



## DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE SAR ASSESSMENT PCII Report

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**Date of Report:** 01/04/2018  
**Report Revision:** B

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**Date/s Tested:** 09/19/2017- 10/03/2017  
**Manufacturer:** Motorola Solutions Inc.  
**DUT Description:** Handheld Portable PMUD3334A, XCVR 136-174 MHz, Display & Handheld Portable PMUD3335A, XCVR 136-174 MHz, Plain  
**Test TX mode(s):** TDMA (PTT)  
**Max. Power output:** 3.3 W  
**Nominal Power:** 3.0 W  
**Tx Frequency Bands:** 136-174 MHz  
**Signaling type:** TDMA  
**Model(s) Tested:** PMUD3334A & PMUD3335A  
**Model(s) Certified:** PMUD3334A & PMUD3335A  
**Serial Number(s):** 546TQR0270 & 546TQR0199  
**Classification:** Occupational/Controlled  
**FCC ID:** AZ489FT3835; Rule Part 90 (150.8-173.4 MHz); This report contains results that are immaterial for FCC equipment approval, which are clearly identified.  
  
**IC** 109U-89FT3835; This report contains results that are immaterial for ISSED equipment approval, which are clearly identified.  
  
**ISED Test Site Registration:** 109AK  
  
**FCC Test Firm Registration Number:** 823256

The test results clearly demonstrate compliance with FCC Occupational/Controlled RF Exposure limits of 8 W/kg averaged over 1 gram per the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 4.0 of this report. This report shall not be reproduced without written approval from an officially designated representative of the Motorola Solutions Inc EME Laboratory. I attest to the accuracy of the data and assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements. This reporting format is consistent with the suggested guidelines of the TIA TSB-150 December 2004. The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

*Tiong*  
**Tiong Nguk Ing**  
**Deputy Technical Manager**  
**Approval Date:** 1/4/2018

1.0	Introduction.....	4
2.0	FCC SAR Summary.....	4
3.0	Abbreviations / Definitions.....	4
4.0	Referenced Standards and Guidelines .....	5
5.0	SAR Limits .....	6
6.0	Description of Devices under Test (DUT).....	6
7.0	Optional Accessories and Test Criteria .....	7
7.1	Antennas .....	7
7.2	Battery.....	7
7.3	Body worn Accessory.....	7
7.4	Audio Accessory.....	8
8.0	Description of Test System.....	8
8.1	Descriptions of Robotics/Probes/Readout Electronics .....	8
8.2	Description of Phantom(s) .....	9
8.3	Description of Simulated Tissue.....	9
9.0	Additional Test Equipment.....	10
10.0	SAR Measurement System Validation and Verification .....	11
10.1	System Validation.....	11
10.2	System Verification .....	11
10.3	Equivalent Tissue Test Results.....	12
11.0	Environmental Test Conditions .....	13
12.0	DUT Test Setup and Methodology .....	13
12.1	Measurements .....	13
12.2	DUT Configuration(s) .....	14
12.3	DUT Positioning Procedures .....	14
12.3.1	Body.....	14
12.3.2	Head.....	14
12.3.3	Face.....	14
12.4	DUT Test Channels .....	15
12.5	SAR Result Scaling Methodology.....	15
12.6	DUT Test Plan .....	15
13.0	DUT Test Data.....	16
13.1	Assessments at the Body and Face for FCC .....	16
13.2	Assessments at outside FCC Part 90 and ISED, Canada.....	17
13.3	Shortened Scan Assessment .....	17
14.0	Simultaneous Transmission Exclusion for BT .....	18
15.0	Results Summary .....	18
16.0	Variability Assessment.....	19
17.0	System Uncertainty.....	19

**APPENDICES**

A	Measurement Uncertainty Budget .....	20
B	Probe Calibration Certificate .....	23
C	Dipole Calibration Certificate.....	39
D	System Verification Check Scans.....	49
E	DUT Scans – (Shortened Scan and Highest SAR Configurations) .....	53
F	DUT Test Position Photos .....	57

**Report Revision History**

Date	Revision	Comments
12/13/2017	A	Release of PCII results with new offered antennas
1/4/2018	B	1) Section 1.0, explanation on the models tested and the models listed on the ISED annex form. 2) Section 4.0, Include KDB 643646

## 1.0 Introduction

This report details the utilization, test setups, test equipments, and test results of the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) measurements performed at the Motorola Solutions Inc. EME Test Laboratory for handheld portable model number PMUD3334A and PMUD3335A. PMUD3335A had identical design as AAH88JCC9JA2AN (difference: with SL300 name plate) and PMUD3334A had identical design as AAH88JCP9JA2AN (difference: with SL300 name plate), AAH88JCP9JG2AN (difference: with SL300 name plate and software change to incorporate capacity plus feature). These devices are classified as Occupational/Controlled. The information herein is to show evidence of Class II Permissive Change compliance base on the SAR evaluation of three new antenna kit models PMAD4154A, PMAD4155A, and PMAD4156A.

## 2.0 FCC SAR Summary

**Table 1**

Equipment Class	Frequency band (MHz)	Max Calc at Body (W/Kg)	Max Calc at Face (W/kg)
		1g-SAR	1g-SAR
TNF	150.8-173.4 MHz (LMR)	0.12	*0.47

\*The previously reported result at the face 0.14 W/kg are hereby replaced with the result presented herein.

## 3.0 Abbreviations / Definitions

CNR: Calibration Not Required  
 EME: Electromagnetic Energy  
 DUT: Device under Test  
 NA: Not Applicable  
 CW: Continuous Wave  
 FM: Frequency Modulation  
 PTT: Push to Talk  
 SAR: Specific Absorption Rate  
 RSM: Remote Speaker Microphone  
 4FSK: 4 Level Frequency Shift Keying  
 TDMA: Time Division Multiple Access  
 DSP: Digital Signal Processor  
 TNF: Licensed Non-Broadcast Transmitter Held to Face

Audio accessories: These accessories allow communication while the DUT is worn on the body.

Body worn accessories: These accessories allow the DUT to be worn on the body of the user.

Maximum Power: Defined as the upper limit of the production line final test station.

#### 4.0 Referenced Standards and Guidelines

This product is designed to comply with the following applicable national and international standards and guidelines.

- IEC62209-1 (2005) Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)
- Federal Communications Commission, “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields”, OET Bulletin 65, FCC, Washington, D.C.: 1997.
- IEEE 1528 (2013), Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI) / Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) C95. 1-1992
- Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) C95.1-2005
- International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) 1998
- Ministry of Health (Canada) Safety Code 6 (2015), Limits of Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz
- RSS-102 (Issue 5) – Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)
- Australian Communications Authority Radio communications (Electromagnetic Radiation - Human Exposure) Standard (2014)
- ANATEL, Brazil Regulatory Authority, Resolution No. 303 of July 2, 2002 "Regulation of the limitation of exposure to electrical, magnetic, and electromagnetic fields in the radio frequency range between 9 kHz and 300 GHz." and “Attachment to resolution # 303 from July 2, 2002”
- IEC62209-2 Edition 1.0 2010-03, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz).
- FCC KDB – 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB – 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB – 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB – 643646 D01 SAR Test for PTT Radios v01r03

## 5.0 SAR Limits

**Table 2**

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average - ANSI - (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak - ANSI - (averaged over any 1-g of tissue)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak – ICNIRP/ANSI - (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10-g)	4.0	20.0
Spatial Peak - ICNIRP - (Head and Trunk 10-g)	2.0	10.0

## 6.0 Description of Devices under Test (DUT)

This portable device operates using TDMA signaling incorporating traditional simplex two way radio transmission protocol.

The modulation scheme used for digital two-way radio communications is 4 Level Frequency Shift Keying (4FSK) and Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA). 4FSK is a modulation technique that transmits information by altering the frequency of the radio frequency (RF) signal. Data is converted into complex symbols, which alter the RF signal and transmit the information. When the signal is received, the change in frequency is converted back into symbols and then into the original data. The system can accommodate 2-voice channels in a standard 12.5 kHz channel as used in two-way radio.

Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) is used to allocate portions of the RF signal by dividing time into two slots. Time allocation enables independent units to transmit voice information without interference from each other. Transmission from a unit or base station is accommodated in time-slot lengths of 30 milliseconds and frame lengths of 60 milliseconds. The 4FSK TDMA modulation technique requires sophisticated algorithms and a digital signal processor (DSP) to perform voice compressions/decompressions and RF modulation/demodulation. The maximum duty cycle for TDMA 1:2 is 50%.

Table 3 below summarizes the bands and maximum output powers. Maximum output powers are defined as upper limit of the production line final test station.

**Table 3**

Band (MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Max Power (W)
136-174	*50	3.3

Note - \* includes 50% PTT operation

The intended operating positions are “at the face” with the DUT at least 2.5cm from the mouth, and “at the body” by means of the offered body worn accessories. Body worn audio and PTT operation is accomplished by means of optional remote accessories that are connected to the radio.

## 7.0 Optional Accessories and Test Criteria

These devices are offered with optional accessories. All accessories were individually evaluated during the test plan creation to determine if testing was required per the guidelines outlined in section 4.0 to assess compliance of this device. The following sections identify the test criteria and details for each accessory category.

### 7.1 Antennas

There are three antennas applicable for this PCII filling. The Table below lists the antennas and their descriptions.

**Table 4**

Antenna Models	Description	Selected for test	Tested
*PMAD4154A	Whip Antenna, 136-144MHz, ¼ wave, -9.86 dBd	Yes	Yes
PMAD4155A	Whip Antenna, 144-156MHz, ¼ wave, -7.72 dBd	Yes	Yes
PMAD4156A	Whip Antenna, 156-174MHz, ¼ wave, -4.39 dBd	Yes	Yes

\*Bandwidth is outside FCC Part 90

### 7.2 Battery

There is only one optional battery applicable for this PCII filling. The Table below lists its description.

**Table 5**

Battery Models	Description	Selected for test	Tested	Comments
PMNN4468A	Battery, Li-Ion capacity, 2200mAh	Yes	Yes	

### 7.3 Body worn Accessory

There is only one body worn applicable for this PCII filling. The Table below lists its description.

