

# SAR TEST REPORT

for

Launch Tech Co., Ltd.

AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool

Model No.: OADD-PO0805V

Brand: LAUNCH

FCC ID: XUJX431PROV5

The MAX SAR(1g)	
Body SAR	1.454W/Kg

Test distance: 0mm

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Report Number : ACS-SF23004  
Date of Test : Aug.21, 2023  
Date of Report : Sep.08, 2023

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**SAR TEST REPORT**

Applicant : Launch Tech Co., Ltd.  
Manufacturer : Launch Tech Co., Ltd.  
Product : AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool  
Model No. : OADD-PO0805V  
Brand : LAUNCH  
Test Voltage : 7.6Vdc from 6300mAh Li-ion Battery

**Measurement Standard Used:**

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528: 2020
- IEC62209-1:2016
- IEC62209-2:2010
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- RSS-102 ISSUE 5: 2015+A1: 2021
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06
- FCC KDB 447498 D04 v01
- FCC KDB 865664 D01/D02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02

The device described above is tested by Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The test results are contained in this test report and Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. is assumed full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of test. This report contains data that are not covered by the NVLAP accreditation. Also, this report shows that the EUT is technically compliant with the FCC and RSS-102 test requirement.

This report applies to single evaluation of one sample of above mentioned product. And shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd..

Date of Test : Aug.21, 2023 Report of date: Sep.08, 2023

Prepared by : Crush Liu Reviewed by : Thomas Chen  
Crush Liu / Assistant Thomas Chen / Assistant Manager



Approved & Authorized Signer :

Signature:

REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Edition No.	Revision	Issue Date	Report No.
Original	Initial issue of report	Sep.08, 2023	ACS-SF23004

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1. Description of Equipment Under Test

Applicant	Launch Tech Co., Ltd.
Applicant Address	Launch Industrial Park, North of Wuhe Avenue, Banxuegang, Longgang, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China
Manufacturer	Launch Tech Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer Address	Launch Industrial Park, North of Wuhe Avenue, Banxuegang, Longgang, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China
Product	AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool
Model No.	OADD-PO0805V
Brand	LAUNCH
FCC ID	XUJX431PROV5
Sample Type	Prototype production
Date of Receipt	Aug.13, 2023
Date of Test	Aug.21, 2023



## 1.2.Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature & Specification		
Product	AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool	
Model No.	OADD-PO0805V	
Power Source	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commercial Power	AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz 1.3A
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External Power Source	DC 5V
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Li-ion Battery	DC 7.6V, 6300mAh
	<input type="checkbox"/> UM battery	DC V
Bluetooth		
Radio	BDR+EDR; BLE	
Frequency Range	2402-2480MHz	
Type of Modulation	GFSK, $\pi$ /4DQPSK, 8DPSK	
Data Rate	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps	
Quantity of Channels	79/40	
Channel Separation	1MHz/2MHz	
2.4GHz Wi-Fi		
Support Modes	802.11b/g/n20/n40	
Frequency Range	2412-2462MHz	
Type of Modulation	802.11b(DSSS): CCK, QPSK, BPSK; 802.11g/n(OFDM): 64QAM,16QAM, QPSK, BPSK	
Data Rate	802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11 Mbps; 802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps; 802.11n: up to 150Mbps	
Channel Separation	5MHz	
5GHz Wi-Fi		
Support Modes	802.11a/n20/n40/ac20/ac40/ac80	
Frequency Range	5180-5240MHz, 5260-5320MHz, 5745-5825MHz	
Type of Modulation	802.11a/n (OFDM): QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 802.11ac (OFDM): QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM,256QAM	
Data Rate	802.11a: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps; 802.11n: up to 150Mbps; 802.11ac: up to 433Mbps	
Channel Separation	5MHz	

Antenna Information	
Antenna Type	FPC Antenna
Gain	WIFI 2.4GHz Peak Gain: 2.96dBi WIFI 5GHz Band 1 & Band 2 Peak Gain: 3.98dBi WIFI 5GHz Band 4 Peak Gain: 4.72dBi

## 2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 2.1. Product Description For EUT

[None]

### 2.2. Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528: 2020
- IEC62209-1:2016
- IEC62209-2:2010
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- RSS-102 ISSUE 5: 2015+A1: 2021
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06
- FCC KDB 447498 D04 v01
- FCC KDB 865664 D01/D02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02

### 2.3. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

### 2.4. Test Conditions

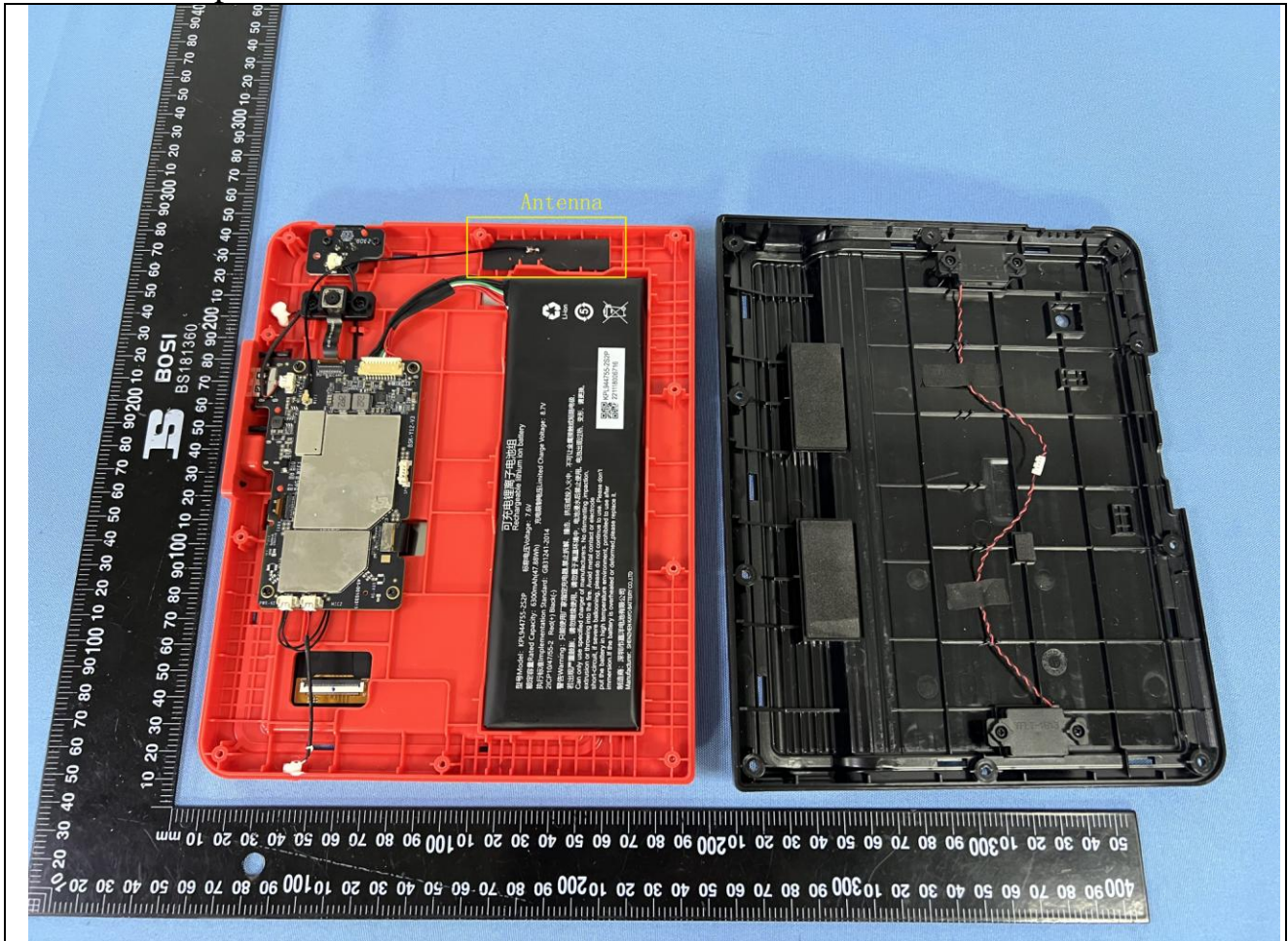
#### 2.4.1. Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 °C
Humidity	< 60 %

