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SAR TEST REPORT

For

TEVII TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Wireless HDMI Extender

Test Model: E100C TX

Additional Model No.: Present + Share USB-C Edition

Prepared for : TEVII TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Address 10F, No. 125, Sec. 2, Datong Rd. 22183 Xizhi District, New

Taipei City, Taiwan

Prepared by : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

101, 201 Building A and 301 Building C, Juji Industrial Park,

Address : Yabianxueziwei Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen,

518000, P.R.C.

Tel : (86)755-82591330 Fax : (86)755-82591332 Web : www.LCS-cert.com

Mail : webmaster@LCS-cert.com

Date of receipt of test sample : June 13, 2023

Number of tested samples : 1

Sample No. : A061223063-1 Serial number : Prototype

Date of Test : June 13, 2023 ~June 13, 2023

Date of Report : June 20, 2023



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Report No.: LCSA061223063E

SAR TEST REPORT

Report Reference No.: LCSA061223063E

Date Of Issue: June 20, 2023

Testing Laboratory Name....:: **Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**

Address:: 101, 201 Building A and 301 Building C, Juji Industrial Park,

Yabianxueziwei Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000,

P.R.C.

Testing Location/ Procedure: Full application of Harmonised standards

Applicant's Name: **TEVII TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.**

10F, No. 125, Sec. 2, Datong Rd. 22183 Xizhi District, New Taipei Address::

City, Taiwan

Test Specification:

IEEE Std C95.1, 2019/IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-2020 Standard....::

/FCC Part 2.1093

Test Report Form No.: LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator.....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF: Dated 2014-09

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Test Item Description.....: Wireless HDMI Extender

Trade Mark: TEVII, ClearClick, SIIG

Model/Type Reference....:: E100C TX Operation Frequency: WLAN5.2G.

Ratings: DC 5V From Type-C

Result: Positive

Compiled by:

Jay Zhan/ File administrators

Supervised by:

Approved by:

Cary Luo /Technique principal

Gavin Liang/ Manager



Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.





FCC ID: 2ALU5E100CTX

SAR -- TEST REPORT

Report No.: LCSA061223063E

Test Report No. : LCSA061223063E June 20, 2023
Date of issue

Type / Model..... : E100C TX EUT..... : Wireless HDMI Extender Applicant..... : TEVII TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. 10F, No. 125, Sec. 2, Datong Rd. 22183 Xizhi District, New Address..... Taipei City, Taiwan Telephone..... Fax..... TEVII TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. Manufacturer..... 10F, No. 125, Sec. 2, Datong Rd. 22183 Xizhi District, New Address..... Taipei City, Taiwan Telephone..... Fax..... Factory..... Address.....: / Telephone.....: : / Fax.....

Test Result	Positive
rest Nesuit	i Ositive

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.



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Revison History

Revison History			
Revision	Issue Date	Revision Content	Revised By
000	June 20, 2023	Initial Issue	- 12















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Add: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China
Tel: +(86) 0755-82591330 | E-mail: webmaster@lcs-cert.com | Web: www.lcs-cert.com



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TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Test Standards

IEEE Std C95.1-2019: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields, 0 Hz to 300 GHz.lt specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-2020: Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices –Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures(Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)

FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB447498 D02 SAR Procedures for Dongle Xmtr v02r01: SAR Measurement Procedures For USB Dongle Transmitters.

KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 : SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS

1.2. Test Description

If a suitable host computer is not available for testing the Horizontal-Down (B) or the remaining Vertical USB orientation, a high quality USB cable, 12 inches or less, may be used for testing these other orientations. checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power. And Test device is identical prototype.

1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	June 13, 2023
Testing commenced on		June 13, 2023
Testing concluded on	:	June 13, 2023

1.4. Product Description

The TEVII TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.'s Model: E100C TX or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

General Description		
EUT:	Wireless HDMI Extender	
Model/Type reference:	E100C TX	
Additional Model No.	Present + Share USB-C Edition	
Model Declaration	1	
Hardware Version	1	
Software Version:	1	
Power supply:	DC 5V From Type-C	

The EUT is Wireless HDMI Extender, the Wireless HDMI Extender is intended for WLAN transmission. It is equipped with WiFi5.2G camera functions. For more information see the following datasheet,

Technical Characteristics	3	
5.2G WLAN		
Frequency Range:	5180MHz-5240MHz	



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Type of Modulation:	IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)	
Channal number	4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5180MHz~5240MHz)	7 Hijz
Channel number:	2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5190MHz~5230MHz)	-4i1
Antenna Description:	Iron sheet antenna , 2.22dBi(Max.)	

































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1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for E100C TX are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment	Frequency	Body-worn
Class	Band	(Report SAR1-g (W/kg)
NII	WIFI5.2G	0.287

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-



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2. TEST ENVIRONMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

Sar Lab. : NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.

FCC Designation Number is CN5024.

CAB identifier is CN0071.

CNAS Registration Number is L4595. ISED Designation Number is 9642A.

