

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY
Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR
Tablet

ISSUED TO
Evoo Products Company, LLC

2651 Fairfax Avenue Culver City, CA 90232



Tested by: Zong Liyao

Zong Liyao
(Engineer)

Date: Sep. 03, 2019

Approved by: Wei Yanquan

Wei Yanquan
(Chief Engineer)

Date: Sep. 03, 2019

Report No.: BL-SZ1970029-701

EUT Name: Tablet

Model Name: EV-A-133-1 (refer section 2.4)

Brand Name: EVOO

FCC ID: 2ATQQEV-A-133-1

Test Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

ANSI C95.1: 1999

IEEE 1528: 2013

Maximum SAR: Body (1 g): 1.137 W/kg

Test Conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Aug. 08, 2019 ~ Aug. 09, 2019

Date of Issue: Sep. 03, 2019

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Revision History

<u>Version</u>	<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Revisions Content</u>
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Sep. 03, 2019</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

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1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	<p>The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1.</p> <p>The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.</p> <p>The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate is 4344.01.</p> <p>The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.</p>
Description	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	21°C to 23°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	36% to 48%
Ambient Pressure	100 to 102KPa

1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v2.3.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Evoo Products Company, LLC
Address	2651 Fairfax Avenue Culver City, CA 90232

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	HeYuan Vastking Electronic Co., Ltd.
Address	No.13, Hepu Road, Yuancheng, Heyuan, Guangdong

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	HeYuan Vastking Electronic Co., Ltd.
Address	No.13, Hepu Road, Yuancheng, Heyuan, Guangdong

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Tablet
Model Name Under Test	EV-A-133-1
Series Model Name	EV-A-133-1-BK, EV-A-133-1-SL
Description of Model name differentiation	1. Difference appearance color; 2. Difference Model Name;
Hardware Version	H1S3G_V1
Software Version	Android 9.0
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.5 Ancillary Equipment

Ancillary Equipment 1	Battery	
	Brand Name	N/A
	Model No.	3582134
	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacity	10000 mAh
	Rated Voltage	3.7 V
	Limit Charge Voltage	4.2 V

2.6 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth 4.1 (BR+EDR+BLE) WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40) FM, GPS
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The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	2.4G WLAN, 5G WLAN, Bluetooth	
Frequency Range	802.11b/g /n(HT20/HT40)	2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz
	802.11a/n(HT20/HT40)	5150 ~ 5250 MHz
		5250 ~ 5350 MHz
		5470 ~ 5725 MHz
		5725 ~ 5850 MHz
	Bluetooth	2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz
Antenna Type	WLAN: PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna	
Hotspot Function	N/A	
Power Reduction	Not Support	
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure	
EUT Stage	Portable Device	
Product	Type	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Production unit	<input type="checkbox"/> Identical prototype

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1999	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	KDB 248227 D01 v02r02	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters

3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table of Exposure Limits:

Body Position	SAR Value (W/Kg)	
	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure	Occupational/ Controlled Exposure
Whole-Body SAR (averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4
Partial-Body SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.60	8.0
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

3.3 Test Result Summary

3.3.1 Highest SAR (1 g Value)

Band		Maximum Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Body	Body	
WIFI	2.4G	1.137	1.137	1.6
	5.3G	1.029	1.029	
	5.6G	1.027	1.027	
	5.8G	1.034	1.034	
Verdict		Pass		

3.4 Test Uncertainty

3.4.1 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528 This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+ - %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10 g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10 g Ui (+-%)	Vi V _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.80	5.80	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.41	1.41	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	2.38	2.38	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Test sample Related								
Test sample positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	N-1
Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	2.0	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.03	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	5.0	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.90	3.55	M
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5.0	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty	-	RSS	-			10.72	10.56	-
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)	-	k	-			21.45	21.11	-

3.4.2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system check

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE 1528. The break down of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+ - %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.80	5.30	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.02	2.02	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.56	∞
Probe Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Dipole								
Deviation of experimental dipole	5.5	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Power drift	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.29	0.29	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	2.0	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	5.0	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.90	3.55	M
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	5.0	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty	-	RSS	-			10.43	10.25	-
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)	-	k	-			20.86	20.51	-

4 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational / controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population /uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

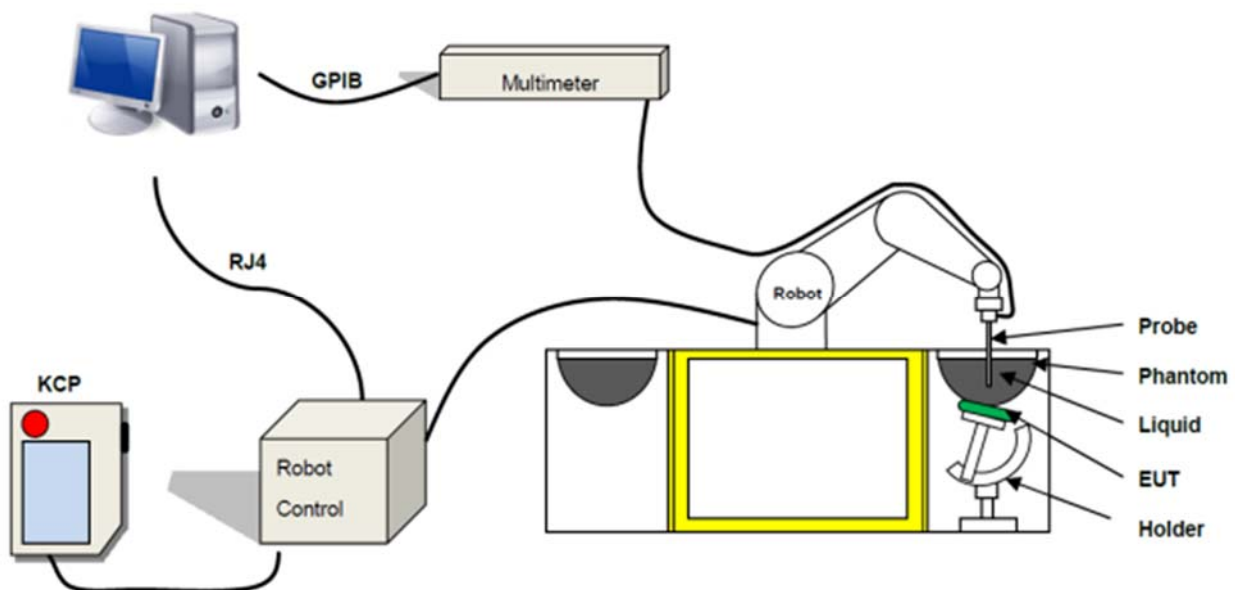
$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

4.2 SATIMO SAR System

4.2.1 SATIMO SAR System Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO.

The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 850 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR standard and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528.

4.2.2 Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

4.2.3 E-Field Probe

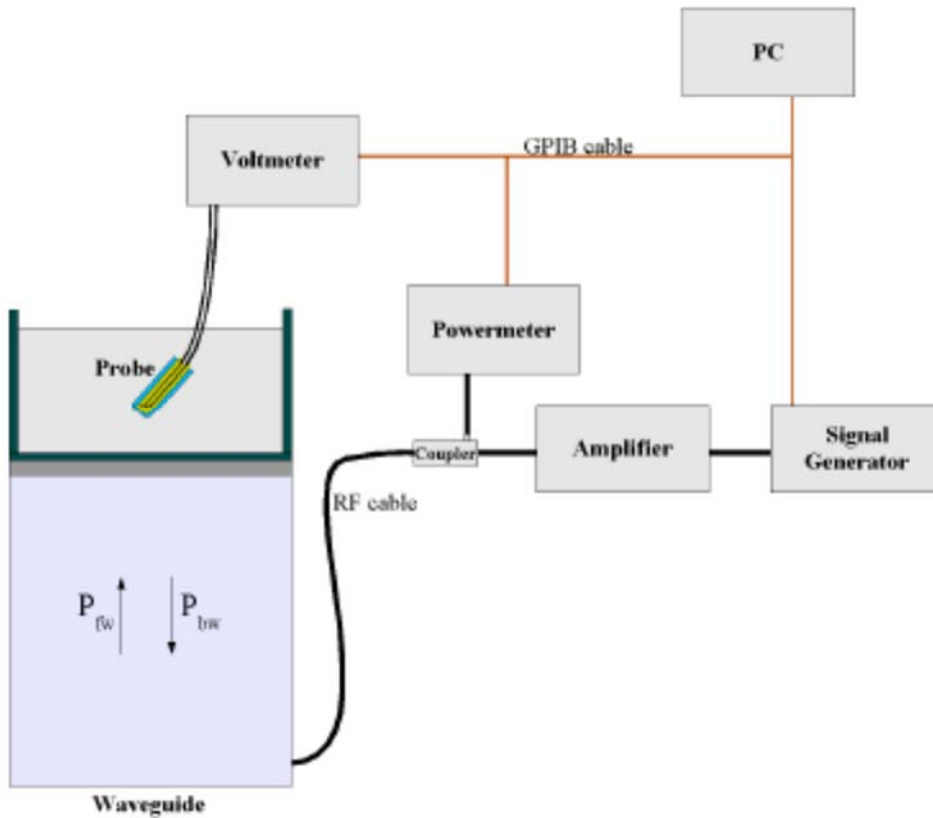
For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 34/15 EPGO 265 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
 - Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm
 - Lower detection limit : 10 mW/kg
(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
 - Probe linearity: +/- 0.07 dB
 - Calibration range: 300 MHz to 6000 MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the IEC62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\sigma} \cos^2 \left(\pi \frac{y}{a} \right) c^{(2\pi/\sigma)}$$