**Table 6**

Body worn Models	Description	Selected for test	Tested	Comments
PMLN7128A	Belt clip	Yes	Yes	

#### 7.4 Audio Accessory

There is only one audio accessory applicable for this PCII filling. The table below lists its description.

**Table 7**

Audio Acc. Models	Description	Selected for test	Tested	Comments
PMLN7156A	Earbud with in-Line Mic & PTT, Mag One	Yes	Yes	

#### 8.0 Description of Test System



#### 8.1 Descriptions of Robotics/Probes/Readout Electronics

**Table 8**

Dosimetric System type	System version	DAE type	Probe Type
Schmid & Partner Engineering AG SPEAG DASY 5	52.8.8.1222	DAE4	EX3DV4 (E-Field)

The DASY5™ system is operated per the instructions in the DASY5™ Users Manual. The complete manual is available directly from SPEAG™. All measurement equipment used to assess SAR compliance was calibrated according to ISO/IEC 17025 A2LA guidelines. Section 9.0 presents additional test equipment information. Appendices B and C present the applicable calibration certificates. The E-field probe first scans a coarse grid over a large area inside the phantom in order to locate the interpolated maximum SAR distribution. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The subsequent scan can directly use this position as reference for the cube evaluations.



## 8.2 Description of Phantom(s)

**Table 9**

Phantom Type	Phantom(s) Used	Material Parameters	Phantom Dimensions LxWxD (mm)	Material Thickness (mm)	Support Structure Material	Loss Tangent (wood)
Triple Flat	NA	200MHz -6GHz; Er = 3-5, Loss Tangent = $\leq 0.05$	280x175x175	2mm +/- 0.2mm	Wood	< 0.05
SAM	NA	300MHz -6GHz; Er = < 5, Loss Tangent = $\leq 0.05$	Human Model			
Oval Flat	√	300MHz -6GHz; Er = 4+/- 1, Loss Tangent = $\leq 0.05$	600x400x190			

## 8.3 Description of Simulated Tissue

The sugar based simulate tissue is produced by placing the correct measured amount of De-ionized water into a large container. Each of the dried ingredients are weighed and added to the water carefully to avoid clumping. If the solution has a high sugar concentration the water is pre-heated to aid in dissolving the ingredients. For Diacetin and similar type simulates, sugar and HEC ingredients are not needed. The solution is mixed thoroughly, covered, and allowed to sit overnight prior to use.

The simulated tissue mixture was mixed based on the Simulated Tissue Composition indicated in Table 10. During the daily testing of this product, the applicable mixture was used to measure the Di-electric parameters at each of the tested frequencies to verify that the Di-electric parameters were within the tolerance of the tissue specifications.

### Simulated Tissue Composition (percent by mass)

**Table 10**

Ingredients	150 MHz	
	Head	Body
Sugar	55.4	49.7
Diacetin	0	0
De ionized –Water	38.35	46.2
Salt	5.15	3.00
HEC	1	1
Bact.	0.1	0.1

## 9.0 Additional Test Equipment

The Table below lists additional test equipment used during the SAR assessment.

**Table 11**

<b>Equipment Type</b>	<b>Model Number</b>	<b>Serial Number</b>	<b>Calibration Date</b>	<b>Calibration Due Date</b>
Speag Probe	EX3DV4	3612	17-May-17	17-May-18
Speag DAE	DAE4	1294	22-May-17	22-May-18
Signal Generator	E4438C	MY42081753	8-Apr-17	8-Apr-18
Power Meter	E4419B	MY45103725	22-May-17	22-May-19
Power Meter	E4418B	MY45107917	22-May-17	22-May-19
Power Sensor	E9301B	MY50280001	23-Jun-17	23-Jun-18
Power Sensor	8481B	MY41091170	21-May-17	21-May-18
Bi-directional Coupler	3020A	40295	4-Sep-17	4-Sep-18
Amplifier	10W1000C	312859	CNR	CNR
Dickson Temperature Recorder	TM320	12253047	20-Oct-16	20-Oct-17
Temperature Probe	80PK-22	6032017	24-Mar-17	24-Mar-18
Thermometer	HH202A	35881	2-Dec-16	2-Dec-17
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK 12	1069	11-Oct-16	11-Oct-17
Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42403147	15-Nov-16	15-Nov-17
Speag Dipole	CLA150	4010	8-Nov-16	8-Nov-18

## 10.0 SAR Measurement System Validation and Verification

DASY output files of the probe/dipole calibration certificates and system verification test results are included in appendices B, C & D respectively.

### 10.1 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664. The validation status summary Table is below.

**Table 12**

Dates	Probe Calibration Point		Probe SN	Measured Tissue Parameters		Validation		
				$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$	Sensitivity	Linearity	Isotropy
CW								
06/06/2017	Body	150	3612	0.81	59.7	Pass	Pass	Pass
06/06/2017	Head	150		0.76	50.7	Pass	Pass	Pass

### 10.2 System Verification

System verification checks were conducted each day during the SAR assessment. The results are normalized to 1W. Appendix D includes DASY plots for each day during the SAR assessment. The Table below summarizes the daily system check results used for the SAR assessment.

**Table 13**

Probe Serial #	Tissue Type	Dipole Kit / Serial #	Ref SAR @ 1W (W/kg)	System Check Results Measured (W/kg)	System Check Test Results when normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Tested Date
3612	FCC Body	SPEAG CLA150 / 4010	3.78 +/- 10%	3.74	3.74	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head		3.69 +/- 10%	3.71	3.71	09/19/2017
				3.80	3.80	10/03/2017

### 10.3 Equivalent Tissue Test Results

Simulated tissue prepared for SAR measurements is measured daily and within 24 hours prior to actual SAR testing to verify that the tissue is within +/- 5% of target parameters at the center of the transmit band. This measurement is done using the applicable equipment indicated in section 9.0. The Table below summarizes the measured tissue parameters used for the SAR assessment.

**Table 14**

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Conductivity Target (S/m)	Dielectric Constant Target	Conductivity Meas. (S/m)	Dielectric Constant Meas.	Tested Date
136	FCC Body	0.79 (0.75-0.83)	62.3 (59.1-65.4)	0.79	60.4	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head	0.75 (0.71-0.79)	53.0 (50.3-55.6)	0.71	53.0	*09/19/2017
140	FCC Body	0.79 (0.75-0.83)	62.3 (59.1-65.4)	0.79	60.3	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head	0.75 (0.72-0.79)	52.8 (50.1-55.4)	0.72	52.8	*09/19/2017
144	FCC Body	0.80 (0.76-0.84)	62.1 (58.9-65.2)	0.80	60.2	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head	0.76 (0.72-0.79)	52.6 (49.9-55.2)	0.72	52.6	*09/19/2017
147	FCC Body	0.80 (0.76-0.84)	62.0 (58.9-65.1)	0.80	60.1	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head	0.76 (0.72-0.80)	52.4 (49.8-55.1)	0.72	52.5	09/20/2017
150	FCC Body	0.80 (0.76-0.84)	61.9 (58.8-65.0)	0.80	60.0	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head	0.76 (0.72-0.80)	52.3 (49.7-54.9)	0.72	52.4	09/19/2017
				0.72	51.2	10/03/2017
151	FCC Body	0.80 (0.76-0.84)	61.9 (58.8-65.0)	0.80	60.0	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head	0.76 (0.72-0.80)	52.3 (49.6-54.9)	0.72	52.3	09/20/2017
				0.72	51.1	10/03/2017
156	FCC Body	0.80 (0.76-0.85)	61.8 (58.7-64.8)	0.80	59.8	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head	0.76 (0.73-0.80)	52.0 (49.4-54.6)	0.73	52.1	09/20/2017
162	FCC Body	0.80 (0.77-0.85)	61.6 (58.5-64.7)	0.81	59.7	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head	0.77 (0.73-0.81)	51.7 (49.2-54.3)	0.73	51.9	09/20/2017
168	FCC Body	0.81 (0.77-0.86)	61.5 (58.4-64.5)	0.81	59.6	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head	0.77 (0.73-0.81)	51.5 (48.9-54.0)	0.74	51.7	09/20/2017
173	FCC Body	0.82 (0.78-0.86)	61.3 (58.3-64.4)	0.82	59.5	09/21/2017
	IEEE/IEC Head	0.78 (0.74-0.82)	51.2 (48.7-53.8)	0.74	51.5	09/20/2017

Note: \* This tissue sheet date covered for next test day (within 24 hrs)

## 11.0 Environmental Test Conditions

The EME Laboratory's ambient environment is well controlled resulting in very stable simulated tissue temperature and therefore stable dielectric properties. Simulated tissue temperature is measured prior to each scan to insure it is within  $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$  of the temperature at which the dielectric properties were determined. The liquid depth within the phantom used for measurements was at least 15cm. Additional precautions are routinely taken to ensure the stability of the simulated tissue such as covering the phantoms when scans are not actively in process in order to minimize evaporation. The lab environment is continuously monitored. The Table below presents the range and average environmental conditions during the SAR tests reported herein:

**Table 15**

	Target	Measured
Ambient Temperature	18 – 25 °C	Range: 18.9 – 22.7°C Avg. 21.0 °C
Tissue Temperature	NA	Range: 19.8 -21.4°C Avg. 20.6°C

The EME Lab RF environment uses a Spectrum Analyzer to monitor for extraneous large signal RF contaminants that could possibly affect the test results. If such unwanted signals are discovered the SAR scans are repeated.

## 12.0 DUT Test Setup and Methodology

### 12.1 Measurements

SAR measurements were performed using the DASY system described in section 8.0 using zoom scans. Oval flat phantoms filled with applicable simulated tissue were used for body and face testing.

The Table below includes the step sizes and resolution of area and zoom scans per KDB 865664 requirements.

Table 16

Description		$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$		$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\leq 5$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.			

## 12.2 DUT Configuration(s)

The DUT is a portable device operational at the body and face as described in section 6.0 while using the applicable accessories listed in section 7.0. All accessories listed in section 7.0 of this report were considered.

## 12.3 DUT Positioning Procedures

The positioning of the device for each body location is described below and illustrated in Appendix F.

