

Subject: Application for Class II Permissive Change under FCC ID: AS5BBTRX-06 to Add Band Class 29 to the Original Filing.

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March 21, 2014

**EXHIBIT 9: TEST REPORT** 

#### ATTESTATION:

All tests were performed by qualified staff members of:

Global Product Compliance Laboratory (GPCL) Alcatel-Lucent USA, Inc. 600-700 Mountain Avenue Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974-0636

All tests of emissions and emission characteristics conducted to the transmit port (antenna terminal) were performed directly by me and radiated emissions testing was directed by me. As Project Lead Engineer, I was responsible for the definition and execution of all EMC/EMI testing.

Michael P. Farina

Member of Technical Staff

Global Product Compliance Laboratory (GPCL)

Alcatel-Lucent USA, Inc. 600-700 Mountain Avenue

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#### INTRODUCTION:

The purpose and objective of this Class II Permissive Change request is to add the additional § 27.5 (c) spectrum Band Class 29: 716 – 728 MHz, covering two unpaired channel blocks of 6 megahertz each: Block D: 716-722 MHz, and Block E: 722-728. The current product, designated on the equipment label as RRH2x40-07L-D/E, incorporates the same radio (but with Rx disabled), the same power amplifier, and the same digital (D/A) circuitry. There is no change to the radio frequency determining and stabilization circuitry. The only changes are to the controlling software and to the passive transmit filter.

The RRH2x40-07L-D/E, in this frequency band, provides transmit (down link) only. However, it meets the LTE 2x40 MIMO requirements of *OET Bulletin 662911 D011 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01*. The long term average power rating at each of the two transmit antenna terminals is 40 W (46 dBm) and a total composite power combined in the air interface of 80 W (49 dBm).

The carrier/fundamental band widths supported are 5 MHz in Block D, 5 MHz in Block E, and 10 MHz in Blocks D and E combined. Three LTE (Long Term Evolution) modulation schemes are also supported: QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM. Design and operation employs the guidelines set forth in ETSI TS 36.104 *LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36.104 version 10.9.0 Release 10)*. Full compliance has been demonstrated with FCC Part 27 — Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services, Subpart C —Technical Standards, § 27.53 Emission Limits, (g) For operations in the 698-746 MHz band, following the procedural requirements specified in Part 2 —Frequency Allocations And Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules And Regulations Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures.

In accordance with Sec. 2.1043 *Changes In Certificated Equipment*, only the characteristics affected by this Class II Change need to be reported. As such, the applicable measurements affected are contained in these Test Report Exhibits, and all other Exhibits submitted with the initial filing, that remain unchanged, need not be repeated.

#### APPLICABLE FCC RULES AND INDUSTRY STANDARDS:

The specific test procedures that are both required for and are applicable to this Class II certification are listed below. Note that Frequency Stability measurements need not be repeated.

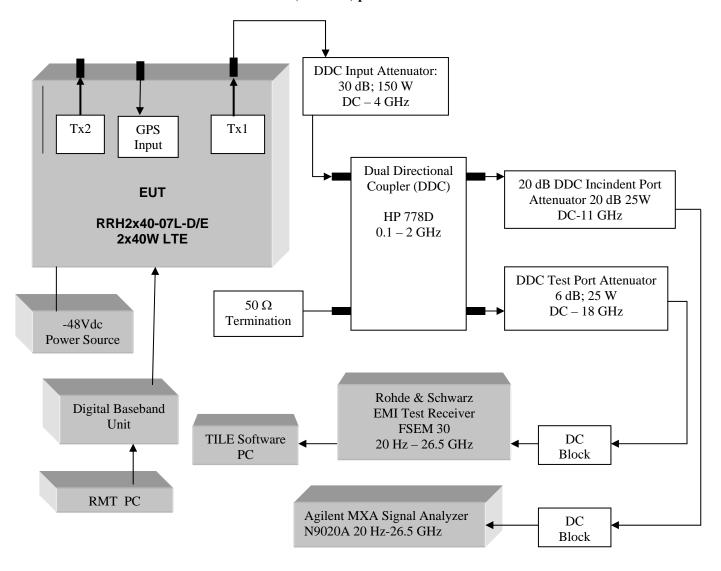
Part 2.1046	RF Power Output
Part 2.1047	Modulation Characteristics
Part 2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth
Part 2.1051	Spurious Emissions at the Antenna Terminals.
Part 2.1053	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation
Part 2.1057	Frequency Spectrum to be Investigated
Part 27	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services; Subpart C —Technical Standards
Part 27 (c)	Frequency
Part 27.53	Emission Limits.
ETSI	TS 36.104 LTE; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (3GPP TS 36.104 version 10.9.0 Release 10)
ANSI C63.4-2009	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz; September 15, 2009.

#### PART 2.1046 MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED: RF POWER OUTPUT

The RF power of the single 5 MHz and 10 MHz BW carriers, tuned to 719, 725 and 722 MHz respective center frequencies, were measured at 40 W (46 dBm) long term average power at a single transmit terminal (Tx1) and for each of the 3 LTE test modulation schemes: QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM. The RF power was measured and confirmed prior to each test.

#### Block Diagram Of The Equipment Test Set-Up for Measurements at the Antenna Terminal

#### 40 Watt (+46 dBm) per Tx Antenna Terminal

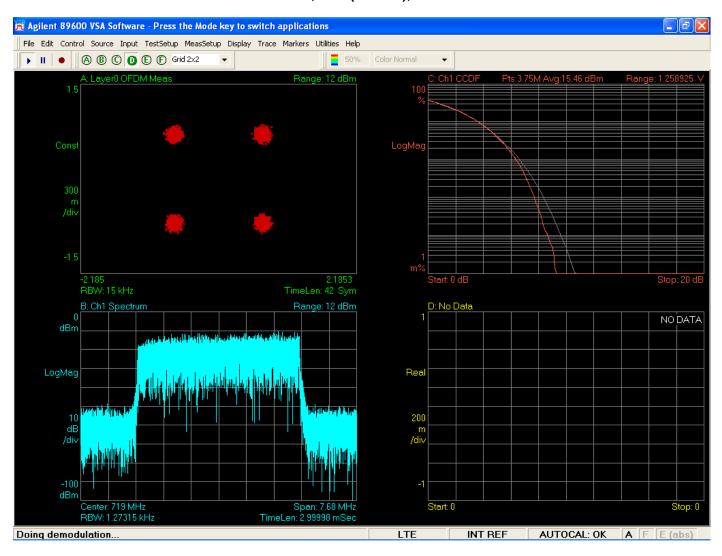


#### PART 2.1047 MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED: MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS

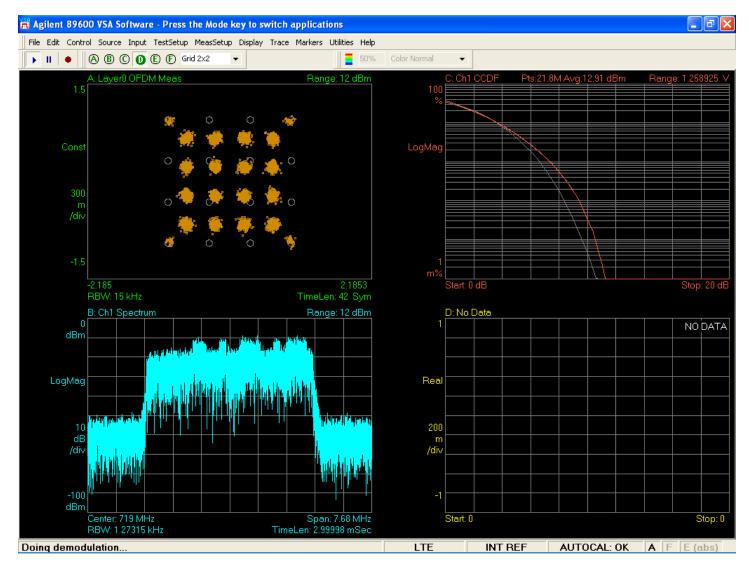
The LTE modulation characteristics were measured and recorded at Tx1 for each of the 3 LTE test modulation schemes: QPSK, 16 QAM and 64QAM, for the 3 carriers tabulated below.