Where :

Pfw = Forward Power
Pbw = Backward Power
a and b = Waveguide Dimensions
 δ = Skin Depth

Keithley configuration

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage $V_{lin}(N)$ is obtained from the displayed output voltage $V(N)$ using

$$V_{lin}(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

Where the DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.2.4 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM103



Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM104



Serial Number	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 30/13 SAM103	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02
SN 30/13 SAM104	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



SN 30/13 SAM103

4.2.5 Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

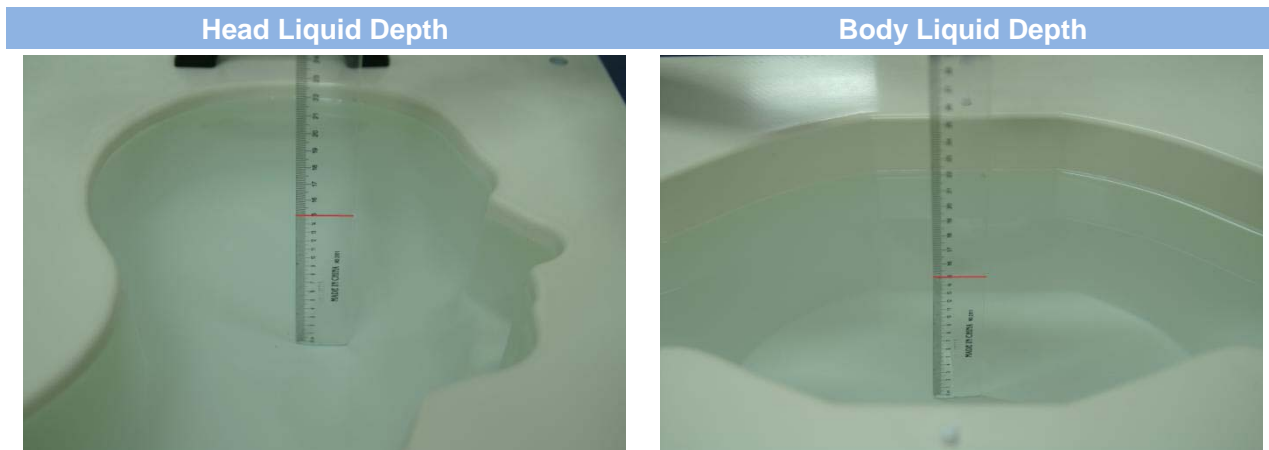


Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 25/13 MSH87	Deirin	3.7	0.005
SN 11/17 LSH31 (Laptop)	PMMA	2.9	0.028

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1° .

4.2.6 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.



The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid and the theoretical Conductivity/Permittivity.

Head (Reference IEEE1528)								
Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Permittivity ε
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0.1	0	44.9	1.80	39.2
2600	54.9	0	0	0.1	0	45.0	1.96	39.0
Frequency(MHz)	Water (%)	Hexyl Carbitol (%)			Triton X-100 (%)		Conductivity σ (S/m)	Permittivity ε
5200	62.52	17.24			17.24		4.66	36.0
5800	62.52	17.24			17.24		5.27	35.3
Body (From instrument manufacturer)								
Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Permittivity ε
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0.1	0	31.3	1.95	52.7
2600	68.2	0	0	0.1	0	31.7	2.16	52.5

Frequency(MHz)	Water	DGBE (%)	Salt (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Permittivity ϵ
5200	78.60	21.40	/	5.54	47.86
5800	78.50	21.40	0.1	6.0	48.20

5.1 Antenna Port Test Requirement

5.2 Purpose of System Check

5.3 System Check Setup

The diagram illustrates the experimental setup for measuring the radiation pattern of a dipole antenna. The setup includes a Signal Generator, Amplifier (Amp), Low Pass filter, 3dB attenuator (Att3), Directional Coupler (Dir.Coupler), Cable, Attenuator (Att1), and Power Meter (PM1) connected to a 3D Probe positioner. The probe is positioned above a Flat Phantom containing a Dipole antenna. A Tuning element and Spacer are also shown. A computer is connected to the 3D Probe positioner for data acquisition. A coordinate system (x, y, z) is shown in the top right corner.

6 EUT TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

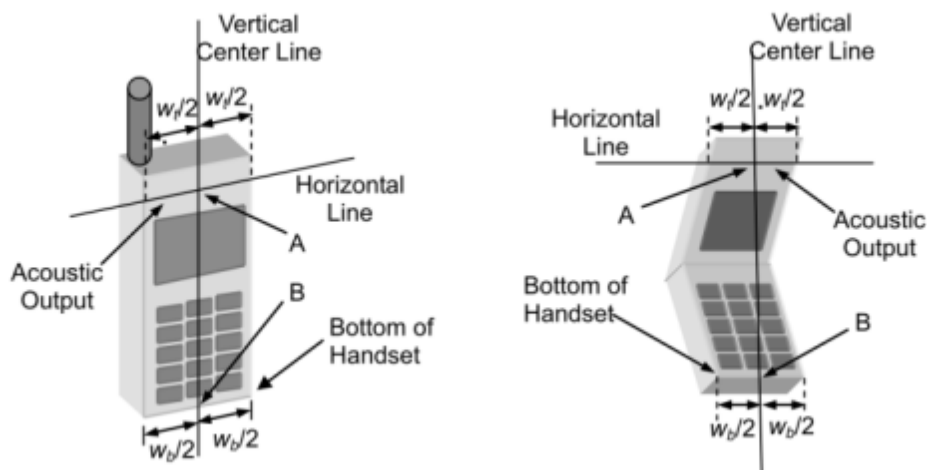
According to KDB 648474 D04 Handset, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

6.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2013 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

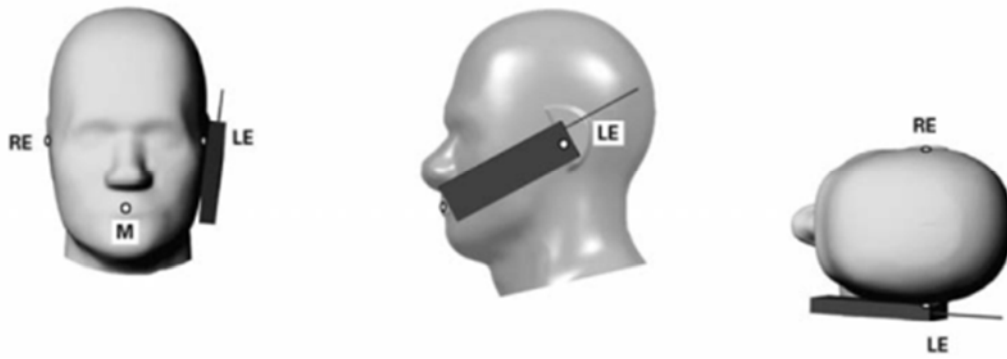
6.1.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- The vertical center line passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



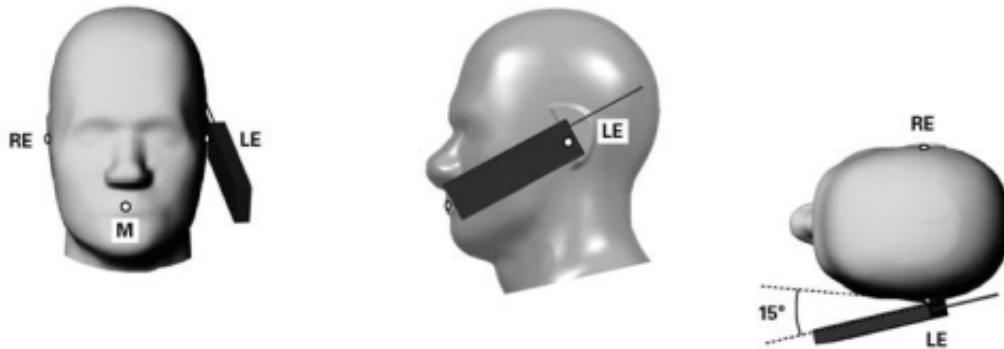
6.1.2 Cheek Position

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.



6.1.3 Tilted Position

- To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.



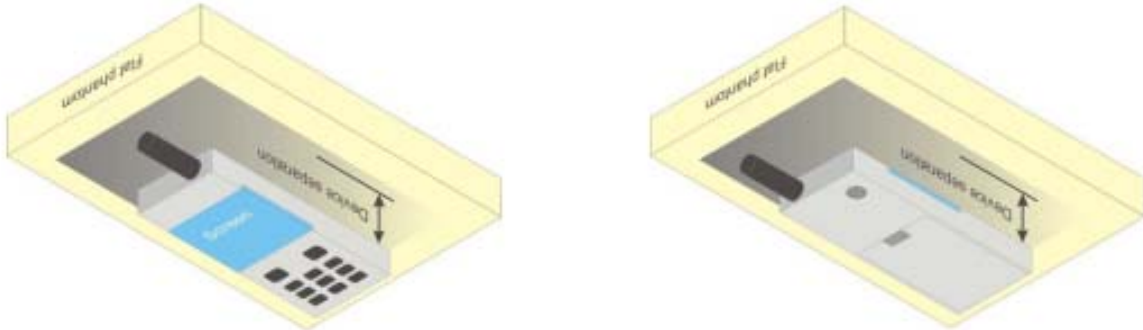
6.2 Body-worn Position Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

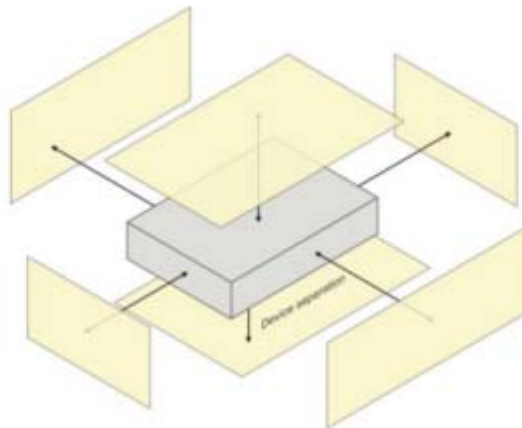
Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required. A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by

users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance ≤ 5 mm to support compliance.