#### 2.4.2. Test Configuration

The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

## 2.5.Exposure Positions Consideration



Sides for SAR tests						
Band	Body					
	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Left	Right
BT	√	√	√	√	√	×
WiFi 2.4GHz	√	√	√	√	√	×
WiFi 5GHz	√	√	√	√	√	×



## 2.6.Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

According to the KDB447498 appendix A, the SAR test exclusion threshold for 2450MHz at 5mm test separation distances is 3mW, 5.8GHz is 1mW

**Table B.2—Example Power Thresholds (mW)**

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (mm)									
	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
300	39	65	88	110	129	148	166	184	201	217
450	22	44	67	89	112	135	158	180	203	226
835	9	25	44	66	90	116	145	175	207	240
1900	3	12	26	44	66	92	122	157	195	236
2450	3	10	22	38	59	83	111	143	179	219
3600	2	8	18	32	49	71	96	125	158	195
5800	1	6	14	25	40	58	80	106	136	169

## 2.7.Block Diagram of connection between EUT and simulators



(EUT: AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool)

## 2.8. Test Equipments

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Body	Cal Method (Note)
1.	DASY5 SAR Test System	Speag	TX60 L speag	F09/5B1H1/01	NCR	NCR	NCR	N/A
2.	Power meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00003262	2023.06.26	2024.06.25	CCIC	c)
3.	Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	0332516	2023.06.26	2024.06.25	CCIC	c)
4.	Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	862	2023.05.18	2026.05.17	SPEAG	c)
5.	Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D5GHzV2	1102	2023.05.19	2026.05.18	SPEAG	c)
6.	Attenuator	N/A	1527	001	2022.10.09	2023.10.08	CCIC	d)
7.	ENA SERIES NETWORK ANALYZER	Agilent	E5071C	MY46316760	2022.10.08	2023.10.07	CCIC	c)
8.	Date Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	899	2023.05.17	2024.05.16	CCTL	c)
9.	E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3767	2023.06.12	2024.06.11	CCTL	c)
10.	Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMB100A	181375	2023.04.02	2024.04.01	CCIC	c)
11.	Radio Communication Test Station	Anritsu	MT8000A	6262071014	2023.02.23	2024.02.22	CCIC	c)
12.	Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8821C	6262062833	2023.02.23	2024.02.22	CCIC	c)
13.	Attenuator	N/A	1527	002	2022.10.09	2023.10.08	CCIC	c)
14.	Test Software	Schmid&Partner Englinnering AG	DASY5	52.8.7.1137	NCR	NCR	NCR	N/A

Note: NCR means no calibration required(calibrated with system).

Note: Calibration Method

- a): Calibration conducted by the National Institute of Information and Communications Technology ~ [NICT](#) ~ or a designated calibration agency under Article 102-18 paragraph (1) ~ [TELEC Engineering Center](#), [Intertek Japan K.K.](#), [Keysight Technologies, Inc](#) ~.
- b): Correction conducted pursuant to the provisions of Article 135 or Article 144 of the Measurement Law (Law No. 51 of 1992) ~ [Japan Calibration Service System](#) ~
- c): Calibration conducted in foreign countries, which shall be equivalent to the calibration conducted by the [NICT](#) or a designated calibration agency under Article 102-18 paragraph (1) ~ [TELEC Engineering Center](#), [Intertek Japan K.K.](#), [Keysight Technologies, Inc](#) ~.
- d): Calibration conducted by using other equipment that listed above from a) to c)

**2.9.Laboratory Environment**

Temperature	Min:20°C,Max.25°C
Relative humidity	Min. = 45%, Max. = 70%
Note: Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

**2.10.Measurement Uncertainty**

Test Item	Uncertainty
Uncertainty for SAR test	1g: ±21.2
	10g: ±20.7
Uncertainty for test site temperature and humidity	±0.6°C

Source	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	K	C1(1g)	C1(10g)	Standard uncertainty uI(%)1g	Standard uncertainty uI(%)10g	Degree of freedom Veff or Vi
Measurement system repetitivity	A	0.5	N	1		1	0.5	0.5	9
Probe calibration	B	5.9	N	1	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Isotropy	B	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Linearity	B	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	B	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Detection limits	B	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Boundary effect	B	1.9	R	√3	1	1	1.1	1.1	∞
Readout electronics	B	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	B	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration time	B	4.32	R	√3	1	1	2.5	2.5	∞
RF ambient conditions – noise	B	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
RF ambient conditions – reflections	B	3	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mech. restrictions	B	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-processing	B	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Test sample related									
Device holder uncertainty	A	2.94	N	1	1	1	2.94	2.94	M-1
Test sample positioning	A	4.1	N	1	1	1	4.1	4.1	M-1
Power scaling	B	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Drift of output power (measured SAR drift)	B	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	B	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.1	∞
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	B	1.9	N	1	1	0,84	1,9	1,6	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.55	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.24	0.21	M-1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	0.19	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.09	0.06	M
Liquid permittivity – temperature uncertainty	A	5.0	R	√3	0,78	0,71	1.4	1.1	∞
Liquid conductivity – temperature uncertainty	A	5.0	R	√3	0.23	0,26	1.2	0.8	∞
Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{23} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						10.57	10.32	
Expanded uncertainty (95 % conf. interval)	$u_k = 2u_c$		N	K=2			21.14	20.64	

### 3. MEASURE PROCEDURES

#### 3.1. General description of test procedures

For the 802.11b/g SAR body tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

Testing at higher data rates is not required when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate. SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels. The same test procedure for 802.11a/n/ac mode



## 4. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM

### 4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- (1) A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- (2) A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage. It issues simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- (3) A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- (4) A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- (5) The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- (6) The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.
- (7) DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- (8) Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- (9) The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- (10) The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- (11) Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- (12) System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

