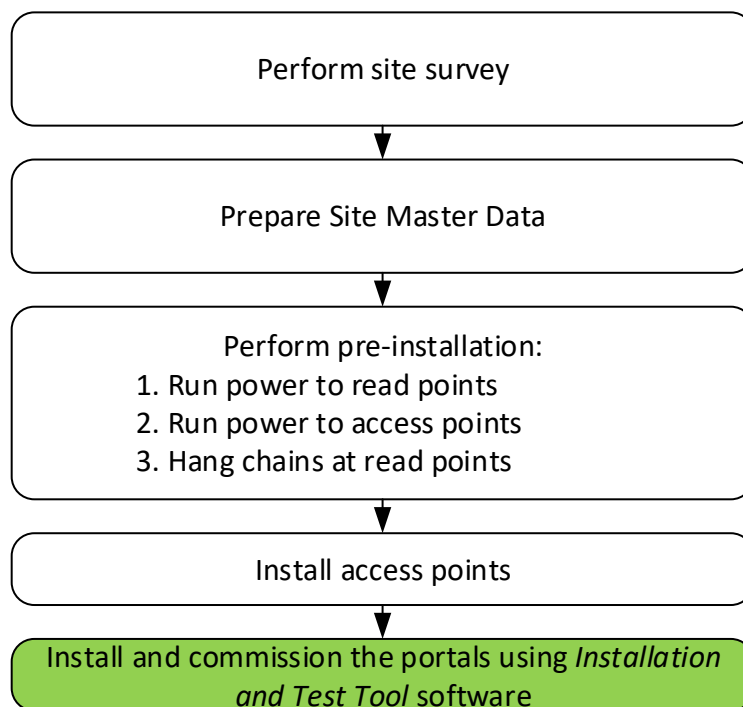


## RTLS INSTALLATION

### RTLS Portal Installation Guide



#### REVISIONS

Revision no.	Date	Author	Changed pages	Description of change
1	2018-05-30	MAH		Created based on 077.208.064
2	2018-09-13	MAH	Annex C	Added test tags description.
3	2019-01-31	MAH	Annex B	Added guide for taking installation pictures.
4	2019-02-14	TPA	2, Annex D	Added FCC / ISED Regulatory Statements.

## 1. INSTALLATION OF RTLS PORTALS

### 1.1. Before starting

Please observe the following:



- The RTLS portals must be installed and used in such a way to ensure minimum 35 cm separation from users / bystanders.
- RTLS portal installation must be performed with directions from the Installation and Test Tool or ITT, which is a web based application.
- Site survey data must be imported for ITT to function properly.
- WiFi network set up by the RTLS access points must be operational and online.
- Make sure that a site overview drawing is available from the site survey to help find installation locations.
- Power on the portal only when instructed so by ITT.
- All access points must be installed before installation of RTLS portals can begin.

### 1.2. RTLS Installation Flow

The RTSL installation is performed using Installation and Test Tool, ITT.

Read about the Installation and Test Toll in the 077.208.10v RTLS Installation and Test Tool Guide.

The installation follows the flow in Figure 1.