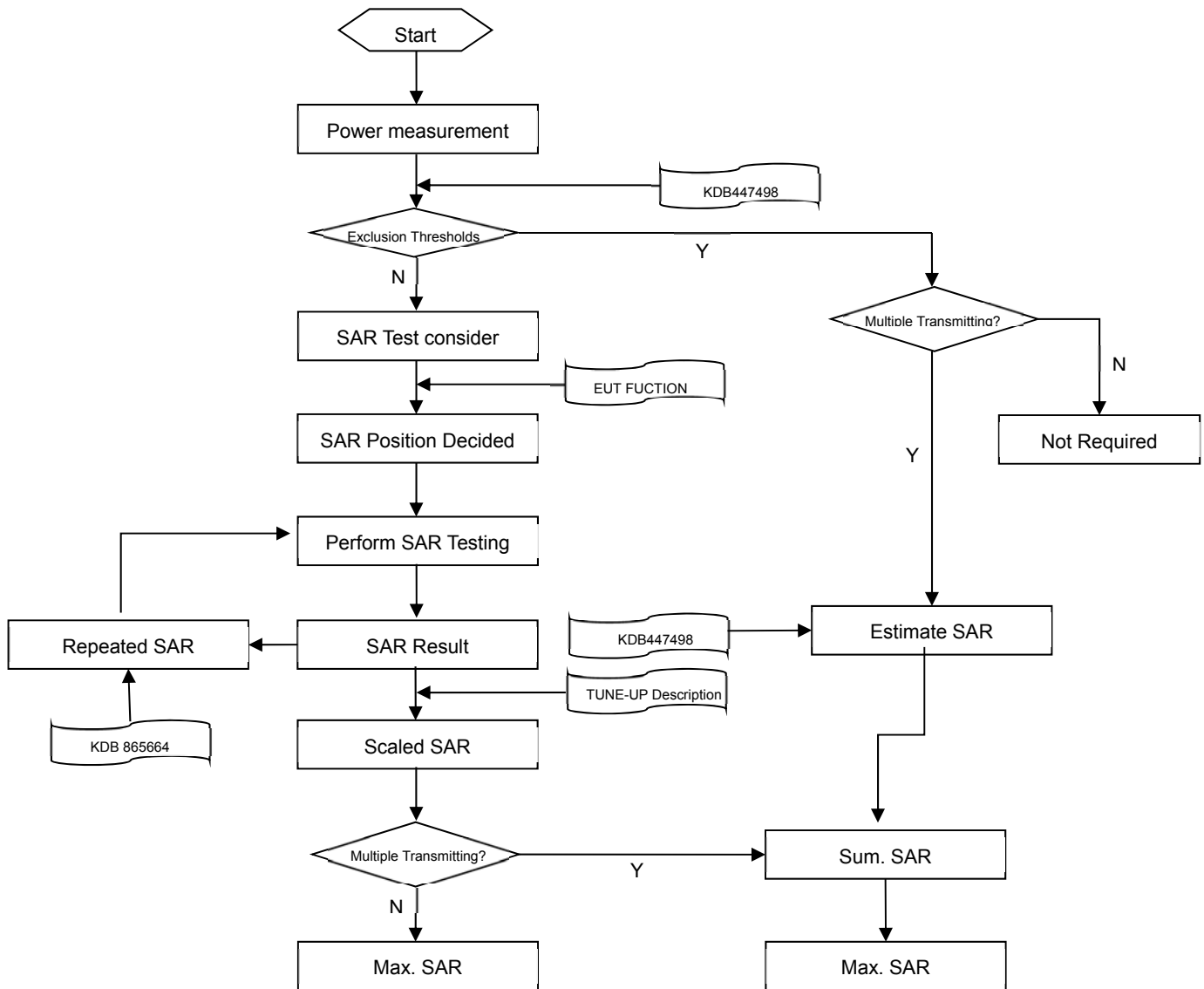
6.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



7 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

7.1 SAR Measurement Process Diagram



7.2 SAR Scan General Requirements

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5±1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30°±1°	20°±1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx Area , Δy Area			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx Zoom , Δy Zoom			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n)		≤ 5 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	Δ z Zoom (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm
				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		Δ z Zoom (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz Zoom (n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥30 mm	3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm
				5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note:

1. δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
2. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

7.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

8.1 WIFI

8.1.1 2.4GWIFI

Band (GHz)	Mode	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	SAR Test Require.
2.4 (2.4~2.4835)	802.11b	1	2412	14.15	14.50	Yes
		6	2437	14.10	14.50	Yes
		11	2462	14.15	14.50	Yes
	802.11g	1	2412	14.15	14.50	No
		6	2437	14.00	14.50	No
		11	2462	14.00	14.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	1	2412	14.10	14.50	No
		6	2437	14.18	14.50	No
		11	2462	14.10	14.50	No
	802.11n(HT40)	3	2422	13.60	14.00	No
		6	2437	13.60	14.00	No
		9	2452	13.60	14.00	No

8.1.2 5GWIFI

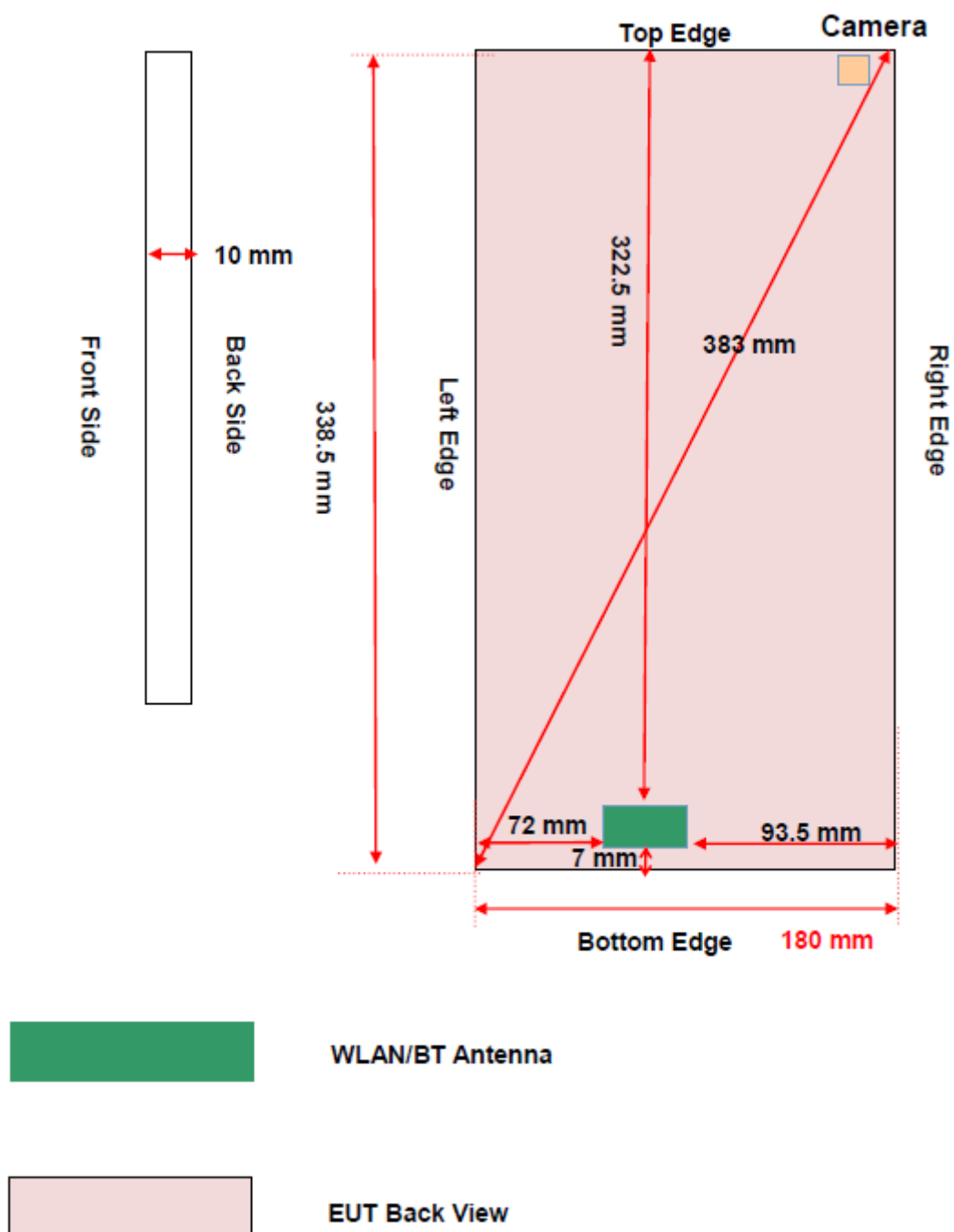
Band (GHz)	Mode	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	SAR Test Require.
5.2 (5.15~5.25)	802.11a	36	5180	9.50	10.50	No
		44	5220	9.50	10.50	No
		48	5240	9.80	10.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	36	5180	9.60	10.50	No
		44	5220	9.50	10.50	No
		48	5240	9.10	10.50	No
	802.11n(HT40)	38	5190	9.50	10.50	No
		46	5230	9.70	10.50	No
5.3 (5.25~5.35)	802.11a	52	5260	9.60	10.50	No
		60	5300	9.60	10.50	No
		64	5320	10.35	10.50	No
	802.11n(HT20)	52	5260	9.30	10.50	No
		60	5300	10.10	10.50	No
		64	5320	9.80	10.50	No
	802.11n(HT40)	54	5270	9.76	10.50	Yes
		62	5310	9.80	10.50	Yes
5.6 (5.47~5.725)	802.11a	100	5500	16.33	17.00	No
		116	5580	15.59	16.00	No
		140	5700	15.00	16.00	No
		144	5720	14.82	16.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	100	5500	16.25	17.00	No
		116	5580	15.06	16.00	No
		140	5700	14.92	16.00	No
		144	5720	15.22	16.00	No
	802.11n(HT40)	102	5510	16.37	17.00	Yes
		118	5590	15.33	16.00	Yes
		134	5670	14.25	16.00	Yes
		142	5710	14.96	16.00	Yes
5.8 (5.725~5.850)	802.11a	149	5745	14.05	14.50	No
		157	5785	14.06	14.50	No
		165	5825	14.88	15.00	No
	802.11n(HT20)	149	5745	13.44	14.50	No
		157	5785	13.99	14.50	No
		165	5825	14.30	15.00	No
	802.11n(HT40)	151	5755	13.57	14.50	Yes
		159	5795	14.49	15.00	Yes

