5. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: $10.3 \text{ mW/g} = 16.8 \% (k=2)^2$

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: $6.76 \text{ mW/g} = 16.2 \% (k=2)^2$

6. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 835 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 46.7 \Omega$

Im $\{Z\} = -4.5 \Omega$

Return Loss at 835 MHz -24.7 dB

7. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole,

8. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

² validation uncertainty

Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 02/12/04 12:33:41

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN499

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- . Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 98

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 56.5 V/m

Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 2.68 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

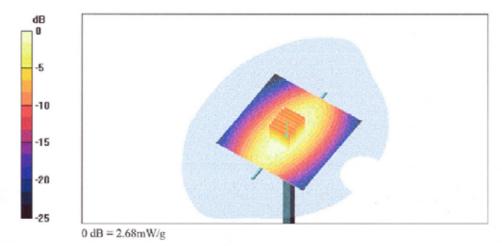
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.81 W/kg

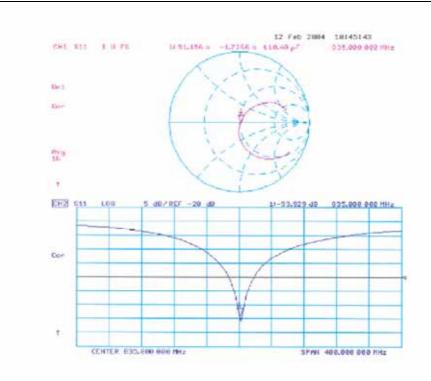
SAR(1 g) = 2.49 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g

Reference Value = 56.5 V/m

Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 2.68 mW/g





Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 02/10/04 15:14:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN499

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 835 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;
 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 101

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Reference Value = 54.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.79 mW/g

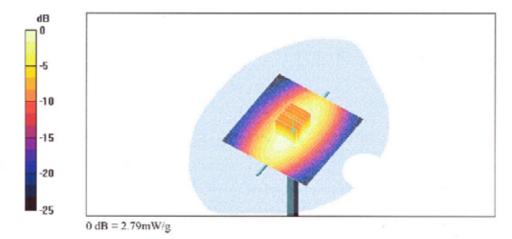
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

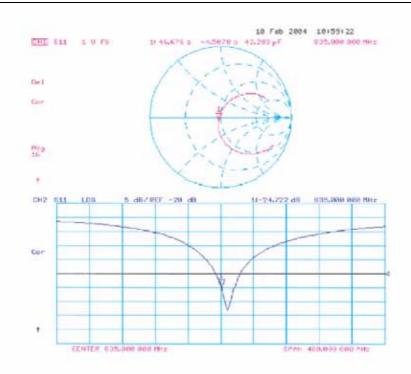
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.58 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.69 mW/g









Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Sproton Int. (Auden)

Object(s)	D1900V2 - SI	N:5d041	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05 y Calibration pr	2 ocedure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	February.17,	2004	
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance	(according to the specific calibration	document)
Calibration Equipment used (M&T	E critical for calibration)		
Model Type	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
ower meter EPM E442	GB37480704	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
RF generator R&S SML-03	MY41092317 100698	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mer-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05
Nelwork Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Oct 05
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Technician	Mutulit
Approved by:	Kalja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	Un let
			Date Issued: February 18, 2004
	d as an intermediate sol & Partner Engineering A	lution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IE/	C 17025 International Standard) for



Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1900V2

Serial: 5d041

Manufactured: July 4, 2003

Calibrated: February 17, 2004

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **head** simulating liquid of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 38.8 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.47 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 4.96 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 41.6 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)¹ averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 21.6 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)¹

¹ validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: 1.200 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.993 (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 51.2 \Omega$

 $Im \{Z\} = 4.9\Omega$

Return Loss at 1900 MHz -26.1 dB

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating tissue of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 52.5 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.58 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 4.57 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue; 42.0 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)²

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 22.0 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)²

6. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 46.6 \Omega$

 $Im \{Z\} = 5.1 \Omega$

Return Loss at 1900 MHz -24.0 dB

7. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

8. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

9. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

² validation uncertainty

Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 02/17/04 14:13:01

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d041

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 30; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 98

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Reference Value = 93.8 V/m

Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.8 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

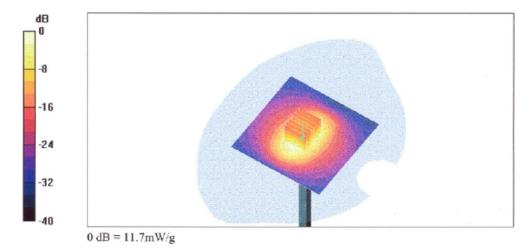
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.39 mW/g