Frequency Block	Fundamental	Emission Bandwidth	RF Power
	Center Frequency		
D: 716 – 722 MHz	719 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)
E: 722 – 728 MHz	725 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)
D+E: 716 – 728 MHz	722 MHz	10 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)

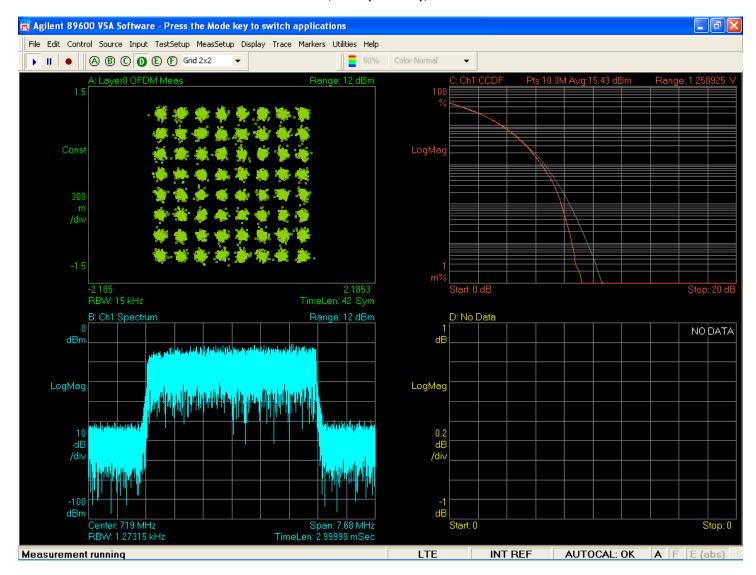
LTE QPSK Tx1 719 MHz, 40W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



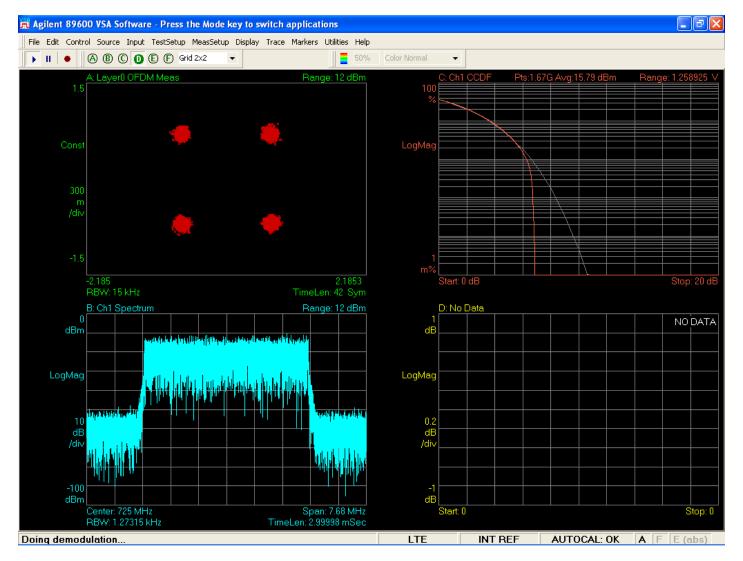
#### LTE 16QAM Tx1 719 MHz, 40W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



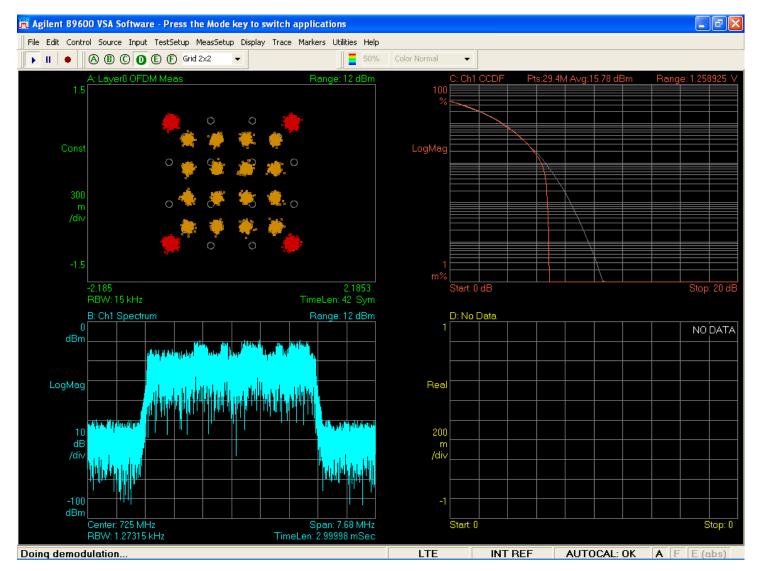
#### LTE 64QAM Tx1 719 MHz, 40W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



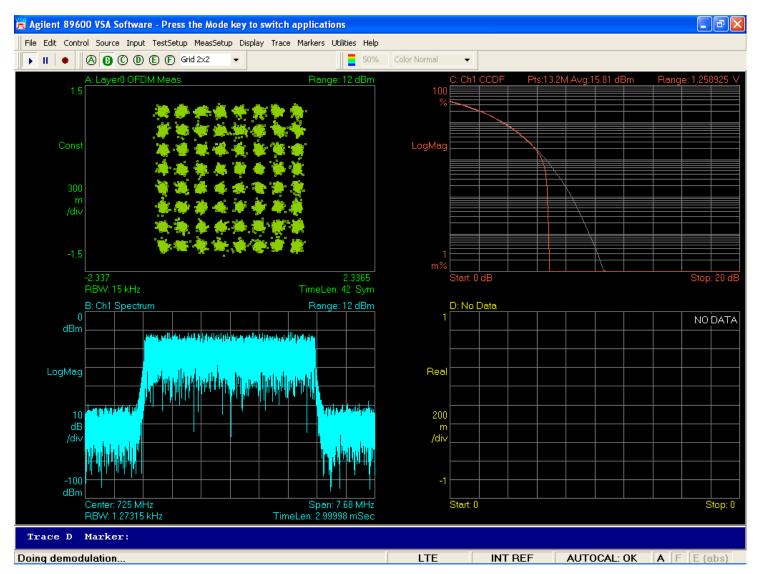
LTE QPSK Tx1 725 MHz, 40W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



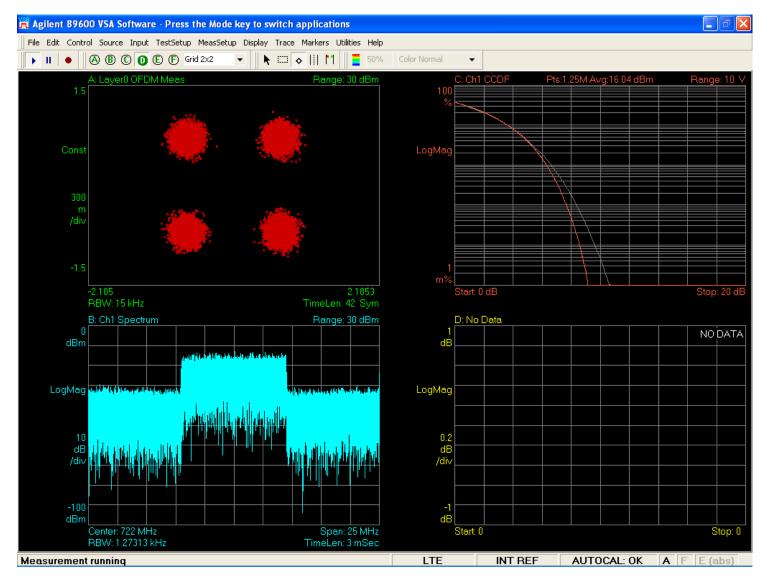
LTE 16QAM Tx1 725 MHz, 40W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



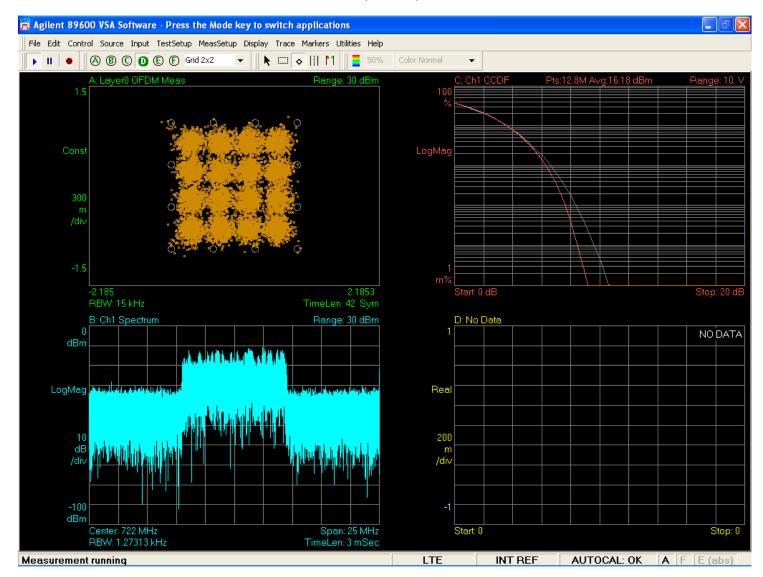
#### LTE 64QAM Tx1 725 MHz, 40W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



