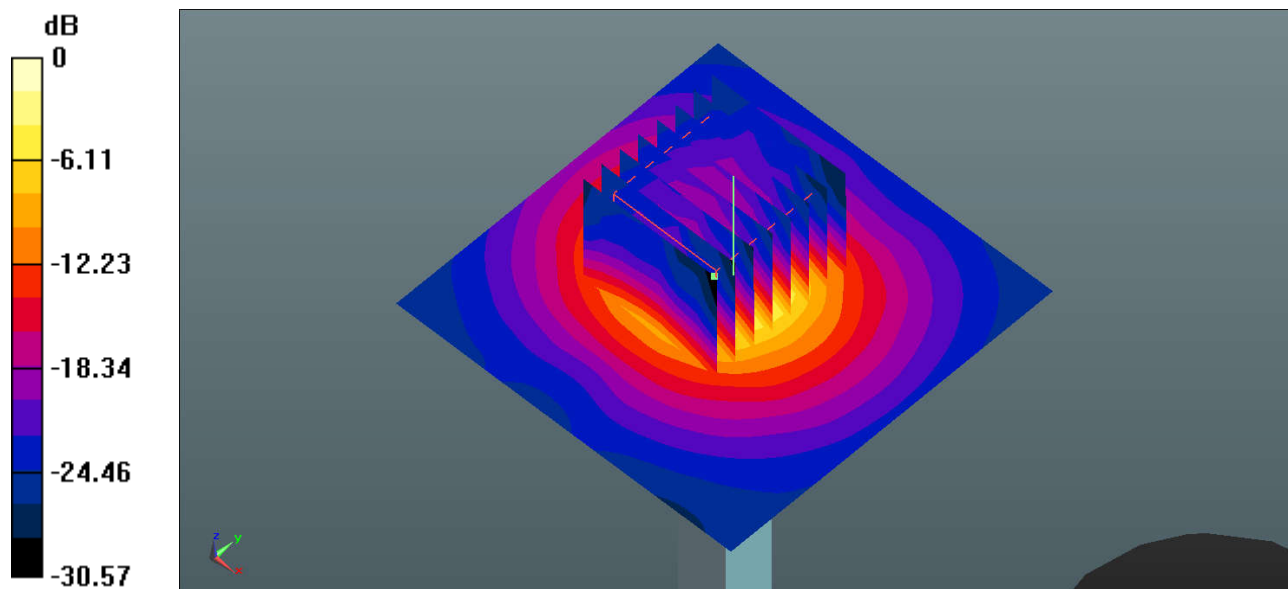
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 40.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg



0 dB = 18.0 W/kg = 12.55 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5600MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1006**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.007$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.936$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.51, 4.51, 4.51); Calibrated: 2019.4.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.8 W/kg

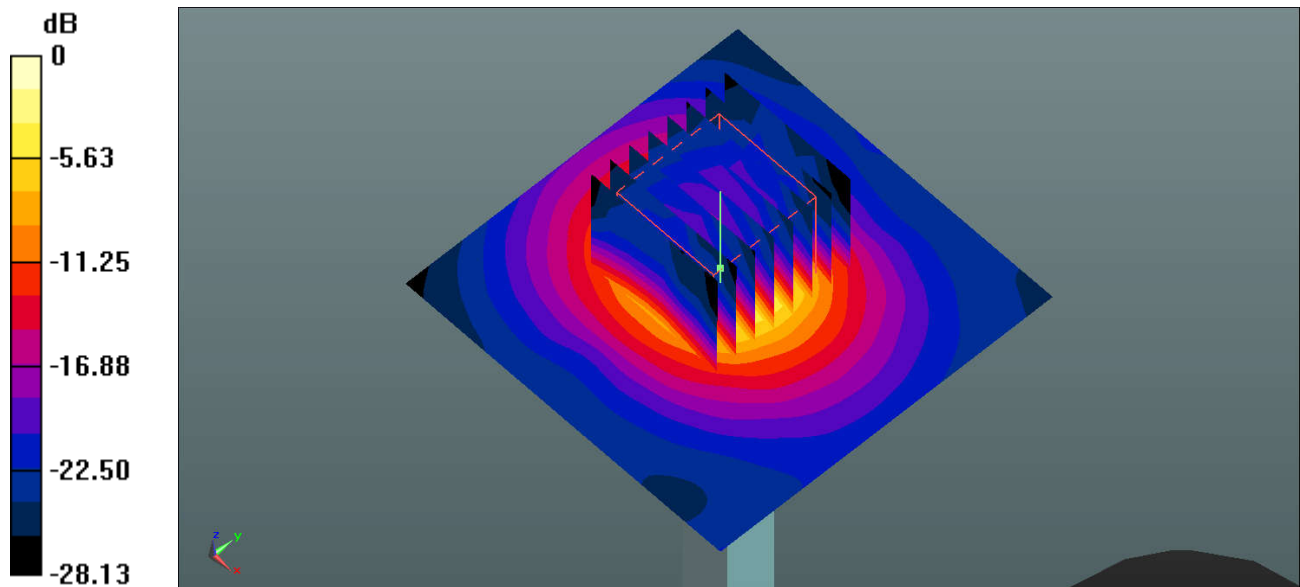
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 40.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg



0 dB = 19.8 W/kg = 12.97 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5750MHz**DUT: D5GHzV2-SN:1006**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.188$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.602$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 2019.4.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.2 W/kg

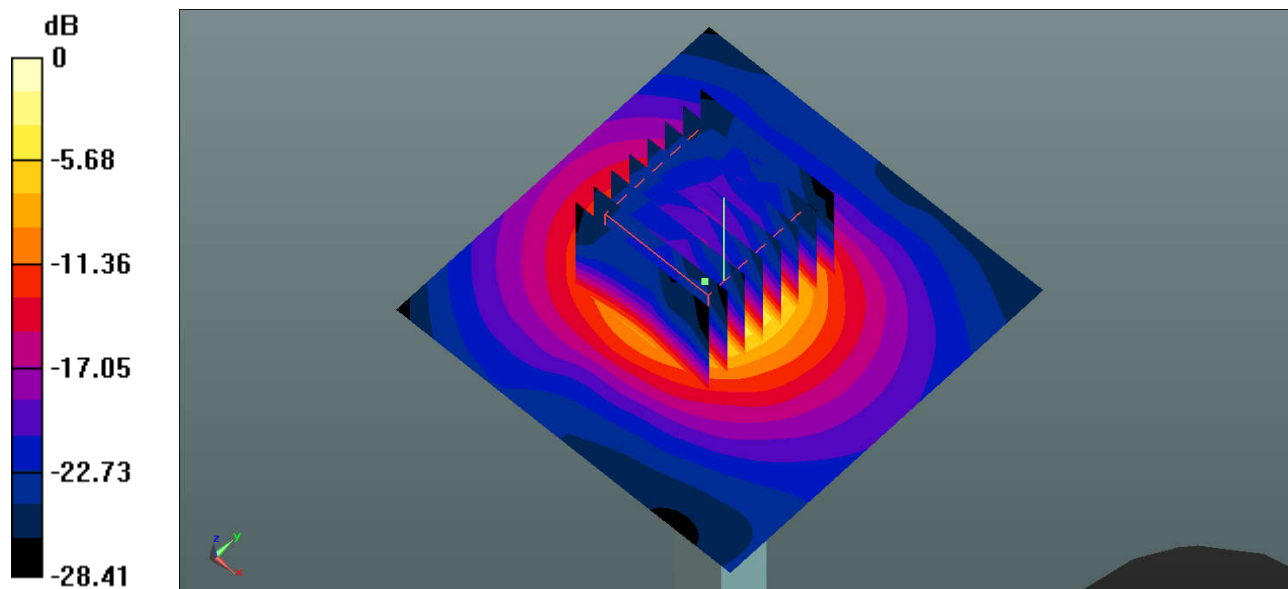
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 37.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg



0 dB = 18.7 W/kg = 12.72 dBW/kg



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_GSM850_GPRS 3 Tx slots_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850-3UP (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.935$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.389$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.437 W/kg

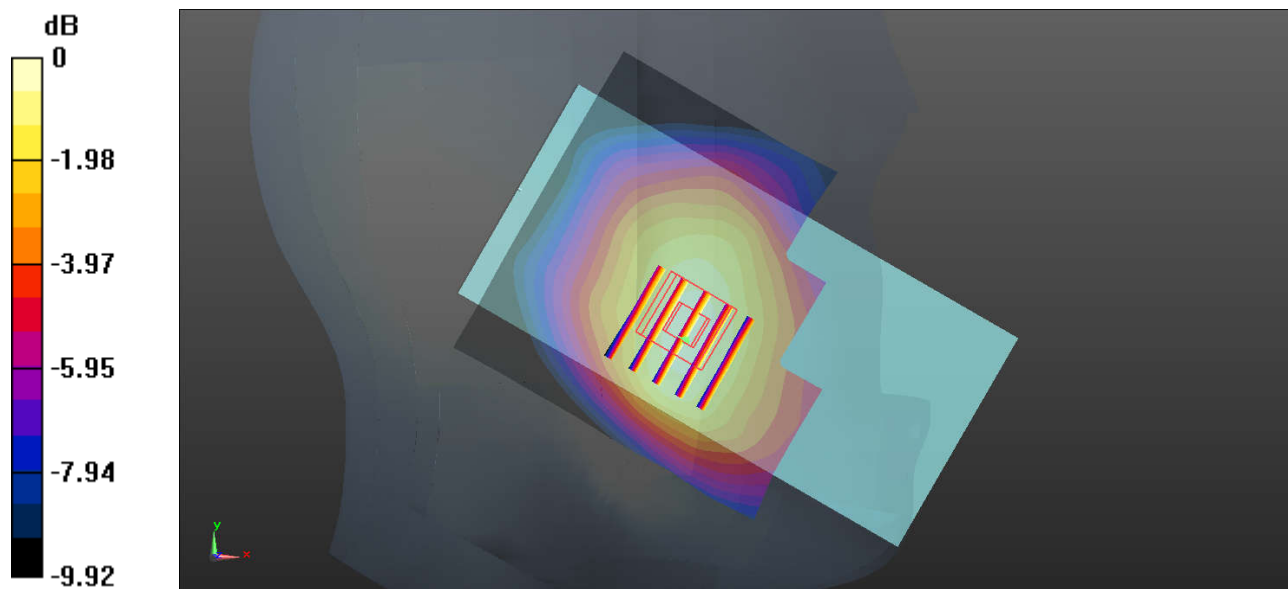
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.670 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.512 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.381 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.461 W/kg



0 dB = 0.461 W/kg = -3.36 dBW/kg

02_GSM1900_GPRS 3 Tx slots_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, PCS-3UP (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.385$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.262$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.384 W/kg

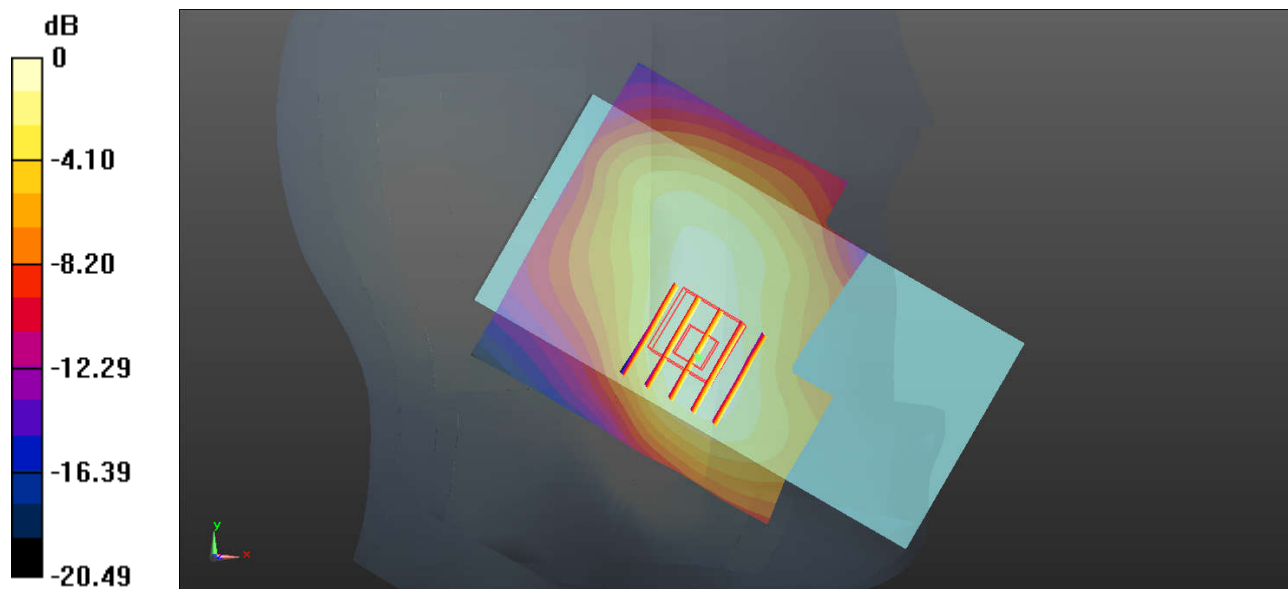
Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 4.218 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.409 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg



0 dB = 0.361 W/kg = -4.42 dBW/kg

03_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.933$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.407$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.249 W/kg

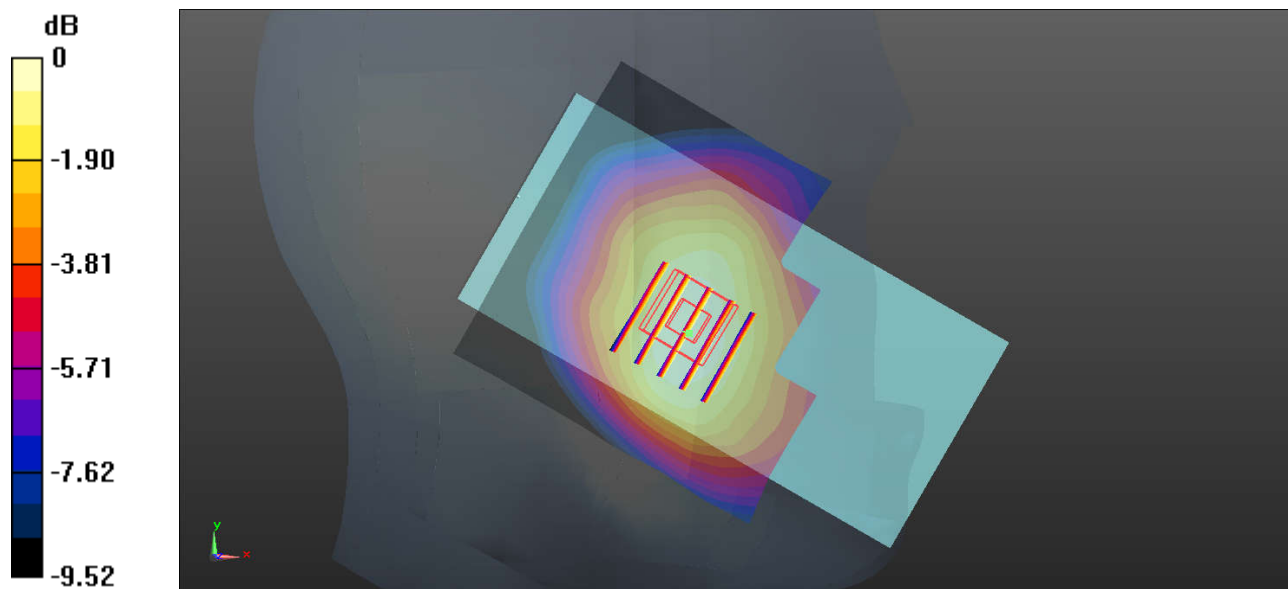
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.481 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.266 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.199 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.242 W/kg