2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0		
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/ feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



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2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

	F 520 willif 135	F V.20 s. IIIII 138		F 528 a IIIII 134		F V.Pr = 11111 13%
Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
1	PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
2	SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
3	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2023-06-09	2024-06-08
4	S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	2023-06-09	2024-06-08
5	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	103818-1	2022-10-29	2023-10-28
6	E-Field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 25/22 EPGO376	2022-06-29	2023-06-28
7	DIPOLE 5000-6000	MVG	SWG5500	SN 49/16 WGA 43	2021-09-22	2024-09-21
8	COMOSAR OPENCoaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	2022-10-29	2023-10-28
9	SAR Locator	SATIMO	VPS51	SN 40/14 VPS51	2022-10-29	2023-10-28
10	Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA57	SN 39/14 ANTA57	2022-10-29	2023-10-28
11	FEATURE PHONEPOSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
12	DUMMY PROBE	SATIMO	DP60	SN 03/14 DP60	N/A	N/A
13	SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
14	Liquid measurement Kit	HP	s 85033D	3423A03482	N/A	N/A
15	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2022-10-29	2023-10-28
16	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2022-10-29	2023-10-28
17	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2022-10-29	2023-10-28
18	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2022-10-29	2023-10-28
19	Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2023-06-09	2024-06-08
				i		

Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;
- c) The most recent return-loss results, measued at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the provious measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.











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SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SARMeasurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch, It sends an "Emergency signal" to the robot controller that to stop robot's moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

OPENSAR software

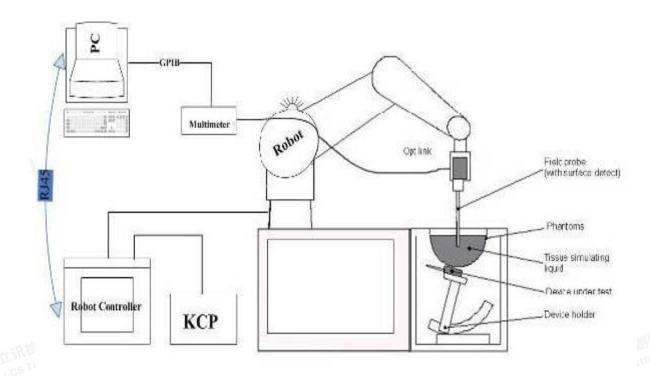
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.





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3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO376 (manufactured by MVG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

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Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 450 MHz to 6 GHz;

Linearity:0.25dB(450 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe

axis)

Dynamic Range 0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: 0.25 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm)

Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm)

Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm

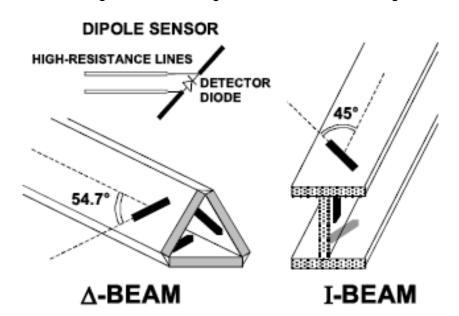
Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:





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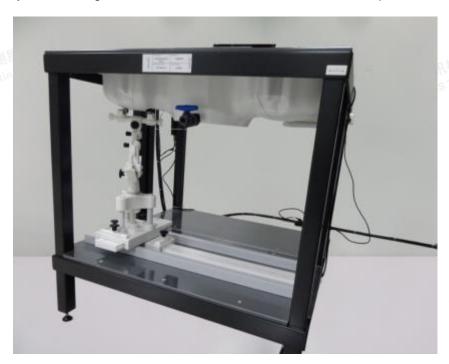
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3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE 1528 and EN62209-1, EN62209-2. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robo

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.





SAM Twin Phantom

3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin PhantomSAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



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Device holder supplied by SATIMO

3.5. Scanning Procedure

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm $3 - 4$ GHz: \leq 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: \leq 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.



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Maximum zoom scan	snatial res	olution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm	$3-4~\text{GHz}$: $\leq 5~\text{mm}^*$	
Maximum 200m Scan	spatial res	ordron: Axzoom, Ayzoom	$2-3 \text{ GHz: } \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$4 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	nal to graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3-4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4-5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5-6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid \[\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1): \] between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq 30 \; mm$	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

工资 立洲檢測股份























^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factor ConvFiDiode compression point Dcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density μ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field

dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:





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E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field probes:

$$\begin{split} H_i &= \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f} \\ & \text{(i = x, y, z)} \\ & \text{(i = x, y, z)} \end{split}$$

With Vi Normi

= compensated signal of channel i = sensor sensitivity of channel i

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

= carrier frequency [GHz]

Εi = electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

= total field strength in V/m Etot

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.