### 12.3.1 Body

The DUT was positioned in normal use configuration against the phantom with the offered body worn accessory.

### 12.3.2 Head

Not applicable.

### 12.3.3 Face

The DUT was positioned with its' front sides separated 2.5cm from the phantom.

## 12.4 DUT Test Channels

The number of test channels was determined by using the following IEEE 1528 equation. The use of this equation produces the same or more test channels compared to the FCC KDB 447498 number of test channels formula.

$$N_c = 2 * \text{roundup}[10 * (f_{\text{high}} - f_{\text{low}}) / f_c] + 1$$

Where

$N_c$  = Number of channels

$F_{\text{high}}$  = Upper channel

$F_{\text{low}}$  = Lower channel

$F_c$  = Center channel

## 12.5 SAR Result Scaling Methodology

The calculated 1-gram averaged SAR results indicated as “Max Calc. 1g-SAR” in the data Tables is determined by scaling the measured SAR to account for power leveling variations and drift. Appendix F includes a shortened scan to justify SAR scaling for drift. For this device the “Max Calc. 1g-SAR” is scaled using the following formula:

$$\text{Max\_Calc} = \text{SAR\_meas} \cdot 10^{\frac{-\text{Drift}}{10}} \cdot \frac{P_{\text{max}}}{P_{\text{int}}} \cdot \text{DC}$$

$P_{\text{max}}$  = Maximum Power (W)

$P_{\text{int}}$  = Initial Power (W)

Drift = DASY drift results (dB)

$\text{SAR\_meas}$  = Measured 1-g or 10-g Avg. SAR (W/kg)

DC = Transmission mode duty cycle in % where applicable

50% duty cycle is applied for PTT operation

Note: for conservative results, the following are applied:

If  $P_{\text{int}} > P_{\text{max}}$ , then  $P_{\text{max}}/P_{\text{int}} = 1$ .

Drift = 1 for positive drift

Additional SAR scaling was applied using the methodologies outlined in FCC KDB 865664 using tissue sensitivity values. SAR was scaled for conditions where the tissue permittivity was measured above the nominal target and for tissue conductivity that was measured below the nominal target. Negative or reduced SAR scaling is not permitted.

## 12.6 DUT Test Plan

The guidelines and requirements outlined in section 4.0 were used to assess compliance of this device. All modes of operation identified in section 6.0 were considered during the development of the test plan. All tests were performed in TDMA and 50% duty cycle was applied to PTT configurations in the final results.

### 13.0 DUT Test Data

#### 13.1 Assessments at the Body and Face for FCC

The new Whip Antennas PMAD4154A, PMAD4155A and PMAD4156A was assessed using the accessories indicated in section 7.0 which represent the highest applicable configurations at the body and face found during the initial compliance assessment on file with the FCC. SAR plot of the highest result per Table 17 (bolded) are presented in Appendix E.

**Table 17**

Antenna	Battery	Carry Accessory	Cable Accessory	Test Freq (MHz)	Init Pwr (W)	SAR Drift (dB)	Meas. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Max Calc. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Run#
Assessment at the Body									
PMAD4155A	PMNN4468A	PMLN7128A	PMLN7156A	150.800	2.68	-0.24	0.19	<b>0.12</b>	ZR-AB-170921-10
				156.000	2.68	-0.20	0.07	0.04	ZR-AB-170921-11
PMAD4156A	PMNN4468A	PMLN7128A	PMLN7156A	156.000	2.97	-0.06	0.06	0.04	FD-AB-170921-12
				162.000	2.96	-0.41	0.10	0.06	FD-AB-170921-13
				168.000	3.01	-0.55	0.07	0.05	FD-AB-170921-14
				173.400	3.01	-0.59	0.05	0.03	FD-AB-170921-15
Assessment at the Face									
PMAD4155A	PMNN4468A	NONE	NONE	150.800	2.72	-0.31	0.65	<b>0.42</b>	ZR-FACE-170920-02
				156.000	2.86	-0.18	0.18	0.11	ZR-FACE-170920-03
PMAD4156A	PMNN4468A	NONE	NONE	156.000	2.72	-0.66	0.40	0.28	ZR-FACE-170920-04
				162.000	2.92	-0.57	0.46	0.30	ZR-FACE-170920-05
				168.000	2.94	-0.49	0.40	0.25	ZR-FACE-170920-06
				173.400	2.99	-0.43	0.62	0.38	ZR-FACE-170920-07



### 13.2 Assessments at outside FCC Part 90 and ISED, Canada

Based on the assessment results for body and face per KDB643646, additional tests were performed with new antennas for ISED, Canada frequency range (138-174 MHz) and outside FCC part 90.

**Table 18**

Antenna	Battery	Carry Accessory	Cable Accessory	Test Freq (MHz)	Init Pwr (W)	SAR Drift (dB)	Meas. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Max Calc. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Run#
Assessment at the Body									
PMAD4154A	PMNN4468A	PMLN7128A	PMLN7156A	136.000	2.92	-0.43	0.28	0.172	ZR-AB-170921-03
				*140.000	2.82	-0.42	0.26	0.169	ZR-AB-170921-04
				*144.000	2.82	-0.10	0.06	0.04	ZR-AB-170921-05
PMAD4155A	PMNN4468A	PMLN7128A	PMLN7156A	*144.000	2.70	-0.16	0.27	<b>0.174</b>	ZR-AB-170921-06
				*147.400	2.70	-0.23	0.14	0.09	ZR-AB-170921-07
Assessment at the Face									
PMAD4154A	PMNN4468A	NONE	NONE	136.000	2.84	-0.38	0.64	0.40	FD-FACE-170919-03
				*140.000	2.80	-0.41	0.75	<b>0.48</b>	FD-FACE-170919-04
				*144.000	2.75	-0.18	0.18	0.12	FD-FACE-170919-06
PMAD4155A	PMNN4468A	NONE	NONE	*144.000	2.82	-0.43	0.44	0.28	FD-FACE-170919-07
				*147.400	2.77	-0.43	0.52	0.34	FD-FACE-170920-01

Note: \*Frequency for ISED, Canada

### 13.3 Shortened Scan Assessment

A “shortened” scan using the highest SAR configuration from FCC assessment was performed to validate the SAR drift of the full DASY5™ coarse and zoom scans. Note that the shortened scan represents the zoom scan performance result; this is obtained by first running a coarse scan to find the peak area and then, using a newly charged battery, a zoom scan only was performed. The results of the shortened cube scan presented in Appendix D demonstrate that the scaling methodology used to determine the calculated SAR results presented herein are valid. The SAR result from the Table below is provided in Appendix E.

**Table 19**

Antenna	Battery	Carry Accessory	Cable Accessory	Test Freq (MHz)	Init Pwr (W)	SAR Drift (dB)	Meas. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Max Calc. 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Run#
PMAD4155A	PMNN4468A	NONE	NONE	150.800	2.70	-0.30	0.72	0.47	AZ-FACE-171003-02

**14.0 Simultaneous Transmission Exclusion for BT**

Not applicable.

**15.0 Results Summary**

Based on the test guidelines from section 4.0 and satisfying frequencies within FCC band and ISED band, the highest Operational Maximum Calculated 1-gram SAR values found for this filing:

**Table 17**

Designator	Frequency band (MHz)	Max Calc at Body (W/kg)	Max Calc at Face (W/kg)
		1g-SAR	1g-SAR
FCC	150.8 – 173.4	0.12	*0.47
ISED	138-174	0.17	0.48
Overall	136-174	0.17	0.48

\*The previously reported result at the face 0.14 W/kg are hereby replaced with the result presented herein.

The test results clearly demonstrate compliance with FCC Occupational/Controlled RF Exposure limits of 8 W/kg averaged over 1 gram per the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

## **16.0 Variability Assessment**

Per the guidelines in KDB 865664 SAR variability assessment is not required because SAR results are below 4.0W/kg (Occupational).

## **17.0 System Uncertainty**

A system uncertainty analysis is not required for this report per KDB 865664 because the highest report SAR value Occupational exposure is less than 7.5W/kg.

Per the guidelines of ISO/IEC 17025 a reported system uncertainty is required and therefore measurement uncertainty budget is included in Appendix A.

## **Appendix A**

### **Measurement Uncertainty Budget**

**Table A.1: Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test for 150 MHz**

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>e</i> = <i>f(d,k)</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>h</i> = <i>c x f / e</i>	<i>i</i> = <i>c x g / e</i>	<i>k</i>
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 section	Tol. (± %)	Prob Dist	Div.	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	1 g <i>u<sub>i</sub></i> (±%)	10 g <i>u<sub>i</sub></i> (±%)	<i>v<sub>i</sub></i>
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.7	N	1.00	1	1	6.7	6.7	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
<b>Test sample Related</b>									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.2	N	1.00	1	1	3.2	3.2	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	4.0	N	1.00	1	1	4.0	4.0	8
SAR drift	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	2.1	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.1	0.9	∞
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>			RSS				11	11	477
<b>Expanded Uncertainty</b> (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			<i>k</i> =2				23	22	

Notes for uncertainty budget Tables:

a) Column headings *a-k* are given for reference.

b) Tol. - tolerance in influence quantity.

c) Prob. Dist. – Probability distribution

d) N, R - normal, rectangular probability distributions

e) Div. - divisor used to translate tolerance into normally distributed standard uncertainty

f) *ci* - sensitivity coefficient that should be applied to convert the variability of the uncertainty component into a variability of SAR.

g) *ui* – SAR uncertainty

h) *vi* - degrees of freedom for standard uncertainty and effective degrees of freedom for the expanded uncertainty

**Table A.2: Uncertainty Budget for System Validation (dipole & flat phantom) for 150 MHz**

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>e = f(d,k)</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>h = c x f / e</i>	<i>i = c x g / e</i>	<i>k</i>
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 section	Tol. (± %)	Prob Dist	Div.	<i>c<sub>i</sub></i> (1 g)	<i>c<sub>i</sub></i> (10 g)	1 g <i>U<sub>i</sub></i> (±%)	10 g <i>U<sub>i</sub></i> (±%)	<i>v<sub>i</sub></i>
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.7	N	1.00	1	1	6.7	6.7	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t. Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
<b>Dipole</b>									
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	8, E.4.2	2.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Input Power and SAR Drift Measurement	8, 6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.2	0.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	0.6	0.5	∞
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>			RSS				10	9	99999
<b>Expanded Uncertainty</b> (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			<i>k</i> =2				19	18	