0 dB = 0.242 W/kg = -6.16 dBW/kg

04_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.526$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.210 W/kg

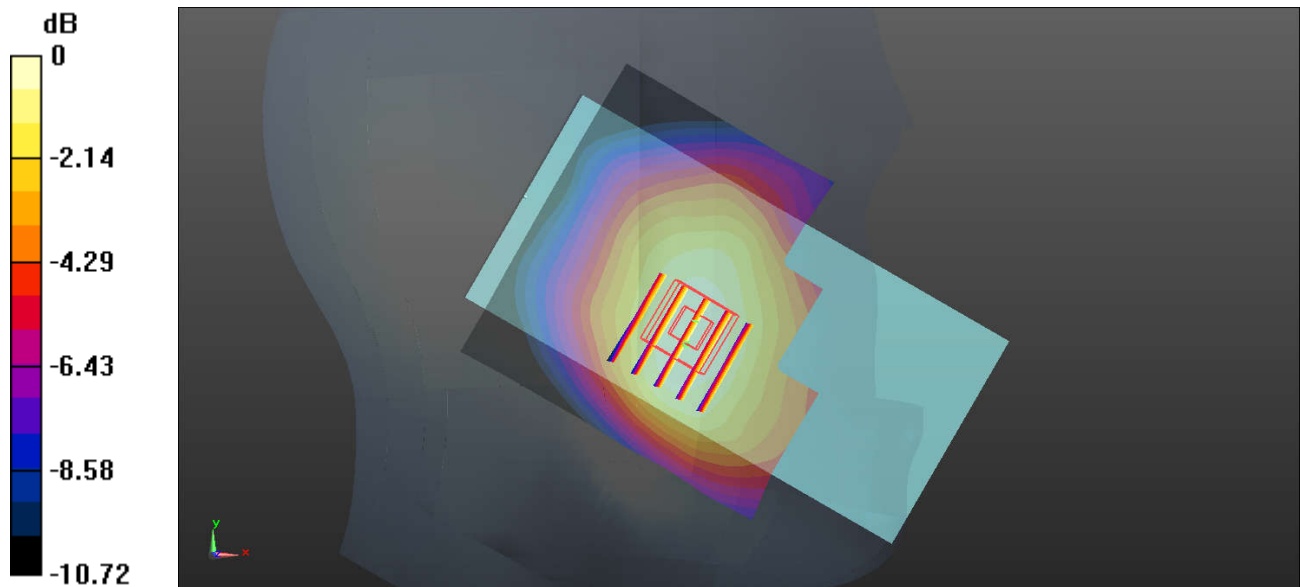
Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.605 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.203 W/kg



0 dB = 0.203 W/kg = -6.93 dBW/kg

05_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch21350

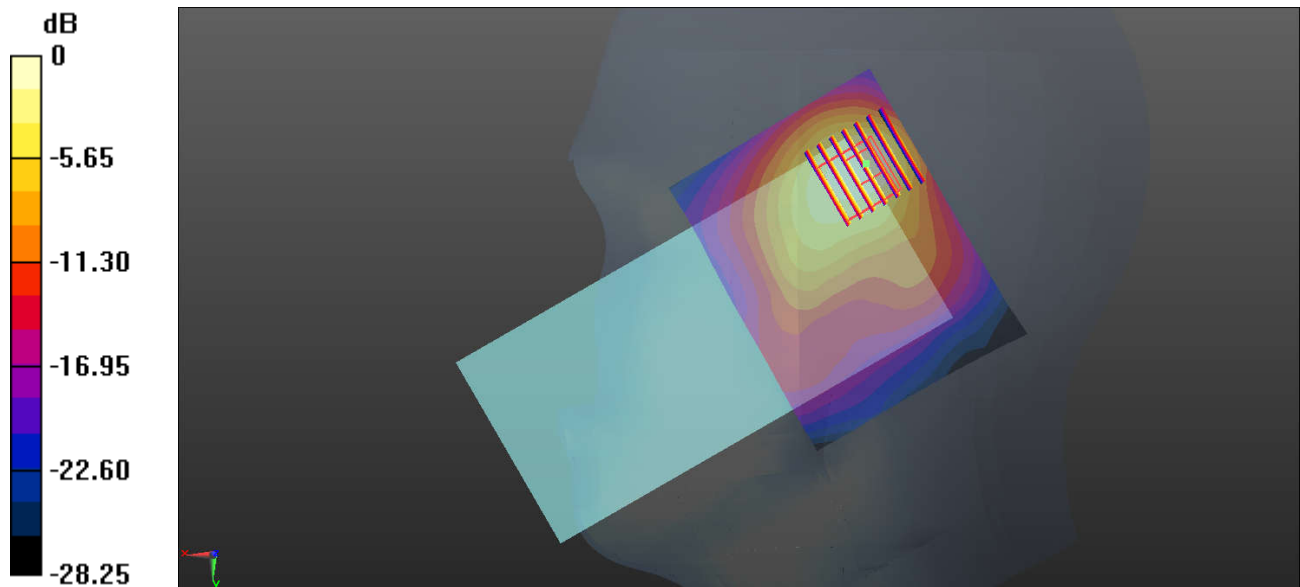
Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2560$ MHz; $\sigma = 2$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.296$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch21350/Area Scan (91x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.56 W/kg

Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.43 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.503 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg



0 dB = 1.41 W/kg = 1.49 dBW/kg

06_LTE Band 41_20M_QPSK_1RB_99Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch41140

Communication System: UID 0, TDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2645 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2645$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.106$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.954$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch41140/Area Scan (91x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.65 W/kg

