

## **TEST REPORT**

Reference No.	4	WTZ22F06125165W
FCC ID	5	2A7MY-BCD35AW
Applicant	- - 20	Foshan Shunde QINGZHOU Electric Appliances Co.,Ltd
Address	de Series	Room 2901, Building 18, Vanke Jinyu Binjiang Plaza, No. 13 Desheng Middle Road, Dehe Community, Daliang Street, Shunde District, Foshan, Guangdong
Manufacturer	÷	The same as above
Address	.Jr	The same as above
Product Name	1	Car Refrigerator
Model No	95	BCD35AW
Test specification	S.	FCC CFR47 Part 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247):2020
Date of Receipt sample	÷	2022-05-11
Date of Test	:3	2022-05-11 to 2022-08-10
Date of Issue	:	2022-08-10
Test Report Form No	÷.,	WEW-15247A-01A
Test Result		Pass

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of approver.

#### Prepared By:

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#### 1 Revision History

Test Report No.	Date of Issue	Description	Status
WTZ22F06125165W	2022-08-10	Original	Valid



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#### 3 General Information

#### 3.1 General Description of E.U.T

Product Name	÷	Car Refrigerator
Model No.	:	BCD35AW
Model Description	:	and the second
Rated Voltage	:	DC 12/24V, 45W
Battery Capacity	:4	- all a set
Power Adapter	1	GRT60-145410 Input: 100-240V~, 50/60Hz, 1.5A Max Output: DC 14.5V, 4.1A, 59.45W

#### 3.2 Technical Characteristics of EUT

Bluetooth Version	÷	V5.1(BR+EDR mode)
Frequency Range	:5	2402-2480MHz
Max. RF Output Power	1	-11.44dBm (Conducted)
Modulation	÷.,	GFSK , π/4 DQPSK
Data Rate	,÷	1Mbps, 2Mbps
Quantity of Channels	÷	79
Channel Separation	:	1MHz
Type of Antenna	÷	MIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	÷	1.6dBi
Lowest Oscillation		24MHz

#### 3.3 Standards Applicable for Testing

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules Part 15.247	Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz
558074 D01 15.247 Meas	Guidance For Compliance Measurements On Digital Transmission System,
Guidance v05r02	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System, And Hybrid System Devices Operating Under Section 15.247 Of The FCC Rules
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices



#### 3.4 Test Facility

The test facility has a test site registered with the following organizations:

#### • IC – Registration No.: 21895-1

Waltek Testing Group (Foshan) Co., Ltd. has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the Industry Canada. The acceptance letter from the Industry Canada is maintained in our files. Registration IC number:21895-1, Nov. 14, 2016.

#### • FCC – Registration No.: 820106

Waltek Testing Group (Foshan) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 820106, August 16, 2018

#### • FCC – Designation No.: CN5034

Waltek Testing Group (Foshan) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Designation No. CN5034.

#### • NVLAP – Lab Code: 600191-0

Waltek Testing Group (Foshan) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP/NIST). NVLAP Code: 600191-0. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

#### 3.5 Subcontracted

Whether parts of tests for the product have been subcontracted to other labs:

🗌 Yes 🛛 🖾 No

If Yes, list the related test items and lab information:

Test items: ---

Lab information: ---

#### 3.6 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

#### 3.7 Disclaimer

The antenna gain information is provided by the customer. The laboratory is not responsible for the accuracy of the antenna gain information.

# $\bigotimes$

#### 4 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode	Description	Remark
TM1	Low Channel	2402MHz
TM2	Middle Channel	2441MHz
TM3	High Channel	2480MHz
TM4	Hopping	2402-2480MHz

#### **Test Mode List**

#### **Modulation Configure**

Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size	
an an a	DH1	4	27	
GFSK	DH3	11 d d	183	
A 30 AM	DH5	15	339	
and the second	2DH1	-20	54	
π/4 DQPSK	2DH3	26	367	
sure sur su	2DH5	30	679	

and record the worst case.

#### **Test Conditions**

Temperature:	22~25℃
Relative Humidity:	50~55%
Atmospheric pressure:	101.9kPa



#### 5 Equipment Used during Test

### 5.1 Equipment List

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1.	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	102423	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
2.	LISN	R&S	ENV216	101343	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
3.	Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	CBL2-NN-6M	223NN624	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
4.	Switch	CD	RSU-A4 18G	RSUA4008	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
Cor	nducted Emissions 2	# 5° 5°	1. 1.	1 1	. I. S	an sta
ltem	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
s 1.	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	101178	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
2.	LISN	R&S	ENV216	101215	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
3. 🗟	Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	CBL2-NN-6M	6102701	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
4.	Switch	ESE	RSU/M2		2022-01-07	2023-01-06
Cor	nducted Emissions 3	#	. 18 S	Sale with	and an	- Mar
ltem	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1.	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	102842	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
2.	LISN	R&S	ENV216	101542	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
3.	Cable	YIHENG	LMR195UF- NMNM-2.5		2022-01-07	2023-01-06
4.	Manual RF Switch	YIHENG	SW-2	RSU0402	2022-01-07	2023-01-06
Rac	liation Emissions	NUTER AND WAR	- ww		the second	or de
Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1.	3m Semi-anechoic Chamber	CHANGCHUANG	9m×6m×6m	Write Shrift	2021-01-11	2024-01-10
2.	EMI Test Receiver	RS	ESR7	101566	2022-01-07	2023-01-06
3.	EMC Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY48011796	2022-05-17	2023-05-16
4.	Active Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB1519B	00004	2022-01-10	2023-01-09
5.	Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9162	9162-117	2022-01-09	2023-01-08
6.	Coaxial Cable (below 1GHz)	H+S	CBL3-NN- 12+3 m	214NN320	2022-01-07	2023-01-06
7.	Broad-band Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	01561	2022-01-09	2023-01-08
8.	Broad-band Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	01119	2022-01-09	2023-01-08
9.	Coaxial Cable (above 1GHz)	Times-Micorwave	CBL5-NN	an an	2022-01-06	2023-01-05
10.	Amplifier	Lunar E M	LNA1G18-40	20160501002	2022-01-06	2023-01-05