8.2 Bluetooth

Mode	GFSK			$\pi/4$ -DQPSK		
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480
Conducted Power (dBm)	6.51	6.62	6.54	5.80	5.94	5.82
Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	8.00			7.00		
Mode	8-DPSK			BLE		
Channel	0	39	78	0	19	39
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2440	2480
Conducted Power (dBm)	5.93	6.09	5.98	6.18	6.28	6.21
Tune-up Power Limit (dBm)	7.00			7.00		

9 EUT ANTENNA LOCATION SKETCH

9.1 Tablet Mode antenna location sketch



9.2 SAR Test Exclusion Consider Table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, Appendix A, <SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz – 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm> Table, this Device SAR test configurations consider as following :

Band	Mode	Max. Peak Power		Test Position Configurations				
		dBm	mW	Back	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
WLAN 2.4 G	Distance to User			<5mm	72mm	93.5mm	322.5mm	7mm
	802.11b	14.50	28.18	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
	802.11g	14.50	28.18	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	14.50	28.18	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
	802.11n(HT40)	14.00	25.12	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
WLAN 5.2 G	Distance to User			<5mm	72mm	93.5mm	322.5mm	7mm
	802.11a	10.50	11.22	No	No	No	No	No
	802.11n(HT20)	10.50	11.22	No	No	No	No	No
	802.11n(HT40)	10.50	11.22	No	No	No	No	No
WLAN 5.3 G	Distance to User			<5mm	72mm	93.5mm	322.5mm	7mm
	802.11a	10.50	11.22	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	10.50	11.22	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
	802.11n(HT40)	10.50	11.22	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
WLAN 5.6 G	Distance to User			<5mm	72mm	93.5mm	322.5mm	7mm
	802.11a	17.00	50.12	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	17.00	50.12	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
	802.11n(HT40)	17.00	50.12	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
WLAN 5.8 G	Distance to User			<5mm	72mm	93.5mm	322.5mm	7mm
	802.11a	15.00	31.62	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
	802.11n(HT20)	15.00	31.62	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
	802.11n(HT40)	15.00	31.62	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Bluetooth	Distance to User			<5mm	72mm	93.5mm	322.5mm	No
	Bluetooth BR/EDR	8.00	6.31	No	No	No	No	No
	Bluetooth BLE	7.00	5.01	No	No	No	No	No

Note:

1. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power including tune-up tolerance among production units
2. Per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
4. Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR}$$
 - a. $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - b. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - c. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
 - d. For < 50 mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value (3.0) to do compare.
5. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.8.
For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
6. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
 - a. When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
7. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands conditions.
 - a. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
 - b. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

10 TEST RESULTS

10.1 WIFI 2.4GHz

Mode	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1 g Meas. SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune- up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
Body													
802.11 b	Back Side	0	1	2412	4.68	1.045	14.15	14.50	1.084	99.60	1.004	1.137	1#
		0	6	2437	-1.04	1.030	14.10	14.50	1.096	99.60	1.004	1.134	/
		0	11	2462	-0.07	1.041	14.15	14.50	1.084	99.60	1.004	1.133	/
	Bottom Edge	0	1	2412	-4.31	0.046	14.15	14.50	1.084	99.60	1.004	0.050	/
Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.													

10.2 WIFI 5GHz

Mode	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1 g Meas. SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune- up Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
5.2&5.3G Body													
802.11 n40	Back Side	0	62	5310	-3.25	0.817	9.80	10.50	1.175	94.70	1.056	1.014	/
		0	54	5270	-0.78	0.822	9.76	10.50	1.186	94.70	1.056	1.029	2#
	Bottom Edge	0	62	5310	1.39	0.324	9.80	10.50	1.175	94.70	1.056	0.402	/
5.6G Body													
802.11 n40	Back Side	0	102	5510	-1.24	0.782	16.37	17.00	1.156	94.70	1.056	0.955	/
		0	118	5590	0.96	0.765	15.33	16.00	1.167	94.70	1.056	0.943	/
		0	134	5670	-0.24	0.650	14.25	16.00	1.496	94.70	1.056	1.027	3#
		0	142	5710	-1.53	0.626	14.96	16.00	1.271	94.70	1.056	0.840	/
	Bottom Edge	0	102	5510	1.66	0.313	16.37	17.00	1.156	94.70	1.056	0.382	/
5.8G Body													
802.11 n40	Back Side	0	159	5795	-2.79	0.871	14.49	15.00	1.125	94.70	1.056	1.034	4#
		0	151	5755	-2.11	0.742	13.57	14.50	1.239	94.70	1.056	0.971	/
	Bottom Edge	0	159	5795	-1.56	0.382	14.49	15.00	1.125	94.70	1.056	0.454	/
Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.													

11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 , or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Wireless Band	RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (Yes/No)	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
2400	WIFI 802.11 b	Body	Back Side	1.045	Yes	1.028	1.02
5300	WIFI 802.11 n40	Body	Back Side	0.822	Yes	0.796	1.03
5800	WIFI 802.11 n40	Body	Back Side	0.871	Yes	0.835	1.04
Note: The ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is < 1.20 , the second repeated measurement is not required.							

12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

Note: This product has only one antenna for WLAN and Bluetooth, WLAN and Bluetooth antenna can't simultaneous transmission at same time, so simultaneous transmission evaluation is not require.

13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
2450MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID 2450	S/N 11/17 DIP 2G450-452	2017/03/22	2020/03/21
Waveguide	SATIMO	SWG5500	S/N 49/16 DIP WGA42	2017/03/22	2020/03/21
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	S/N 34/15 EPGO 265	2019/03/19	2020/03/18
MultiMeter	Keithley	MultiMeter 2000	4024022	2019/06/17	2020/06/16
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	260592	2019/06/13	2020/06/12
Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	GB40201833	2018/11/01	2019/10/31
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	MY41498012	2018/11/01	2019/10/31
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	MY41499891	2018/11/01	2019/10/31
Network Analyzer	R&S	ZVL-6	101380	2019/06/20	2020/06/19
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	N/A	2018/11/05	2019/11/04
Power Amplifier	SATIMO	6552B	22374	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 25/13 OCPG56	N/A	N/A
Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA3	SN 17/13 ZNTA45	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	SATIMO	SAM	SN 11/17 SAM133	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	SATIMO	ELLI	SN 11/17 ELLI42	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation Verification, BALUN LAB has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.
4. Impedance (real or imaginary parts) in within 5 Ohms of calibrated measurement.

ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SCLMP Dielectric Probe Kit.

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ϵ)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ϵ)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
2019.08.08	Head	2450	21.1	1.77	39.95	1.80	39.20	-1.67	1.91
2019.08.08	Head	5200	21.1	4.58	37.41	4.66	35.99	-1.72	3.95
2019.08.08	Head	5400	21.1	4.83	36.58	4.86	35.76	-0.62	2.29
2019.08.09	Head	5600	21.4	5.13	35.51	5.07	35.53	1.18	-0.06
2019.08.09	Head	5800	21.4	5.37	34.38	5.27	35.30	1.90	-2.61
Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is $\pm 5\%$.									

ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10%(for 1 g).

Date	Liquid Type	Freq. (MHz)	Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Dipole SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)	Targeted SAR(W/kg)	Tolerance (%)
2019.08.08	Head	2450	100	5.121	51.21	54.31	-5.71	52.40	-2.27
2019.08.08	Head	5200	100	15.751	157.51	161.03	-2.19	159.00	-0.94
2019.08.08	Head	5400	100	17.158	171.58	168.17	2.03	166.40	3.11
2019.08.09	Head	5600	100	17.162	171.62	175.43	-2.17	173.80	-1.25
2019.08.09	Head	5800	100	18.384	183.84	182.3	0.84	181.20	1.46
Note: The tolerance limit of System validation $\pm 10\%$.									