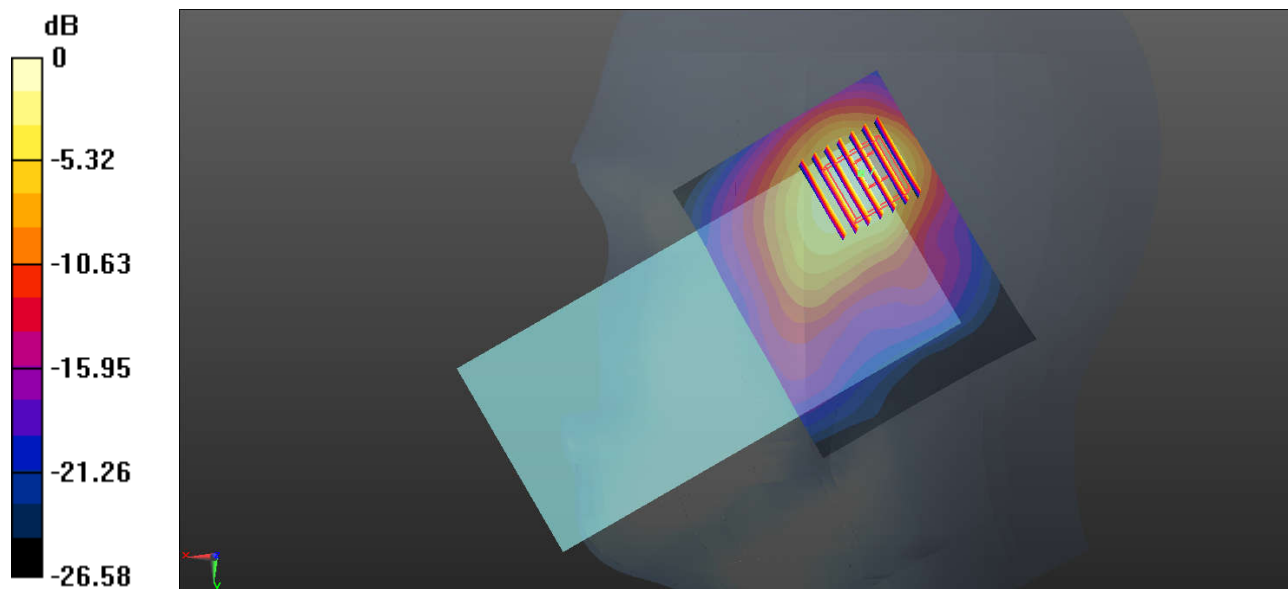
Ch41140/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.8570 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.526 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.51 W/kg



0 dB = 1.51 W/kg = 1.79 dBW/kg

07_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Left Cheek_Ant1_0mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.757$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch6/Area Scan (91x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg

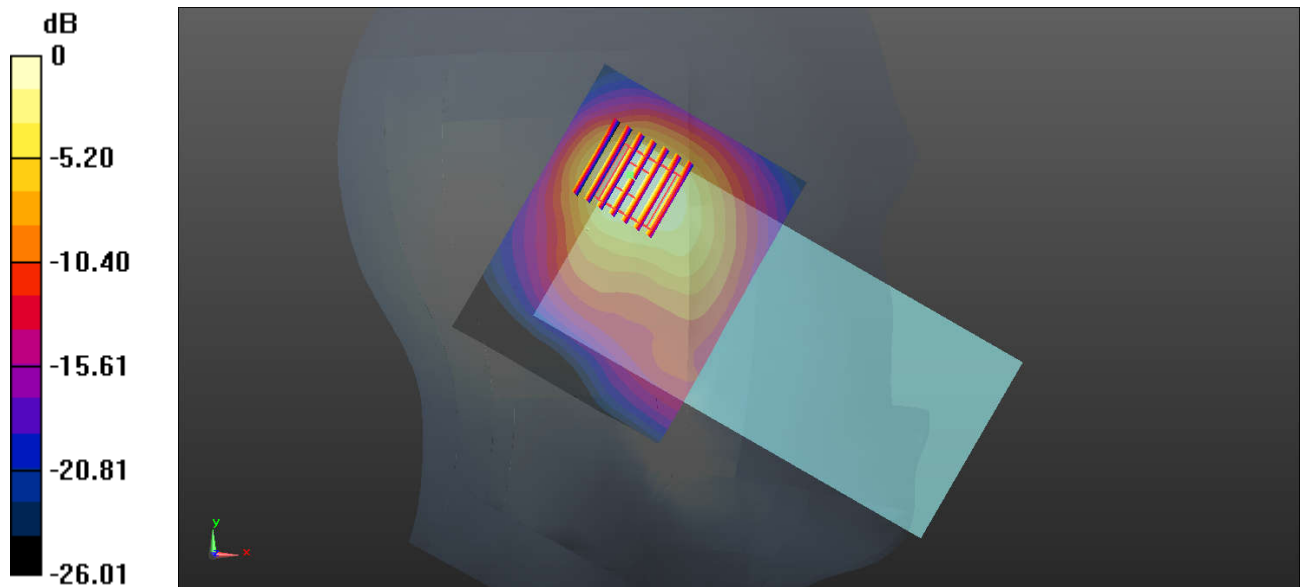
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.736 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.948 W/kg



0 dB = 0.948 W/kg = -0.23 dBW/kg

08_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch39

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.302

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2441$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.855$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.742$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch39/Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.246 W/kg

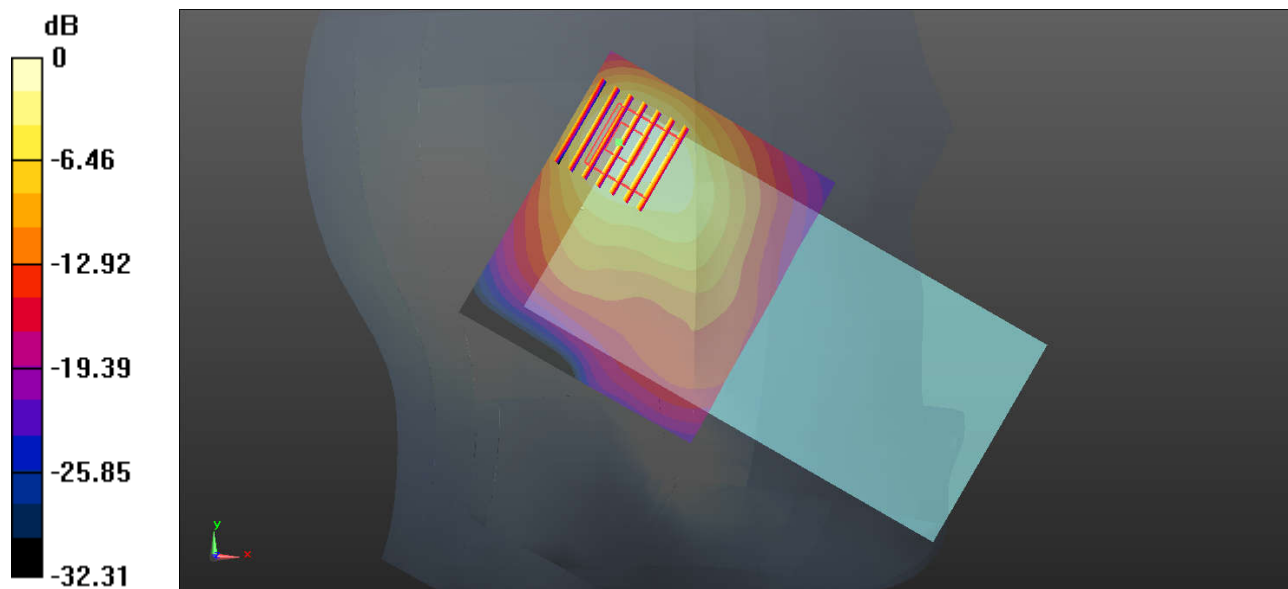
Ch39/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.538 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.406 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.174 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.230 W/kg



0 dB = 0.230 W/kg = -6.38 dBW/kg

09_WLAN5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Left Tilted_0mm_Ch56

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5280$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.632$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.643$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 2019.4.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch56/Area Scan (101x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

