



# SAR TEST REPORT

**Applicant:** Tait International Limited

Address: 245 Wooldridge Road, Harewood, P.O. Box 1645 Christchurch 8051 New Zealand

FCC ID: CASTPEB1G

- Product Name: TP3350 Two Way Radio
- Model Numbers: T03-00313-BCDA, T03-00313-BBEA, T03-00313-BAAA
- Type Code/HVIN: TPEB1G
  - Standard(s): FCC PART 2 (2.1093)

The above equipment has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

<b>Report Number:</b>	CR22030025-20A
Date Of Issue:	2022-05-17
<b>Reviewed By:</b>	Sun Zhong Swn 2hong
Title:	Manager
Test Laboratory:	<b>China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)</b> No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-769-82016888

# SAR TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

Operation	Madal	Highest Rep (W	Limits	
Frequency Bands	Model	Head Face Up (Gap 25mm)	Body-Worn (Gap 0mm)	(W/kg)
РТТ	T03-00313-BCDA	0.40	3.88	
(136~174MHz)	T03-00313-BBEA	0.39	3.84	8.0
$(130 \sim 1/4 \text{WHZ})$	T03-00313-BAAA	0.39	3.30	
	Maximum	Simultaneous Tra	nsmission SAR	
Items		Head Face Up (Gap 25mm)	Body-Worn (Gap 0mm)	Limits
G	T03-00313-BCDA	0.42	3.92	
$S_{AB}(W/t_{re})$	T03-00313-BBEA	0.41	3.88	8.0
SAR(W/kg)	T03-00313-BAAA	0.41	3.34	
EUT Received Date:		2022/03/10		
Tested Date:		2022/04/20-2022	/04/21	
Tested Result:		Pass		

### **Test Facility**

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0123.

#### **Declarations**

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol "▲". Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

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# **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

# 1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Device Type:	Portable		
Exposure Category:	Occupational/Control	lled Exposure	
Antenna Type(s):	External Antenna for PTT Internal Antenna for Bluetooth		
<b>Body-Worn Accessories:</b>	Belt Clip, Headset, S	peaker Mic	
Face-Head Accessories:	None		
Operation Mode:	PTT_FM, PTT_4FSk Bluetooth	ζ.	
Frequency Band:	PTT_FM/PTT_4FSK: 136-174MHz Bluetooth: 2402-2480 MHz		
	T03-00313-BCDA PTT_FM/PTT_4FSK: 36.85 dBm   Bluetooth: -0.76 dBm BLE: -0.32 dBm		
Conducted RF Power:	T03-00313-BBEA PTT_FM/PTT_4FSK: 36.89 dBm   Bluetooth: -0.68 dBm BLE: -0.2 dBm		
	Т03-00313-ВААА	PTT_FM/PTT_4FSK: 36.88 dBm Bluetooth:-0.65 dBm BLE: -0.14 dBm	
Power Source:	DC 7.4V Rechargeable Battery		
Serial Number:	T03-00313-BCDA:CR22030025-SA-S1 T03-00313-BBEA:CR22030025-SA-S2 T03-00313-BAAA:CR22030025-SA-S3		
Normal Operation:	: Face Up and Body-worn		

# **1.2 Antenna information:**

Antenna	Antenna Manufacturer	Antenna Type	Input Impedance (Ohm)	Antenna Gain/ Frequency Range	Length (mm)
PTT Antenna 1	Tait International Limited	Helical	50	2.5dBi/136- 145MHz	96
PTT Antenna 2	Tait International Limited	Helical	50	2.5dBi/144- 154MHz	96
PTT Antenna 3	Tait International Limited	Helical	50	2.5dBi/153- 164MHz	96
PTT Antenna 4	Tait International Limited	Helical	50	2.5dBi/163- 174MHz	96
PTT Antenna 5	Tait International Limited	Helical	50	2dBi/136-150MHz	173
PTT Antenna 6	Tait International Limited	Helical	50	2dBi/150-174MHz	154
Bluetooth	Tait International Limited	Monopole	50	0dBi/2.4G-2.5GHz	12.3

# **1.3 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures**

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB 643646 D01 SAR Test for PTT Radios v01r03

TCB Workshop April 2019: RF Exposure Procedures

# 1.5 SAR Limts

# FCC Limit

	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

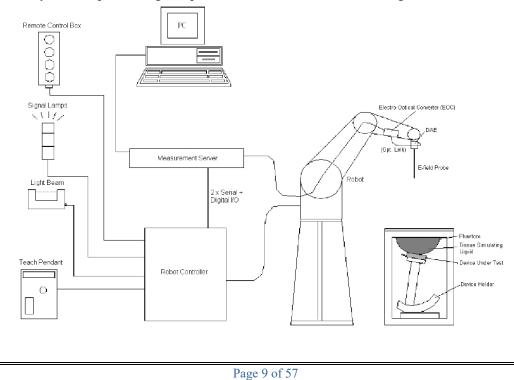
# 2. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



# **DASY5** System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical

processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

#### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

# ES3DV2 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm$ 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm$ 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 10 mm) Tip diameter: 4 mm (Body: 10 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 4.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

# Calibration Frequency Points for ES3DV2 E-Field Probes SN: 3019 Calibrated: 2021/12/13

Calibration	Frequency Range(MHz)		<b>Conversion Factor</b>			
Frequency Point(MHz)	From	То	X	Y	Z	
150 Head	100	200	7.69	7.69	7.69	
150 Body	100	200	7.51	7.51	7.51	
450 Head	350	550	7.02	7.02	7.02	
450 Body	350	550	6.95	6.95	6.95	

#### **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- Left Head
- \_ Right Head
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the robots have the size of  $100 \times 50 \times 85$  cm (L x W x H). For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the

standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

#### Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.