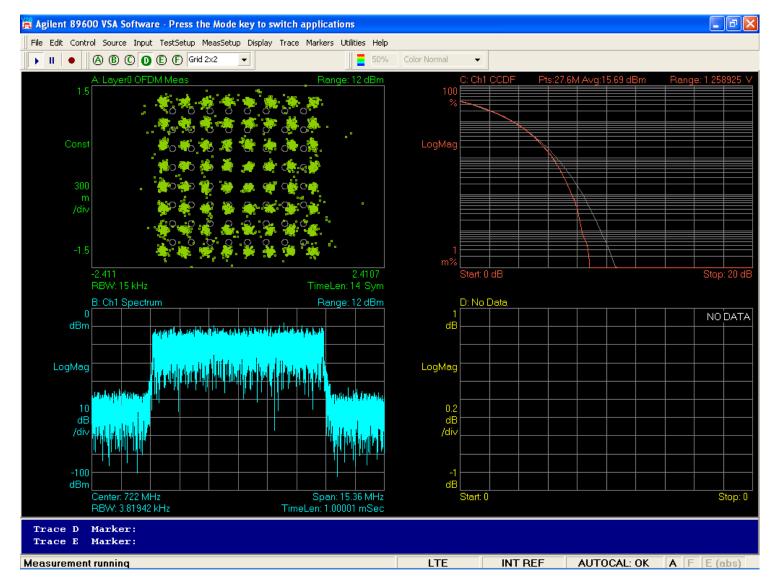
LTE QPSK Tx1 722 MHz, 40W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW



#### LTE 16QAM Tx1 722 MHz, 40W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW



LTE 64QAM Tx1 722 MHz, 40W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW



#### PART 2.1049 MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED: OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH - 99% POWER BANDWIDTH

Both the 99% Power Bandwidth (In-Band), which defines the emission designator, and the Emission Mask Compliance (Out-Of-Band) were measured and recorded at Tx1 for each of the 3 LTE test modulation schemes: QPSK, 16 QAM and 64QAM, for the 3 carriers tabulated below.

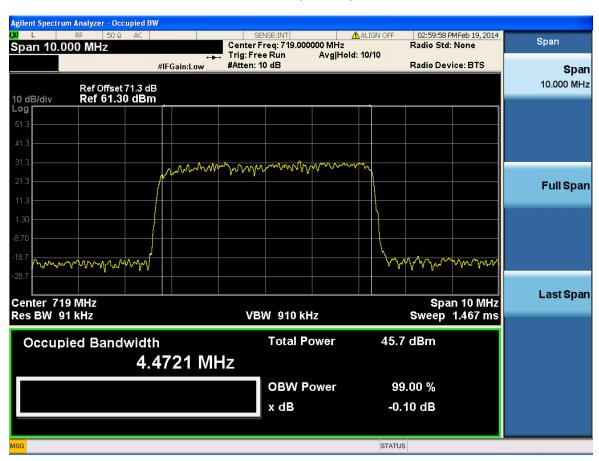
Frequency Block	Fundamental Center Frequency	Emission Bandwidth	RF Power
D: 716 – 722 MHz	719 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)
E: 722 – 728 MHz	725 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)
D+E: 716 – 728 MHz	722 MHz	10 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)

#### Compliance was demonstrated by each of the two methods:

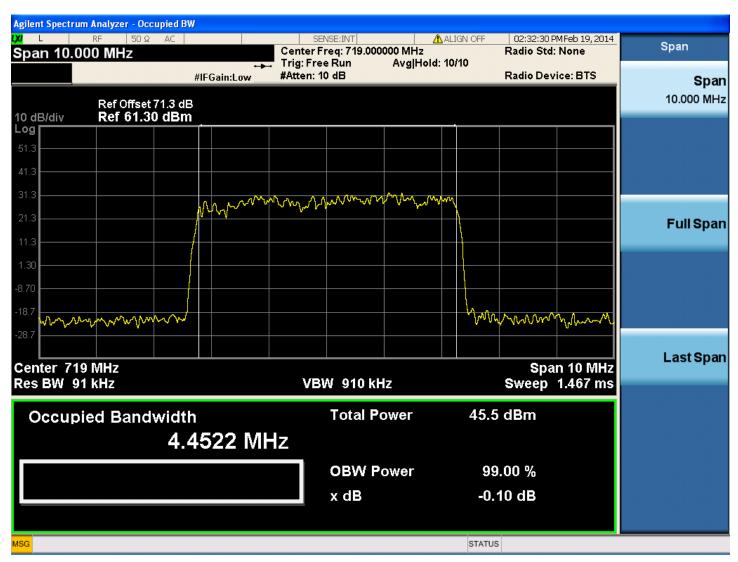
The carrier 99% Power Bandwidth, which defines the necessary bandwidth declared in the emission designator, using an Agilent MXA Signal Analyzer N9020A 20 Hz – 26.5 GHz.

1. The ETSI TS 36.104 emission mask limitation, using a Rohde & Schwarz FSEM 30 EMI Test Receiver, to demonstrate compliance with both the emission mask requirements and with Part 27.53(g).

99% Power Bandwidth LTE QPSK Tx1 719 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW

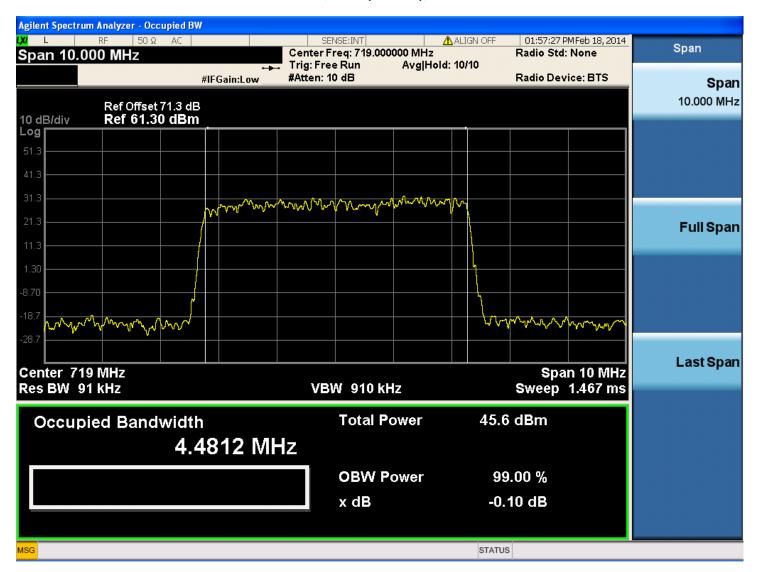


#### 99% Power Bandwidth LTE 16QAM Tx1 719 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



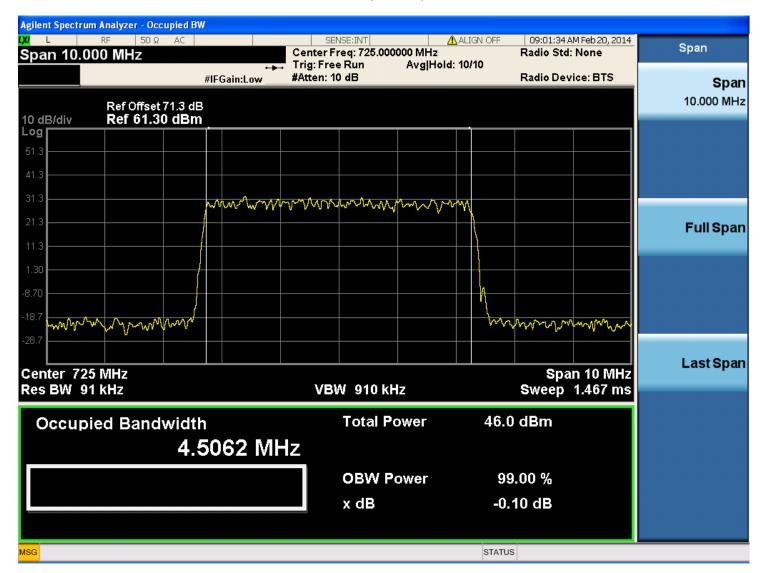
FCC ID: AS5BBTRX-06

#### 99% Power Bandwidth LTE 64QAM Tx1 719 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



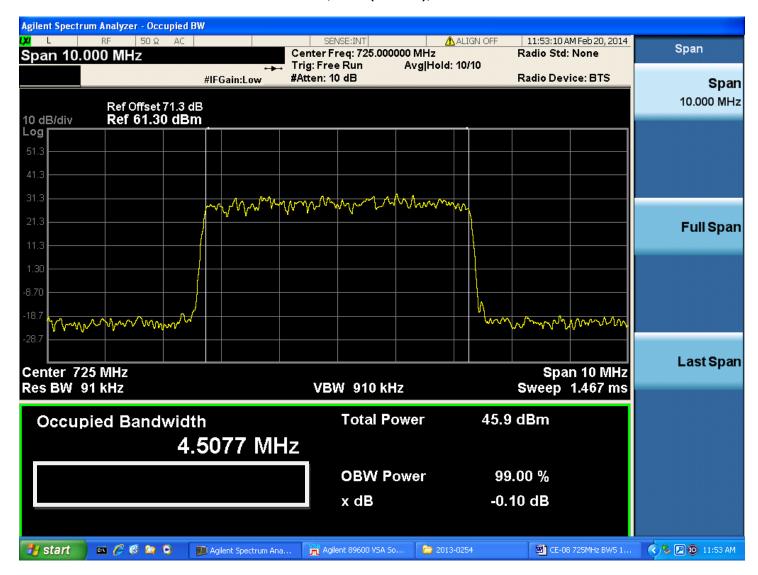
FCC ID: AS5BBTRX-06

#### 99% Power Bandwidth LTE QPSK Tx1 725 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW

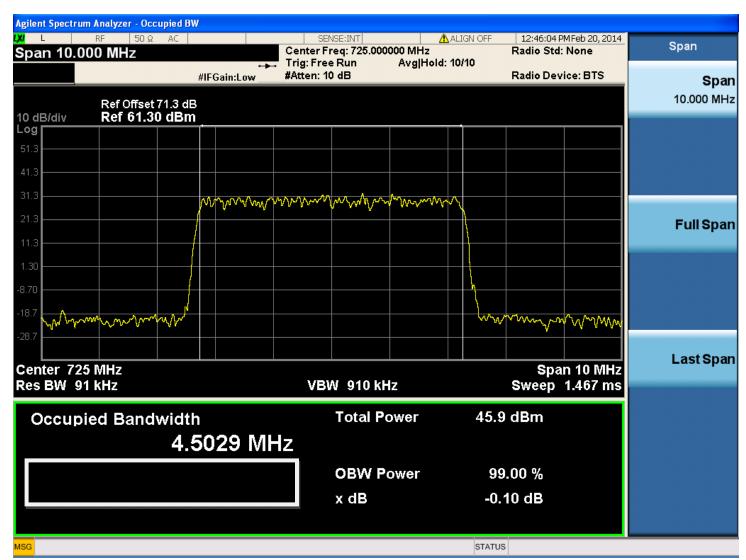


FCC ID: AS5BBTRX-06

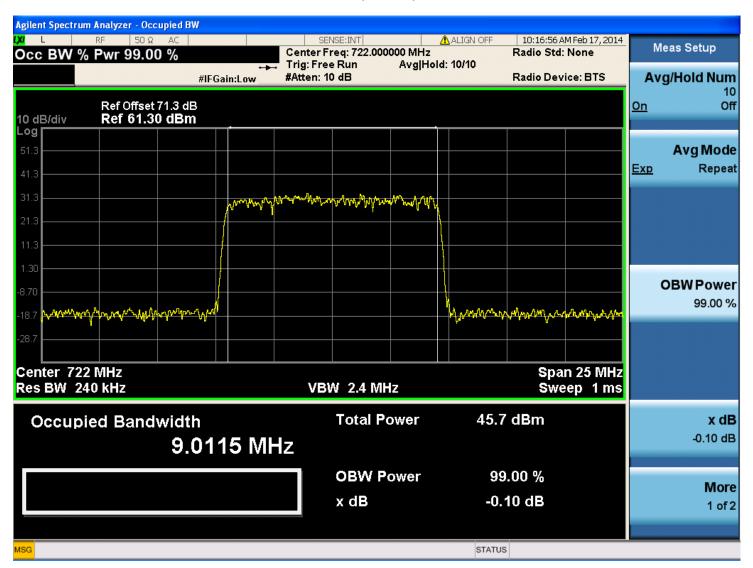
#### 99% Power Bandwidth LTE 16QAM Tx1 725 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



#### 99% Power Bandwidth LTE 64QAM Tx1 725 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW

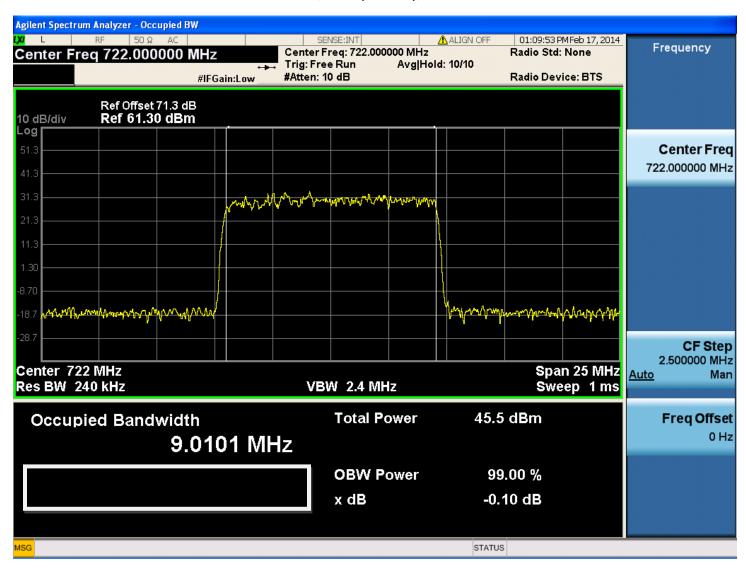


#### 99% Power Bandwidth LTE QPSK Tx1 722 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW

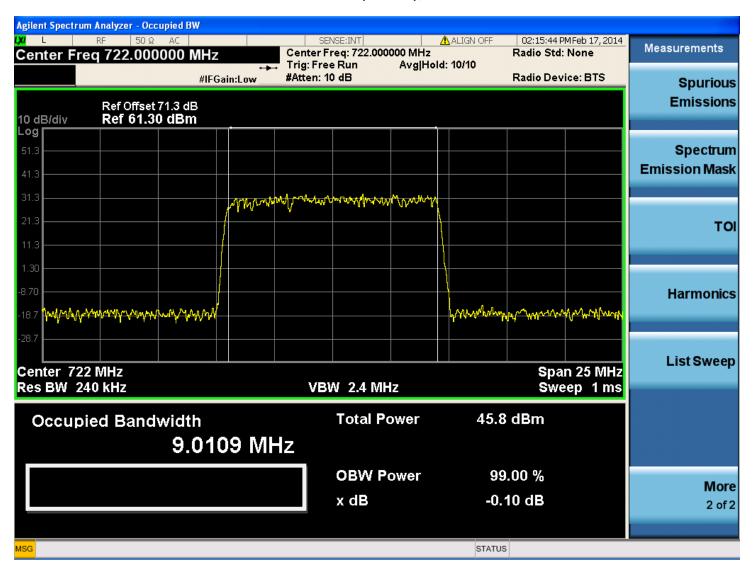


FCC ID: AS5BBTRX-06

#### 99% Power Bandwidth LTE 16QAM Tx1 722 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW



#### 99% Power Bandwidth LTE 64QAM Tx1 722 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW



#### 99% Power Bandwidth Results Summary

Frequency Block	Fundamental	Emission	RF Power	LTE	Merasured
	enter Frequency	Bandwidth		Modulation	% Power Bandwidth
					(MHz)
D: 716 – 722 MHz	719 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)	QPSK	4.4721
	719 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)	16QAM	4.4522
	719 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)	64QAM	4.4812
E: 722 – 728 MHz	725 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)	QPSK	4.5062
	725 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)	16QAM	4.5077
	725 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)	64QAM	4.5029
D+E: 716 – 728 MHz	722 MHz	10 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)	QPSK	9.0115
	722 MHz	10 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)	16QAM	9.0101
	722 MHz	10 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)	64QAM	9.0109

The average 99% Power Bandwidth, i.e. the Necessary Bandwidth, rounded off to 1 decimal point determines the emission designator to be:

5 MHz BW at 4M5F9W 10 MHz BW at 9M0F9W

#### PART 2.1049 MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED: OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH – EMISSION MASK

Method 2. Emission mask limitation using an EMI Test Receiver with Total Integrated Laboratory Environment (TILE) EMI test software.

