





# FCC PART 15C TEST REPORT

## No. I21Z60861-IOT01

for

TCL Communication Ltd.

Tablet PC

Model Name: 9198S

FCC ID: 2ACCJB155

with

Hardware Version: 03

Software Version: 2C61

Issued Date: 2021-9-9

#### Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the U.S.Government.

Test Laboratory:

### CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

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### **REPORT HISTORY**

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
I21Z60861-IOT01	Rev.0	1st edition	2021-7-14
I21Z60861-IOT01	Rev.1	Add test plots in "Peak	2021-9-9
		Output Power"	





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### 1. Test Laboratory

### 1.1. Introduction & Accreditation

**Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT** is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 accredited test laboratory under NATIONAL VOLUNTARY LABORATORY ACCREDITATION PROGRAM (NVLAP) with lab code 600118-0, and is also an FCC accredited test laboratory (CN5017), and ISED accredited test laboratory (ISED#: 24849). The detail accreditation scope can be found on NVLAP website.

### 1.2. Testing Location

Conducted testing Location: CTTL(huayuan North Road)

Address: No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China100191

Radiated testing Location: CTTL(huayuan North Road)

Address:

No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China100191





### 1.3. Testing Environment

Normal Temperature:	<b>15-35</b> ℃
Relative Humidity:	20-75%

### 1.4. Project data

Testing Start Date:	2021-5-13
Testing End Date:	2021-7-14

### 1.5. Signature

>

Wu Le (Prepared this test report)



Sun Zhenyu (Reviewed this test report)

Zhu Liang (Approved this test report)





### 2. <u>Client Information</u>

### 2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
Address /Post:	5/F, Building 22E, 22 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science
Audress / Fost.	Park, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong
City:	Hong Kong
Postal Code:	1
Country:	China
Telephone:	0086-755-36611722
Fax:	0086-755-36612000-81722

### 2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCL Communication Ltd.
Address /Post:	5/F, Building 22E, 22 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science
Audress / Fost.	Park, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong
City:	Hong Kong
Postal Code:	1
Country:	China
Telephone:	0086-755-36611722
Fax:	0086-755-36612000-81722





### 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

### 3.1. About EUT

Description	Tablet PC
Model Name	9198S
FCC ID	2ACCJB155
Frequency Band	ISM 2400MHz~2483.5MHz
Type of Modulation	GFSK/π/4 DQPSK/8DPSK
Number of Channels	79
Power Supply	3.85V DC by Battery
Antenna gain	0.29dBi

### 3.2. Internal Identification of EUT

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	<b>HW Version</b>	SW Version	Date of receipt
EUT45	358861400001957	03	2C61	2021-05-25
EUT23	358861400001320	03	2C61	2021-05-13

\*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

### 3.3. Internal Identification of AE

•••••		••••	
AE ID*	Description		
AE1	Charger	/	/
AE2	Cable	/	/
AE1			
Model		QC13US	
Manufacture	r	BYD	
Length of ca	ble	1	
AE2			

Туре	/
Manufacturer	/
Length of cable	0.8 meter

\*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

### 3.4. Normal Accessory setting

Fully charged battery should be used during the test.

### 3.5. General Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of Tablet PC with integrated antenna. It consists of normal options: lithium battery, charger. Manual and specifications of the EUT were provided to fulfill the test. Samples undergoing test were selected by the Client.





### 4. <u>Reference Documents</u>

### 4.1. Documents supplied by applicant

EUT parameters, referring to Annex A for detailed information, is supplied by the client or manufacturer, which is the basis of testing.

### 4.2. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
	FCC CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C:	
	15.205 Restricted bands of operation;	
FCC Part15	15.209 Radiated emission limits, general requirements;	2018
	15.247 Operation within the bands 902–928MHz,	
	2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz.	
	American National Standard of Procedures for	lupa 2012
ANSI C63.10	Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices	June,2013





### 5. <u>Test Results</u>

### 5.1. Summary of Test Results

Abbreviations used in this clause:

- **P** Pass, The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.
- F Fail, The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard
- NA Not Applicable, The test was not applicable
- NP Not Performed, The test was not performed by CTTL

SUMMARY OF MEASUREMENT RESULTS	Sub-clause	Verdict
Peak Output Power	15.247 (b)(1)	Р
Frequency Band Edges- Conducted	15.247 (d)	Р
Frequency Band Edges- Radiated	15.247, 15.205, 15.209	Р
Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted	15.247 (d)	Р
Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated	15.247, 15.205, 15.209	Р
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	15.247 (a) (1)(iii)	Р
20dB Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(1)	NA
Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247 (a)(1)	Р
Number of hopping channels	15.247 (a)(b)(iii)	Р
AC Powerline Conducted Emission	15.107, 15.207	Р

Please refer to **ANNEX A** for detail.

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

### 5.2. Statements

CTTL has evaluated the test cases requested by the applicant /manufacturer as listed in section 5.1 of this report for the EUT specified in section 3 according to the standards or reference documents listed in section 4.2





### 6. Test Facilities Utilized

### Conducted test system

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibratio n Period	Calibration Due date
1	Vector Signal Analyzer	FSQ26	100024	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2022-03-25
2	Bluetooth Tester	CBT	100315	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2021-12-16
3	LISN	ENV216	101459	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2022-03-16
4	Test Receiver	ESCI	100766	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2022-03-09
5	Shielding Room	S81	/	ETS-Lindgren	/	/

### Radiated emission test system

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Period	Calibration Due date
1	Test Receiver	ESU26	100235	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2022-02-23
2	BiLog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-483	Schwarzbeck	1 year	2021-08-27
3	Antenna	3115	6914	ETS-Lindgren	1 year	2022-02-03
4	LISN	ESH3-E5	825562/028	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2021-10-15
5	Test Receiver	ESCI	100344	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2022-02-23





### 7. <u>Measurement Uncertainty</u>

### 7.1. Peak Output Power - Conducted

### Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	0.66dB
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### 7.2. Frequency Band Edges - Conducted

### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	0.66dB
-------------------------------	--------

### 7.3. Frequency Band Edges - Radiated

### Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	1
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### 7.4. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted

### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Frequency Range	Uncertainty (k=2)
30 MHz ~ 8 GHz	1.22dB
8 GHz ~ 12.75 GHz	1.51dB
12.7GHz ~ 26 GHz	1.51dB

### 7.5. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated

### Measurement Uncertainty:

Frequency Range	Uncertainty(dBm) (k=2)
9kHz-30MHz	/
30MHz ≤ f ≤ 1GHz	5.40
1GHz ≤ f ≤18GHz	4.32
18GHz ≤ f ≤40GHz	5.26

### 7.6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

### Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	0.88ms
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### 7.7. 20dB Bandwidth

### **Measurement Uncertainty:**

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	61.936Hz
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### 7.8. Carrier Frequency Separation

### Measurement Uncertainty:

### 7.9. AC Powerline Conducted Emission

### Measurement Uncertainty:





### **ANNEX A: EUT parameters**

Disclaimer: The antenna gain provided by the client may affect the validity of the measurement results in this report, and the client shall bear the impact and consequences arising therefrom.





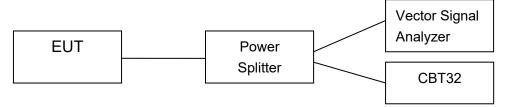
### ANNEX B: Detailed Test Results

### B.1. Measurement Method

### **B.1.1. Conducted Measurements**

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

- 1). Connect the EUT to the test system correctly.
- 2). Set the EUT to the required work mode (Transmitter, receiver or transmitter & receiver).
- 3). Set the EUT to the required channel.
- 4). Set the EUT hopping mode (hopping or hopping off).
- 5). Set the spectrum analyzer to start measurement.
- 6). Record the values. Vector Signal Analyzer



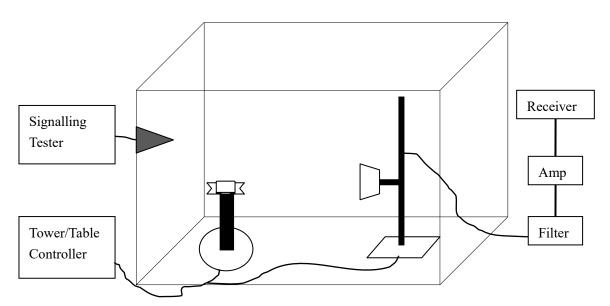
### **B.1.2. Radiated Emission Measurements**

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10

The radiated emission test is performed in semi-anechoic chamber. The distance from the EUT to the reference point of measurement antenna is 3m. The test is carried out on both vertical and horizontal polarization and only maximization result of both polarizations is kept. During the test, the turntable is rotated 360° and the measurement antenna is moved from 1m to 4m to get the maximization result.

In the case of radiated emission, the used settings are as follows,

Sweep frequency from 30 MHz to 1GHz, RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz; Sweep frequency from 1 GHz to 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz;







### B.2. Peak Output Power

### B.2.1. Peak Output Power - Conducted Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.5

a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span: 6MHz
- RBW: 3MHz
- VBW: 3MHz
- Sweep time: 2.5ms
- Detector function: peak
- Trace: max hold
- b) Allow trace to stabilize.
- c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- d) The indicated level is the peak output power.

### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limits		
ECC Det 15.247 (b)(1)	Bandwidth≤1MHz	30dBm (1W)	
FCC Part 15.247 (b)(1)	Bandwidth>1MHz	21dBm (125mW)	

### Measurement Results:

### For GFSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz		Ch 39 2441 MHz		Ch 78 2480 MHz		Conclusion
Peak Output Power -Conducted (dBm)	Fig.1	12.06	Fig.2	12.16	Fig.3	12.70	Р

### For π/4 DQPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz		Ch 39 2441 MHz		Ch 78 2480 MHz		Conclusion
Peak Output Power -Conducted (dBm)	Fig.4	11.61	Fig.5	11.80	Fig.6	12.44	Р

### For 8DPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz		Ch 39 2441 MHz		Ch 78 2480 MHz		Conclusion
Peak Output Power -Conducted (dBm)	Fig.7	11.87	Fig.8	12.10	Fig.9	12.62	Р

**Conclusion: PASS** 





### B.2.2. E.I.R.P.

### The radiated E.I.R.P. is listed below:

Antenna gain = 0.29dBi

### For GFSK

Channel	Ch 0	Ch 39	Ch 78	Conclusion	
Channel	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz	Conclusion	
E.I.R.P (dBm)	12.35	12.45	12.99	Р	
Forπ/4 DQPSK					
Channel	Ch 0	Ch 39	Ch 78	Conclusion	
Channel	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz	Conclusion	
E.I.R.P (dBm)	11.00	12.09	12.73	Р	
	11.90	12.09	12.75	•	

Channel	Ch 0	Ch 39	Ch 78	Conclusion
Charmer	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz	Conclusion
E.I.R.P (dBm)	12.16	12.39	12.91	Р

Note: E.I.R.P. are calculated with the antenna gain.

### Conclusion: PASS

### Test graphs as below



Fig.1. Peak Output Power -Conducted: GFSK, Channel 0,





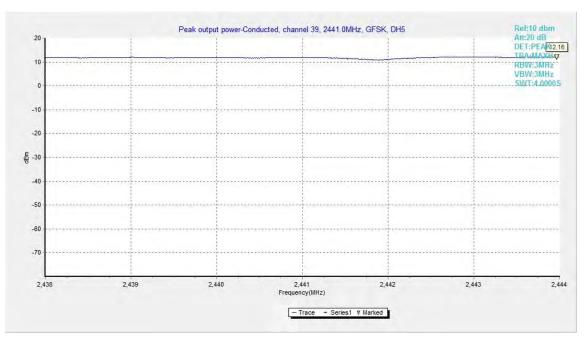


Fig.2. Peak Output Power -Conducted: GFSK, Channel 39,



Fig.3. Peak Output Power -Conducted: GFSK, Channel 78,





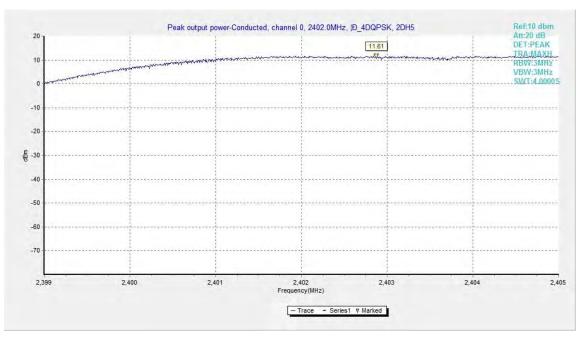


Fig.4. Peak Output Power -Conducted: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 0,

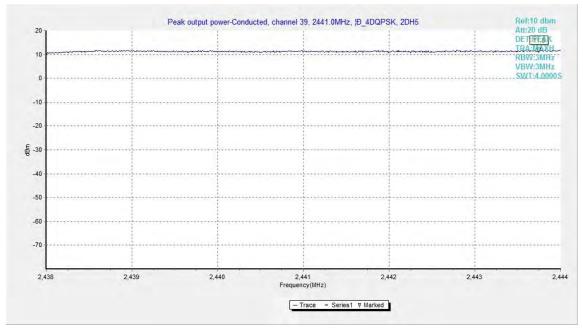


Fig.5. Peak Output Power -Conducted:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39,







Fig.6. Peak Output Power -Conducted: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 78,

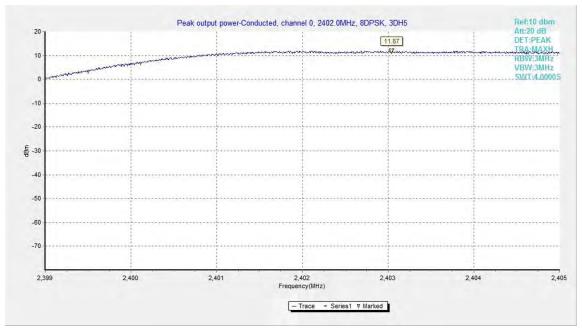


Fig.7. Peak Output Power -Conducted: 8DPSK, Channel 0,





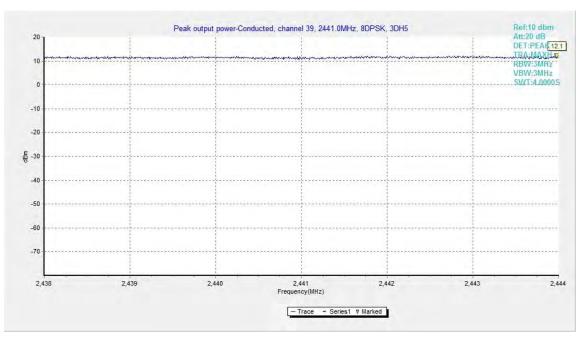


Fig.8. Peak Output Power -Conducted: 8DPSK, Channel 39,



Fig.9. Peak Output Power -Conducted: 8DPSK, Channel 78,





### B.3. Frequency Band Edges – Conducted

### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.6

Connect the spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described below (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).

