



FCC CFR47 CERTIFICATION

PART 22H

TEST REPORT

FOR

DUAL-MODE AMPS/CDMA CELLULAR PHONE

MODEL NUMBER: VC-5U

BRAND NAME: COMPAL

FCC ID: GKRVC-5U

REPORT NUMBER: 02I2379-1

ISSUE DATE: DECEMBER 10, 2003

Prepared for
**COMPAL ELECTRONICS INC.
8F, NO. 500, JUI-KUANG RD.
NEIHU, TAIPEI 114
TAIWAN**

Prepared by
**COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES
561F MONTEREY ROAD, ROUTE 2
MORGAN HILL, CA 95037, USA
TEL: (408) 463-0885
FAX: (408) 463-0888**

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1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

COMPANY NAME: COMPAL ELECTRONICS INC.
8F, NO. 500, JUI-KUANG RD.
NEIHU, TAIPEI 114
TAIWAN

EUT DESCRIPTION: DUAL-MODE AMPS/CDMA CELLULAR PHONE

MODEL NUMBER: VC-5U

DATE TESTED: DECEMBER 4, 2003 - DECEMBER 9, 2003

TYPE OF EQUIPMENT	INTENTIONAL RADIATOR
MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	ANSI 63.4 / 1992, TIA/EIA 603
PROCEDURE	CERTIFICATION
FCC RULE	CFR 47 PART 22 Subpart H

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment for compliance with the requirement set forth in CFR 47, PART 22 Subpart H Cellular Radiotelephone Service. The equipment in the configuration described in this report, shows the measured emission levels emanating from the equipment do not exceed the specified limit.

Note: This document reports conditions under which testing was conducted and results of tests performed. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document.

Tested By:

Released For CCS By:



WILLIAM ZHUANG
EMC ENGINEER
COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

THU CHAN
EMC SUPERVISOR
COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

2. EUT DESCRIPTION

The 800MHz AMPS/CDMA Cellular Phone has an output power 25.6dBm / 363.08mW (AMPS, EIRP) and 27.9dBm / 616.60mW (CDMA, EIRP). It has a fixed type antenna, and 0.75dBi gain which is designed for the Cellular band transmitting of frequency range 824 – 849 MHz.

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

Both conducted and radiated testing were performed according to the procedures documented on chapter 13 of ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055 and 2.1057.

4. TEST FACILITY

The open area test sites and conducted measurement facilities used to collect the radiated data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

5. ACCREDITATION AND LISTING

The test facilities used to perform radiated and conducted emissions tests are accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for the specific scope of accreditation under Lab Code: 200065-0 to perform Electromagnetic Interference tests according to FCC PART 15 AND CISPR 22 requirements. No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. In addition, the test facilities are listed with Federal Communications Commission (reference no: 31040/SIT (1300B3) and 31040/SIT (1300F2))

6. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

7. TEST SETUP, PROCEDURE AND RESULT

7.1. SECTION 2.1046: RF POWER OUTPUT

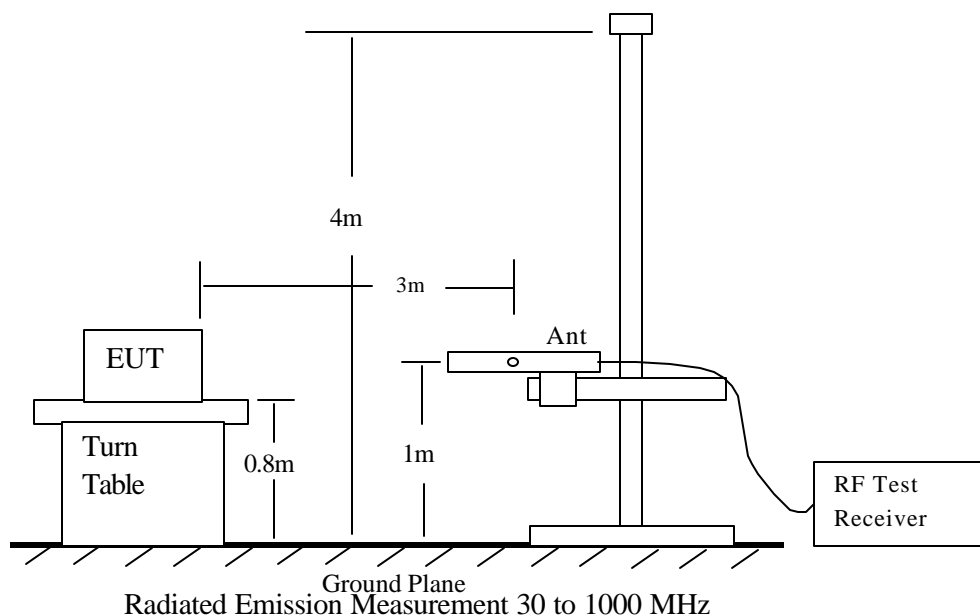
INSTRUMENTS LIST

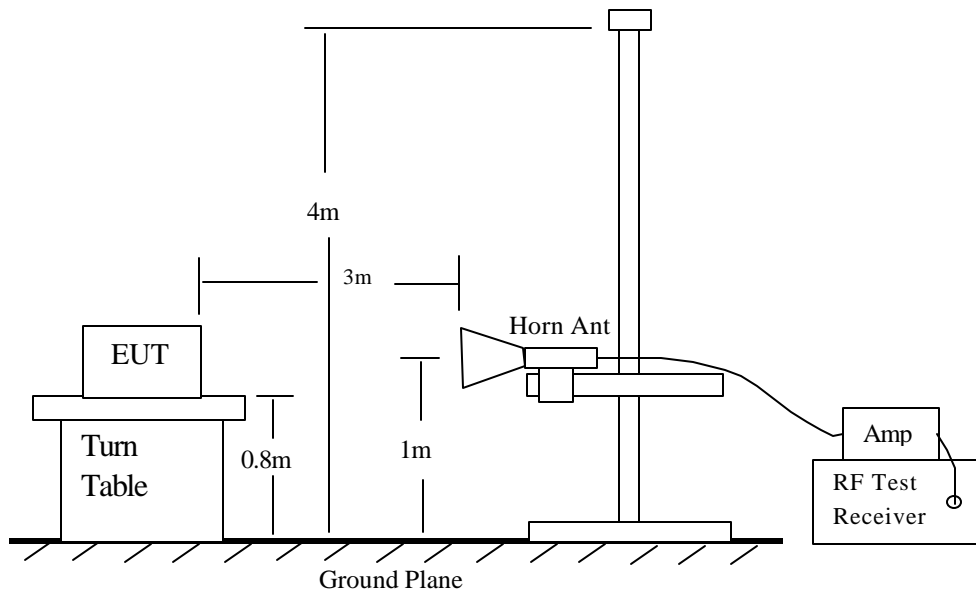
EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURE	MODEL NO.	CAL. DUE DATE
Signal Generator, 2 ~ 40 GHz	R & S	SMP04	5/25/05
Site C Antenna, Log Periodic	EMCO	3146	3/6/04
Site C Preamplifier, 1300MHz	HP	8447D	8/18/04
SA RF Section, 1.5 GHz	HP	85680A	7/16/04
SA Display Section 3	HP	85662A	7/16/04
Quasi-Peak Adaptor	HP	85650A	7/16/04
Dipole	ETS	DB-4	5/7/04

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

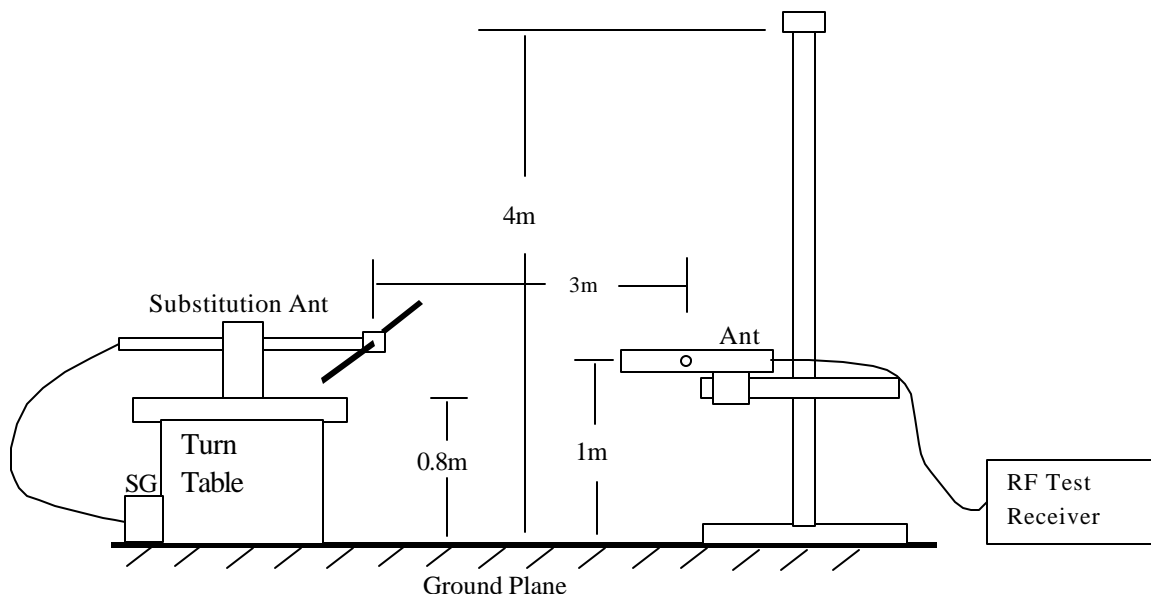
- 1). On a test site, the EUT shall be placed on a turntable, and in the position closest to the normal use as declared by the user.
- 2). The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization located 3m from the EUT to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter.
- 3). The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver and either a peak or quasi-peak detector was used for the measurement as indicated on the report. The detector selection is based on how close the emission level was approaching the limit.
- 4). The transmitter shall be switched on, if possible, without the modulation and the measurement receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
- 5). The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- 6). The transmitter shall than be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- 7). The test antenna shall be raised and lowered again through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- 8). The maximum signal level detected by the measuring receiver shall be noted.
- 9). The transmitter shall be replaced by a tuned dipole (substitution antenna).

- 10). The substitution antenna shall be oriented for vertical polarization and the length of the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter.
- 11). The substitution antenna shall be connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- 12). If necessary, the input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver shall be adjusted in order to increase the sensitivity of the measuring receiver.
- 13). The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of the height to ensure that the maximum signal is received.
- 14). The input signal to the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to the level that produces a level detected by the measuring receiver, that is equal to the level noted while the transmitter radiated power was measured, corrected for the change of input attenuation setting of the measuring receiver.
- 15). The input level to the substitution antenna shall be recorded as power level in dBm, corrected for any change of input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver.
- 16). The measurement shall be repeated with the test antenna and the substitution antenna oriented for horizontal polarization.
- 17). The measure of the effective radiated power is the larger of the two levels recorded, at the input to the substitution antenna, corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna if necessary.



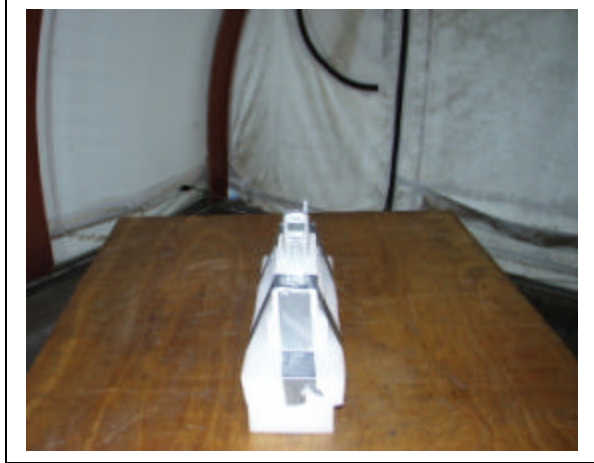


Radiated Emission Above 1000 MHz

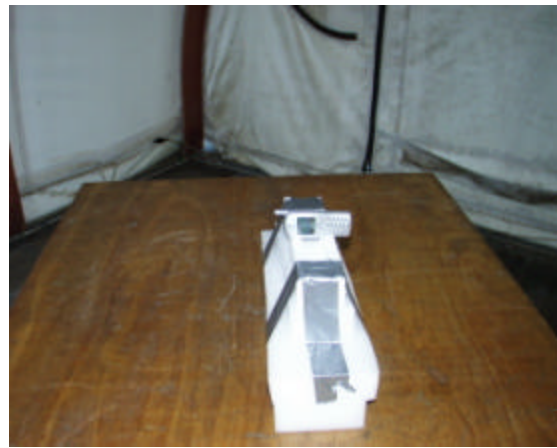


Radiated Emission – Substitution Method setup

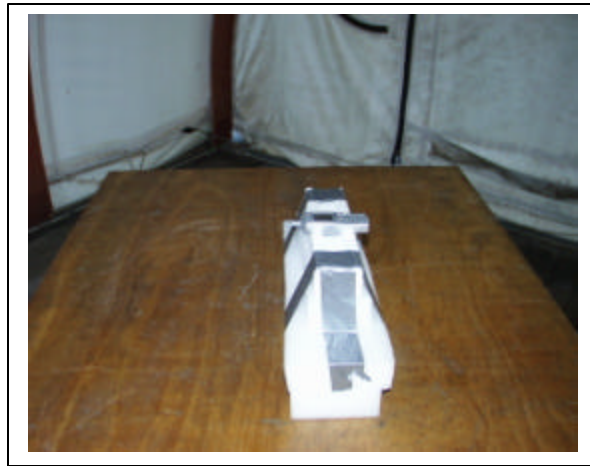
Y position:



Z position:



X position:



Test result:**CDMA Output Power (ERP):**

f GHz	SA reading (dBuV)	SG reading (dBm)	CL (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBd)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Notes
CDMA (Z WORST CASE)									
LOW CHANNEL									
0.82470	88.4	15.9	0.3	0.0	0.5	16.1	38.0	-21.9	V
0.82470	100.2	27.7	0.3	0.0	0.5	27.9	38.0	-10.1	H
MIDDLE CHANNEL									
0.83589	89.3	17.0	0.3	0.0	0.6	17.3	38.0	-20.7	V
0.83589	99.6	27.3	0.3	0.0	0.6	27.6	38.0	-10.4	H
HIGH CHANNEL									
0.84831	87.3	14.2	0.3	0.0	0.7	14.6	38.0	-23.4	V
0.84831	98.2	25.1	0.3	0.0	0.7	25.5	38.0	-12.5	H

AMPS Output Power (ERP):

f GHz	SA reading (dBuV)	SG reading (dBm)	CL (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBd)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Notes
AMPS (Y WORST CASE)									
LOW CHANNEL									
0.82404	97.9	25.4	0.3	0.0	0.5	25.6	38.0	-12.4	V
0.82404	89.3	16.8	0.3	0.0	0.5	17.0	38.0	-21.0	H
MIDDLE CHANNEL									
0.83649	97.2	24.9	0.3	0.0	0.6	25.2	38.0	-12.8	V
0.83649	88.6	16.3	0.3	0.0	0.6	16.6	38.0	-21.4	H
HIGH CHANNEL									
0.84897	97.3	24.2	0.3	0.0	0.7	24.6	38.0	-13.4	V
0.84897	88.7	15.6	0.3	0.0	0.7	16.0	38.0	-22.0	H

RBW=VBW=3MHz

Conducted Output Power :**AMPS**

	Ch.#	Freq. (MHz)	ERP Output Power (dBm)	Avg. Power Meter (dBm)
Low Ch.	991	824.04	25.6	26.52
Mid Ch.	383	836.49	25.2	26.48
High Ch.	799	848.97	24.6	26.46

RF Cable Loss 0.5 dB

CDMA

	Ch.#	Freq. (MHz)	ERP Output Power (dBm)	Avg. Power Meter (dBm)
Low Ch.	1013	824.7	27.9	24.25
Mid Ch.	363	835.89	27.6	24.32
High Ch.	777	848.31	25.5	24.22

RF Cable Loss 0.5 dB

Note: Antenna Gain is +0.75 dBi

7.2. SECTION 2.1047: MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS

PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

According to CFR 47 section 2.1047 (a), for Voice Modulated Communication Equipment, the frequency response of the audio modulation circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz shall be measured.

According to CFR 47 section 22.915 (d) _ Audio Filter Characteristics

(1) For mobile stations, these signals must be attenuated, relative to the level at 1KHz, as follows:

- (i) In the frequency ranges of 3.0 to 5.9Khz and 6.1 to 15.0KHz, signals must be attenuated by at least $40 \log (f / 3)$ dB, where f is the frequency of the signal in KHz.
- (ii) In the frequency ranges of 5.9 to 6.1KHz, signals must be attenuated at least 35dB.
- (iii) In the frequency ranges above 15KHz, signals must be attenuated at least 28dB.