Compliance with the ETSI TS 36.104 occupied bandwidth emission mask requirements and with Part 27.53(g) was demonstrated using an EMI Test Receiver, in combination with the Total Integrated Laboratory Environment (TILE) EMI test software, by ETS-Lindgren. The Emission Mask Compliance (Out-Of-Band) were measured and recorded at Tx1 for each of the 3 LTE test modulation schemes: QPSK, 16 QAM and 64QAM, for the 3 carriers tabulated below.

Frequency Block Fundamental		Emission Bandwidth	RF Power
	Center Frequency		
D: 716 – 722 MHz	719 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)
E: 722 – 728 MHz	725 MHz	5 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)
D+E: 716 – 728 MHz	722 MHz	10 MHz	40 W (46 dBm)

The data plots show compliance both with the Block D (716 – 722 MHz), Block E (722 MHz – 728 MHz) and BC-29 (716 - &28 MHz) spectrum, with the carrier for each modulation type remaining within it's emission mask, which is defined in ETSI TS 136 104 V10.9.0 (2013-02) Table 6.6.3.2.1-3: General operating band unwanted emission limits for 5, 10, 15 and 20 MHz channel bandwidth (E-UTRA bands <1GHz) for Category B. The mask attenuation values are based on a 30 kHz resolution bandwidth (RBW), which required the carrier to be offset by:

BW 5 MHz - Carrier Offset = 
$$10 \log (30 \text{ kHz/5 MHz}) = -22.22 \text{ dB}$$
  
BW  $10 \text{ MHz}$  - Carrier Offset =  $10 \log (30 \text{ kHz/10 MHz}) = -25.23 \text{ dB}$ 

Unless the emission mask is more stringent, attenuation outside the mask is specified as the attenuation below the carrier (dBc) is required to be  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  in a 100 kHz band segment, in accordance with § 27.53 Emission limit, (g) For operations in the 698-746 MHz band.

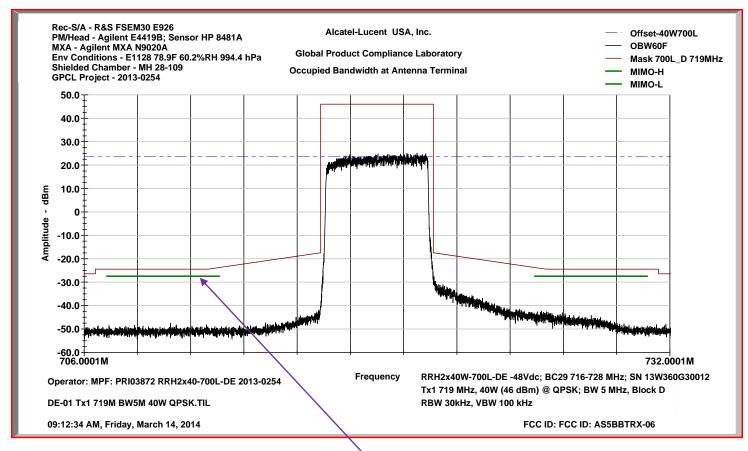
$$43 + 10 \log 40W = 59 dBc$$
, which equates to -13 dBm

Consistent with 2xMIMO requirements, an additional 3 dB attenuation is required, in accordance with:

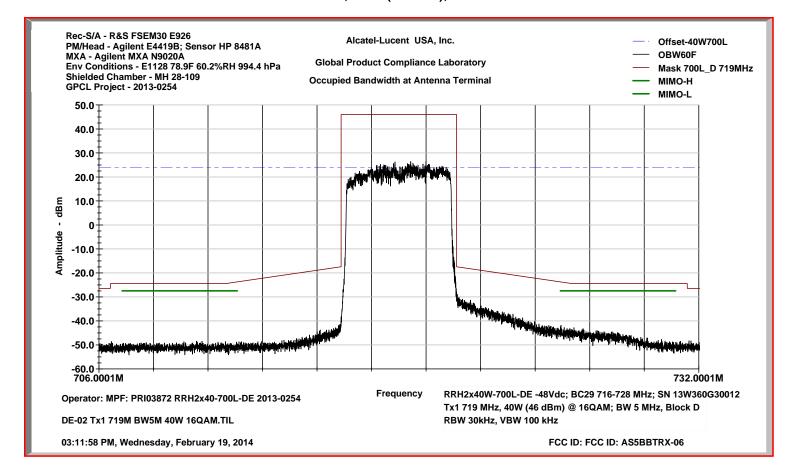
$$43 + 10 \log P + 10 \log (Nant)$$
  
 $43 + 10 \log 40W + 10 \log 2 = 62.0 dBc = -16 dBm$ 

where, Nant is the number of outputs, i.e., transmit antenna terminals.

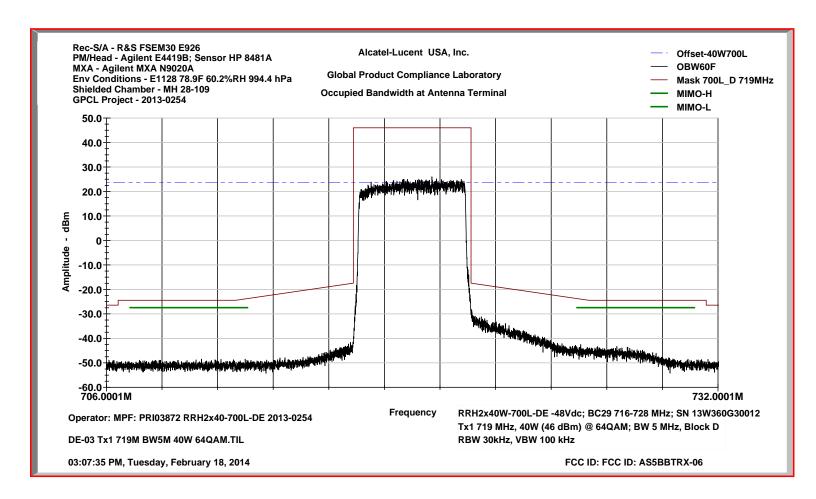
#### Occupied Bandwidth LTE QPSK Tx1 719 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



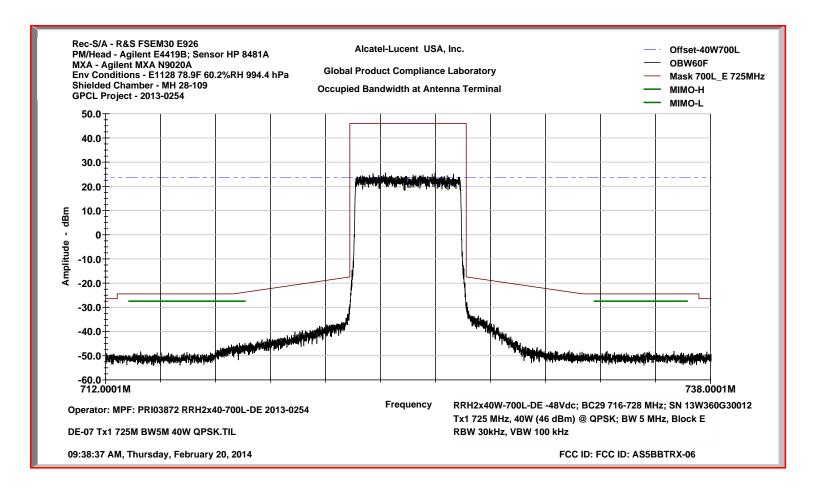
#### Occupied Bandwidth LTE 16QAM Tx1 719 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



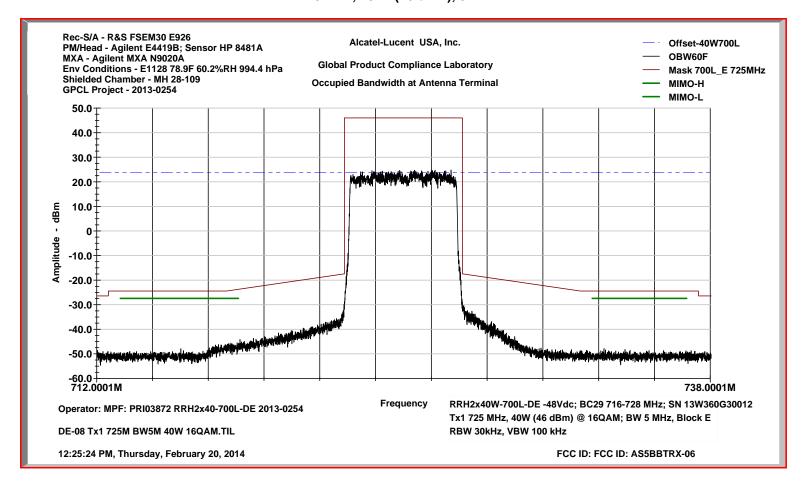
#### Occupied Bandwidth LTE 64QAM Tx1 719 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