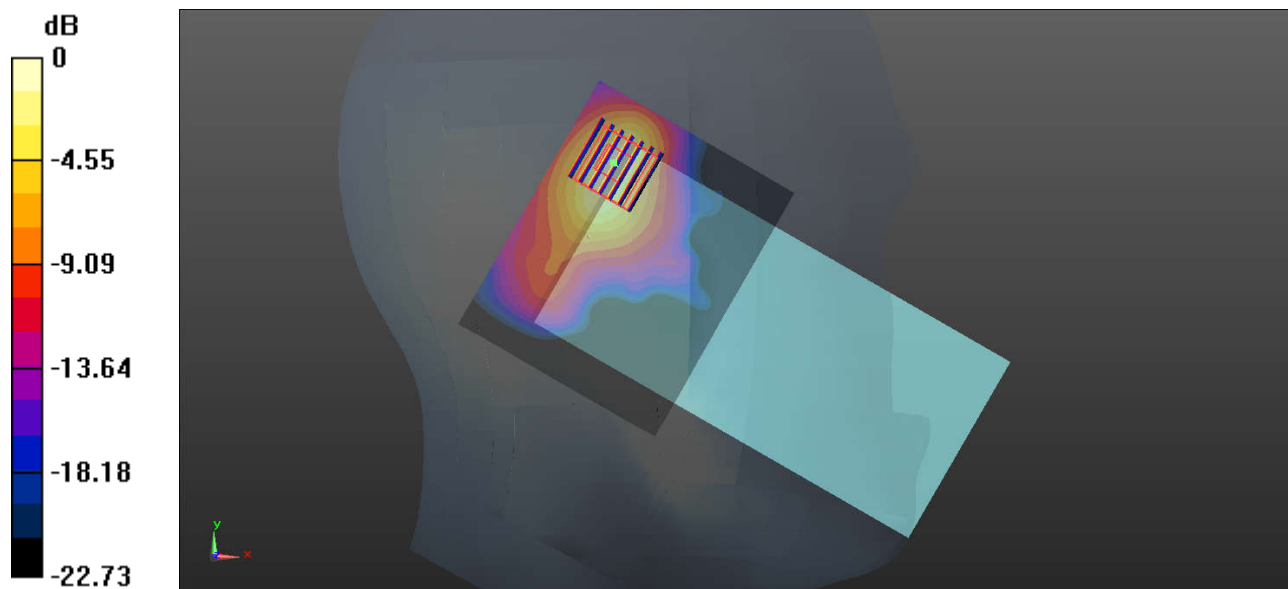
Ch56/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 7.501 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.436 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg



0 dB = 1.10 W/kg = 0.41 dBW/kg

10_WLAN5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Left Tilted_0mm_Ch100

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.886$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.148$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.51, 4.51, 4.51); Calibrated: 2019.4.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch100/Area Scan (101x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.500 W/kg

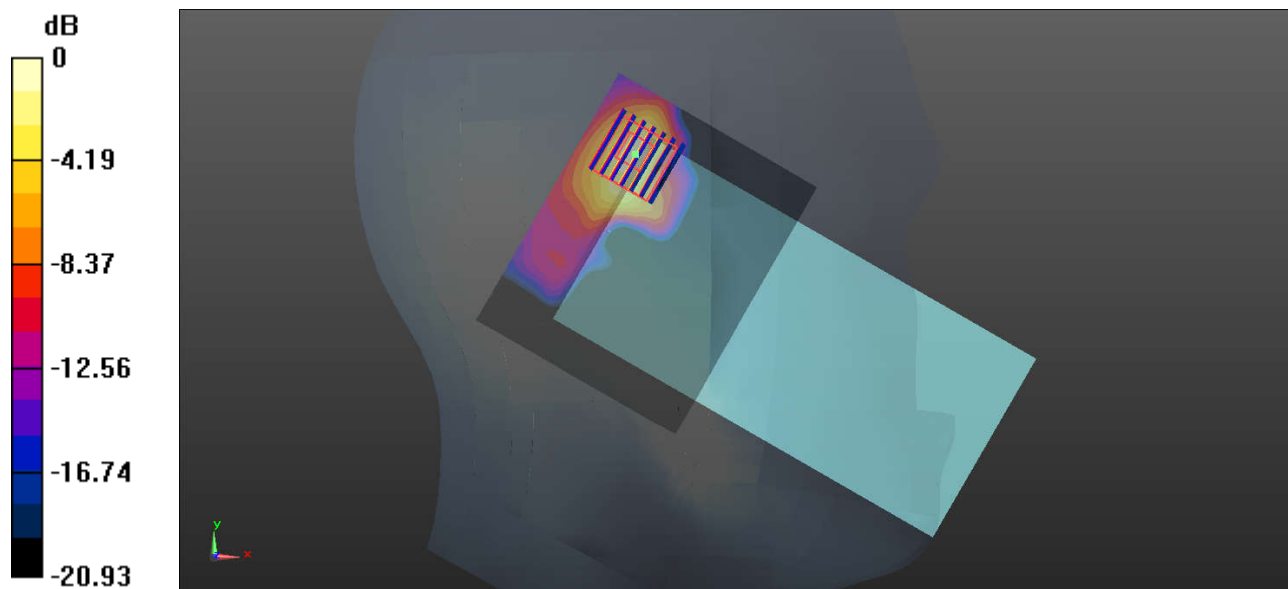
Ch100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 3.095 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.466 W/kg



0 dB = 0.466 W/kg = -3.32 dBW/kg

11_WLAN5GHz_802.11a 6Mbps_Left Tilted_0mm_Ch165

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.049

Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: $f = 5825$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.276$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.453$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 2019.4.25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch165/Area Scan (101x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.509 W/kg

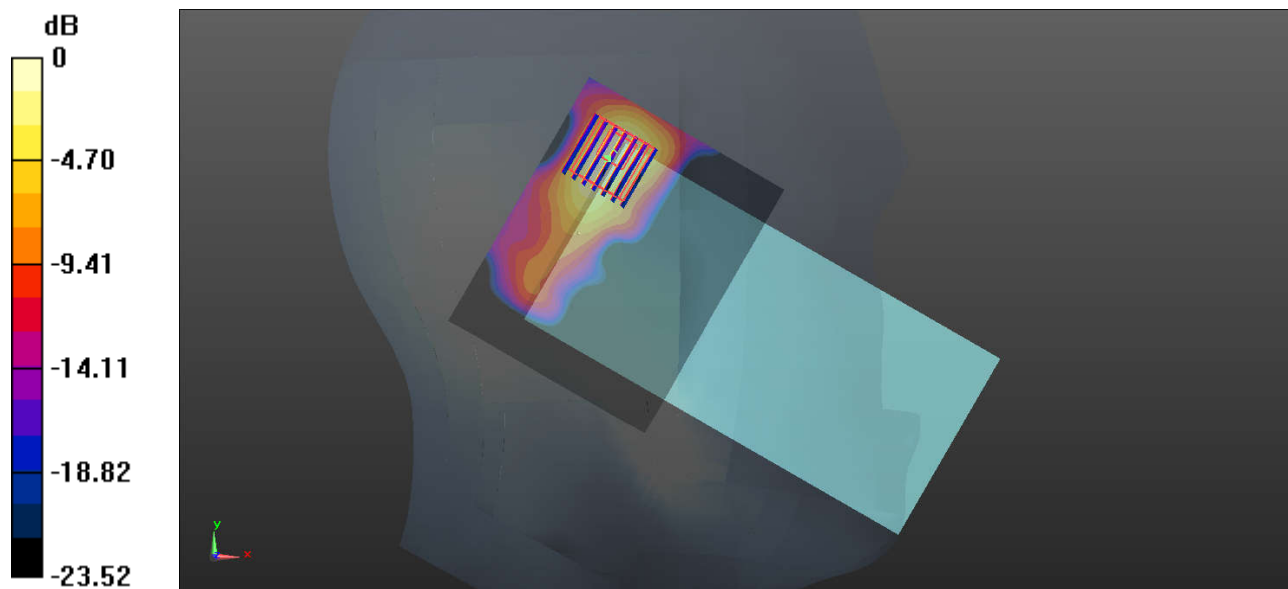
Ch165/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 4.107 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.801 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.183 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.491 W/kg