- Span: 10 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth: 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth: 300 kHz
- Sweep Time:Auto
- Detector: Peak
- Trace: max hold

Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands. Save the spectrum analyzer plot. Repeat for each power and modulation for lowest and highest channel.

Observe the stored trace and measure the amplitude delta between the peak of the fundamental and the peak of the band-edge emission. This is not an absolute field strength measurement; it is only a relative measurement to determine the amount by which the emission drops at the band edge relative to the highest fundamental emission level.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit (dBc)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	< -20

### **Measurement Result:**

### For GFSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge	Power ( dBc)	Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.10	-57.24	Р
0	Hopping ON	Fig.11	-67.23	Р
78	Hopping OFF	Fig.12	-66.25	Р
10	Hopping ON	Fig.13	-67.42	Р

### For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge	Power ( dBc)	Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.14	-56.93	Р
0	Hopping ON	Fig.15	-67.42	Р
70	Hopping OFF	Fig.16	-65.65	Р
78	Hopping ON	Fig.17	-65.59	Р

#### For 8DPSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power ( dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.18	-61.44	Р
0	Hopping ON	Fig.19	-66.61	Р





78	Hopping OFF	Fig.20	-67.08	Р
70	Hopping ON	Fig.21	-69.93	Р

**Conclusion: PASS** 

Test graphs as below

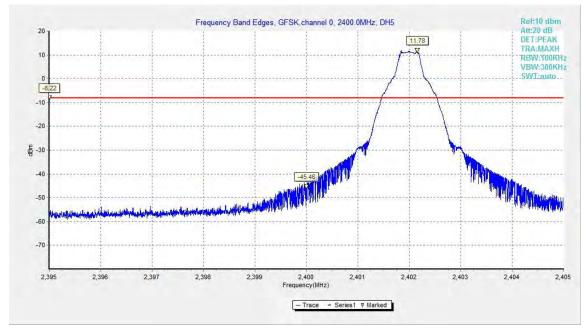


Fig.10. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off

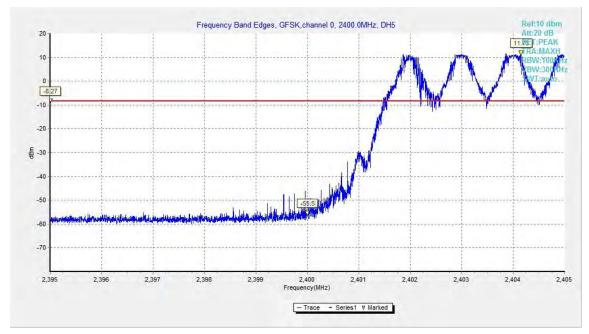


Fig.11. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping On





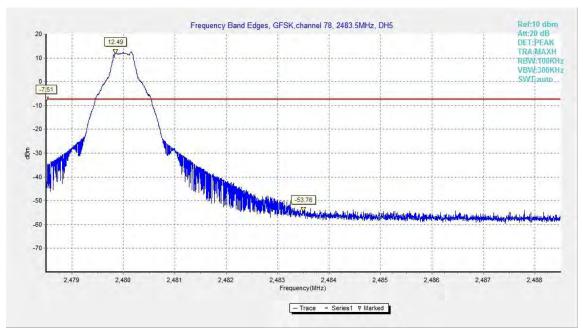


Fig.12. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off

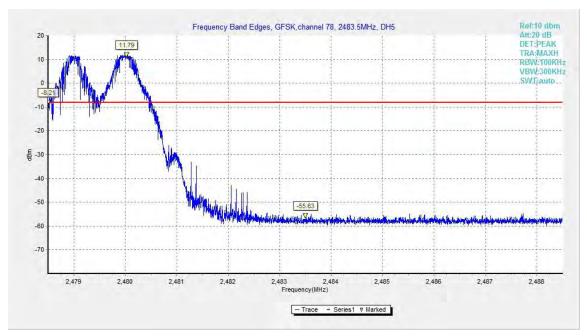


Fig.13. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping On





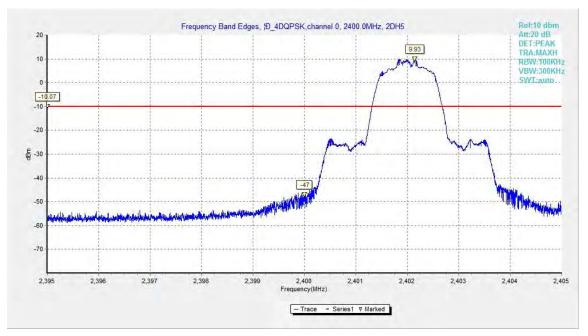


Fig.14. Frequency Band Edges: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off

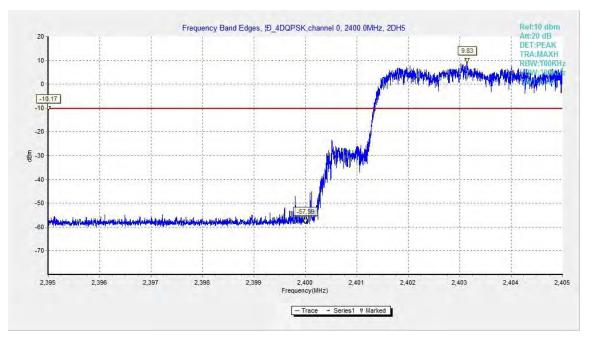


Fig.15. Frequency Band Edges:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping On





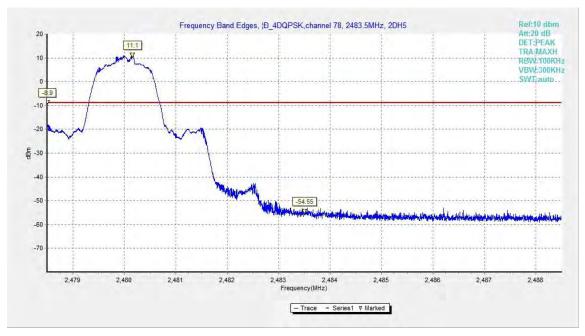


Fig.16. Frequency Band Edges: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off

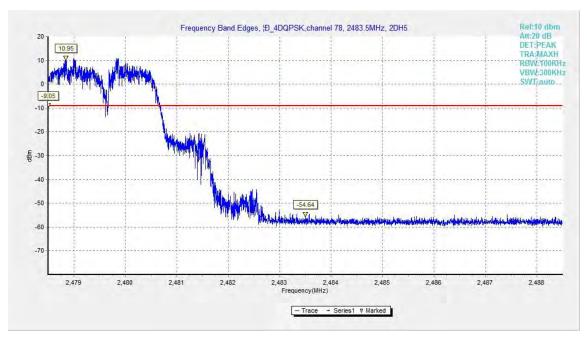


Fig.17. Frequency Band Edges:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping On





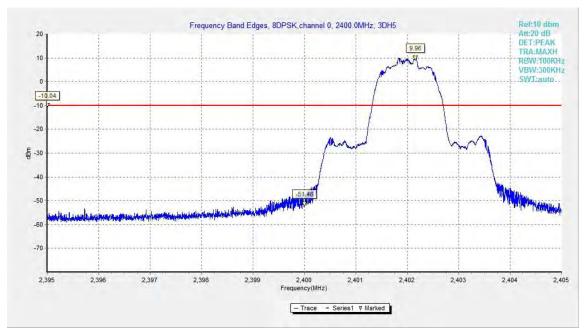


Fig.18. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off

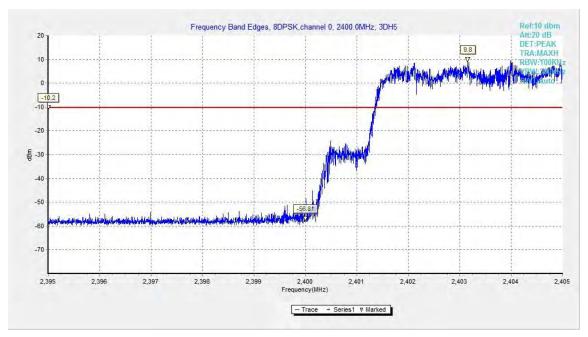


Fig.19. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 0, Hopping On





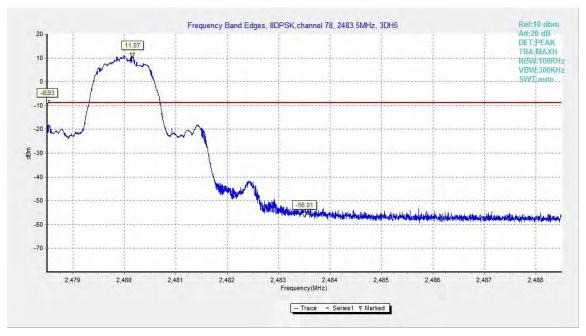


Fig.20. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off

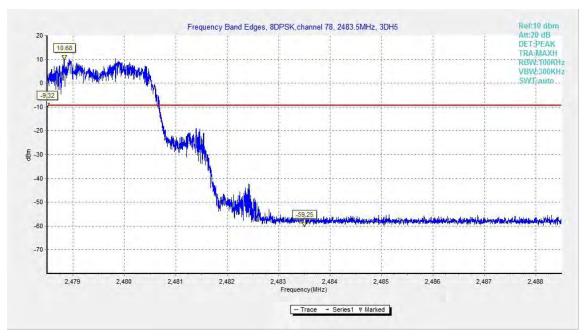


Fig.21. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 78, Hopping On





### B.4. Frequency Band Edges – Radiated

# Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.4 & 6.5 & 6.6 Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247, 15.205, 15.209	20dB below peak output power

radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

### Limit in restricted band:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength(µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Frequency of emission	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
(MHz)		
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

### Set up:

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a nonconducting platform with nominal top surface dimensions 1 m by 1.5 m and the table height shall be 1.5 m.

The EUT and transmitting antenna shall be centered on the turntable.

### **Test Condition**

The EUT shall be tested 1 near top, 1 near middle, and 1 near bottom. Set the unlicensed wireless device to operate in continuous transmit mode. For unlicensed wireless devices unable to be configured for 100% duty cycle even in test mode, configure the system for the maximum duty cycle supported.

When required for unlicensed wireless devices, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

### Exploratory radiated emissions measurements

Exploratory radiated measurements shall be performed at the measurement distance or at a closer distance than that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT and, if applicable, the EUT configuration that produces the maximum level of emissions. The frequencies of maximum emission may be determined by manually positioning the antenna close ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL. Page 29 of 97.





to the EUT, and then moving the antenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral display. It is advantageous to have prior knowledge of the frequencies of emissions, although this may be determined from such a near-field scan. The near-field scan shall only be used to determine the frequency but not the amplitude of the emissions. Where exploratory measurements are not adequate to determine the worst-case operating modes and are used only to identify the frequencies of the highest emissions, additional preliminary tests can be required. For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360°. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. Broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer or a radio-noise meter with a panoramic display are often useful in this type of test. If either antenna height or EUT azimuth are not fully measured during exploratory testing, then complete testing can be required at the OATS or semi-anechoic chamber when the final full spectrum testing is performed.

### Final radiated emissions measurements

The final measurements are using the orientation and equipment arrangement of the EUT based on the measurement results found during the preliminary (exploratory) measurements, the EUT arrangement, appropriate modulation, and modes of operation that produce the emissions that have the highest amplitude relative to the limit shall be selected for the final measurement. For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360°. Final measurements for the EUT require a measurement antenna height scan of 1 m to 4 m and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurements for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. For each mode selected, record the frequency and amplitude of the highest fundamental emission (if applicable), as well as the frequency and amplitude of the six highest spurious emissions relative to the limit. Emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported. This maximization process was repeated with the EUT positioned in each of its three orthogonal orientations.