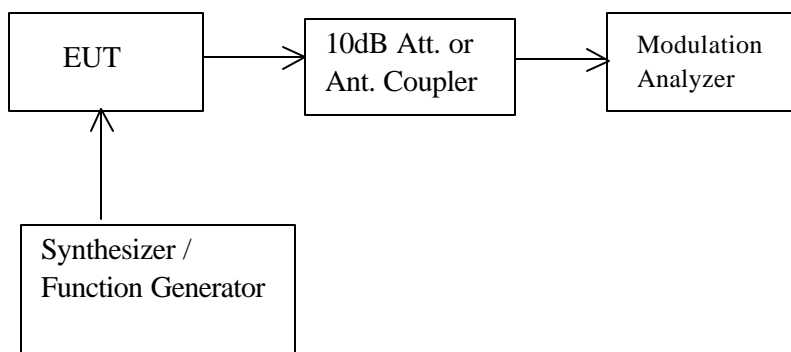
MEASUREMENT METHOD

Modulation Limit

- 1). Configure the EUT as shown below, adjust the audio input for 60% of rated system deviation at 1 KHz using this level as a reference (0 dB) and vary the input level from -20 to +20 dB. Record the frequency deviation obtained as a function of the input level.
- 2). Repeat step 1 with input frequency changing to 300, 1004, 1500Hz, and 2500 Hz in sequence.

Audio Frequency Response

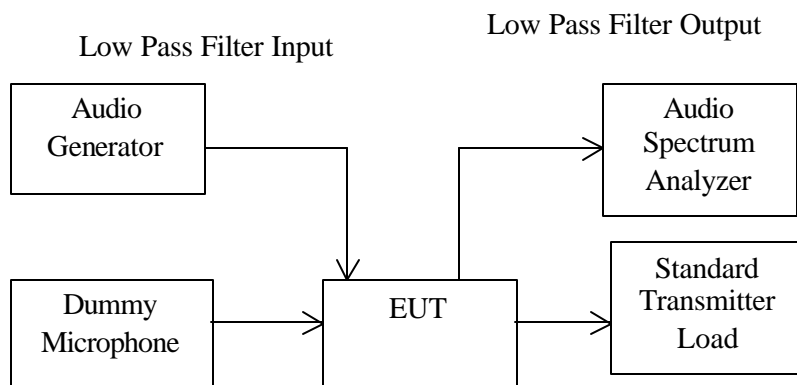
- 1). Configure the EUT as shown below.
- 2). Adjust the audio input for 20% of rated system deviation at 1 KHz using this level as a reference (0 dB).
- 3). Vary the Audio frequency from 100 Hz to 10 KHz and record the frequency deviation.
- 4). Audio Frequency Response = $20 \log_{10} (\text{Deviation of test frequency} / \text{Deviation of 1KHz reference})$.



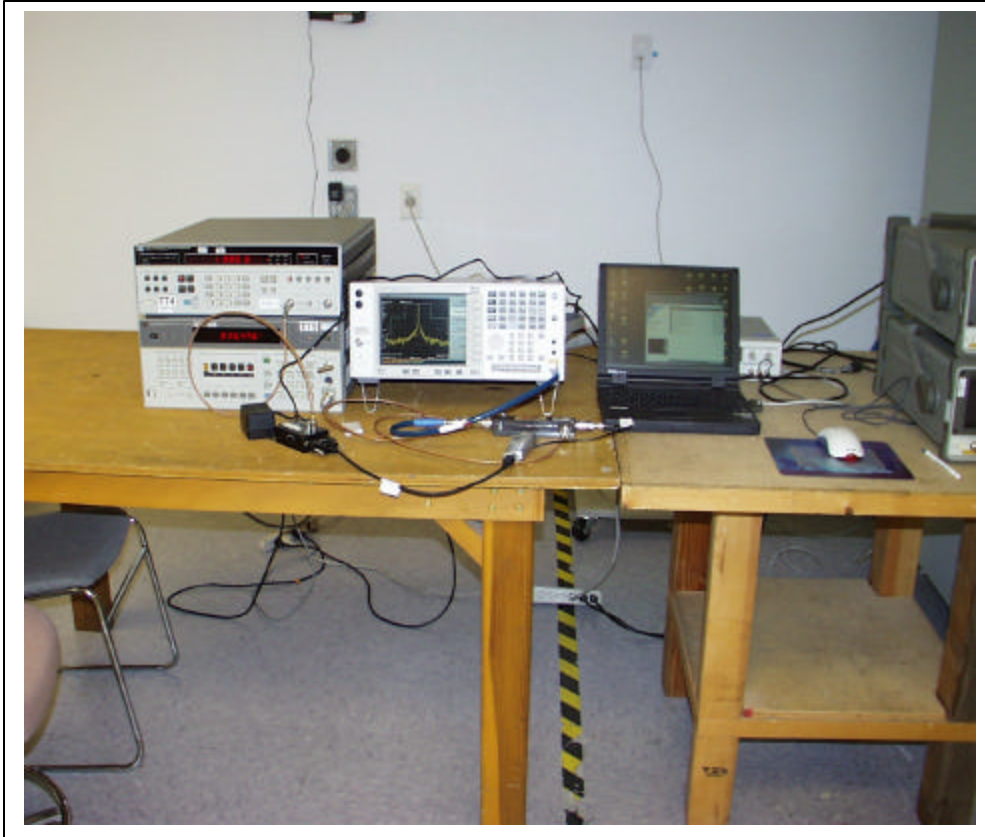
Modulation characteristic measurement configuration

Audio Low Pass Filter Response

- 1). Configure the EUT as shown below.
- 2). Connect the audio frequency generator as close as possible the input of the post limiter low pass filter within the transmitter under test.
- 3). Connect the audio spectrum analyzer to the output of the post limiter low pass filter within the transmitter under test.
- 4). Apply 1000 Hz tone from the audio frequency generator and adjust the level per manufacturer's specifications.
- 5). Record the dB level of the 1000 Hz spectral line on the audio spectrum analyzer as LEV_{REF} .
- 6). Set the audio frequency generator to the desired test frequency between 3000 Hz and the upper low pass filter limit.
- 7). Record audio spectrum analyzer levels, at the frequency in step 6).
- 8). Record the dB level on the audio spectrum analyzer as LEV_{FREQ} .
- 9). Calculate the audio frequency response at the test frequency as:
$$\text{low pass filter response} = LEV_{FREQ} - LEV_{REF}$$
- 10). Repeat the 6) through 9) for all the desired test frequencies.



Audio low pass filter response measurement configuration

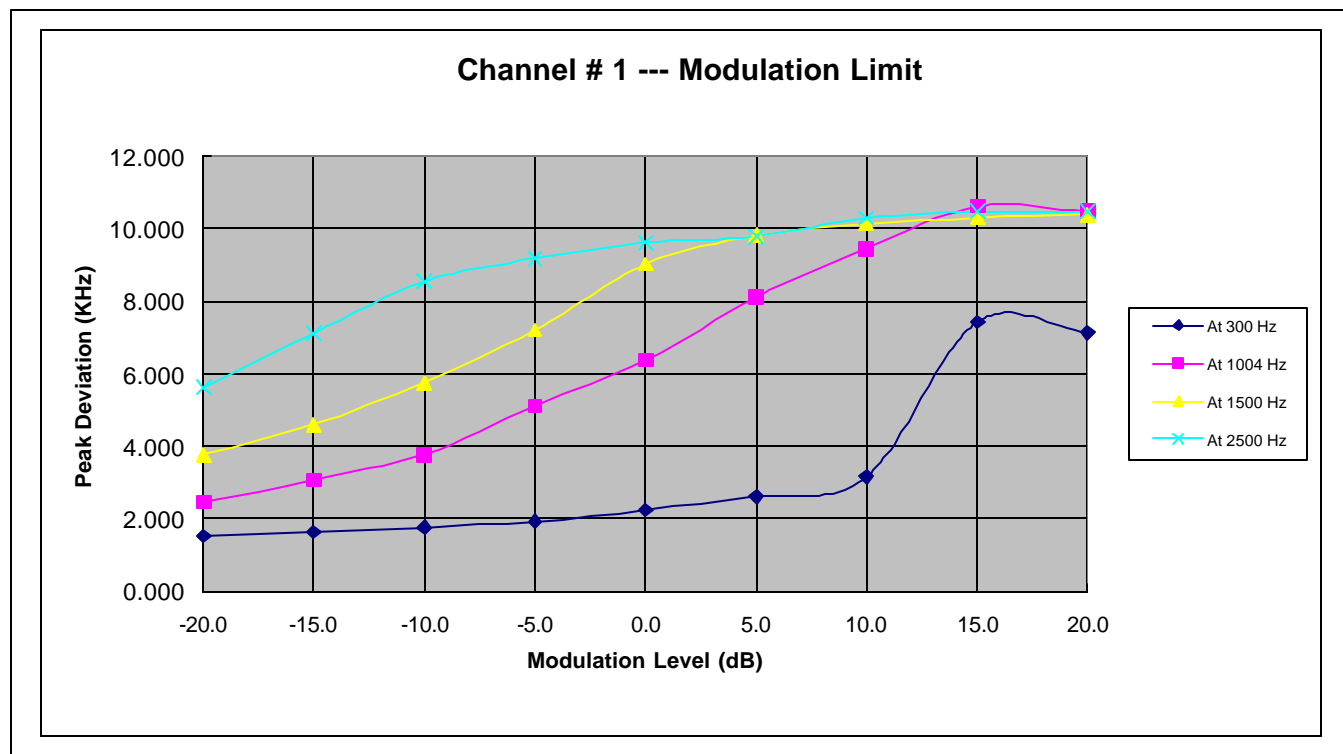


MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENT

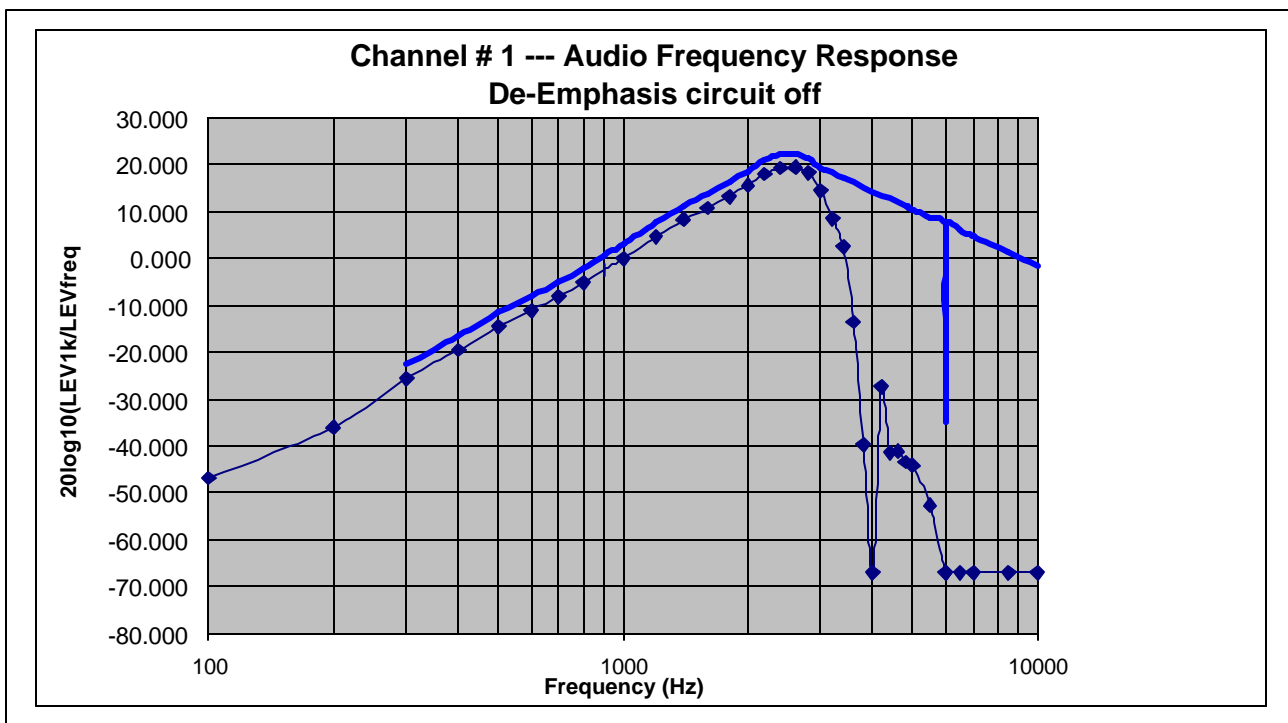
EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURE	MODEL NO.	CAL. DUE DATE
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	1/13/04
Modulation Analyzer	HP	8901B	6/23/04
Attenuator	MINI CIRCUITS	MCL BW-S10W2	N/A
Function Generator	HP	3325A	5/8/04

MEASUREMENT RESULT

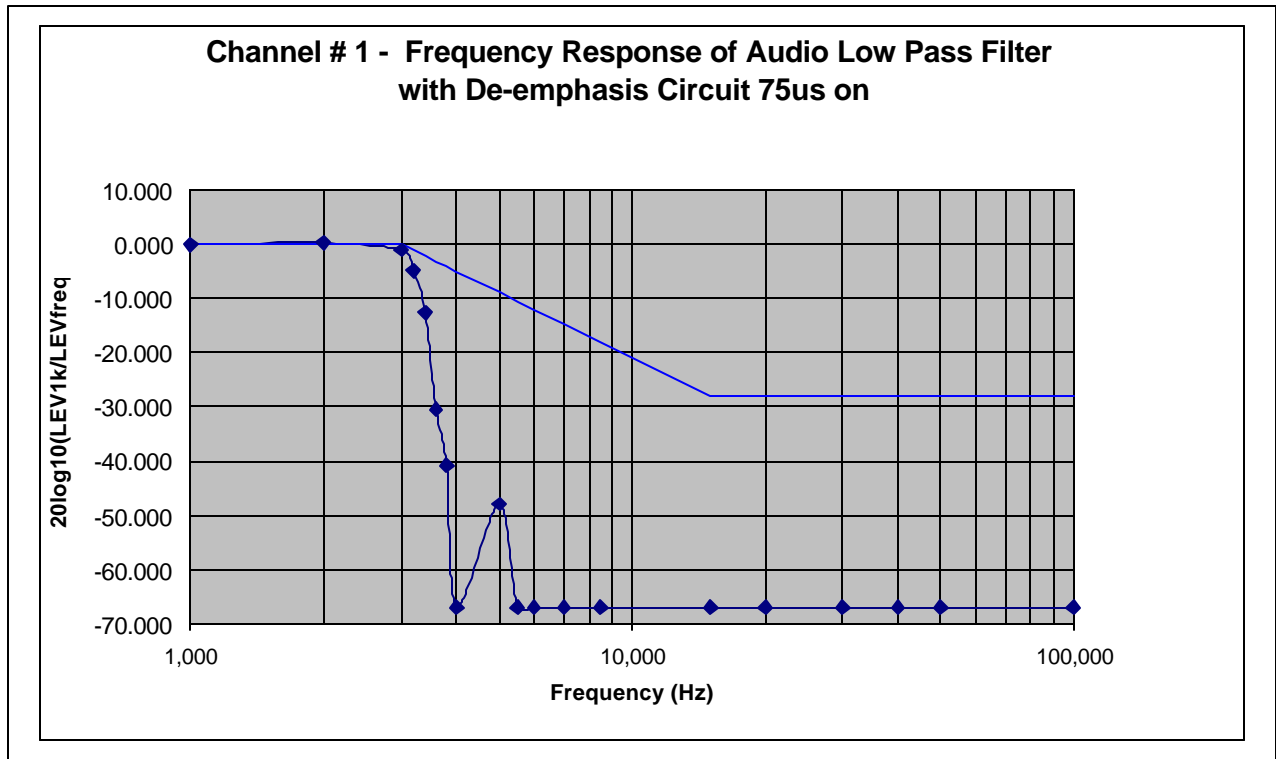
a). Modulation Limit:



b). Audio Frequency Response:



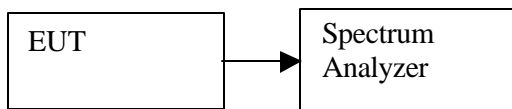
c). Audio low pass filter response:



7.3. SECTION 2.1049: OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH FOR CDMA MODULATION:

TEST SETUP



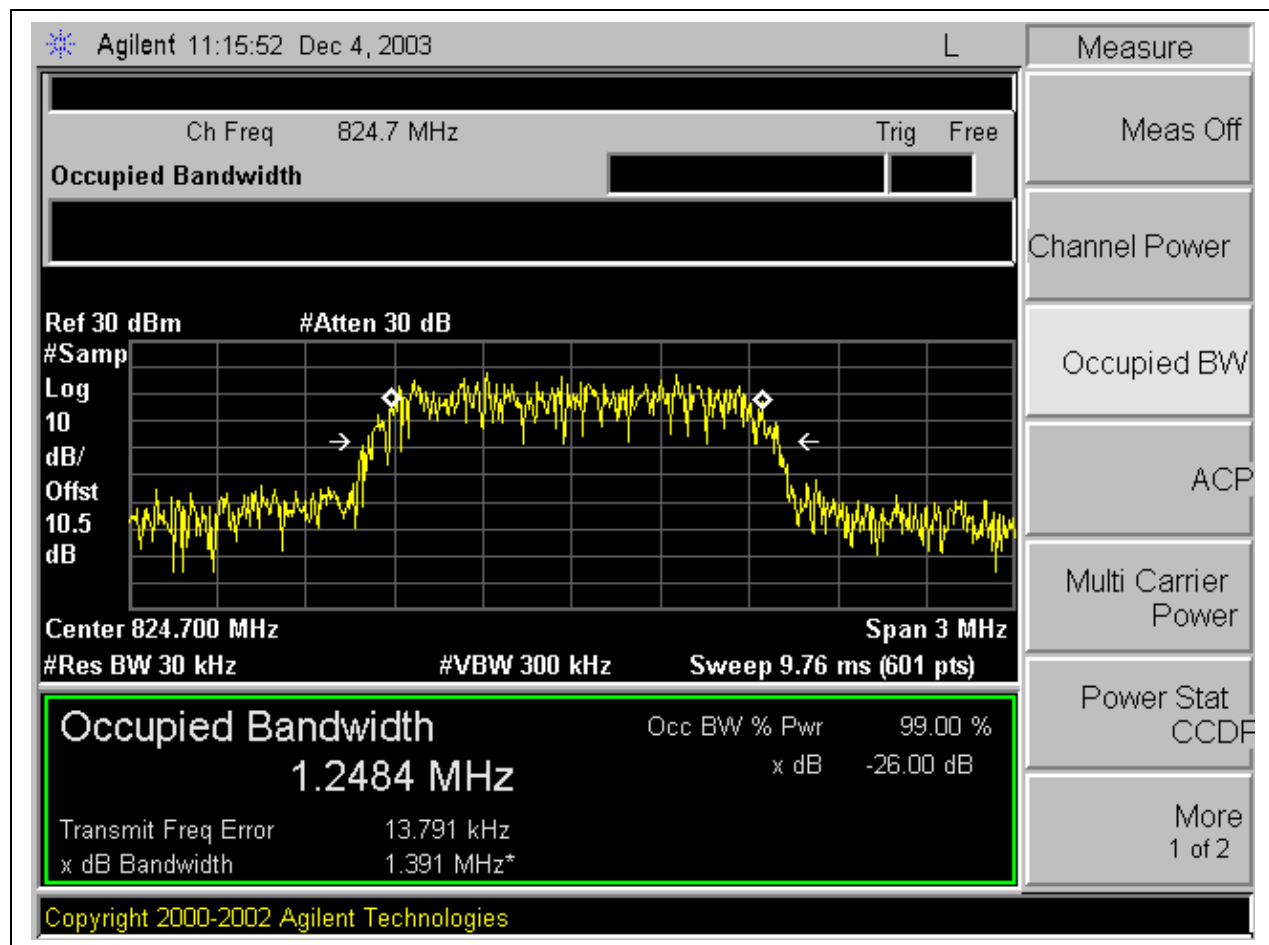
TEST PROCEDURE

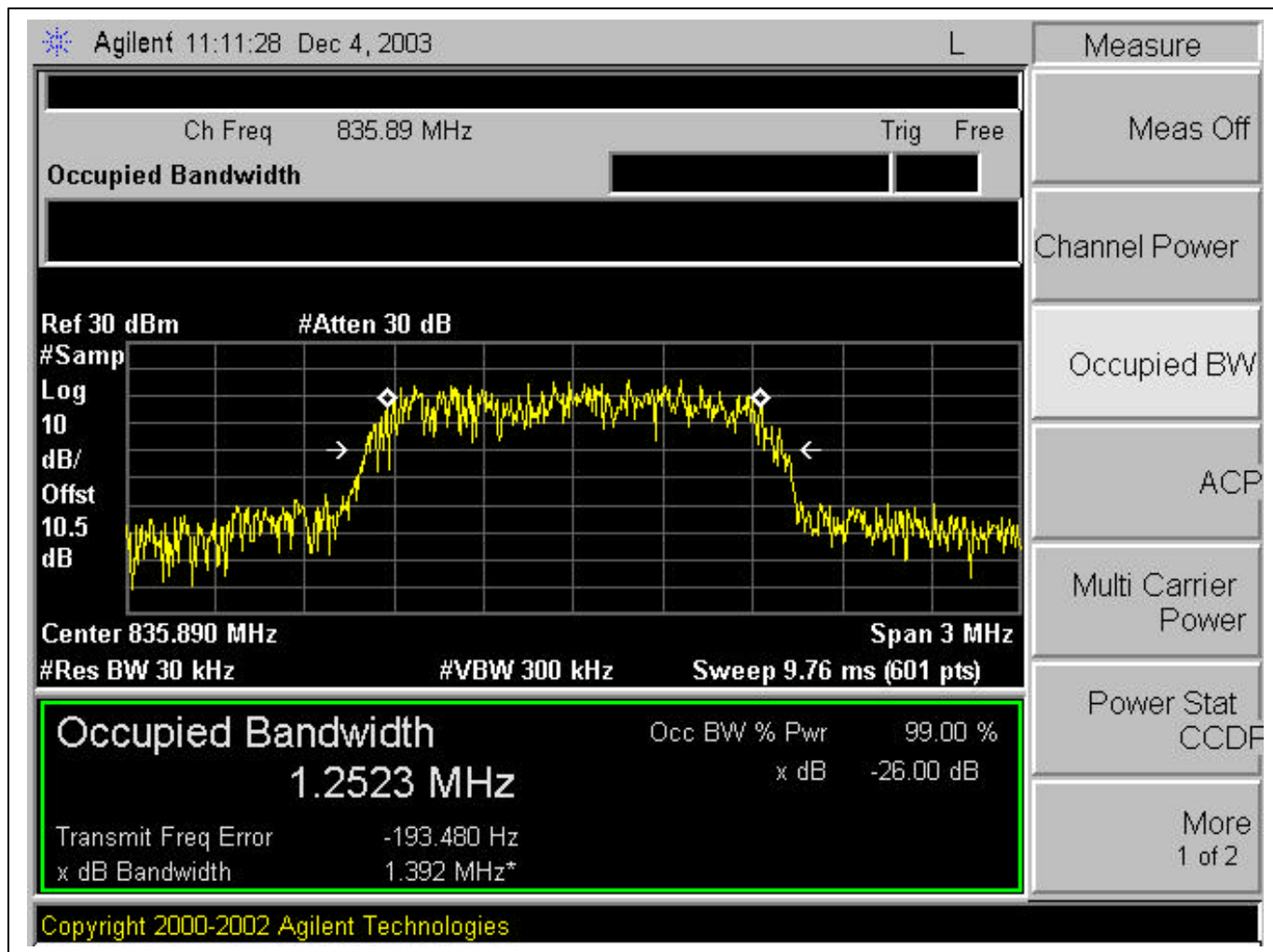
The EUT's output RF connector (made solely for the purpose of the test) was connected with a short cable to the spectrum analyzer, RES BW was set to about 1% of emission BW, -26 dBc display line was placed on the screen (or 99% bandwidth), the occupied BW is the delta frequency between the two points where the display line intersects the signal trace.

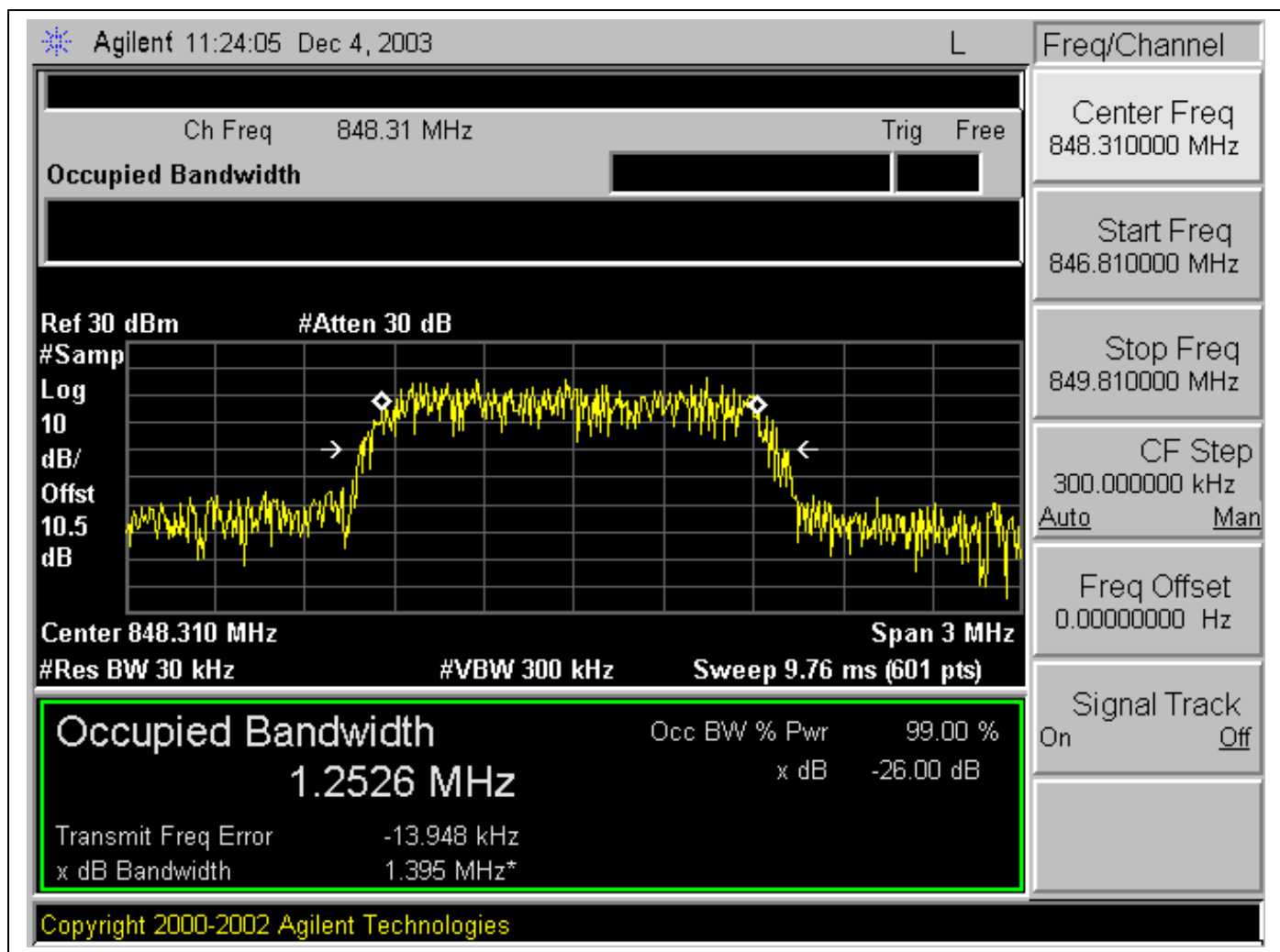
RESULT

No non-compliance noted, reference only.

Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
824.7	1.391
835.89	1.392
848.31	1.395

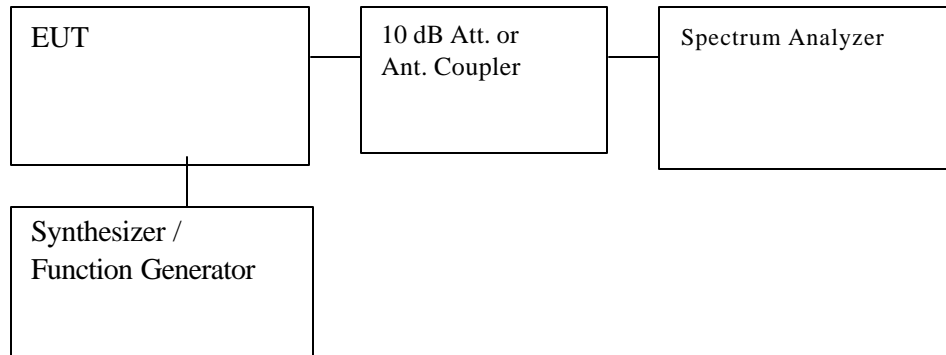




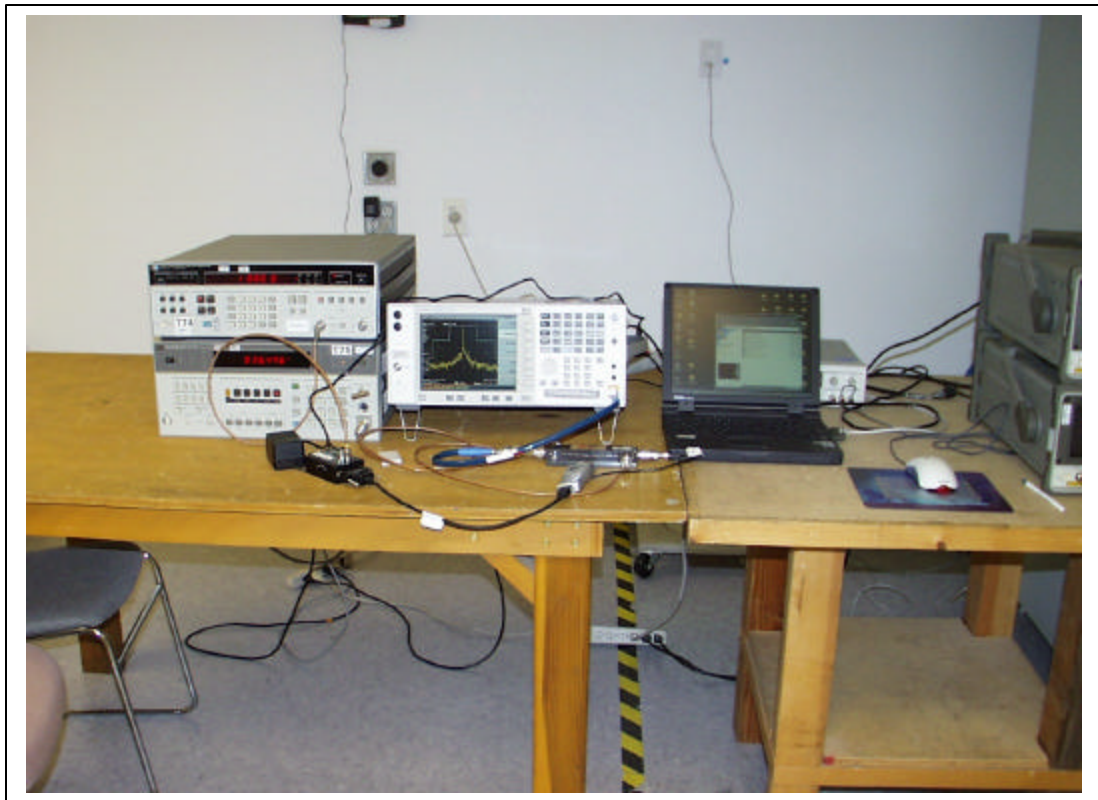


OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH FOR AMPS MODULATION:**PROVISIONS APPLICABLE**

According to CFR 47 section 22.917, the authorized bandwidth for emission type of F3E unit is 20 KHz.



Set-up Configuration



7.3.1. Un-modulated Signal

INSTRUMENT SETTING:

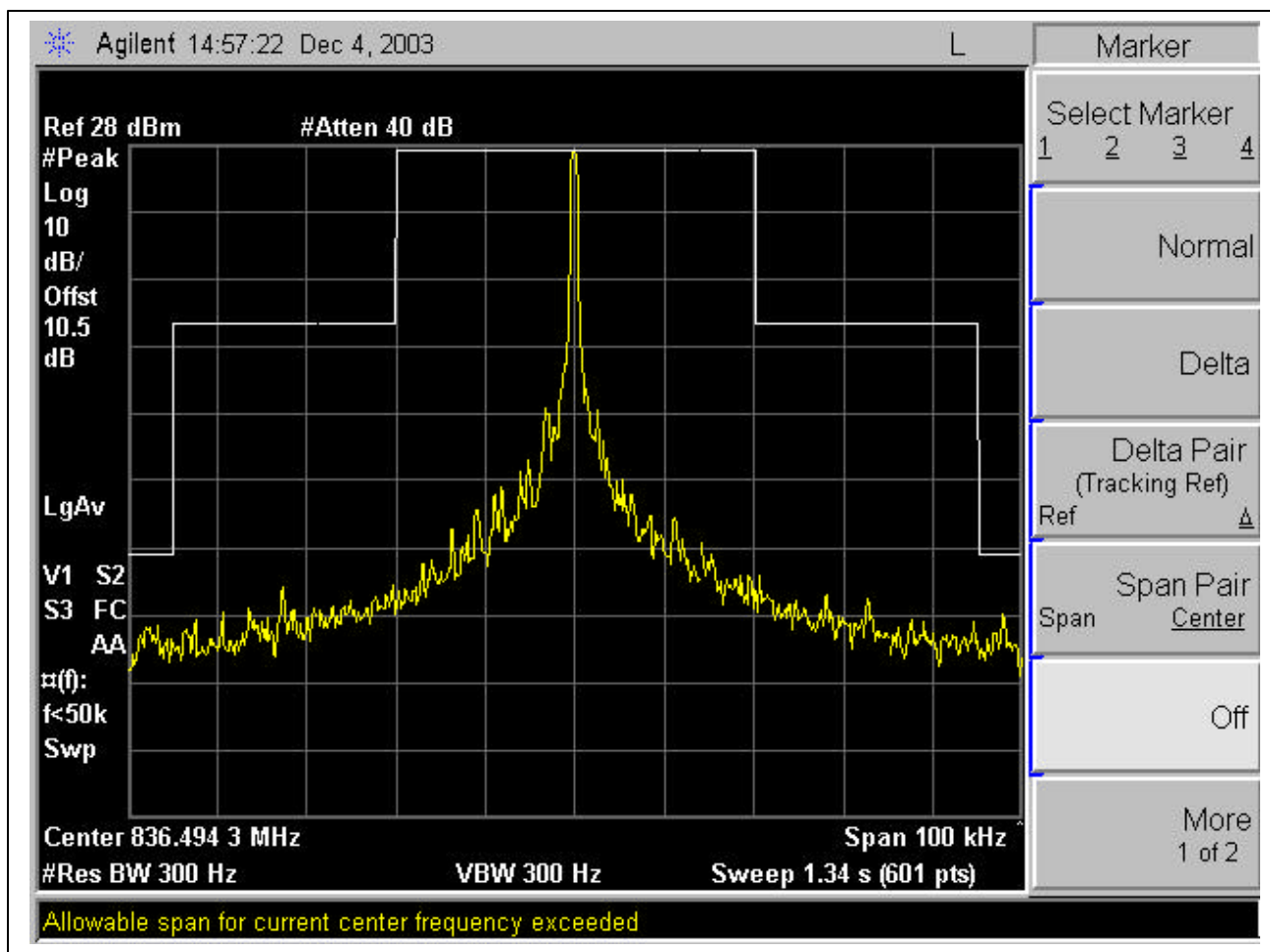
Resolution Bandwidth = 300Hz

Video Bandwidth = 300Hz

Limit:

N/A

Test Result:



7.3.2. Voice

INSTRUMENT SETTING:

Resolution Bandwidth = 300Hz

Video Bandwidth = 300Hz

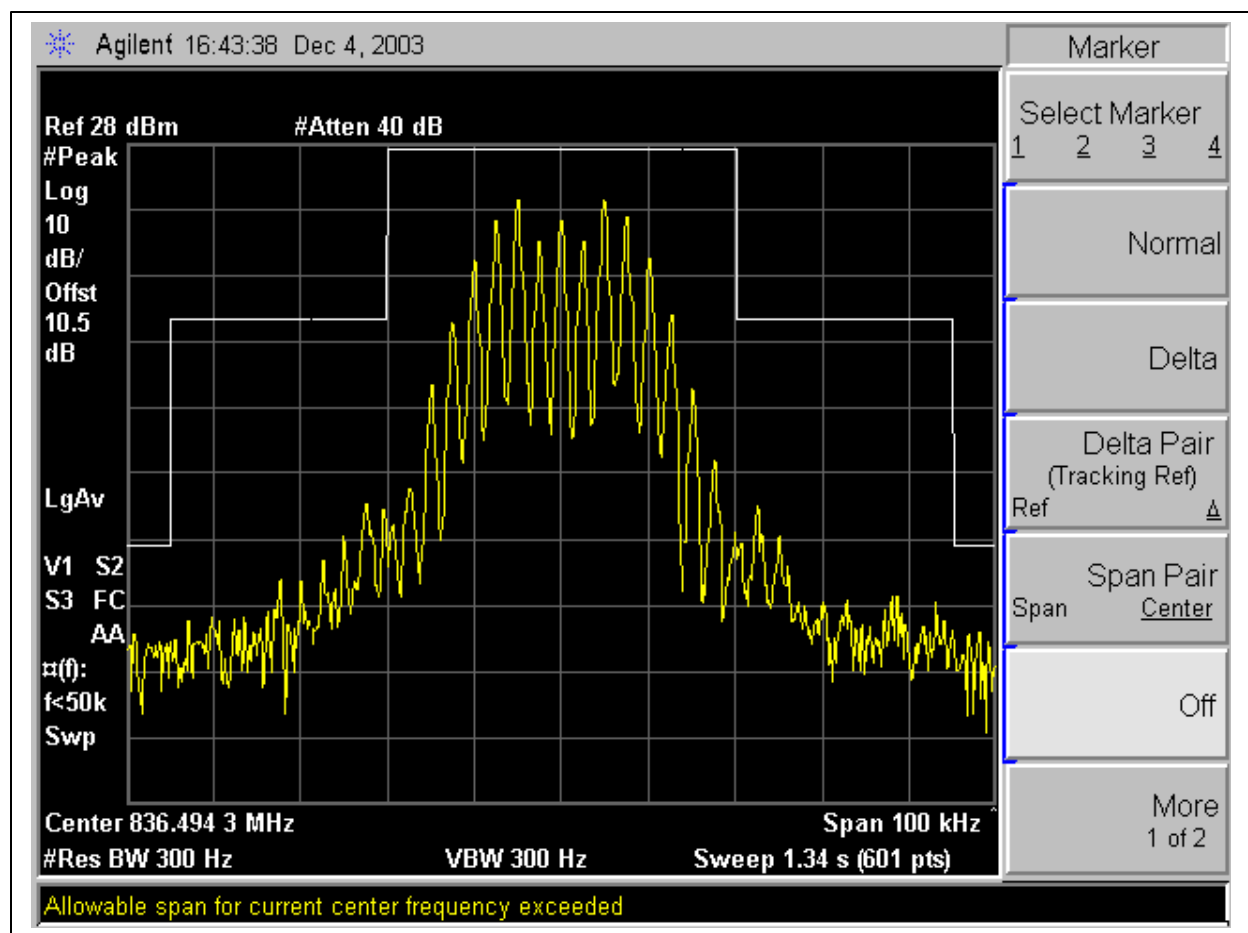
Audio Tone = 2.5KHz

Audio Level = 16dB greater than level required to produce ± 6 KHz

Limit (22.917b):

- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 20KHz, up to and including 45KHz, the sideband is at least 26dB below the carrier.
- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 45KHz, up to the first multiple of the carrier frequency, the sideband is at least 60dB below the carrier or $43 + 10 \log_{10}$ (mean output power in W) dB, whichever is the smaller attenuation

Test Result:



7.3.3. Signaling Tone (ST) + Supervisory Audio Tone (SAT)

INSTRUMENT SETTING:

Resolution Bandwidth = 300Hz

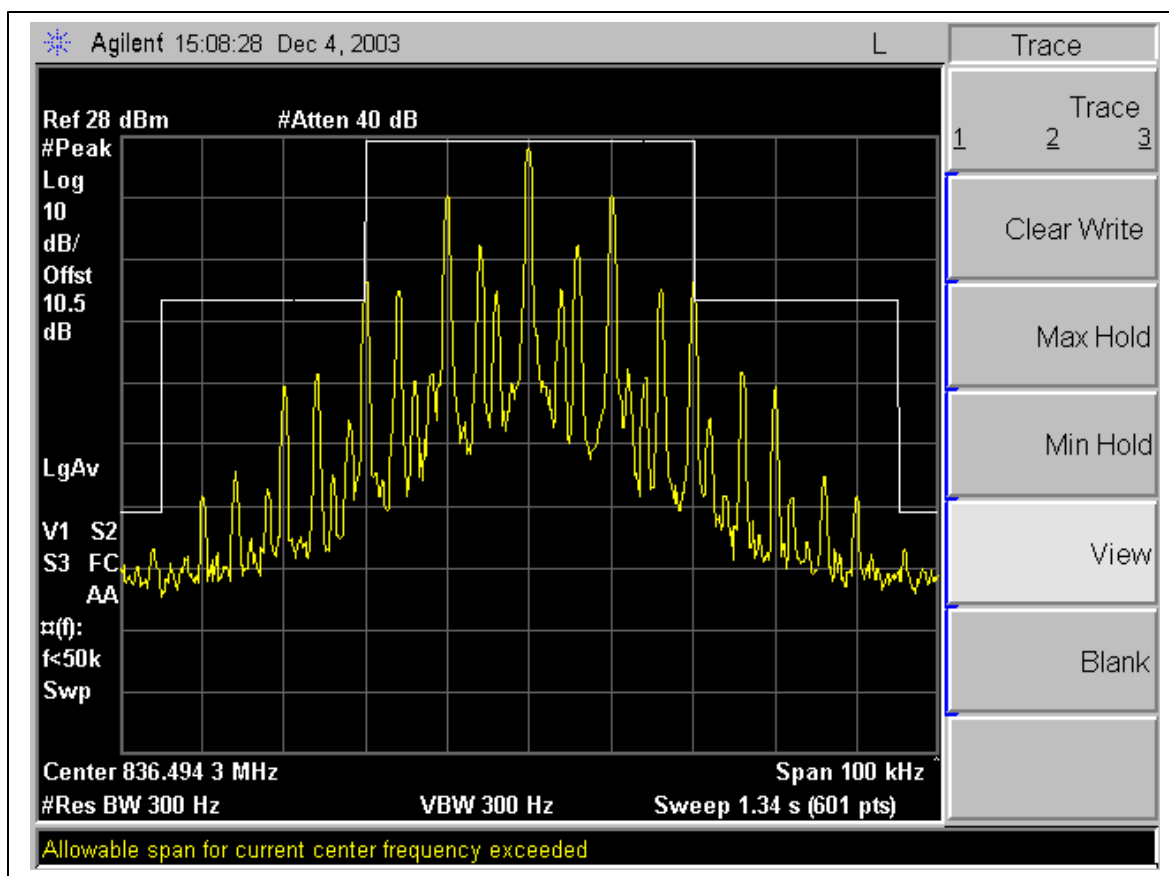
Video Bandwidth = 300Hz

Signal Tone = 10KHz

Limit (22.917d):

- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 20KHz, up to and including 45KHz, the sideband is at least 26dB below the carrier.
- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 45KHz, up to and including 90KHz, the sideband is at least 45dB below the carrier.
- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 90KHz, up to the first multiple of the carrier frequency, the sideband is at least 60dB below the carrier or $43 + 10 \log_{10}$ (mean output power in W) dB, whichever is the smaller attenuation.

Test Result:



7.3.4. Wide Band Data (WBD)

INSTRUMENT SETTING:

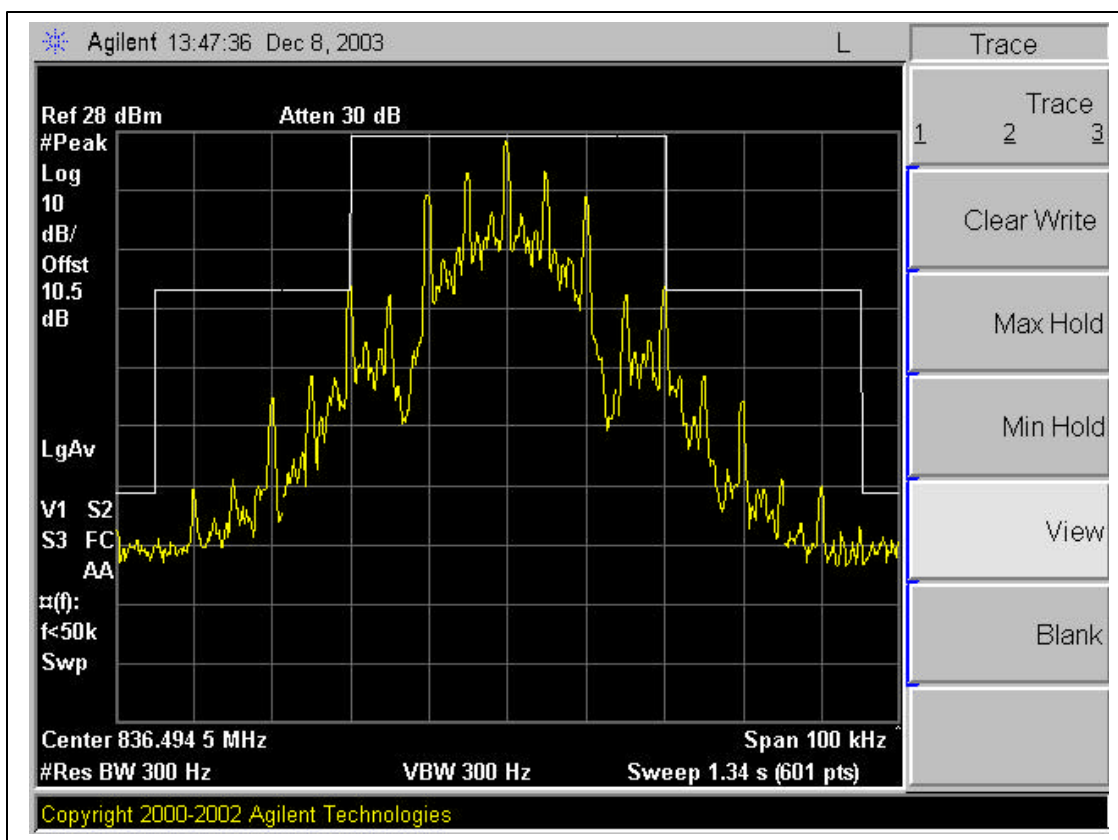
Resolution Bandwidth = 300Hz

Video Bandwidth = 300Hz

Limit (22.917d):

- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 20KHz, up to and including 45KHz, the sideband is at least 26dB below the carrier.
- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 45KHz, up to and including 90KHz, the sideband is at least 45dB below the carrier.
- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 90KHz, up to the first multiple of the carrier frequency, the sideband is at least 60dB below the carrier or $43 + 10 \log_{10}$ (mean output power in W) dB, whichever is the smaller attenuation.

Test Result:



7.3.5. Voice + Supervisory Audio Tone (SAT)

INSTRUMENT SETTING:

Resolution Bandwidth = 300Hz

Video Bandwidth = 300Hz

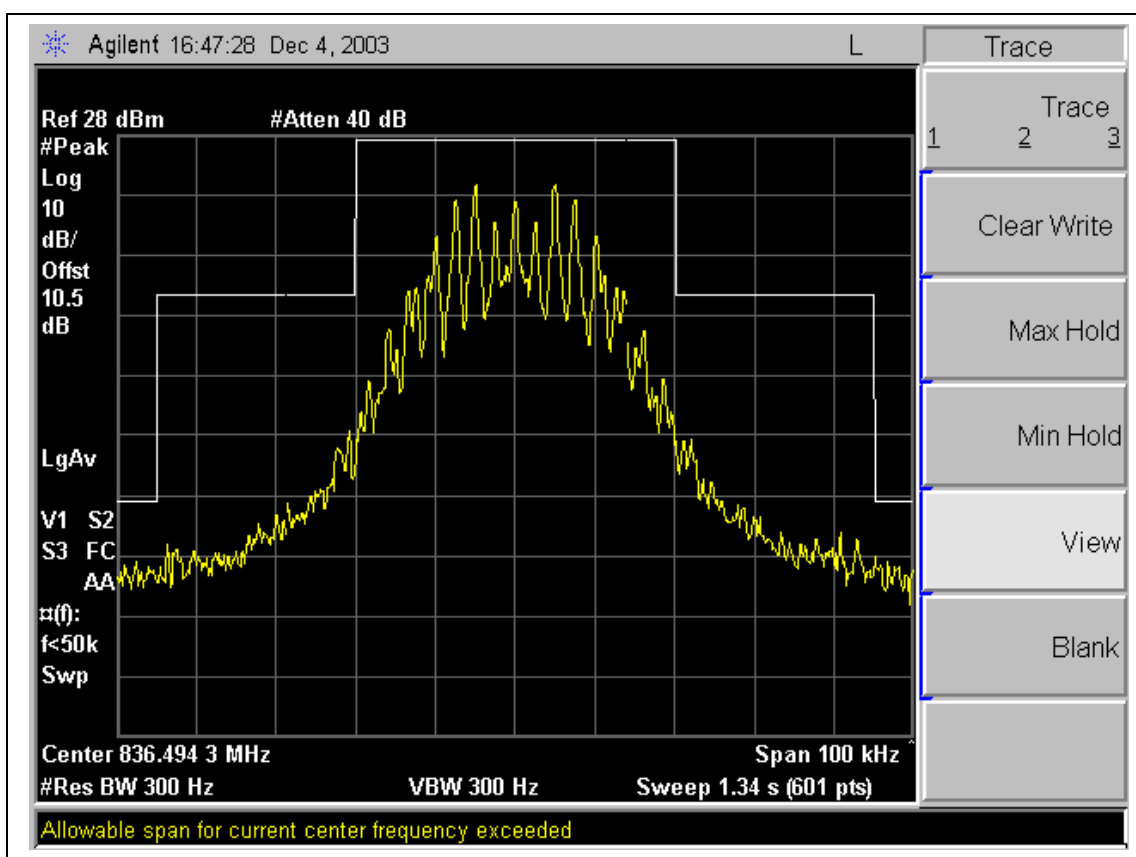
Audio Tone = 2.5KHz

Audio Level = 16dB greater than level required to produce ± 8 KHz (Minimum level from technical specifications)

Limit (22.917b):

- b. On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 20KHz, up to and including 45KHz, the sideband is at least 26dB below the carrier.
- c. On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 45KHz, up to the first multiple of the carrier frequency, the sideband is at least 60dB below the carrier or $43 + 10 \log_{10}$ (mean output power in W) dB, whichever is the smaller attenuation

Test Result:



7.3.6. DTMF + Supervisory Audio Tone (SAT)

INSTRUMENT SETTING:

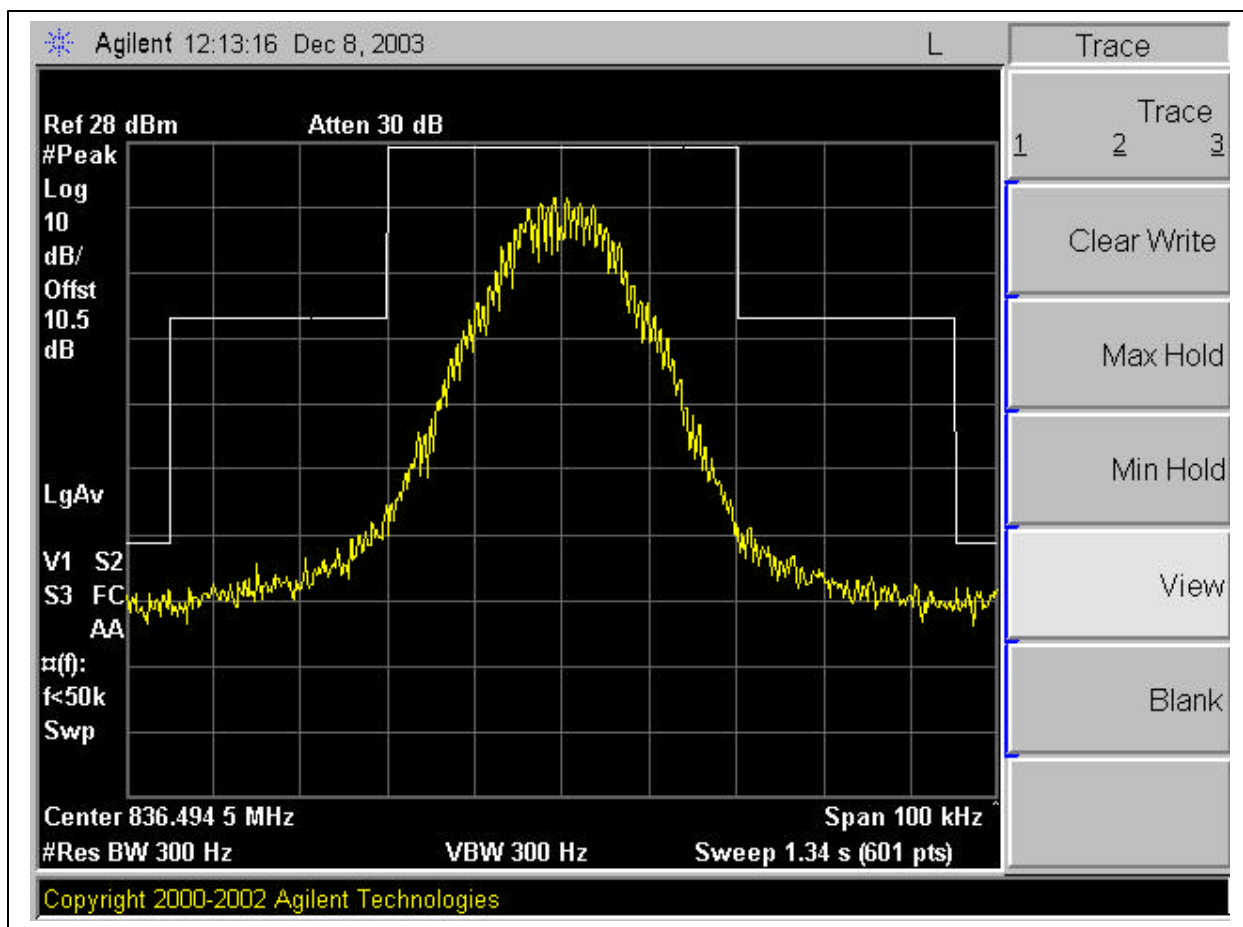
Resolution Bandwidth = 300Hz

Video Bandwidth = 300Hz

Limit (22.917d):

- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 20KHz, up to and including 45KHz, the sideband is at least 26dB below the carrier.
- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 45KHz, up to and including 90KHz, the sideband is at least 45dB below the carrier.
- On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 90KHz, up to the first multiple of the carrier frequency, the sideband is at least 60dB below the carrier or $43 + 10 \log_{10}$ (mean output power in W) dB, whichever is the smaller attenuation.

Test Result:

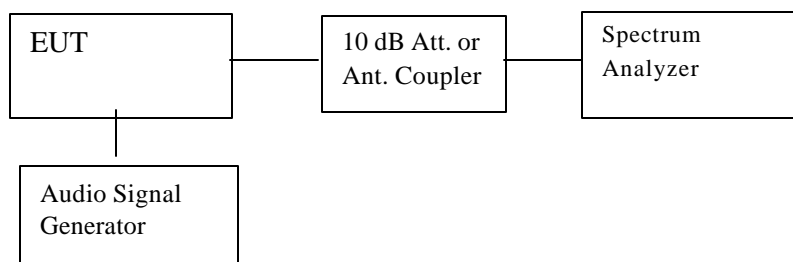


7.4. SECTION 2.1051: SPURIOUS EMISSION AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

INSTRUMENTS LIST

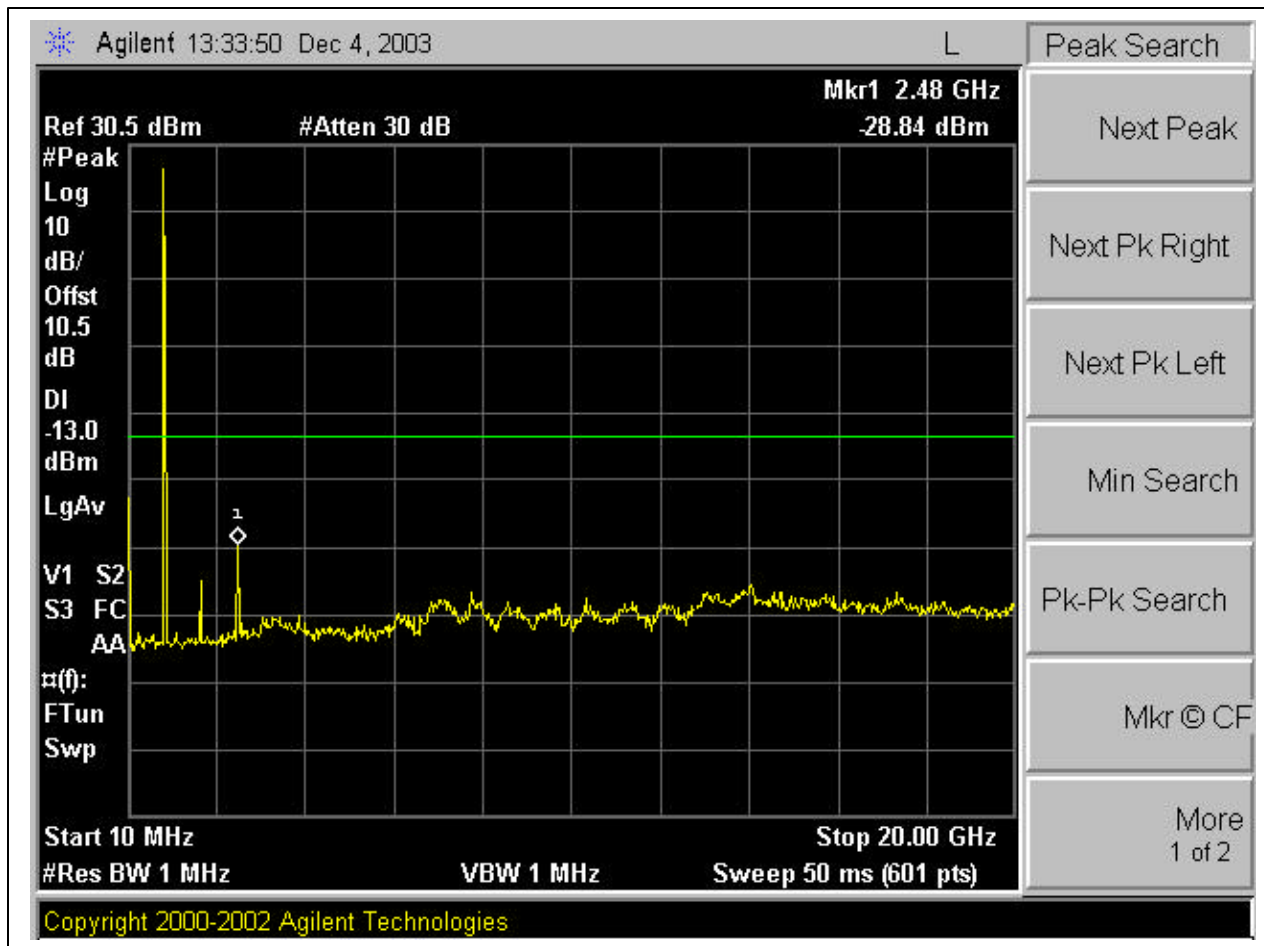
EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURE	MODEL NO.	CAL. DUE DATE
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	1/13/04
Function Generator	HP	3325A	5/8/04
Attenuator	MINI CIRCUITS	MCL BW-S10W2	N/A