System Performance Check Data(2450MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

E-Field Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

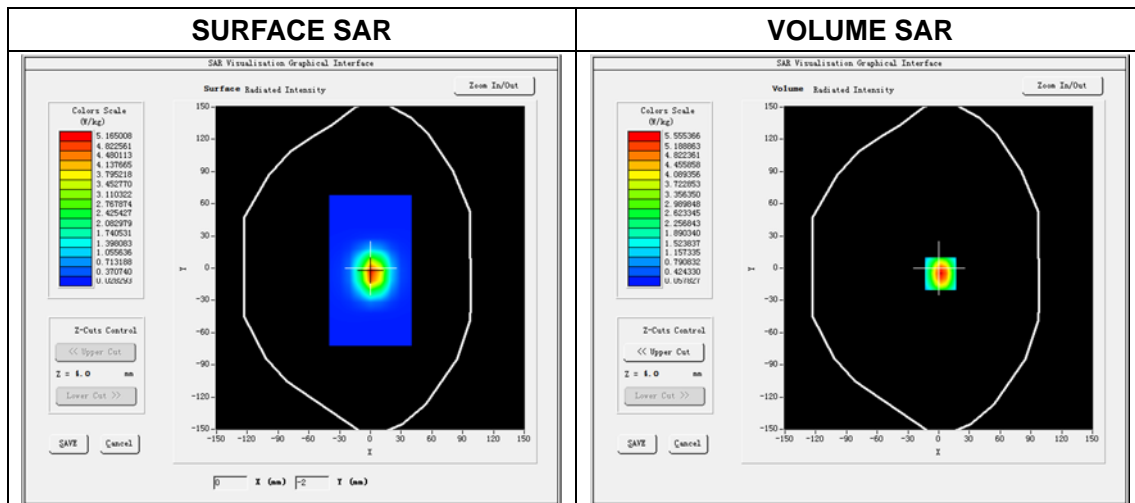
Zoom scan resolution: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2019.08.08

Measurement duration: 17 minutes 04 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Band	2450MHz
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.946058
Conductivity (S/m)	1.768372
Power drift (%)	-0.480000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.1°C
ConvF:	2.55
Crest factor:	1:1

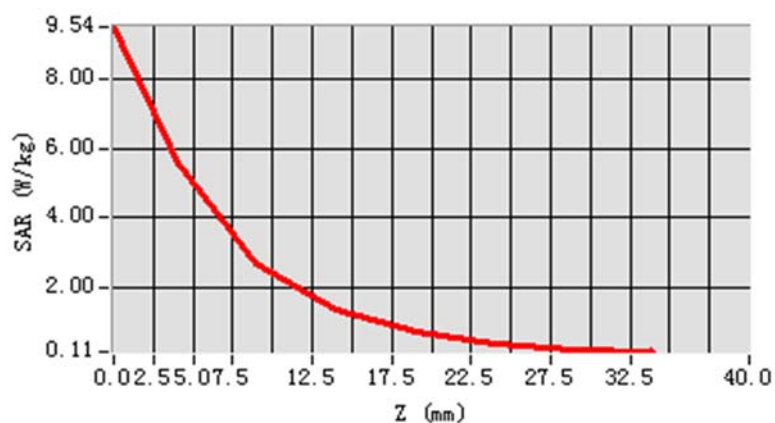


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-2.00

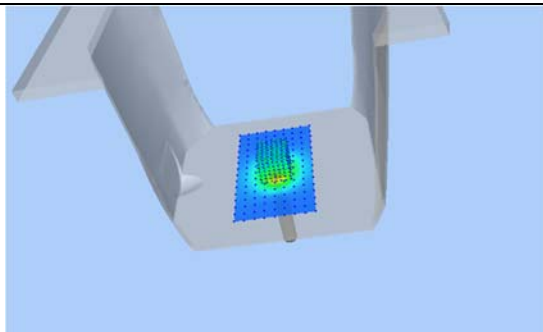
SAR Peak: 9.48 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.348520
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.121237

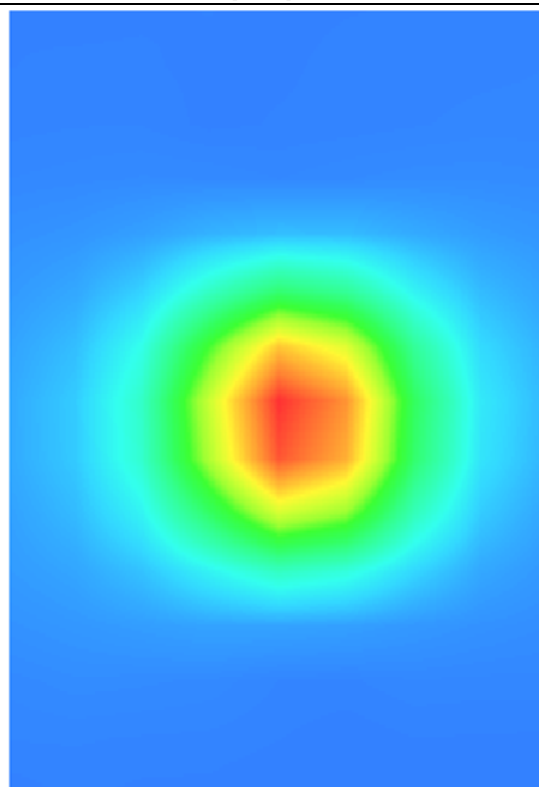
Z Axis Scan



3D screen shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(5200 MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

E-Field Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265

Area scan resolution: dx=8 mm,dy=8 mm

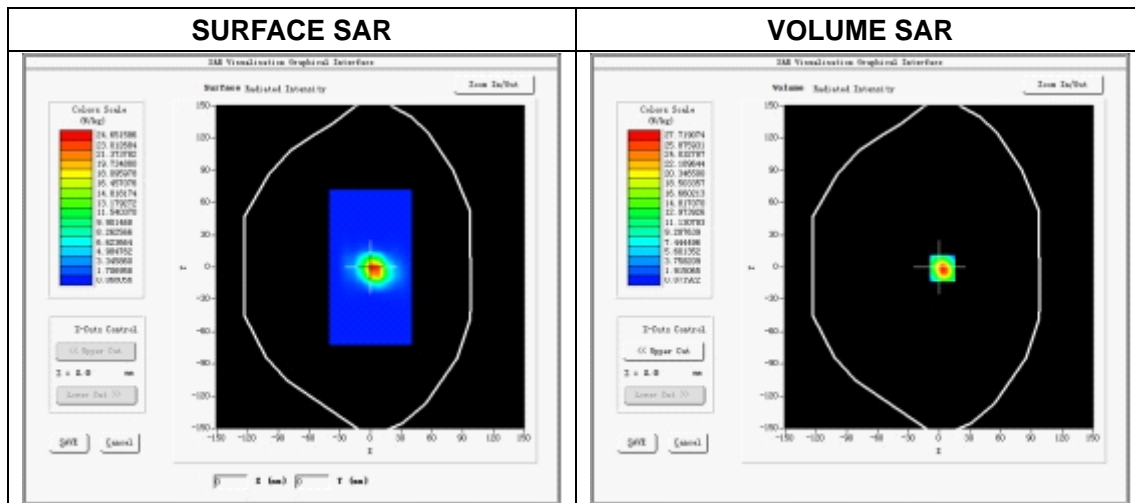
Zoom scan resolution: dx=4 mm, dy=4 mm, dz=2 mm

Date of measurement: 2019.08.08

Measurement duration: 30 minutes 09 seconds

Experimental conditions.

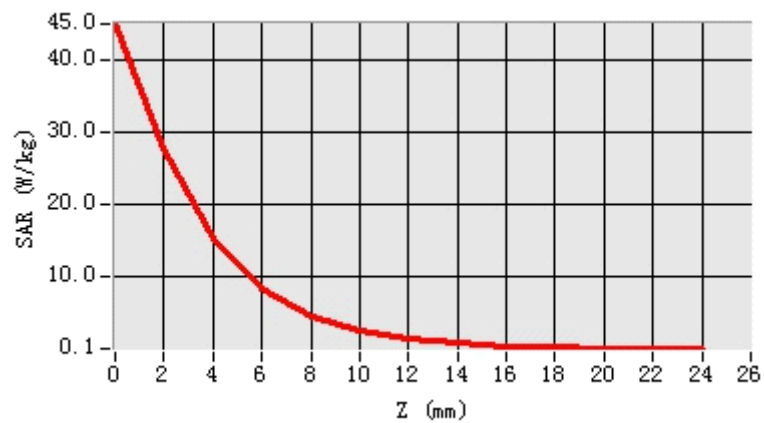
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Band	5200 MHz
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.412048
Conductivity (S/m)	4.581440
Power drift (%)	-0.750000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.1°C
ConvF:	2.09
Crest factor:	1:1



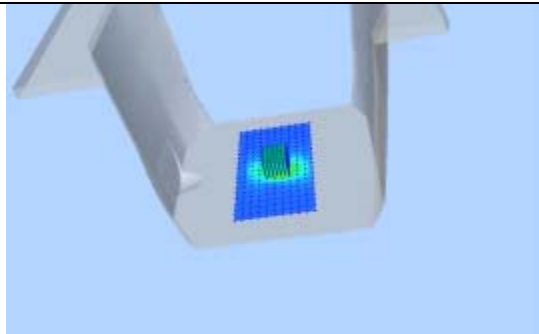
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00
SAR Peak: 44.91 W/kg