### The receiver references:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	RBW/VBW	Sweep Time(s)
30-1000	100KHz/300KHz	5
1000-4000	1MHz/3MHz	15
4000-18000	1MHz/3MHz	40
18000-26500	1MHz/3MHz	20





### EUT ID: EUT45

### Measurement Results:

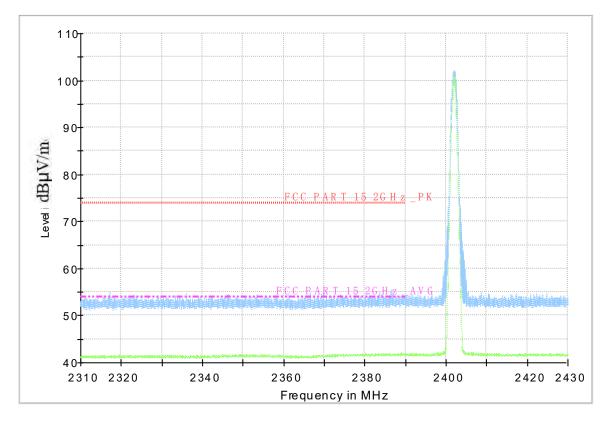
Mode	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
CESK	0	2.31GHz ~2.43GHz	Fig.22	Р
GFSK	78	2.45GHz ~2.5GHz	Fig.23	Р

Mode	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
π/4 DQPSK	0	2.31GHz ~2.43GHz	Fig.24	Р
	78	2.45GHz ~2.5GHz	Fig.25	Р

Mode	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
0000K	0	2.31GHz ~2.43GHz	Fig.26	Р
8DPSK	78	2.45GHz ~2.5GHz	Fig.27	Р

**Conclusion: PASS** 

Test graphs as below



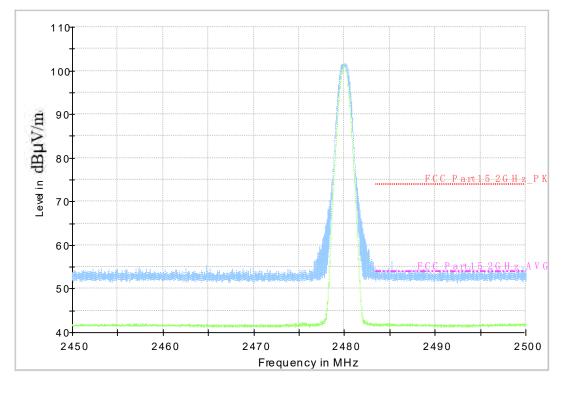
### Full Spectrum

Fig.22. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, 2.31 GHz – 2.43GHz

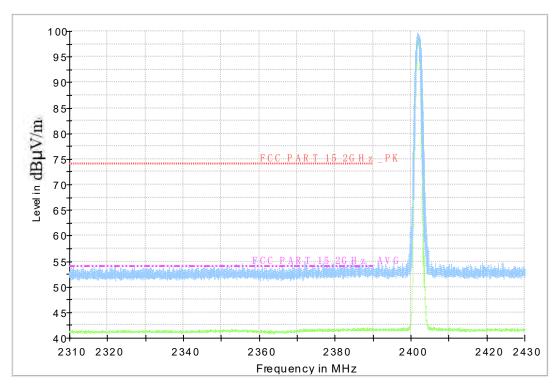




#### Full Spectrum







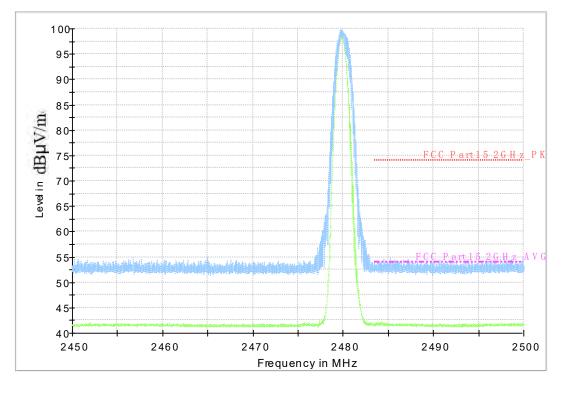
Full Spectrum



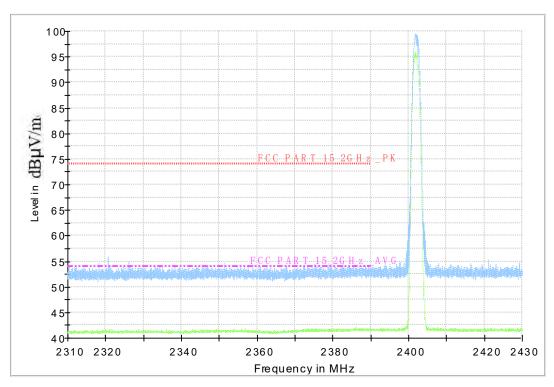




### Full Spectrum







Full Spectrum

Fig.26. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 2.31 GHz - 2.43GHz





Full Spectrum

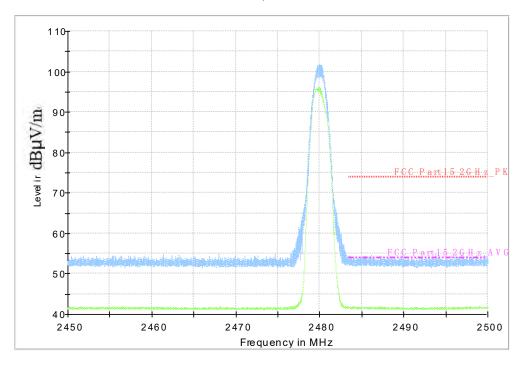


Fig.27. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 2.45 GHz - 2.50GHz





### **B.5. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted**

### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.8

Measurement Procedure – Reference Level

- 1. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set the VBW = 300 kHz.
- 3. Set the span to 5-30 % greater than the EBW.
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 6. Trace mode = max hold.
- 7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

8. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 100 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW. Next, determine the power in 100 kHz band segments outside of the authorized frequency band using the following measurement:

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

- 1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set VBW = 300 kHz.
- 3. Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined.
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Trace Mode = max hold.
- 6. Sweep = auto couple.

7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified above.

### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit	
	20dB below peak output power in 100 kHz	
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	bandwidth	

### Measurement Results:

#### For GFSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0	Center Frequency	Fig.28	Р

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2402 MHz	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.29	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.30	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.31	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.32	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.33	Р
Ch 39	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.34	Р
2441 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.35	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.36	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.37	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.38	Р
01 70	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.39	Р
Ch 78 2480 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.40	Р
2400 1011 12	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.41	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.42	Р
For π/4 DQPSK			
Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
	Center Frequency	Fig.43	Р
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.44	Р
Ch 0 2402 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.45	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.46	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.47	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.48	Р
01 00	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.49	Р
Ch 39 2441 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.50	Р
2441 101112	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.51	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.52	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.53	Р
01 70	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.54	Р
Ch 78 2480 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.55	Р
2400 1011 12	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.56	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.57	Р
For 8DPSK			
Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
	Center Frequency	Fig.58	Р
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.59	Р
Ch 0 2402 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.60	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.61	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.62	Р
	•	•	•





	Center Frequency	Fig.63	Р
Ch 20	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.64	Р
Ch 39 2441 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.65	Р
2	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.66	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.67	Р
	Center Frequency	Fig.68	Р
Ch 78	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	GHzFig.64GHzFig.65GHzFig.66GHzFig.67JencyFig.68GHzFig.69GHzFig.70GHzFig.71	Р
2480 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.70	Р
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.71	Р
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.72	Р

**Conclusion: PASS** 

Test graphs as below

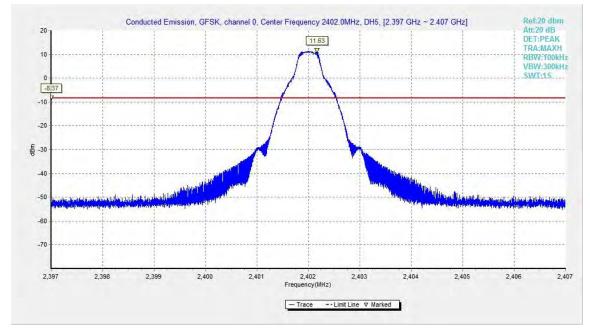


Fig.28. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0,2402MHz





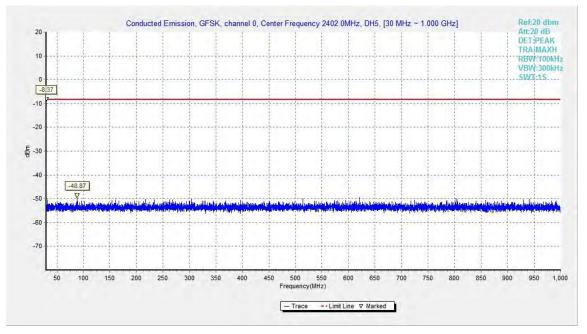


Fig.29. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz

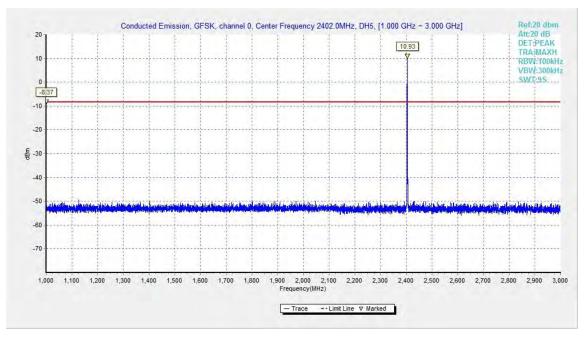
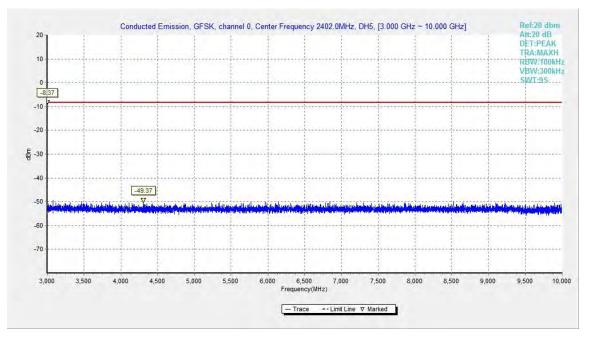