3.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water, salt, Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	1,2- Propan ediol	X100	Water	Conductivity	Permittivity
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	σ	εr
750	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
835	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
900	/	/	/	0.79	/	64.81	/	34.40	0.97	41.8
1800	/	13.84	/	0.35	/	was the	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
1900	一江 图 测 图	13.84	/	0.35	小田位	M Por 1 ap	30.45	55.36	1.38	41.0
2000	Thesting	7.99	/	0.16	T Was Tes	ting /	19.97	71.88	1.55	41.1
2450	1	7.99	/	0.16	1	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3
2600	/	7.99	/	0.16	/	/	19.97	71.88	1.88	40.3

Target Frequency	He	ad	В	ody
(MHz)	٤r	σ(S/m)	٤r	σ(S/m)
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
2600	39.0	1.96	52.5	2.16
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5200	36.0	4.66	49.01	5.30
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

3.8. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Test Eng	Test Engineer: bob.yang										
Tissue	Measured	Targe	t Tissue		Measure	d Tissue		Liquid	Test Data		
Type	Frequency (MHz)	σ	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	σ	Dev.	εr	Dev.	Temp.			
5200H	5200	4.66	36.00	4.44	-4.72%	36.44	1.22%	22.5	06/13/2023		











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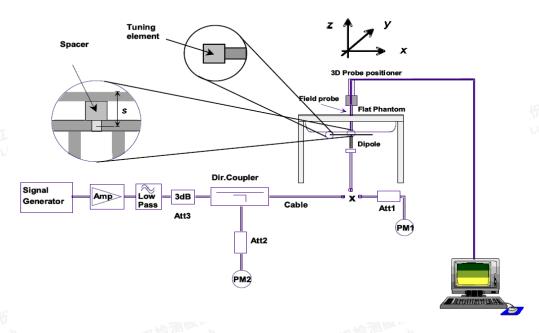


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System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Photo of Dipole Setup



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Add: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000. China



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Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended. While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID5200 SN 49/16 DIP WGA43 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2021-09-22	-8.59		19.38		13.50	
2022-09-22	-8.62	0.35	19.25	-0.13	13.47	-0.03

Mixture Type	Frequency	Dower	SAR _{1q}	SAR _{10q}	Drift	1W Ta	rget	_	rence ntage	Liquid	Date
	(MHz)	Power	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	(%)	SAR _{1g} (W/Kg)	SAR _{10g} (W/Kg)	1g	10g	Temp	Date
	7:17	100 mW	15.852	5.569	4.19.10	LingLab			27 77	MET IN CITY	D
Head	5200	Normalize to 1 Watt	158.52	55.69	3.96	165.77	57.2	-4.37%	-2.64%	22.5	06/13/2023

























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3.10. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

3.10.1 Conducted power measurement

- a. For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- b. Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- c. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- d. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

3.10.2 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:

- 1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.
- 2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an "initial test configuration" is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.
- a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.
- b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands
- c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.
- 3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.
- 4. An "initial test position" is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions.
- a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.
- b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration. 802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.
- 5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures.
- 6. The "subsequent test configuration" procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed



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exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.

1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
- b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements.20 In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

- 3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4). When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.
- a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

- a. Channels with measured maximum output power within ¼ dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
- b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.





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c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.23 For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.
- 1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
- 2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.
- a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
- 1) replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)



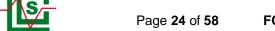
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Add: 101, 201 Bldg Å & 301 Bldg Č, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China

Tel: +(86) 0755-82591330 | E-mail: webmaster@lcs-cert.com | Web: www.lcs-cert.com Scan code to check authenticity

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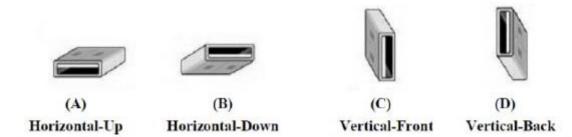


2) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations.

3.11. Configuration and Peripherals

The EUT was tested in the following configuration(s) unless otherwise stated:

- Powered via a USB port.
- Test all USB orientations [see figure below: (A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Vertical-Front, and (D) Vertical-Back] with a device-to-phantom separation distance of 5 mm or less, according to KDB Publication 447498 D01 requirements.



These test orientations are intended for the exposure conditions found in typical laptop/notebook/netbook or tablet computers with either horizontal or vertical USB connector configurations at various locations in the keyboard section of the computer. Current generation portable host computers should be used to establish the required SAR measurement separation distance. The same test separation distance must be used to test all frequency bands and modes in each USB orientation. The typical Horizontal-Up USB connection (A), found in the majority of host computers, must be tested using an appropriate host computer. A host computer with either Vertical-Front (C) or Vertical-Back (D) USB connection should be used to test one of the vertical USB orientations. If a suitable host computer is not available for testing the Horizontal-Down (B) or the remaining Vertical USB orientation, a high quality USB cable, 12 inches or less, may be used for testing these other orientations. It must be documented that the USB cable does not influence the radiating characteristics and output power of the transmitter

3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.