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	☑RF Conducted Testing								
Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date			
1.0	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY48011796	2022-05-17	2023-05-16			
2.	Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY48180720	2022-01-06	2023-01-05			
3.	RF Control Unit	CHANGCHUANG	JS0806-2	50 50	2022-01-06	2023-01-05			

: Not Used

🛛: Used

#### 5.2 Test Software

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Version
EMI Test Software (Conducted Emission 1#)	FARATRONIC	EZ-EMC	EMEC-3A1
EMI Test Software (Conducted Emission 2#)	FARATRONIC	EZ-EMC	CON-03A1
EMI Test Software (Conducted Emission 3#)	FARATRONIC	EZ-EMC	COM 3A1.1
EMI Test Software (Radiated Emission)	FARATRONIC	EZ-EMC	RA-03A1-1
RF Conducted Test Software	TONSCEND	JS1120-2	V2.6

#### 5.3 Special Accessories and Auxiliary Equipment

ltem	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
1.	1 1 d d	white the white	and the an	1

#### 5.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Uncertainty				
RF Output Power	±2.2dB				
Occupied Bandwidth	±1.5%				
Conducted Spurious Emission	±2.7dB				
Conducted Emission	±3.2dB				
Transmitter Courieus Emission	±4.1dB (for 30MHz-1GHz)				
Transmitter Spurious Emission	±5.0dB (for 1GHz-18GHz)				



Test Items	FCC Rules	Result
Antenna Requirement	§15.203; §15.247(b)(4)(i)	Compliant
Conducted Emissions	§15.207(a)	Compliant
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§15.209(a)	Compliant
Number of Hopping Channel	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Compliant
Channel Separation	§15.247(a)(1)	Compliant
Time of occupancy (Dwell time)	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Compliant
20 dB Bandwidth	§15.247(a)	Compliant
RF Output Power	§15.247(b)(1)	Compliant
Band edge (Out of Band Emissions)	§15.247(d)	Compliant
Frequency Hopping Sequence	§15.247(a)(1)	Compliant
Frequency Hopping System	§15.247(g), (h)	Compliant
Restricted Band of Operation	§15.205	Compliant

#### 6 Summary of Test Result

#### Remark:

Pass	Test item meets the requirement
Fail	Test item does not meet the requirement
N/A	Test case does not apply to the test object

0



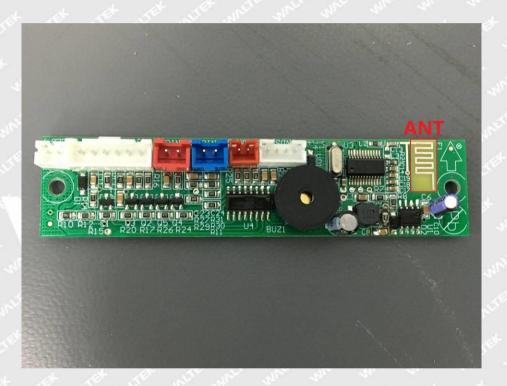
#### 7 Antenna Requirement

#### 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

#### 7.2 Evaluation Information

The EUT has an PCB Printed Antenna, the gain is 1.6dBi, fulfil the requirement of this section.



#### 8 Frequency Hopping System Requirements

#### 8.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), the system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

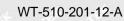
(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hop sets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

#### 8.2 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.







This device was tested with a Bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

#### 8.3 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

The system receiver has input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.



#### 9 Number of Hopping Channel and Channel Separation

#### 9.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

#### 9.2 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.3, the number of hopping frequencies tests method as follows.

a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.

b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

- c) VBW  $\geq$  RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.2, the EUT shall have its hopping function enabled, the Carrier frequency separation test method as follows:

a) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.

b) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.

c) Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW)  $\geqslant$  RBW.

- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.



#### 9.3 Test Result

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Agilen	t Spectru	im Ana	alyzer -	Swept S	5A																													
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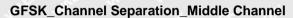
#### 79 Hopping Channels

Modulation	Test Channel	Carrier Frequency Separation (kHz)	Result
wind the win	Low	940.75	Pass
GFSK	Middle	1000.25	Pass
	High	958.75	Pass
and and	Low	1004.00	Pass
π/4 DQPSK	Middle	1015.25	Pass
	High	1012.75	Pass



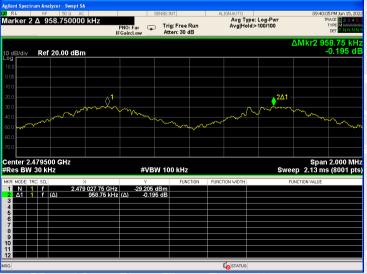


#### GFSK\_Channel Separation\_Low Channel



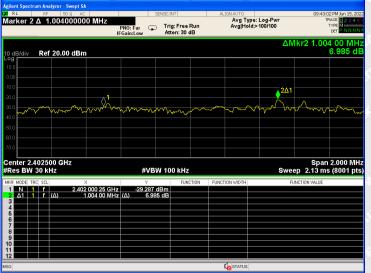


#### GFSK\_Channel Separation\_High Channel

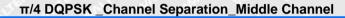


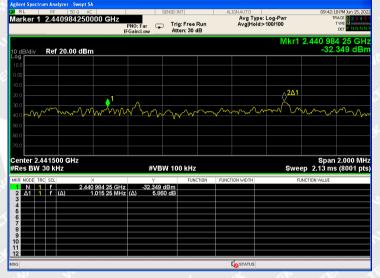
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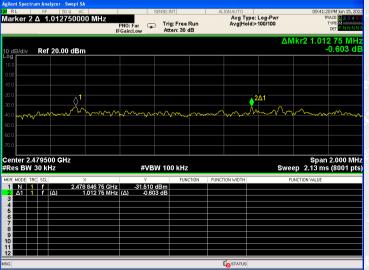