#### **SAR Scan Pricedures**

#### **Step 1: Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### Step 2: Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 S	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
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	$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

# Step 3: Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

			$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3-4$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $4-5$ GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm $5-6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n \ge 1)$ : between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

# Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

# **Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body	Tissue
(MHz)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

#### **Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body**

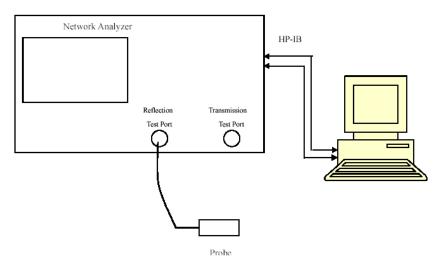
# **3. EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

# 3.1 Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.10	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1567	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1354	2021/9/1	2022/8/31
E-Field Probe	ES3DV2	3019	2021/12/13	2022/12/12
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	BJPCTC0152	NCR	NCR
Oval Flat Phantom	ELI V8.0	2051	NCR	NCR
Loop, 150 MHz	CLA150	4020	2019/11/25	2022/11/24
Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	ТЅ-150-Н	2109015001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	TS-150-B	2109015002	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753B	2828A00170	2021/10/26	2022/10/25
Dielectric assessment kit	1253	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
synthesized signal generator	8665B	3438a00584	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
EPM Series Power Meter	E4419B	MY45103907	2021/7/22	2022/7/21
Power Amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2021/10/10	2022/10/09

# 4. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# 4.1 Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

# **Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	٤ <sub>r</sub>	0' (S/m)	٤ <sub>r</sub>	0 (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
136.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	53.455	0.741	52.95	0.75	0.95	-1.2	±5
140	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	53.042	0.748	52.77	0.75	0.52	-0.27	±5
143	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.876	0.751	52.63	0.75	0.47	0.13	±5
144.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.841	0.753	52.58	0.76	0.5	-0.92	±5
144.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.806	0.759	52.53	0.76	0.53	-0.13	±5
149	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.803	0.767	52.35	0.76	0.87	0.92	±5
149.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.693	0.767	52.3	0.76	0.75	0.92	±5
150	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.691	0.769	52.3	0.76	0.75	1.18	±5
150.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.689	0.771	52.3	0.76	0.74	1.45	±5
153.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.681	0.773	52.16	0.76	1	1.71	±5
153.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.402	0.776	52.11	0.76	0.56	2.11	±5
158.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.242	0.782	51.93	0.77	0.6	1.56	±5
158.5	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.238	0.784	51.9	0.77	0.65	1.82	±5
163.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	52.089	0.786	51.69	0.77	0.77	2.08	±5
163.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	51.932	0.789	51.65	0.77	0.55	2.47	±5
165.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	51.904	0.79	51.55	0.77	0.69	2.6	±5
168.5	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	51.627	0.793	51.44	0.77	0.36	2.99	±5
173.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	51.569	0.802	51.18	0.78	0.76	2.82	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2022/4/21.

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Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	ε <sub>r</sub>	0 (S/m)	٤r	0 (S/m)	Δε <sub>r</sub>	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
136.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	63.466	0.785	62.25	0.79	1.95	-0.63	$\pm 5$
140	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	63.256	0.789	62.15	0.79	1.78	-0.13	$\pm 5$
143	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	63.123	0.79	62.07	0.79	1.7	0	±5
144.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	63.107	0.792	62.05	0.8	1.7	-1	±5
144.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	62.714	0.796	62.02	0.8	1.12	-0.5	±5
149	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.643	0.798	61.92	0.8	-0.45	-0.25	±5
149.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.489	0.799	61.9	0.8	-0.66	-0.13	±5
150	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.487	0.802	61.9	0.8	-0.67	0.25	±5
150.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.485	0.809	61.9	0.8	-0.67	1.13	±5
153.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.884	0.813	61.83	0.8	-1.53	1.62	±5
153.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.785	0.818	61.8	0.8	-1.64	2.25	±5
158.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.769	0.821	61.7	0.81	-1.51	1.36	±5
158.5	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.766	0.824	61.69	0.81	-1.5	1.73	±5
163.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.758	0.832	61.58	0.81	-1.33	2.72	±5
163.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.707	0.835	61.55	0.81	-1.37	3.09	±5
165.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.693	0.841	61.51	0.81	-1.33	3.83	±5
168.5	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.689	0.846	61.44	0.81	-1.22	4.44	±5
173.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.365	0.852	61.31	0.82	-1.54	3.9	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2022/4/20.

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	8r	0' (S/m)	٤r	0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
136.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	63.437	0.765	62.25	0.79	1.91	-3.16	±5
140	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	62.61	0.768	62.15	0.79	0.74	-2.78	±5
143	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	62.785	0.77	62.07	0.79	1.15	-2.53	±5
144.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.777	0.772	62.05	0.8	-0.44	-3.5	±5
144.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.752	0.772	62.02	0.8	-0.43	-3.5	±5
149	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.608	0.776	61.92	0.8	-0.5	-3	±5
149.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.6	0.777	61.9	0.8	-0.48	-2.88	±5
150	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.598	0.778	61.9	0.8	-0.49	-2.75	±5
150.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.596	0.779	61.9	0.8	-0.49	-2.63	±5
153.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.544	0.784	61.83	0.8	-0.46	-2	±5
153.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	61.219	0.79	61.8	0.8	-0.94	-1.25	±5
158.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.752	0.794	61.7	0.81	-1.54	-1.98	±5
158.5	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.749	0.796	61.69	0.81	-1.53	-1.73	±5
163.0125	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.745	0.798	61.58	0.81	-1.36	-1.48	±5
163.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.668	0.801	61.55	0.81	-1.43	-1.11	±5
165.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.644	0.803	61.51	0.81	-1.41	-0.86	±5

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168.5	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.628	0.806	61.44	0.81	-1.32	-0.49	±5	
173.9875	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	60.479	0.813	61.31	0.82	-1.36	-0.85	±5	
*Liquid Verific	*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2022/4/21.								

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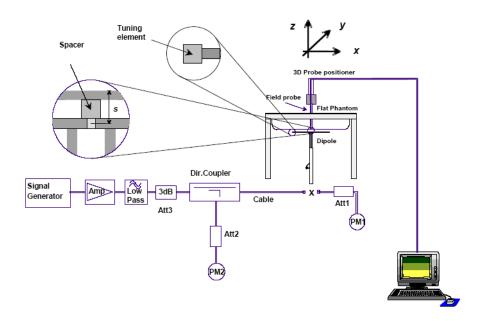
# 4.2 System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the System Verification Setup Block Diagram is given by the following:

- a)  $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for 300 MHz  $\leq f \leq 1 000 \text{ MHz}$ ;
- b)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for 1 000 MHz < f  $\leq$  3 000 MHz;
- c) s = 10 mm  $\pm$  0,2 mm for 3 000 MHz < f  $\leq$  6 000 MHz.