Notes for uncertainty budget Tables:

a) Column headings *a-k* are given for reference.

b) Tol. - tolerance in influence quantity.

c) Prob. Dist. – Probability distribution

d) N, R - normal, rectangular probability distributions

e) Div. - divisor used to translate tolerance into normally distributed standard uncertainty

f) *c<sub>i</sub>* - sensitivity coefficient that should be applied to convert the variability of the uncertainty component into a variability of SAR.

g) *u<sub>i</sub>* – SAR uncertainty

h) *v<sub>i</sub>* - degrees of freedom for standard uncertainty and effective degrees of freedom for the expanded uncertainty

## **Appendix B**

### **Probe Calibration Certificate**

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Motorola MY**

Certificate No: **EX3-3612\_May17**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3612**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5,  
QA CAL-25.v6  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **May 17, 2017**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02525)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-16 (No. ES3-3013_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 660	7-Dec-16 (No. DAE4-660_Dec16)	Dec-17
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Issued: May 18, 2017			

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3612\_May17

Page 1 of 15



**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	$\phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\theta$	$\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle:** The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3612\_May17

Page 2 of 15

EX3DV4 – SN:3612

May 17, 2017

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:3612

Manufactured: March 23, 2007  
Calibrated: May 17, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4-- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3612****Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.43	0.48	0.39	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	94.2	96.8	97.5	

**Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>C</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	140.4	$\pm 2.7 \%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		140.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		141.7	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.<sup>C</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3612****Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>g</sup>	Depth (mm) <sup>g</sup>	Unc (k=2)
150	52.3	0.76	10.17	10.17	10.17	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
300	45.3	0.87	9.87	9.87	9.87	0.09	1.20	± 13.3 %
450	43.5	0.87	9.25	9.25	9.25	0.16	1.20	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	8.71	8.71	8.71	0.46	0.93	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.46	0.90	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.27	8.27	8.27	0.48	0.84	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	7.78	7.78	7.78	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.33	0.85	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.16	7.16	7.16	0.25	0.86	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	7.17	7.17	7.17	0.33	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	6.88	6.88	6.88	0.32	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.59	6.59	6.59	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.49	6.49	6.49	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
4950	36.3	4.40	5.12	5.12	5.12	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.36	4.36	4.36	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 160 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>g</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3612****Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>g</sup>	Depth <sup>g</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
150	61.9	0.80	9.82	9.82	9.82	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
300	58.2	0.92	9.51	9.51	9.51	0.05	1.25	± 13.3 %
450	56.7	0.94	9.35	9.35	9.35	0.09	1.25	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	8.62	8.62	8.62	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	8.41	8.41	8.41	0.52	0.84	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.38	8.38	8.38	0.27	1.11	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.32	0.80	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.13	7.13	7.13	0.34	0.94	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.07	7.07	7.07	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	7.27	7.27	7.27	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	6.86	6.86	6.86	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.27	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.58	6.58	6.58	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
4950	49.4	5.01	4.39	4.39	4.39	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.31	4.31	4.31	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.89	3.89	3.89	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.80	3.80	3.80	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.00	4.00	4.00	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

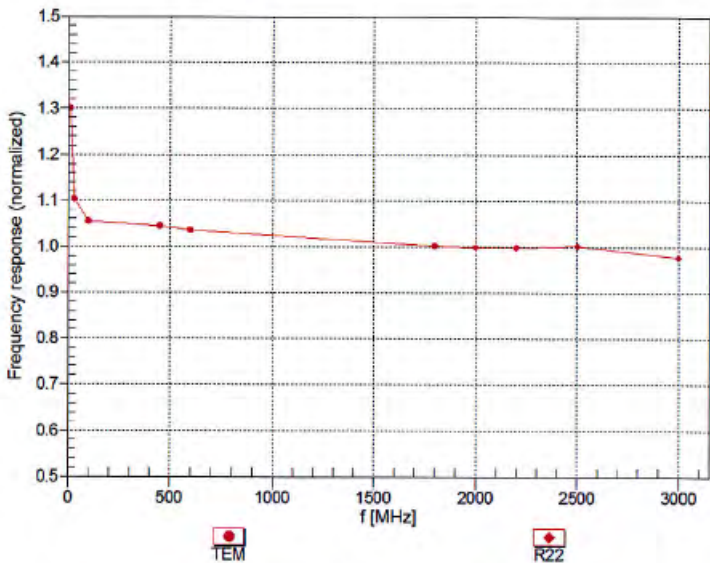
<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>g</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

**Frequency Response of E-Field**  
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

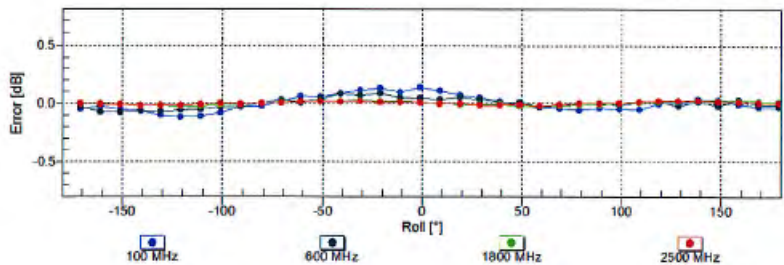
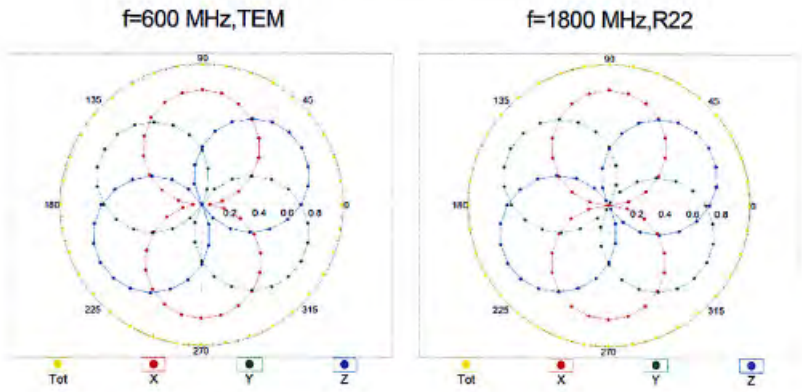


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

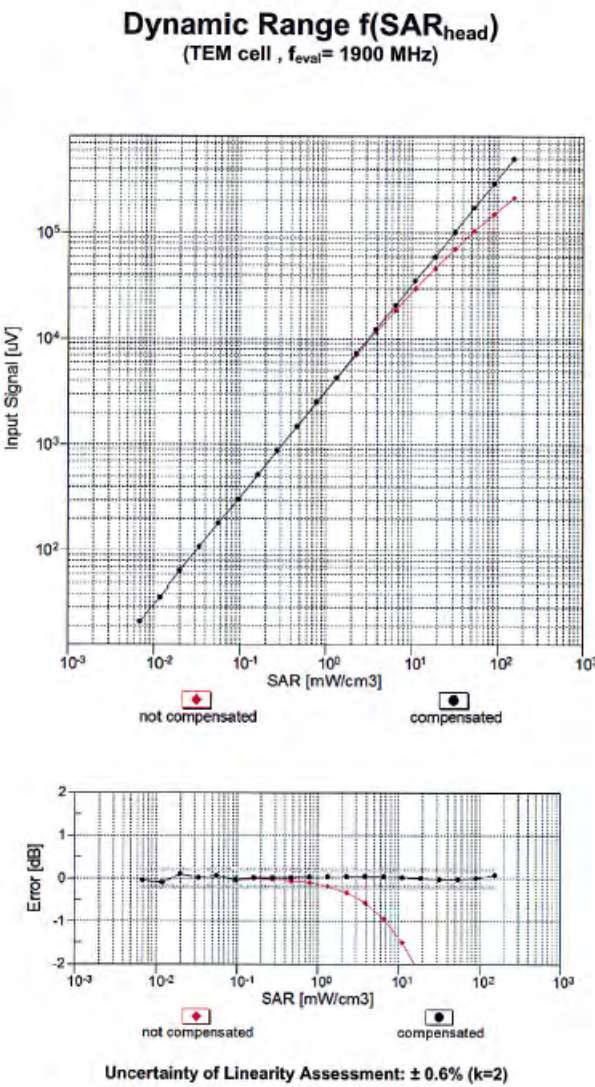
Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

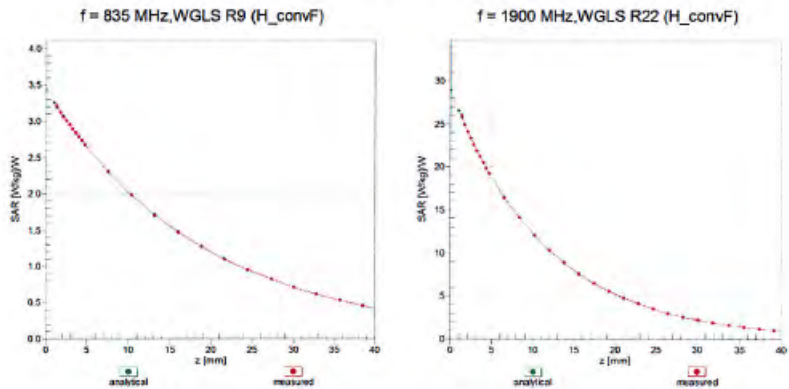




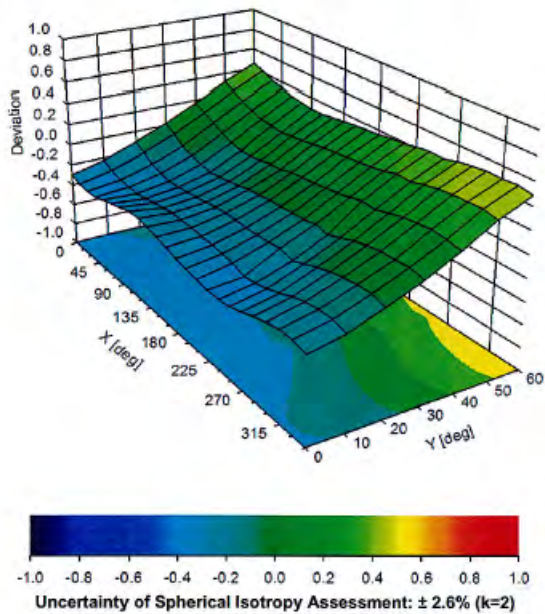
EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid  
Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ),  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3612