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4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1. Conducted Power Results

Max Conducted power measurement results and power drift from tune-up tolerance provide by manufacturer:

<WLAN 5.2G Conducted Power>

CWLAN 5.29 Conducted Fower>											
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power(dBm)	Worst Case Test Rate Data							
	36	5180	9.16	MCS0							
IEEE 802.11a	40	5200	8.38	MCS0							
	48	5240	8.21	MCS0							
	36	5180	9.04	MCS0							
IEEE 802.11n HT20	40	5200	7.34	MCS0							
	48	5240	8.04	MCS0							
IEEE 802.11n HT40	38	5190	7.34	MCS0							
IEEE 802.11h H140	46	5230	8.83	MCS0							























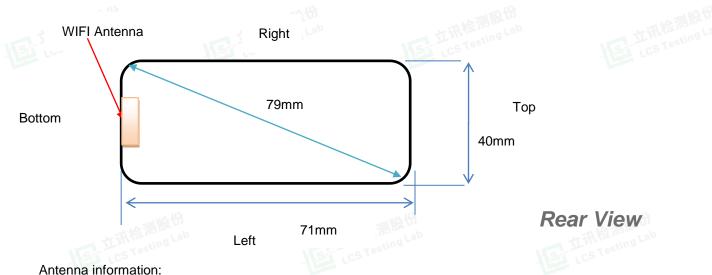




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4.2. Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position



Antenna information:

	NAME AND TRANSPORT
WIFI Antenna	WLAN TX/RX
VIII / AITOIIIIA	V = 1 (1 1) (1 () (

Measured Position:

Position 1	Horizontal-Up
Position 2	Horizontal-Down
Position 3	Vertical-Front
Position 4	Vertical- Back







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4.3. SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Scaling factor=10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

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Duty	o yole
Test Mode	Duty Cycle
WLAN5200	1:1

4.4.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [WIFI5.2G]

				•	,, v u		[**11 13.20	1				
				Conduc	cted		ximum	Powe		SAR _{1-g} re	sults(W/kg)	
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Positio	Powe	(dBm)		llowed Power dBm)	r Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	Measure d	Reported	Graph Results
	measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)											
36	5180	802.1	1a	Position 1	9.16	6	9.50	1.03	1.081	0.265	0.287	Plot 1
			me	easured / repo	rted SAI	R nun	nbers - Bod	y (distand	ce 0mm)			
36	5180	802.1	1a	Position 2	9.16	6	9.50	-3.03	1.081	0.247	0.267	- 115
	IN: AL	182711	me	easured / repo	rted SAI	R nun	nbers - Body	y (distanc	ce 0mm)			山川野之下
36	5180	802.1	1a	Position 3	9.16	6	9.50	4.52	1.081	0.232	0.251	ting Lar
AST.	CS Tes		me	easured / repo	rted SAI	R nun	nbers - Body	y (distanc	ce 0mm)	•	VISA LCS	162.
36	5180	802.1°	1a	Position 4	9.16	6	9.50	0.33	1.081	0.219	0.237	

Remark:

- 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 3. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements.19 If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 4. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.











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4.4. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

							First Re	epeated
60	Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Configuration	Test Position	Repeated SAR (yes/no)	Highest Measured SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg)	Measued SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
	5200	5.2GWLAN	Standalone	Position 1	no	0.265	n/a	n/a

Remark:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)

4.5. General description of test procedures

- 1. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
- 2. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
- 3. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
- 4. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - \bullet ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transm0.105ission band is \le 100 MHz
 - \bullet ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 5. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.



Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Add: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China



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6. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements.19 If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

7. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

4.6. Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR according to KDB865664D01.



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4.7. System Check Results

Test mode:5200MHz(Head) Product Description:Validation

Model:Dipole SID5000

E-Field Probe: SSE2(SN 25/22 EPGO376)

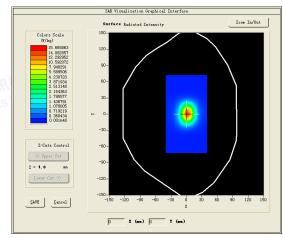
Test Date:June 13, 2023

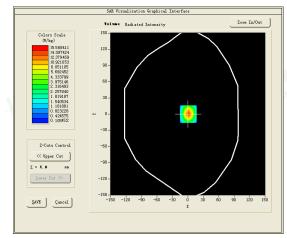
Medium(liquid type)	HSL _5000
Frequency (MHz)	5200.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.44
Conductivity (S/m)	4.44
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.85
Variation (%)	3.960000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.569210
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	15.852034

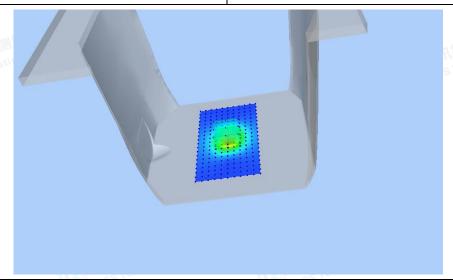
SURFACE SAR

VOLUME SAR

Report No.: LCSA061223063E











Page 31 of 58 FCC ID: 2ALU5E100CTX Report No.: LCSA061223063E

4.8. SAR Test Graph Results

SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination

Test Mode: 802.11a (WiFi5.2G),Low channel (Test Position 1)