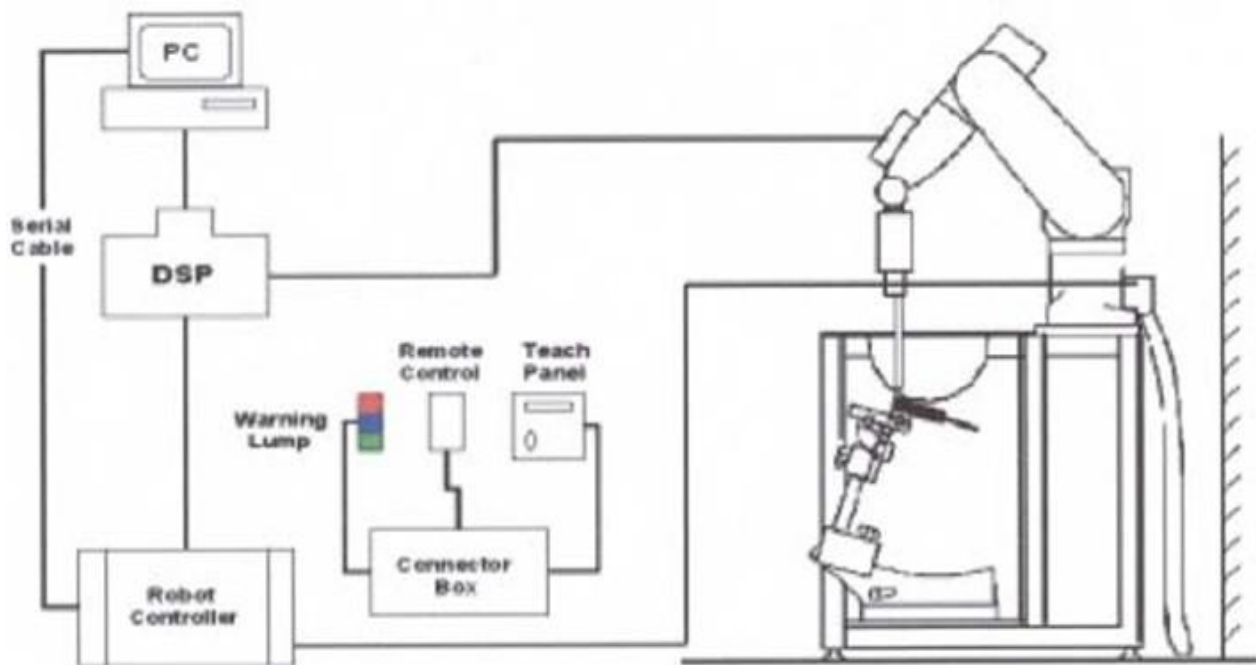


Figure 4.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

#### 4.2.ELI Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

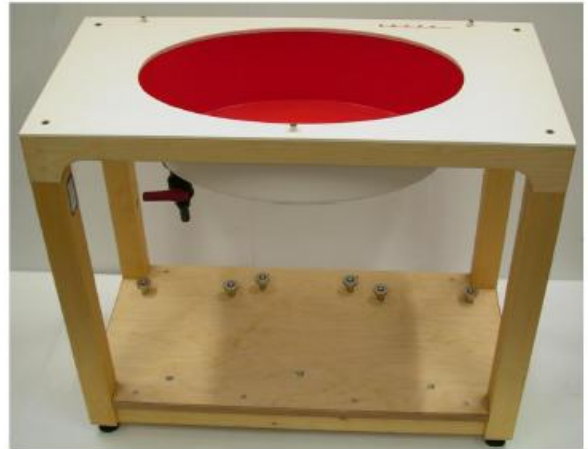


Figure 4.2 Top View of Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters.

On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

\*Water-sugar based liquid

\*Glycol based liquids

#### 4.3. Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$  would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r=3$  and loss tangent  $\tan \delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Figure 4.3 Device Holder

#### 4.4.DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.



Figure 4.4 EX3DV4 E-field Probe

##### 4.4.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: PRS-T2 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

#### 4.5.E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than  $\pm 0.25\text{dB}$ . The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:  $\Delta t$  = Exposure time (30 seconds),  
 $C$  = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),  
 $\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.  
Or

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:  
 $\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,  
 $\rho$  = Tissue density ( $\text{kg/m}^3$ ).



#### 4.6. Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the EUT's output power and should vary max.  $\pm 5\%$ .

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above  $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$ ). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles.

The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the Probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within  $\pm 30^\circ$ .)

##### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

##### Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

##### Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Sheppard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

## 5. DATA STORAGE AND EVALUATION

## 5.1.Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

## 5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion factor	ConvFi
- Diode compression point	Dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency  
- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity  
- Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the millimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$\mathbf{V}_i = \mathbf{U}_i + \mathbf{U}_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p i$$

With  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel  $i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$U_i$  = input signal of channel  $i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ )

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcpi = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:  $E_i = (V_i / \text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF})^{1/2}$

H-field probes:  $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel  $i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$\text{Norm}_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel  $i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$\text{ConvF}$  = sensitivity enhancement in solution

$a_{ij}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

$f$  = carrier frequency [GHz]

$E_i$  = electric field strength of channel  $i$  in V/m

$H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel  $i$  in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{\text{tot}} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with

$SAR$  = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

$E_{\text{tot}}$  = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{\text{pwe}} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{\text{pwe}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with  $P_{\text{pwe}}$  = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

$E_{\text{tot}}$  = total electric field strength in V/m

$H_{\text{tot}}$  = total magnetic field strength in A/m

## 6. SYSTEM CHECK

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulates, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the ANNEX A.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ( $\pm 10\%$ ).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.

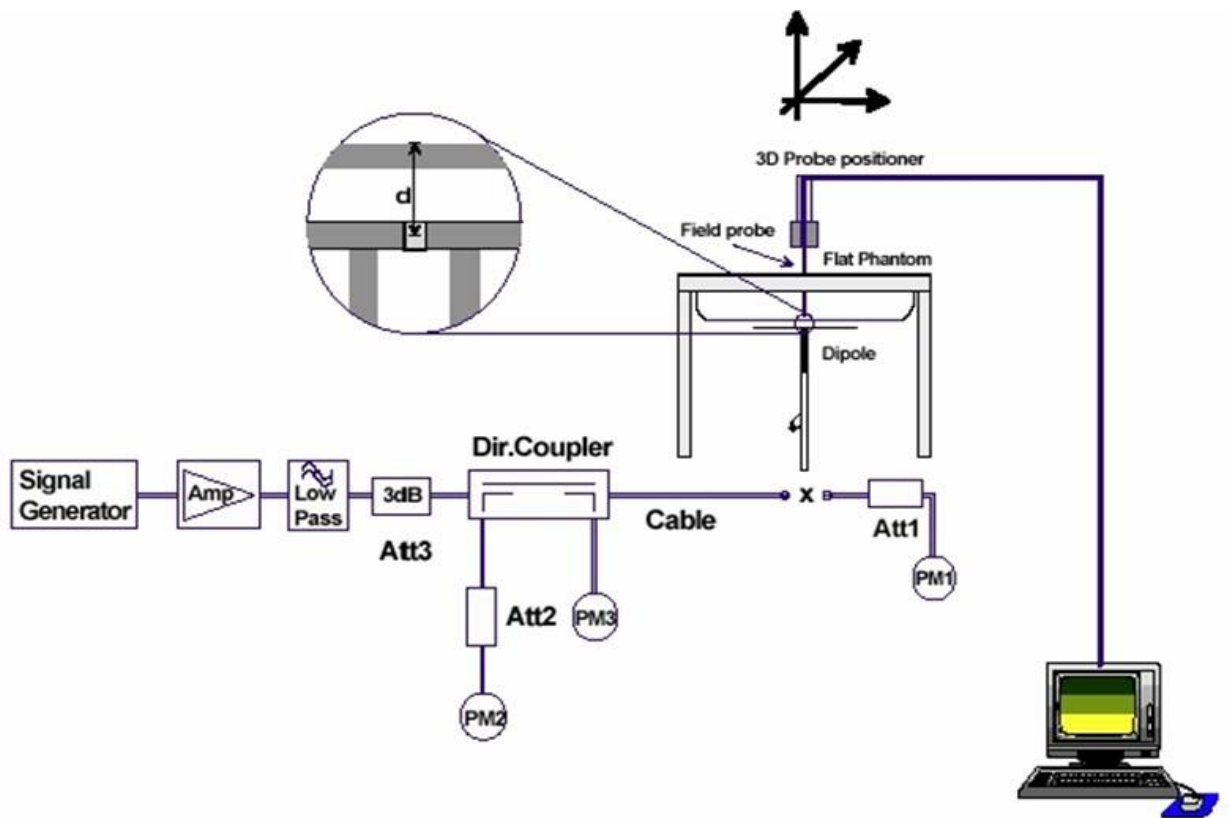


Figure 6.1: System Check Set-up





Figure 6.3: photos of system

## 7. TEST RESULTS

### 7.1. Output power (BT) (Body)

Test Mode	Frequency[MHz]	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
BT	2402	-4.25	<=30	PASS
	2440	-3.69	<=30	PASS
	2480	-3.33	<=30	PASS

Test Mode	Frequency [MHz]	Transmission Duration [ms]	Transmission Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]	1/T MinimumVBW (kHz)	Final setting For VBW (kHz)
BT	2402	2.10	2.47	85.06	0.48	1
	2440	2.10	2.47	85.04	0.48	1
	2480	2.10	2.47	85.04	0.48	1

Test Mode	Frequency[MHz]	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
GFSK	2402	4.81	<=30	PASS
	2441	7.42	<=30	PASS
	2480	6.90	<=30	PASS
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	2402	5.18	<=30	PASS
	2441	6.24	<=30	PASS
	2480	6.56	<=30	PASS
8-DPSK	2402	4.60	<=30	PASS
	2441	5.85	<=30	PASS
	2480	5.21	<=30	PASS

