

TEST REPORT

Applicant Name: YEALINK(XIAMEN) NETWORK TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.
Address: No.666 Hu'an Rd. Huli District Xiamen City, Fujian, P.R. China
Report Number: SZ1240228-09847E-RFA
FCC ID: T2C-REMOTE
IC: 10741A-REMOTE

Test Standard (s)

FCC PART 15.247; RSS-GEN ISSUE 5, FEBRUARY 2021 AMENDMENT 2; RSS-247 ISSUE 3, AUGUST 2023

Sample Description

Product Type: Remote Controller
Model No.: MB-Remote
Multiple Model(s) No.: N/A
Trade Mark: **Yealink**
Date Received: 2024/02/28
Issue Date: 2024/06/21

Test Result:	Pass▲
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▲ In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

Prepared and Checked By:

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Approved By:

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RF Supervisor

Note: The information marked # is provided by the applicant, the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity and this information can affect the validity of the result in the test report. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are included.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	SZ1240228-09847E-RFA	Original Report	2024/06/21

GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

HVIN	MB-Remote
FVIN	MB-Remote
Product	Remote Controller
Tested Model	MB-Remote
Multiple Model(s)	N/A
Frequency Range	2402-2480MHz
Maximum conducted Peak output power	-1.43dBm
Modulation Technique	GFSK
Antenna Specification*	1.99dBi (It is provided by the manufacturer)
Voltage Range	DC 3.0V from battery
Sample number	2140-2 for Radiated and Conducted Emissions Test 2140-1 for RF Conducted Test (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition
Adapter Information	N/A

Objective

This report is in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.209, 15.247 rules and RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247 Issue 3, August 2023 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules.

Test Methodology

All tests and measurements indicated in this document were performed in accordance ANSI C63.10-2013, RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247 Issue 3, August 2023.

And KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02.

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Each test item follows test standards and with no deviation.

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		$\pm 5\%$
RF output power, conducted		0.72 dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions	9kHz-150kHz	3.94dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	150kHz-30MHz	3.84dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Radiated Emissions	9kHz - 30MHz	3.30dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	30MHz~200MHz (Horizontal)	4.48dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	30MHz~200MHz (Vertical)	4.55dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	200MHz~1000MHz (Horizontal)	4.85dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	200MHz~1000MHz (Vertical)	5.05dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	1GHz - 6GHz	5.35dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	6GHz - 18GHz	5.44dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	18GHz - 40GHz	5.16dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Temperature		$\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
Humidity		$\pm 1\%$
Supply voltages		$\pm 0.4\%$

Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 5F(B-West) , 6F, 7F, the 3rd Phase of Wan Li Industrial Building D, Shihua Rd, FuTian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 715558, the FCC Designation No. : CN5045.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0023.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in an engineering mode.

Frequency List[#]

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	9	2440
1	2405	10	2445
2	2409	11	2450
3	2413	12	2455
4	2417	13	2460
5	2422	14	2465
6	2426	15	2470
7	2430	16	2478
8	2435	17	2480

EUT was tested with Channel 0, 9 and 17.

EUT Exercise Software

“KehwinWirelessConfigTool” exercise software was used and the power level is Default[#]. The software and power level was provided by the manufacturer.

Duty cycle

Please refer to the Appendix.

Special Accessories

No special accessory.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

Support Equipment List and Details

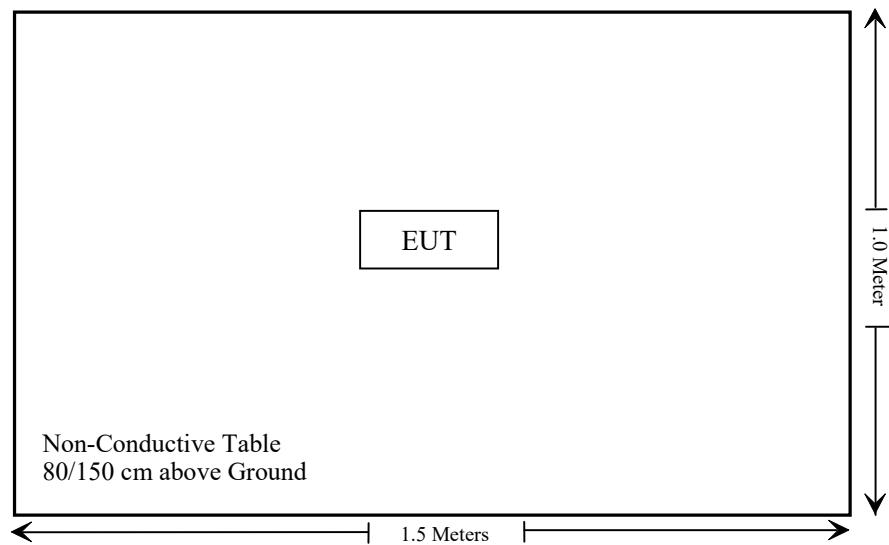
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
/	/	/	/

Block Diagram of Test Setup

For Radiated Emission



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	ISED Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §15.247 (i) & §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1093	RSS-102 §2.5.1	RF Exposure& Exemption Limits For Routine Evaluation-SAR Evaluation	Compliant
§15.203	RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207 (a)	RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Not Applicable
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.247 (a)(2)	RSS- Gen§6.7 RSS-247 § 5.2 (a)	99% Occupied Bandwidth & 6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 § 5.4(d)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(e)	RSS-247 § 5.2 (b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
§15.247(d)	RSS-247 § 5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Radiated emission test					
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102455	2024/01/16	2025/01/15
Sonoma instrument	Pre-amplifier	310 N	186238	2023/06/08	2024/06/07
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2023/07/20	2024/07/19
Unknown	Cable	Chamber Cable 1	F-03-EM236	2023/08/03	2024/08/02
Unknown	Cable	Chamber Cable 4	EC-007	2023/08/03	2024/08/02
Audix	EMI Test software	E3	19821b(V9)	NCR	NCR
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101605	2023/04/18	2024/04/17
COM-POWER	Pre-amplifier	PA-122	181919	2023/06/29	2024/06/28
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D(1201)	1143	2023/07/26	2024/07/25
Unknown	RF Cable	KMSE	0735	2023/10/08	2024/10/07
Unknown	RF Cable	UFA147	219661	2023/10/08	2024/10/07
Unknown	RF Cable	XH750A-N	J-10M	2023/10/08	2024/10/07
SNSD	2.4G Band Reject filter	BSF2402-2480MN-0898-001	2.4G filter	2023/08/03	2024/08/02
Audix	EMI Test software	E3	191218(V9)	NCR	NCR
A.H.System	Pre-amplifier	PAM-1840VH	190	2023/08/03	2024/08/02
Electro-Mechanics Co	Horn Antenna	3116	9510-2270	2023/09/18	2026/09/17
RF Conducted Test					
Tonscend	RF control Unit	JS0806-2	19D8060154	2023/09/06	2024/09/05
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal and Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101473	2024/01/16	2025/01/15
MARCONI	10dB Attenuator	6534/3	2942	2023/07/04	2024/07/03

*** Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE**Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Measurement Result

For worst case:

Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Tune-up power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g SAR)	SAR Test Exclusion
2480	-1.0	0.79	5.0	0.2	3.0	Yes

Result: No SAR test is required

RSS-102 § 2.5.1 –EXEMPTION LIMITS FOR ROUTINE EVALUATION-SAR EVALUATION

Applicable Standard

According to RSS-102 Issue 5 § (2.5.1), SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table 1.

Table 1: SAR evaluation – Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance^{4,5}

Frequency (MHz)	Exemption Limits (mW)				
	At separation distance of ≤5 mm	At separation distance of 10 mm	At separation distance of 15 mm	At separation distance of 20 mm	At separation distance of 25 mm
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW
2450	4 mW	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW

Frequency (MHz)	Exemption Limits (mW)				
	At separation distance of 30 mm	At separation distance of 35 mm	At separation distance of 40 mm	At separation distance of 45 mm	At separation distance of ≥50 mm
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW
5800	56 mW	71 mW	85 mW	97 mW	106 mW

4. The exemption limits in Table 1 are based on measurements and simulations of half-wave dipole antennas at separation distances of 5 mm to 25 mm from a flat phantom, providing a SAR value of approximately 0.4 W/kg for 1 g of tissue. For low frequencies (300 MHz to 835 MHz), the exemption limits are derived from a linear fit. For high frequencies (1900 MHz and above), the exemption limits are derived from a third order polynomial fit.

5. Transmitters operating between 0.003-10 MHz, meeting the exemption from routine SAR evaluation, shall demonstrate compliance to the instantaneous limits in Section 4.

Output power level shall be the higher of the maximum conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power. For controlled use devices where the 8 W/kg for 1 gram of tissue applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 5. For limb-worn devices where the 10 gram value applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 2.5. If the operating frequency of the device is between two frequencies located in Table 1, linear interpolation shall be applied for the applicable separation distance. For test separation distance less than 5 mm, the exemption limits for a separation distance of 5 mm can be applied to determine if a routine evaluation is required.

For medical implants devices, the exemption limit for routine evaluation is set at 1 mW. The output power of a medical implants device is defined as the higher of the conducted or e.i.r.p to determine whether the device is exempt from the SAR evaluation.

Test Result

For worst case:

The higher of the conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power:

$$(2480-2450)/(3500-2450) = (4-P)/(4-2)$$

The exemption limit of 2480MHz is $P = 3.94\text{mW}$

The maximum tune-up conducted power is -1.0dBm, The antenna gain is 1.99dBi, so the EIRP is 0.99dBm (1.26mW), which less than 3.94 mW@2480MHz exemption limit

So the stand-alone SAR evaluation can be exempted.

FCC §15.203 & RSS-GEN §6.8– ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has one internal antenna arrangements which were permanently attached for FHSS and the gain[#] is 1.99dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Type	Antenna Gain [#]	Impedance
PCB	1.99dBi	50 Ω

Result: Compliant

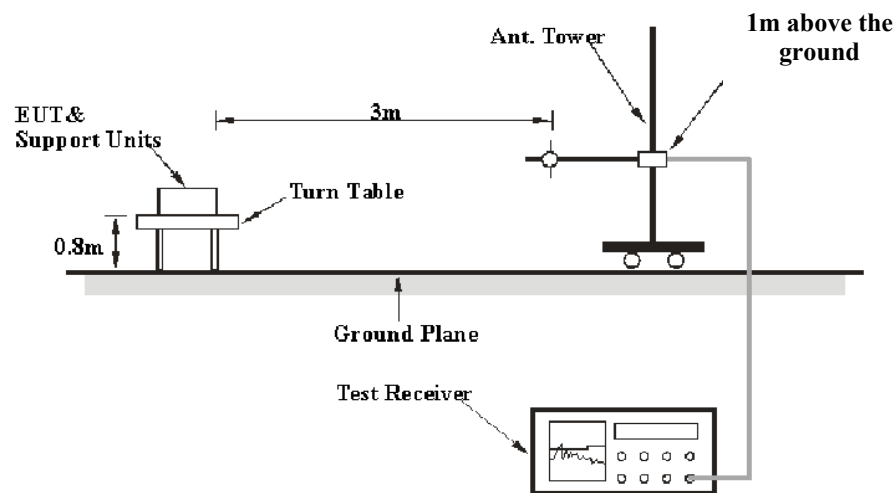
FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(D), RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5 – UNWANTED EMISSION FREQUENCIES AND RESTRICTED BANDS

Applicable Standard

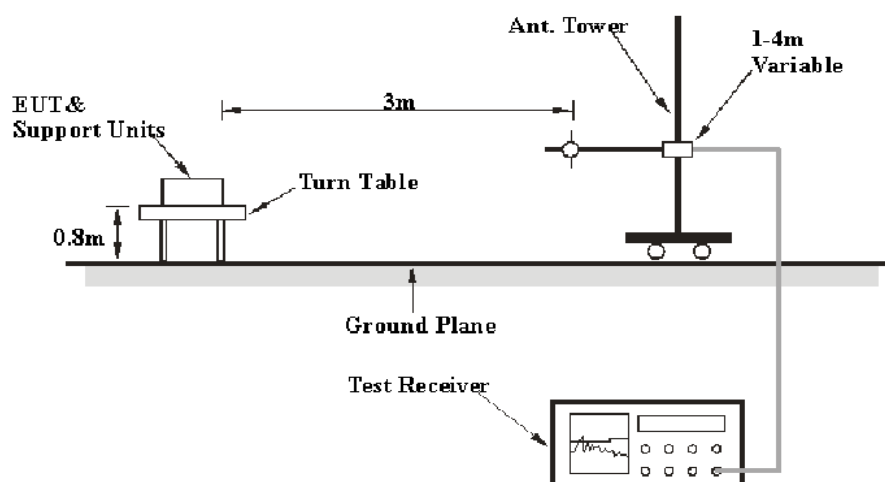
FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205; RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-GEN §8.10.