Fig.30. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz









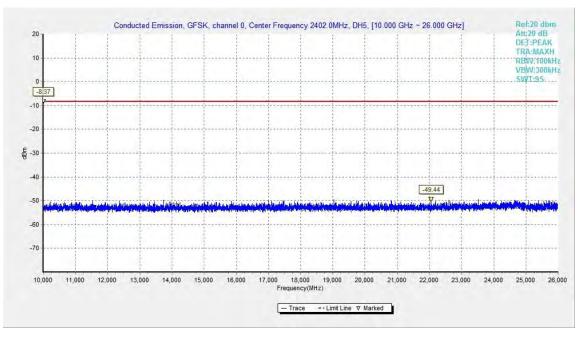


Fig.32. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0,10GHz - 26GHz





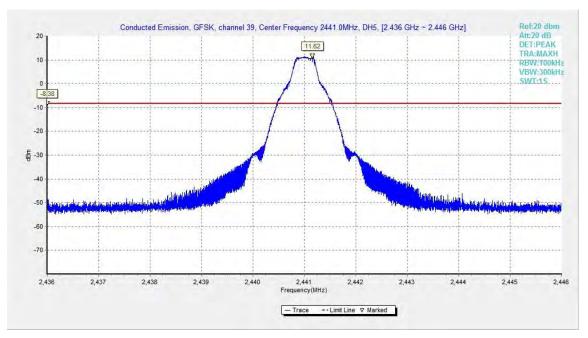


Fig.33. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz

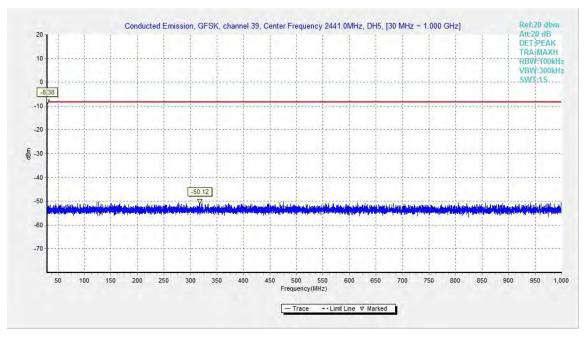


Fig.34. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz





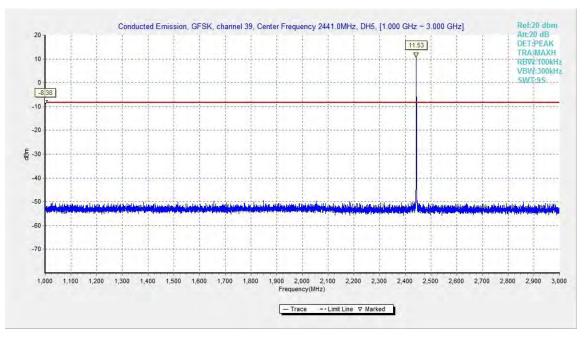


Fig.35. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 1GHz – 3GHz

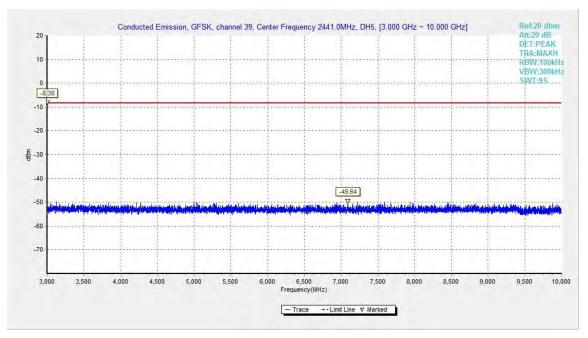


Fig.36. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 3GHz – 10GHz





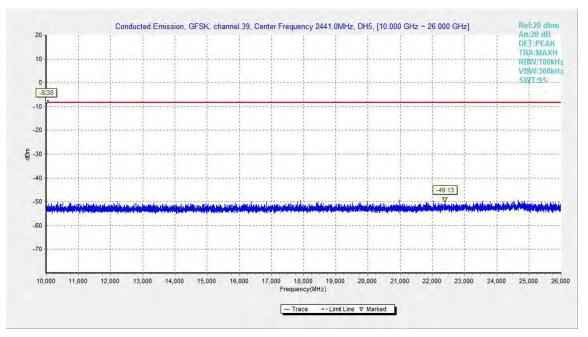


Fig.37. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz

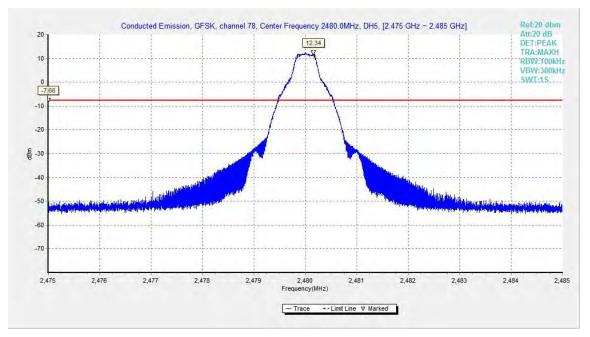


Fig.38. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz





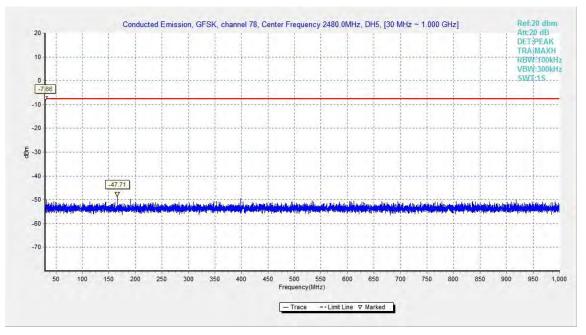


Fig.39. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz

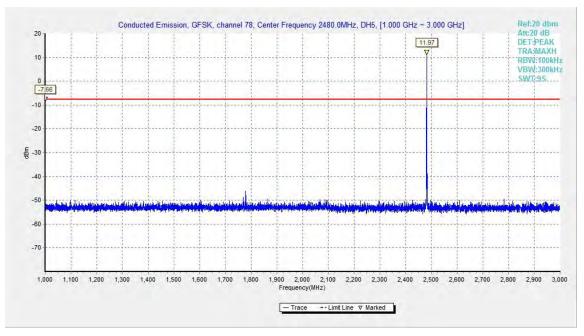


Fig.40. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz





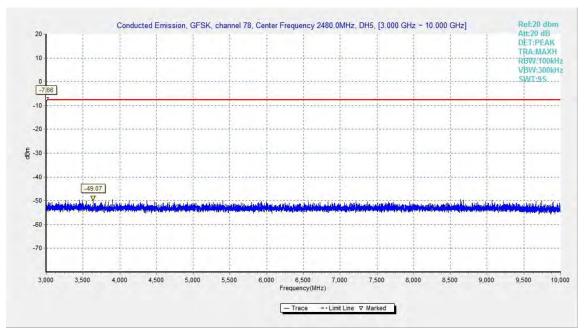


Fig.41. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz

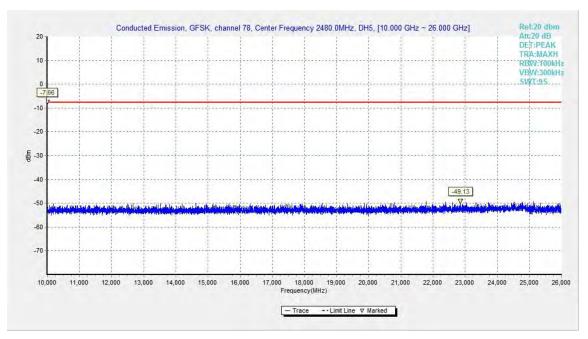


Fig.42. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz





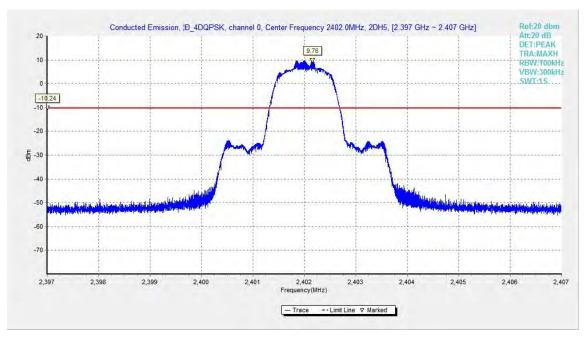


Fig.43. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0,2402MHz

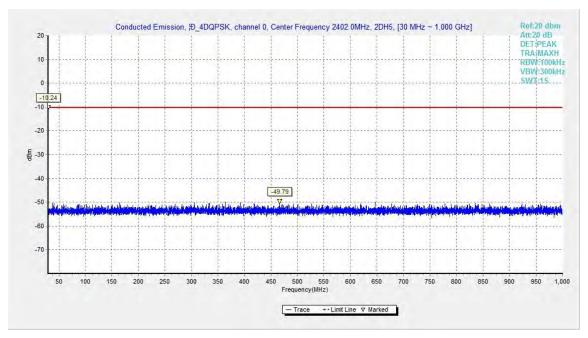


Fig.44. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz





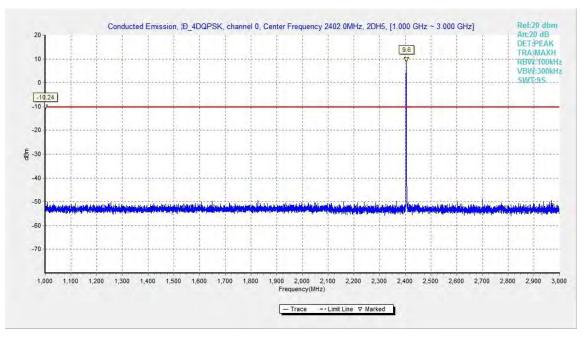


Fig.45. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz

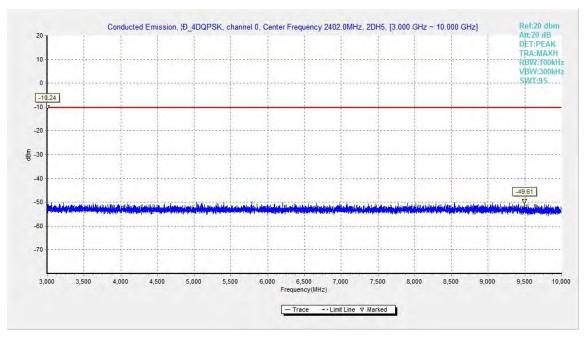


Fig.46. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz





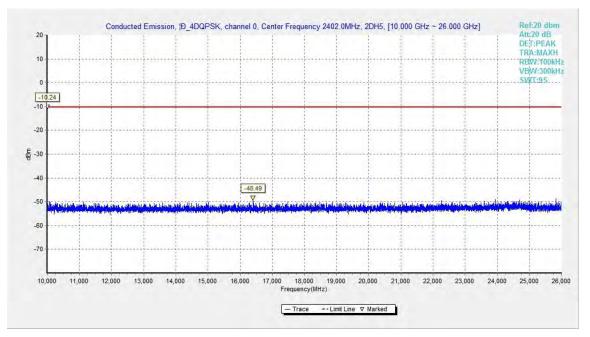


Fig.47. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0,10GHz - 26GHz

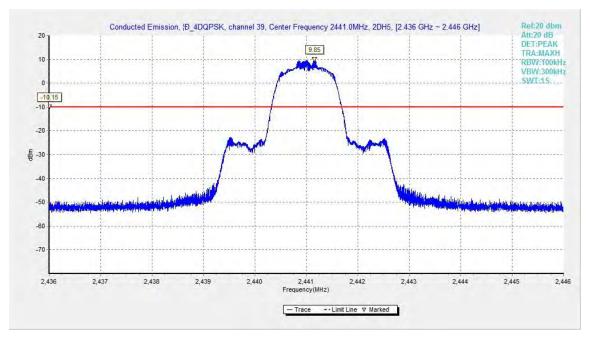


Fig.48. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz





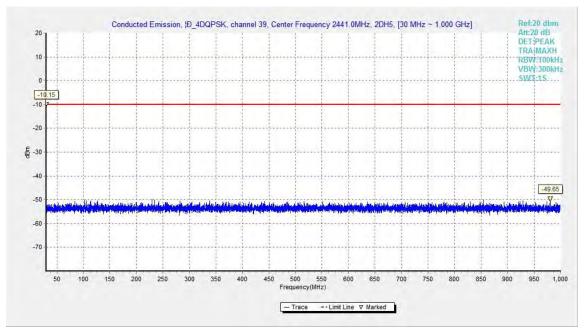


Fig.49. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz

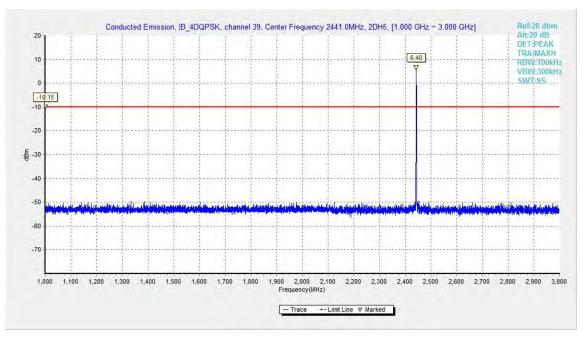


Fig.50. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 1GHz - 3GHz





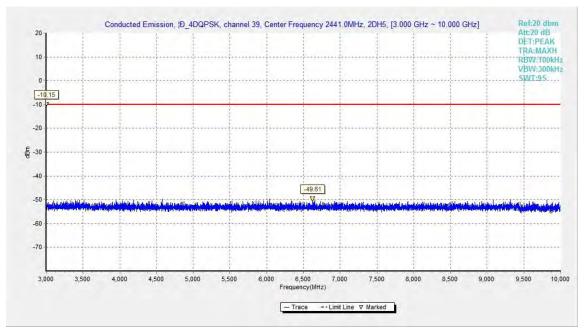


Fig.51. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 3GHz - 10GHz

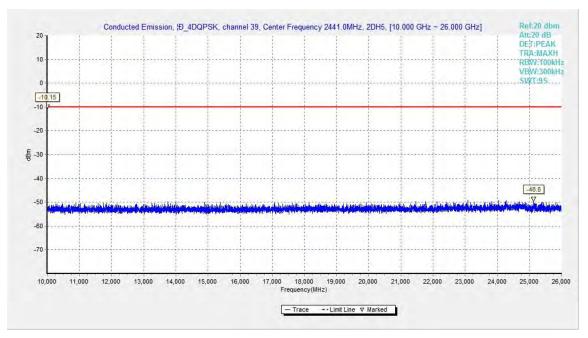


Fig.52. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz





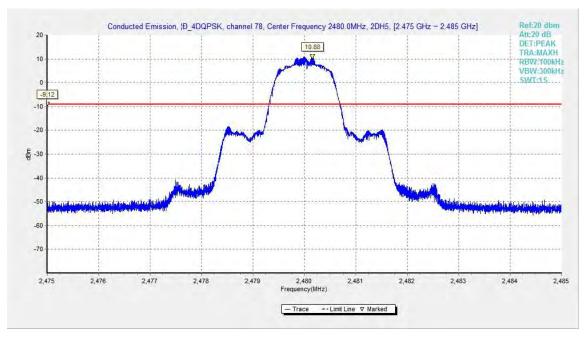


Fig.53. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz

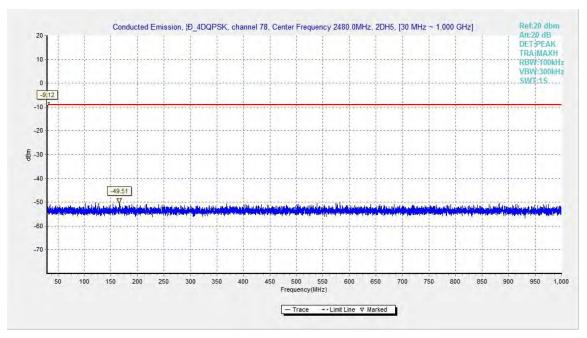


Fig.54. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz





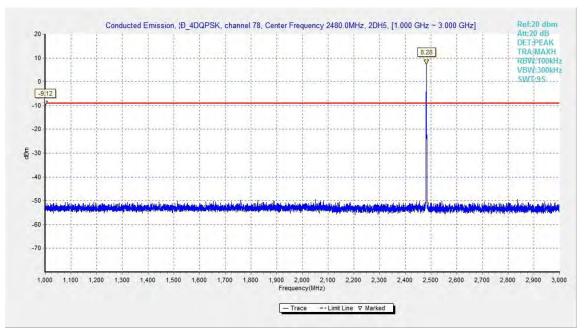


Fig.55. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz

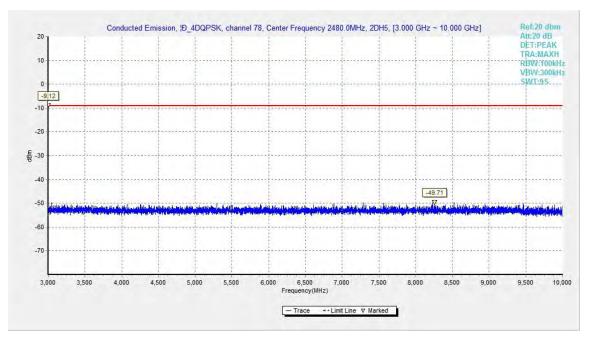


Fig.56. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz





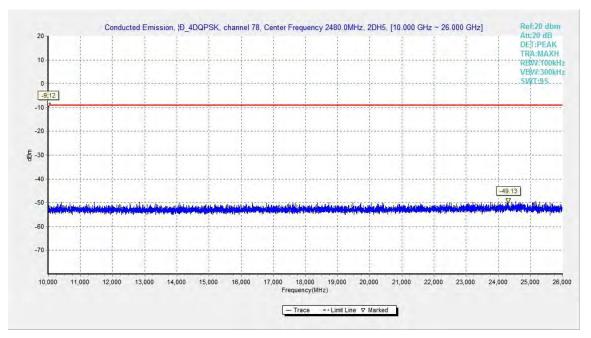


Fig.57. Conducted spurious emission:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz

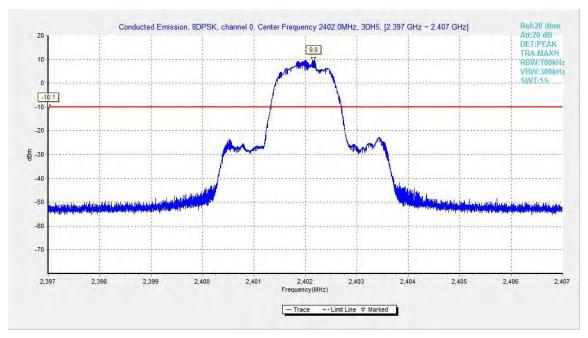


Fig.58. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0,2402MHz





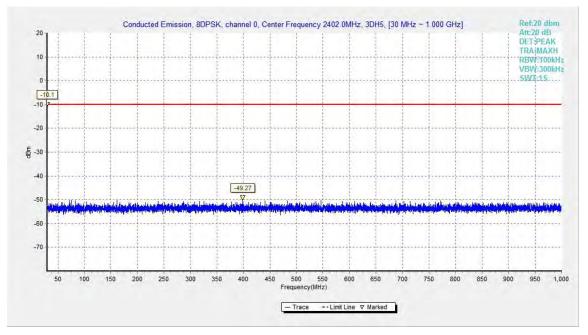


Fig.59. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz

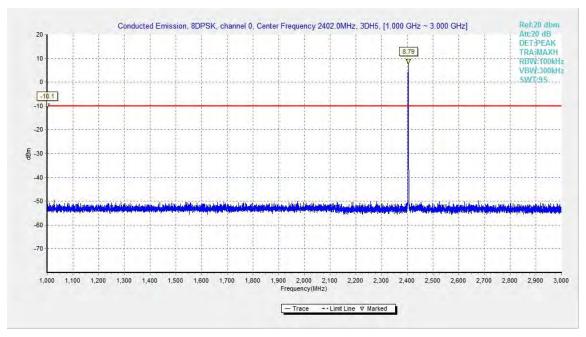


Fig.60. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz





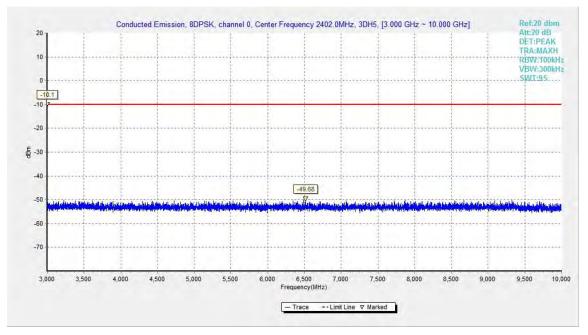


Fig.61. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz

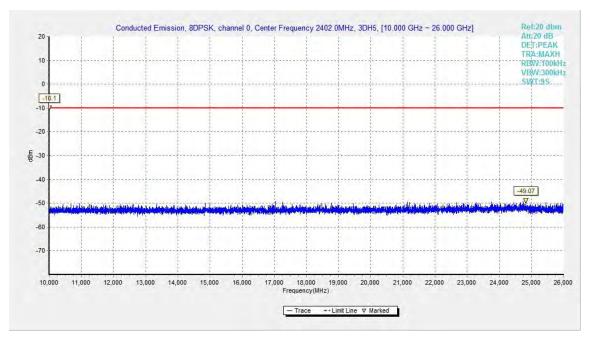


Fig.62. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0,10GHz - 26GHz





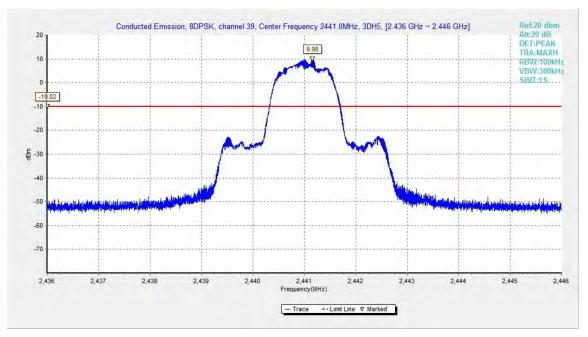


Fig.63. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz

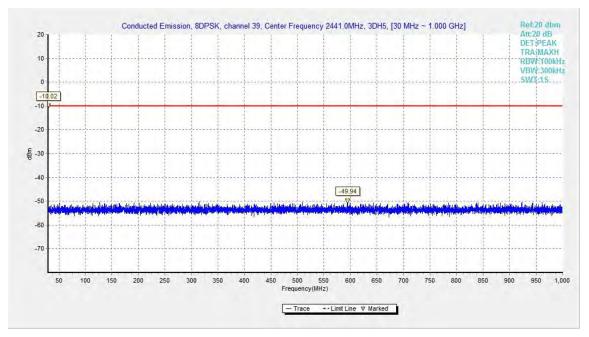


Fig.64. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz





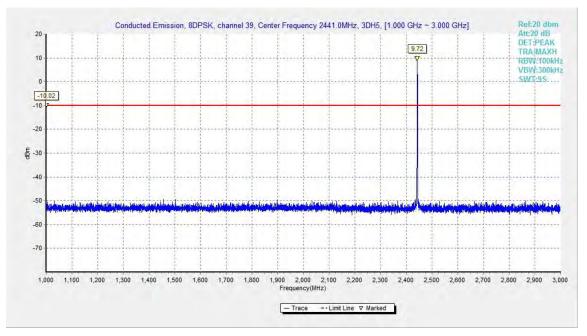


Fig.65. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 1GHz - 3GHz

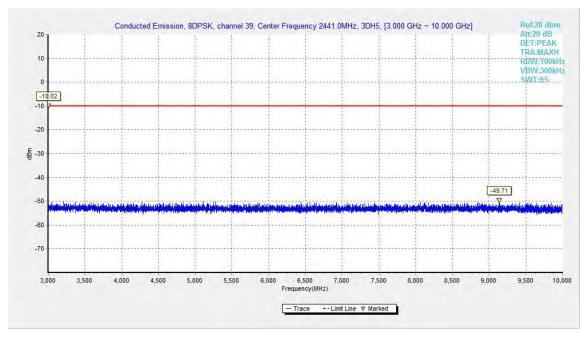


Fig.66. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 3GHz - 10GHz





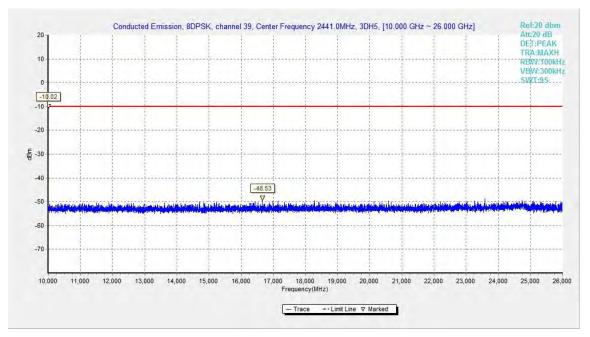


Fig.67. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz

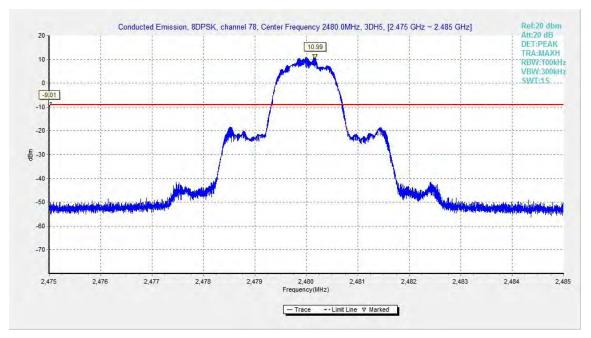


Fig.68. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz





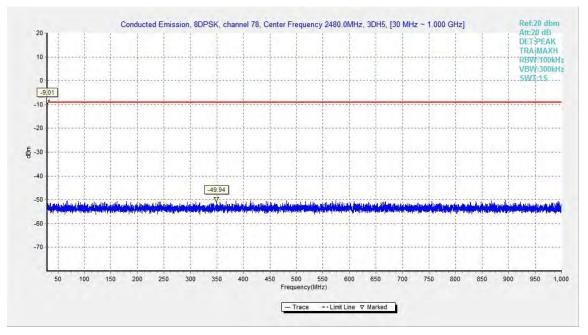


Fig.69. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz

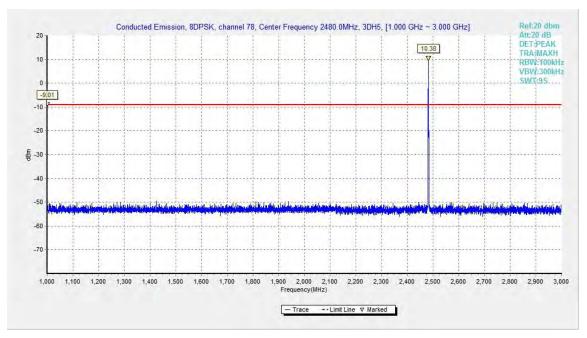


Fig.70. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz





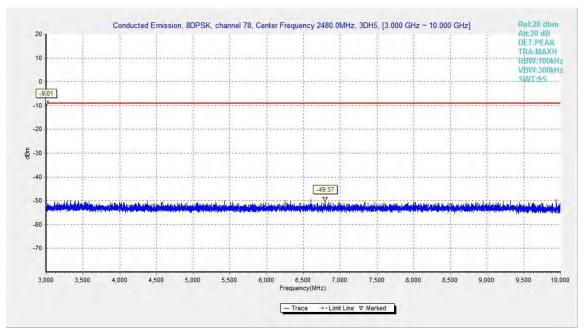


Fig.71. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz

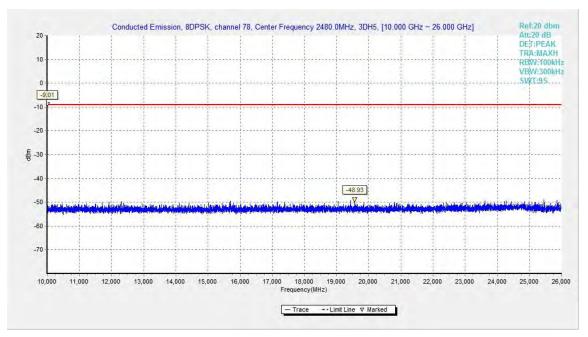


Fig.72. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz





# **B.6. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated**

# Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.4 &6.5 & 6.6

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit	
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247, 15.205, 15.209	20dB below peak output power	

radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

#### Limit in restricted band:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength(µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30

Frequency of emission	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
(MHz)		
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

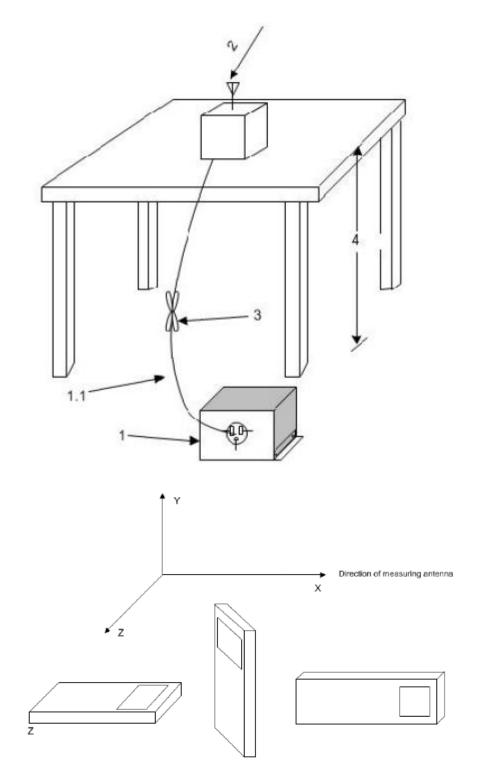
#### Set up:

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a nonconducting platform with nominal top surface dimensions 1 m by 1.5 m. For emissions testing at or below 1 GHz, the table height shall be 80 cm above the reference ground plane. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height shall be 1.5 m

The EUT and transmitting antenna shall be centered on the turntable.







#### **Test Condition**

The EUT shall be tested 1 near top, 1 near middle, and 1 near bottom. Set the unlicensed wireless device to operate in continuous transmit mode. For unlicensed wireless devices unable to be configured for 100% duty cycle even in test mode, configure the system for the maximum duty cycle supported.

When required for unlicensed wireless devices, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the ©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL. Page 61 of 97.





nominal rated supply voltage.

## Exploratory radiated emissions measurements

Exploratory radiated measurements shall be performed at the measurement distance or at a closer distance than that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT and, if applicable, the EUT configuration that produces the maximum level of emissions. The frequencies of maximum emission may be determined by manually positioning the antenna close to the EUT, and then moving the antenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral display. It is advantageous to have prior knowledge of the frequencies of emissions, although this may be determined from such a near-field scan. The near-field scan shall only be used to determine the frequency but not the amplitude of the emissions. Where exploratory measurements are not adequate to determine the worst-case operating modes and are used only to identify the frequencies of the highest emissions, additional preliminary tests can be required. For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360°. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. Broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer or a radio-noise meter with a panoramic display are

often useful in this type of test. If either antenna height or EUT azimuth are not fully measured during exploratory testing, then complete testing can be required at the OATS or semi-anechoic chamber when the final full spectrum testing is performed.

#### Final radiated emissions measurements

The final measurements are using the orientation and equipment arrangement of the EUT based on the measurement results found during the preliminary (exploratory) measurements, the EUT arrangement, appropriate modulation, and modes of operation that produce the emissions that have the highest amplitude relative to the limit shall be selected for the final measurement. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored. The highest signal levels relative to the limit shall be determined by rotating the EUT from  $0^{\circ}$  to  $360^{\circ}$  and with varying the measurement antenna height between 1 m and 4 m in vertical and horizontal polarizations.

For each mode selected, record the frequency and amplitude of the highest fundamental emission (if applicable), as well as the frequency and amplitude of the six highest spurious emissions relative to the limit. Emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported. This maximization process was repeated with the EUT positioned in each of its three orthogonal orientations.

Frequency of emission	RBW/VBW	Sweep Time(s)
(MHz)		
30-1000	100KHz/300KHz	5
1000-4000	1MHz/3MHz	15
4000-18000	1MHz/3MHz	40
18000-26500	1MHz/3MHz	20

#### The receiver references:





 $P_{Mea}$  is the field strength recorded from the instrument. The measurement results are obtained as described below: Result=  $P_{Mea}$  + Cable Loss + Antenna Factor Where:

 $P_{Mea}$  field strength recorded from the instrument

# Average Measurement results

GFSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17964	45.63	-25.5	46.7	24.43	54	8.37	V
14381	40.03	-28.4	42.3	26.13	54	13.97	V
12671.5	36.25	-30.5	39.1	27.65	54	17.75	V
8998	33.51	-33.3	38.2	28.61	54	20.49	Н
7982.5	32.42	-34.8	37.1	30.12	54	21.58	V
2388.7	41.91	-20	28.1	33.91	54	12.09	V

## GFSK Ch 39

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17968	45.47	-25.5	46.7	24.27	54	8.53	V
14405.5	40.19	-28.6	42.5	26.29	54	13.81	V
12975	36.22	-30.5	39.2	27.52	54	17.78	V
9849.5	33.63	-33.5	38	29.13	54	20.37	н
7998	32.37	-34.8	37.1	30.07	54	21.63	Н
4996.5	28.49	-36.6	33.4	31.69	54	25.51	V

## GFSK Ch 78

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17934	45.69	-25.5	46.7	24.49	54	8.31	Н
14378	40.14	-28.4	42.3	26.24	54	13.86	Н
12933.5	36.26	-30.5	39.2	27.56	54	17.74	V
9109.5	33.61	-33.8	38.1	29.41	54	20.39	Н
7488	32.3	-34.5	36.8	30	54	21.7	Н
2487.4	41.98	-20	28.3	33.68	54	12.02	Н

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#### $\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17987	45.97	-25.5	46.7	24.77	54	8.03	V
14377	40.22	-28.4	42.3	26.32	54	13.78	V
12648.5	36.06	-30.5	39.1	27.46	54	17.94	Н
9109.5	33.59	-33.8	38.1	29.39	54	20.41	Н
7976	32.4	-34.8	37.1	30.1	54	21.6	V
2387.5	41.97	-20	28.1	33.97	54	12.03	V