Test Mode	Frequency [MHz]	Transmission Duration [ms]	Transmission Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]	1/T MinimumVBW (kHz)	Final setting For VBW (kHz)
GFSK	2402	2.86	3.73	76.83	0.35	1
	2441	2.86	3.73	76.82	0.35	1
	2480	2.86	3.73	76.82	0.35	1
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	2402	2.87	3.73	76.89	0.35	1
	2441	2.87	3.73	76.89	0.35	1
	2480	2.87	3.73	76.89	0.35	1
8-DPSK	2402	2.87	3.73	76.95	0.35	1
	2441	2.87	3.73	76.95	0.35	1
	2480	2.87	3.73	76.95	0.35	1

(WIFI 2.4GHz)  
(Body)

Test Mode	Frequency[MHz]	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
802.11b	2412	18.19	<=30	PASS
	2437	17.98	<=30	PASS
	2462	17.80	<=30	PASS
802.11g	2412	20.43	<=30	PASS
	2437	20.37	<=30	PASS
	2462	20.28	<=30	PASS
802.11n(HT20)	2412	19.21	<=30	PASS
	2437	19.15	<=30	PASS
	2462	19.00	<=30	PASS
802.11n(HT40)	2422	18.78	<=30	PASS
	2437	18.59	<=30	PASS
	2452	18.58	<=30	PASS

Test Mode	Frequency [MHz]	Transmission Duration [ms]	Transmission Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]	1/T MinimumVBW (kHz)	Final setting For VBW (kHz)
802.11b	2412	8.36	8.40	99.49	0.12	1
	2437	8.35	8.40	99.49	0.12	1
	2462	8.35	8.40	99.49	0.12	1
802.11g	2412	1.38	1.43	96.67	0.70	1
	2437	1.38	1.43	96.76	0.70	1
	2462	1.38	1.43	96.68	0.70	1
802.11n(HT20)	2412	1.29	1.34	96.54	0.75	1
	2437	1.29	1.34	96.54	0.75	1
	2462	1.29	1.34	96.45	0.75	1
802.11n(HT40)	2422	0.64	0.69	93.27	1.45	2
	2437	0.64	0.69	93.27	1.45	2
	2452	0.64	0.69	93.27	1.45	2

(WIFI 5GHz)  
(Body)

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Result[dBm]	Limit[dBm]	Verdict
802.11a	Ant1	5180	13.91	<=24	PASS
		5200	13.60	<=24	PASS
		5240	13.34	<=24	PASS
		5260	13.15	<=24	PASS
		5280	12.82	<=24	PASS
		5320	12.38	<=24	PASS
		5745	11.95	<=30	PASS
		5785	11.01	<=30	PASS
		5825	10.38	<=30	PASS
802.11n(HT20)	Ant1	5180	13.77	<=24	PASS
		5200	13.59	<=24	PASS
		5240	13.15	<=24	PASS
		5260	12.99	<=24	PASS
		5280	12.73	<=24	PASS
		5320	12.15	<=24	PASS
		5745	11.80	<=30	PASS
		5785	10.92	<=30	PASS
		5825	10.25	<=30	PASS
802.11n(HT40)	Ant1	5190	12.97	<=24	PASS
		5230	12.50	<=24	PASS
		5270	12.09	<=24	PASS
		5310	11.52	<=24	PASS
		5755	10.70	<=30	PASS
		5795	9.85	<=30	PASS
802.11ac(VHT20)	Ant1	5180	13.83	<=24	PASS
		5200	13.52	<=24	PASS
		5240	13.17	<=24	PASS
		5260	12.99	<=24	PASS
		5280	12.80	<=24	PASS
		5320	12.21	<=24	PASS
		5745	11.89	<=30	PASS
		5785	10.91	<=30	PASS
		5825	10.17	<=30	PASS
802.11ac(VHT40)	Ant1	5190	12.77	<=24	PASS
		5230	12.56	<=24	PASS
		5270	11.95	<=24	PASS
		5310	11.43	<=24	PASS
		5755	10.78	<=30	PASS
		5795	9.84	<=30	PASS
802.11ac(VHT80)	Ant1	5210	11.92	<=24	PASS
		5290	11.07	<=24	PASS
		5775	9.51	<=30	PASS

Test Mode	Antenna	Channel	Transmission Duration [ms]	Transmission Period [ms]	Duty Cycle [%]	1/T MinimumVBW (kHz)	Final setting For VBW (kHz)
802.11a	Ant1	5180	1.38	1.43	96.67	0.72	1
		5200	1.38	1.43	96.76	0.72	1
		5240	1.38	1.43	96.76	0.72	1
		5260	1.38	1.43	96.76	0.72	1
		5280	1.38	1.43	96.76	0.72	1
		5320	1.38	1.43	96.76	0.72	1
		5745	1.38	1.43	96.67	0.72	1
		5785	1.38	1.43	96.76	0.72	1
		5825	1.38	1.43	96.67	0.72	1
802.11n(HT20)	Ant1	5180	1.29	1.34	96.45	0.78	1
		5200	1.29	1.34	96.54	0.78	1
		5240	1.29	1.34	96.45	0.78	1
		5260	1.29	1.34	96.54	0.78	1
		5280	1.29	1.34	96.45	0.78	1
		5320	1.29	1.34	96.54	0.78	1
		5745	1.29	1.34	96.45	0.78	1
		5785	1.29	1.34	96.54	0.78	1
		5825	1.29	1.34	96.54	0.78	1
802.11n(HT40)	Ant1	5190	0.64	0.69	93.27	1.56	3
		5230	0.64	0.69	93.27	1.56	3
		5270	0.64	0.69	93.27	1.56	3
		5310	0.64	0.69	93.27	1.56	3
		5755	0.64	0.69	93.10	1.56	3
		5795	0.64	0.69	93.27	1.56	3
802.11ac(VHT20)	Ant1	5180	1.30	1.35	96.48	0.77	1
		5200	1.30	1.35	96.57	0.77	1
		5240	1.30	1.35	96.57	0.77	1
		5260	1.30	1.35	96.57	0.77	1
		5280	1.30	1.35	96.48	0.77	1
		5320	1.30	1.35	96.48	0.77	1
		5745	1.30	1.35	96.57	0.77	1
		5785	1.30	1.35	96.57	0.77	1
		5825	1.30	1.35	96.57	0.77	1
802.11ac(VHT40)	Ant1	5190	0.65	0.69	93.31	1.54	3
		5230	0.65	0.69	93.31	1.54	3
		5270	0.65	0.69	93.31	1.54	3
		5310	0.65	0.69	93.31	1.54	3
		5755	0.65	0.69	93.31	1.54	3
		5795	0.65	0.69	93.31	1.54	3
802.11ac(VHT80)	Ant1	5210	0.32	0.37	87.37	2.70	3
		5290	0.32	0.37	87.37	2.70	3
		5775	0.32	0.37	87.37	2.70	3



## 7.2. System Check & Tissue simulating liquid

Frequency	Description	SAR		Dielectric Parameters (±10% for window)		Temp
		1g	10g	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma(s/m)$	°C
2450MHz	Recommended value	13.5 10.962-16.038	6.29 5.11377-7.46623	39.2 35.28-43.12	1.80 1.62-1.98	/
	Measurement value 2023-08-21	12.29	5.63	39.440	1.818	22.05
5250MHz	Recommended value	7.88 5.95728-9.80272	2.23 1.69034-2.76966	35.9 32.31-39.49	4.71 4.239-5.181	/
	Measurement value 2023-08-21	8.14	2.38	35.49	4.52	22.03
5750MHz	Recommended value	7.75 5.859-9.641	2.17 1.64486-2.69514	35.4 31.86-38.94	5.22 4.698-5.742	/
	Measurement value 2023-08-21	7.395	2.218	35.211	5.29	22.02

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 21/08/2023

**CW 2450**

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:862**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0

MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.818$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.440$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CW 2450MHz/Area Scan (61x71x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=2.000$  mm,  $dy=2.000$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.845 W/kg