Product Description: Wireless HDMI Extender

Model: E100C TX

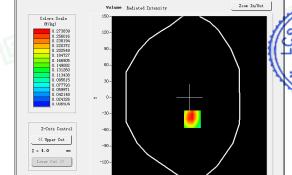
Test Date: June 13, 2023

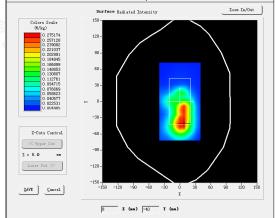
Medium(liquid type)	HSL _5000
Frequency (MHz)	5180.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.68
Conductivity (S/m)	4.43
E-Field Probe	SN 25/22 EPGO376
Crest Factor	1.0 Till malab
Conversion Factor	1.85 (5 185)
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	1.030000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.136225
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.264914
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR

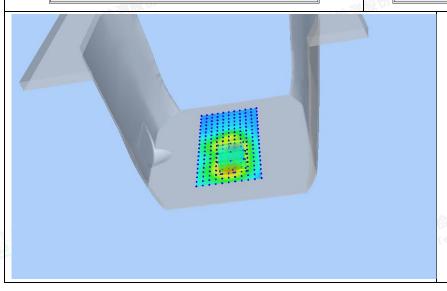
SURFACE SAR

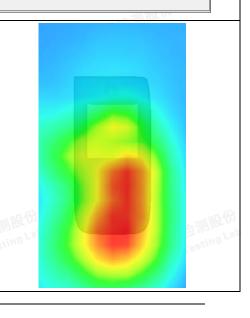


SAVE Cancel











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5. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

5.1 Probe-EPGO376 Calibration Certificate



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.180.4.22.BES.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 25/22 EPGO376

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 06/29/2022



Accreditations #2-6789 Scope available on www.cofrac.f

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

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Ref: ACR.180.4,22.BES.A

28	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by : Jérôme Le Gall Mea		Measurement Responsible	6/30/2022	1
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	6/30/2022	JS
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	6/30/2022	Yann TOUTANN

2022.06.30 13:37:53 +02'00'

	Customer Name	
Distribution:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.	

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Le Gall	6/30/2022	Initial release
	1		

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518000, China









Ref: ACR.180.4.22.BES.A

Report No.: LCSA061223063E



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Ref: ACR.180.4.22.BES.A

Report No.: LCSA061223063E

DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD F		
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	SN 25/22 EPGO376	
Product Condition (new / used)	New	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.193 MΩ	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.188 MΩ	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.198 MΩ	

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

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The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°-180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°-360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and dbe + d_{step} along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

SAR_{uncertainty} [%] =
$$\delta$$
SAR_{be} $\frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-d_{be}/(\delta \beta)})}{\delta/2}$ for $(d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10$ mm

where

SARuncertainty is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement d_{be}

point, in millimetre

is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that Δ_{step}

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

8 is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

4SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance dbe from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SAR uncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

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Template_ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE_COMOSAR Probe vK

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MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C	
Lab Humidity	30-70 %	

SENSITIVITY IN AIR

		Normz dipole 3 (μV/(V/m) ²)
0.76	0.78	0.76

4 8 8		DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
106	107	108

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



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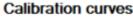


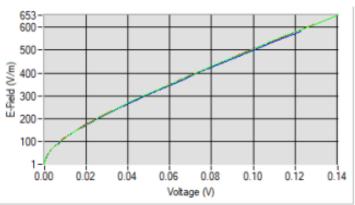




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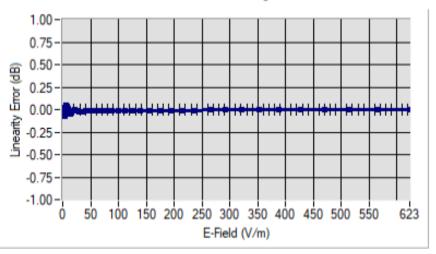




Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity:+/-1.81% (+/-0.08dB)

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SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