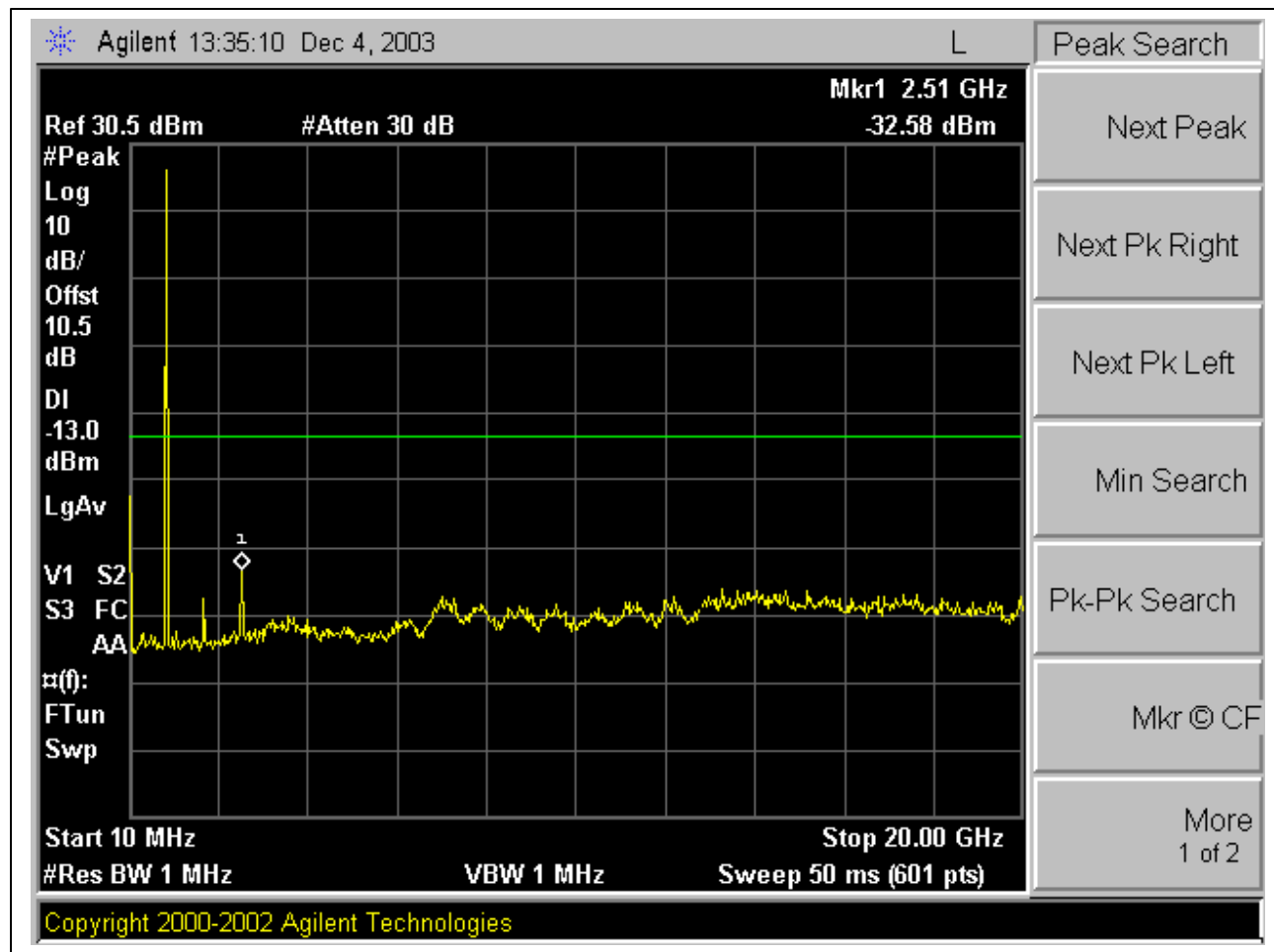
TEST SETUP

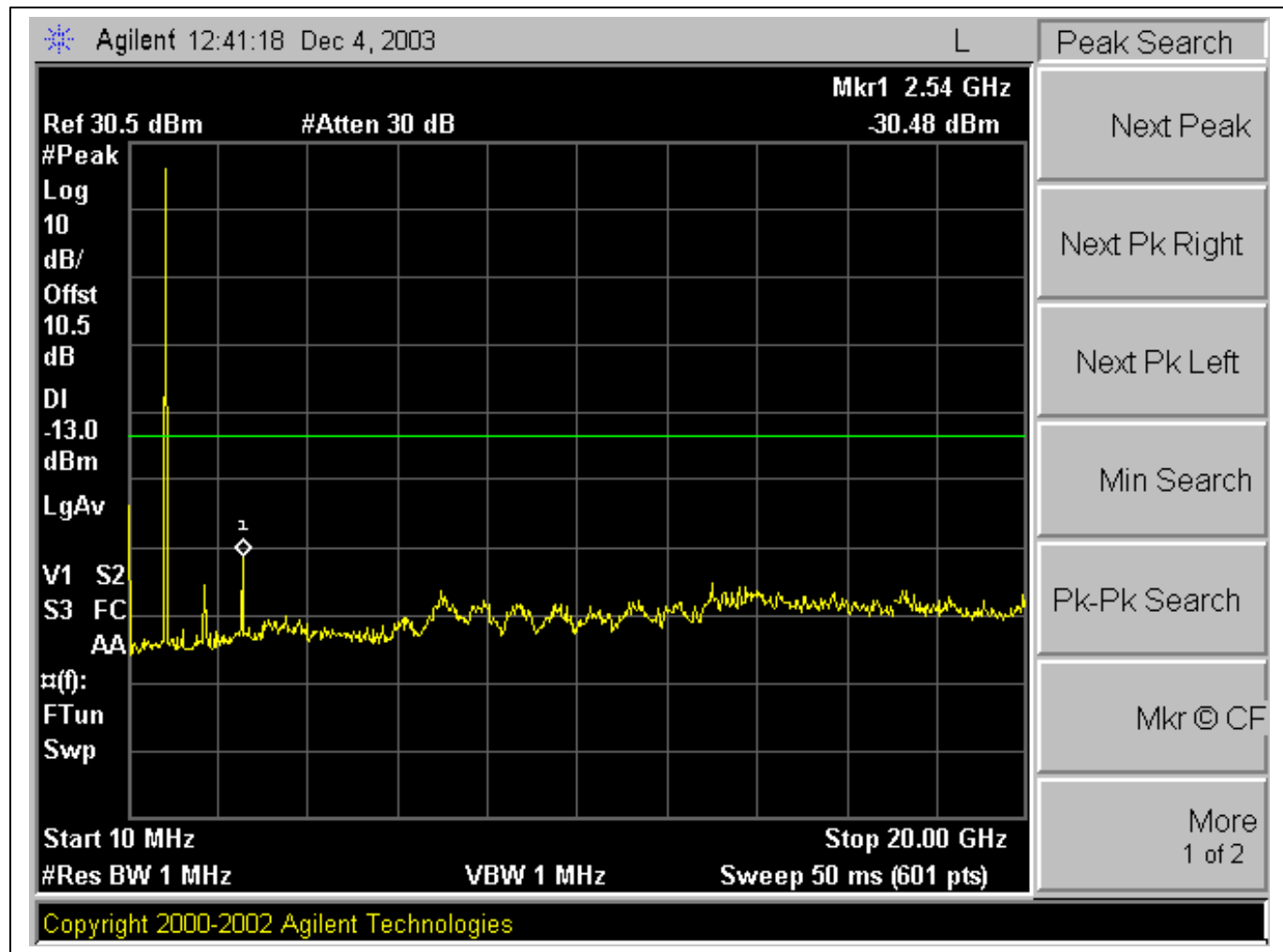


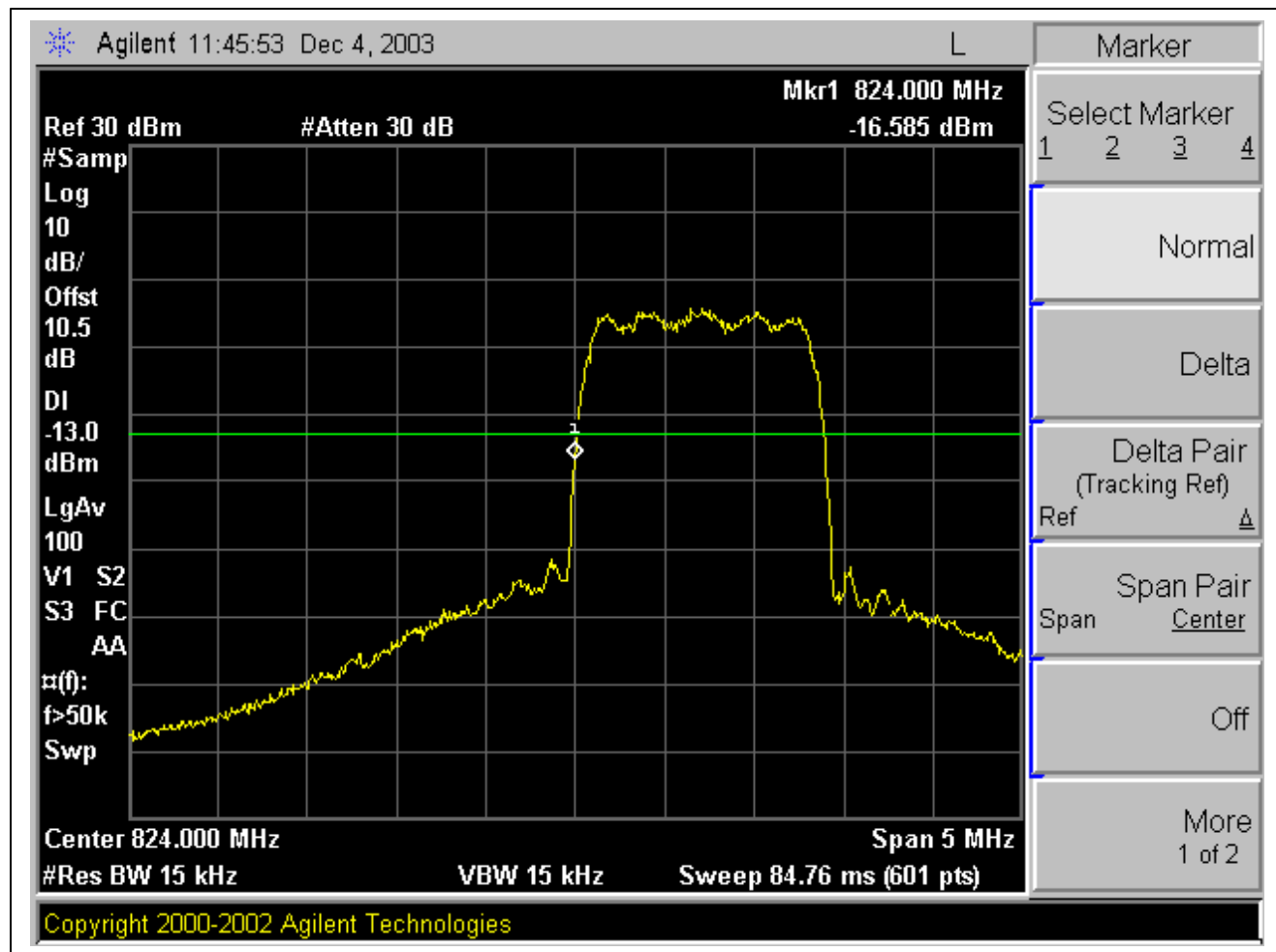
TEST PROCEDURE

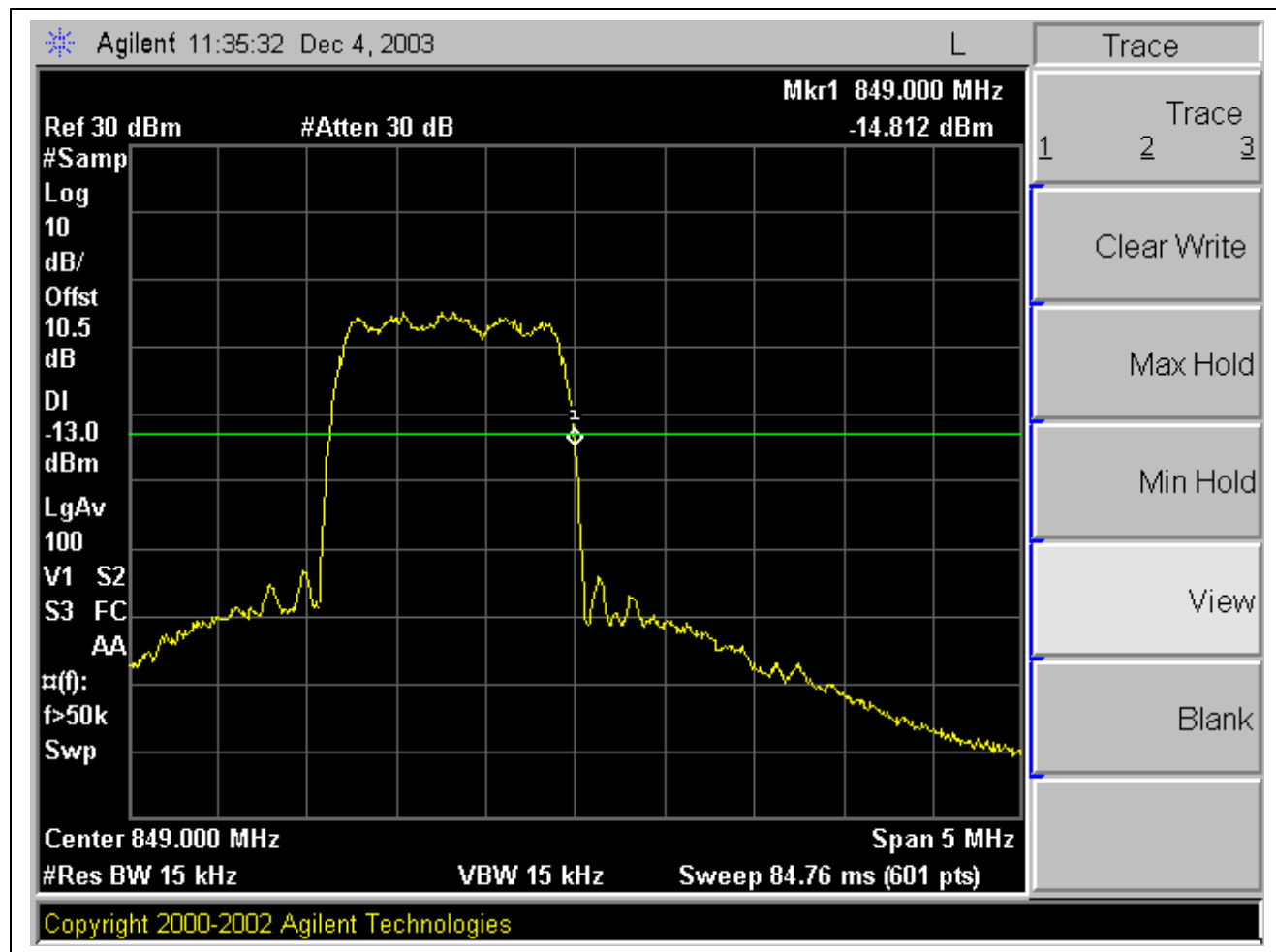
- 1) RF signal or three balanced signals (intermodulation measurement) were applied to the RF input. One set as close as possible to the bottom of the block edge and one set as close as possible to the top of the block edge. Set the RES BW to 1% of the emission bandwidth to show compliance with the -13dBm limit, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the top and bottom edges of the frequency block.
- 2) For the Out-of-Band measurements a 1 MHz RES BW was used to scan from 15 MHz to $10 \times f_0$ of the fundamental carrier for all frequency block. A display line was placed at -13dBm to show compliance for spurious, harmonics, and intermodulation emissions.
- 3) 22.917(f); Mobile emissions in base frequency range. The mean power of any emissions appearing in the base station frequency range from cellular mobile transmitter operated must be attenuated to a level not to exceed -80dBm at the transmit antenna connector.

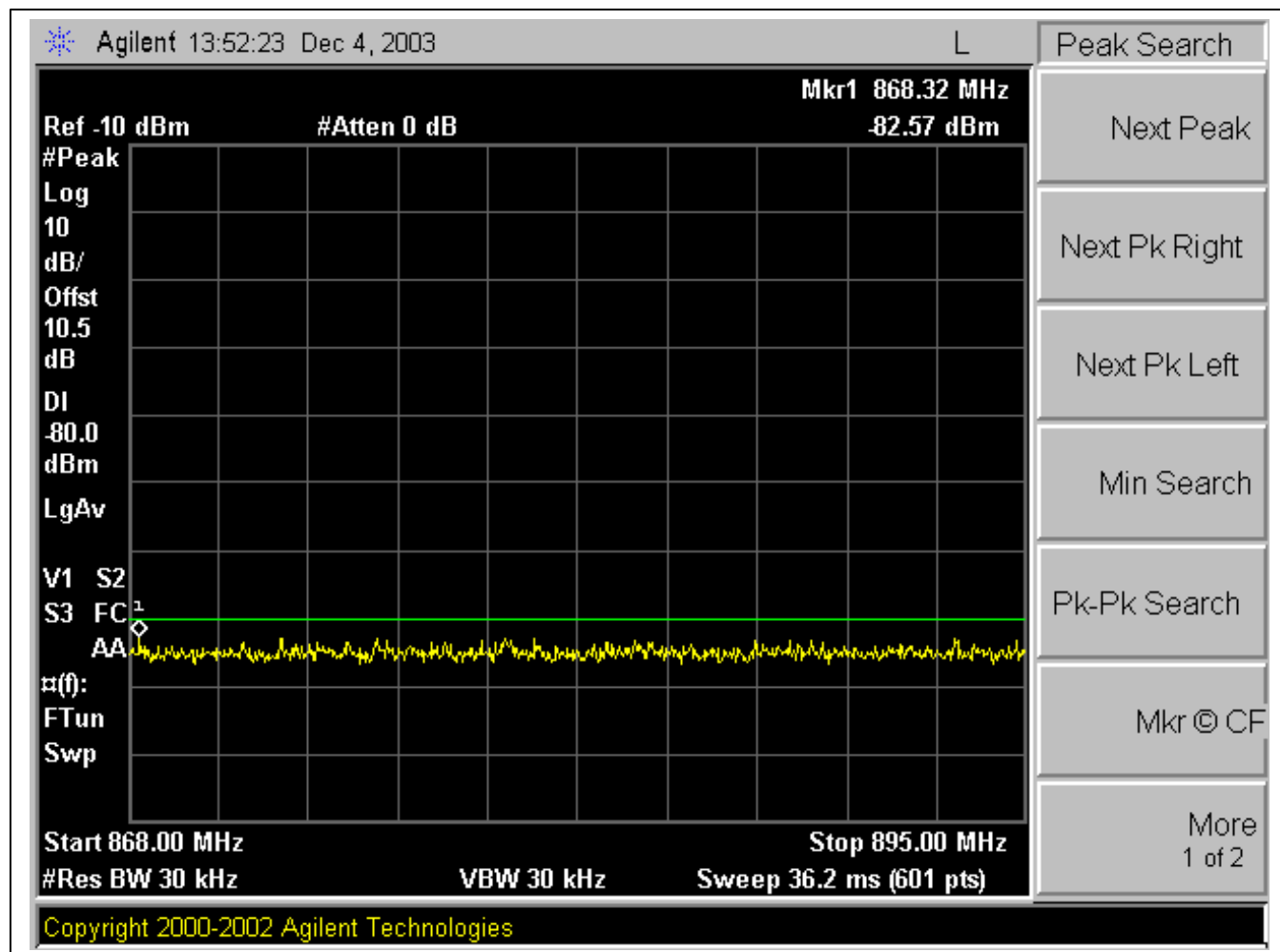
RESULT:CDMA Modulation: Low / Mid / High, Band Edge, Out-Of-Band EmissionsLow Channel, Out-Of-Band Emissions