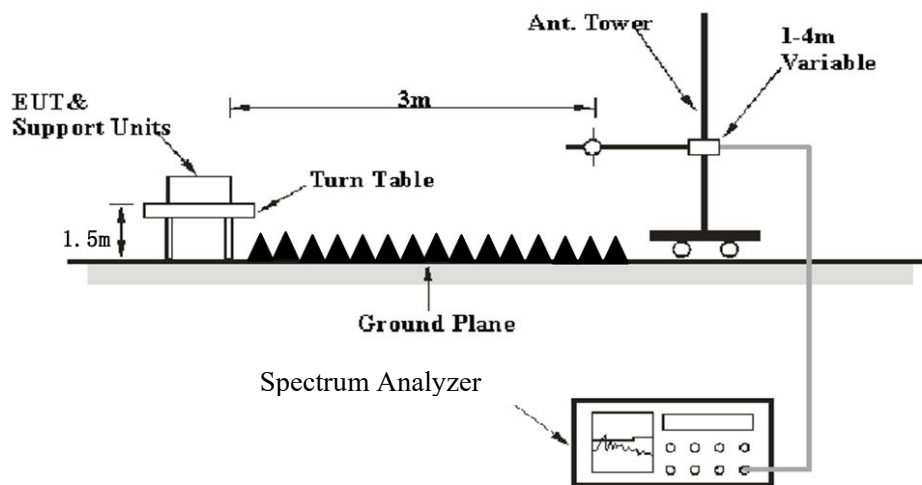
EUT Setup

9 kHz-30MHz:



30MHz-1GHz:



Above 1GHz:

The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.205, FCC 15.209, FCC 15.247, RSS-Gen and RSS-247 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 9 kHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

9 kHz-1GHz:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
9 kHz – 150 kHz	/	/	200 Hz	QP
	300 Hz	1 kHz	/	PK
150 kHz – 30 MHz	/	/	9 kHz	QP
	10 kHz	30 kHz	/	PK
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	/	/	120 kHz	QP
	100 kHz	300 kHz	/	PK

1-25 GHz:

Measurement	Duty cycle	RBW	Video B/W
PK	Any	1MHz	3 MHz
AV	>98%	1MHz	10 Hz
	<98%	1MHz	≥1/T

Note: T is minimum transmission duration

If the maximized peak measured value complies with under the QP/Average limit more than 6dB, then it is unnecessary to perform an QP/Average measurement.

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

All final data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode except for the frequency bands 9–90 kHz, 110–490 kHz and above 1000 MHz, average detection modes for frequency bands 9–90 kHz and 110–490 kHz, peak and average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

For 9 kHz-30MHz, the report shall list the six emissions with the smallest margin relative to the limit, for each of the three antenna orientations (parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel) unless the margin is greater than 20 dB.

All emissions under the average limit and under the noise floor have not recorded in the report.

Factor & Over Limit/ Margin Calculation

The Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Over Limit/Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over Limit/margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Over Limit/Margin} &= \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor}\end{aligned}$$

Test Results Summary

According to the data in the following table, the EUT complied with the FCC 15.205, FCC 15.209, FCC 15.247, RSS-Gen and RSS-247.

Test Data**Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23~25.3 °C
Relative Humidity:	50~55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

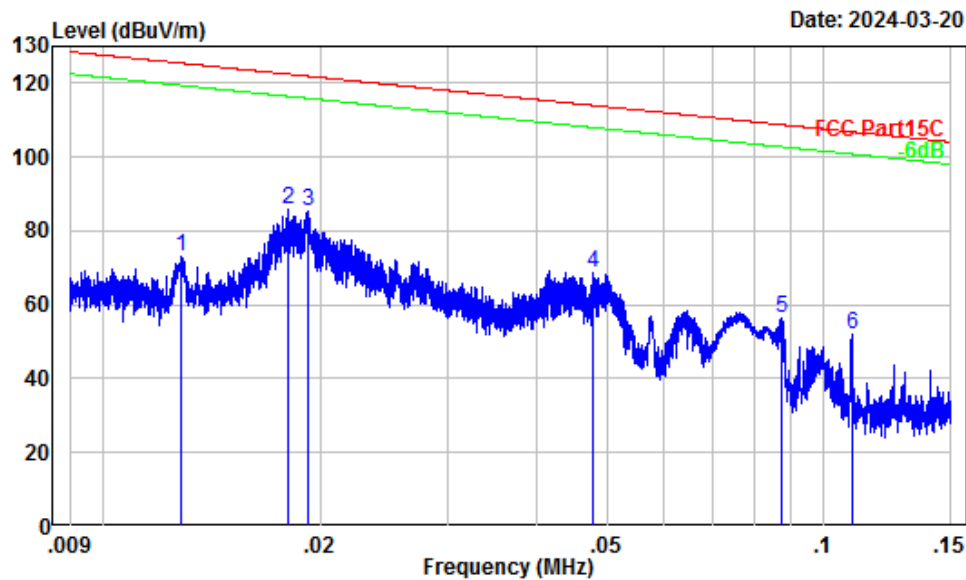
The testing was performed by Warren Huang on 2024-03-20 for below 1GHz and Tyler Wu and Dylan Yang from 2024-04-08 to 2024-04-11 for above 1GHz.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Note: Pre-scan in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case X-axis of orientation was recorded.

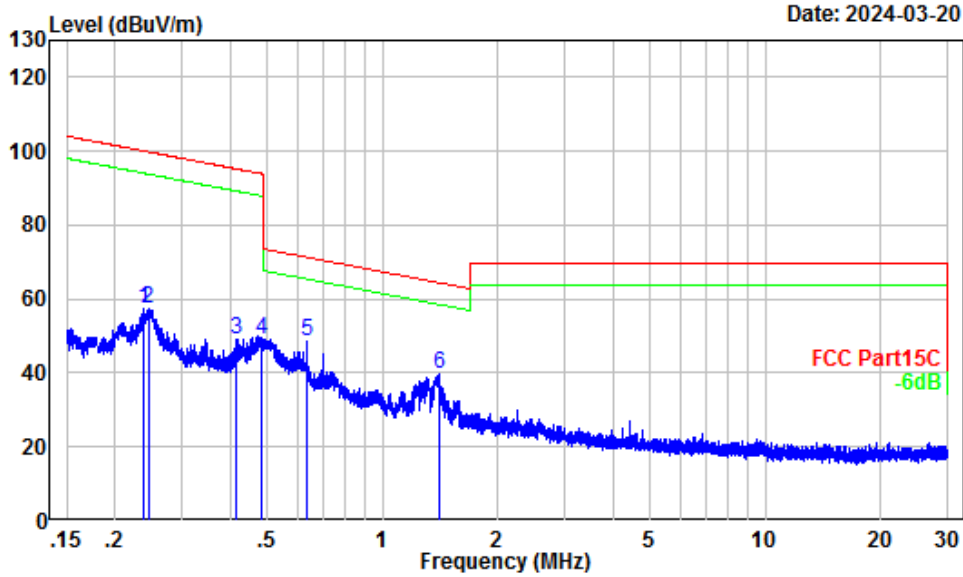
9 kHz-30MHz:

Parallel



Site : Chamber A
Condition : 3m
Project Number: SZ1240228-09847E-RF
Note : 2.4G
Tester : Warren Huang

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	0.01	52.43	20.76	73.19	125.42	-52.23	Peak
2	0.02	50.83	35.05	85.88	122.48	-36.60	Peak
3	0.02	50.47	34.81	85.28	121.92	-36.64	Peak
4	0.05	41.68	27.03	68.71	114.02	-45.31	Peak
5	0.09	35.90	20.28	56.18	108.80	-52.62	Peak
6	0.11	33.65	18.49	52.14	106.83	-54.69	Peak

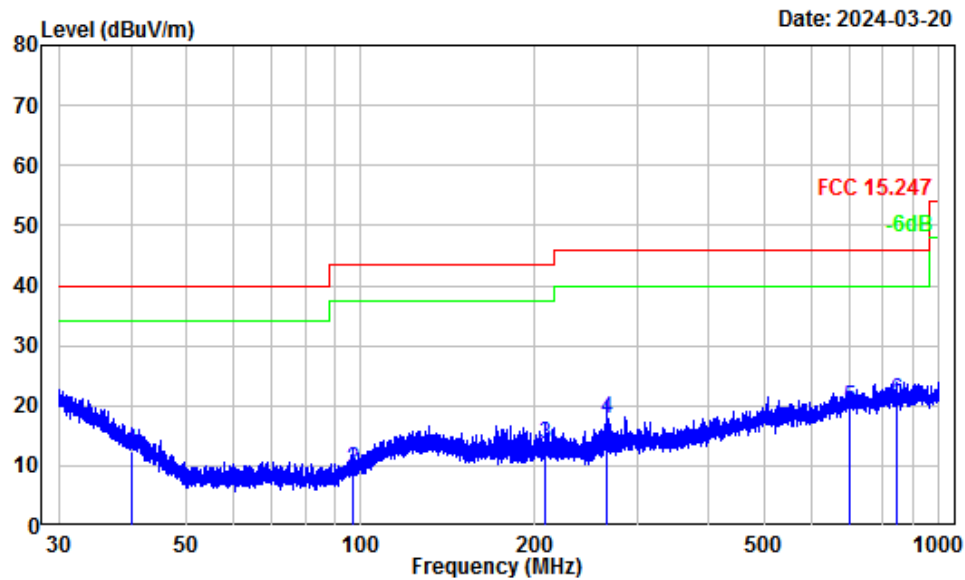


Site : Chamber A
 Condition : 3m
 Project Number: SZ1240228-09847E-RF
 Note : 2.4G
 Tester : Warren Huang

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	0.24	27.64	29.78	57.42	100.08	-42.66	Peak
2	0.24	27.41	29.96	57.37	99.84	-42.47	Peak
3	0.42	22.12	26.99	49.11	95.22	-46.11	Peak
4	0.48	21.16	28.13	49.29	93.89	-44.60	Peak
5	0.63	19.19	29.28	48.47	71.51	-23.04	Peak
6	1.41	13.42	26.32	39.74	64.43	-24.69	Peak

30MHz-1GHz: (worst case is low channel))