#### π/4 DQPSK \_Channel Separation\_Low Channel









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#### 10 Time of occupancy (Dwell Time)

#### **10.1 Standard Applicable**

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

#### 10.2 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.4, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.

b) RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.

c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.

d) Detector function: Peak.

e) Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements.

Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

(Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements) =

(number of hops on spectrum analyzer) × (period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time) The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation.

The measured transmit time and time between hops shall be consistent with the values described in the operational description for the EUT.



#### 10.3 Test Result

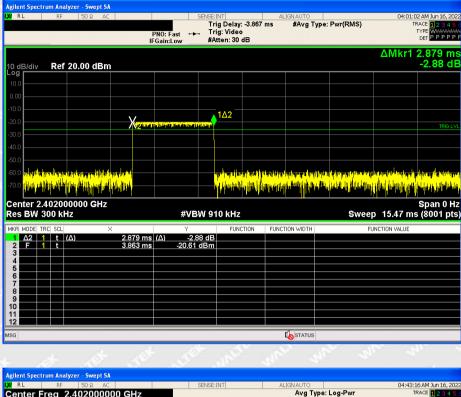
The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). Test data is corrected with the worst case, which the packet length is DH5.

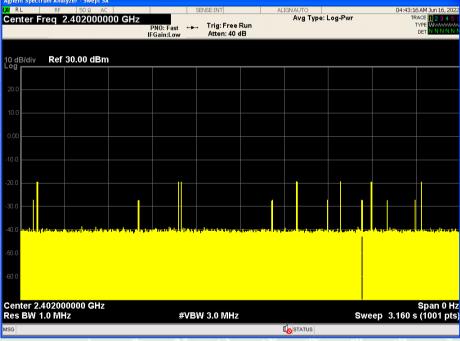
The test period: T = 0.4 Second \* 79 Channel = 31.6 s

Mode	Test Frequency	Packet Type	Transmission Time(ms)	Number	Dwell Time(ms)	Limit ms
	Low Channel	DH5	2.879	70	201.53	400
GFSK	Middle Channel	DH5	2.879	60	172.74	400
	High Channel	DH5	2.879	60	172.74	400
nute which	Low Channel	2DH5	2.879	60	172.74	400
π/4DQPSK	Middle Channel	2DH5	2.879	100	287.90	400
	High Channel	2DH5	2.879	80	230.32	400



#### **DH5\_Low Channel**

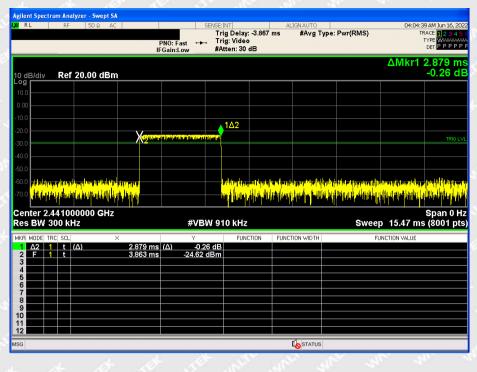


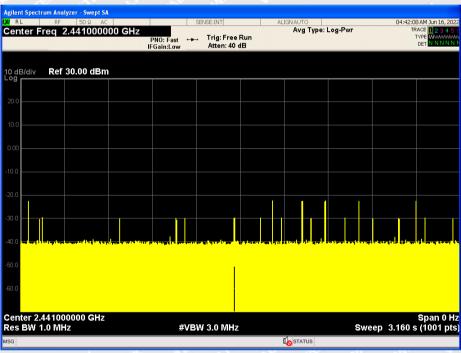


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#### **DH5\_Middle Channel**

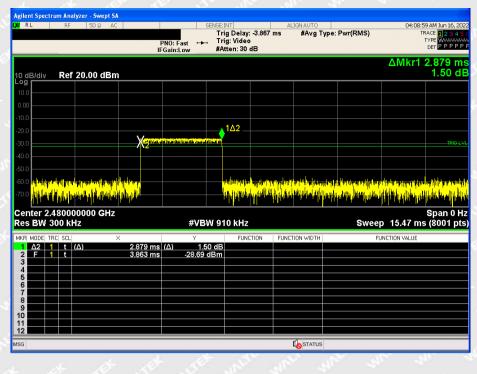


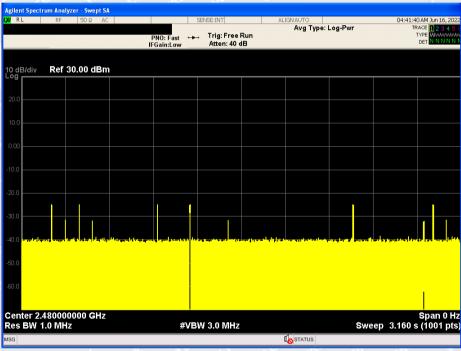


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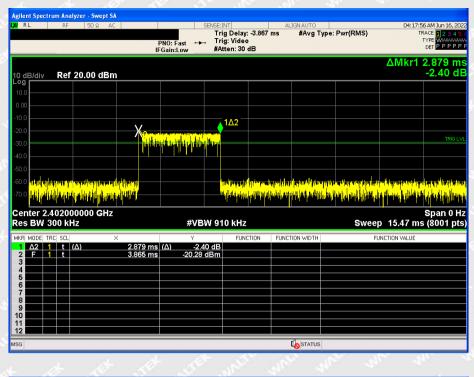
#### **DH5\_High Channel**