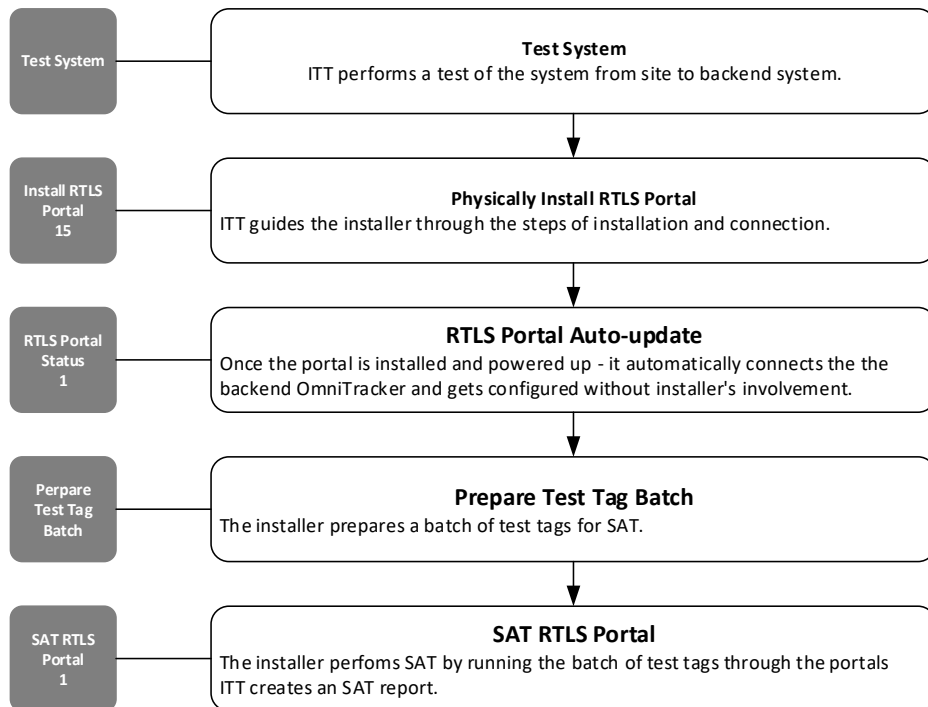


Figure 1. RTLS Installation Flow.

Read about the RTLS portal hardware in ANNEX A, e.g. product numbers and identifying the hardware parts.

Read about taking useful pictures of the installation in ANNEX B.

Read about the test tags for the installation process in ANNEX C.

## ANNEX A. HARDWARE DESCRIPTION

### A.1. Product numbers

The following products are included in this installation guide:

- LS4510: RTLS Portal
- LS4530: RTLS Portal
- LS4550: RTLS Portal
- LS9310: Lyngsoe WiFi access point

### A.2. RTLS Portal versions

Feature	LS4510	LS4530	LS4550
Passive RFID Reader	●	●	●
Active LS Exciter		●	●
Active LS Reader			●

Figure 2. Portal features.

#### A.2.1. LS4510 RTLS Portal

This is a passive-only portal that incorporates a passive reader and two antennas.

#### A.2.2. LS4530 RTLS Portal

This is a portal that combines a passive reader with two antennas and an active low frequency exciter. This portal will trigger active tags, but to successfully read the active tags it must be used in combination with LS4550.

#### A.2.3. LS4550 RTLS Portal

This is a portal that combines a passive reader with two antennas, an active low frequency exciter and an active UHF reader. This portal can read both active and passive tags. It can also read active tags that are excited by a nearby LS4530 portal.

### A.3. Identifying RTLS portal on packing label



Figure 3. Packing label with RTLS model.

### A.4. Unpacking RTLS portal – what's in the box

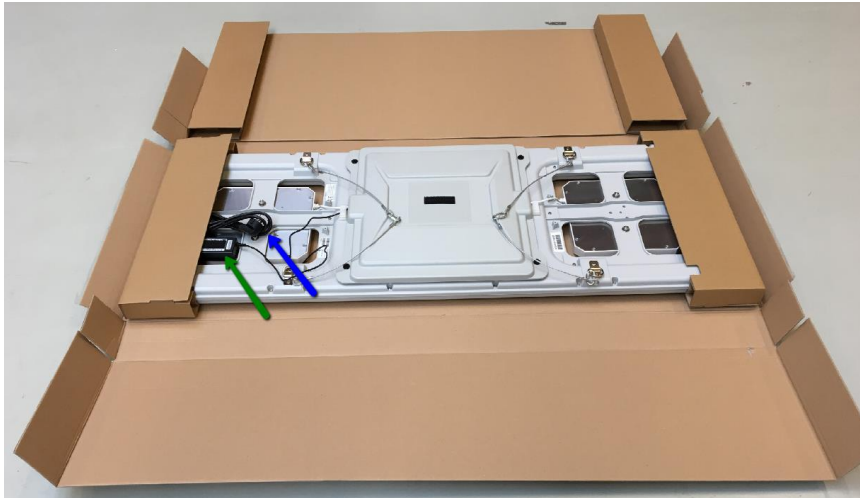


Figure 4. RTLS portal box content with power supply (green arrow) and power cable (blue arrow).

## A.5. Recognizing RTLS models

All three models of the RTLS portals look similar on the outside. The model can be identified from the front label – refer to the illustration below.

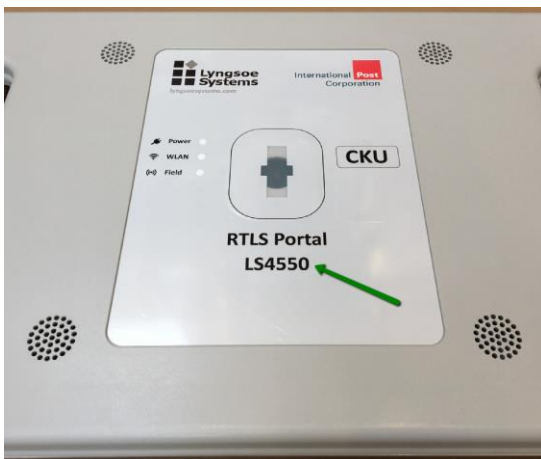


Figure 5. RTLS model identification

## A.6. License plate

The RTLS portal is equipped with a license number. On the front the 3-character license plate number is displayed.