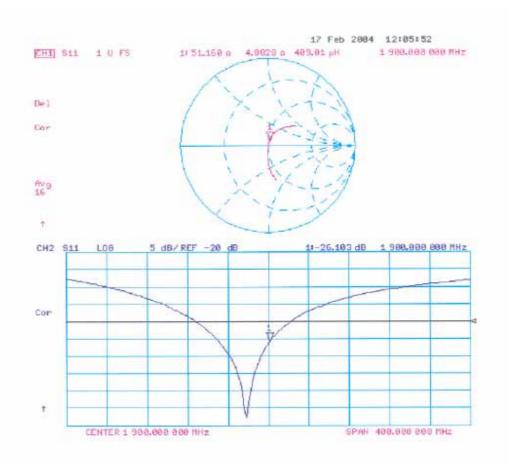
Reference Value = 93.8 V/m

Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.7 mW/g







Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 02/09/04 15:58:45

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d041

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_{\star} = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 101

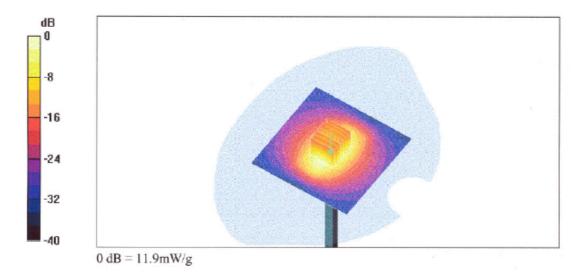
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Reference Value = 92.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

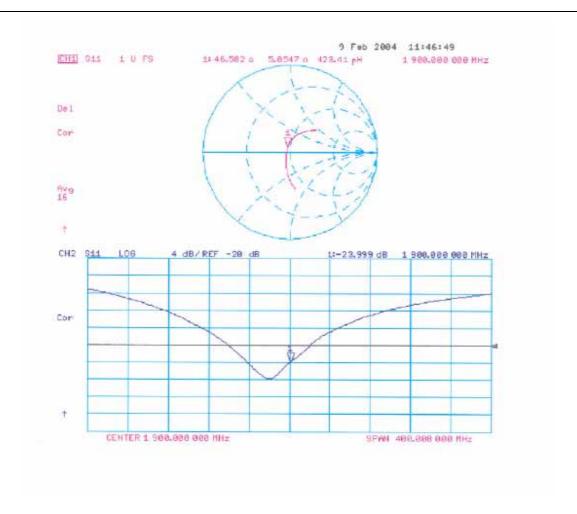
Reference Value = 92.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.49 mW/g









Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurlch, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Sporton (Auden)

SWISS

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep04

Object	ET3DV6 - SN:1	788	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v5 Calibration proc	edure for dosimetric E-field probes	
Calibration date:	September 30,	2004	
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)		
anera Aren (1900-1965) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1966)	that is the state of the state		School and Calibration
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards Power meter E44198	ID# GB41293874	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05 May-05
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	May-05
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05 Aug-05
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 90 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05 Aug-05 Jan-05
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 90 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 617	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04) Check Date (in house)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05 Scheduled Check
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator HP 8648C	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617 ID # MY41092180	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04) Check Date (in house)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct 05
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 90 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator HP 8648C	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617 ID # MY41092180 US3642U01700	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04) Check Date (in house) 18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct 05 In house check: Dec-05
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617 ID # MY41092180 US3642U01700 US37390585	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04) Check Date (in house) 18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct 05 In house check: Nov 04 Signature
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617 ID # MY41092180 US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04) Check Date (in house) 18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03) Function	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct 05 In house check: Nov 04

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep04 Page 1 of 9



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

NORMx,y,z ConF

sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP

diode compression point

Polarization o Polarization 9

φ rotation around probe axis

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx.v.z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY 4.3 B17 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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ET3DV6 SN:1788

September 30, 2004

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1788

Manufactured:

May 28, 2003

Last calibrated:

August 29, 2003

Recalibrated:

September 30, 2004

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1788

Sensitivity in Free	Space [^]
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Diode Compression^B

NormX	$1.68 \pm 9.9\%$	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	94 mV
NormY	1.70 ± 9.9%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	94 mV
NormZ	1.74 ± 9.9%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	94 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL

900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Cente	er to Phantom Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.1	4.4	
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.7	0.1	

TSL

1810 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Cente	r to Phantom Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.0	8.2	
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.9	0.1	

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

2.7 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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⁶ The uncertainties of NormX_xY_xZ do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