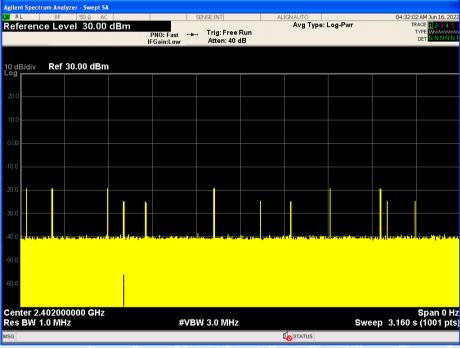




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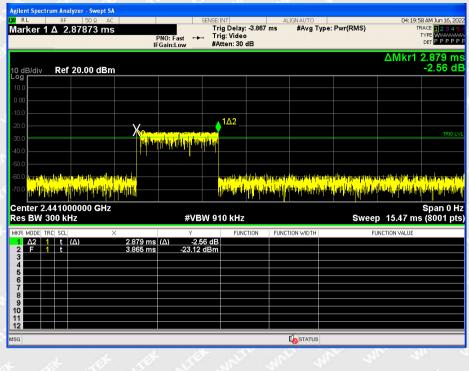
#### 2DH5\_Low Channel

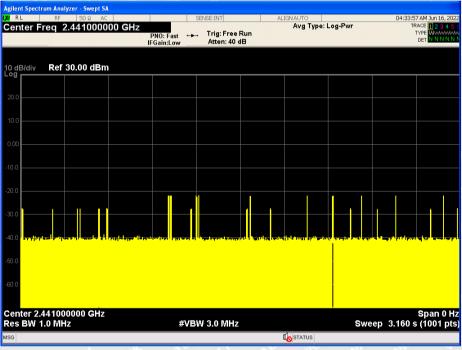




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#### 2DH5\_Middle Channel







#### 2DH5\_High Channel

Ref 20.00 c				Hand Contraction					AMkr1	-1.21 c
480000000 G 000 kHz	Refer to the second			ut te at pat pa a <sub>t t</sub> e at pat pa						leg blaisteach he stargebl
480000000 G 000 kHz	Refer to the second	<mark>mµuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuu</mark>		ut te at pat pa a <sub>t t</sub> e at pat pa				an file da antigar Per <sup>b</sup> atral e d		leg blaisteach he stargebl
480000000 G 000 kHz	Refer to the second	<mark>₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩</mark>		ut te at pat pa a <sub>t t</sub> e at pat pa				<mark>n han di salara</mark>	ting the state of the	ling that shows
480000000 G 000 kHz	Refer to the second			Hand Contraction						
480000000 G 000 kHz	Refer to the second	#V		HILL CONTRACTOR				n testantina Paratakan		de de la
480000000 G 000 kHz	Refer to the second	#V		HILL CONTRACTOR				<mark>distantina</mark> Pr <sup>in</sup> tripitat		de de la
480000000 G 100 kHz		#V			<mark>yla filli</mark> y		in the states	<b>Papala</b> tak	hundrald	de de d
00 kHz	Hz	#V								
			BM 8.	10 kHz				Sweep	15.47 ms	Span 0 (8001)
	Х	Y			CTION   I	FUNCTION WIDTH	4	FUI	NCTION VALUE	
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						<b>I</b> o STATU	IS			
	a	5	25. 2		S	100		L.	N - 3	
							STATU			La status

Agilent	Spectrum Ana	<mark>lyzer - Swept S</mark> 50 Ω A			SENSE:INT	ÔI.	IGNAUTO		04:35:2	DAM Jun 16, 2022
	er Freq 2	2.4800000	000 GHz	PNO: Fast ↔ IFGain:Low		Run	Avg Type:	Log-Pwr	TF	ACE 1 2 3 4 5 6 TYPE WWWWWW DET N N N N N N
10 dB Log r	ldiv Ref	30.00 dBn	n							
20.0										
10.0 -										
0.00										
-10.0 -										
-30.0										
-40.0				utur dede bu		and take	u literation taken		lei ar er eleik	a professional profession
-50.0										
-60.0										
	er 2.48000 BW 1.0 MH			#VE	3W 3.0 MHz			Swe	ep 3.160 s	Span 0 Hz (1001 pts)
MSG							STATUS			

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#### 11 20 dB Bandwidth Measurement

#### **11.1 Standard Applicable**

According to 15.247(a)and 15.215(c),20dB bandwidthis recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

#### 11.2 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013section 6.9.2, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW.

b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.

c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level.

d) Steps a) through c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.

e) The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target "-xx dB down" requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value.

f) Set detection mode to peak and trace mode to max hold.

g) Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier or modulated signal, as applicable. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).

h) Determine the "-xx dB down amplitude" using [(reference value) -xx]. Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.

i) If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j).

j) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the "-xx dB down amplitude" determined in step h). If a marker is below this "-xx dB down amplitude" value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the "-xx dB down amplitude" determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.
k) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the

plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labelled. Tabular data maybe reported in addition to the plot(s).