0 dB = 0.491 W/kg = -3.09 dBW/kg

12_GSM850_GPRS 3 Tx slots_Left Side_10mm_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850-3UP (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.935$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.389$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch251/Area Scan (41x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.483 W/kg

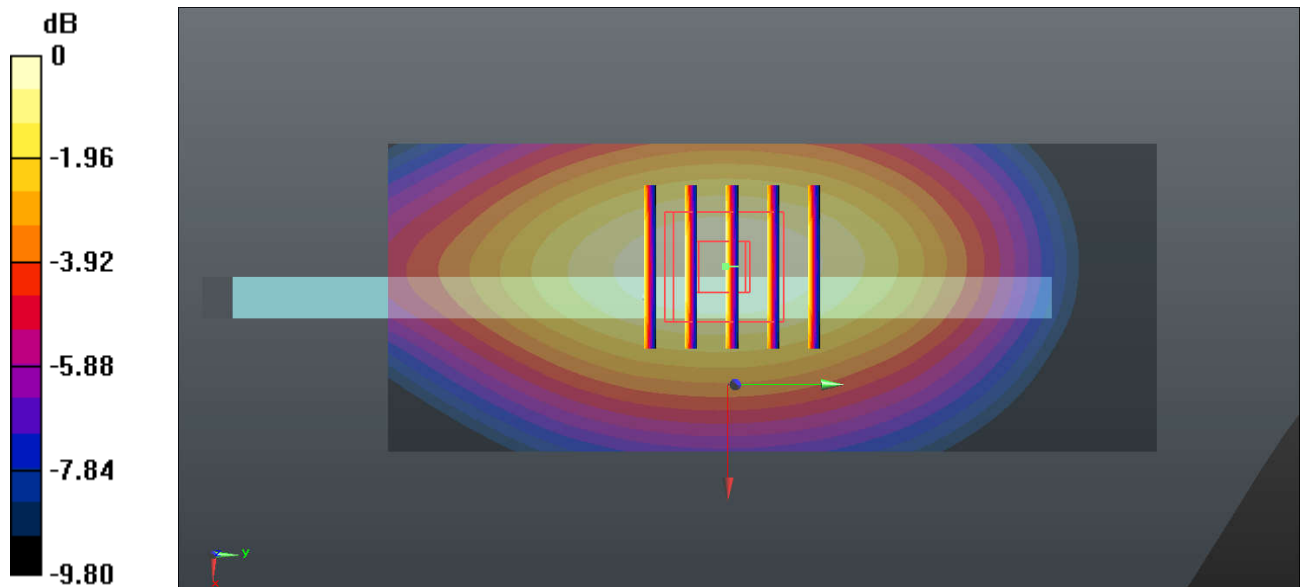
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.608 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.419 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.484 W/kg



0 dB = 0.484 W/kg = -3.15 dBW/kg

13_GSM1900_GPRS 3 Tx slots_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch512

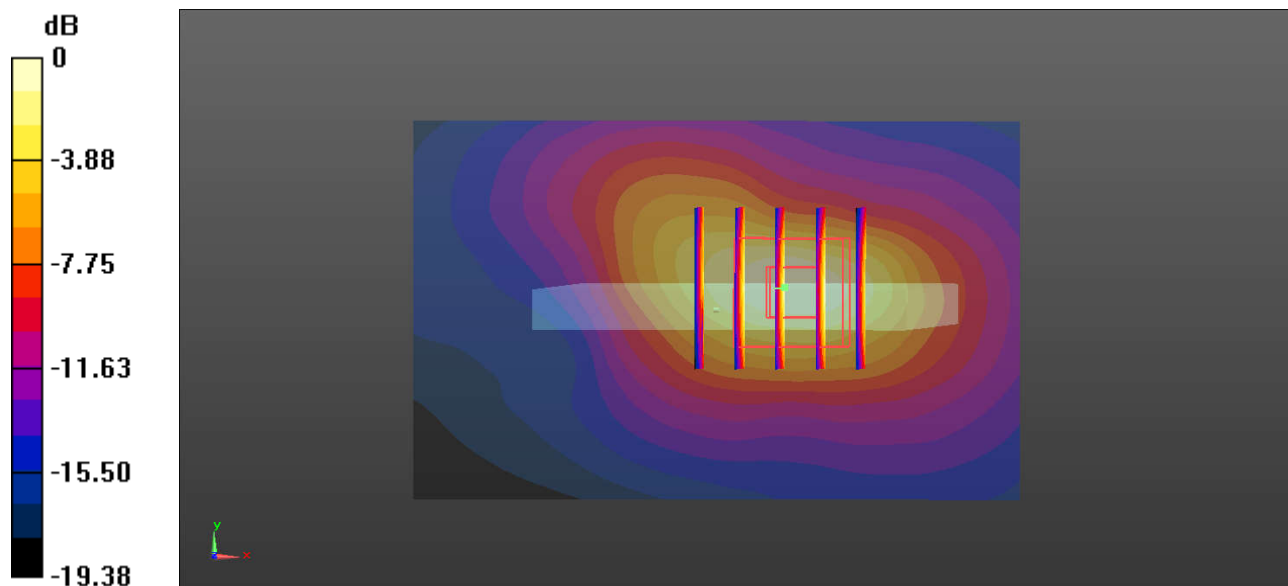
Communication System: UID 0, PCS-3UP (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.385$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.262$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch512/Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.83 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.976 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.496 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.224 W/kg



0 dB = 1.224 W/kg = 0.879 dBW/kg

14_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.933$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.407$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.274 W/kg

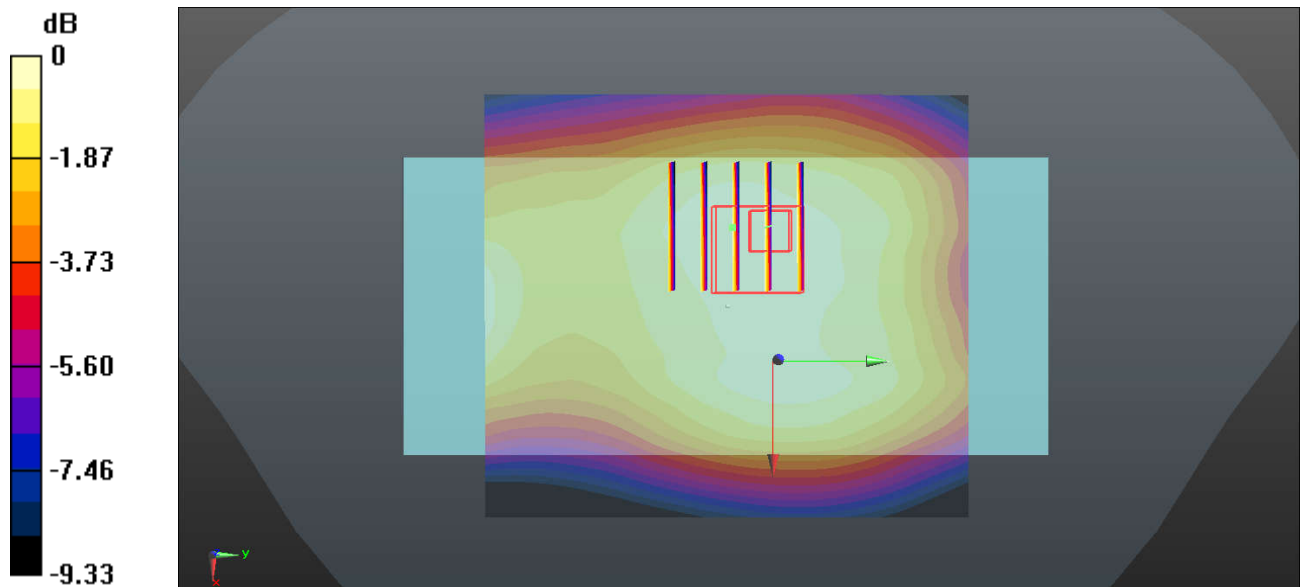
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.7380 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.299 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.222 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.277 W/kg