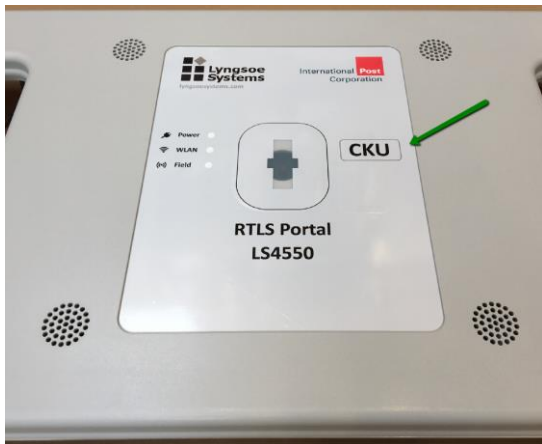


Figure 6. RTLS license plate number on front

On the back the full license plate number with barcode is placed.



Figure 7. RTLS license plate barcode on back

## A.7. RTLS orientation

The RTLS portal must be mounted in a specific direction. The direction is described in the site survey with reference to the front label and its position of the logos.

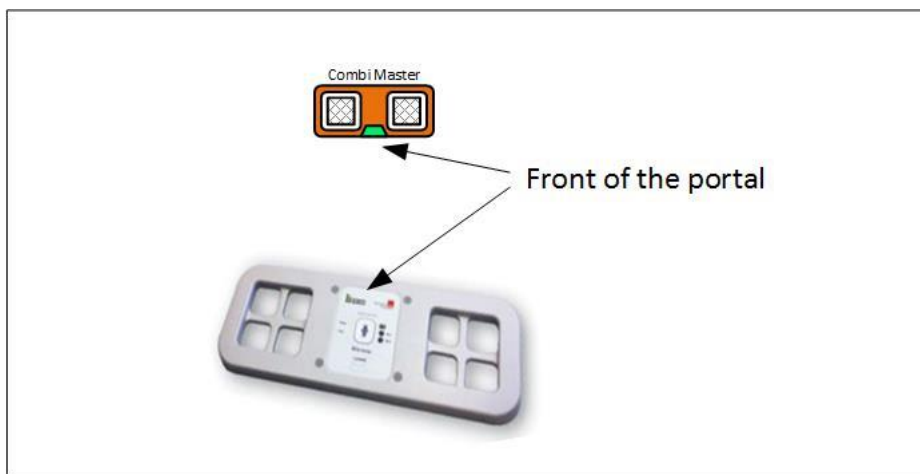


Figure 8. Portal orientation.

## A.8. RTLS Hanging Kit

RTLS portals come with a hanging kit that consists of four flexible wires attached to the corners.



Figure 9. Portal hanging links.

## A.9. RTLS power

RTLS portals come with connected power supply and power cord.

Place the power supply on the portal lid. Plug the cable into the power supply.