# $\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 39

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17981.5	45.64	-25.5	46.7	24.44	54	8.36	V
14400	40.16	-28.6	42.5	26.26	54	13.84	V
12947.5	36.22	-30.5	39.2	27.52	54	17.78	V
9235	33.69	-33.7	38	29.39	54	20.31	V
7481	32.46	-34.5	36.8	30.16	54	21.54	Н
4391	28.35	-37.9	32.4	33.85	54	25.65	Н

## $\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 78

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17985	45.72	-25.5	46.7	24.52	54	8.28	V
14501	40.21	-28.6	42.5	26.31	54	13.79	Н
12676	36.12	-30.5	39.1	27.52	54	17.88	Н
9077	33.6	-33.8	38.1	29.2	54	20.4	V
7997	32.41	-34.8	37.1	30.11	54	21.59	Н
2498.9	41.88	-20	28.4	33.48	54	12.12	Н





#### 8DPSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17998	45.75	-25.5	46.7	24.55	54	8.25	Н
14496	40.24	-28.6	42.5	26.34	54	13.76	V
12894	36.03	-30.7	39.1	27.53	54	17.97	V
9396	33.52	-32.9	37.9	28.52	54	20.48	V
7558	32.28	-35	36.9	30.48	54	21.72	V
2387.7	41.89	-20	28.1	33.89	54	12.11	Н

# 8DPSK Ch 39

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17994	45.63	-25.5	46.7	24.43	54	8.37	Н
14386.5	40.28	-28.4	42.3	26.38	54	13.72	V
12972	36.13	-30.5	39.2	27.43	54	17.87	Н
9106	33.47	-33.8	38.1	29.07	54	20.53	V
7930	32.5	-34.8	37.1	30.2	54	21.5	Н
4946	28.08	-37.1	33.3	31.88	54	25.92	Н

#### 8DPSK Ch 78

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17996.5	45.89	-25.5	46.7	24.69	54	8.11	Н
14478.5	40.09	-28.6	42.5	26.19	54	13.91	V
12954	36.23	-30.5	39.2	27.53	54	17.77	Н
9001	33.71	-33.3	38.2	28.81	54	20.29	V
7996.5	32.56	-34.8	37.1	30.26	54	21.44	Н
2495.9	41.87	-20	28.3	33.57	54	12.13	Н





# Peak Measurement results

# GFSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17948.5	57.21	-25.5	46.7	36.01	74	16.79	V
14352	52.07	-28.4	42.3	38.17	74	21.93	V
12736.5	48.06	-30.5	39.1	39.46	74	25.94	Н
8474.5	45.21	-34.4	37.8	41.81	74	28.79	Н
7955	43.89	-34.8	37.1	41.59	74	30.11	V
2386.5	55.51	-20	28.1	47.51	74	18.49	V

# GFSK Ch 39

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17897.5	57.22	-25.5	46.7	36.02	74	16.78	Н
14375	51.9	-28.4	42.3	38	74	22.1	Н
12936	48.52	-30.5	39.2	39.82	74	25.48	V
9692.5	45.14	-33	38	40.14	74	28.86	V
7990.5	44.09	-34.8	37.1	41.79	74	29.91	V
4737	40.11	-37.3	33	44.41	74	33.89	Н

# GFSK Ch 78

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17988.5	57.04	-25.5	46.7	35.84	74	16.96	Н
14406.5	52.26	-28.6	42.5	38.36	74	21.74	Н
12224.5	47.77	-31.4	39	40.17	74	26.23	Н
8992	45.56	-33.3	38.2	40.66	74	28.44	V
7993.5	44.28	-34.8	37.1	41.98	74	29.72	Н
2485.2	56.28	-20	28.3	47.98	74	17.72	V





# $\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17934.5	57.11	-25.5	46.7	35.91	74	16.89	V
14289	51.51	-28.4	42.3	37.61	74	22.49	Н
12763	47.97	-30.5	39.1	39.37	74	26.03	V
9936.5	45.99	-33.5	38.1	41.39	74	28.01	V
7456.5	44.04	-35.2	36.7	42.44	74	29.96	Н
2358.9	55.28	-20.1	28	47.28	74	18.72	Н

#### $\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 39

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17981.5	56.85	-25.5	46.7	35.65	74	17.15	V
14456	51.77	-28.6	42.5	37.87	74	22.23	V
12835.5	48.03	-30.7	39.1	39.53	74	25.97	Н
9202	45.44	-33.7	38	41.14	74	28.56	V
7881	43.89	-34.9	37.1	41.69	74	30.11	V
3889	40.35	-38	32.2	46.15	74	33.65	Н

#### $\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 78

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17944	57.52	-25.5	46.7	36.32	74	16.48	Н
14403.5	51.95	-28.6	42.5	38.05	74	22.05	Н
12669.5	47.63	-30.5	39.1	39.03	74	26.37	V
9113.5	45.45	-33.8	38.1	41.25	74	28.55	V
7967.5	44.14	-34.8	37.1	41.84	74	29.86	Н
2499.9	55.15	-20	28.4	46.75	74	18.85	V





# 8DPSK Ch 0

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17946.5	56.72	-25.5	46.7	35.52	74	17.28	Н
14438	51.48	-28.6	42.5	37.58	74	22.52	Н
12942	48.04	-30.5	39.2	39.34	74	25.96	Н
9643	45.61	-33.1	38	40.71	74	28.39	Н
7945.5	44.2	-34.8	37.1	41.9	74	29.8	V
2320.6	55.82	-20.1	27.9	47.92	74	18.18	Н

#### 8DPSK Ch 39

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17908	57.13	-25.5	46.7	35.93	74	16.87	V
14594	51.59	-27.3	41.9	36.99	74	22.41	V
12143.5	47.67	-31.6	39	40.27	74	26.33	V
9103	45.76	-33.8	38.1	41.36	74	28.24	V
7445	44.4	-35.2	36.7	42.8	74	29.6	V
4635.5	39.81	-37.5	32.8	44.51	74	34.19	V

# 8DPSK Ch 78

Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Result (dBµV/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Receiver Reading (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Antenna Pol. (H/V)
17987.5	57.71	-25.5	46.7	36.51	74	16.29	V
14285.5	51.52	-28.4	42.3	37.62	74	22.48	V
12665	47.9	-30.5	39.1	39.3	74	26.1	Н
9039.5	45.54	-33.8	38.1	41.14	74	28.46	V
7487.5	44.65	-34.5	36.8	42.35	74	29.35	V
2493.8	54.93	-20	28.3	46.63	74	19.07	V

# **Conclusion: Pass**





# B.7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

## Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.4

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW ≥ RBW
- Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold

Measure a pulse time in time domain at middle frequency and then count the hopping number in 31.6s(which equals with 0.4 multiply 79) of middle frequency ,then multiply the pulse time and hopping number and record them.

#### Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit (ms)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	< 400

## Measurement Result:

## For GFSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)		Number of Transmissions		Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
39	DH1	Fig.73	0.38	Fig.74	322	122.36	Р
	DH3	Fig.75	1.63	Fig.76	113	184.19	Р
	DH5	Fig.77	2.88	Fig.78	53	152.64	Р

#### For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)		Number of Transmissions		Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
39	2DH1	Fig.79	0.38	Fig.80	320	121.6	Р
	2DH3	Fig.81	1.64	Fig.82	114	186.96	Р
	2DH5	Fig.83	2.88	Fig.84	57	164.16	Р





# For 8DPSK

Channel	Packet	Pulse time (ms)		Number of Transmissions		Dwell Time (ms)	Conclusion
39	3DH1	Fig.85	0.38	Fig.86	321	121.98	Р
	3DH3	Fig.87	1.63	Fig.88	103	167.89	Р
	3DH5	Fig.89	2.89	Fig.90	55	158.95	Р

**Conclusion: PASS** 

Test graphs as below:

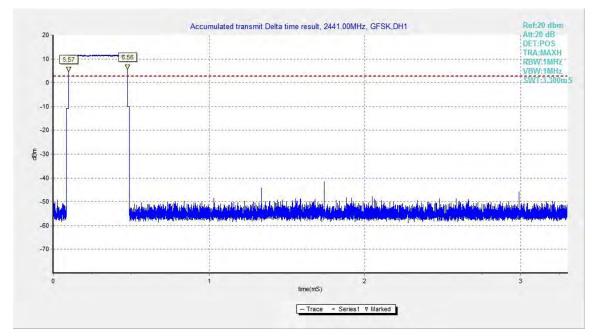


Fig.73. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH1





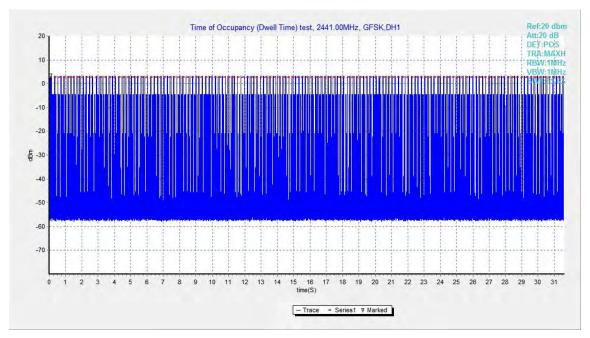


Fig.74. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH1

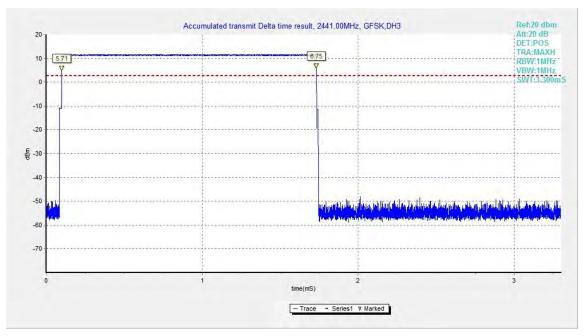


Fig.75. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH3





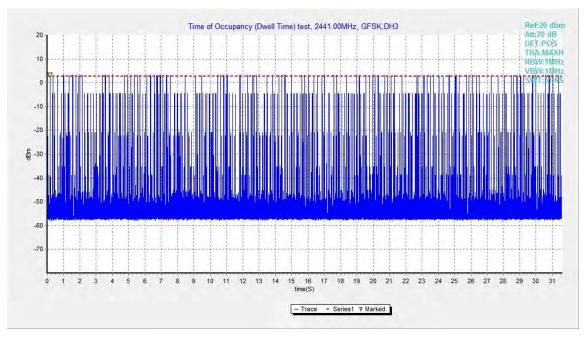


Fig.76. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH3

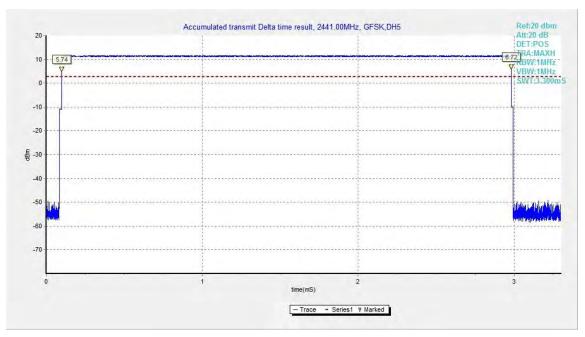


Fig.77. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH5





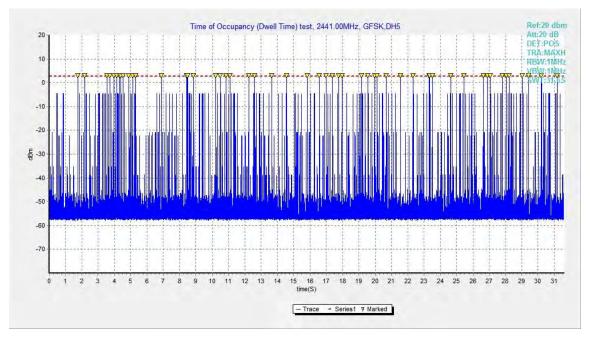


Fig.78. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH5

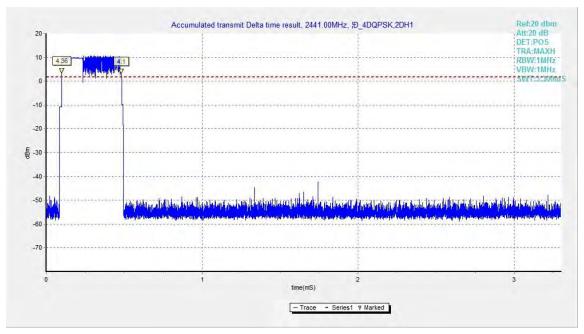


Fig.79. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1





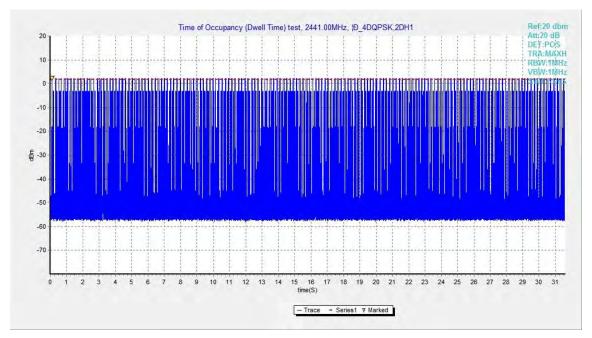


Fig.80. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1

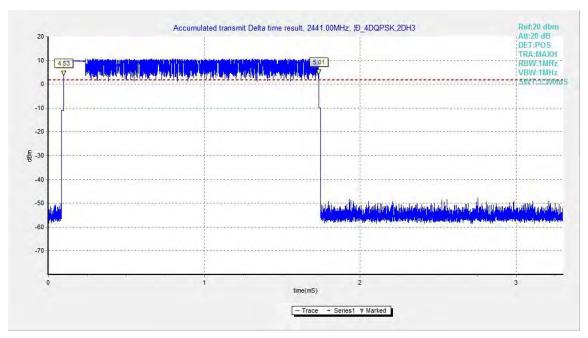


Fig.81. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3





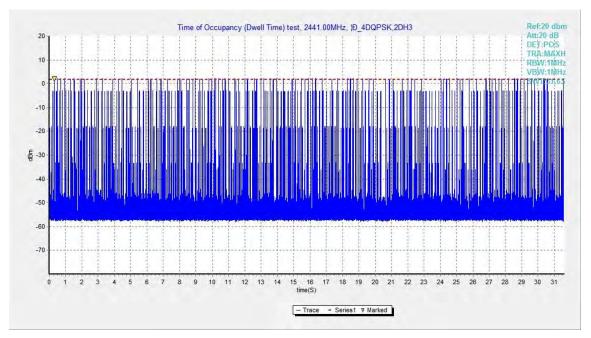


Fig.82. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3

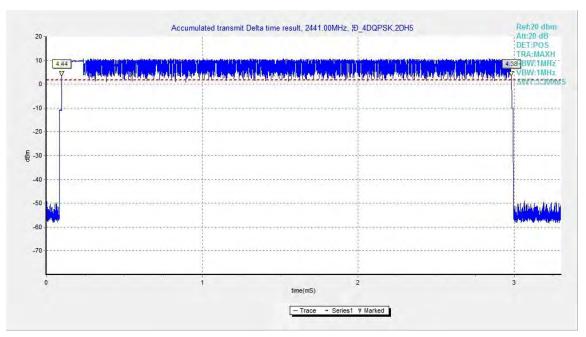


Fig.83. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5





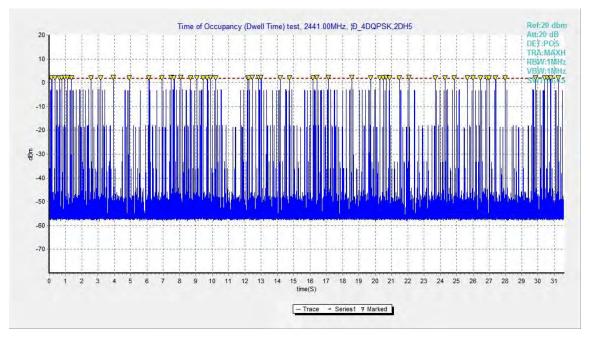


Fig.84. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5

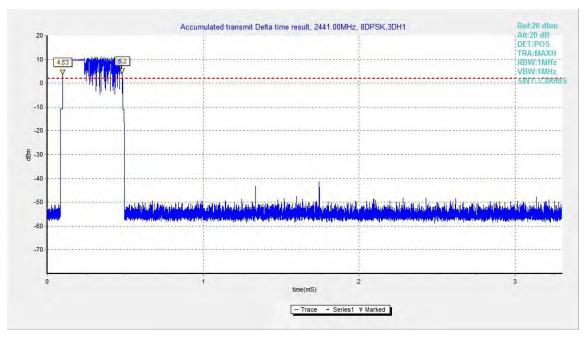


Fig.85. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH1





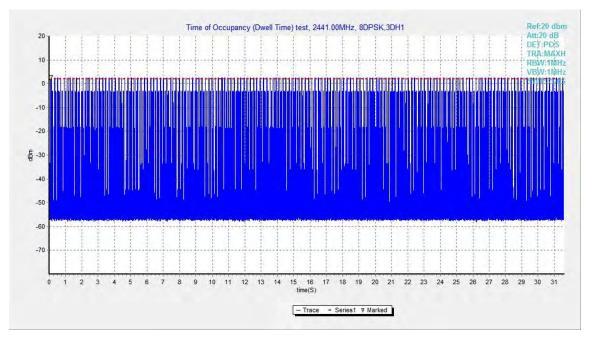


Fig.86. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH1

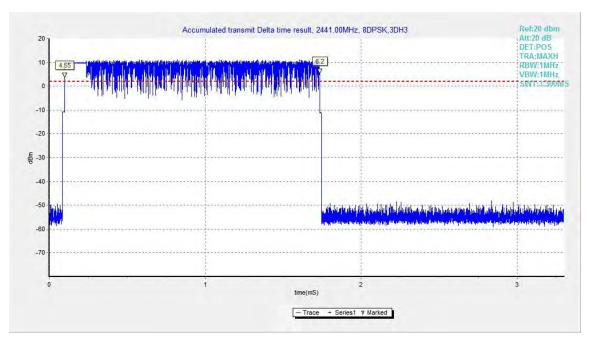


Fig.87. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH3





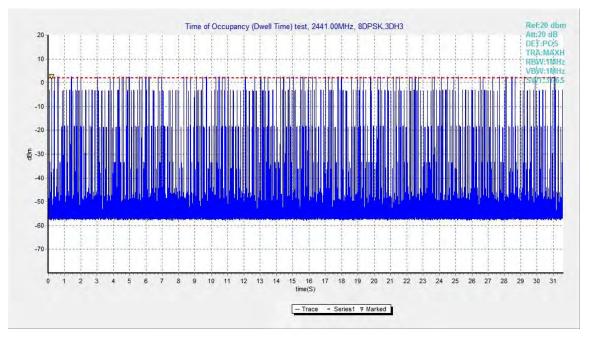


Fig.88. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH3

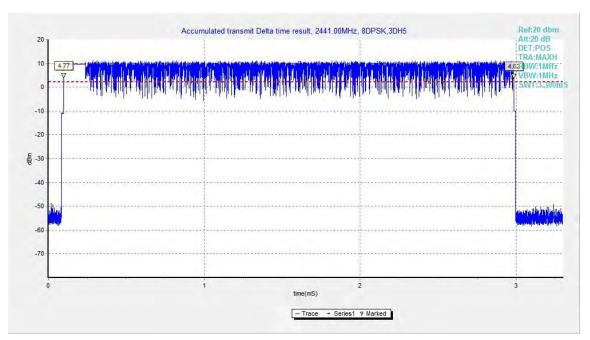


Fig.89. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5





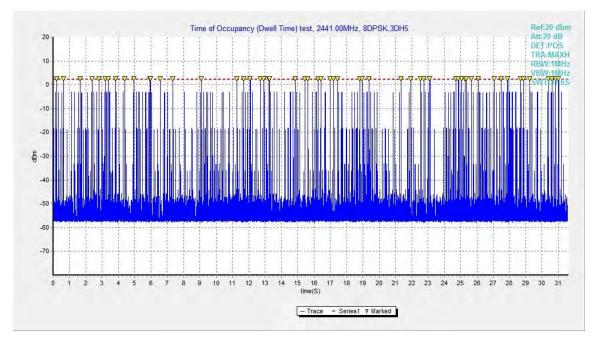


Fig.90. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 3-DH5





## B.8. 20dB Bandwidth

#### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.9.2

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

- 1. Set RBW = 30kHz.
- 2. Set VBW = 100 kHz.
- 3. Set span to 3MHz
- 4. Detector = peak.
- 5. Trace Mode = max hold.
- 6. Sweep = auto couple.

7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

#### Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	NA *

Use NdB Down function of the SA to measure the 20dB Bandwidth

\* Comment: This test case is not required according to the latest FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247. But the test results are necessary for "carrier frequency separation" test case, in Annex A.8.

## Measurement Results:

#### For **GFSK**

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.91	886.50	NA
39	Fig.92	879.00	NA
78	Fig.93	886.50	NA

#### For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.94	1281.75	NA
39	Fig.95	1312.50	NA
78	Fig.96	1291.50	NA

#### For 8DPSK

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz) Co		Conclusion
0	Fig.97	1299.75	NA
39	Fig.98	1283.25	NA
78	Fig.99	1302.00	NA

Conclusion: NA

Test graphs as below:





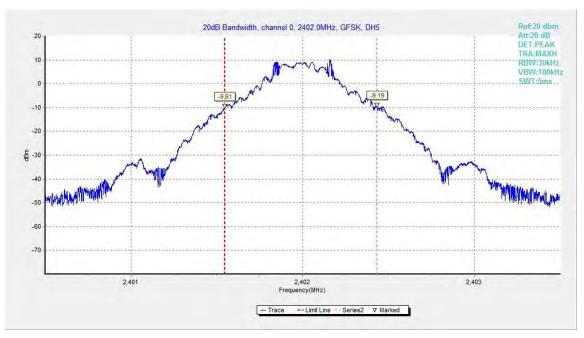


Fig.91. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 0

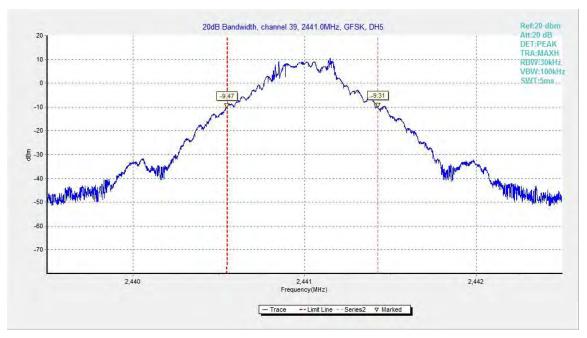


Fig.92. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 39





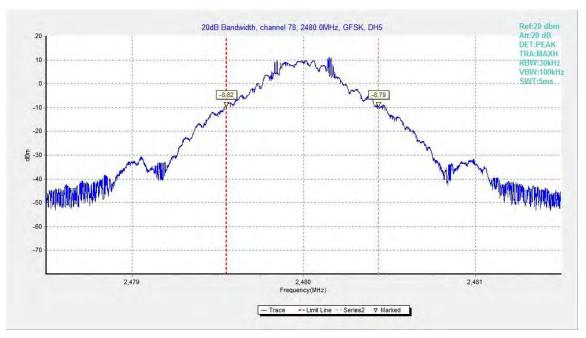


Fig.93. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 78

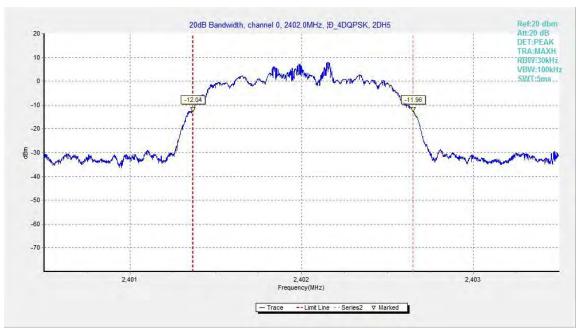


Fig.94. 20dB Bandwidth: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 0





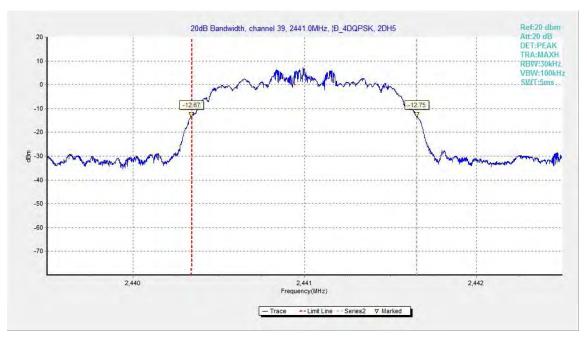


Fig.95. 20dB Bandwidth: π/4 DQPSK, Channel 39

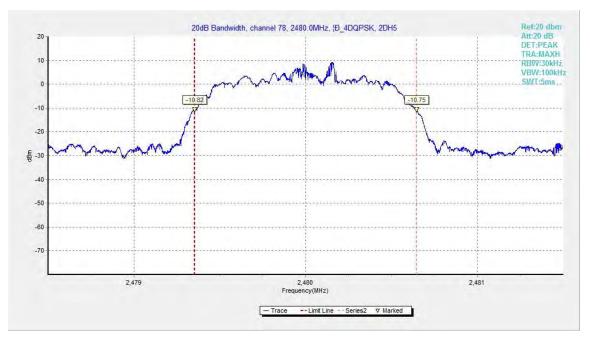


Fig.96. 20dB Bandwidth:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 78





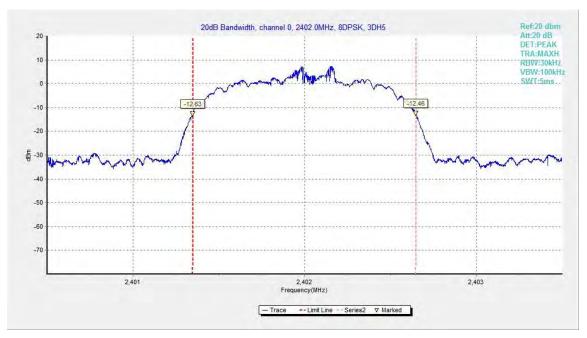


Fig.97. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 0

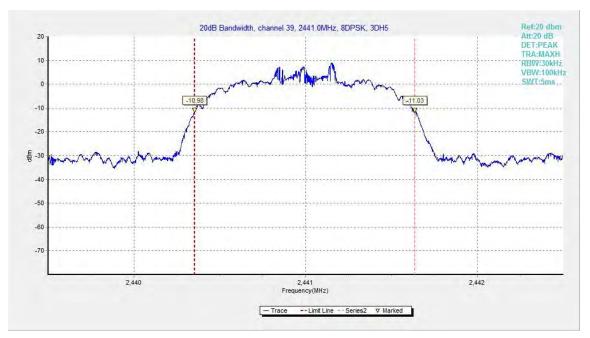


Fig.98. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 39





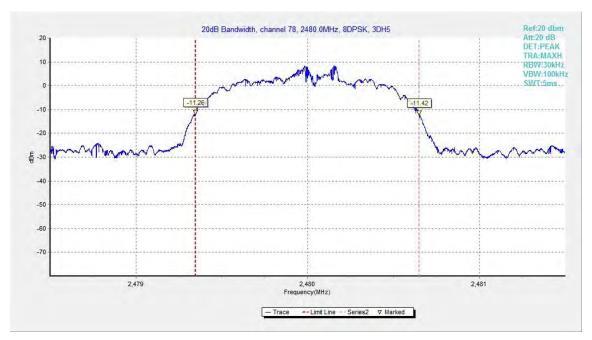


Fig.99. 20dB Bandwidth: 8DPSK, Channel 78





## **B.9. Carrier Frequency Separation**

## Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.2

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = 3MHz
- RBW=300kHz
- VBW=300kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

Search the peak marks of the middle frequency and adjacent channel, then record the separation between them.

\* Comment: This limit should be over 25 kHz or (2/3) \* 20dB bandwidth, whichever is greater.