0 dB = 0.277 W/kg = -5.58 dBW/kg

15_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Left Side_10mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.526$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch20525/Area Scan (41x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.285 W/kg

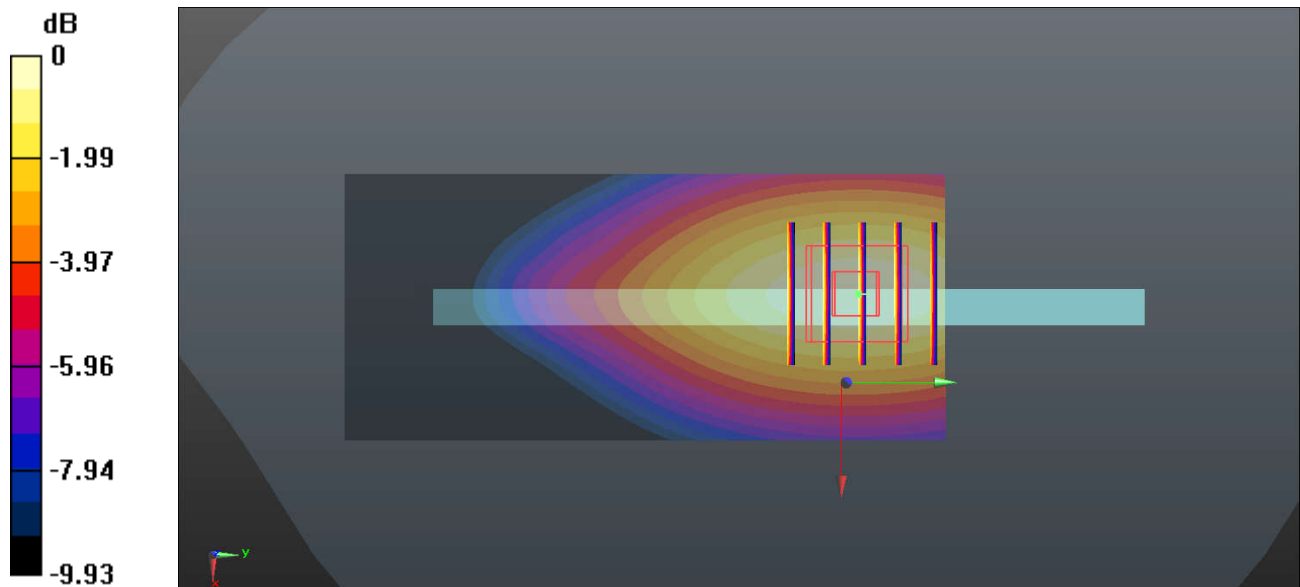
Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.305 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.324 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.221 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 W/kg



0 dB = 0.289 W/kg = -5.39 dBW/kg

16_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Back_10mm_Ch21350

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2560$ MHz; $\sigma = 2$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.296$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch21350/Area Scan (91x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.54 W/kg

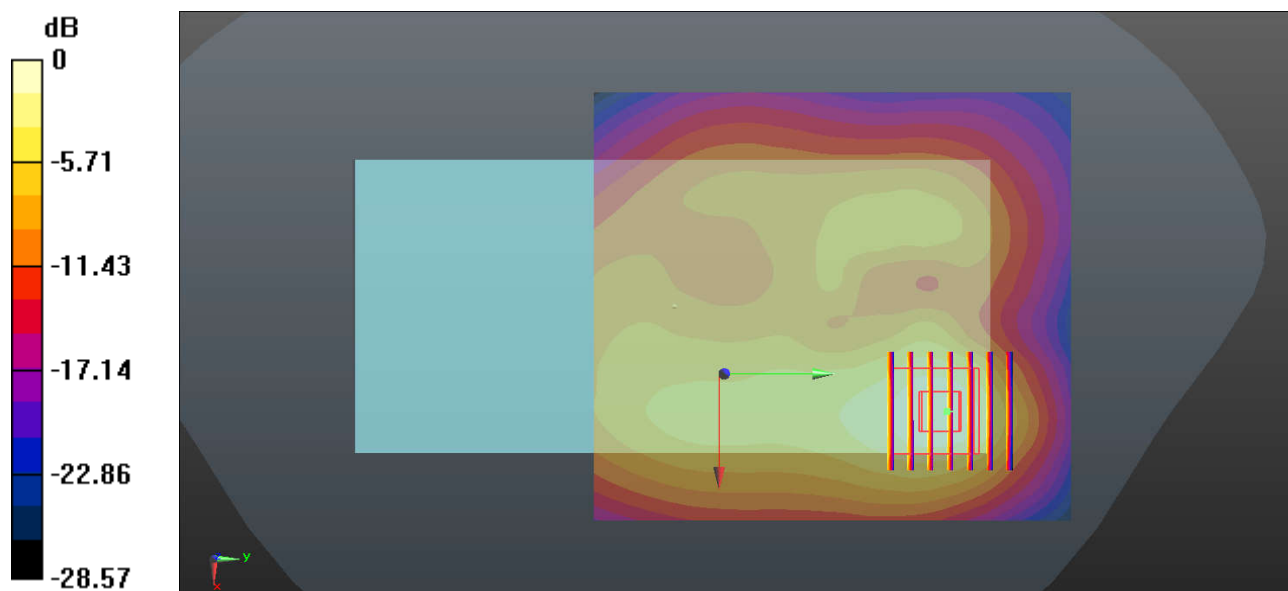
Ch21350/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.141 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.841 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.391 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 W/kg



0 dB = 1.46 W/kg = 1.64 dBW/kg

17_LTE Band 41_20M_QPSK_50RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch40670

Communication System: UID 0, TDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2598 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: $f = 2598$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.048$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.129$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch40670/Area Scan (91x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.860 W/kg