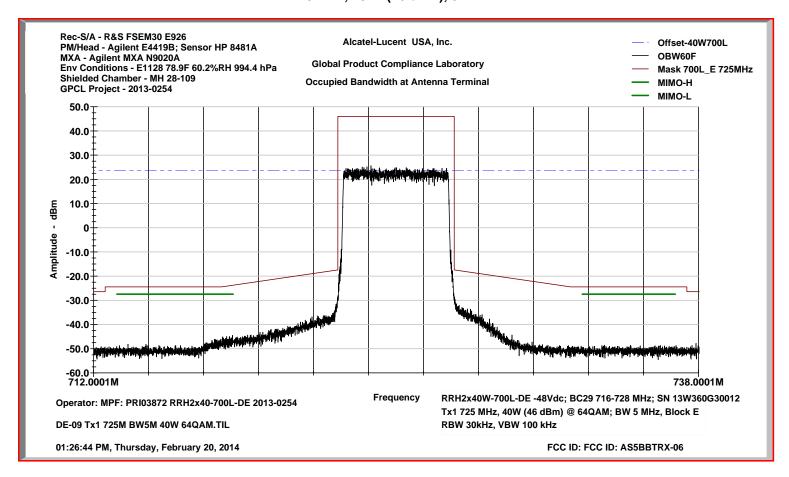
#### Occupied Bandwidth LTE QPSK Tx1 725 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



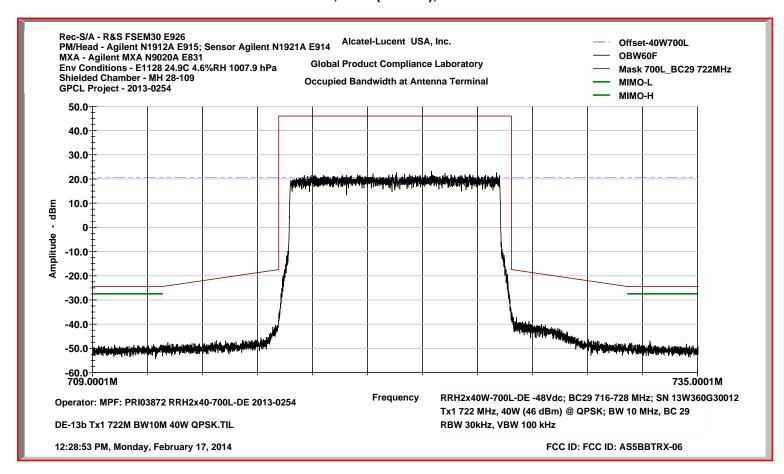
#### Occupied Bandwidth LTE 16QAM Tx1 725 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



#### Occupied Bandwidth LTE 64QAM Tx1 725 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW

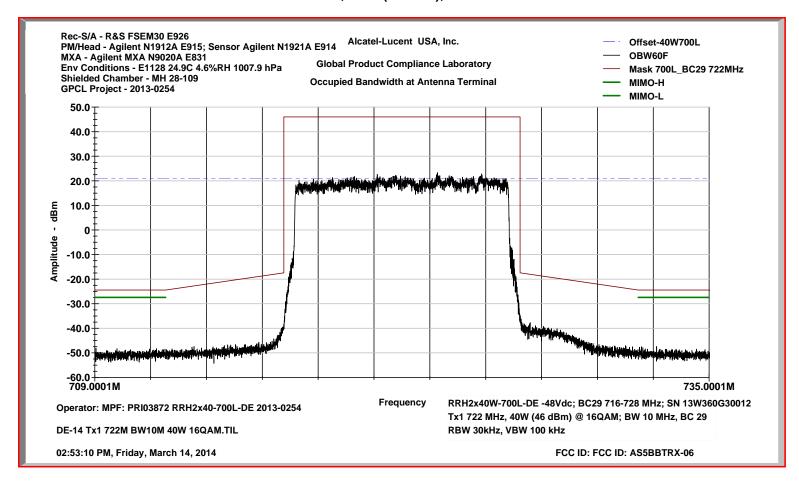


Occupied Bandwidth LTE QPSK Tx1 722 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW

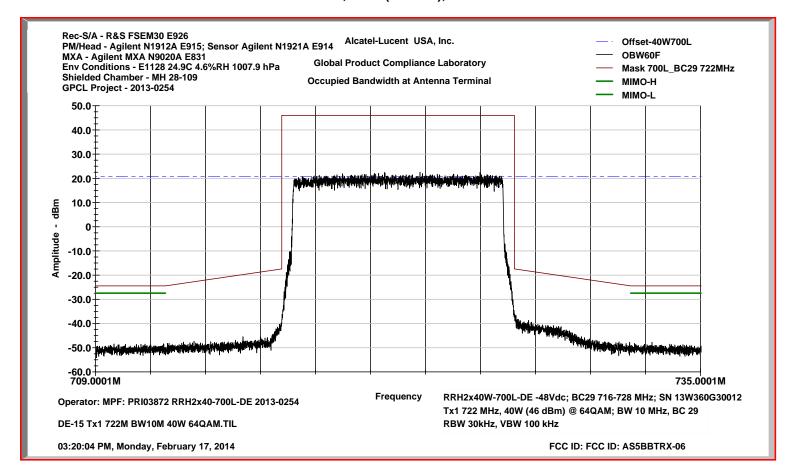


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# Occupied Bandwidth LTE 16QAM Tx1 722 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW



#### Occupied Bandwidth LTE 64QAM Tx1 722 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW



### PART 2.1051 MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED: SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT THE ANTENNA TERMINALS.

This test procedure is an extension of the occupied bandwidth measurement at the Equipment Antenna Connector (EAC) terminal, i.e., the downlink transmit antenna, using the same carrier frequencies, configurations, power level settings and test modulations, as in the preceding *PART 2.1049 MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED: OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH – EMISSION MASK*.

In accordance with Part 2.1057(a), the required frequency spectrum to be investigated extends from the lowest RF signal generated to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the carrier at the EAC terminal. The emission limits at the antenna terminal are specified in Part 27.53(g) For operations in the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed. In accordance with Part 2.1051, "the magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified"; i.e., these are not reportable.

In order to suppress the instrumentation noise floor sufficient to detect and measure spurious signals that have power levels as low as 20 dB below the required limit, an EMC software package was employed to drive the spectrum analyzer, collect and compile the acquired data, perform mathematical corrections to the data by incorporating pre-measured path losses into the software, and then generate a graphical display as shown in the following exhibits. The software package is: TILE/IC (Total Integrated Laboratory Environment/Instrument Control System); purchased and licensed from ETS-Lindgren. The instrumentation noise floor is suppressed by the software's ability to split the spectrum being measured into many small segments/ranges and then sequentially compile them for the continuous graphical display.

In accordance with § 27.53 Emission limit, (g) For operations in the 698-746 MHz band, unwanted emissions must be suppressed by

```
43 + 10 \log 40W = 59 \text{ dBc}, which equates to -13 dBm
```

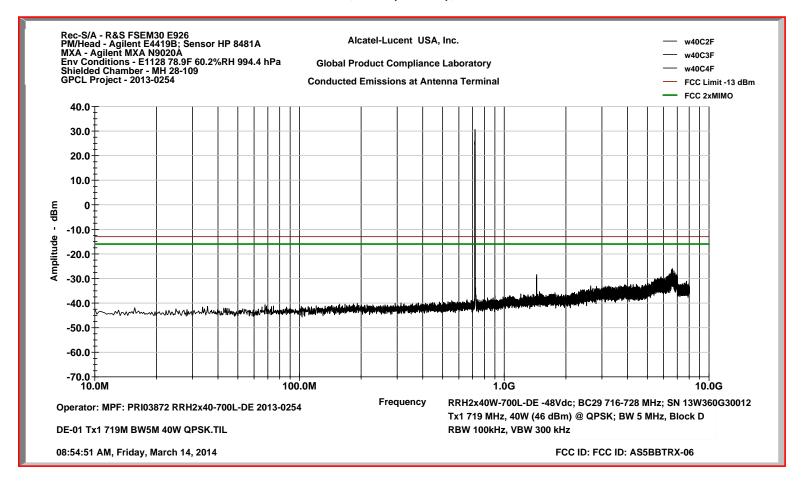
Consistent with 2xMIMO requirements, an additional 3 dB attenuation is required, in accordance with:

```
43 + 10 \log P + 10 \log (Nant)

43 + 10 \log 40W + 10 \log 2 = 62.0 dBc = -16 dBm
```

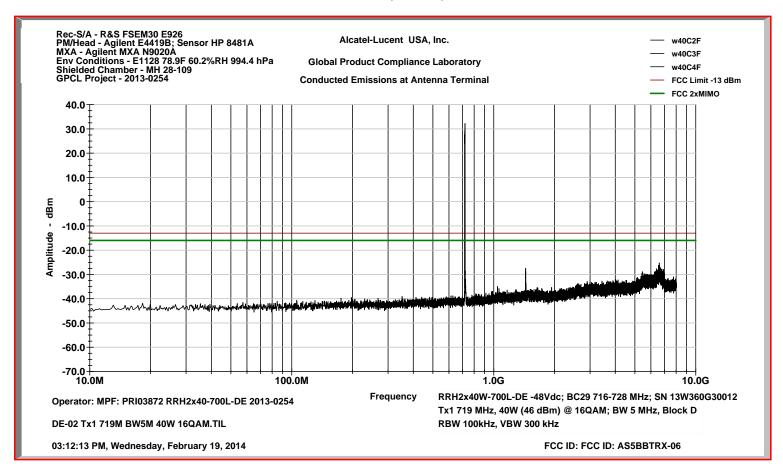
where, Nant is the number of outputs, i.e., transmit antenna terminals.