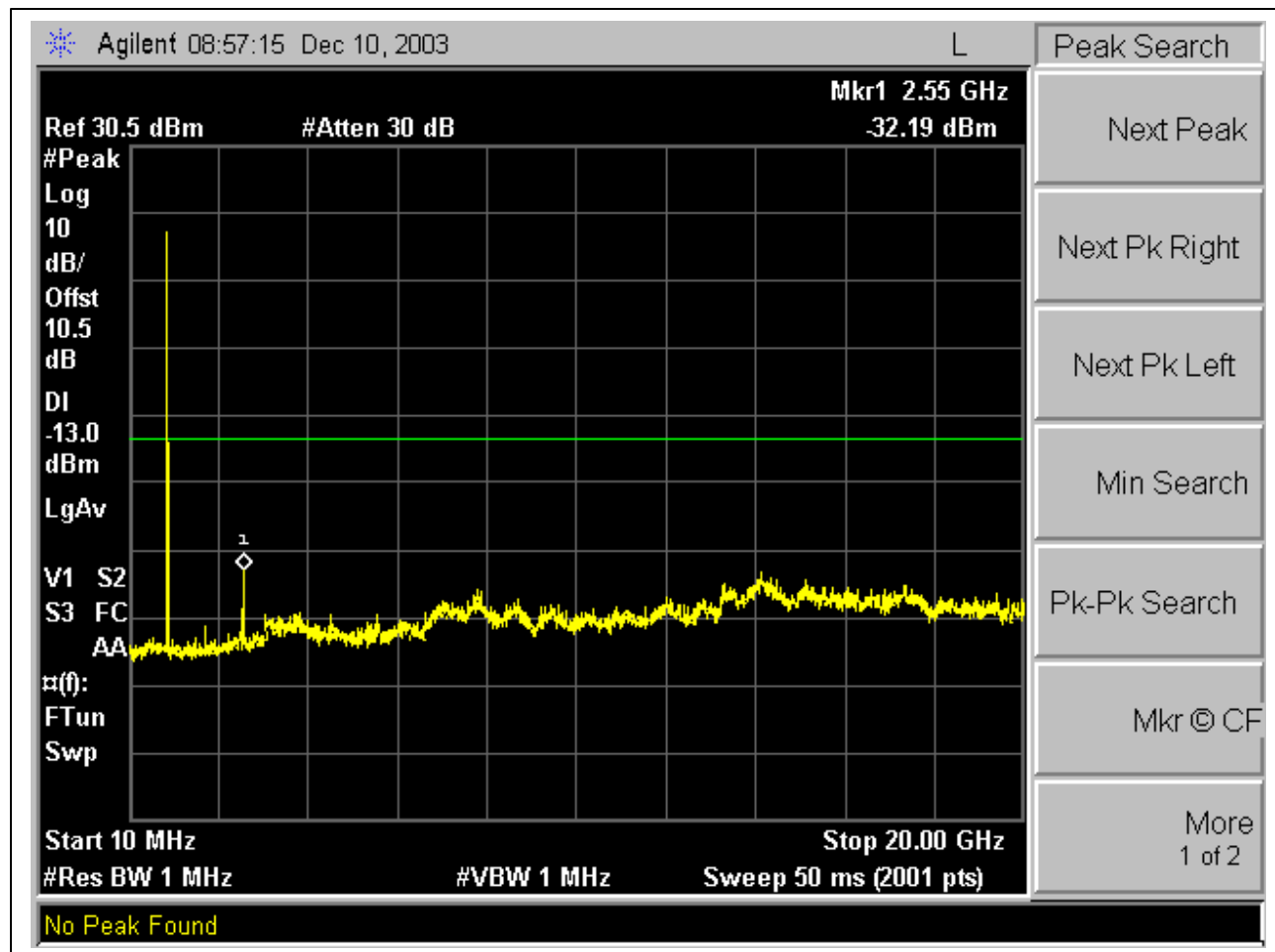
Mid Channel, Out-Of-Band Emissions

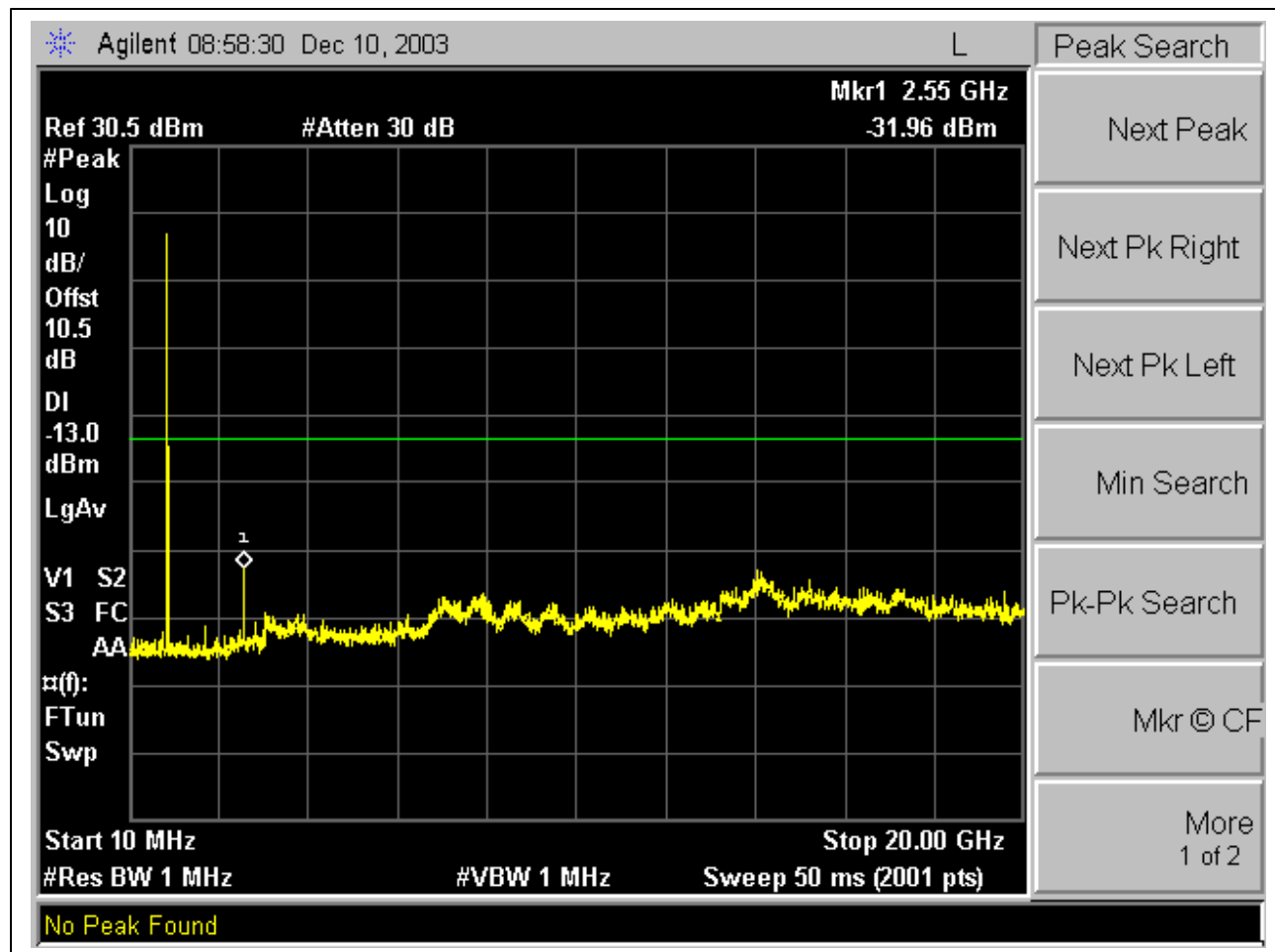
High Channel, Out-Of-Band Emissions

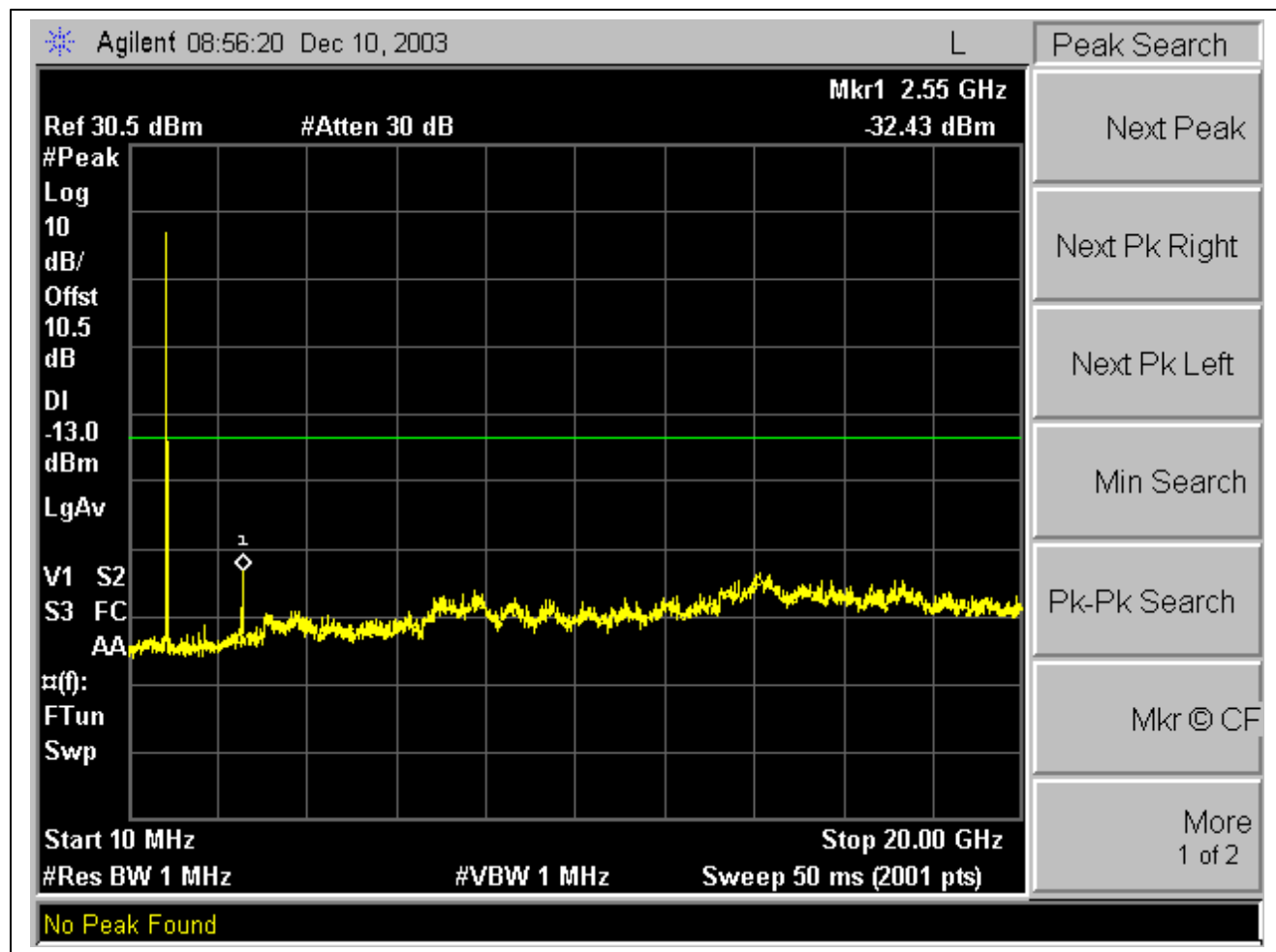
Low Channel Band Edge

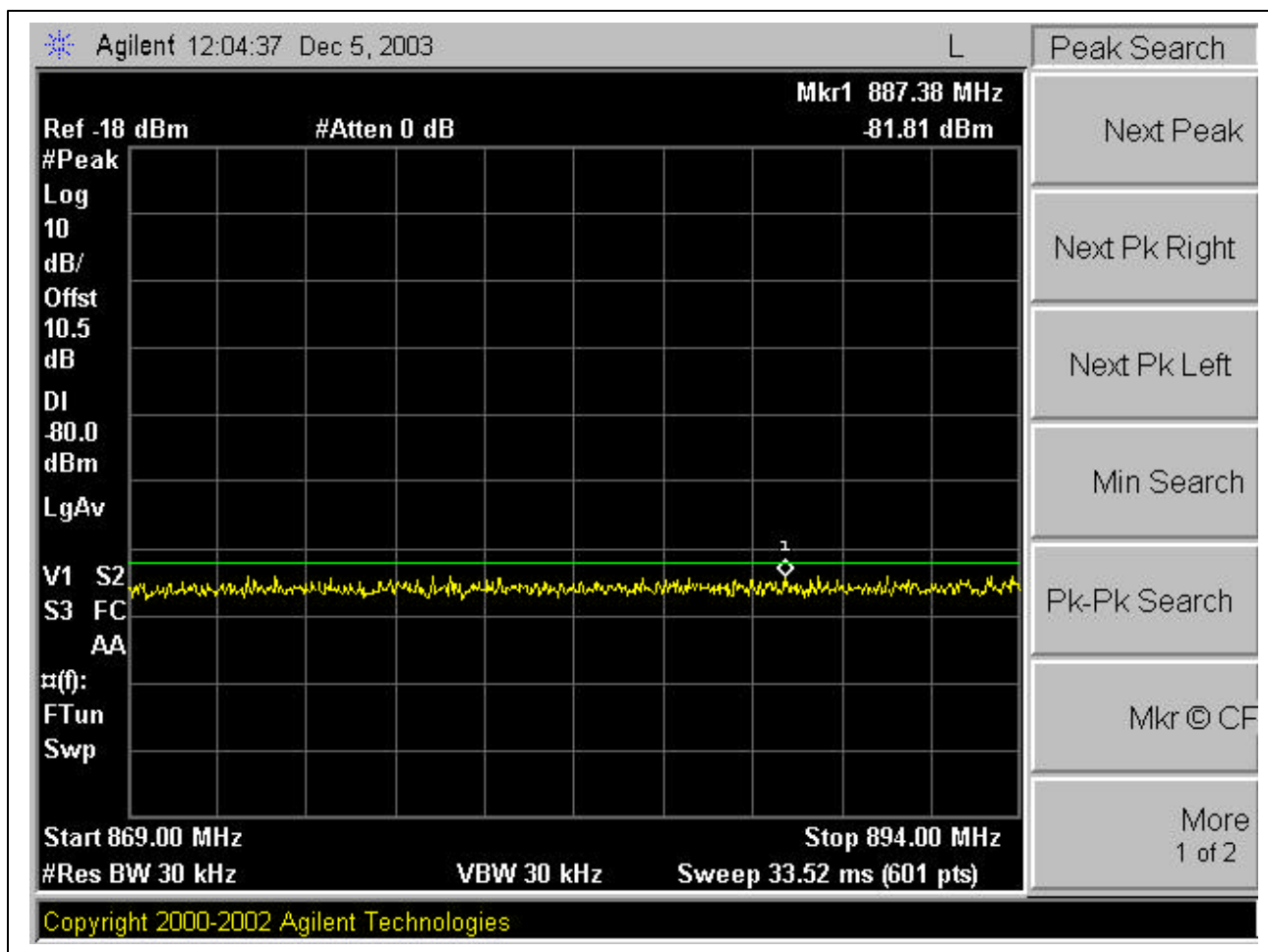
High Channel Band Edge

CDMA Mobile Emissions in Base Frequency Range:

AMPS Modulation: Low Channel Out-Of-Band Emissions

AMPS Modulation: Mid Channel Out-Of-Band Emissions

AMPS Modulation: High Channel Out-Of-Band Emissions

AMPS Mobile Emissions in Base Frequency Range:

7.5. SECTION 2.1053: FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

INSTRUMENTS LIST

EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURE	MODEL NO.	CAL. DUE DATE
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	EMCO	3115	2/4/04
Preamplifier, 1 ~ 26 GHz	Miteq	NSP10023988	4/25/04
Spectrum Analyzer	HP	E4446A	7/23/04

Detector Function Setting of Test Receiver

Frequency Range (MHz)	Detector Function	Resolution Bandwidth	Video Bandwidth
Above 1000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Peak <input type="checkbox"/> Average	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 MHz <input type="checkbox"/> 1 MHz	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 MHz <input type="checkbox"/> 10 Hz

TEST SETUP

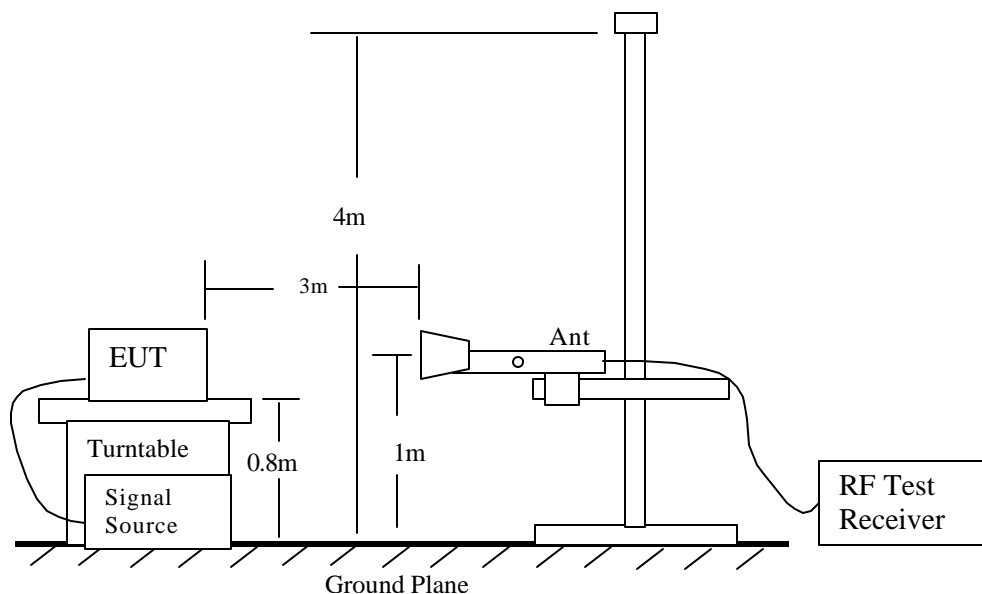


Fig 1: Radiated Emission Measurement

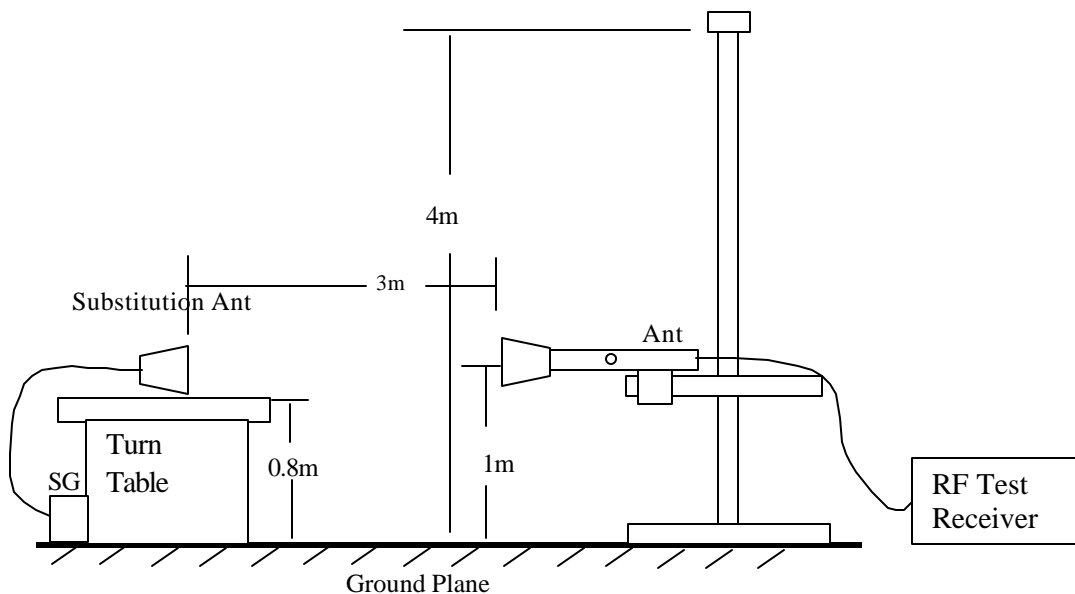


Fig 2: Radiated Emission – Substitution Method set-up

TEST PROCEDURE

- 1). On a test site, the EUT shall be placed on a turntable, and in the position closest to the normal use as declared by the user.
- 2). The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization located 3m from the EUT to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter.
- 3). The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver and either a peak or average detector was used for the measurement as indicated on the report. The detector selection is based on how close the emission level was approaching the limit.
- 4). The transmitter shall be switched on, if possible, without the modulation and the measurement receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
- 5). The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- 6). The transmitter shall then be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- 7). The test antenna shall be raised and lowered again through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- 8). The maximum signal level detected by the measuring receiver shall be noted.
- 9). The transmitter shall be replaced by a substitution antenna.
- 10). The substitution antenna shall be oriented for vertical polarization.
- 11). The substitution antenna shall be connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- 12). If necessary, the input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver shall be adjusted in order to increase the sensitivity of the measuring receiver.
- 13). The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of the height to ensure that the maximum signal is received.

- 14). The input signal to the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to the level that produces a level detected by the measuring receiver, that is equal to the level noted while the transmitter radiated power was measured, corrected for the change of input attenuation setting of the measuring receiver.
- 15). The input level to the substitution antenna shall be recorded as power level in dBm, corrected for any change of input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver.
- 16). The measurement shall be repeated with the test antenna and the substitution antenna oriented for horizontal polarization.
- 17). The measure of the effective radiated power is the larger of the two levels recorded, at the input to the substitution antenna, corrected for the gain of the substitution antenna if necessary.