### System Verification Setup Block Diagram



# System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Liquid Type Input Measured Power SAR (mW) (W/kg)		Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)	
2022/04/21	150 MHz	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	100	1g	3.58	3.64	-1.65	±10
2022/04/20	150 MHz	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	100	1g	3.88	3.72	4.30	±10
2022/04/21	150 MHz	Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	100	1g	3.85	3.72	3.49	±10

# 4.3 SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

#### System Performance 150 MHz Head was performed on 2022/04/21.

#### DUT: Loop, 150 MHz; Type: CLA150; Serial: 4020

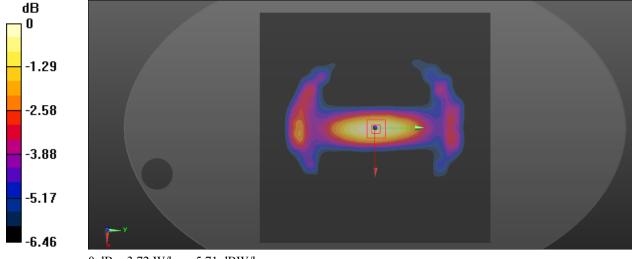
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 150 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.769 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.691;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3019; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69) @ 150 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2021/9/1
- Phantom: ELI v8.0; Type: QDOVA004AA; Serial: TP:2051
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (181x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.69 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 68.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.87 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.49 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.72 W/kg



 $<sup>0 \</sup>text{ dB} = 3.72 \text{ W/kg} = 5.71 \text{ dBW/kg}$ 

#### System Performance 150 MHz Body was performed on 2022/04/20.

#### DUT: Loop, 150 MHz; Type: CLA150; Serial: 4020

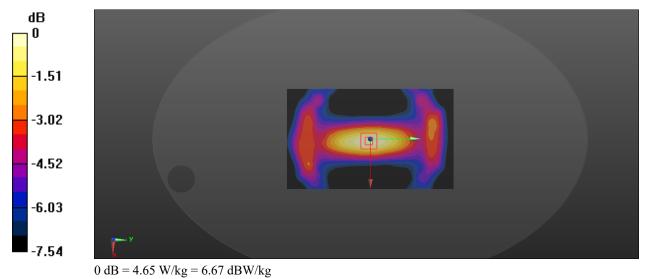
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 150 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.802 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 61.487;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3019; ConvF(7.51, 7.51, 7.51) @ 150 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2021/9/1
- Phantom: ELI v8.0; Type: QDOVA004AA; Serial: TP:2051
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.83 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 72.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.93 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.58 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.65 W/kg



#### System Performance 150 MHz Body was performed on 2022/04/21.

#### DUT: Loop, 150 MHz; Type: CLA150; Serial: 4020

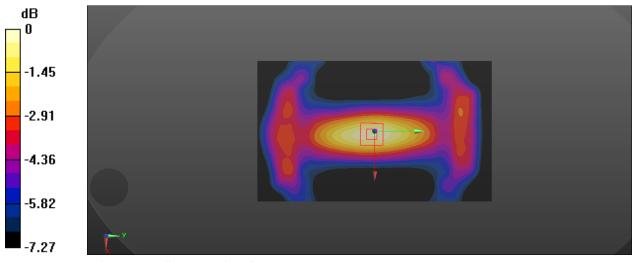
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 150 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.778 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 61.598;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3019; ConvF(7.51, 7.51, 7.51) @ 150 MHz; Calibrated: 2021/12/13
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2021/9/1
- Phantom: ELI v8.0; Type: QDOVA004AA; Serial: TP:2051
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.42 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 70.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.84 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.56 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.26 W/kg



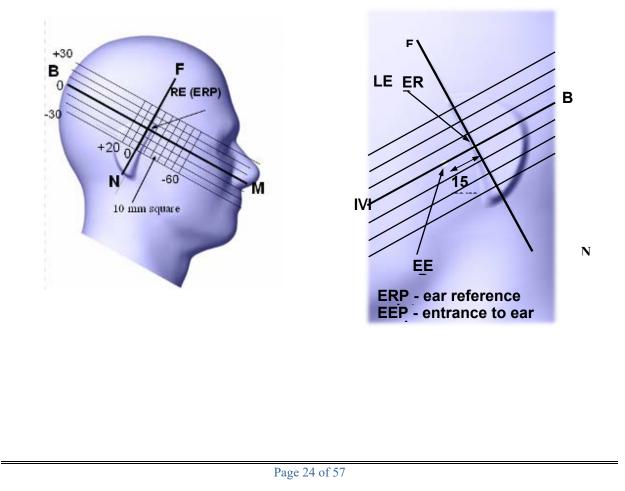
 $0 \ dB = 4.26 \ W/kg = 6.29 \ dBW/kg$ 

# 5. EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

# 5.1 Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper 1/4 of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



### 5.2 Cheek/Touch Position

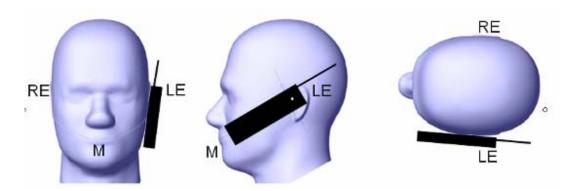
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.



**Cheek /Touch Position** 

### **5.3 Ear/Tilt Position**

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

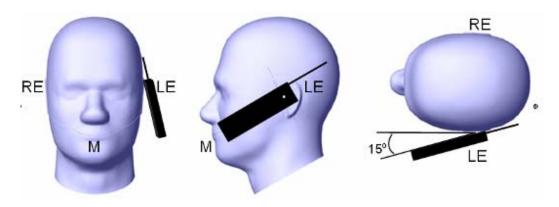
1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and

right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

#### Ear /Tilt 15° Position



### 5.4 Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

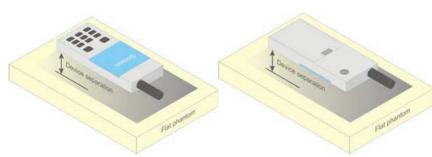


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

# 5.5 Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

In this case the DUT(Device Under Test) is set directly against the phantom, the test distance is 0mm for Body Back mode; for Face Up mode the distance is 25mm.