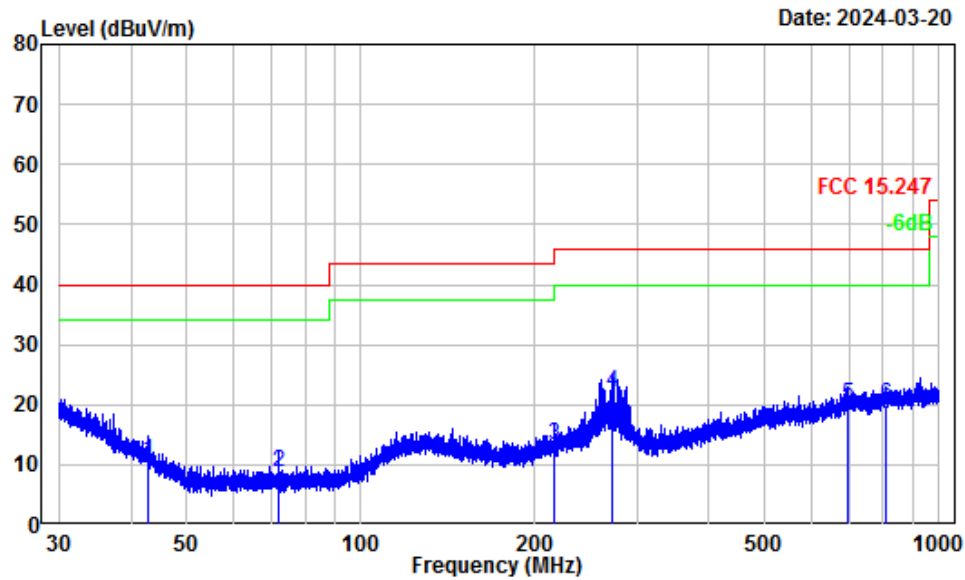
Horizontal



Site : Chamber A
Condition : 3m Horizontal
Project Number: SZ1240228-09847E-RF
Note : 2.4G
Tester : Warren Huang

Freq Factor		Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	40.15	-11.62	24.00	12.38	40.00	-27.62 QP
2	96.65	-16.35	25.60	9.25	43.50	-34.25 QP
3	207.76	-13.64	27.28	13.64	43.50	-29.86 QP
4	265.79	-13.98	31.67	17.69	46.00	-28.31 QP
5	698.39	-6.19	25.73	19.54	46.00	-26.46 QP
6	842.50	-4.89	25.68	20.79	46.00	-25.21 QP

Vertical



Site : Chamber A
Condition : 3m Vertical
Project Number: SZ1240228-09847E-RF
Note : 2.4G
Tester : Warren Huang

	Freq Factor		Read Level	Limit Level	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
1	42.81	-14.61	25.31	10.70	40.00	-29.30 QP
2	71.99	-18.67	27.47	8.80	40.00	-31.20 QP
3	216.02	-14.75	28.14	13.39	46.00	-32.61 QP
4	272.76	-14.13	36.25	22.12	46.00	-23.88 QP
5	697.77	-6.60	26.66	20.06	46.00	-25.94 QP
6	810.62	-5.35	25.23	19.88	46.00	-26.12 QP

Above 1GHz:

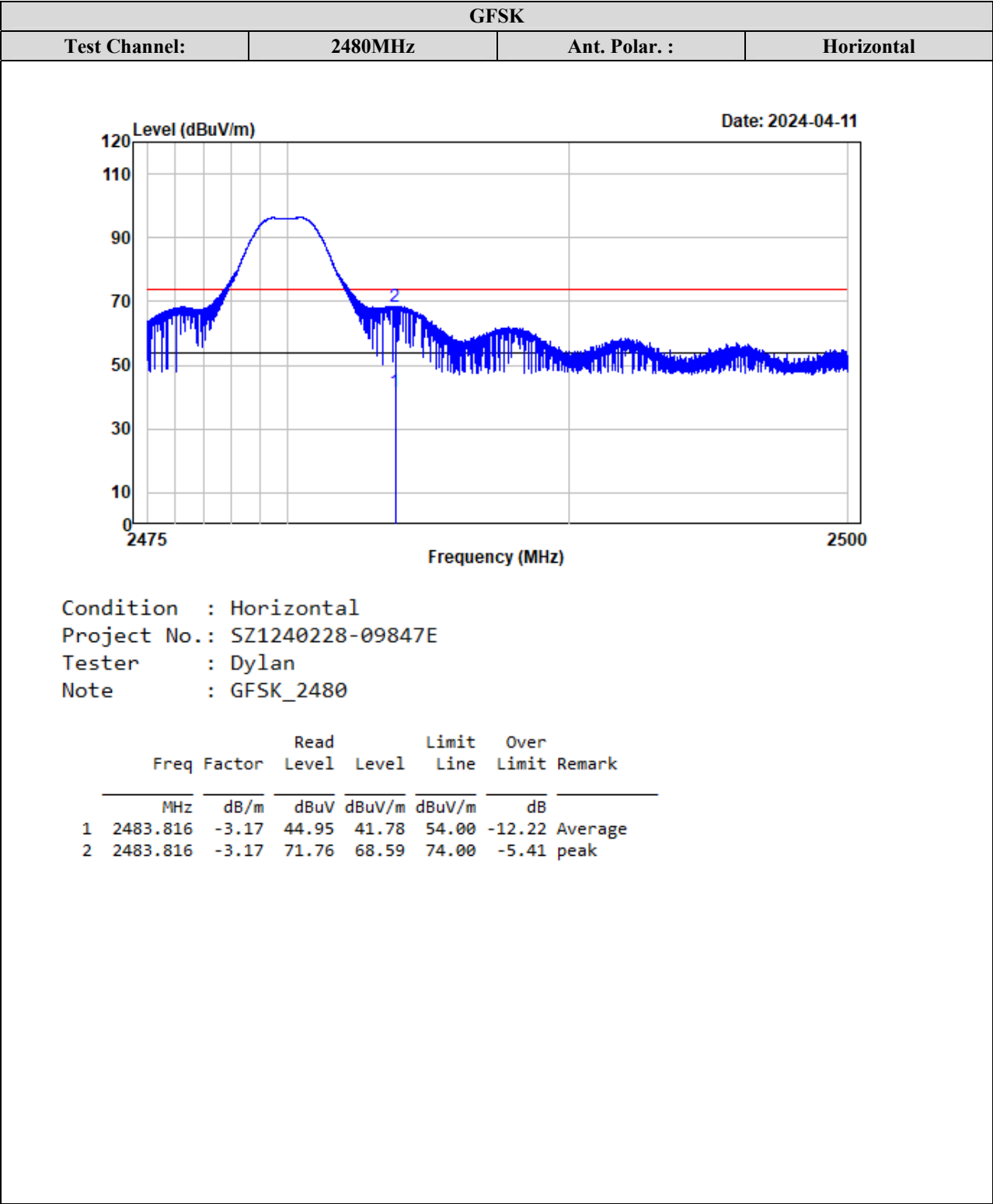
Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Polar (H / V)	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/QP/AV)					
Low Channel 2402MHz							
2389.94	57.35	PK	H	-2.93	54.42	74	-19.58
2389.94	42.54	AV	H	-2.93	39.61	54	-14.39
2386.24	54.86	PK	V	-2.93	51.93	74	-22.07
2386.24	40.77	AV	V	-2.93	37.84	54	-16.16
4804.00	51.02	PK	H	1.69	52.71	74	-21.29
4804.00	46.46	AV	H	1.69	48.15	54	-5.85
4804.00	48.64	PK	V	1.69	50.33	74	-23.67
4804.00	42.02	AV	V	1.69	43.71	54	-10.29
Middle Channel 2440MHz							
4880.00	49.78	PK	H	1.69	51.47	74	-22.53
4880.00	45.32	AV	H	1.69	47.01	54	-6.99
4880.00	48.65	PK	V	1.69	50.34	74	-23.66
4880.00	44.69	AV	V	1.69	46.38	54	-7.62
High Channel 2480MHz							
4960.00	48.86	PK	H	2.68	51.54	74	-22.46
4960.00	42.78	AV	H	2.68	45.46	54	-8.54
4960.00	48.49	PK	V	2.68	51.17	74	-22.83
4960.00	42.44	AV	V	2.68	45.12	54	-8.88

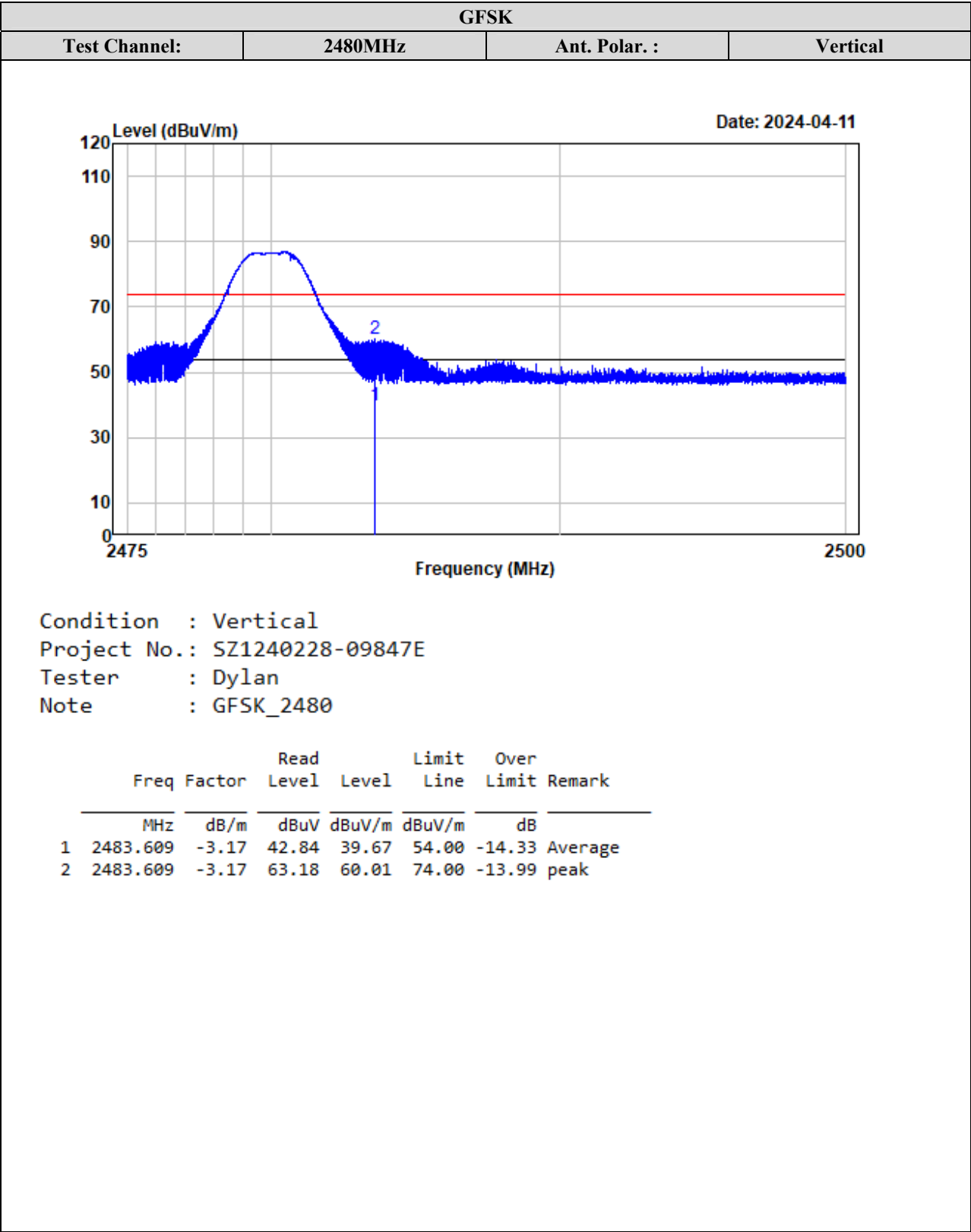
Note:

Absolute Level = Corrected Factor + Reading

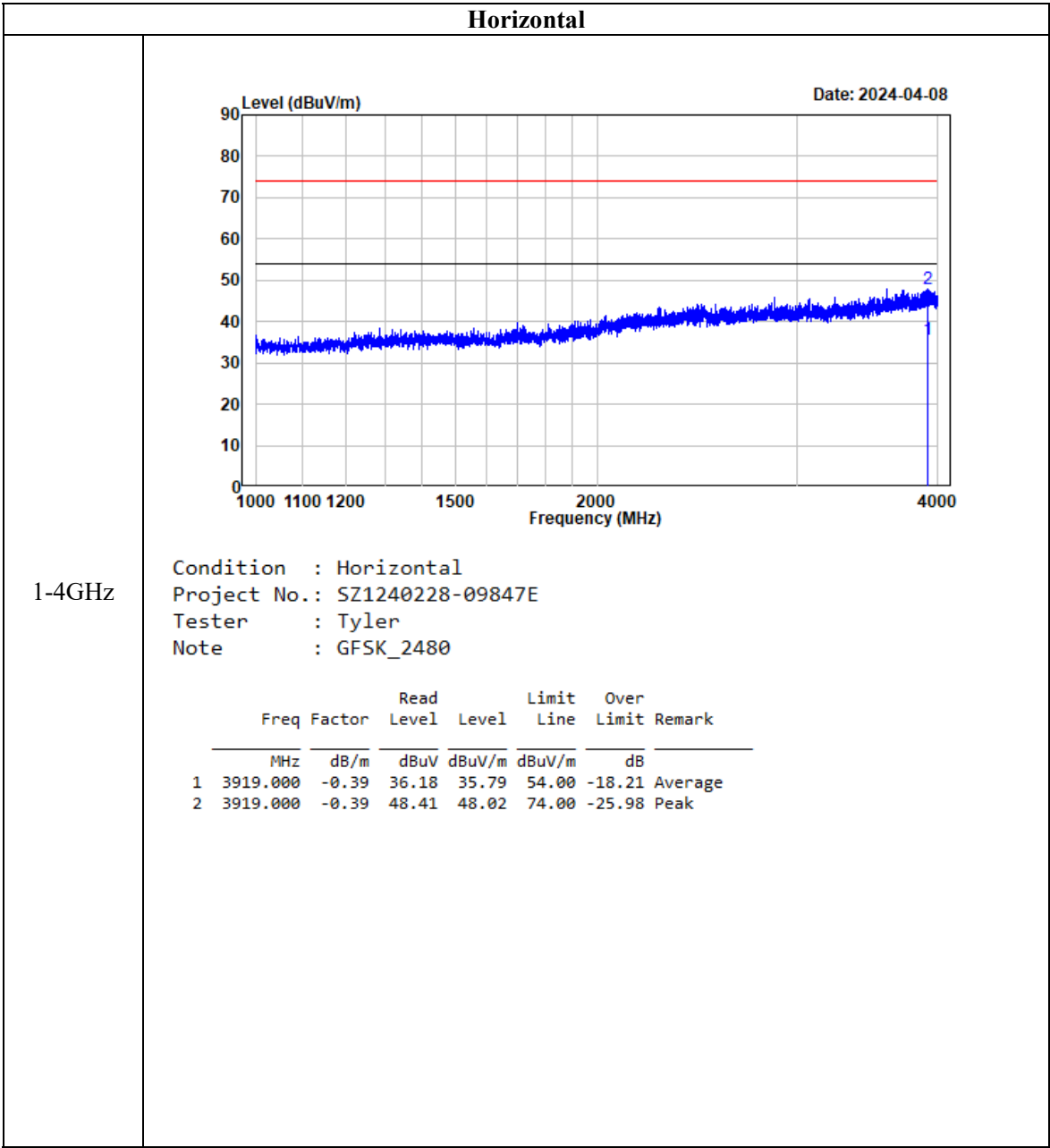
Margin = Corrected. Amplitude - Limit

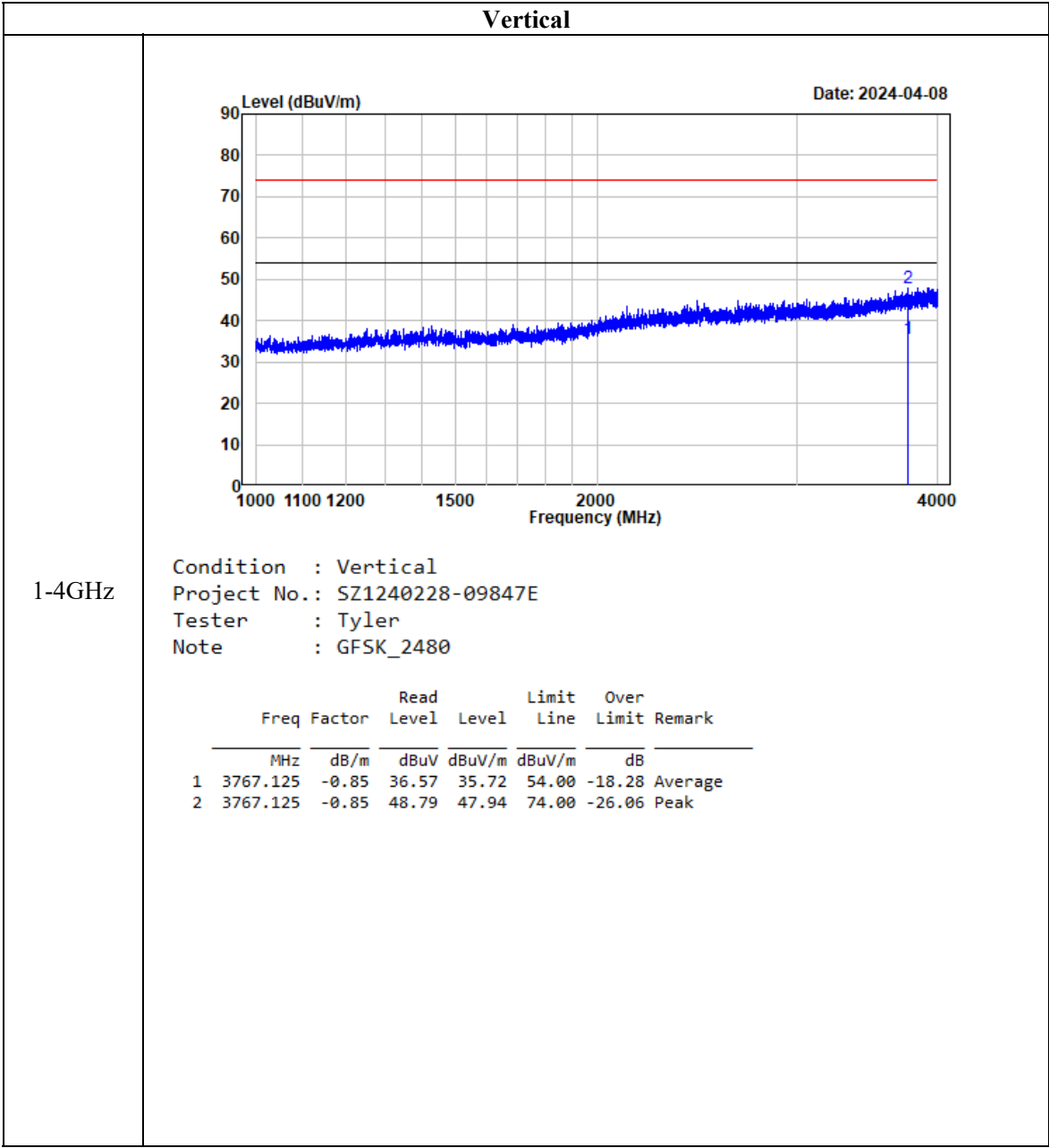
Test plots for Band Edge Measurements (Radiated):