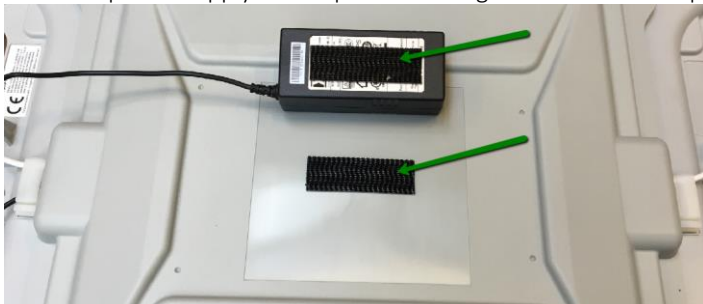


Figure 10. RTLS Power supply and cord

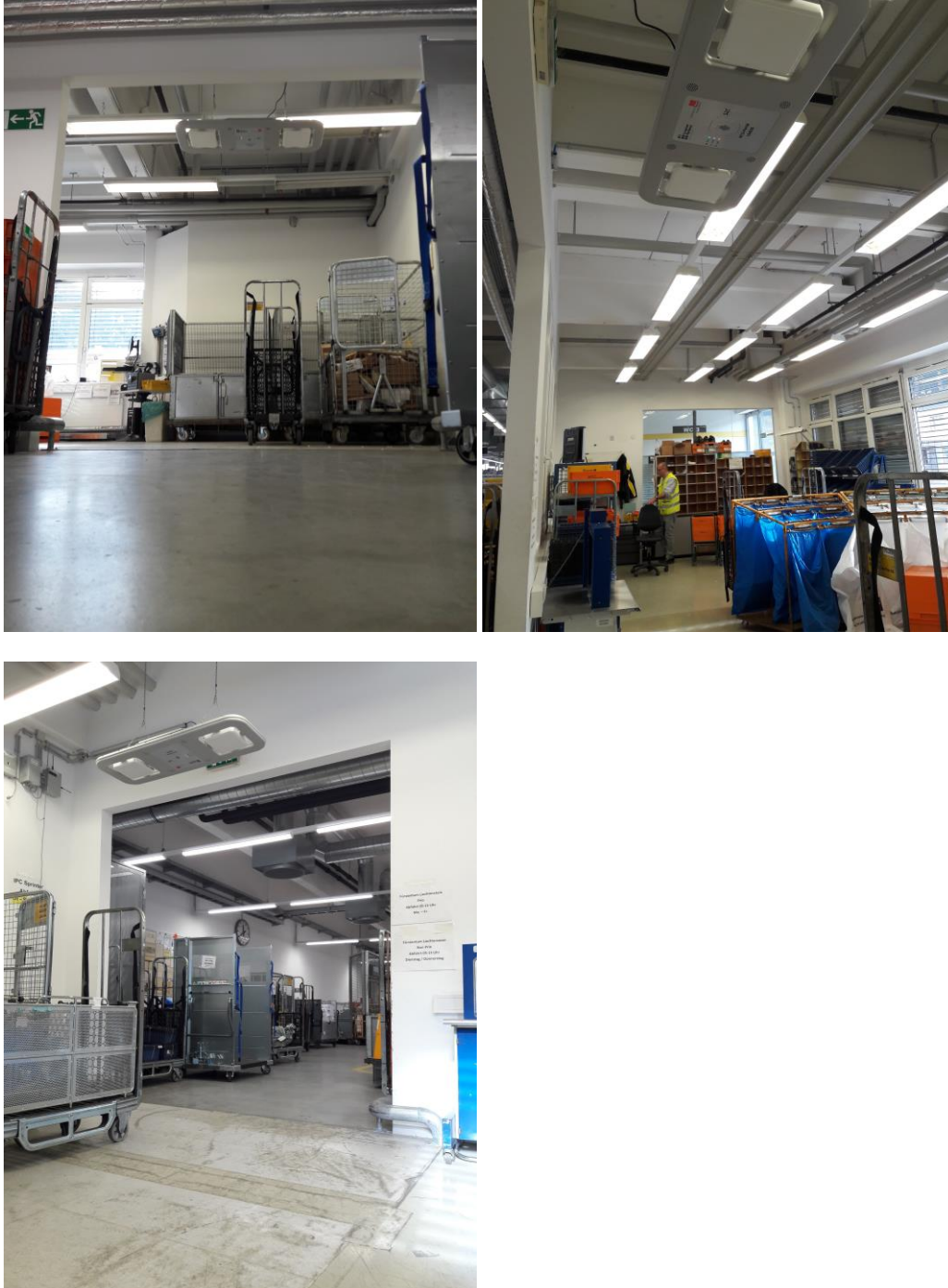
The RTLS portal is now ready for installation.

## ANNEX B. SITE PICTURES

When taking pictures of the installation it is important that the picture illustrate the equipment and the surroundings. The purpose is both to be able to identify the portal and to see if any installations or equipment might affect the performance of the equipment. Take more pictures, if one picture is not sufficient to document the installation.

### Good pictures:

*Here three pictures of the same portal are taken from various positions.*





# RTLS Installation Guide

Poor pictures:

*Here the surrounding e.g. the dock floor / ramp is not visible, and there is only one picture of each device.*



## ANNEX C. TEST TAGS

Test tags can be provided by Lyngsoe. A test tag batch is normally consisting of:

- 15 Active RFID tags
- 3 Test cartons with a total of 140 passive RFID tags.

The cartons are to be unfolded before they are used in the test and should not be placed directly on metal surfaces.



Figure 11. cartons with passive test tags.



Figure 12. Unfolded carton with passive test tags.



Figure 13. A roll cage with test tag cartons placed on a plastic box.

The test should be carried out as per the instruction given in the Installation and Test tool.

## ANNEX D. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### FOR USA

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Lyngsoe Systems could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. During installation please follow the steps outlined in the ITT (Installation and Test Tool).

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### FOR CANADA

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

This device may not cause interference.

This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;

L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.