RESULT

No non-compliance noted, as shown below

CDMA: Low, Mid, & High Channels:

f GHz	SA reading (dBuV)	SG reading (dBm)	CL (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBd)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Notes
CDMA LOW Channel 824.7 Mhz Z-Position									
1.649	52.5	-57.7	0.8	7.3	5.2	-53.3	-13.0	-40.3	V
2.474	45.8	-60.7	1.2	8.4	6.3	-55.6	-13.0	-42.6	V
3.299	31.8	-72.4	1.5	9.2	7.0	-66.8	-13.0	-53.8	V Noise Floor
1.649	53.6	-78.2	0.8	7.3	5.2	-73.8	-13.0	-60.8	H
2.474	39.1	-67.4	1.2	8.4	6.3	-62.3	-13.0	-49.3	H
3.299	29.9	-74.3	1.5	9.2	7.0	-68.8	-13.0	-55.8	H Noise Floor
CDMA MIDDLE Channel 835.89 Mhz Z-Position									
1.672	53.9	-56.1	0.8	7.4	5.2	-51.7	-13.0	-38.7	H
2.508	44.1	-62.3	1.2	8.4	6.3	-57.2	-13.0	-44.2	H
3.344	31.3	-72.9	1.5	9.2	7.1	-67.3	-13.0	-54.3	H Noise Floor
1.672	57.6	-52.5	0.8	7.4	5.2	-48.1	-13.0	-35.1	V
2.508	43.5	-62.9	1.2	8.4	6.3	-57.8	-13.0	-44.8	V
3.344	29.3	-73.8	1.5	9.2	7.1	-68.3	-13.0	-55.3	V Noise Floor
CDMA HIGH Channel 848.31 Mhz Z-Position									
1.697	62.2	-47.7	0.8	7.4	5.3	-43.3	-13.0	-30.3	V
2.545	40.6	-65.7	1.2	8.5	6.3	-60.5	-13.0	-47.5	V
3.393	30.9	-72.2	1.5	9.2	7.1	-66.6	-13.0	-53.6	V Noise Floor
1.697	57.4	-52.5	0.8	7.4	5.3	-48.1	-13.0	-35.1	H
2.545	38.6	-67.7	1.2	8.5	6.3	-62.6	-13.0	-49.6	H
3.393	30.9	-72.2	1.5	9.2	7.1	-66.6	-13.0	-53.6	H Noise Floor

AMPS: Low, Mid, & High Channels:

f GHz	SA reading (dBuV)	SG reading (dBm)	CL (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBd)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Notes
AMPS LOW Channel 824.04 Mhz Y-Position									
1.648	59.4	-50.8	0.8	7.3	5.2	-46.4	-13.0	-33.4	V
2.472	46.7	-59.8	1.2	8.4	6.3	-54.7	-13.0	-41.7	V
3.296	29.9	-74.3	1.5	9.2	7.0	-68.8	-13.0	-55.8	V Noise Floor
1.648	60.4	-71.4	0.8	7.3	5.2	-67.0	-13.0	-54.0	H
2.472	49.1	-58.7	1.2	8.4	6.3	-53.6	-13.0	-40.6	H
3.296	36.8	-67.4	1.5	9.2	7.0	-61.9	-13.0	-48.9	H
4.120	36.4	-65.6	1.7	9.8	7.7	-59.7	-13.0	-46.7	H
4.944	29.8	-70.7	1.9	10.9	8.8	-63.9	-13.0	-50.9	H Noise Floor
AMPS MIDDLE Channel 836.49 Mhz Y-Position									
1.673	50.6	-59.4	0.8	7.4	5.2	-55.0	-13.0	-42.0	H
2.509	54.6	-51.8	1.2	8.4	6.3	-46.7	-13.0	-33.7	H
3.346	33.3	-70.9	1.5	9.2	7.1	-65.3	-13.0	-52.3	H
4.182	32.0	-70.0	1.7	9.9	7.8	-64.0	-13.0	-51.0	H Noise Floor
1.673	55.2	-54.8	0.8	7.4	5.2	-50.4	-13.0	-37.4	V
2.509	49.9	-56.5	1.2	8.4	6.3	-51.3	-13.0	-38.3	V
3.346	33.3	-69.8	1.5	9.2	7.1	-64.3	-13.0	-51.3	V Noise Floor
AMPS HIGH Channel 848.97 Mhz Y-Position									
1.698	63.2	-46.8	0.8	7.4	5.3	-42.3	-13.0	-29.3	V
2.547	49.5	-56.7	1.2	8.5	6.3	-51.6	-13.0	-38.6	V
3.396	38.6	-64.5	1.5	9.2	7.1	-58.9	-13.0	-45.9	V
4.245	37.3	-63.7	1.7	10.0	7.9	-57.5	-13.0	-44.5	V
5.094	29.9	-69.5	2.0	11.1	8.9	-62.5	-13.0	-49.5	V Noise Floor
1.698	63.0	-46.9	0.8	7.4	5.3	-42.5	-13.0	-29.5	H
2.547	48.6	-57.7	1.2	8.5	6.3	-52.5	-13.0	-39.5	H
3.396	29.9	-73.2	1.5	9.2	7.1	-67.6	-13.0	-54.6	H Noise Floor

7.6. SECTION 2.1055: FREQUENCY STABILITY

INSTRUMENTS LIST

EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURE	MODEL NO.	CAL. DUE DATE
Spectrum Analyzer	HP	8564E	6/4/04
Environmental Chamber	Thermotron	SE 600-10-10	4/26/04

Detector Function Setting of Test Receiver

Frequency Range (MHz)	Detector Function	Resolution Bandwidth	Video Bandwidth
800-1000	Peak	300 Hz	300 Hz

TEST SETUP

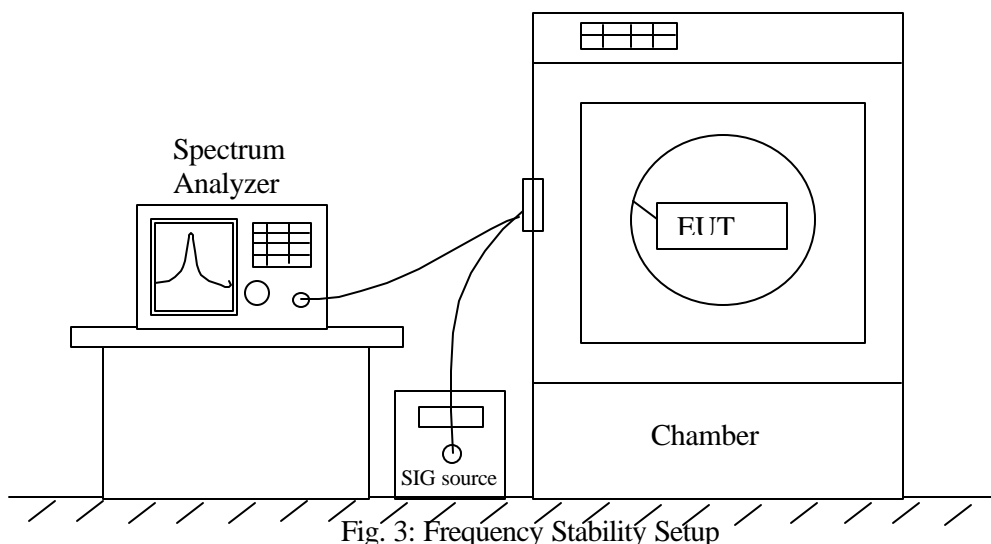
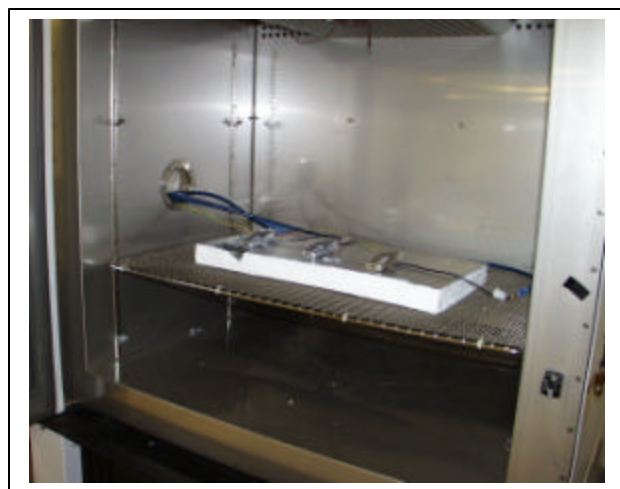


Fig. 3: Frequency Stability Setup



TEST PROCEDURE**• Frequency stability versus environmental temperature**

- 1). Setup the configuration per figure 6 for frequencies measurement inside the environmental chamber. Set the temperature of the chamber to 25°C. Set SA Resolution Bandwidth low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure the EUT 25°C operating frequency as reference frequency.
- 2). Turn EUT off and set Chamber temperature to -30°C.
- 3). Allow sufficient time (approximately 20 to 30 minutes after chamber reach the assigned temperature) for EUT to stabilize. Turn on EUT and measure the EUT operating frequency. Turn off EUT after the measurement.
- 4). Repeat step 3 with a 10°C increased per stage until the highest temperature of +50°C reached, record all measured frequencies on each temperature step.

• Frequency stability versus AC input voltage

- 1). Setup the configuration per figure 6 and set chamber temperature to 25°C. Use a variable AC power supply to power the EUT and set AC output voltage to EUT nominal input AC voltage. Set SA Resolution Bandwidth low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure the EUT 25°C operating frequency as reference frequency.
- 2). Slowly reduce the EUT input voltage to specified extreme voltage variation ($\pm 15\%$) and record the maximum frequency change.

RESULT

No non-compliance noted, as shown below because the EUT uses the same OSC in both receiver and transmitter LO circuit. As a result, the frequency does not shift in Frequency Stability Test.

Frequency stability versus environmental temperature

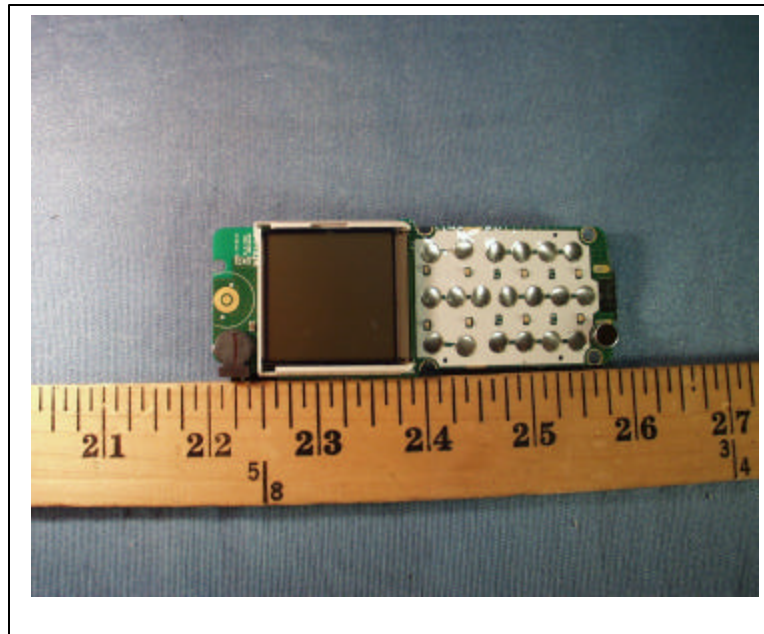
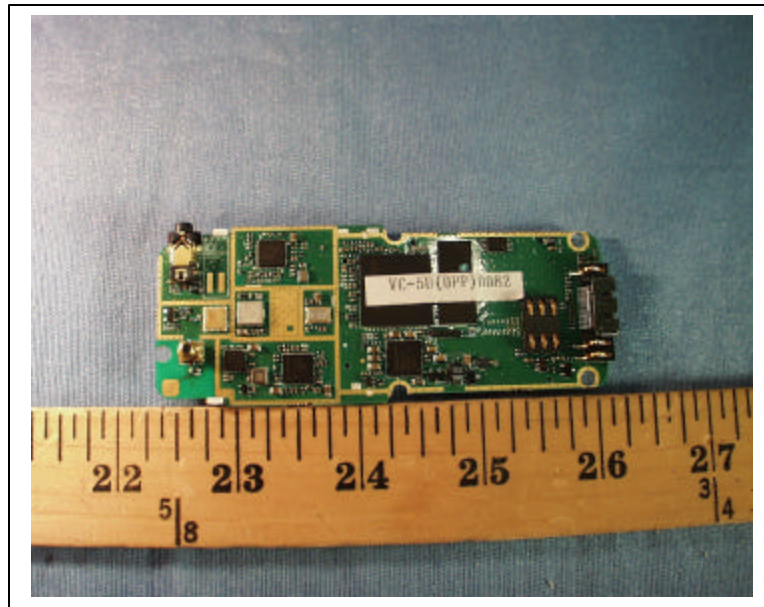
Reference Frequency: AMPS Mid Channel 836.490000MHz @ 25°C				
Limit: to stay ± 2.5 ppm = 2091.237 Hz				
Power Supply (Vdc)	Environment Temperature (°C)	Frequency Deviation Measured with Time Elapse		
		(MHz)	Delta (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
3.70	50	836.49466	0.253	± 2.5
3.70	40	836.49480	0.090	± 2.5
3.70	30	836.49484	0.044	± 2.5
3.70	25	836.49488	0	± 2.5
3.70	20	836.49496	-0.105	± 2.5
3.70	10	836.49538	-0.598	± 2.5
3.70	0	836.49544	-0.673	± 2.5
3.70	-10	836.49541	-0.643	± 2.5
3.70	-20	836.49571	-1.002	± 2.5
3.70	-30	836.49540	-0.628	± 2.5
3.08 (end point)	25	836.49550	-0.747	± 2.5
4.14	25	836.49518	-0.365	± 2.5
Reference Frequency: CDMA Mid Channel 835.890000MHz @ 25°C				
Limit: to stay ± 2.5 ppm = 2091.484 Hz				
Power Supply (Vdc)	Environment Temperature (°C)	Frequency Deviation Measured with Time Elapse		
		(MHz)	Delta (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
3.70	50	836.59235	1.388	± 2.5
3.70	40	836.59224	1.519	± 2.5
3.70	30	836.59250	1.210	± 2.5
3.70	25	836.59351	0	± 2.5
3.70	20	836.59554	-2.435	± 2.5
3.70	10	836.59550	-2.386	± 2.5
3.70	0	836.59558	-2.472	± 2.5
3.70	-10	836.59269	0.980	± 2.5
3.70	-20	836.59421	-0.845	± 2.5
3.70	-30	836.59550	-2.37989	± 2.5
3.00 - 3.15 (end point)	25	836.59525	-2.08345	± 2.5
4.14	25	836.59360	-0.11117	± 2.5

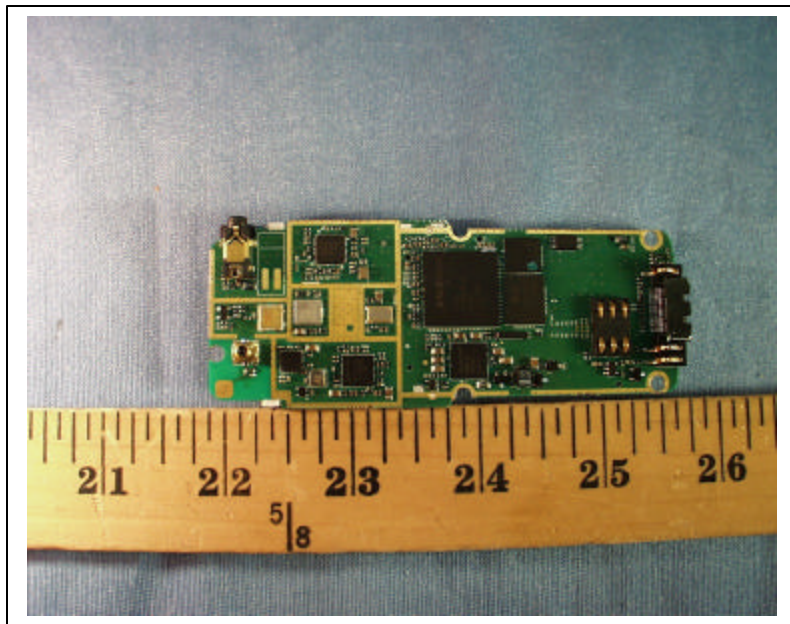
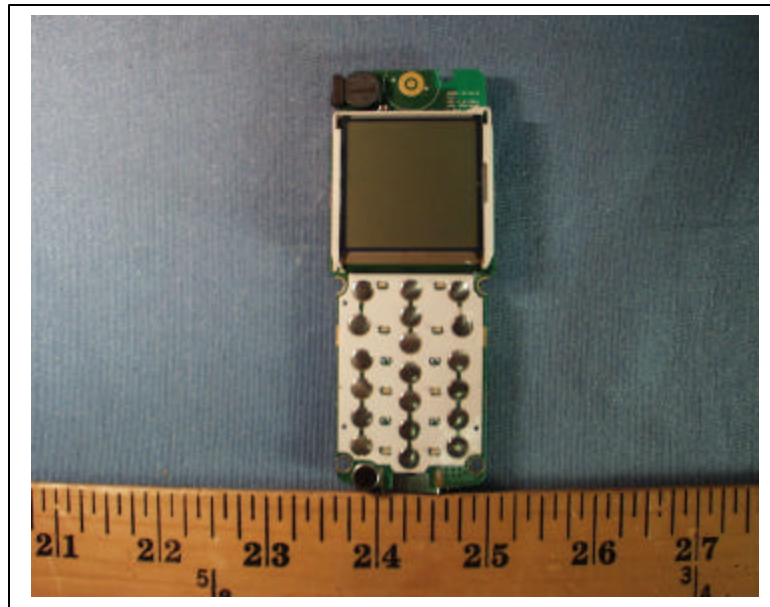
8. APENDIX

8.1. EXTERNAL & INTERNAL PHOTOS











8.2. SCHEMATICS

Please refer to attached sheets.

8.3. BLOCK DIAGRAM

Please refer to attached sheets.

8.4. USER MANUAL

Please refer to attached sheets.

END OF REPORT