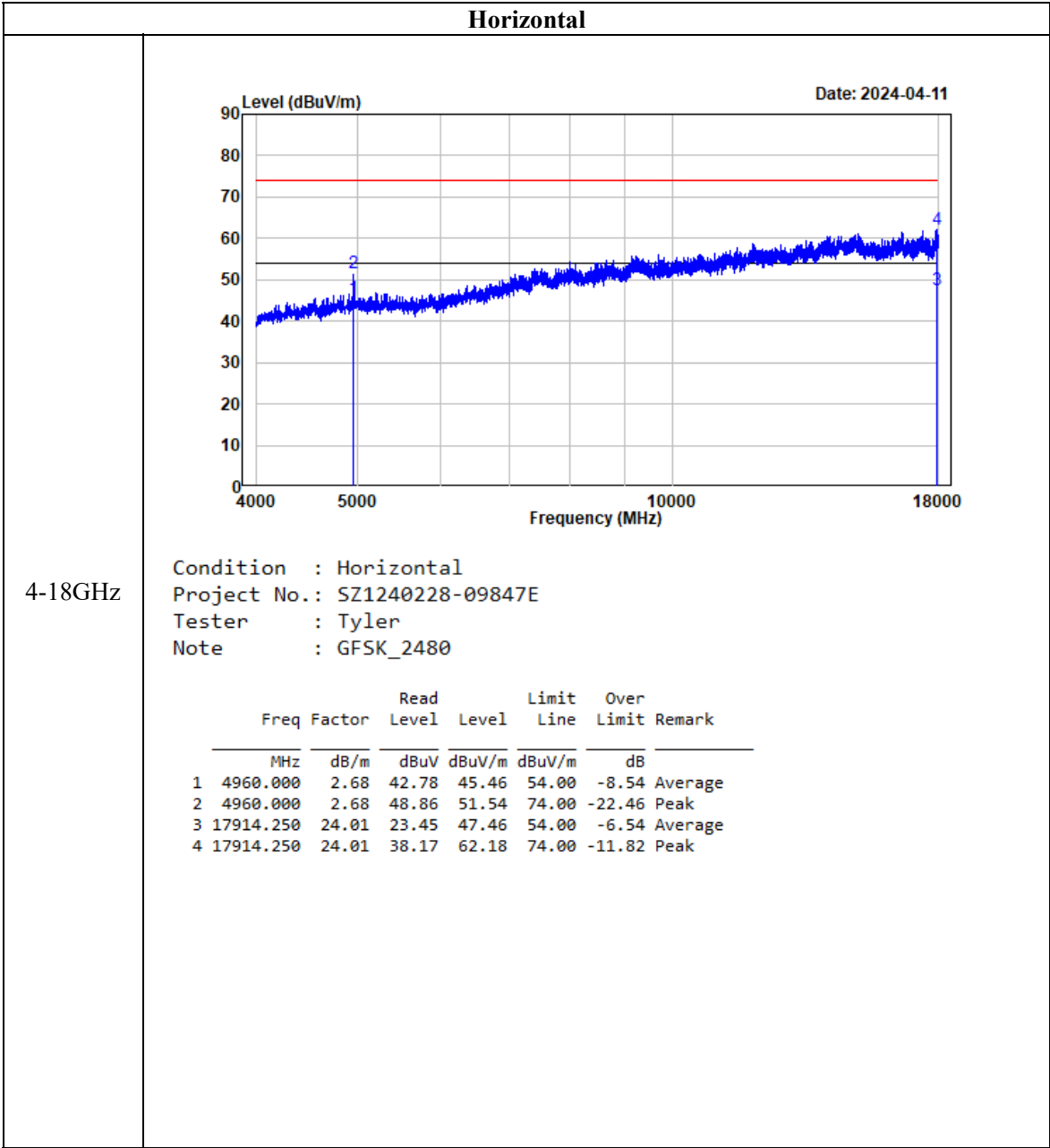


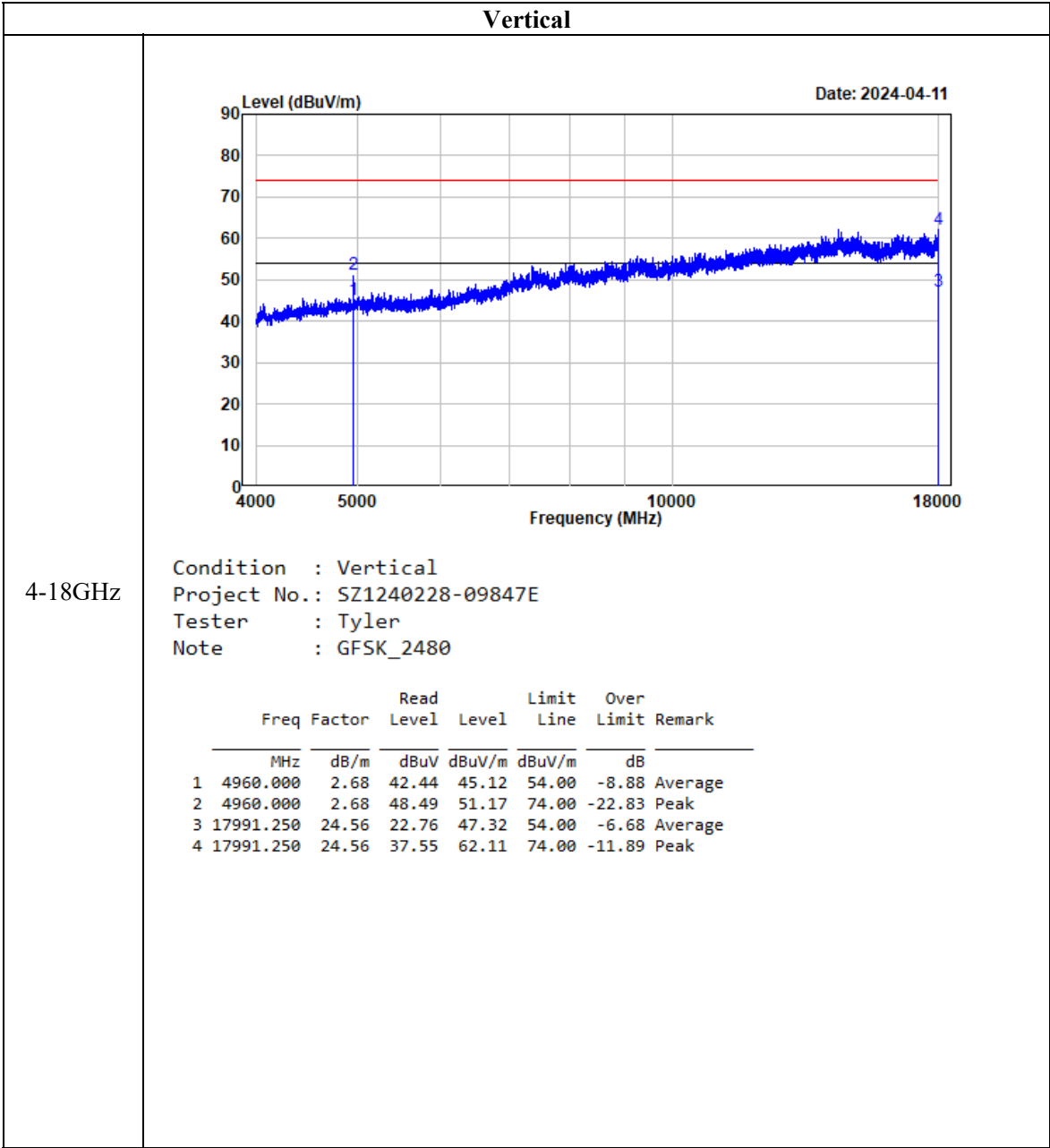


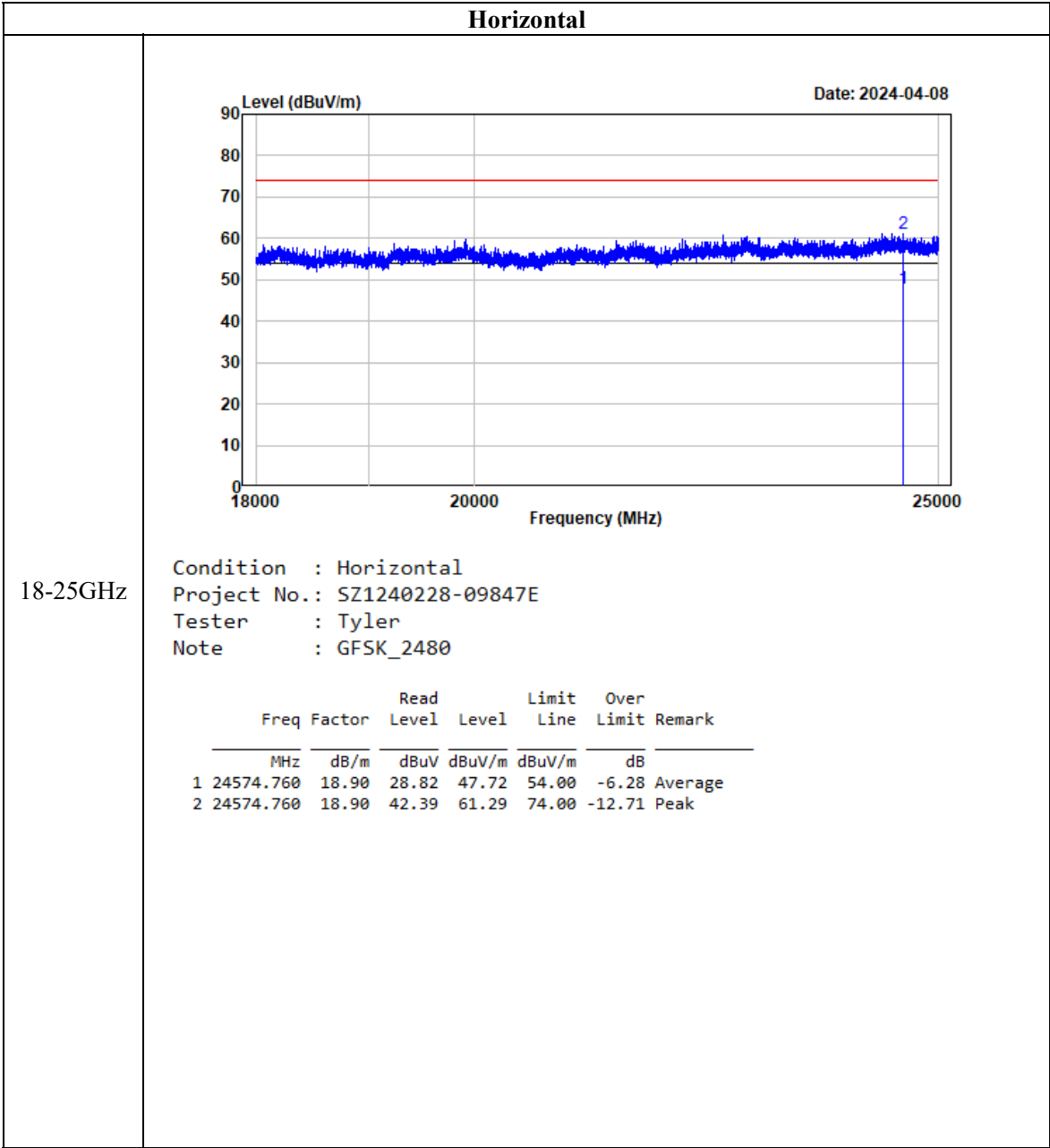
Test plots for harmonic margin test plot:

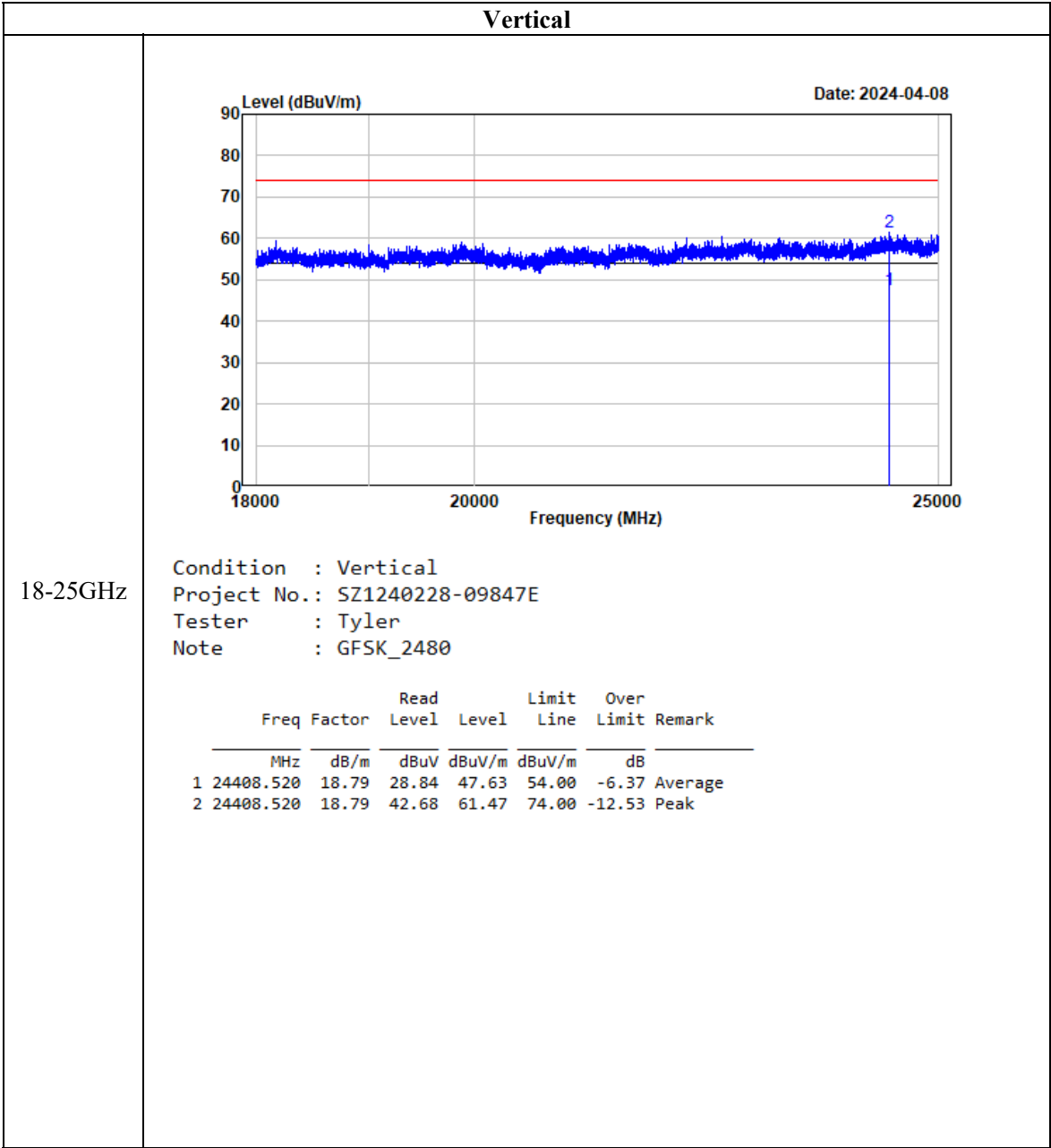












FCC §15.247(a) (2), RSS-GEN § 6.7 & RSS-247 § 5.2 (a) – 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

Standard Applicable

According to FCC §15.247(a) (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

According to RSS-247 §5.2 a)

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

According to RSS-Gen §6.7

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “x dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

Test Procedure

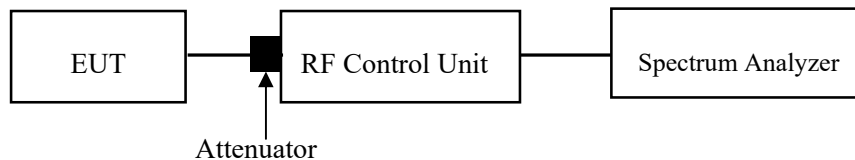
Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.8.1 & Clause 6.9.3

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

99% Occupied bandwidth test:

Use Occupied bandwidth test function, measure the 99% Occupied bandwidth.

Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Lee Li on 2024-04-03.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

FCC §15.247(b) (3), RSS-247 §5.4 (d) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

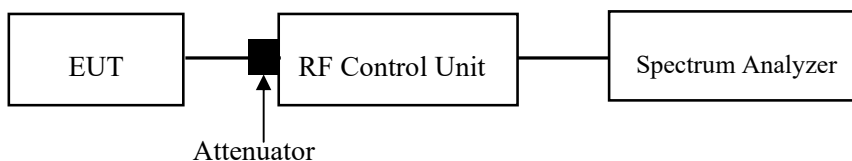
According to RSS-247§5.4 d) For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(e), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.9.1.1

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Lee Li on 2024-04-03.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

FCC §15.247(e), RSS-247 §5.2 (b) – POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §15.247(e):

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

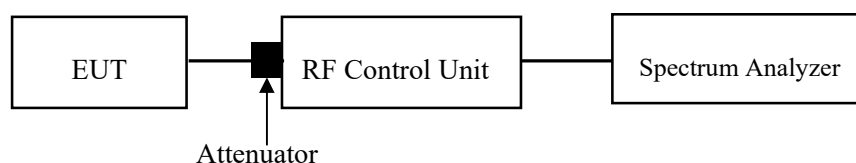
According to RSS-247 §5.2 b):

- b) The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.10.2

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW to: $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{ kHz}$.
3. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Lee Li on 2024-04-03.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

FCC §15.247(d) & RSS-247 §5.5 – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE

Applicable Standard

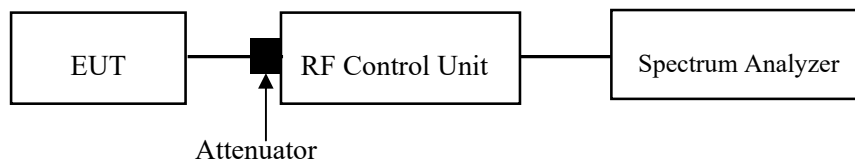
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2013 Clause 11.11

1. Set the RBW =100 kHz.
 2. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
 3. Detector = peak
 4. Sweep time = auto couple.
 5. Trace mode=max hold
 6. All trace to fully stabilize
 7. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- Ensure that amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band(excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirement specified in 11.11.
Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.



Test Data**Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Lee Li on 2024-04-03.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the Appendix.

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to the attachment SZ1240228-09847E-RF External photo and SZ1240228-09847E-RF Internal photo.

TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to the attachment SZ1240228-09847E-RF Test Setup photo.

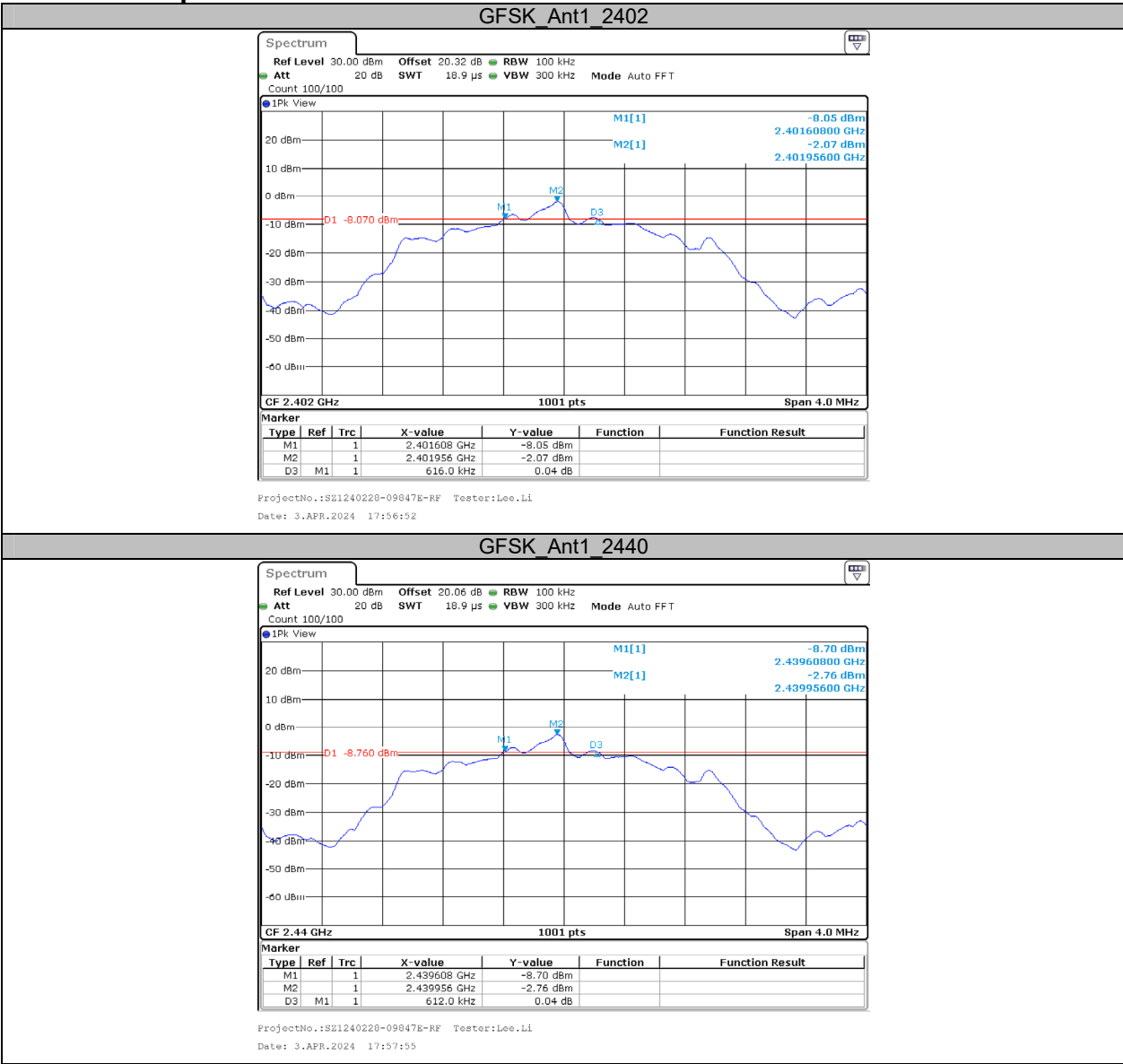
APPENDIX

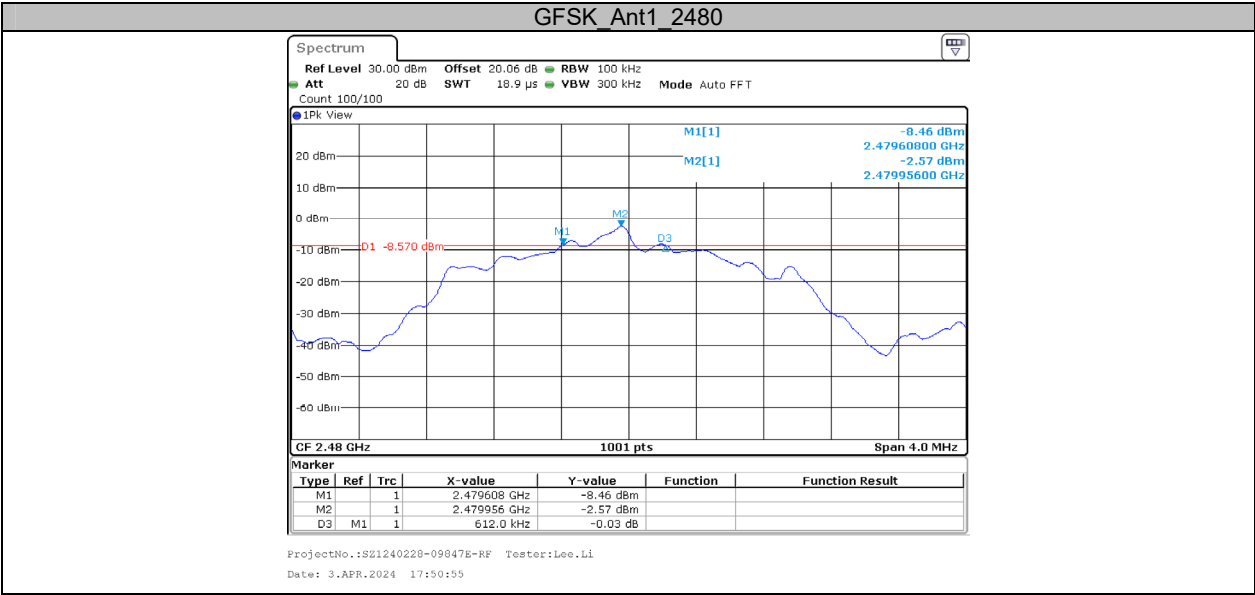
Appendix A: DTS Bandwidth

Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	DTS BW [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
GFSK	Ant1	2402	0.62	2401.61	2402.22	0.5	PASS
		2440	0.61	2439.61	2440.22	0.5	PASS
		2480	0.61	2479.61	2480.22	0.5	PASS