SAR 10 g (W/Kg)	5.379681
SAR 1 g (W/Kg)	15.751352

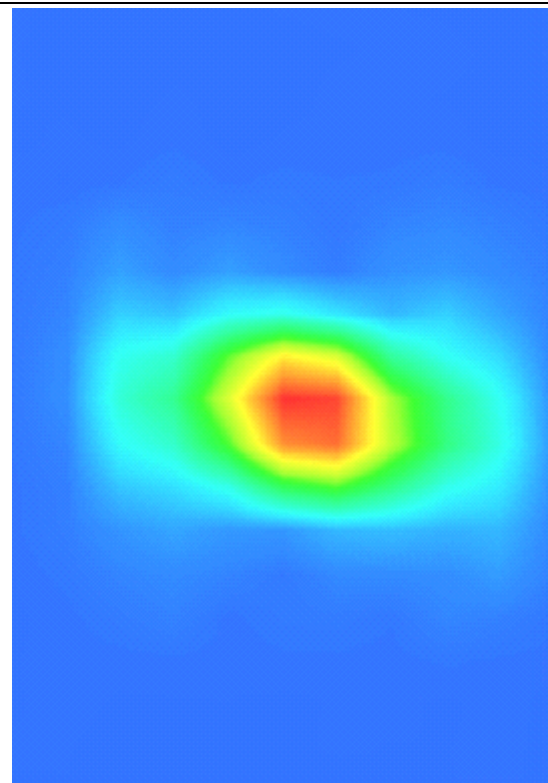
Z Axis Scan



3D screen shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(5400 MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

E-Field Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265

Area scan resolution: dx=8 mm,dy=8 mm

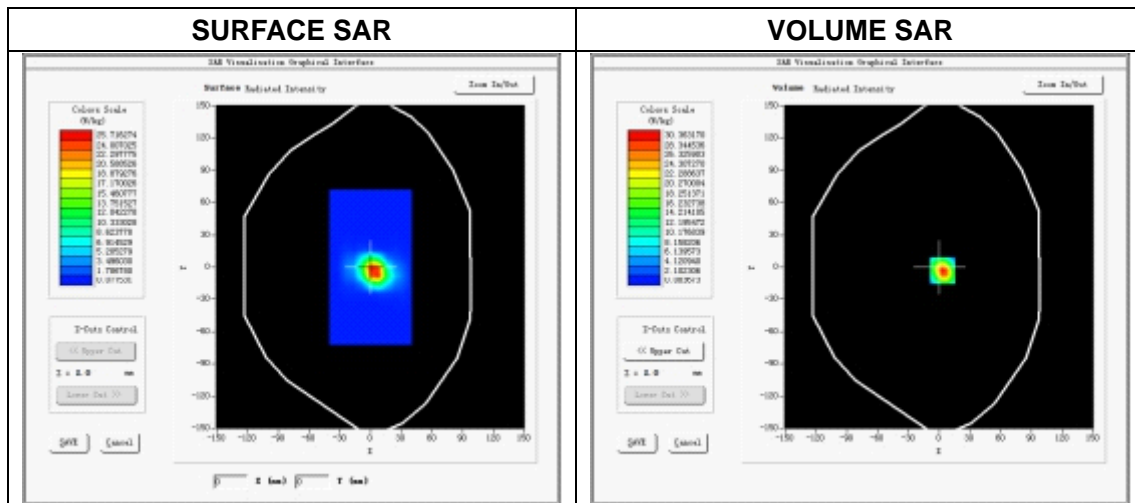
Zoom scan resolution: dx=4 mm, dy=4 mm, dz=2 mm

Date of measurement: 2019.08.08

Measurement duration: 30 minutes 11 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Band	5400 MHz
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	5400.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.582145
Conductivity (S/m)	4.834199
Power drift (%)	-0.310000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.1°C
ConvF:	2.04
Crest factor:	1:1

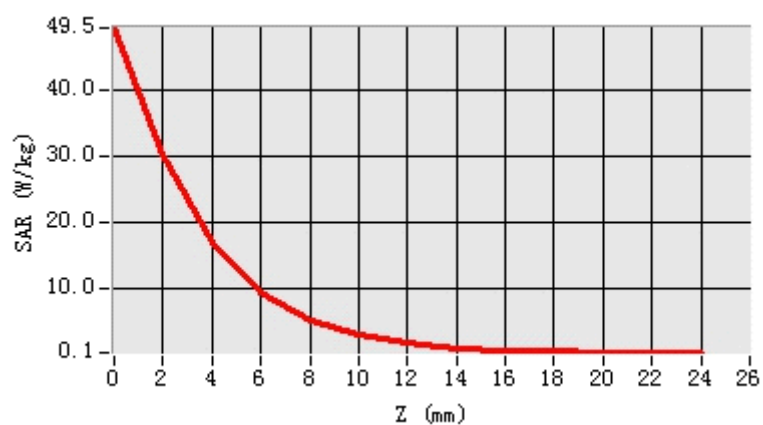


Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=-3.00

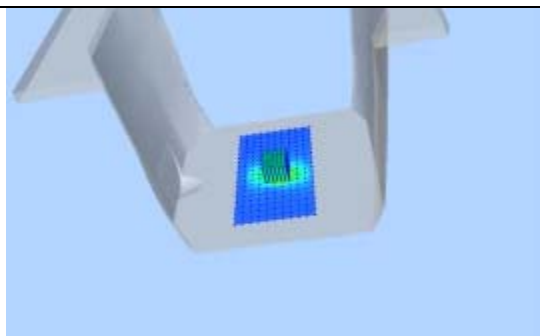
SAR Peak: 49.45 W/kg

SAR 10 g (W/Kg)	5.790862
SAR 1 g (W/Kg)	17.158375

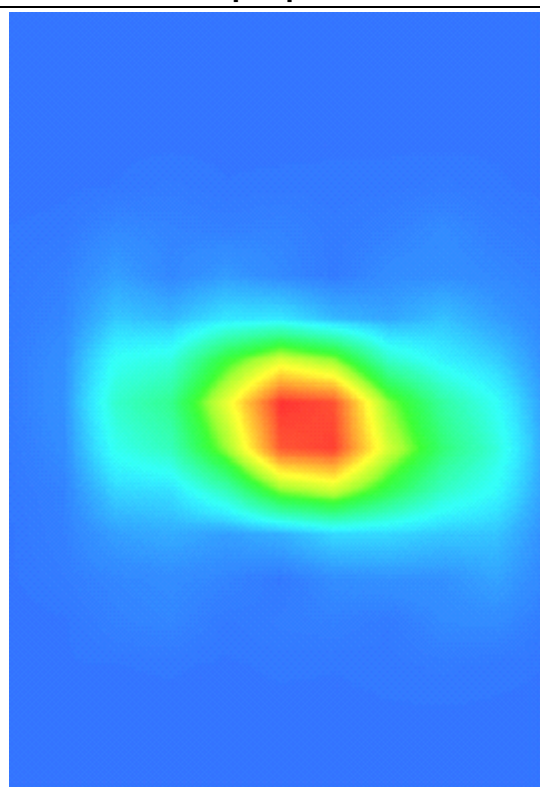
Z Axis Scan



3D screen shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(5600 MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

E-Field Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265

Area scan resolution: dx=8 mm,dy=8 mm

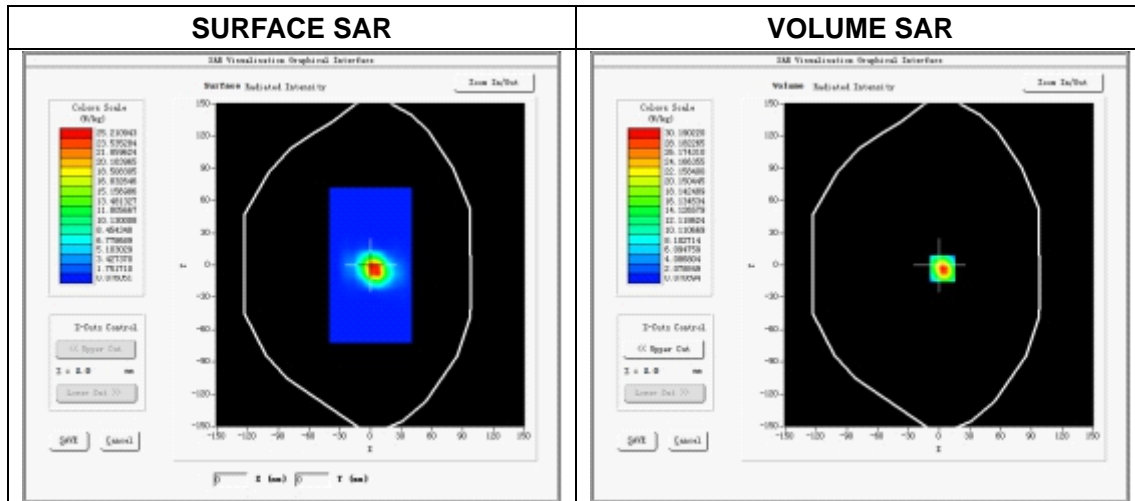
Zoom scan resolution: dx=4 mm, dy=4 mm, dz=2 mm

Date of measurement: 2019.08.09

Measurement duration: 30 minutes 08 seconds

Experimental conditions.