MHz +/- 100MHz 1.74* 1.67* 1.67* 1.67* 1.69* 1.69* 1.73* 1.69* 1.73* 1.75* 1.80* 1.80* 1.80* 1.87* 1.80* 1.80* 1.87* 1.80* 1.80* 1.87* 1.80* 1.80* 1.87* 1.80* 1.80* 1.87* 1.80* 1.80* 1.80* 1.80* 1.80* 1.85* 1.80*	Liquid	Frequency	ConvF
HL450* 450* 1.74* BL450* 450* 1.67* HL750 750 1.69 BL750 750 1.73 HL850 835 1.75 BL850 835 1.80 HL900 900 1.87 BL900 900 1.85 HL1800 1800 2.09 BL1800 1800 2.15 HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.00 BL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01			
BL450* 450* 1.67* HL750 750 1.69 BL750 750 1.73 HL850 835 1.75 BL850 835 1.80 HL900 900 1.87 BL900 900 1.85 HL1800 1800 2.09 BL1800 1800 2.15 HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5600		100MHz)	
HL750 750 1.69 BL750 750 1.73 HL850 835 1.75 BL850 835 1.80 HL900 900 1.87 BL900 900 1.85 HL1800 1800 2.09 BL1800 1800 2.15 HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600	HL450*	450*	1.74*
BL750 750 1.73 HL850 835 1.75 BL850 835 1.80 HL900 900 1.87 BL900 900 1.85 HL1800 1800 2.09 BL1800 1800 2.15 HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 <td>BL450*</td> <td>450*</td> <td>1.67*</td>	BL450*	450*	1.67*
HL850 835 1.75 BL850 835 1.80 HL900 900 1.87 BL900 900 1.85 HL1800 1800 2.09 BL1800 1800 2.15 HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL750	750	1.69
BL850 835 1.80 HL900 900 1.87 BL900 900 1.85 HL1800 1800 2.09 BL1800 1800 2.15 HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL750	750	1.73
HL900 900 1.87 BL900 900 1.85 HL1800 1800 2.09 BL1800 1800 2.15 HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL850	835	1.75
BL900 900 1.85 HL1800 1800 2.09 BL1800 1800 2.15 HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL850	835	1.80
HL1800 1800 2.09 BL1800 1800 2.15 HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL900	900	1.87
BL1800 1800 2.15 HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL900	900	1.85
HL1900 1900 2.14 BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL1800	1800	2.09
BL1900 1900 2.27 HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL1800	1800	2.15
HL2000 2000 2.31 BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL1900	1900	2.14
BL2000 2000 2.34 HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL1900	1900	2.27
HL2300 2300 2.46 BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL2000	2000	
BL2300 2300 2.51 HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL2000	2000	2.34
HL2450 2450 2.60 BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL2300	2300	2.46
BL2450 2450 2.70 HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL2300	2300	2.51
HL2600 2600 2.39 BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL2450	2450	2.60
BL2600 2600 2.50 HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL2450	2450	2.70
HL5200 5200 1.85 BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL2600	2600	
BL5200 5200 1.81 HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL2600	2600	2.50
HL5400 5400 2.07 BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL5200	5200	1.85
BL5400 5400 2.00 HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL5200	5200	1.81
HL5600 5600 2.19 BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	HL5400	5400	2.07
BL5600 5600 2.11 HL5800 5800 2.01	BL5400	5400	2.00
HL5800 5800 2.01	HL5600	5600	2.19
	BL5600	5600	2.11
P. 5000	HL5800	5800	2.01
BL5800 5800 1.97	BL5800	5800	1.97

Frequency not cover by COFRAC scope, calibration not accredited

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg





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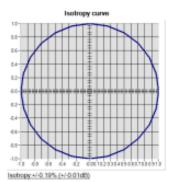


Ref: ACR.180.4,22.BES.A



ISOTROPY

HL1800 MHz



























Ref: ACR.180.4,22,BES.A



LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equipment Summary Sheet			
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2019	10/2022
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRVD	832839-056	11/2019	11/2022
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

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Template_ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE_COMOSAR Probe vK

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.4.22.BES.A

Liquid transition	MVG			Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024







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5.2 SID5G-6G Dipole Calibration Ceriticate



Report No.: LCSA061223063E





SAR Reference Waveguide Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATU.A

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN BLVDBAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINAMVG COMOSAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE

> FREQUENCY: 5000-6000 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 49/16 WGA 43

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144





Calibration Date: 09/22/2021

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference waveguide calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.







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SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATU. A



·	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	09/28/2021	Jes
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	09/28/2021	Jes
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	09/28/2021	them Puthous

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.



Issue	Date	Mod.fications
A	09/28/2021	Initial release
5		

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Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATU. A

Report No.: LCSA061223063E



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Ref: ACR, 273, 5, 18, SATU, A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference waveguides used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

	Device Under Test
Device Type	COMOSAR 5000-6000 MHz REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SWG5500
Scrial Number	SN 49/16 WGA 43
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION 3

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Waveguides are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference waveguides used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS 4.1

The waveguide used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -8 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed with matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical dimensions of the validation waveguide, the specified dimensions are as shown in Section 6.2. Figure 1 shows how the dimensions relate to the physical construction of the waveguide.

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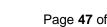
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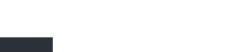


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Report No.: LCSA061223063E



MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k-2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

RETURN LOSS 5.1

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 <u>DIMENSION MEASUREMENT</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

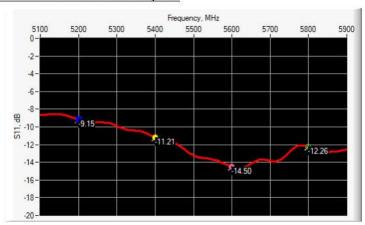
VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS IN HEAD LIQUID