#### Conducted Emissions LTE QPSK Tx1 719 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



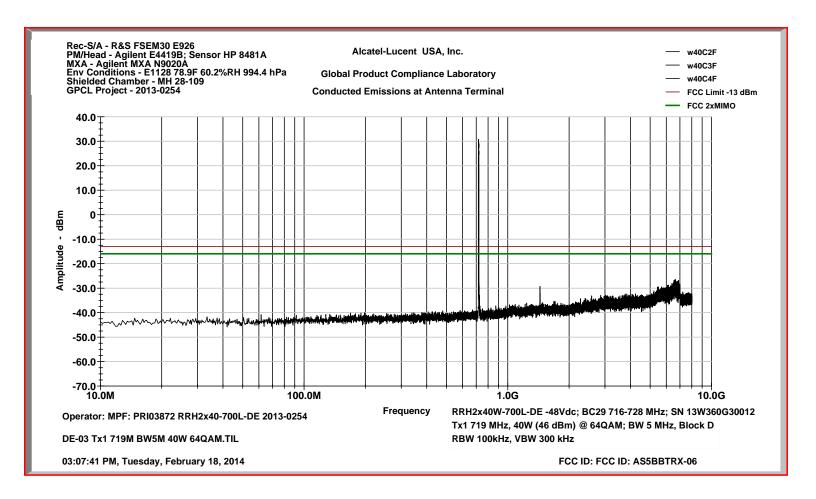
Harmonic: 1.4391 GHz at -28.39 dBm

#### Conducted Emissions LTE 16QAM Tx1 719 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



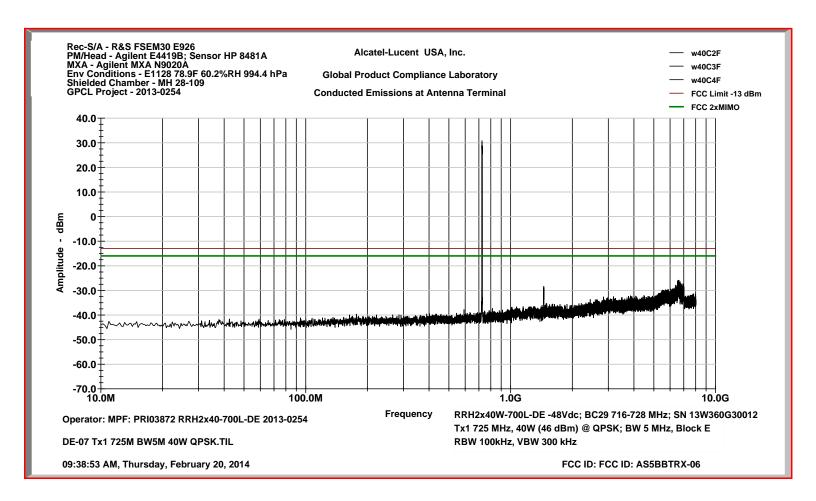
Harmonic: 1.4386 GHz at -27.43 dBm

#### Conducted Emissions LTE 64QAM Tx1 719 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



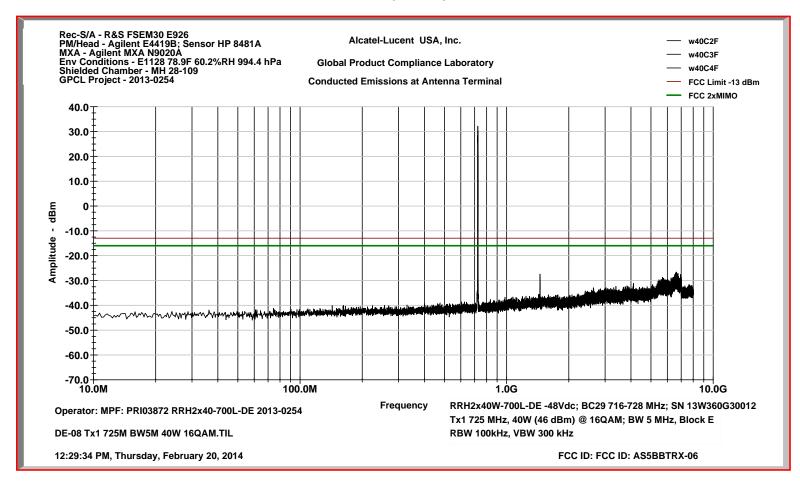
Harmonic: 1.4377 GHz at -29.48 dBm

#### Conducted Emissions LTE QPSK Tx1 725 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



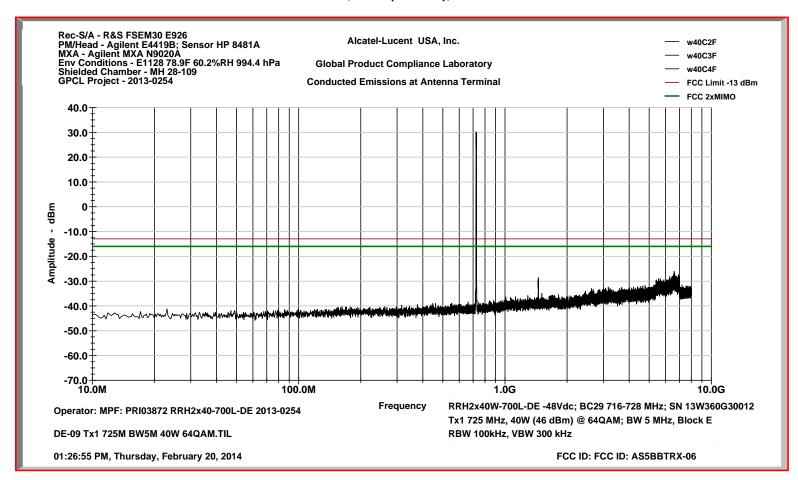
Harmonic: 1.4494 GHz at -28.34 dBm

#### Conducted Emissions LTE 16QAM Tx1 725 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



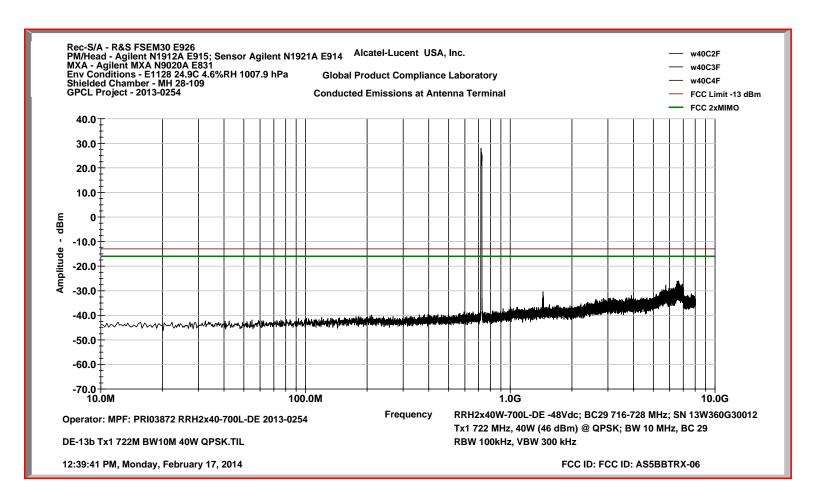
Harmonic: 1.4498 GHz at -27.43 dBm

#### Conducted Emissions LTE 64QAM Tx1 725 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 5 MHz BW



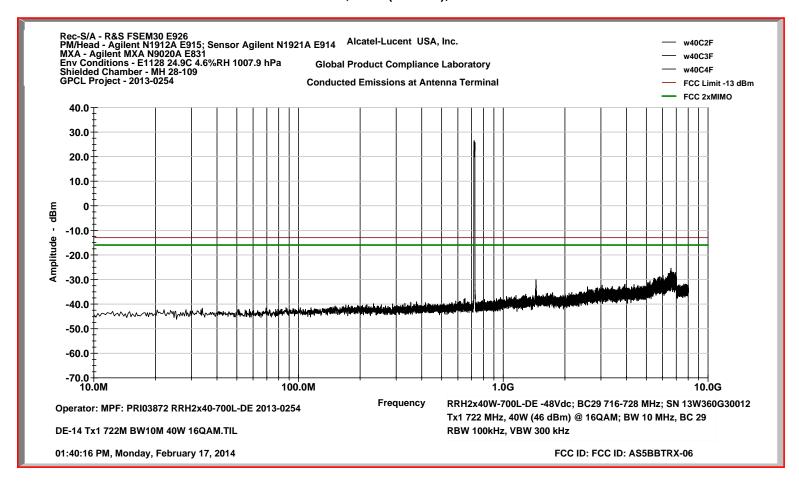
Harmonic: 1.4489 GHz at -28.56 dBm

#### Conducted Emissions LTE QPSK Tx1 722 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW



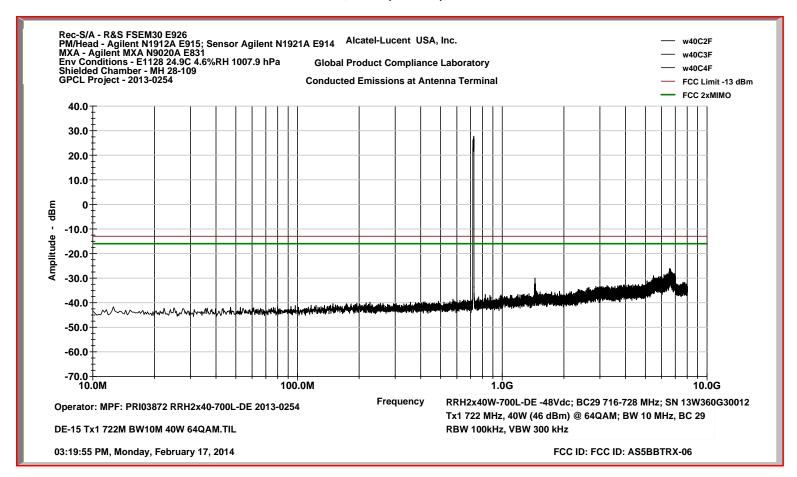
Harmonic: 1.4424 GHz at -30.39 dBm

#### Conducted Emissions LTE 16QAM Tx1 722 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW



Harmonic: 1.4438 GHz at -30.10 dBm

#### Conducted Emissions LTE 64QAM Tx1 722 MHz, 40 W (46 dBm), 10 MHz BW



Harmonic: 1.4456 GHz at -29.99 dBm

#### PART 2.1053 MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED: FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

Radiated spurious emissions (RE) were investigated over the spectrum 30 MHz – 10 GHz for three (3) 2xMIMO carrier/fundamental configurations:

Carrier	Carrier Center	Emission Bandwidth	Test Modulation	
	Frequency			
Lowest Frequency	719 MHz	5 MHz	64QAM	
Highest Frequency	725 MHz	5 MHz	QPSK	
Widest Bandwidth	722 MHz	10 MHz	64QAM	

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured as recommended for *floor standing equipment*, following the guidelines of ANSI C63.4-2009. The EUT was installed and operated as in the *normal mode of operation*. Field strength measurements of radiated spurious emissions were evaluated in a 3m semi-anechoic chamber (FCC Site RN 328881), using an EUT-to-Antenna separation of 3-meters. Test software was Vasona by EMiSoft.

Measurements were made using both horizontally and vertically polarized broadband antennas. Per FCC regulations, the comparison of out of band spurious emissions directly to the limit is appropriately made using the substitution method. However, when the emissions are more than 20 dB below the specification limit, the use of field strength measurements for compliance determination is acceptable and those emissions are considered not reportable (Section 2.1057 and the FCC Interpretive database for 2.1053).

For this case the evaluation of acceptable radiated field strength is as follows. The calculated emission levels were found by:

$$Pmeas (dBm) + Cable \ Loss(dB) + Antenna \ Factor(dB) + 107 \ (dB\mu V/dBm) \ - Amplifier \ Gain \ (dB) \\ = Field \ Strength \ (dB\mu V/m)$$