**Configuration/CW 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

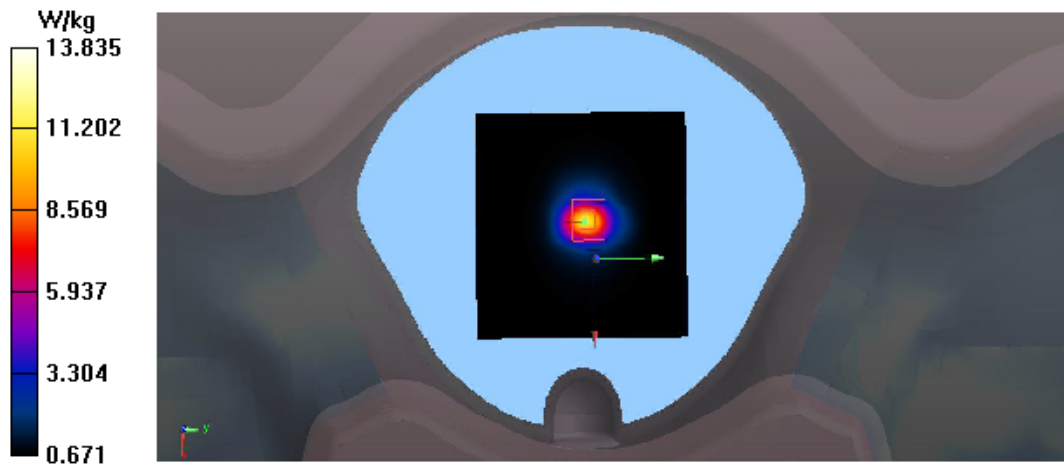
$dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 89.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.22 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.63 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.835 W/kg



**Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab**

Date: 21/08/2023

**CW 5250**

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1102**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.52$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.49$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(5.55, 5.55, 5.55); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CW 5250MHz/Area Scan (61x71x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=2.000$  mm,  $dy=2.000$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.58 W/kg

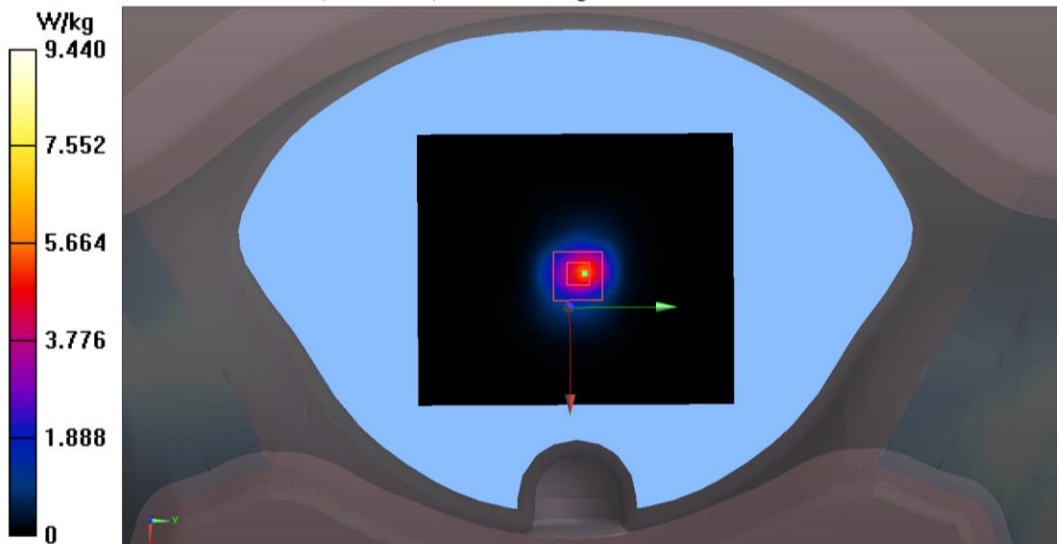
**Configuration/CW 5250MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 46.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.44 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 21/08/2023

**CW 5750**

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1102**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D5GHz (5000.0 - 6000.0 MHz); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.29$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.211$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CW 5750MHz/Area Scan (61x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=2.000 mm, dy=2.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.24 W/kg

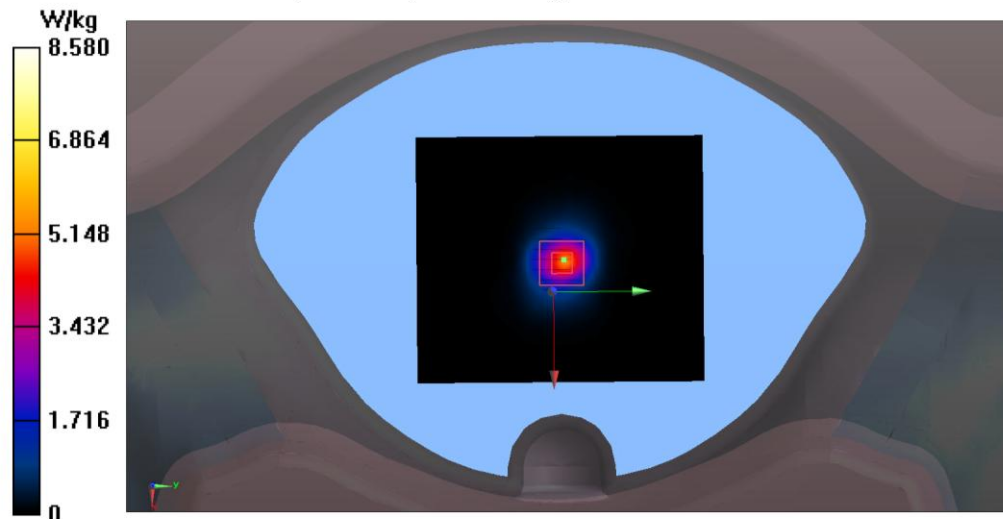
**Configuration/CW 5750MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 41.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.395 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.218 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.58 W/kg