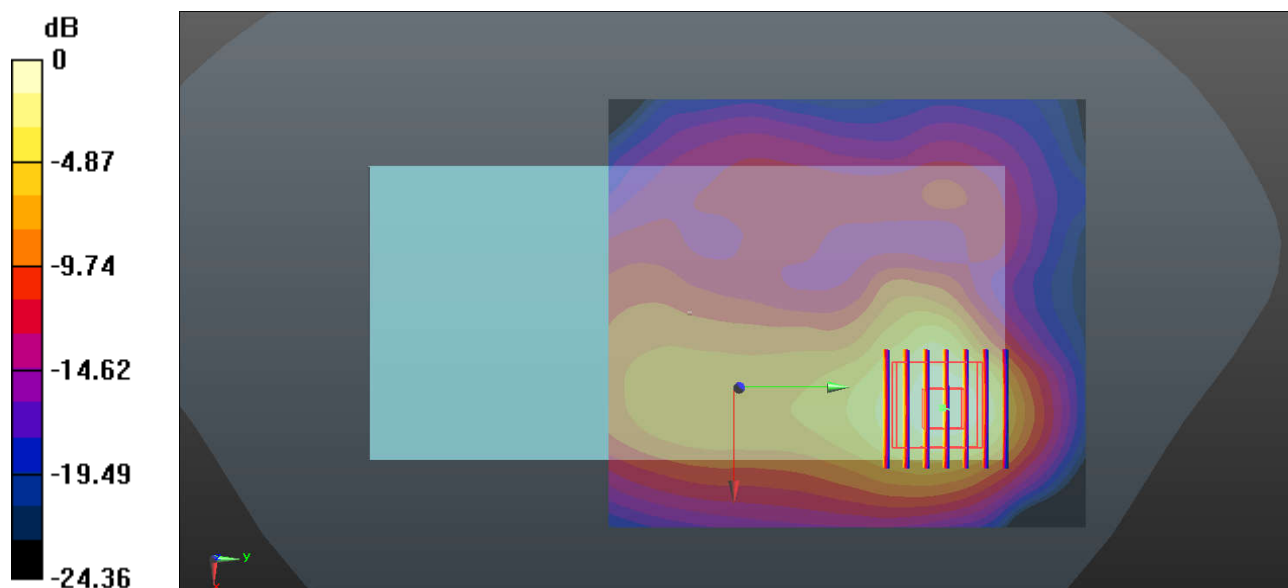
Ch40670/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.7460 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.520 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.888 W/kg



0 dB = 0.888 W/kg = -0.52 dBW/kg

18_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.757$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.455 W/kg

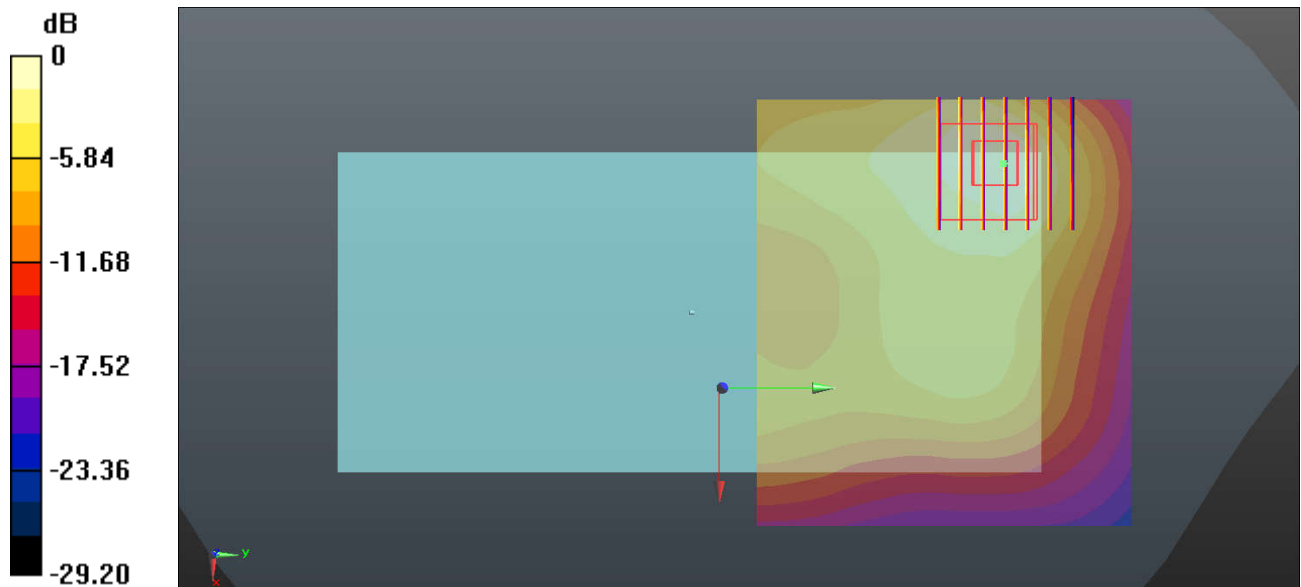
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.149 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.770 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.349 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.465 W/kg



0 dB = 0.465 W/kg = -3.33 dBW/kg

19_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch39

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.302

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: $f = 2441$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.855$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.742$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3279; ConvF(4.77, 4.77, 4.77); Calibrated: 2019.3.4;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2019.1.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch39/Area Scan (81x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0277 W/kg

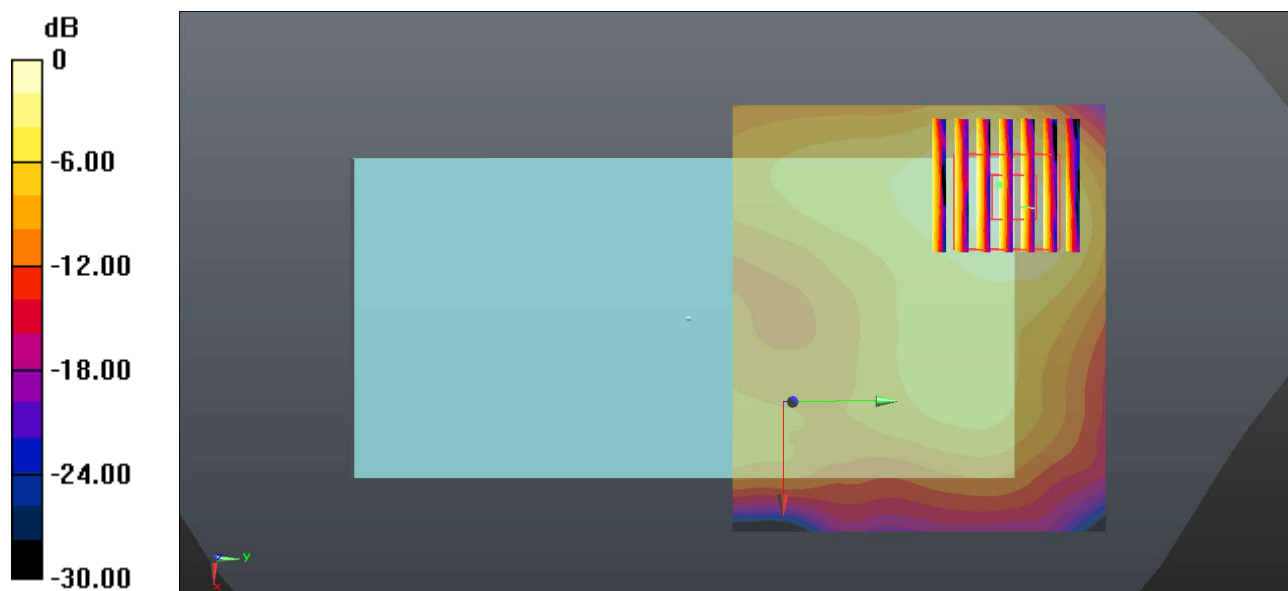
Ch39/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.618 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0540 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.024 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0312 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0312 W/kg = -15.06 dBW/kg