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#### 11.3 Test Result

Modulation	Test Channel	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
	Low	0.9189	Pass
GFSK	Middle	0.9197	Pass
	High	0.9399	Pass
et wet wiret wire	Low	1.305	Pass
π/4 DQPSK	Middle	1.280	Pass
	High	1.312	Pass



#### **GFSK Low Channel**



#### **GFSK Middle Channel**



**GFSK High Channel** 05:02:05 AM Jun 16, 2 Radio Std: None Center Freq 2.480000000 GHz SENSE:INT ALIGNAUTO Center Freq: 2.480000000 GHz Trig: Free Run Avg|Hold:>10/10 #Atten: 40 dB #IFGain:Low Radio Device: BTS Ref Offset 8.58 dB Ref 30.00 dBm N Center 2.48 GHz #Res BW 20 kHz Span 2 MHz Sweep 4.8 ms #VBW 75 kHz Total Power -10.7 dBm Occupied Bandwidth 956.42 kHz 5 959 kHz Transmit Freq Error **OBW Power** 99.00 % x dB Bandwidth 939.9 kHz x dB -20.00 dB

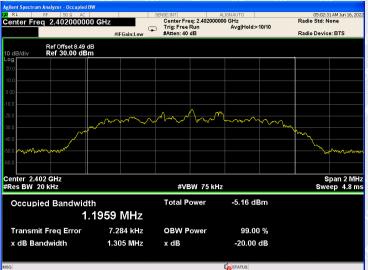
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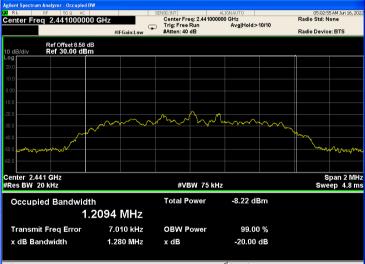
2



#### π/4 DQPSK Low Channel



#### π/4 DQPSK Middle Channel





99.00 %

-20.00 dB

i de la

#### π/4 DQPSK High Channel

**OBW Power** 

x dB

Center Freq 2.480000000 GHz

Center 2.48 GHz #Res BW 20 kHz

Occupied Bandwidth

Transmit Freq Error

x dB Bandwidth

1.2300 MHz 7 640 kHz

1.312 MHz

Ref Offset 8.58 dB Ref 30.00 dBm

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#### 12 RF Output Power

#### **12.1 Standard Applicable**

According to 15.247(b)(1),for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

#### 12.2 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2013section 7.8.5, the output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:

- a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - 1) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
  - 2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
  - 3) VBW ≥RBW.
  - 4) Sweep: Auto.
  - 5) Detector function: Peak.
  - 6) Trace: Max hold.
- b) Allow trace to stabilize.
- c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.
- e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

#### 12.3 Test Result

Modulation	Test Channel	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Limit (mW)	Result
	Low	-11.63	0.069	1000	Pass
GFSK	Middle	-13.75	0.042	1000	Pass
	High	-16.5	0.022	1000	Pass
8 8	Low	-11.44	0.072	1000	Pass
π/4 DQPSK	Middle	-13.85	0.041	1000	Pass
	High	-15.94	0.025	1000	Pass

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Algend Spectrum Analyzer Swept 5A Center Freq 2.402000000 GHz FNO: Fast FN

#### **GFSK Low Channel**

**GFSK Middle Channel** 



#### **GFSK High Channel**



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#### π/4 DQPSK Low Channel

#### π/4 DQPSK Middle Channel



#### $\pi/4$ DQPSK High Channel



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#### 13 Band edge (Out of Band Emissions)

#### **13.1 Standard Applicable**

According to §15.247 (d),in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

#### **13.2 Test Procedure**

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.6, the Band-edge measurements for RF conducted emissions test method as follows.

a) Connect the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described in step e) (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).

b) Set the EUT to the lowest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the lowest frequency channel).

c) Set the EUT to operate at maximum output power and 100% duty cycle, or equivalent "normal mode of operation" as specified in 6.10.3.

d) If using the radiated method, then use the applicable procedure(s) of 6.4, 6.5, or 6.6, and orient the EUT and measurement antenna positions to produce the highest emission level.

e) Perform the test as follows:

1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

- 4) Sweep time: Coupled.
- 5) Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.
- 6) Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.
- 7) Detector: Peak.
- 8) Trace: Max hold.

f) Allow the trace to stabilize. For the test with the hopping function turned ON, this can take several minutes to achieve a reasonable probability of intercepting any emissions due to oscillator overshoot.



g) Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, and then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.

h) Repeat step c) through step e) for every applicable modulation.

i) Set the EUT to the highest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the highest frequency channel) and repeat step c) through step d).

j) The band-edge measurement shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labelled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Restricted-band band-edge test method please refers to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.10.5. The emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. Note that the method of measurement KDB publication number: 913591 may be used for the radiated band-edge measurements.

According to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 7.8.8, Conducted spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequency, per 5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers.

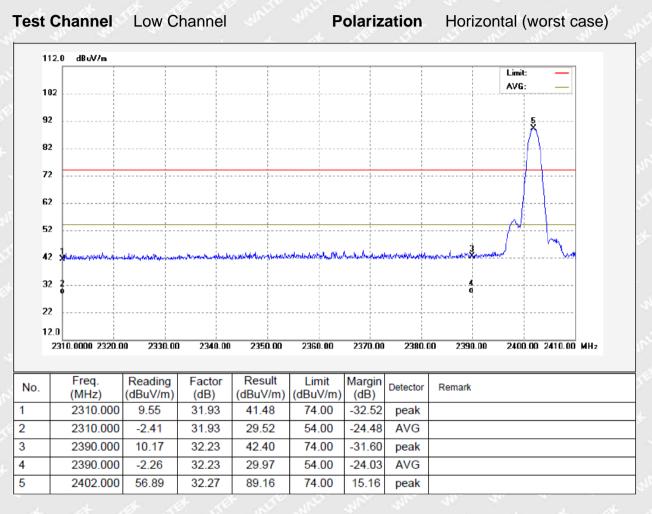
Connect the primary antenna port through an attenuator to the spectrum analyzer input; in the results, account for all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer. The instrument shall span 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz, with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz, video bandwidth of 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector. The band 30 MHz to the highest frequency may be split into smaller spans, as long as the entire spectrum is covered.



#### 13.3 Test Result

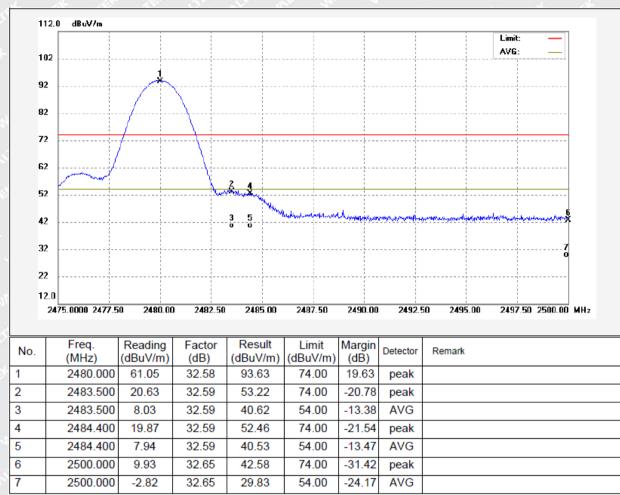
Note: All test modes (different data rate and different modulation) are performed, but only the worst case ( $\pi$ /4DQPSK) is recorded in this report.

#### **Radiated Test**









Date: August 10, 2022

### GFSK Transmitting Band edge-left side

L	RF	50 Ω AC			SENSE:IN	IT		ALIGN					46 AM Jun 15
ter Fi	req 2.	3525000	1	PNO: Fast ↔ Gain:Low		j: Free Ru :en: 30 dE				pe: Pwr(RM 1: 300/300	VIS)		TRACE 123 TYPE MARK DET PPP
3/div		fset 8.49 dE 0.00 dBm									Mk	r5 2.398 -43	3 070 G .764 dl
													× 5
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	000 GI 100 kH			#VE	3W 30	0 kHz					Swee	Stop 2 p 10.1 m	.40500 ( s (1001
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N 1 N 1	f		400 000 GHz 390 000 GHz	-50.305									
N 1	F		310 000 GH2	-54.170									
N 1	f		398 070 GHz	-43.764									

RL	RF 50 Ω		SENSE:IN	NT	ALIGNAUTO			AM Aug 10, 2
arker 2	25.168960		0: Fast Trig ain:Low Att	g: Free Run en: 30 dB	Avg Type Avg Hold:	: Log-Pwr 10/10	T	ACE 1234 YPE MUMANA DET PNNN
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KR MODE TRC	SCL	×	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FU	NCTION VALUE	
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3 4 <b></b>								
7								
8								



### 2 14 14 14 50 NS

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nter Fi	req 2.5100			ig: Free Run tten: 30 dB	#Avg Typ Avg Hold:	e: Pwr(RMS) 300/300	TRACE 234 TYPE MUMUU DET PPP
B/div	Ref Offset 8. Ref 20.00					N	lkr4 2.503 44 GH -49.418 dB
<u> </u>							
<u> </u>	— <u> </u>						
<u> </u>							
		^ <b>2</b>	<u>∧3 </u>				-38.71
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	000 GHz 100 kHz		#VBW 30	00 kHz		Swee	Stop 2.55000 Gl p 7.67 ms (1001 p
	RC SCL	×	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FU	NCTION VALUE
MUDE IP	f	2.479 84 GHz 2.483 50 GHz	-18.714 dBm -52.307 dBm				
N 1	f		-52.642 dBm				
N 1 N 1 N 1	f	2.500 00 GHz					
N 1 N 1	f f f	2.500 00 GHz 2.503 44 GHz	-49.418 dBm				
N 1 N 1 N 1	f f f						
N 1 N 1 N 1	f f f						
N 1 N 1 N 1							

### GFSK Transmitting Band edge-right side

	DΩ AC	SENSE:IN	TI	ALIGNAUTO		04:02:53 AM Aug 10
isplay Line -38.0	Ph		g:FreeRun en:30 dB	Avg Type: L Avg Hold: 10		TRACE 23 TYPE MOM DET PINN
) dB/div Ref 20.0	0 dBm				Μ	lkr2 25.325 G -46.923 d
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art 30 MHz						Stop 26.00
Res BW 100 kHz		#VBW 30	0 kHz		Swee	p 2.48 s (1001
and a second second second	×	Y	FUNCTION FI	JNCTION WIDTH	FUNCT	TON VALUE
	2.480 GHz	-18.058 dBm				
KR MODE TRC SCL 1 N 1 F 2 N 1 F	25.325 GHz	-46.923 dBm				
1 N 1 f 2 N 1 f 3	25.325 GHz	-46.923 dBm				
1 N 1 f 2 N 1 f 3 4 5	25.325 GHz	-46.923 dBm				
1 N 1 f 2 N 1 f 3 4 5 5 6 6	25.325 GHz	-46.923 dBm				
1 N 1 f 2 N 1 f 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9	25.325 GHz	-46.923 dBm				
1 N 1 f 2 N 1 f 3 4 5 6 6 7 7	25.325 GHz	-46.923 dBm				