#### **Measurement Limit:**

Standard	Limit(kHz)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	over 25 kHz or (2/3) * 20dB bandwidth

#### Measurement Result:

#### For **GFSK**

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)		Conclusion
39	Fig.100 855.00		Р
For π/4 DQPSK			
Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz) Conclusion		Conclusion

39 For 8DPSK

Channel	Carrier frequency	v separation (kHz)	Conclusion
39	Fig.102	1150.50	Р

Fig.101

1008.00

**Conclusion: PASS** 

Test graphs as below:

Ρ





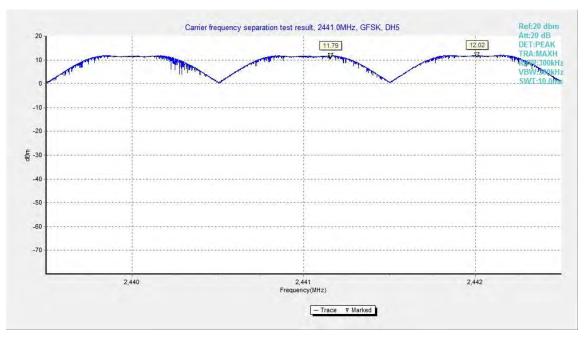


Fig.100. Carrier frequency separation measurement: GFSK, Channel 39

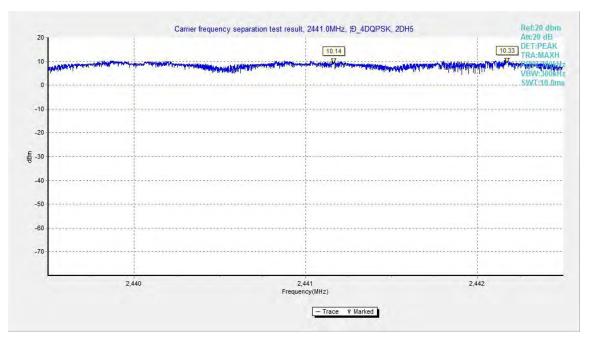


Fig.101. Carrier frequency separation measurement:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 39





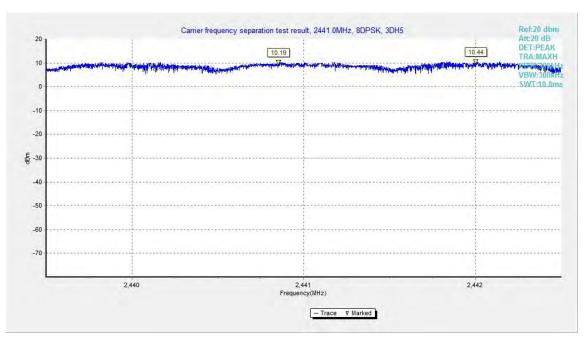


Fig.102. Carrier frequency separation measurement: 8DPSK, Channel 39





## B.10. Number of Hopping Channels

#### Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.3

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = the frequency band of operation
- RBW = 500kHz
- VBW = 500kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

#### Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	At least 15 non-overlapping channels

#### Measurement Result:

#### For **GFSK**

Channel	Number of hop	pping channels	Conclusion
0~39	Fig.103	70	D
40~78	Fig.104	19	r

Form/4 DQPSK

0~39 Fig.105 79 P   40~78 Fig.106 79 P	Channel	Number of hop	pping channels	Conclusion
40~78 Fig.106	0~39	Fig.105	70	D
	40~78	Fig.106	19	F

#### For 8DPSK

Channel	Number of hop	pping channels	Conclusion
0~39	Fig.107	79	D
40~78	Fig.108	19	F

Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:





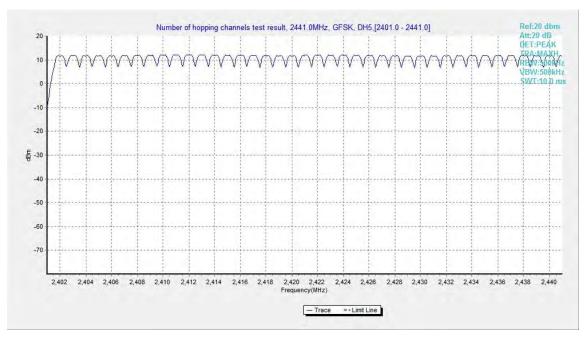


Fig.103. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 0 - 39

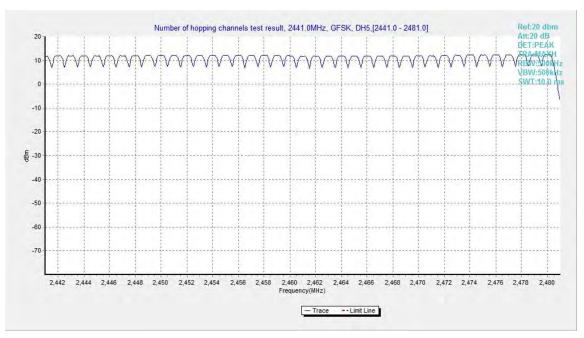


Fig.104. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 40 - 78





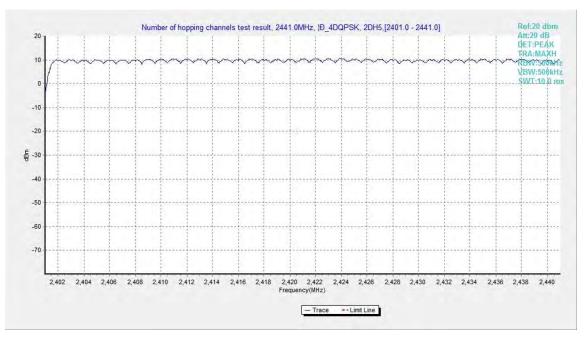


Fig.105. Number of hopping frequencies:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 0 - 39

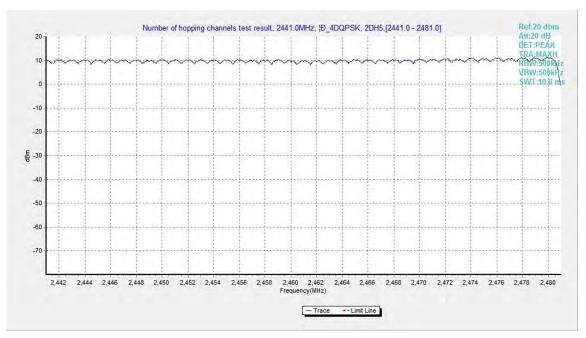


Fig.106. Number of hopping frequencies:  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, Channel 40 - 78





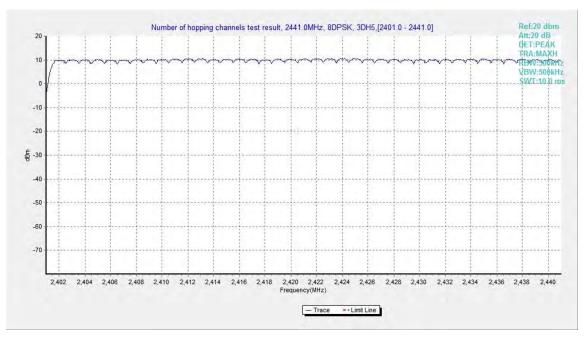


Fig.107. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 0 - 39

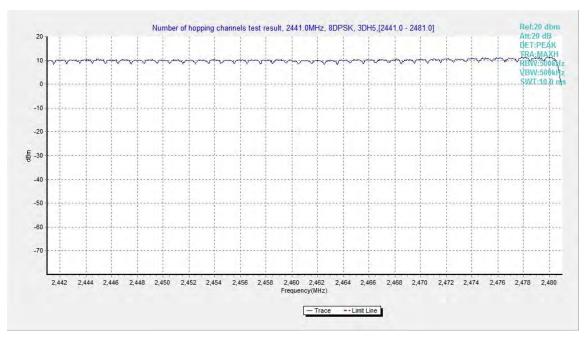


Fig.108. Number of hopping frequencies: 8DPSK, Channel 40 - 78





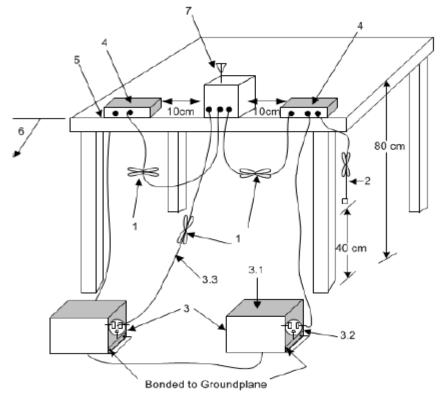
## **B.11. AC Powerline Conducted Emission**

## Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.2

#### Setup:

A stand-alone EUT shall be placed in the center along the back edge of the tabletop. For multiunit tabletop systems, the EUT shall be centered laterally (left to right facing the tabletop) on the tabletop and its rear shall be flush with the rear of the table.

Accessories that are part of an EUT system tested on a tabletop shall be placed in a test arrangement on one or both sides of the host with a 10 cm separation between the nearest points of the cabinets. The rear of the host and accessories shall be flush with the back of the supporting tabletop unless that would not be typical of normal use. If more than two accessories are present, then an equipment test arrangement shall be chosen that maintains 10 cm spacing between cabinets unless the equipment is normally located closer together.



#### Exploratory ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Exploratory measurements shall be used to identify the frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable positions, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. For each mode of operation and for each ac power current-carrying conductor, cable manipulation shall be performed within the range of likely configurations. For this measurement or series of measurements, the frequency spectrum of interest shall be monitored looking for the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit. Once that emission is found for each current-carrying conductor of each power cord associated with the EUT (but not the cords associated with non-EUT equipment in the overall system), the one configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produces the emission closest to the limit over all of the *©Copyright. All rights reserved by CTTL.* 





#### measured conductors shall be recorded.

## Final ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement, while applying the appropriate modulating signal to the EUT. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac power-line conducted emission measurements are performed. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is then performed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without further variation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation. If the EUT is composed of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections (e.g., floor-standing equipment with independent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network), then each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (or more) LISN(s). All units shall be measured separately. If a power strip is provided by the manufacturer, to supply all of the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall be measured.

#### **Test Condition:**

Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)
120	60

Measurement Result and limit: EUT ID: EUT45

Bluetooth (Quasi-peak Limit)

Frequency range (MHz)	Quasi-peak Limit (dBµV)	Result ( With ch	Conclusion		
(11112)		bluetooth	Idle		
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56				
0.5 to 5	56	Fig.B.11.1	Fig.B.11.2	Р	
5 to 30	60				

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

Bluetooth (Average Limit)

		Result					
Frequency range	Average Limit (dBµV)	With c	Conclusion				
(MHz)		bluetooth	Idle				
0.15 to 0.5	56 to 46						
0.5 to 5	46	Fig.B.11.1	Fig.B.11.2	Р			
5 to 30	50						
NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz							
to 0.5 MHz.							

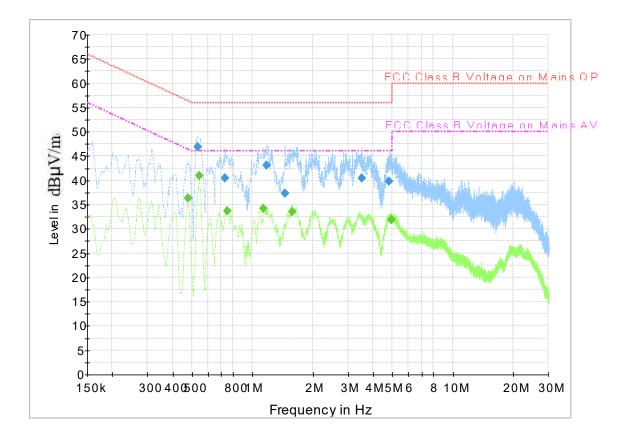
## **Conclusion: Pass**

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## Test graphs as below:





Note: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line.

Final Result 1							
Frequency	QuasiPeak	PE	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit	
(MHz)	(dBµV)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)	
0.532500	46.8	GND	L1	10.0	9.2	56.0	
0.730500	40.5	GND	L1	10.0	15.5	56.0	
1.176000	43.1	GND	N	10.0	12.9	56.0	
1.450500	37.3	GND	L1	10.0	18.7	56.0	
3.525000	40.4	GND	N	10.1	15.6	56.0	
4.803000	39.7	GND	N	10.2	16.3	56.0	

## **Final Result 2**

Frequency	CAverage	PE	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.478500	36.4	GND	Ν	10.0	10.0	46.4
0.541500	40.9	GND	N	10.0	5.1	46.0
0.748500	33.7	GND	N	10.0	12.3	46.0
1.140000	34.1	GND	N	10.0	11.9	46.0
1.581000	33.4	GND	L1	10.0	12.6	46.0
4.929000	31.8	GND	L1	10.2	14.2	46.0





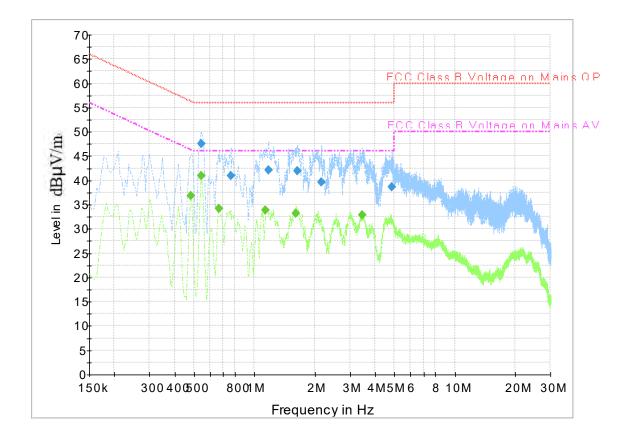


Fig.B.11.2 AC Powerline Conducted Emission-Idle

Note: The graphic result above is the maximum of the measurements for both phase line and neutral line. **Final Result 1** 

Frequency	QuasiPeak	PE	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.541500	47.5	GND	N	10.0	8.5	56.0
0.762000	40.9	GND	L1	10.0	15.1	56.0
1.176000	42.2	GND	L1	10.0	13.8	56.0
1.639500	41.9	GND	N	10.0	14.1	56.0
2.157000	39.7	GND	N	10.0	16.3	56.0
4.870500	38.7	GND	L1	10.2	17.3	56.0

## **Final Result 2**

Frequency	CAverage	PE	Line	Corr.	Margin	Limit
(MHz)	(dBµV)			(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV)
0.483000	36.9	GND	N	10.0	9.4	46.3
0.541500	40.9	GND	L1	10.0	5.1	46.0
0.667500	34.2	GND	L1	9.9	11.8	46.0
1.140000	33.9	GND	N	10.0	12.1	46.0
1.608000	33.2	GND	N	10.0	12.8	46.0
3.439500	32.8	GND	L1	10.1	13.2	46.0





# **ANNEX C: Accreditation Certificate**



\*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*