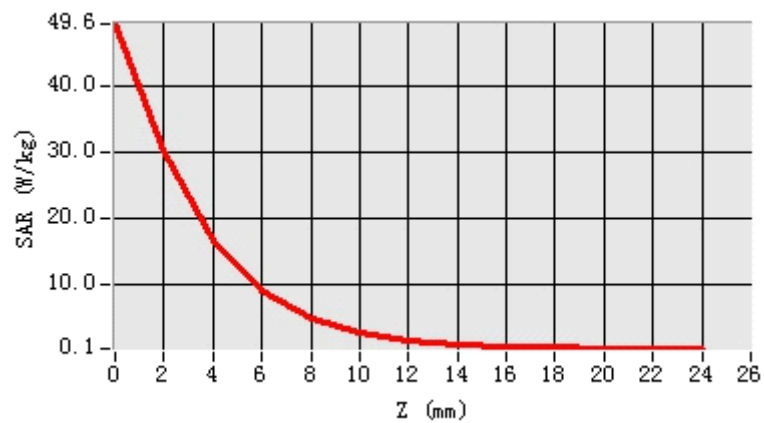
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Band	5600 MHz
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	5600.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.506210
Conductivity (S/m)	5.126381
Power drift (%)	-0.410000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.4°C
ConvF:	2.20
Crest factor:	1:1



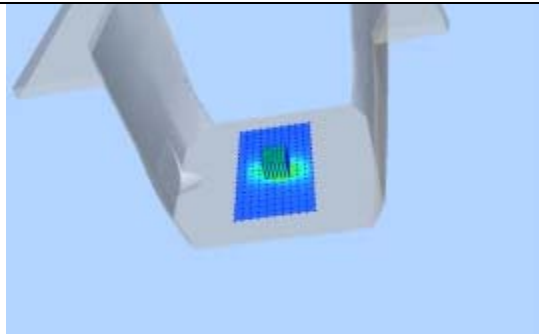
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=-3.00
SAR Peak: 49.53 W/kg

SAR 10 g (W/Kg)	5.822838
SAR 1 g (W/Kg)	17.162381

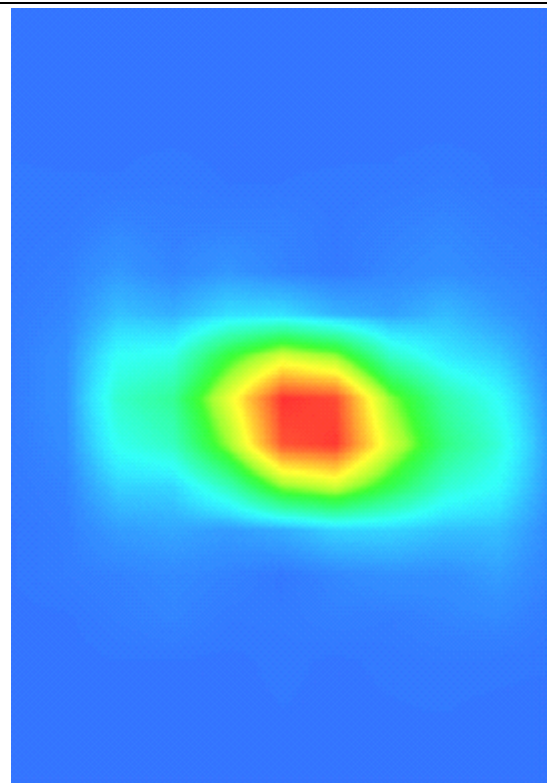
Z Axis Scan



3D screen shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(5800 MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

E-Field Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265

Area scan resolution: dx=8 mm,dy=8 mm

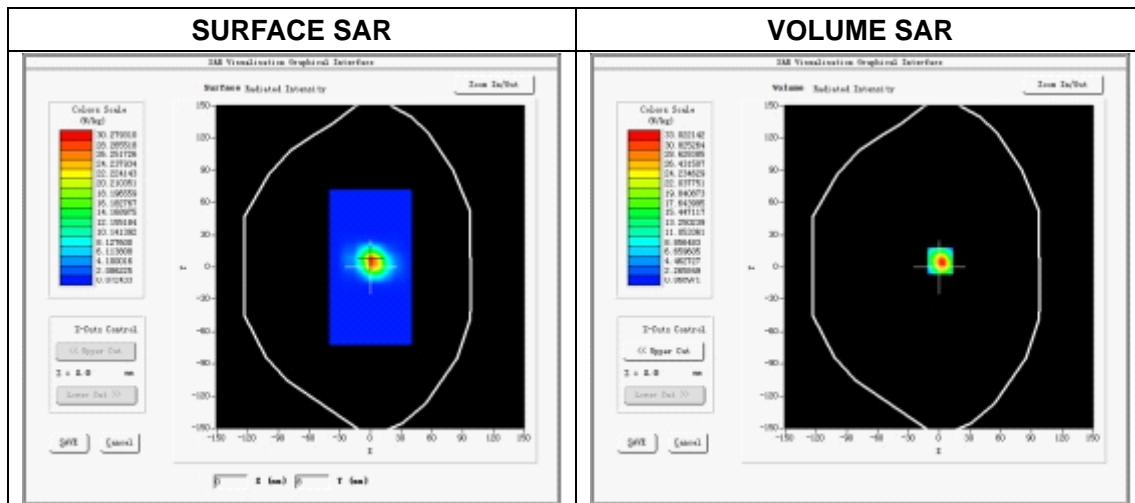
Zoom scan resolution: dx=4 mm, dy=4 mm, dz=2 mm

Date of measurement: 2019.08.09

Measurement duration: 29 minutes 14 seconds

Experimental conditions.

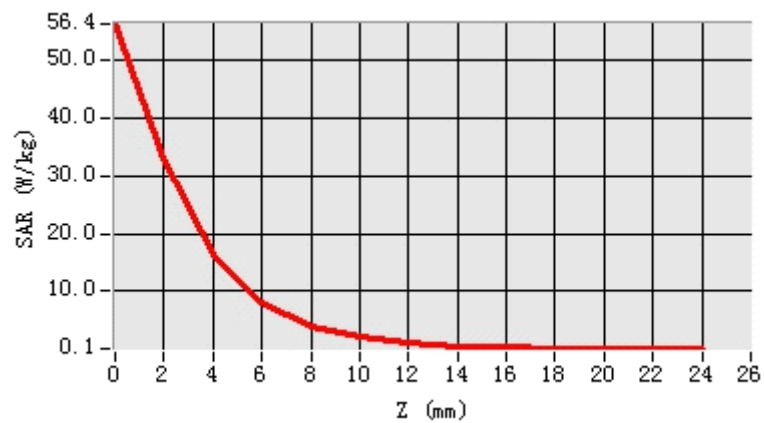
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Band	5800 MHz
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.381524
Conductivity (S/m)	5.368156
Power drift (%)	-0.320000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.4°C
ConvF:	2.17
Crest factor:	1:1



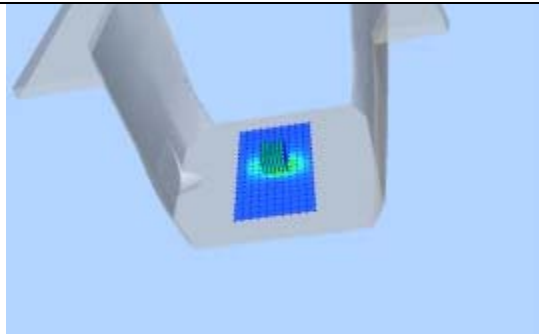
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=8.00
SAR Peak: 56.31 W/kg