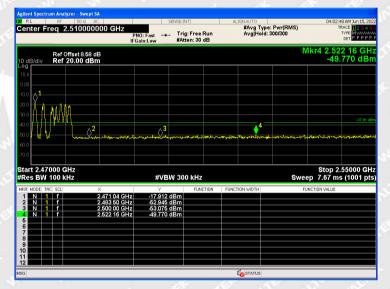
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## Applent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept 5A ALIONAUTO 03393:00 M Jun 15, 2022 Center Freq 2.352500000 GHz FIG: Free Run IFG attriLow ALIONAUTO 0339:00 M Jun 15, 2022 Ref Offset 8.43 dB FIG: Free Run IFG attriLow ALIONAUTO 0339:00 M Jun 15, 2022 10 dB/dIv Ref Offset 8.43 dB MKr5 2.369 300 GHz Tree Diffset 8.43 dB 10 dB/dIv Ref 20.00 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm 00 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm 00 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm 00 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm 00 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm 00 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm 00 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm 00 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm 00 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm 10 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm -50, 178 dBm 10 dBm -50, 178 dBm

### GFSK Hopping Band edge-left side

### GFSK Hopping Band edge-right side



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		er - Swept SA							
nter Fr	eq 2.3	50 R AC 352500000 GHz	PNO: Fast IFGain:Low	ENSE:INT Trig: Fre #Atten: 3			ype: Pwr(RMS) Id: 300/300		S3 AM Jun 15, 3 RACE 1 2 3 4 TYPE MOMONIA DET PPPP
B/div		set 8.49 dB 0.00 dBm					Μ	kr5 2.398 -44	175 GI 396 dE
	4								
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MODE TR	C SCL	× 2.401 850 GH	۲ Iz -13.056		UNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	F	UNCTION VALUE	
N 1 N 1	f	2.400 000 GI	z -48.996	dBm					
N 1 N 1	f	2.390 000 GH 2.310 000 GH							
N 1	f	2.398 175 GH							
						STATUS			

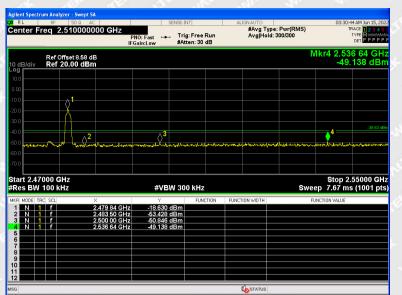
### $\pi/4$ DQPSK Transmitting Band edge-left side

	-34.18 dBn			Tria: F	ree Run		Avg Typ Avg Hold	e:Log-Pwr ·10/10		RACE
			IO: Fast 🔸	Atten:			Arginola	. 10/10		DET P N
									Mkr2 25	.013 (
dB/div Re	f 20.00 dBm								-46.	029 d
00										
	1									
.0										
.0										-34
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).0										
art 30 MHz Res BW 100	647		#\/B	W 300 k	<b>U</b> 7			6	Stop weep 2.48 s	26.00
CS DW 100			7 V D		FUNCTION	L FLINGT	ION WIDTH		FUNCTION VALUE	5 (100
D NODE TOCI CCI	^	2.402 GHz	-14.176		FONCTION	PONCI	ION WIDTH		FUNCTION VALUE	
R MODE TRC SCL			-46.029	dBm						
N 1 f		25.013 GHz	-40.025							
N 1 f		25.013 GHz	-40.029							
N 1 f N 1 f		25.013 GHz	40.025							
N 1 f N 1 f		26.013 GHz	40.029							
N 1 f		25.013 GHz	40.029							
N 1 f N 1 f		25.013 GHz	-40.025							

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### $\pi/4$ DQPSK Transmitting Band edge-right side



RL RF 50 Ω	AC	SENSE:IN	Т	ALIGNAUTO		03:57:40 AM Aug 10, 2
splay Line -38.97 d	Bm PNO: IFGair		: Free Run en: 30 dB	Avg Type: Avg Hold: 1		TRACE 1234 TYPE M DET P N N N
dB/div Ref 20.00 dE	3m				М	lkr2 25.273 Gl -48.190 dB
9 						
1.0						
.0						-38.97
.0						
10	mound	and the second second	and a sugar	an more man	Maria	and the factor of the second s
.0						
art 30 MHz Res BW 100 kHz		#VBW 300	) kHz		Swee	Stop 26.00 G p 2.48 s (1001 p
					CUNIC 7	ION VALUE
R MODE TRC SCL	×	Y	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCT	ION WALCE
R MODE TRC SCL 1 N 1 F 2 N 1 F	× 2.480 GHz 25.273 GHz	Y -18.965 dBm -48.190 dBm	FUNCTION	FONCTION WIDTH	FUNCI	ION PALOE
IR MODE TRC SCL 1 N 1 F 2 N 1 F 4	2.480 GHz	-18.965 dBm	FONCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCI	ONVACOL
Image         TRC         SCL           1         N         1         f           2         N         1         f           3         -         -         -           4         -         -         -           5         -         -         -           6         -         -         -	2.480 GHz	-18.965 dBm	FONCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCI	
	2.480 GHz	-18.965 dBm	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCI	UN ACOL
RI MODE  TRC  SCL	2.480 GHz	-18.965 dBm	FUNCTION		FUNUI	UN VACUL

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# Ref Offset 8.43 dB Mkr5 2.358 880 GHz Conter Freq 2.352500000 GHz Free Run #AvgThei: work RMS) The Ref Offset 8.43 dB Model Ref Offset 8.43 dB Mkr5 2.358 880 GHz -50.852 dBm 000