# **5.6 SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points ( $10 \times 10 \times 10$ ) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

# 6. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

# **6.1 Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Spectrum Analyzer through sufficient attenuation.



The Spectrum Analyzer setting:

RBW	VBW
100 kHz	300 kHz

# 6.2 Maximum Target Output Power

Мо	de	Max. tune-up tolerance power limit for Production(dBm)
	FM_12.5kHz	37.78
PTT (136-174MHz)	FM_25kHz	37.78
(100 17 11/11/2)	4FSK_12.5kHz	37.78
Bluetooth H	BDR/EDR	0
BLE	1M	0

# 6.3 Test Results:

### Short antenna:

T03-00313-BCDA:

Test Mo	ode	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Power level
			136.0125	36.58	High
		Antenna 1 (136-145MHz)	140	36.63	High
		(130-145MHZ)	144.9875	36.62	High
			144.0125	36.61	High
		Antenna 2 (144-154MHz)	149	36.49	High
	FM	(144-1341112)	153.9875	36.56	High
	12.5 kHz		153.0125	36.62	High
		Antenna 3 (153-164MHz)	158.5	36.68	High
		(135-10410112)	163.9875	36.77	High
			163.0125	36.85	High
		Antenna 4 (163-174MHz)	168.5	36.58	High
		(103-17401112)	173.9875	36.54	High
			136.0125	36.56	High
		Antenna 1 (136-145MHz)	140	36.62	High
		(150-1451/112)	144.9875	36.61	High
		Antenna 2 (144-154MHz)144.012536.7514936.63153.987536.63	36.75	High	
			149	36.63	High
РТТ	FM		153.9875	36.63	High
(136-174MHz)	25 kHz		153.0125	36.51	High
		Antenna 3 (153-164MHz)	158.5	36.58	High
		(135-10410112)	163.9875	36.73	High
			163.0125	36.76	High
		Antenna 4 (163-174MHz)	168.5	36.75	High
			173.9875	36.48	High
		A . 4 1	136.0125	36.57	High
		Antenna 1 (136-145MHz)	140	36.56	High
			144.9875	36.67	High
			144.0125	36.71	High
		Antenna 2 (144-154MHz)	149	36.65	High
	4FSK	(111 13 10112)	153.9875	36.55	High
	12.5 kHz	A	153.0125	36.65	High
		Antenna 3 (153-164MHz)	158.5	36.59	High
			163.9875	36.72	High
			163.0125	36.77	High
		Antenna 4 (163-174MHz)	168.5	36.59	High
			173.9875	36.39	High

### T03-00313-BBEA:

Test Mo	de	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Power level		
			136.0125	36.48	High		
		Antenna 1 (136-145MHz)	140	36.74	High		
		(150-145101112)	144.9875	36.76	High		
			144.0125	36.69	High		
		Antenna 2 (144-154MHz)	149	36.48	High		
	FM	(144-1340112)	153.9875	36.52	High		
	12.5 kHz	Antonno 3	153.0125	36.66	High		
		Antenna 3 (153-164MHz)	158.5	36.54	High		
		(133-1040112)	163.9875	36.58	High		
		A . (	163.0125	36.78	High		
		Antenna 4 (163-174MHz)	168.5	36.68	High		
			173.9875	36.56	High		
		A	136.0125	36.69	High		
		Antenna 1 (136-145MHz)	140	36.67	High		
			144.9875	36.69	59 High		
		A	144.0125	36.57	High		
		Antenna 2 (144-154MHz)	149	36.63	High		
РТТ	FM	(144-1341/112)	153.9875	36.76	High		
(136-174MHz)	25 kHz	A	153.0125	36.58	High		
		Antenna 3 (153-164MHz)	158.5	36.68	High		
			163.9875	36.72	High		
		A . (	163.0125	36.83	High		
		Antenna 4 (163-174MHz)	168.5	36.77	High		
			173.9875	36.55	High		
		A méa 1	136.0125	36.59	High		
		Antenna 1 (136-145MHz)	140	36.57	High		
			144.9875	36.48	High		
		A	144.0125	36.82	High		
		Antenna 2 (144-154MHz)	149	36.74	High		
	4FSK	(111 10 101112)	153.9875	36.57	High High High High High High High High		
	12.5 kHz	A	153.0125	36.47	High		
		Antenna 3 (153-164MHz)	158.5	36.46	High		
	-	(100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	163.9875	36.49	High		
		A	163.0125	36.89	High		
		Antenna 4 (163-174MHz)	168.5	36.57	High		
			173.9875	36.52	High		

### T03-00313-BAAA:

Test Mo	de	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Power level
			136.0125	36.59	High
		Antenna 1 (136-145MHz)	140	36.61	High
		(150-14510112)	144.9875	36.68	High
			144.0125	36.56	High
		Antenna 2 (144-154MHz)	149	36.44	High
	FM	(111 13 10112)	153.9875	36.58	High
	12.5 kHz	Antenna 3	153.0125	36.69	High
		Antenna 3 (153-164MHz)	158.5	36.83	High
			163.9875	36.77	High
		A . (	163.0125	36.72	High
		Antenna 4 (163-174MHz)	168.5	36.64	High
			173.9875	36.52	High
		A	136.0125	36.55	High
		Antenna 1 (136-145MHz)	140	36.74	High
			144.9875	36.71	High
		Antenna 2	144.0125	36.61	High
		Antenna 2 (144-154MHz)	149	36.63	High
PTT	FM	(144-134///112)	153.9875	36.65	High
(136-174MHz)	25 kHz	Antenna 3 (153-164MHz)	153.0125	36.66	High
			158.5	36.59	High
			163.9875	36.74	High
		A	163.0125	36.88	High
		Antenna 4 (163-174MHz)	168.5	36.72	High
			173.9875	36.53	High
		A méa 1	136.0125	36.55	High
		Antenna 1 (136-145MHz)	140	36.56	High
			144.9875	36.48	High
		A	144.0125	36.45	High
		Antenna 2 (144-154MHz)	149	36.66	High
	4FSK	(111 10 101112)	153.9875	36.59	High
	12.5 kHz	A	153.0125	36.68	High
		Antenna 3 (153-164MHz)	158.5	36.58	High
			163.9875	36.51	High
		A m40 4	163.0125	36.86	High
		Antenna 4 (163-174MHz)	168.5	36.62	High
		(	173.9875	36.41	High

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# Long antenna:

# T03-00313-BCDA:

Test Mode		Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Power level
			136.0125	36.58	High
		Antenna 5 (136-150MHz)	143	36.57	High
	EM	(130-130//11/2)	149.9875	36.55	High
	FM 12.5 kHz	Antenna 6 (150-174MHz)	150.0125	36.73	High
			158.0125	36.65	High
			165.9875	36.59	High
			173.9875	36.54	High
	FM 25 kHz	Antenna 5 (136-150MHz)	136.0125	36.56	High
PTT (136-174MHz)			143	36.67	High
			149.9875	36.66	High
		Antenna 6 (150-174MHz)	150.0125	36.85	High
(100 17 10111)			158.0125	36.74	High
			165.9875	36.65	High
			173.9875	36.48	High
	4FSK 12.5 kHz	Antenna 5 (136-150MHz)	136.0125	36.57	High
			143	36.66	High
			149.9875	36.68	High
		Antenna 6 (150-174MHz)	150.0125	36.76	High
			158.0125	36.72	High
			165.9875	36.67	High
			173.9875	36.39	High

### T03-00313-BBEA:

Test Mode		Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Power level
	FM 12.5 kHz	Antenna 5 (136-150MHz)	136.0125	36.48	High
			143	36.63	High
			149.9875	36.65	High
		Antenna 6 (150-174MHz)	150.0125	36.72	High
			158.0125	36.79	High
			165.9875	36.73	High
			173.9875	36.56	High
	FM 25 kHz	Antenna 5 (136-150MHz)	136.0125	36.69	High
РТТ			143	36.65	High
			149.9875	36.63	High
(136-174MHz)		Antenna 6 (150-174MHz)	150.0125	36.74	High
()			158.0125	36.83	High
			165.9875	36.77	High
			173.9875	36.55	High
	4FSK 12.5 kHz	Antenna 5 (136-150MHz)	136.0125	36.59	High
			143	36.69	High
			149.9875	36.61	High
		Antenna 6 (150-174MHz)	150.0125	36.72	High
			158.0125	36.86	High
			165.9875	36.74	High
			173.9875	36.52	High

### T03-00313-BAAA:

Test Mode		Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	Power level
	FM 12.5 kHz	Antenna 5 (136-150MHz)	136.0125	36.59	High
			143	36.67	High
			149.9875	36.55	High
		Antenna 6 (150-174MHz)	150.0125	36.77	High
			158.0125	36.83	High
			165.9875	36.72	High
			173.9875	36.52	High
	FM 25 kHz	Antenna 5 (136-150MHz)	136.0125	36.55	High
DEFE			143	36.58	High
			149.9875	36.61	High
PTT (136-174MHz)		Antenna 6 (150-174MHz)	150.0125	36.79	High
()			158.0125	36.68	High
			165.9875	36.57	High
			173.9875	36.53	High
	4FSK 12.5 kHz	Antenna 5 (136-150MHz)	136.0125	36.55	High
			143	36.54	High
			149.9875	36.63	High
		~	150.0125	36.54	High
			158.0125	36.65	High
			165.9875	36.72	High
			173.9875	36.41	High

#### Bluetooth: T03-00313-BCDA:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)	
	2402	-3.18	
BDR(GFSK)	2441	-1.99	
	2480	-0.76	
	2402	-5.36	
EDR( $\pi$ /4-DQPSK)	2441	-3.03	
	2480	-1.88	
	2402	-5.34	
EDR(8DPSK)	2441	-2.95	
	2480	-1.66	
	2402	-2.67	
LE 1M	2440	-1.68	
	2480	-0.32	

#### T03-00313-BBEA:

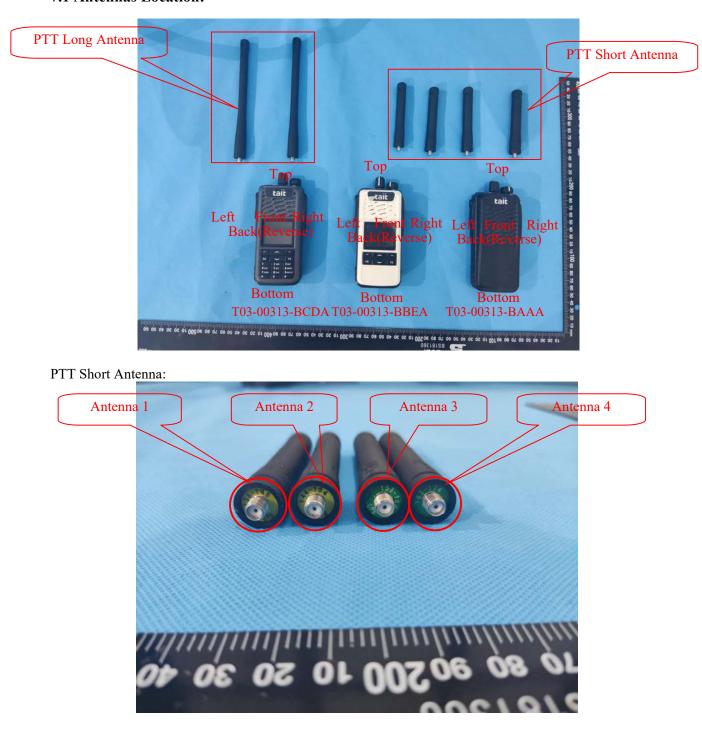
Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)	
	2402	-3.11	
BDR(GFSK)	2441	-1.99	
	2480	-0.68	
	2402	-5.34	
EDR( $\pi$ /4-DQPSK)	2441	-3.08	
	2480	-1.77	
	2402	-5.37	
EDR(8DPSK)	2441	-2.99	
	2480	-1.57	
	2402	-2.61	
LE 1M	2440	-1.66	
	2480	-0.2	

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Т03-00313-ВААА:			
	Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
		2402	-3.09
	BDR(GFSK)	2441	-2.03
		2480	-0.65
		2402	-5.34
	EDR( $\pi$ /4-DQPSK)	2441	-2.99
		2480	-1.68
		2402	-5.23
	EDR(8DPSK)	2441	-3.01
		2480	-1.48
		2402	-2.64
	LE 1M	2440	-1.65
		2480	-0.14

# 7. STANDALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS

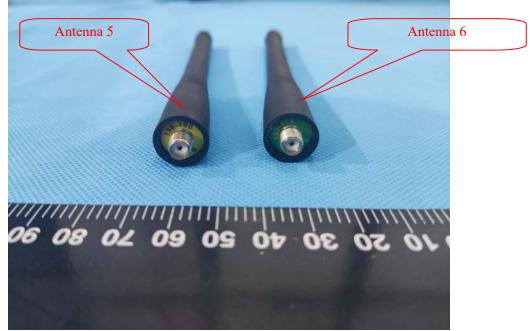
# 7.1 Antennas Location:



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# PTT Long Antenna:



# 7.2 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth	2480	0	1	0	0.3	3	YES

*Note: The bluetooth based peak power for calculation.* 

### NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW )/( min. test separation distance, mm)] ·

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

# 7.3 Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
BT Head	2480	0	1	25	0.02
BT Body	2480	0	1	0	0.04

Note: The bluetooth based peak power for calculation.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)] ·  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$ W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

# 8. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

# 8.1 SAR Test Data

## **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	22.6-23.2 ℃	22.8-23.4 °C		
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	46 %	45 %		
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.1 kPa	100.7 kPa		
Test Date:	2022/04/20	2022/04/21		

Testing was performed by Karl Gong, Ken Zong, Way Li.

#### PTT(136-174MHz): Short antenna: T03-00313-BCDA:

For antenna 1, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 136.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, and for antenna 2, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 144.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, for antenna 3, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 153.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, for antenna 4, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 163.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode .

			<b>F</b>	Max.	Maximum		1 g SA	R Valu	e(W/kg)	
Test M	ode	Antenna 1 Antenna 2 Antenna 2 Antenna 3 Antenna 4 Antenna 1 Antenna 2 Antenna 3 Antenna 4 Antenna 1 Antenna 1 Antenna 2 Antenna 3	Frequency (MHz)	Meas. Power (dBm)	output Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	50%	Scaled SAR	Plot
			136.0125	36.58	37.78	1.318	0.227	0.114	0.15	1#
		Antenna 1	140	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.0125	36.61	37.78	1.309	0.438	0.219	0.29	2#
		Antenna 2	149	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Test Mode 12 Head Face Up	FM		153.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	12.5 kHz		153.0125	36.62	37.78	1.306	0.424	0.212	0.28	3#
		Antenna 3	158.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.0125	36.85	37.78	1.239	0.523	0.262	0.32	4#
		Antenna 4	168.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			136.0125	36.56	37.78	1.324	0.265	0.133	0.18	5#
		Antenna 1	140	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	FM	Antenna 2	144.0125	36.75	37.78	1.268	0.505	0.253	0.32	6#
			149	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Face Up			153.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(25 mm)	25 kHz	Antenna 3	153.0125	36.51	37.78	1.34	0.569	0.285	0.38	7#
			158.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.0125	36.76	37.78	1.265	0.548	0.274	0.35	8#
		Antenna 4	168.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			136.0125	36.57	37.78	1.321	0.18	0.09	0.12	9#
		Antenna 1	140	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.0125	36.71	37.78	1.279	0.309	0.155	0.20	10#
		Antenna 2	149	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	4FSK		153.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	12.5 kHz		153.0125	36.65	37.78	1.297	0.322	0.161	0.21	11#
		Antenna 3	158.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.0125	36.77	37.78	1.262	0.375	0.188	0.24	12#
	Α		168.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			•	N	ote: The data	ahova	vas nort	formed	on 2022	01/21

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			F	Max.	Maximum		1 g SA	R 30% SAR P   1 0.905 1.19 1   7 0.535 0.70 1   55 0.228 0.30 1   6 0.68 0.89 1   / / / /   5 1.175 1.53 1   7 0.885 1.14 1   55 0.378 0.48 1   7 1.285 <b>1.59</b> 2   5 0.75 0.99 2   7 0.585 0.78 2			
Test M	lode	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Meas. Power (dBm)	output Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	50%		Plot	
			136.0125	36.58	37.78	1.318	1.81	0.905	1.19	13#	
		Antenna 1	140	36.63	37.78	1.303	1.07	0.535	0.70	14#	
			144.9875	36.62	37.78	1.306	0.455	0.228	0.30	15#	
			144.0125	36.61	37.78	1.309	1.36	0.68	0.89	16#	
		Antenna 2	149	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	FM		153.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	12.5 kHz		153.0125	36.62	37.78	1.306	2.35	1.175	1.53	17#	
		Antenna 3	158.5	36.68	37.78	1.288	1.77	0.885	1.14	18#	
			163.9875	36.77	37.78	1.262	0.755	0.378	0.48	19#	
			163.0125	36.85	37.78	1.239	2.57	1.285	1.59	20#	
		Antenna 4	168.5	36.58	37.78	1.318	1.5	0.75	0.99	21#	
			173.9875	36.54	37.78	1.33	1.17	0.585	0.78	22#	
			136.0125	36.56	37.78	1.324	1.71	0.855	1.13	23#	
		Antenna 1	140	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	FM		144.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
		Antenna 2	144.0125	36.75	37.78	1.268	1.38	0.69	0.87	24#	
			149	36.63	37.78	1.303	0.764	0.382	0.50	25#	
Body Back			153.9875	36.63	37.78	1.303	0.843	0.422	0.55	26#	
(0 mm)	25 kHz		153.0125	36.51	37.78	1.34	2.31	1.155	1.55	27#	
		Antenna 3	158.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
			163.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
			163.0125	36.76	37.78	1.265	2.39	1.195	1.51	28#	
		Antenna 4	168.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
			136.0125	36.57	37.78	1.321	0.941	0.471	0.62	29#	
		Antenna 1	140	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
			144.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
			144.0125	36.71	37.78	1.279	0.837	0.419	0.54	30#	
		Antenna 2	149	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	4FSK		153.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
1	12.5 kHz		153.0125	36.65	37.78	1.297	1.31	0.655	0.85	31#	
		Antenna 3	158.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
			163.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
			163.0125	36.77	37.78	1.262	1.47	0.735	0.93	32#	
		Antenna 4	168.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	

Note: The data above was performed on 2022/04/20.

## T03-00313-BBEA:

For antenna 1, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 136.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, and for antenna 2, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 144.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, for antenna 3, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 153.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, for antenna 4, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 163.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode .

			<b>F</b>	Max.	Maximum		1 g SA	R Valu	e(W/kg)	
Test M	ode	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Meas. Power (dBm)	output Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	50%	Scaled SAR	Plot
			136.0125	36.69	37.78	1.285	0.279	0.14	0.18	33#
		Antenna 1	140	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.0125	36.57	37.78	1.321	0.691	0.346	0.46	34#
		Antenna 2	149	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Face Up	FM		153.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(25 mm)	25 kHz		153.0125	36.58	37.78	1.318	0.585	0.293	0.39	35#
		Antenna 3	158.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		Antenna 4	163.0125	36.83	37.78	1.245	0.547	0.274	0.34	36#
			168.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			136.0125	36.48	37.78	1.349	1.25	0.625	0.84	37#
		Antenna 1	140	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.0125	36.69	37.78	1.285	1	0.5	0.64	38#
		Antenna 2	149	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	FM		153.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(0 mm)	12.5 kHz		153.0125	36.66	37.78	1.294	2.37	1.185	1.53	39#
(0 mm)		Antenna 3	158.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.0125	36.78	37.78	1.259	2.8	1.4	1.76	40#
			168.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note: The data of face up above was performed on 2022/04/21, the data of body back above was performed on 2022/04/20.

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# T03-00313-BAAA:

For antenna 1, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 136.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, and for antenna 2, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 144.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, for antenna 3, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 153.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, for antenna 4, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 163.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode .

			E	Max.	Maximum		1 g SA	R Valu	e(W/kg)	
Test M	ode	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Meas. Power (dBm)	output Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	50%	Scaled SAR	Plot
			136.0125	36.55	37.78	1.327	0.271	0.136	0.18	41#
		Antenna 1	140	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.0125	36.61	37.78	1.309	0.429	0.215	0.28	42#
		Antenna 2	149	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Face Up	FM		153.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(25 mm)	25 kHz		153.0125	36.66	37.78	1.294	0.419	0.21	0.27	43#
		Antenna 3	158.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		Antenna 4	163.0125	36.88	37.78	1.23	0.388	0.194	0.24	44#
			168.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			136.0125	36.59	37.78	1.315	1.31	0.655	0.86	45#
		Antenna 1	140	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			144.0125	36.56	37.78	1.324	0.981	0.491	0.65	46#
		Antenna 2	149	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back	FM		153.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(0 mm)	12.5 kHz		153.0125	36.69	37.78	1.285	1.98	0.99	1.27	47#
(0 mm)		Antenna 3	158.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			163.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	-		163.0125	36.72	37.78	1.276	2.12	1.06	1.35	<b>48</b> #
			168.5	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note: The data above was performed on 2022/04/21.

# Long antenna: T03-00313-BCDA:

For antenna 5, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 136.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, and for antenna 6, pre-scan all 4 Channels, the peak SAR located on 158.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode .

			Engeneration	Max. Meas.	Maximum		1 g SA	R Valu	e(W/kg)	
Test M	ode	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	output Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor		50%	Scaled SAR	Plot
			136.0125	36.58	37.78	1.318	0.541	0.271	0.36	49#
		Antenna 5	143	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	EM		149.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	FM 12.5 kHz		150.0125	36.73	37.78	1.274	0.528	0.264	0.34	50#
	12.5 KHZ	Antenna 6	158.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			165.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		Antenna 5	136.0125	36.56	37.78	1.324	0.516	0.258	0.34	51#
	FM 25 kHz		143	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
H. J.F. J.			149.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Face Up (25 mm)			150.0125	36.85	37.78	1.239	0.642	0.321	0.40	52#
(25 mm)	25 KIIZ	Antenna 6	158.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		Antenna o	165.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			136.0125	36.57	37.78	1.321	0.264	0.132	0.17	53#
		Antenna 5	143	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	AFRIZ		149.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	4FSK 12.5 kHz		150.0125	36.76	37.78	1.265	0.274	0.137	0.17	54#
	12.5 KHL	Antenna 6	158.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			165.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note: The data above was performed on 2022/04/21.

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			Frequency	Max. Meas.	Maximum output		1 g SA	R Valu	e(W/kg)	
Test M	lode	Antenna	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor		50%	Scaled SAR	Plot
			136.0125	36.58	37.78	1.318	5.84	2.92	3.85	55#
		Antenna 5	143	36.57	37.78	1.321	1.69	0.845	1.12	56#
	FM		149.9875	36.55	37.78	1.327	0.844	0.422	0.56	57#
	12.5 kHz		150.0125	36.73	37.78	1.274	3.67	1.835	2.34	58#
	12.5 KHZ	Antenna 6	158.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			165.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	FM 25 kHz	Antenna 5	136.0125	36.56	37.78	1.324	5.86	2.93	3.88	<b>59</b> #
			143	36.67	37.78	1.291	2.03	1.015	1.31	60#
			149.9875	36.66	37.78	1.294	1.01	0.505	0.65	61#
Body Back (0 mm)		Antenna 6	150.0125	36.85	37.78	1.271	4.66	2.33	2.89	62#
(v mm)	25 KHZ		158.0125	36.74	37.78	1.239	4.07	2.035	2.59	63#
		Antenna o	165.9875	36.65	37.78	1.297	2.18	1.09	1.41	64#
			173.9875	36.48	37.78	1.349	1.5	0.75	1.01	65#
			136.0125	36.57	37.78	1.321	2.62	1.31	1.73	66#
		Antenna 5	143	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	AFCIZ		149.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	4FSK 12.5 kHz		150.0125	36.76	37.78	1.265	1.38	0.69	0.87	67#
	1200 RHZ	Antenna 6	158.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			165.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note: The data above was performed on 2022/04/20.

### T03-00313-BBEA:

For antenna 5, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 136.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, and for antenna 6, pre-scan all 4 Channels, the peak SAR located on 150.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode .

			Frequency	Max. Meas.	Maximum output		1 g SA	R Valu	e(W/kg)	
Test M	ode	Antenna	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor		50%	Scaled SAR	Plot
			136.0125	36.69	37.78	1.285	0.545	0.273	0.35	<b>68</b> #
		Antenna 5	143	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Heed Free Un	ce Up FM		149.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Face Up (25 mm)	FM 25 kHz	Antenna 6	150.0125	36.74	37.78	1.271	0.535	0.268	0.34	69#
(23 mm)	25 KIIZ		158.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			165.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			136.0125	36.69	37.78	1.285	5.98	2.99	3.84	70#
		Antenna 5	143	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			149.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0 mm)	FM 25 kHz		150.0125	36.74	37.78	1.271	3.26	1.63	2.07	71#
	25 X112	Antenna 6	158.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			165.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	

Note: The data of face up above was performed on 2022/04/21, the data of body back above was performed on 2022/04/20.

#### T03-00313-BAAA:

For antenna 5, pre-scan all 3 Channels, the peak SAR located on 136.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode, and for antenna 6, pre-scan all 4 Channels, the peak SAR located on 150.0125MHz for Face Up mode and Body Back mode .

			Frequency	Max. Meas.	Maximum output	1 g SAR Value(W/kg)				
Test M	ode	Antenna	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	50%	Scaled SAR	Plot
			136.0125	36.55	37.78	1.327	0.482	0.241	0.32	72#
		Antenna 5	143	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Free Un			149.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Face Up (25 mm)		Antenna 6	150.0125	36.79	37.78	1.256	0.62	0.31	0.39	73#
(25 mm)			158.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			165.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			136.0125	36.55	37.78	1.327	4.98	2.49	3.30	74#
		Antenna 5	143	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	EM		149.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (0 mm)	FM 25 kHz		150.0125	36.79	37.78	1.256	3.37	1.685	2.12	75#
	20 X112	Antenna 6	158.0125	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			165.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
			173.9875	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note: The data above was performed on 2022/04/21.

#### Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  3.5W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2. KDB 447498 D04 - A duty factor of 50% should be applied to determine compliance for radios with maximum operating duty factors  $\leq$  50%. The 50% duty factor only applies to exposure conditions where the radio operates with a mechanical PTT button.

3. The whole antenna and radiating structures that may contribute to the measured SAR or influence the SAR distribution has been included in the area scan.

4. The differences among models T03-00313-BCDA, T03-00313-BBEA and T03-00313-BAAA are the hardware with display and key board, T03-00313-BCDA was selected for full testing, T03-00313-BBEA and T03-00313-BAAA were tested at the worst cases.

# 9. SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities						
Transmitter Combination Simultaneous? Hotspot?						
PTT + Bluetooth	$\checkmark$	×				

#### Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)		Position	Reported SAR(W/kg)		Sum of SAR-to-limit	ΣSAR <	
	····,		SAR1	SAR2	ratios	8.0W/kg	
	T02 00212 DCD 4	Face Up	0.40	0.02	0.06	0.42	
	T03-00313-BCDA	Body Back	3.88	0.04	0.51	3.92	
PTT + Bluetooth	T03-00313-BBEA	Face Up	0.39	0.02	0.06	0.41	
PTT + Bluetooth		Body Back	3.84	0.04	0.51	3.88	
T02 00212 F	T03-00313-BAAA	Face Up	0.39	0.02	0.06	0.41	
	103-00313-BAAA	Body Back	3.30	0.04	0.44	3.34	

#### Note:

1, KDB 447498 D01, Occupational exposure limits do not apply to consumer devices and radio services intended for supporting public networks or Part 15 unlicensed operations, thus the limits is 1.6W/kg for Bluetooth and 8.0W/kg for PTT(PLMRS).

2, The initial simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is to be based on ratios of SAR to the applicable limit for each transmit mode (similar to basic concept of ratios for "mixed limits" in 7.2 of KDB Pub. 447498 D01 v06 and FCC-13-39).

### **Conclusion:**

The **sum of SAR-to-limit ratios** is less than 1.0, thus additional analysis or simultaneous-transmit extended-volume-scan SAR is not needed.

# **10. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY**

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

# The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

# Head(Face Up)

SAR probe calibration point		Frequency		reg.(MHz) EUT Position		Meas. SAR (W/kg)	
SAK probe ca	noration point	ation point Band Freq.(MHz)		EUT Position	Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio
/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

### Body(Body Back)

SAR probe calibration point		Frequency		EUT	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest	
SAR probe car	ibration point	Band	Freq.(MHz)	Position	Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio	
150MIL-	T03-00313- BCDA	FM 25kHz	136.0125	Body Back	5.86	5.72	1.02	
150MHz (100- 200MHz)	T03-00313- BBEA	FM 25kHz	136.0125	Body Back	5.98	5.88	1.02	
2001/01/12)	T03-00313- BAAA	FM 25kHz	136.0125	Body Back	4.98	4.92	1.01	

### Note:

- 1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
- 2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.

3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

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# **11. SAR PLOTS**

Please Refer to the Attachment.

# APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measuremer	nt system				
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	Ν	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	nd set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.1	23.7

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measureme	nt system		•		
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test samp	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom a	nd set-up	-			
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.0	23.6

# Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-1 SAR test

# **APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS**

Please Refer to the Attachment.

# APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please Refer to the Attachment.

# **APPENDIX D MULTIPLE NUMBERS**

# Multiple Numbers:

0-Кеу	4-Key, Display	16-Key, Display
T03-00313-BAAA	T03-00313-BBAA	T03-00313-BCAA
T03-00313-BABA	T03-00313-BBBA	Т03-00313-ВСВА
T03-00313-BACA	T03-00313-BBCA	T03-00313-BCCA
T03-00313-BADA	T03-00313-BBDA	T03-00313-BCDA
T03-00313-BAEA	T03-00313-BBEA	T03-00313-BCEA
T03-00313-BAFA	T03-00313-BBFA	T03-00313-BCFA
T03-00313-BAGA	T03-00313-BBGA	T03-00313-BCGA
Т03-00313-ВАНА	T03-00313-BBHA	T03-00313-BCHA
T03-00313-BAAB	T03-00313-BBAB	Т03-00313-ВСАВ
T03-00313-BABB	T03-00313-BBBB	Т03-00313-ВСВВ
T03-00313-BACB	T03-00313-BBCB	Т03-00313-ВССВ
T03-00313-BADB	T03-00313-BBDB	T03-00313-BCDB
T03-00313-BAEB	T03-00313-BBEB	T03-00313-BCEB
T03-00313-BAFB	T03-00313-BBFB	T03-00313-BCFB
T03-00313-BAGB	T03-00313-BBGB	T03-00313-BCGB
Т03-00313-ВАНВ	Т03-00313-ВВНВ	Т03-00313-ВСНВ

# \*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*