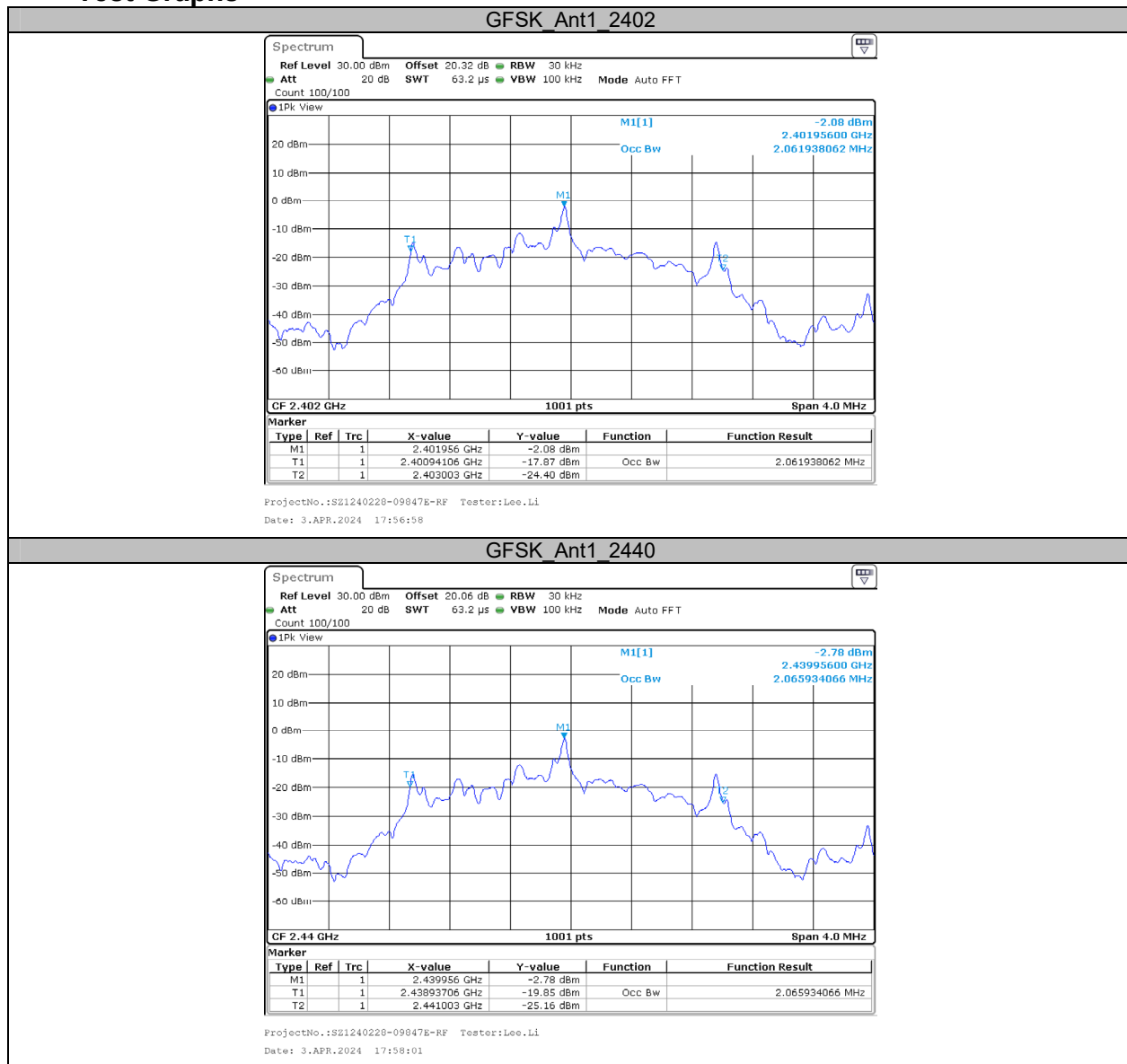
Test Graphs

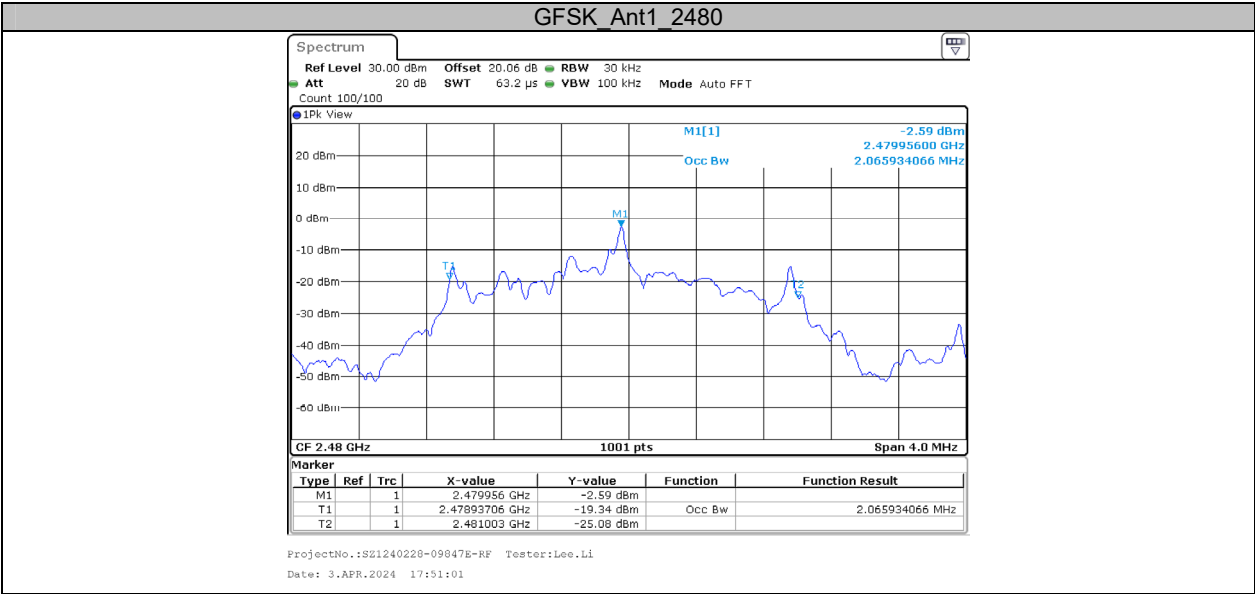




Appendix B: Occupied Channel Bandwidth**Test Result**

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	OCB [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
GFSK	Ant1	2402	2.062	2400.9411	2403.0030	---	---
		2440	2.066	2438.9371	2441.0030	---	---
		2480	2.066	2478.9371	2481.0030	---	---

Test Graphs

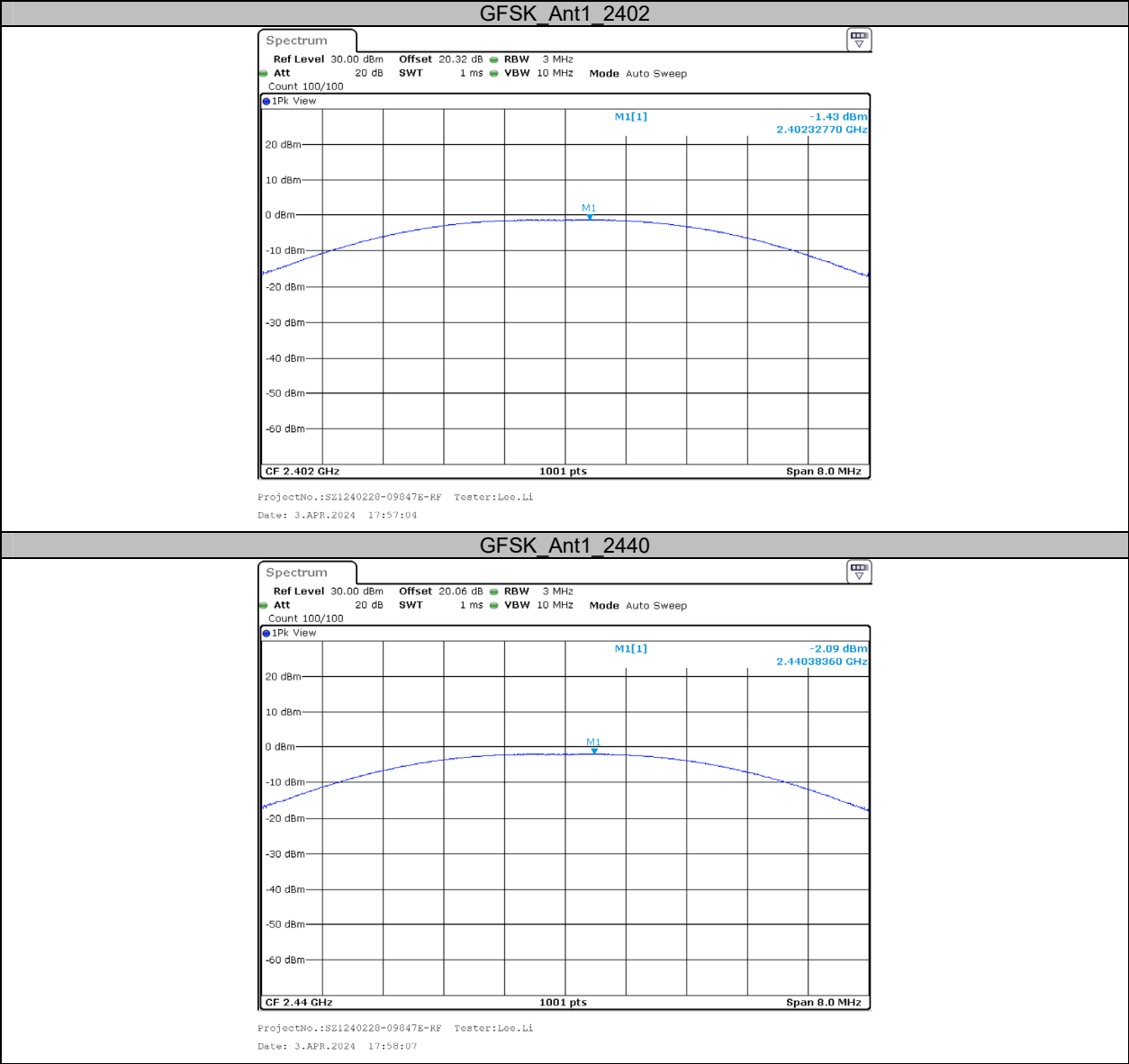


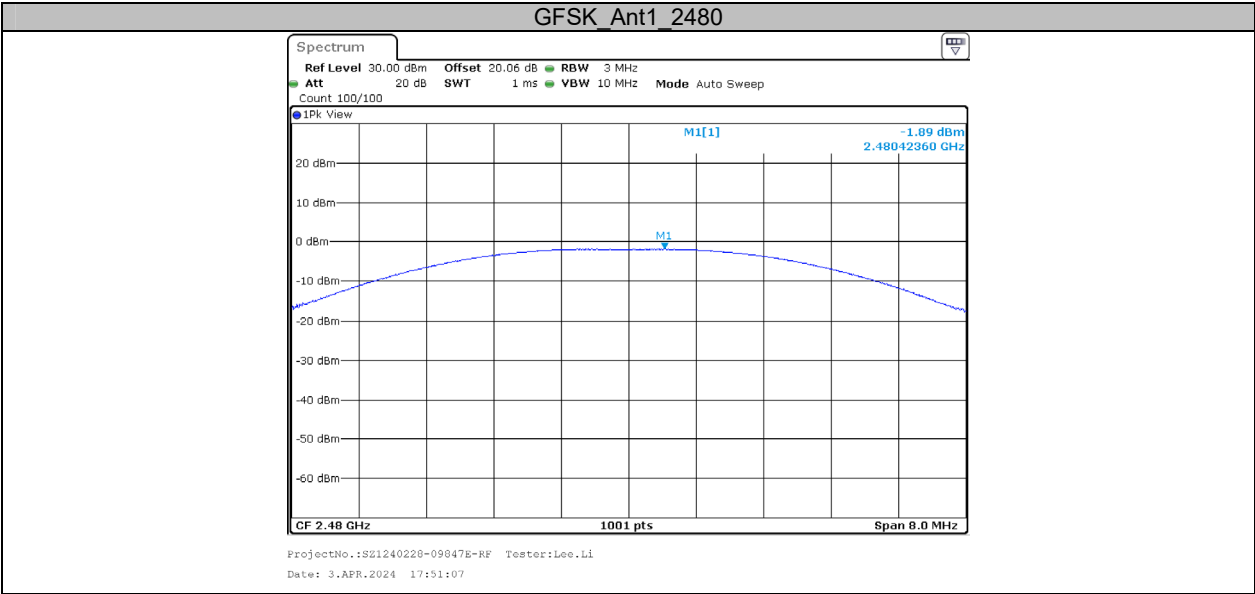
Appendix C: Maximum conducted output power

Test Result Peak

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Power[dBm]	Conducted Limit[dBm]	EIRP[dBm]	EIRP Limit[dBm]	Verdict
GFSK	Ant1	2402	-1.43	≤30	0.56	≤36	PASS
		2440	-2.09	≤30	-0.10	≤36	PASS
		2480	-1.89	≤30	0.10	≤36	PASS