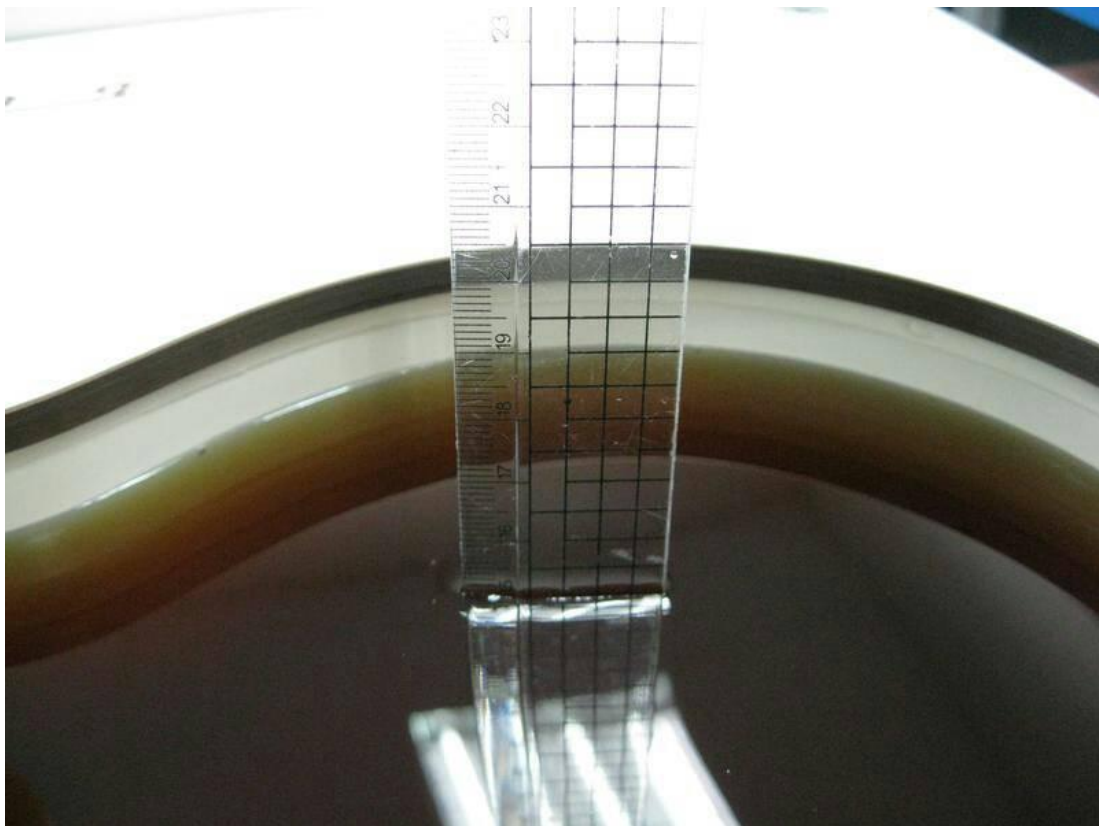
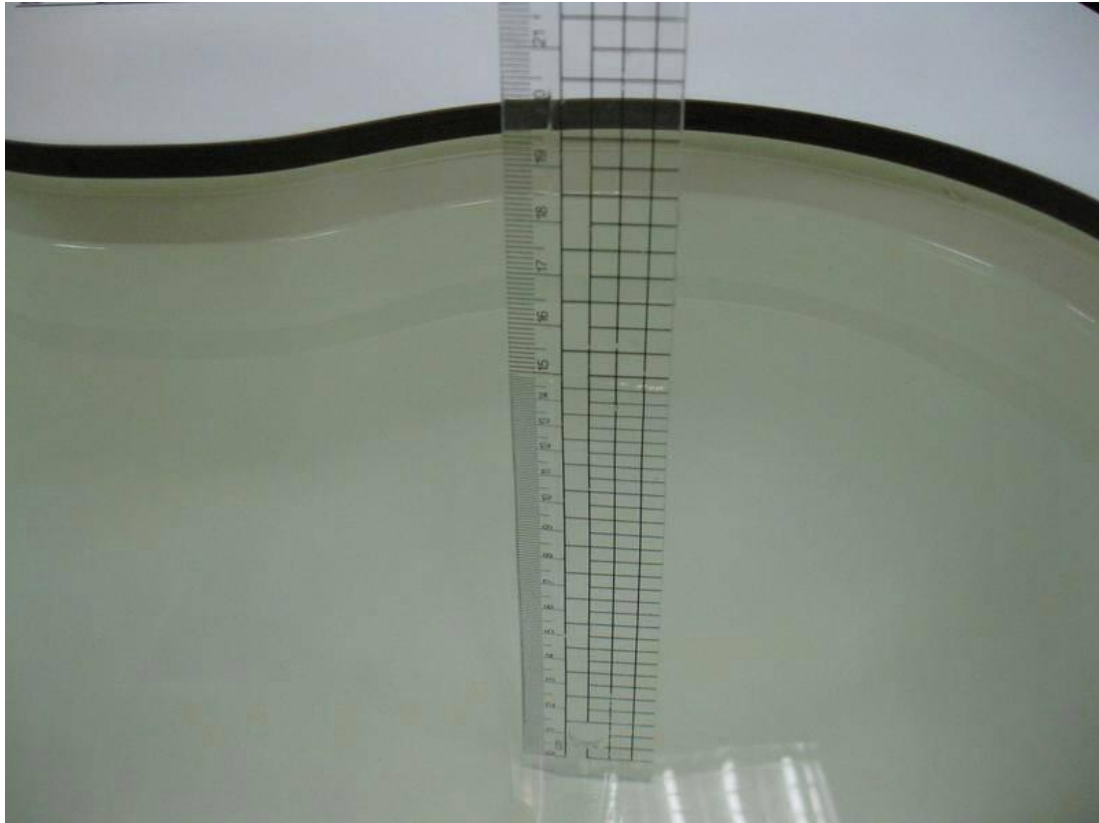


Figure 4.4: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom

### 7.3. Test Results

Test Mode: BLE

Test Position	Test CH	Duty Cycle	Measure SAR 1g(W/kg)	Measure SAR 10g(W/kg)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Power(dBm)	Factor	Scaled Final SAR 1g	Scaled Final SAR 10g	power drift
Front	0	0.7683	0.0103	0.00854	4.81	7.5	1.857804	0.025	0.021	-0.06
Back	39	0.7683	0.0134	0.0101	7.42	7.5	1.018591	0.018	0.013	0.14
Front	39	0.7683	0.0244	0.0122	7.42	7.5	1.018591	0.032	0.016	0.04
Top	39	0.7683	0.0111	0.00741	7.42	7.5	1.018591	0.015	0.010	0.03
Bottom	39	0.7683	0.0102	0.00655	7.42	7.5	1.018591	0.014	0.009	0.07
Left	39	0.7683	0.00988	0.00654	7.42	7.5	1.018591	0.013	0.009	0.14
Right	39	0.7683	/	/	7.42	7.5	1.018591	0.000	0.000	/
Front	78	0.7683	0.0256	0.0111	6.9	7.5	1.148154	0.038	0.017	0.04

Conclusion: PASS

Note:

Factor= Tune up AV Power(W)/Measured Power(W)

Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR\*Factor

Scaled-Final= Scaled SAR-1\*(1/Duty Cycle)

Test Mode: WIFI 2.4GHz

Test Position	Test CH	Duty Cycle	Measure SAR 1g(W/kg)	Measure SAR 10g(W/kg)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Power(dBm)	Factor	Scaled Final SAR 1g	Scaled Final SAR 10g	power drift
Front	6	0.9667	1.14	0.436	20.37	21	1.156112	1.363	0.521	-0.1
Back	1	0.9667	0.112	0.054	20.43	21	1.14025	0.132	0.064	-0.18
Front	1	0.9667	1.12	0.427	20.43	21	1.14025	1.321	0.504	-0.19
Top	1	0.9667	0.0066	0.0028	20.43	21	1.14025	0.008	0.003	-0.03
Bottom	1	0.9667	0.00819	0.00383	20.43	21	1.14025	0.010	0.005	-0.12
Left	1	0.9667	0.503	0.22	20.43	21	1.14025	0.593	0.259	0.12
Right	1	0.9667	/	/	20.43	21	1.14025	0.000	0.000	/
Front	11	0.9667	1.16	0.445	20.28	21	1.180321	1.416	0.543	-0.15

Conclusion: PASS

Note:

Factor= Tune up AV Power(W)/Measured Power(W)

Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR\*Factor

Scaled-Final= Scaled SAR-1\*(1/Duty Cycle)



**Test Mode: WIFI 5GHz-Band 1**

Test Position	Test CH	Duty Cycle	Measure SAR 1g(W/kg)	Measure SAR 10g(W/kg)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Power(dBm)	Factor	Scaled Final SAR 1g	Scaled Final SAR 10g	power drift
Front	40	0.967	0.577	0.183	13.6	14	1.096	0.654	0.208	-0.01
Back	36	0.967	0.081	0.032	13.91	14	1.021	0.086	0.034	-0.2
Front	36	0.967	0.576	0.183	13.91	14	1.021	0.608	0.193	0.03
Top	36	0.967	0.039	0.015	13.91	14	1.021	0.041	0.016	0.15
Bottom	36	0.967	0.028	0.011	13.91	14	1.021	0.030	0.012	-0.19
Left	36	0.967	0.195	0.076	13.91	14	1.021	0.206	0.080	-0.13
Right	36	0.967	/	/	13.91	14	1.021	0.000	0.000	/
Front	48	0.967	0.586	0.185	13.34	14	1.164	0.705	0.223	-0.12

Conclusion: PASS

Note:

Factor= Tune up AV Power(W)/Measured Power(W)

Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR\*Factor

Scaled-Final= Scaled SAR-1\*(1/Duty Cycle)