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	78.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

**Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBV/μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	140.4	±2.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		140.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		141.7	
10021-DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	2.13	66.5	13.8	9.39	117.9	±1.9 %
		Y	1.67	63.5	12.5		76.9	
		Z	2.34	68.1	14.8		107.2	
10023-DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	2.14	66.8	14.2	9.57	111.5	±3.8 %
		Y	1.63	62.7	12.1		76.2	
		Z	2.63	70.4	16.4		103.6	
10024-DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	1.99	68.1	13.5	6.56	145.4	±1.7 %
		Y	3.88	78.0	17.9		140.9	
		Z	4.74	79.7	18.3		133.7	
10025-DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	X	5.57	74.0	27.0	12.62	79.2	±1.9 %
		Y	4.98	70.0	24.6		53.4	
		Z	5.49	73.8	27.0		72.1	
10026-DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	X	5.37	75.0	25.5	9.55	146.2	±1.7 %
		Y	4.77	71.4	23.6		110.0	
		Z	5.63	76.6	26.4		133.4	
10027-DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	5.38	81.3	17.6	4.80	147.9	±1.9 %
		Y	23.73	100.0	23.3		131.0	
		Z	24.58	99.7	23.1		133.0	
10028-DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	39.40	99.8	21.2	3.55	136.7	±1.4 %
		Y	31.48	99.6	21.6		141.3	
		Z	28.30	99.9	22.2		145.2	
10029-DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	5.33	76.0	24.9	7.78	148.8	±1.4 %
		Y	4.63	71.9	22.8		147.6	
		Z	5.44	76.7	25.3		134.9	
10039-CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	X	4.85	66.6	18.9	4.57	141.0	±1.2 %
		Y	4.94	67.2	19.4		149.5	
		Z	5.04	68.2	20.1		149.8	
10056-CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	X	4.53	70.5	24.5	11.01	117.8	±1.7 %
		Y	4.00	67.1	22.6		80.0	
		Z	4.65	71.8	25.4		108.8	
10058-DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	4.64	73.1	22.6	6.52	141.0	±1.4 %
		Y	4.57	72.9	22.7		147.2	
		Z	4.81	75.0	24.0		129.0	
10081-CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	X	3.96	65.7	18.3	3.97	135.8	±0.9 %
		Y	4.08	66.6	19.0		143.5	
		Z	4.22	67.9	19.8		145.3	
10090-DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	X	2.01	68.4	13.4	6.56	142.9	±2.2 %
		Y	2.59	71.6	15.0		138.5	
		Z	11.30	91.6	22.2		133.5	

Certificate No: EX3-3612\_May17

Page 12 of 15

EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

10099-DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	X	5.86	77.8	26.9	9.55	141.6	±2.5 %
		Y	5.01	72.9	24.3		106.0	
		Z	6.21	79.8	28.0		149.0	
10117-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.60	69.2	21.5	8.07	149.0	±3.0 %
		Y	10.31	68.4	21.0		129.5	
		Z	10.46	69.1	21.5		133.8	
10196-CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	X	10.22	69.0	21.5	8.10	145.1	±3.0 %
		Y	10.01	68.3	21.0		125.8	
		Z	10.02	68.7	21.4		129.7	
10290-AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	X	4.45	67.2	18.8	3.91	144.2	±0.9 %
		Y	4.55	67.9	19.5		127.3	
		Z	4.73	69.3	20.4		130.2	
10291-AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	X	3.70	66.4	18.4	3.46	138.0	±0.7 %
		Y	3.88	67.9	19.6		141.5	
		Z	4.05	69.3	20.4		146.1	
10292-AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	X	3.62	66.4	18.3	3.39	139.1	±0.7 %
		Y	3.90	68.4	19.8		142.7	
		Z	4.08	70.0	20.7		145.6	
10293-AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	X	3.72	66.4	18.4	3.50	138.6	±0.7 %
		Y	3.90	67.8	19.6		141.4	
		Z	4.07	69.3	20.4		146.0	
10295-AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	X	5.79	67.9	24.6	12.49	96.8	±1.7 %
		Y	5.20	64.3	22.3		64.1	
		Z	5.69	67.9	24.7		87.8	
10403-AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	X	4.97	68.6	18.9	3.76	146.2	±0.7 %
		Y	5.26	69.9	19.9		132.8	
		Z	5.62	72.1	20.9		144.9	
10404-AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	X	4.91	68.7	19.0	3.77	146.5	±0.9 %
		Y	5.19	70.0	20.0		130.3	
		Z	5.50	72.0	21.0		143.3	
10406-AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate	X	6.36	68.9	19.8	5.22	129.3	±1.2 %
		Y	6.53	69.3	20.1		136.2	
		Z	6.83	71.2	21.2		149.8	
10415-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	2.71	67.5	18.2	1.54	144.4	±0.7 %
		Y	3.45	73.1	21.5		128.2	
		Z	3.71	75.0	22.4		141.4	
10417-AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.31	69.0	21.6	8.23	145.7	±3.0 %
		Y	10.10	68.4	21.2		125.0	
		Z	10.29	69.3	21.9		139.9	
10418-AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Long preamble)	X	10.22	69.1	21.6	8.14	146.2	±3.0 %
		Y	10.02	68.4	21.2		125.4	
		Z	10.15	69.2	21.7		139.0	

Certificate No: EX3-3612\_May17

Page 13 of 15



EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

10458-AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	X	8.26	68.0	20.1	6.55	134.0	±1.7 %
		Y	8.55	68.6	20.5		140.6	
		Z	8.23	68.4	20.5		125.9	
10459-AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 3 carriers)	X	10.79	68.9	21.5	8.25	137.1	±3.0 %
		Y	11.20	69.7	21.9		143.6	
		Z	10.71	69.2	21.8		127.5	
10515-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	2.74	67.8	18.4	1.58	148.0	±0.7 %
		Y	3.62	74.2	22.0		129.4	
		Z	3.89	76.1	22.9		140.5	
10518-AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.45	69.4	21.8	8.23	149.5	±2.5 %
		Y	10.13	68.4	21.2		126.1	
		Z	10.29	69.3	21.8		139.5	
10525-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.21	68.4	21.3	8.36	126.0	±3.0 %
		Y	10.41	68.7	21.5		129.4	
		Z	10.50	69.4	22.0		142.0	
10526-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.32	68.5	21.4	8.42	126.6	±3.0 %
		Y	10.47	68.8	21.5		130.1	
		Z	10.61	69.6	22.1		142.2	
10534-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.83	69.1	21.6	8.45	133.9	±2.7 %
		Y	10.87	69.1	21.6		135.0	
		Z	10.65	68.9	21.6		123.6	
10535-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.84	69.1	21.6	8.45	134.6	±3.0 %
		Y	10.89	69.1	21.6		135.1	
		Z	10.73	69.1	21.7		125.5	
10544-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	X	11.29	69.6	21.7	8.47	138.9	±3.0 %
		Y	11.10	69.2	21.5		136.9	
		Z	11.14	69.5	21.7		128.7	
10545-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	X	11.46	69.9	21.9	8.55	141.1	±3.0 %
		Y	11.21	69.3	21.6		138.1	
		Z	11.26	69.7	21.9		129.9	
10564-AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	10.12	68.5	21.3	8.25	127.9	±2.7 %
		Y	10.22	68.6	21.3		127.3	
		Z	10.39	69.5	22.0		142.2	
10571-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	2.82	67.6	18.5	1.99	147.5	±0.9 %
		Y	3.44	72.5	21.5		148.6	
		Z	3.68	73.9	21.9		138.7	
10572-AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	2.93	68.4	18.8	1.99	146.0	±0.7 %
		Y	3.53	73.1	21.7		145.7	
		Z	4.04	76.1	22.9		137.5	
10575-AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle) ✓	X	10.18	68.4	21.5	8.59	124.0	±3.0 %
		Y	10.32	68.6	21.6		123.8	
		Z	10.48	69.5	22.2		139.0	
10576-AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.20	68.4	21.5	8.60	123.9	±3.0 %
		Y	10.35	68.7	21.6		123.7	
		Z	10.53	69.6	22.3		140.0	

Certificate No: EX3-3612\_May17

Page 14 of 15

EX3DV4- SN:3612

May 17, 2017

10583-AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.63	69.6	22.2	8.59	149.6	±2.7 %
		Y	10.33	68.6	21.6		124.0	
		Z	10.48	69.5	22.2		139.5	
10584-AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.22	68.5	21.5	8.60	124.2	±3.0 %
		Y	10.35	68.6	21.6		124.1	
		Z	10.52	69.6	22.3		139.8	
10591-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.34	68.5	21.6	8.63	125.6	±3.0 %
		Y	10.51	68.8	21.7		127.7	
		Z	10.66	69.7	22.3		143.1	
10592-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.51	68.7	21.7	8.79	126.2	±3.0 %
		Y	10.66	68.9	21.8		128.2	
		Z	10.82	69.8	22.5		143.2	
10599-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	11.01	69.2	21.9	8.79	133.1	±3.0 %
		Y	11.06	69.3	21.9		134.2	
		Z	10.85	69.1	21.9		123.7	
10600-AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	11.07	69.3	22.0	8.88	132.7	±3.0 %
		Y	11.11	69.3	21.9		134.8	
		Z	10.95	69.2	22.1		124.9	
10607-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.30	68.4	21.5	8.64	124.6	±3.0 %
		Y	10.51	68.8	21.7		129.3	
		Z	10.65	69.6	22.3		142.8	
10608-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.49	68.7	21.7	8.77	125.7	±2.7 %
		Y	10.67	69.0	21.8		130.0	
		Z	10.83	69.9	22.5		143.9	
10616-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	11.01	69.2	21.9	8.82	132.0	±2.7 %
		Y	11.09	69.3	21.9		136.2	
		Z	11.34	70.3	22.6		149.7	
10617-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	10.98	69.1	21.8	8.81	131.8	±3.0 %
		Y	11.09	69.3	21.9		135.7	
		Z	10.85	69.0	21.9		123.4	
10626-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	11.48	69.8	22.0	8.83	136.8	±3.0 %
		Y	11.33	69.4	21.8		138.3	
		Z	11.32	69.6	22.0		127.1	
10627-AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	11.56	69.9	22.1	8.88	136.8	±3.0 %
		Y	11.40	69.5	21.9		138.3	
		Z	11.37	69.7	22.1		127.3	
10648-AAA	CDMA2000 (1x Advanced)	X	3.75	66.8	18.7	3.45	142.8	±0.7 %
		Y	4.06	69.0	20.3		148.6	
		Z	4.02	69.3	20.5		135.3	

\* Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## **Appendix C**

### **Dipole Calibration Certificate**

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Motorola Solutions MY**

Certificate No: **CLA150-4010\_Nov16**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CLA150 - SN: 4010**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-15.v8**  
Calibration procedure for system validation sources below 700 MHz

Calibration date: **November 08, 2016**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: 5129 (30b)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02294)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3877	31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-3877_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 654	12-Aug-16 (No. DAE4-654_Aug16)	Aug-17
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02285/02284)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02285)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02284)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-09 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Calibrated by: **Jeton Kastrati** Name: **Jeton Kastrati** Function: **Laboratory Technician** Signature:

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Name: **Katja Pokovic** Function: **Technical Manager** Signature:

Issued: November 9, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CLA150-4010\_Nov16

Page 1 of 8



**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- *Return Loss:* This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: $2 \pm 0.2$ mm
EUT Positioning	Touch Position	
Zoom Scan Resolution	$dx, dy = 4.0$ mm, $dz = 1.4$ mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	$150 \text{ MHz} \pm 1 \text{ MHz}$	

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	$22.0$ °C	52.3	$0.76 \text{ mho/m}$
Measured Head TSL parameters	$(22.0 \pm 0.2)$ °C	$50.1 \pm 6 \%$	$0.75 \text{ mho/m} \pm 6 \%$
Head TSL temperature change during test	$< 0.5$ °C	---	---

**SAR result with Head TSL**

SAR averaged over $1 \text{ cm}^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	3.69 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b><math>3.69 \text{ W/kg} \pm 18.4 \%</math> (k=2)</b>
SAR averaged over $10 \text{ cm}^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	2.45 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b><math>2.46 \text{ W/kg} \pm 18.0 \%</math> (k=2)</b>

**Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	$22.0$ °C	61.9	$0.80 \text{ mho/m}$
Measured Body TSL parameters	$(22.0 \pm 0.2)$ °C	$61.4 \pm 6 \%$	$0.82 \text{ mho/m} \pm 6 \%$
Body TSL temperature change during test	$< 0.5$ °C	---	---

**SAR result with Body TSL**

SAR averaged over $1 \text{ cm}^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	3.86 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b><math>3.78 \text{ W/kg} \pm 18.4 \%</math> (k=2)</b>
SAR averaged over $10 \text{ cm}^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	2.56 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b><math>2.51 \text{ W/kg} \pm 18.0 \%</math> (k=2)</b>

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.9 $\Omega$ - 4.5 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.1 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 $\Omega$ - 6.6 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.7 dB

**Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	April 15, 2014

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 07.11.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: CLA-150; Type: CLA-150; Serial: 4010

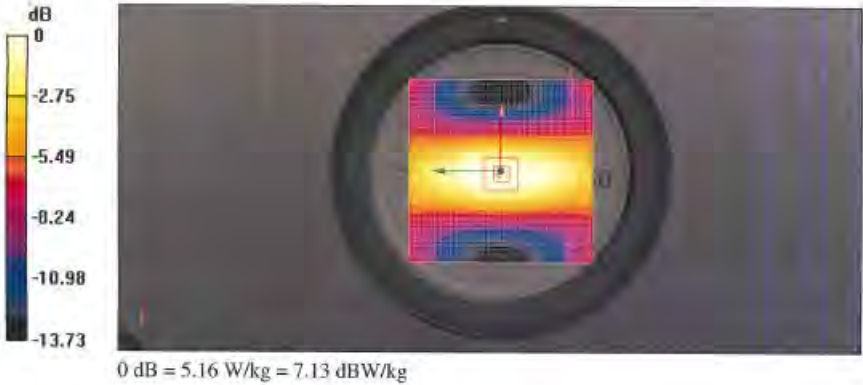
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 150\text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.75\text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

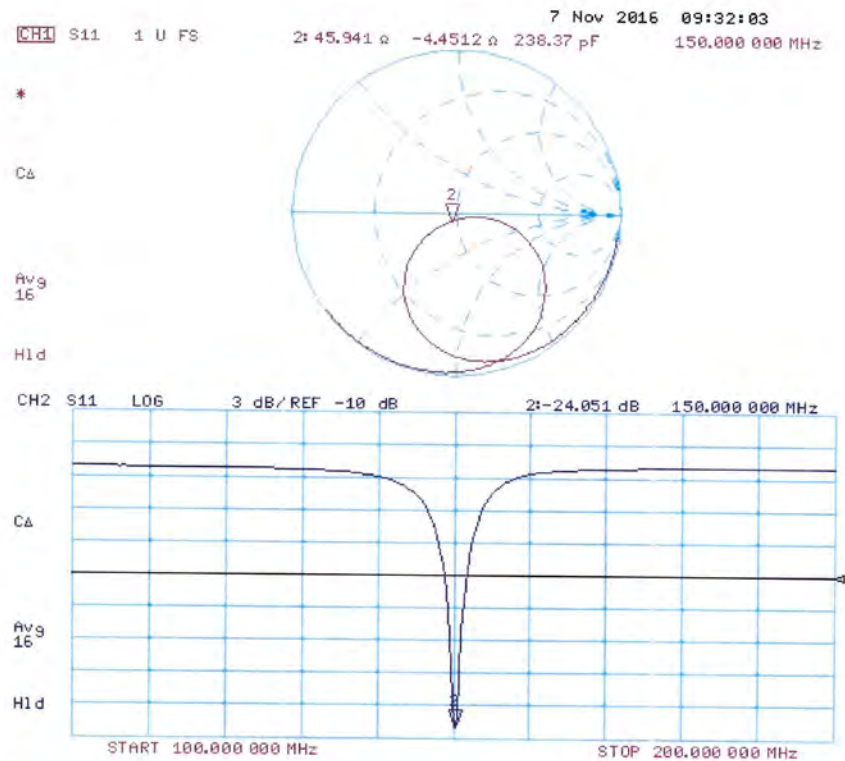
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(12.02, 12.02, 12.02); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 12.08.2016
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

**CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1):**  
Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500\text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500\text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.16 W/kg

**CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x10x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$   
Reference Value = 82.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.93 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 3.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.16 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.11.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: CLA-150; Type: CLA-150; Serial: 4010

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 150 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.82 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 61.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section  
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

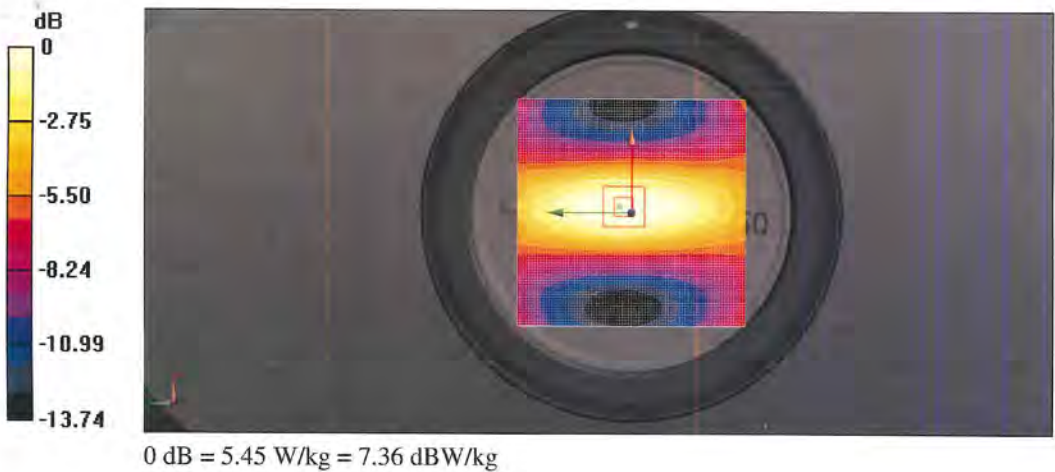
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(11.44, 11.44, 11.44); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 12.08.2016
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1):

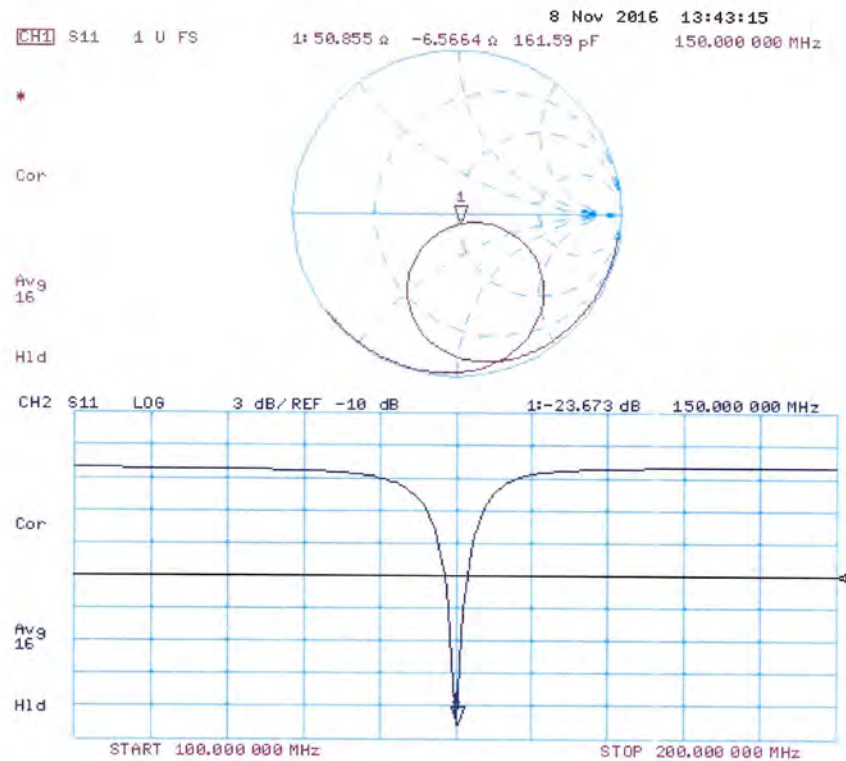
Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.45 W/kg

CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x10x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$   
Reference Value = 80.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.18 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 3.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.56 W/kg  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.38 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



## Dipole Data

As stated in KDB 865664, only dipoles used for longer calibration intervals required to provide supporting information and measurement to qualify for extended calibration interval.



## **APPENDIX D**

### **System Verification Check Scans**

Motorola Solutions, Inc. EME Laboratory  
Date/Time: 9/19/2017 6:04:27 PM

Robot#: DASY5-PG-3 | Run#: FD-SYSP-150H-170919-01  
Dipole Model#: CLA-150  
Phantom#: ELI4 1022  
Tissue Temp: 20.4 (C)  
Serial#: 4010  
Test Freq: 150.0000 (MHz)  
Start Power: 1000 (mW)  
Rotation (1D): 0.130 dB  
Adjusted SAR (1W): 3.71 mW/g (1g)

Comments:

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium parameters used:  $f = 150\text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.72\text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$   
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3612, , Frequency: 150 MHz, ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 5/17/2017  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1294, Calibrated: 5/23/2017

Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/System Performance Check/Dipole Area Scan 2 (81x81x1):

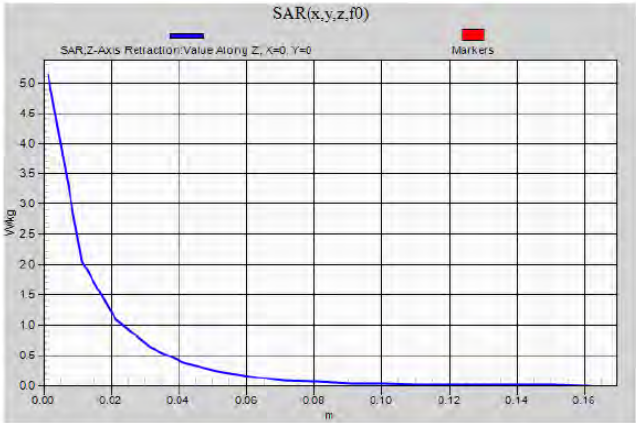
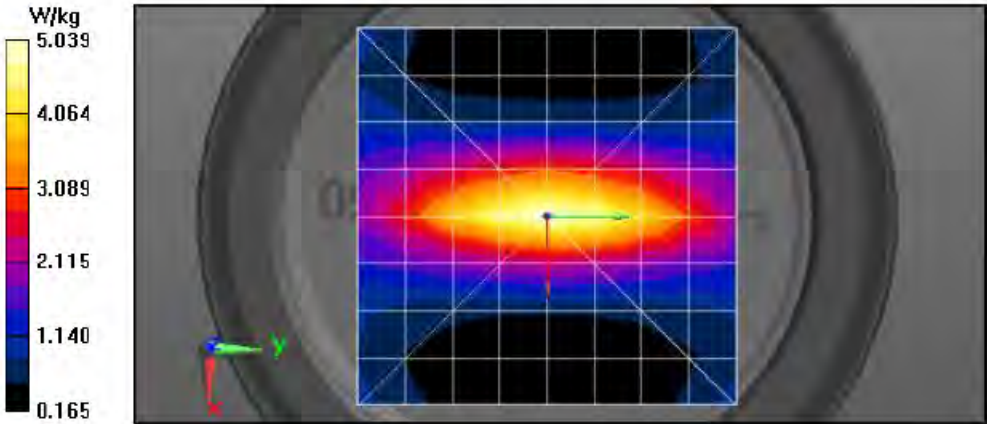
Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500\text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500\text{ mm}$   
Reference Value = 83.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB  
Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 4.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.14 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.16 W/kg

Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/System Performance Check/0-Degree Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=7.5\text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=7.5\text{ mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{ mm}$   
Reference Value = 83.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.29 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 3.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.10 W/kg

Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/System Performance Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x17): Measurement

grid:  $dx=20\text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=20\text{ mm}$ ,  $dz=10\text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.13 W/kg



Motorola Solutions, Inc. EME Laboratory  
Date/Time: 9/21/2017 10:02:42 AM

Robot#: DASY5-PG-3 | Run#: ZR-SYSP-150B-170921-01  
Dipole Model#: CLA-150  
Phantom#: ELI4 1011  
Tissue Temp: 20.4 (C)  
Serial#: 4010  
Test Freq: 150.0000 (MHz)  
Start Power: 1000 (mW)  
Rotation (1D): 0.14 dB  
Adjusted SAR (1W): 3.74 mW/g (1g)

Comments:

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium parameters used:  $f = 150 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.8 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 60$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3612, , Frequency: 150 MHz, ConvF(9.82, 9.82, 9.82); Calibrated: 5/17/2017  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1294, Calibrated: 5/23/2017

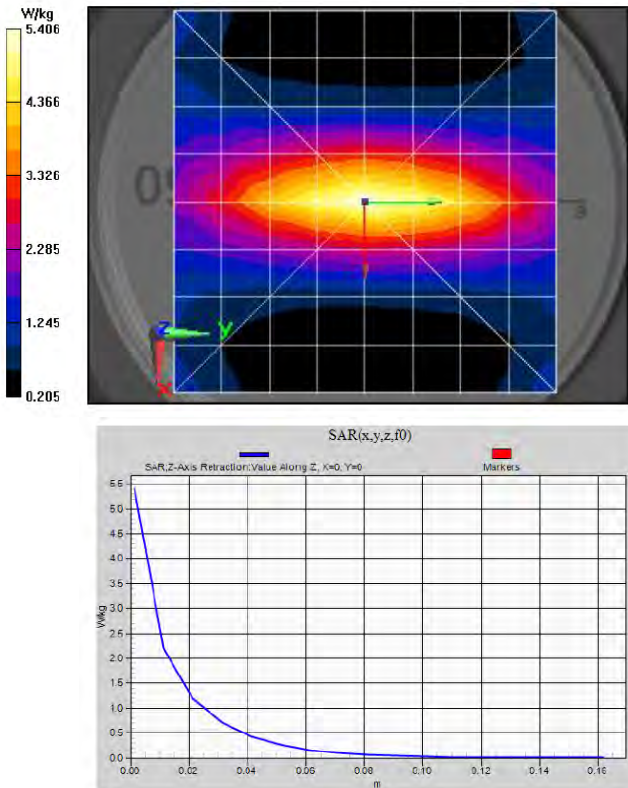
Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/System Performance Check/Dipole Area Scan 2 (81x81x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Reference Value = 81.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB  
Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 4.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.18 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.47 W/kg

Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/System Performance Check/0-Degree Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=7.5 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=7.5 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dz=5 \text{ mm}$   
Reference Value = 81.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.61 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 3.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.38 W/kg

Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/System Performance Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x17): Measurement  
grid:  $dx=20 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=20 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dz=10 \text{ mm}$



Motorola Solutions, Inc. EME Laboratory  
Date/Time: 10/3/2017 1:37:24 PM

Robot#: DASY5-PG-3 | Run#: AZ-SYSP-150H-171003-01  
Dipole Model#: CLA-150  
Phantom#: ELI4 1050  
Tissue Temp: 20.4 (C)  
Serial#: 4010  
Test Freq: 150.0000 (MHz)  
Start Power: 1000 (mW)  
Rotation (1D): 0.120 dB  
Adjusted SAR (1W): 3.80 mW/g (1g)

Comments:

Duty Cycle: 1:1, Medium parameters used:  $f = 150 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.72 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3612, , Frequency: 150 MHz, ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 5/17/2017  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1294, Calibrated: 5/23/2017

Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/System Performance Check/Dipole Area Scan 2 (81x81x1):

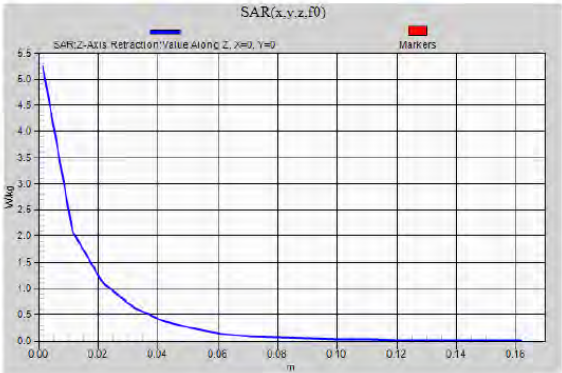
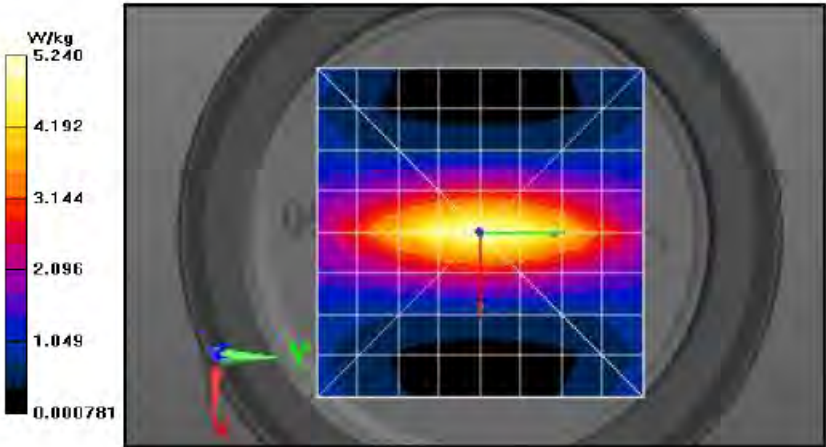
Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Reference Value = 85.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB  
Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 4.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.22 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.32 W/kg

Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/System Performance Check/0-Degree Cube (5x6x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=7.5 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=7.5 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dz=5 \text{ mm}$   
Reference Value = 85.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.51 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 3.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.27 W/kg

Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/System Performance Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x17): Measurement

grid:  $dx=20 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=20 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dz=10 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.24 W/kg



**APPENDIX E**  
**DUT Scans - (Shortened Scan and Highest SAR configurations)**



## Shortened Scan of Highest SAR configuration

### Motorola Solutions, Inc. EME Laboratory

Date/Time: 10/3/2017 2:51:40 PM

Robot#: DASY5-PG-3 | Run#: AZ-FACE-171003-02  
 Model#: PMUD3334A  
 Phantom#: ELI4 1050  
 Tissue Temp: 20.2 (C)  
 Serial#: 546TQR0270  
 Antenna: PMAD4155A  
 Test Freq: 150.8000 (MHz)  
 Battery: PMNN4468A  
 Carry Acc: NONE  
 Audio Acc: NONE  
 Start Power: 2.70 (W)

Comments: Shorten Scan

Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986, Medium parameters used:  $f = 151$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.72$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3612, Frequency: 150.8 MHz, ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 5/17/2017  
 Electronics: DAE4 Sn1294, Calibrated: 5/23/2017

**Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/Face Scan/1-Area Scan (71x171x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 33.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.32 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.716 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.541 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.821 W/kg

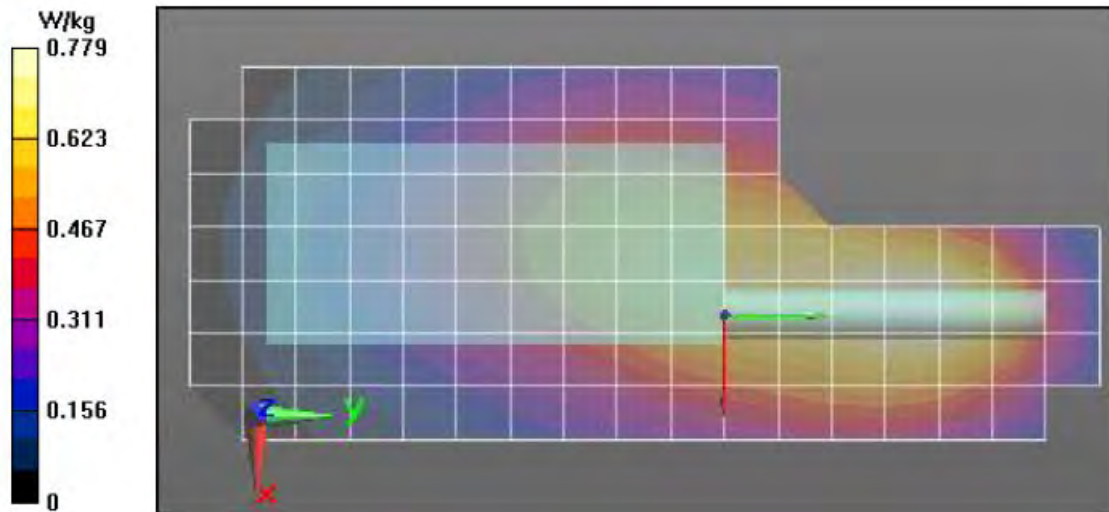
**Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/Face Scan/3-Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 37.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.30 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.723 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.511 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.999 W/kg



Shortened scan reflects highest SAR producing configuration and is compared to the full scan.

Scan Description	Referenced Table	Test Time (min.)	SAR 1g (W/kg)
Shorten scan (zoom)	19	10	0.47
Full scan (area & zoom)	17	30	0.42

## Highest Body SAR Configuration Results for FCC

### Motorola Solutions, Inc. EME Laboratory

Date/Time: 9/21/2017 5:33:00 PM

Robot#: DASY5-PG-3 | Run#: ZR-AB-170921-10  
Model#: PMUD3335A  
Phantom#: ELI4 1011  
Tissue Temp: 19.9 (C)  
Serial#: 546TQR0199  
Antenna: PMAD4155A  
Test Freq: 150.8000 (MHz)  
Battery: PMNN4468A  
Carry Acc: PMLN7128A  
Audio Acc: PMLN7156A  
Start Power: 2.68 (W)

#### Comments:

Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986, Medium parameters used:  $f = 151$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.8$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 60$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3612, Frequency: 150.8 MHz, ConvF(9.82, 9.82, 9.82); Calibrated: 5/17/2017

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1294, Calibrated: 5/23/2017

#### Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/Ab Scan/1-Area Scan (71x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Reference Value = 18.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.29 dB

Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.227 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.270 W/kg

#### Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/Ab Scan/3-Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.24 dB

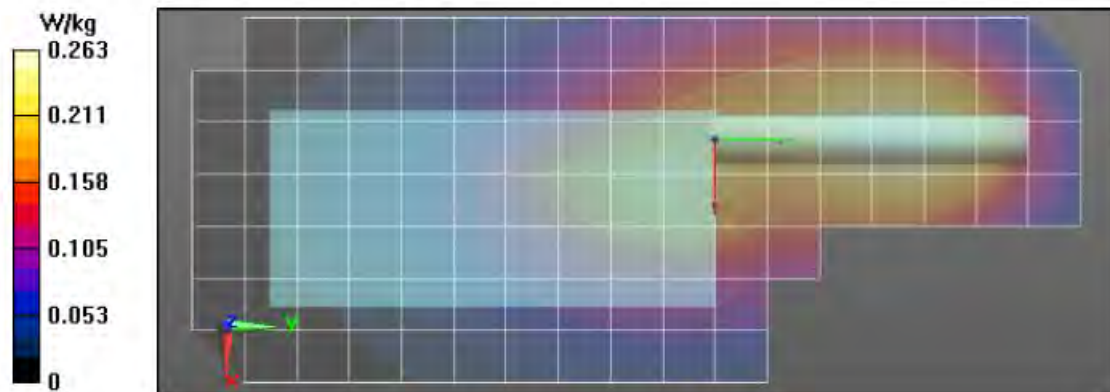
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.368 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.274 W/kg

#### Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/Ab Scan/4-Z-Axis Scan (1x1x17): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 W/kg



Highest Face SAR Configuration Results for FCC

Motorola Solutions, Inc. EME Laboratory  
Date/Time: 9/20/2017 8:14:31 AM

Robot#: DASY5-PG-3 | Run#: ZR-FACE-170920-02  
Model#: PMUD3334A  
Phantom#: ELI4 1022  
Tissue Temp: 20.4 (C)  
Serial#: 546TQR0270  
Antenna: PMAD4155A  
Test Freq: 150.8000 (MHz)  
Battery: PMNN4468A  
Carry Acc: NONE  
Audio Acc: NONE  
Start Power: 2.72 (W)

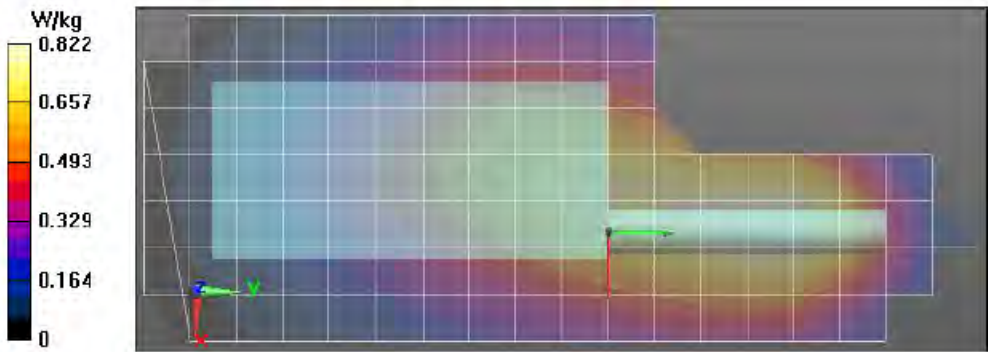
Comments:

Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986, Medium parameters used:  $f = 151 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.72 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3612, Frequency: 150.8 MHz, ConvF(10.17, 10.17, 10.17); Calibrated: 5/17/2017  
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1294, Calibrated: 5/23/2017

**Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/Face Scan/1-Area Scan (71x181x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Reference Value = 34.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.26 dB  
Fast SAR: SAR(1 g) = 0.746 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.567 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.854 W/kg

**Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/Face Scan/3-Zoom Scan (6x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=7.5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=7.5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$   
Reference Value = 34.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.31 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.646 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.468 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.871 W/kg

**Below 2 GHz-Rev.2/Face Scan/4-Z-Axis Scan (1x1x17):** Measurement grid:  $dx=20\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=20\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=10\text{mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.894 W/kg





## **APPENDIX F**

### **DUT Test Position Photos**

## 1.0 Highest SAR Test Position per body location for FCC

### 1.1 Body

DUT with antenna PMAD4155A with offered battery PMNN4468A and belt clip PMLN7128A against the phantom with an audio accessory PMLN7156A attached. Same position used for other applicable offered antennas.



Antenna kit #	Separation Distances (mm)		
	@ bottom surface of the DUT	@ antenna's base	@ antenna's tip
PMAD4155A	25	25	27
*PMAD4154A	25	25	27
PMAD4156A	25	25	27

\*Bandwidth is outside FCC Part 90

### 1.2 Face

Back of DUT with antenna PMAD4155A and battery PMNN4468A separated 2.5cm from the phantom without an audio accessory attached. Same position used for other applicable offered antennas.



Antenna kit #	Separation Distances (mm)		
	@ bottom surface of the DUT	@ antenna's base	@ antenna's tip
PMAD4155A	23	29	29
*PMAD4154A	23	29	29
PMAD4156A	23	29	29

\*Bandwidth is outside FCC Part 90