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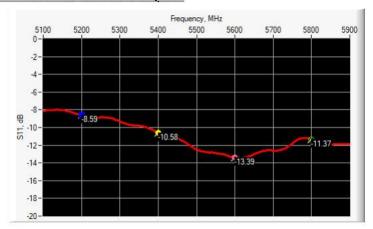
Ref: ACR,273,5,18,SATU, A

Report No.: LCSA061223063E



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
5200	-9.15	-8	$20.57 \Omega + 11.55 j\Omega$
5400	-11.21	-8	$75.27 \Omega + 4.08 j\Omega$
5600	-14.50	-8	33.91 Ω - 8.72 jΩ
5800	-12.26	-8	$53.07 \Omega + 23.41 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
5200	-8.59	-8	$19.38 \Omega + 13.50 jΩ$
5400	-10.58	-8	$77.13 \Omega + 1.81 j\Omega$
5600	-13.39	-8	30.95 Ω - 7.75 jΩ
5800	-11.37	-8	$54.79 \Omega + 25.47 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequenc	L(mm)	W (mm)	L _f (mm)	$W_{\rm f}$	mm)	Τ (mm)
y (MHz)	Require d	Measure d	Require d	Measure d	Require d	Measure d	Require d	Measure d	Require d	Measure d
5200	40.39 = 0.13	PASS	20.19 = 0.13	PASS	81.03 <u> </u>	PASS	61.98 = 0.13	PASS	5.3*	PASS
5800	40.39 = 0.13	PASS	20.19 = 0.13	PASS	81.03 = 0.13	PASS	61.98 = 0.13	PASS	4.3*	PASS

* The tolerance for the matching layer is included in the return loss measurement.

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ReF ACR 273 5 18 SATU A



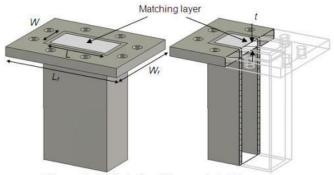


Figure 1: Validation Waveguide Dimensions

VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference waveguide meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed with the matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative peri	nittivity (ɛ/')	Conductivi	ty (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
5000	36.2 ±10 %		4.45 ±10 %	
5100	36.1 ±10 %		4.56 ±10 %	
5200	36.0 ±10 %	PASS	4.66 ±10 %	PASS
5300	35.9 ±10 %		4.76 ±10 %	
5400	35.8 ±10 %	PASS	4.86 ±10 %	PASS
5500	35.6 ±10 %		4.97 ±10 %	
5600	35.5 ±10 %	PASS	5.07 ±10 %	PASS
5700	35.4 ±10 %		5.17 ±10 %	
5800	35.3 ±10 %	PASS	5.27 ±10 %	PASS
5900	35.2 ±10 %		5.38 ±10 %	
6000	35.1 ±10 %		5.48 ±10 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

At those frequencies, the target SAR value can not be generic. Hereunder is the target SAR value defined by MVG, within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W net power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

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Liquid Temperature Lab Temperature

Lab Humidity

SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATU.A.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values 5200 MHz: eps': 35.64 sigma: 4.67 Head Liquid Values 5400 MHz: eps': 36.44 sigma: 4.87 Head Liquid Values 5600 MHz: eps': 36.66 sigma: 5.17 Head Liquid Values 5800 MHz: eps': 35.31 sigma: 5.31
Distance between dipole waveguide and liquid	0 mm
Area sean resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=4mm/dy=4m/dz=2mm
Frequency	5200 MHz 5400 MHz 5600 MHz 5800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm

21 °C

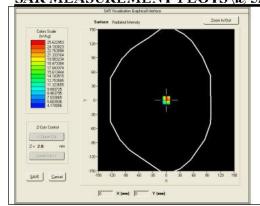
21 °C 45 %

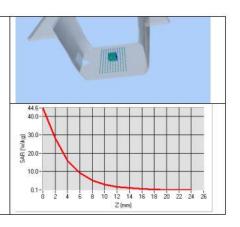
Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/kg)		10 g SA	R (W/kg)
(required	measured	required	measured
5200	159.00	165.77 (16.58)	56.90	57.20 (5.72)
5400	166.40	173.20 (17.32)	58.43	59.22 (5.92)
5600	173.80	179.61 (17.96)	59.97	60.98 (6.10)
5800	181.20	186.77 (18.68)	61.50	62.84 (6.28)



S

SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5200 MHz





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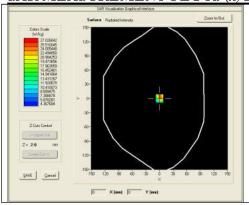


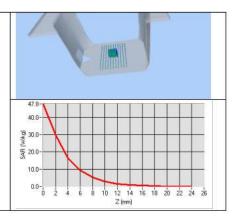


Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATU. A

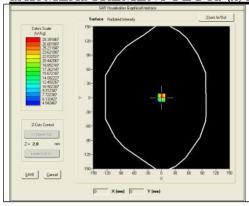


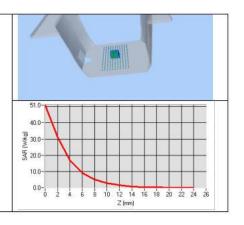




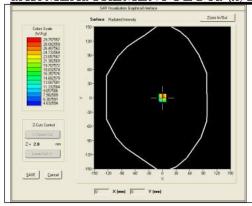


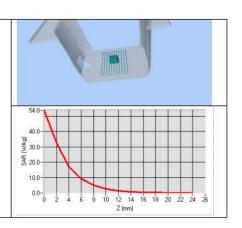
SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5600 MHz





SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5800 MHz





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BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	Relative permittivity (ϵ_{i} ')		Conductivity (a) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured	
5200	49.0 ±10 %	PASS	5.30 ±10 %	PASS	
5300	48.9 ±10 %		5.42 ±10 %		
5400	48.7 ±10 %	PASS	5.53 ±10 %	PASS	
5500	48.6 ±10 %		5.65 ±10 %		
5600	48.5 ±10 %	PASS	5.77 ±10 %	PASS	
5800	48.2 ±10 %	PASS	6.00 ±10 %	PASS	

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

OPENSAR V4
SN 20/09 SAM71
SN 18/11 EPG122
Body Liquid Values 5200 MHz: eps':48.64 sigma: 5.51 Body Liquid Values 5400 MHz: eps':46.52 sigma: 5.77 Body Liquid Values 5600 MHz: eps':46.79 sigma: 5.77 Body Liquid Values 5800 MHz: eps':47.04 sigma: 6.10
0 mm
dx=8mm/dy=8mm
dx=4mm/dy=4m/dz=2mm
5200 MHz 5400 MHz 5600 MHz 5800 MHz
20 dBm
21 °C
21 °C
45 %

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/kg)	10 g SAR (W/kg)	
	measured	measured	
5200	159.09 (15.91)	56.13 (5.61)	
5400	164.56 (16.46)	57.31 (5.73)	
5600	172.25 (17.23)	59.72 (5.97)	
5800	177.77 (17.78)	61.06 (6.11)	

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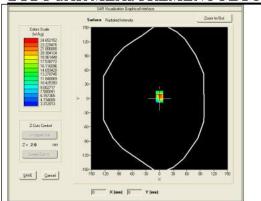


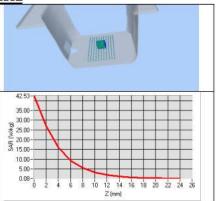


Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATU. A

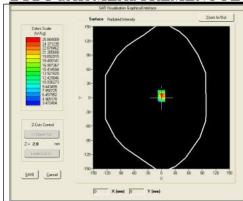


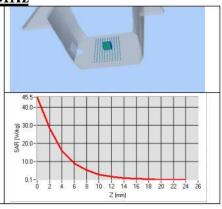






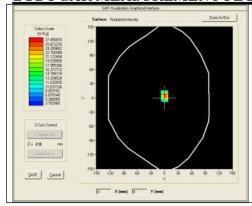
BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5400 MHz

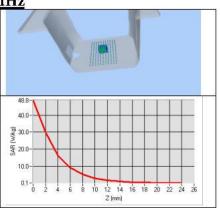




测股份 sting Lab

BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5600 MHz





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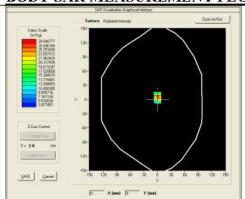


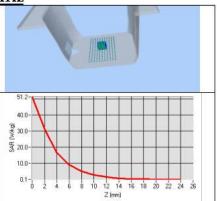


Ref: ACR,273.5.18.SATU. A



BODY SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5800 MHz





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Ref: ACR.273.5.18.SATU. A



LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Next Calibration Calibration Date Date			
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	06/2021	06/2024		
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	01/2020	01/2023		
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	08/2021	08/2022		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	01/2020	01/2023		
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	01/2020	01/2023		
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	11/2020	11/2023		
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	01/2020	01/2023		
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	11/2020	11/2023		





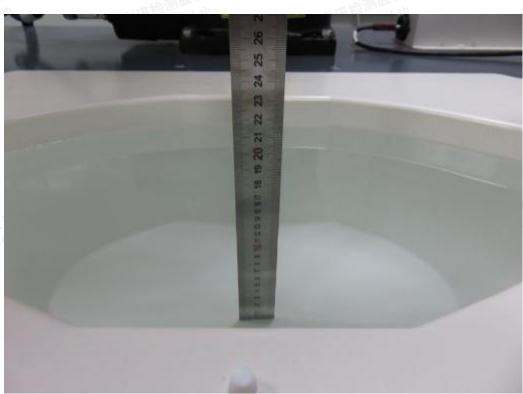






Report No.: LCSA061223063E

5.3 SPHOTOGRAPHS OF THE LIQUID



Photograph of the depth in the Head Phantom (5200MHz, 16.2cm depth)













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6. PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE TEST

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of SAR.







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FCC ID: 2ALU5E100CTX

Report No.: LCSA061223063E

7. EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of SAR.

.....The End of Test Report.....







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