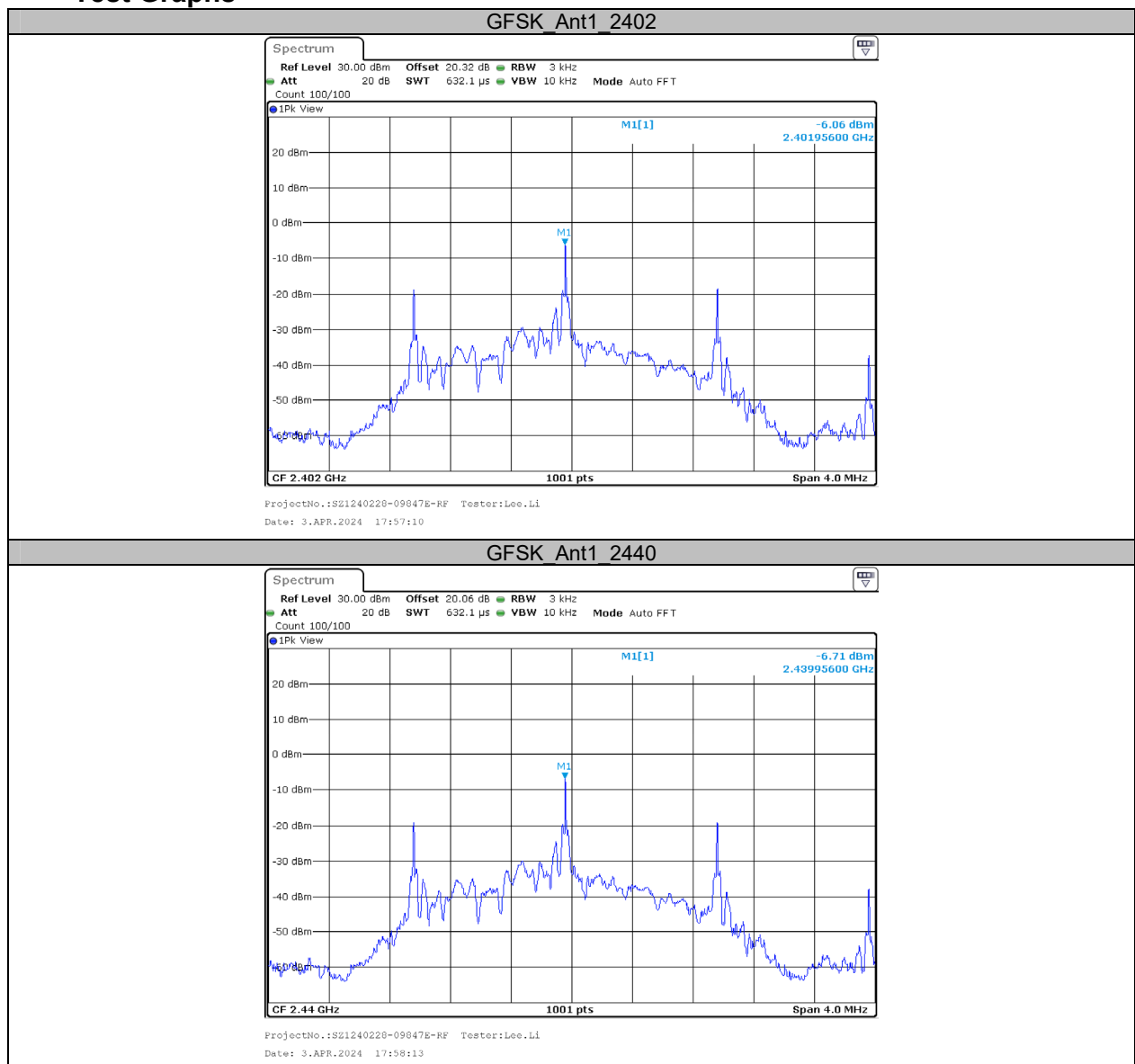
Test Graphs Peak

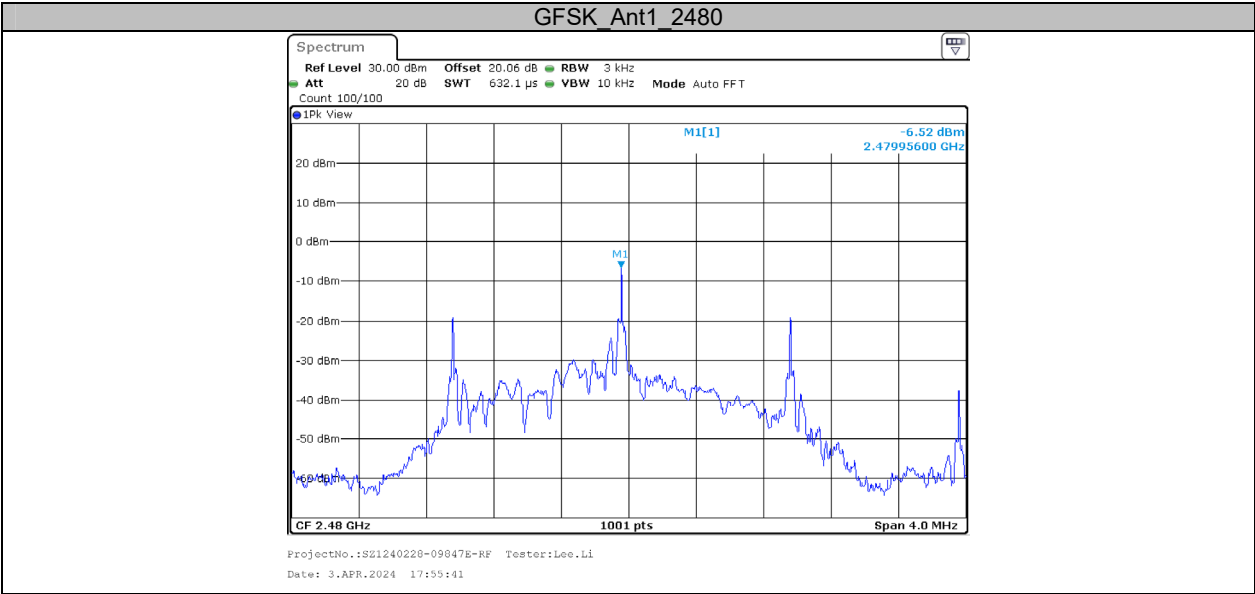




Appendix D: Maximum power spectral density**Test Result**

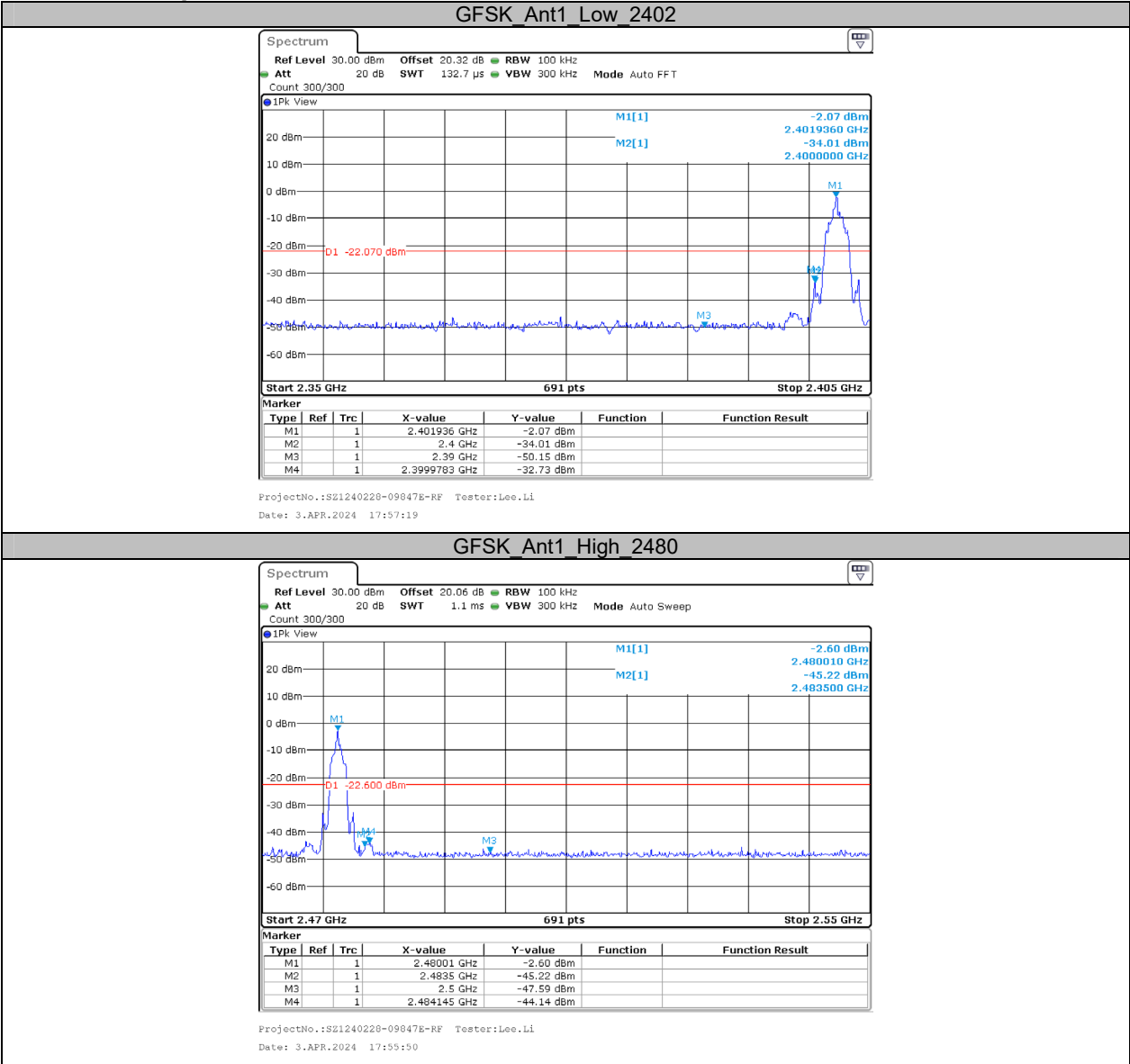
Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[dBm/3kHz]	Limit[dBm/3kHz]	Verdict
GFSK	Ant1	2402	-6.06	≤8.00	PASS
		2440	-6.71	≤8.00	PASS
		2480	-6.52	≤8.00	PASS

Test Graphs



Appendix E: Band edge measurements

Test Graphs

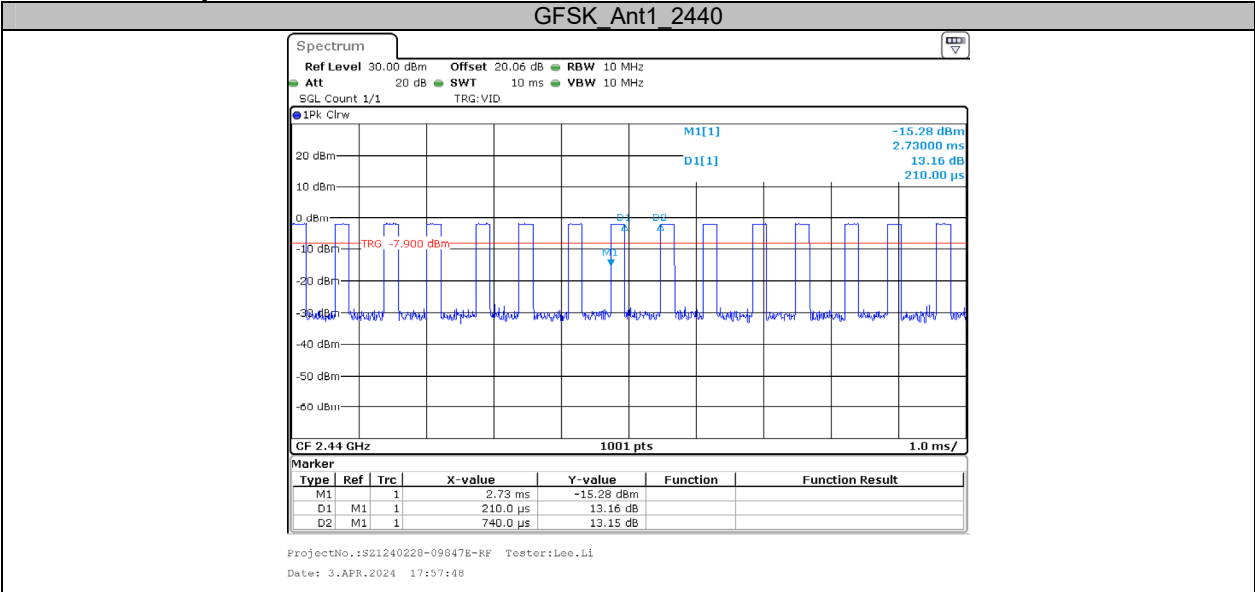


Appendix F: Duty Cycle

Test Result

Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	ON Time [ms]	Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]	Duty Cycle Factor[dB]	1/Ton (Hz)	VBW setting(Hz)
GFSK	Ant1	2440	0.21	0.74	28.38	5.47	4762	5000

Test Graphs



***** END OF REPORT *****