**Test Mode: WIFI 5GHz- Band 2**

Test Position	Test CH	Duty Cycle	Measure SAR 1g(W/kg)	Measure SAR 10g(W/kg)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Power(dBm)	Factor	Scaled Final SAR 1g	Scaled Final SAR 10g	power drift
Front	60	0.967	0.64	0.203	12.82	13.5	1.169	0.774	0.246	-0.14
Back	52	0.967	0.084	0.034	13.15	13.5	1.084	0.094	0.038	-0.05
Front	52	0.967	0.611	0.195	13.15	13.5	1.084	0.685	0.219	0.03
Top	52	0.967	0.043	0.017	13.15	13.5	1.084	0.048	0.019	-0.1
Bottom	52	0.967	0.029	0.012	13.15	13.5	1.084	0.033	0.013	-0.01
Left	52	0.967	0.2	0.079	13.15	13.5	1.084	0.224	0.089	0.07
Right	52	0.967	/	/	13.15	13.5	1.084	0.000	0.000	/
Front	64	0.967	0.618	0.197	12.38	13.5	1.294	0.827	0.264	-0.02

Conclusion: PASS

Note:

Factor= Tune up AV Power(W)/Measured Power(W)

Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR\*Factor

Scaled-Final= Scaled SAR-1\*(1/Duty Cycle)



Test Mode: WIFI 5GHz- Band 3

Test Position	Test CH	Duty Cycle	Measure SAR 1g(W/kg)	Measure SAR 10g(W/kg)	Conducted Power(dBm)	Tune up Power(dBm)	Factor	Scaled Final SAR 1g	Scaled Final SAR 10g	power drift
Front	157	0.967	0.762	0.243	11.01	12	1.256	0.990	0.316	-0.03
Back	149	0.967	0.102	0.041	11.95	12	1.012	0.107	0.043	-0.1
Front	149	0.967	0.771	0.245	11.95	12	1.012	0.807	0.256	-0.04
Top	149	0.967	0.046	0.018	11.95	12	1.012	0.048	0.019	-0.11
Bottom	149	0.967	0.031	0.013	11.95	12	1.012	0.032	0.014	-0.01
Left	149	0.967	0.241	0.095	11.95	12	1.012	0.252	0.099	-0.08
Right	149	0.967	/	/	11.95	12	1.012	0.000	0.000	/
Front	165	0.967	0.777	0.247	10.38	12	1.452	1.167	0.371	-0.15

Conclusion: PASS

Note:

Factor= Tune up AV Power(W)/Measured Power(W)

Scaled SAR-1= Measured SAR\*Factor

Scaled-Final= Scaled SAR-1\*(1/Duty Cycle)

Total:

Test Mode			Total SAR 1g	Limit
Position	WLAN	BT		
Front	1.416	0.038	1.454	1.6W/kg

# APPENDIX A

## Graph Results (WIFI 2.4GHz & WIFI 5GHz)

### Test Mode: BT:

Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 21/08/2023

**CH0(2402MHz Front)**

**DUT:AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool M/N:OADD-PO0805V**

Communication System: UID 0, Blue Tooth (0); Communication System Band: Mid;

Frequency: 2402 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2402 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.828 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.913$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CH0(2402MHz Front)/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $0.173 \text{ W/kg}$

**Configuration/CH0(2402MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

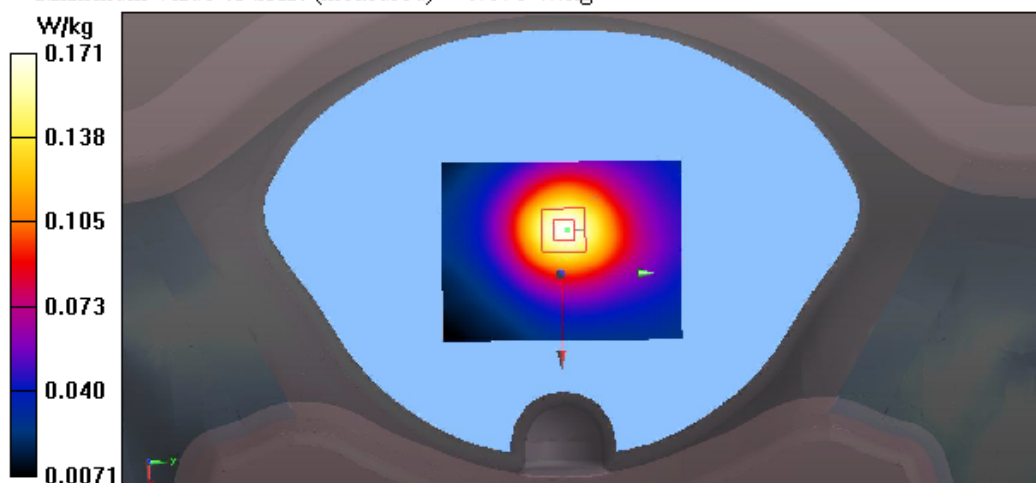
Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $9.687 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.06 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $0.248 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $0.0103 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.00854 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.171 \text{ W/kg}$



Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab

Date: 21/08/2023

**CH39(2441MHz Front)**

DUT: AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool M/N: OADD-PO0805V

Communication System: UID 0, Blue Tooth (0); Communication System Band: Mid;

Frequency: 2441 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2441 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.878 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.734$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CH39(2441MHz Front)/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.180 W/kg

**Configuration/CH39(2441MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.552 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.262 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.0244 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0122 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.180 W/kg



**Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab**

Date: 21/08/2023

**CH78(2480MHz Front)**

**DUT:AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool M/N:OADD-PO0805V**

Communication System: UID 0, Blue Tooth (0); Communication System Band: Mid;

Frequency: 2480 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2480 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.917 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.579$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CH78(2480MHz Front)/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.187 W/kg

**Configuration/CH78(2480MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.612 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.272 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.0256 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0111 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 W/kg



Note: show the worst case of BT, other data is meaningless

**Test Mode: WIFI 2.4GHz:**

**Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab**

Date: 21/08/2023

**CH1(2412MHz Back)**

**DUT:AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool M/N:OADD-PO0805V**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz) ; Frequency: 2412

MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.841$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.849$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Back)/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.133 W/kg

**Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Back)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement

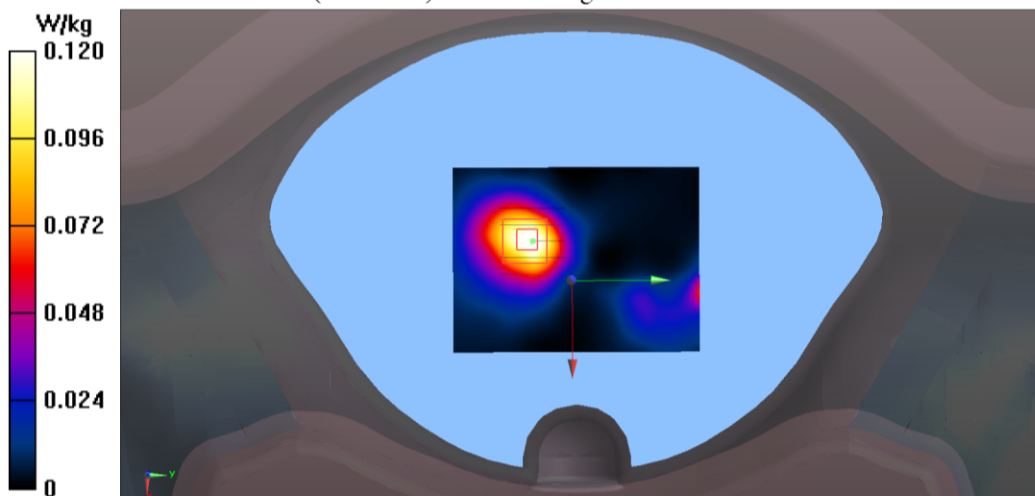
grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 4.008 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.253 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.112 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 W/kg



**Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab**

Date: 21/08/2023

**CH1(2412MHz Bottom)**

**DUT:AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool M/N:OADD-PO0805V**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz) ; Frequency: 2412

MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.841$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.849$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Bottom)/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0128 W/kg

**Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Bottom)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

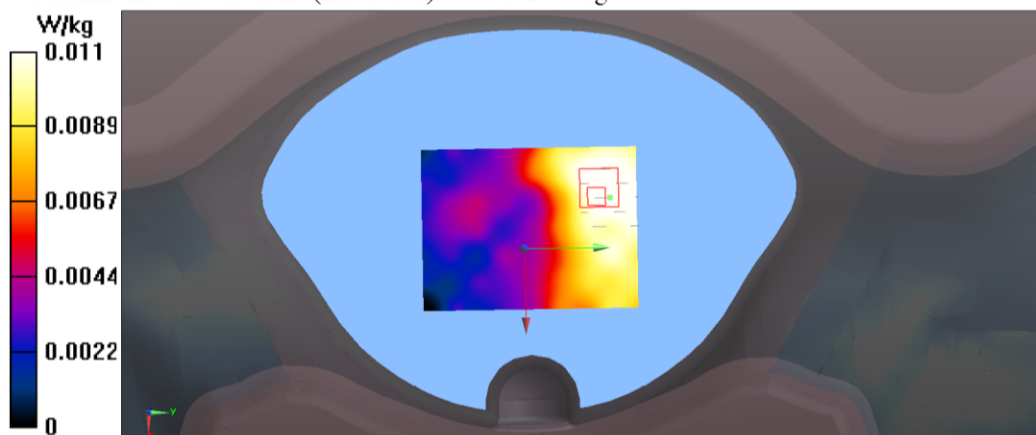
Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 1.259 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0130 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.00819 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00383 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0112 W/kg





**Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab**

Date: 21/08/2023

**CH1(2412MHz Front)**

**DUT:AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool M/N:OADD-PO0805V**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz) ; Frequency: 2412

MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.841 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.849$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Front)/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg

**Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

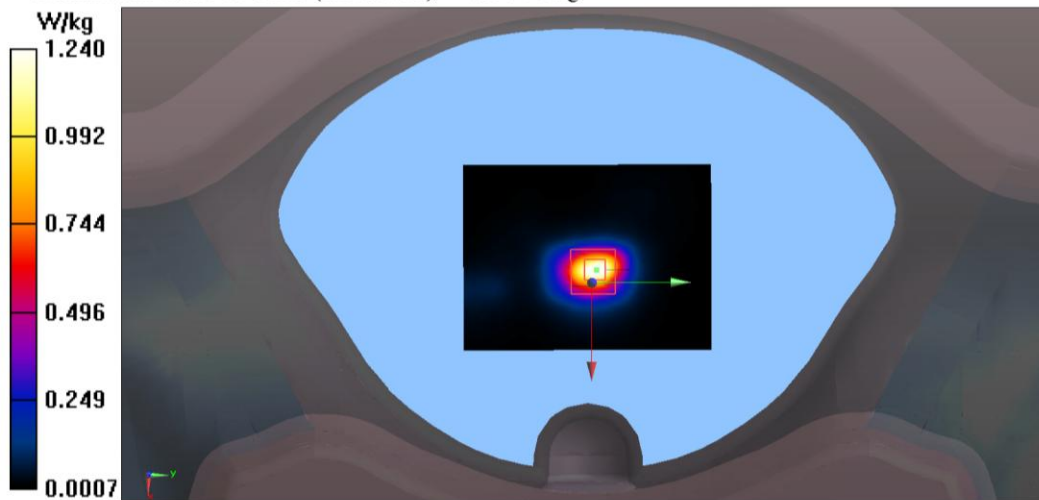
Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.18 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.427 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg



**Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab**

Date: 21/08/2023

**CH1(2412MHz Left)**

**DUT:AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool M/N:OADD-PO0805V**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz) ; Frequency: 2412

MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.841$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.849$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Left)/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.609 W/kg

**Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Left)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement

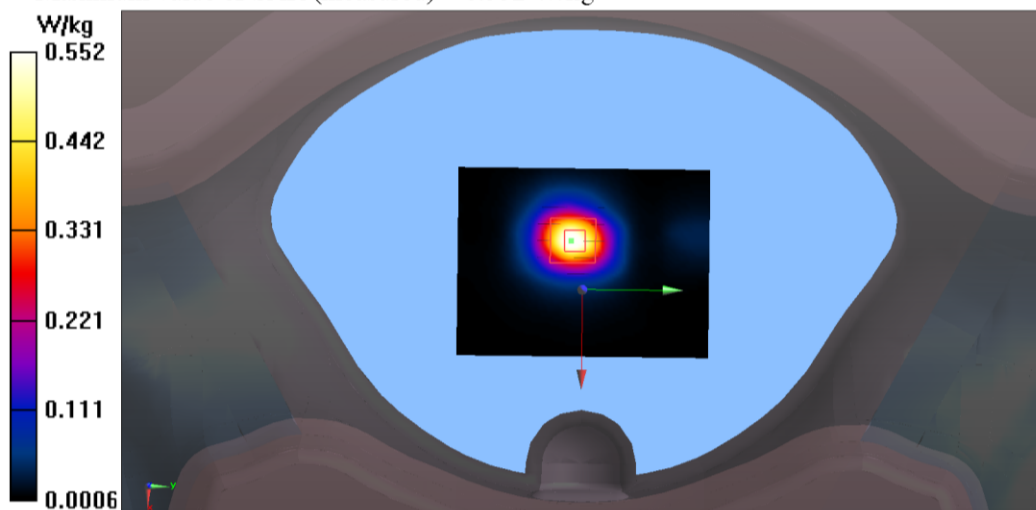
grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.503 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.552 W/kg



**Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab**

Date: 21/08/2023

**CH1(2412MHz Top)**

**DUT:AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool M/N:OADD-PO0805V**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz) ; Frequency: 2412

MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.841$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.849$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Top)/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00976 W/kg

**Configuration/CH1(2412MHz Top)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement

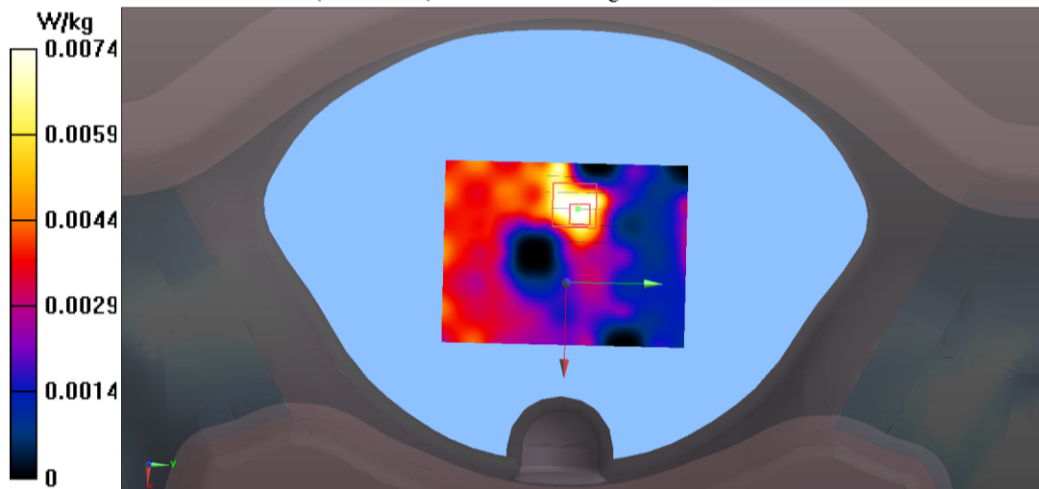
grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 1.366 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0220 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.0066 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0028 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00745 W/kg



**Test Laboratory: Audix SAR Lab**

Date: 21/08/2023

**CH6(2437MHz Front)**

**DUT:AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool M/N:OADD-PO0805V**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps) (0);

Communication System Band: ISM 2.4GHz Band (2400.0-2483.5MHz) ; Frequency: 2437

MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.873$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.753$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3767; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 12/06/2023;
- Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn899; Calibrated: 17/05/2023
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1543
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**Configuration/CH6(2437MHz Front)/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.44 W/kg

**Configuration/CH6(2437MHz Front)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.22 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.436 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg