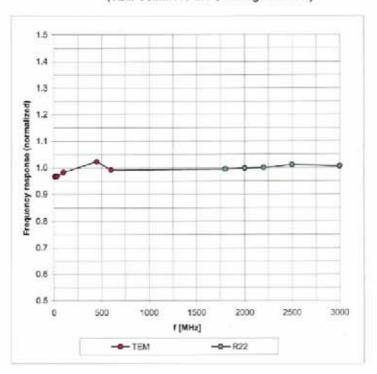
[&]quot; Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

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Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:iff110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm\,6.3\%$ (k=2)

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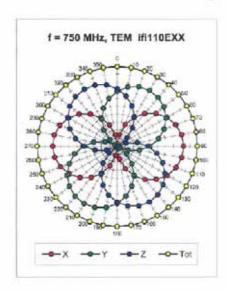
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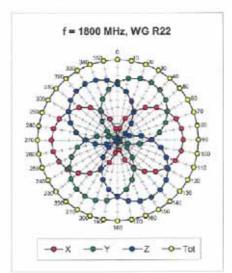


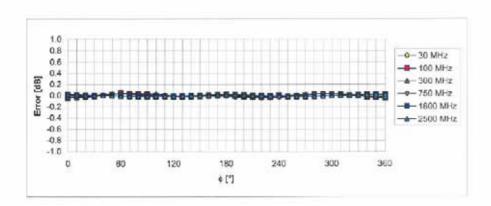
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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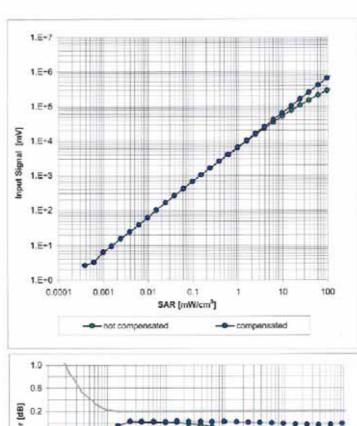
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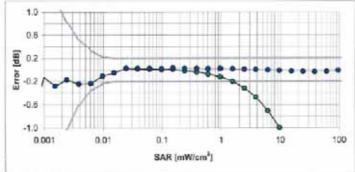




Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No. ET3-1788_Sep04

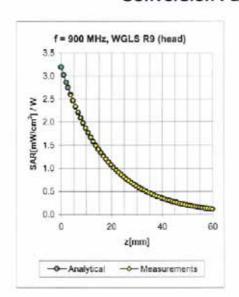
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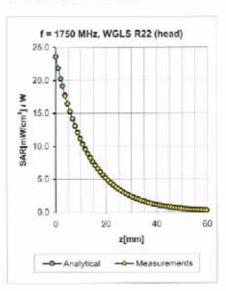


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Conversion Factor Assessment





f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	1.12	1.42	6.74 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	1.07	1.44	6.63 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 60 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.56	2.31	5.37 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	±50/±100	Head	$40.0\pm5\%$	$1.40\pm5\%$	0.55	2.42	5.16 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	±50/±100	Head	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	1.40 ± 5%	0.54	2.59	4.88 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	±50/±100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.65	2.22	4.56 ± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	1.04	1.52	6.53 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.99	1,56	6.17 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.53	2.74	4.73 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.55	2.82	4.56 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	±50/±100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	$1.52 \pm 5\%$	0.54	2.98	4.43 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.72	2.00	4.26 ± 11.8% (k=2)

⁶ The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY 4.3 B17 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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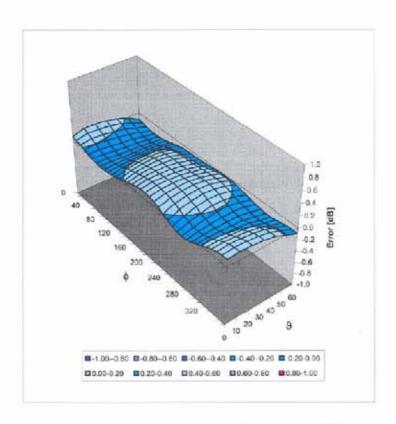


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Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (4, 8), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Sporton (Auden)





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage С Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: DAE3-577_Nov05

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 577 Object QA CAL-06.v12 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) November 11, 2005 Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID# Primary Standards Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 SN: 6295803 7-Oct-05 (Sintrel, No.E-050073) Oct-06 ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V1.1 SE UMS 006 AB 1002 29-Jun-05 (SPEAG, in house check) In house check Jun-06 Function Name Calibrated by: Daniel Steinacher Technician Fin Bomholt R&D Director Approved by: Issued: November 11, 2005 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE3-577 Nov05

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