SAR 10 g (W/Kg)	6.006317
SAR 1 g (W/Kg)	18.384155

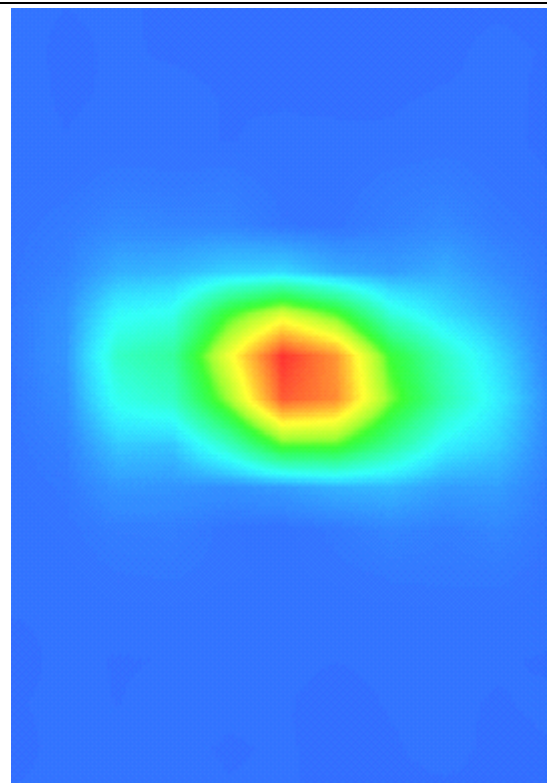
Z Axis Scan



3D screen shot



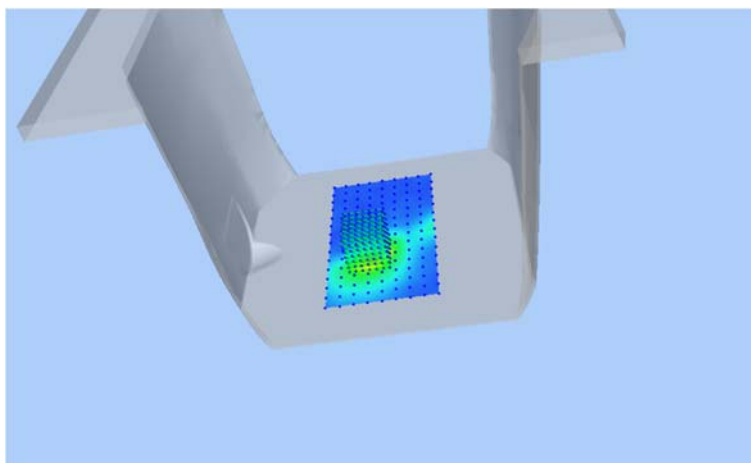
Hot spot position



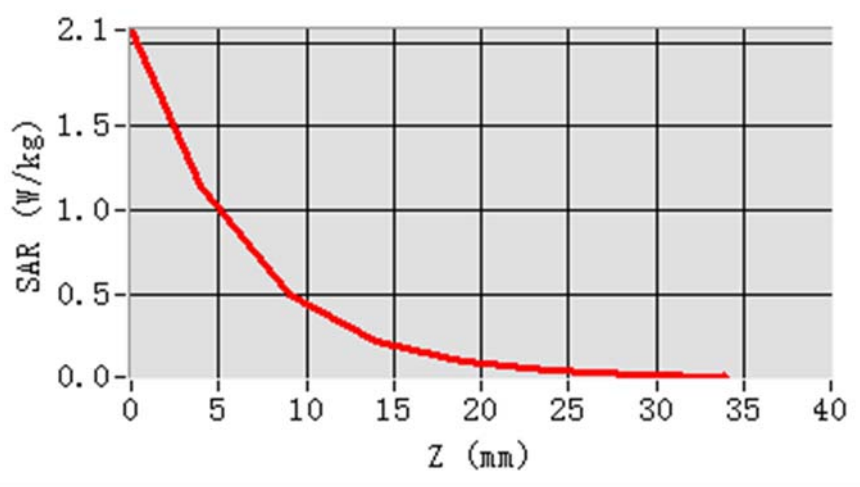
ANNEX C TEST DATA

MEAS. 1 Body Plane with Back Side 0 mm on Low Channel in 802.11b mode

Test Date: 8/8/2019
Measurement duration: 14 minutes 11 seconds
Signal: WLAN, f=2412.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.004
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.30; Conductivity: 1.71 S/m
Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature: 21.1°C
Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265, ConvF: 2.55
Area Scan: sam_direct_droit2_surf10mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan: 7x7x7,dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location: X=-10.000000, Y=-22.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.413364
SAR 1g (W/Kg): 1.045076
Power drift (%): 4.68
3D screen shot



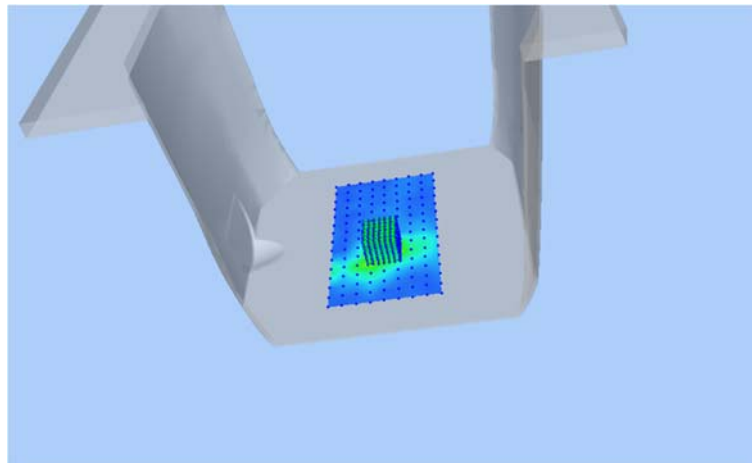
Z Axis Scan



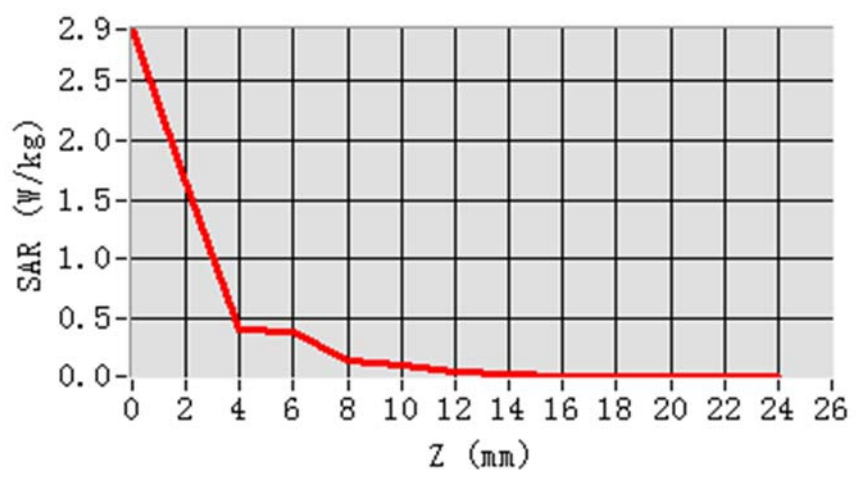
MEAS. 2 Body Plane with Back Side 0 mm on 54 Channel in 802.11n HT40

mode

Test Date: 8/8/2019
Measurement duration: 26 minutes 3 seconds
Signal: WLAN, f=5270.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.056
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 37.15; Conductivity: 4.67 S/m
Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature: 21.1°C
Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265, ConvF: 2.09
Area Scan: sam_direct_droit2_surf10mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan: 7x7x12,dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm,Complete
Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=-22.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.220188
SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.822351
Power drift (%): -0.78
3D screen shot



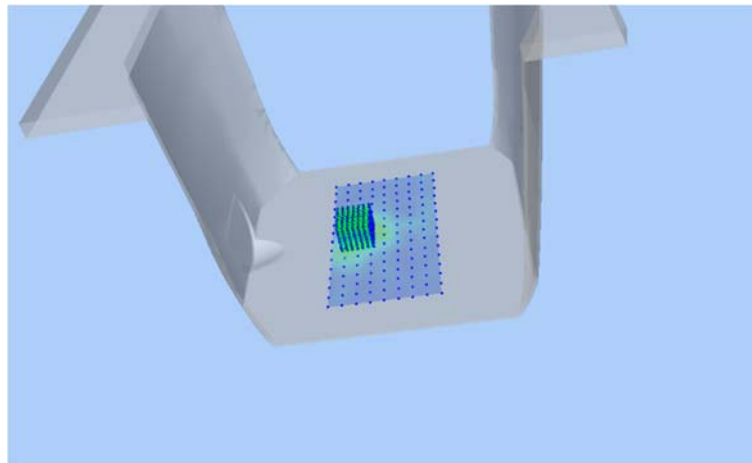
Z Axis Scan



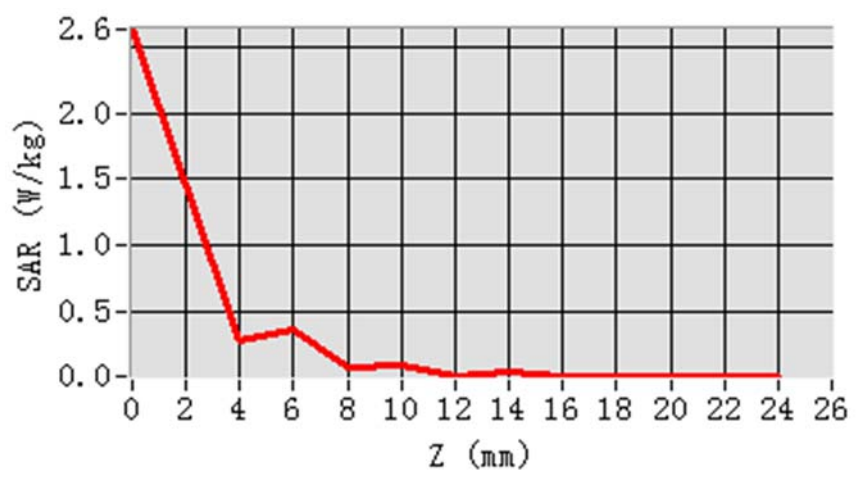
MEAS. 3 Body Plane with Back Side 0 mm on 134 Channel in 802.11n HT40

mode

Test Date: 9/8/2019
Measurement duration: 25 minutes 34 seconds
Signal: WLAN, f=5670.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.056
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 35.10; Conductivity: 5.20 S/m
Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 21.4°C
Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265, ConvF: 2.20
Area Scan: sam_direct_droit2_surf10mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan: 7x7x12,dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm,Complete
Maximum location: X=-20.000000, Y=-2.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.166428
SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.650317
Power drift (%): -0.24
3D screen shot



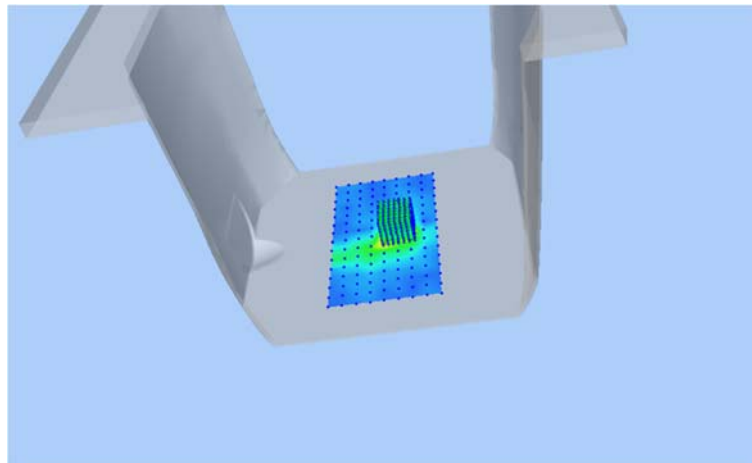
Z Axis Scan



MEAS. 4 Body Plane with Back Side 0 mm on 159 Channel in 802.11n HT40

mode

Test Date: 9/8/2019
Measurement duration: 29 minutes 32 seconds
Signal: WLAN, f=5795.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.056
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 34.41; Conductivity: 5.36 S/m
Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 21.4°C
Probe: SN 34/15 SSE2 EPGO265, ConvF: 2.17
Area Scan: sam_direct_droit2_surf10mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan: 7x7x12,dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm,Complete
Maximum location: X=10.000000, Y=-2.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.262269
SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.870937
Power drift (%): -2.79
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



ANNEX D EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ1970029-AW.pdf”.

ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ1970029-AS.pdf”.

ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

Please refer the document “CALIBRATION REPORT.pdf”.

--END OF REPORT--