Section 27.53 and 2.1053 contains the requirements for the levels of spurious radiation as a function of the EIRP of the unmodulated carrier. The reference level for the unmodulated carrier is calculated as the field produced by an isotropic radiator excited by the transmitter output power according to the following relation taken from Reference Data for Radio Engineers, page 27-7, 6th edition, IT&T Corp.

$$E = (120\pi P)^{1/2} = [(30*P)^{1/2}] / R$$

$$20 \log (E*10^6) - (43 + 10 \log P) = 82.23 dB \mu V/meter$$

Where: E = Field Intensity in Volts/meter R = Distance in meters = 3 m

P = Transmitted Power in watts = 40W

Results: Complies - Over the out-of-band spectrum investigated from 30 MHz to the tenth harmonic of the carrier (8 GHz), the power levels of all emissions observed were >> 20 dB below the 82.23 dB  $\mu$ V/meter limit. Therefore, there were no reportable radiated spurious emissions.

APPLICANT: Alcatel-Lucent USA, Inc. Exhibit 9 FCC ID: AS5BBTRX-06 TEST REPORT

#### PART 2.1055 MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED: FREQUENCY STABILITY

## ALREADY PROVIDED IN THE ORIGINAL FILING NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ADDED

#### LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

#### Measurement of Emissions Conducted to the Transmit Port/Antenna Terminal

Equipment Function	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Next Due Date	GPCL
Spectyrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSEM 30 20 Hz – 26.5 GHz	DE35292	9/25/13	9/25/15	E926
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A 20 Hz – 26.5 GHz	MY48011791	1/10/14	1/10/16	E831
Power Meter	Agilent	N1912A P-Series Power Meter	GB44440226	6/12/13	6/12/14	E915
Power Meter Sensor	Agilent	N1921A 50 MHz – 18 GHz	US44510270	6/19/13	6/19/14	E914
Attenuator	Aeroflex/Weinschel	49-30-43 30 dB, 150 W	RK468	NR	NR	
Dual Directional Coupler	Hewlett-Packard	HP 778D 0.1 – 2.0 GHz	14427	NR	NR	
Attenuator (Input)	MCE/Weinschel	6528-30-34-LIM 30 dB, 150 W	BN4181	NR	NR	
Attenuator (Incident)	Weinschel	46-20-34 DC – 18 GHz 20 dB, 25 W	BJ2488	NR	NR	
Attenuator (Test Port)	MCE/Weinschel	6530-6-34-LIM DC – 18 GHz 6 dB, 25 W	BN3225	NR	NR	
Termination (Reflected)	Weinschel	M1404N	7836	NR	NR	
Regulated Power Supply	Kikusui Electronics Corp.	PAD-55-120L	DM000112	NR	NR	E483

#### Test Equipment List Radiated Emissions 2013-0254 / AR8

Manufacturer	Model	Serial	Туре	Description	GPCL	Last Cal	Interval	Status
		Number			ID			
A.H. Systems Inc.	SAS-521-2	457	Bilogical	25 - 2000 MHz	E766	12/26/2012	24	Active
			Antenna					
Sonoma Instrument Co.	310	185794	Amplifier	9KHz-1GHz	E507	6/5/2013	12	Active
Agilent	E7405A	MY45110440	Spectrum	EMC 100Hz - 26.5GHz	E736	6/21/2013	24	Active
			Analyzer					
Hewlett Packard	37204	3212U31137	HP-IB Extender		E479		0	Active
Weinschel	2-6	BX3432	Attenuator	6 dB DC-18GHz 5 Watt	E891	3/27/2013	12	Active
Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB40	100100	Test Receiver	EMI (20Hz to 40 GHz)-	E908	6/12/2013	24	Active
				150 +30dBM				
Hewlett Packard	37204A	3212U27554	HP-IB Extender		E258		0	Active
Hewlett Packard	8449B	3008A01267	Pre-Amplifier	Preamplifier 1-26.5 GHz	E377	7/26/2013	12	Active
EMCO	3115	9909-5914	Horn Antenna	Double Ridged Horn 1-	E433	9/12/2012	24	Active
				18 Ghz				
Trilithic	5HC2850/1	PCS-HPF-5	High Pass Filter	PCS	E986		12	Out of
	8050-1.8-		_					Service
	KK							