### $\pi/4$ DQPSK Hopping Band edge-left side

### $\pi/4$ DQPSK Hopping Band edge-right side

RL	<mark>.m Analyzer - Swept</mark> RF 50 ຊ	AC	SB	NSE:INT		ALI	GNAUTO			L1 AM Jun 15, 2
Center Fr	eq 2.51000	PI	NO: Fast 🔸	Trig: Free I #Atten: 30			#Avg Type Avg Hold: 3			RACE 234 TYPE MWWWW DET PPPP
10 dB/div	Ref Offset 8.58 Ref 20.00 dE							Ν	/kr4 2.50 -49.	0 88 GI 688 dB
10.0										
0.00										
20.0	Q'									
30.0	WM									
-40.0 50.0	1 marti	2	<b>∞</b> 4							
60.0	y bywerda	anther and the second of the	adarah <sup>a</sup> na mangkalangkada	Margar Al Campon	n far da	and the second	esent-ustral-a	hand he was	******	ylwwy. Ynolada
-70.0										
Start 2.47 #Res BW			#VBW	300 kHz				Swe	Stop 2. ep 7.67 m	55000 G s (1001 p
KR MODE TR		х	Y	FUNC	TION	FUNCT	ON WIDTH	F	UNCTION VALUE	
1 N 1 2 N 1 3 N 1 4 N 1 5	f f f	2.478 88 GHz 2.483 50 GHz 2.500 00 GHz 2.500 88 GHz	-19.266 di -53.405 di -52.481 di -49.688 di	3m 3m						
6 7 8										
9 10 11 12										
SG					_	[	STATUS			

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### 14 Conducted Emission

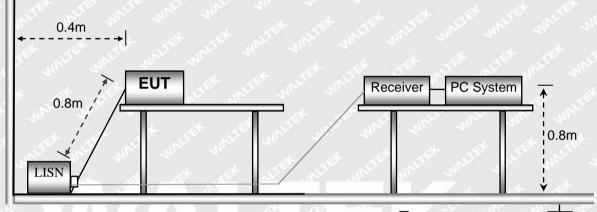
### 14.1 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

### 14.2 EUT Setup

The conducted emission tests were performed using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10:2013.



□:50Ω Terminator

### 14.3 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency	150 kHz
Stop Frequency	30 MHz
Sweep Speed	Auto
IF Bandwidth	10 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth	9 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode	Normal



### **14.4 Measurement Description**

The maximised peak emissions from the EUT was scanned and measured for both the Live and Neutral Lines. Quasi-peak & average measurements were performed if peak emissions were within 6dB of the average limit line.

### 14.5 Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Corrected factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF(Voltage Division Facotr), Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

Measurement=Reading Level+Correct Factor

Correct Facotor=LISN VDF+Cable Loss

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin= Measurement-Limit



### 14.6 Test Result

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

0.2460

0.3180

0.3180

0.4780

0.4780

12.5540 12.5540 27.45

37.93

26.09

29.32

22.20

27.65

20.16

9.64

9.64

9.64

9.66

9.66

10.09

10.09

37.09

47.57

35.73

38.98

31.86

37.74

30.25

51.89

59.76

49.76

56.37

46.37

60.00

50.00

-14.80

-12.19

-14.03

-17.39

-14.51

-22.26

-19.75

AVG

QP

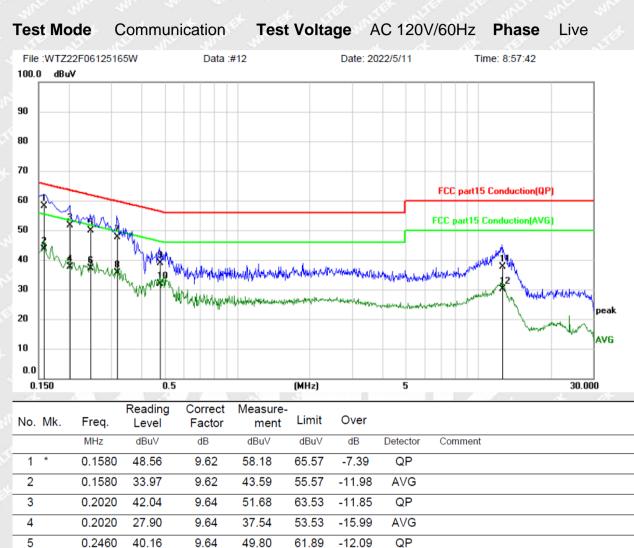
AVG QP

AVG

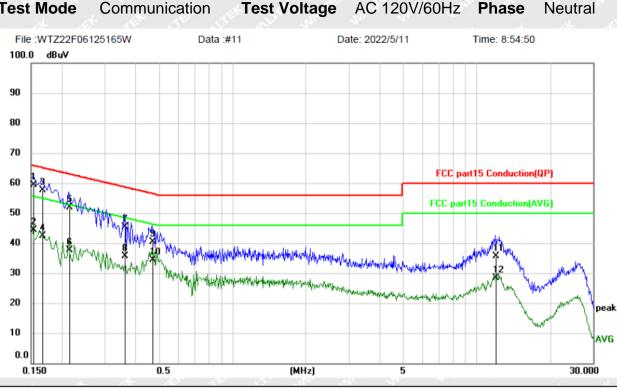
QP

AVG

An initial pre-scan was performed on the live and neutral lines.







No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1	*	0.1539	49.71	9.61	59.32	65.79	-6.47	QP	
2		0.1539	34.68	9.61	44.29	55.79	-11.50	AVG	
3		0.1660	48.03	9.62	57.65	65.16	-7.51	QP	
4		0.1660	32.83	9.62	42.45	55.16	-12.71	AVG	
5		0.2140	42.14	9.63	51.77	63.05	-11.28	QP	
6		0.2140	28.06	9.63	37.69	53.05	-15.36	AVG	
7		0.3620	35.80	9.64	45.44	58.68	-13.24	QP	
8		0.3620	25.94	9.64	35.58	48.68	-13.10	AVG	
9		0.4700	30.69	9.66	40.35	56.51	-16.16	QP	
10		0.4700	24.65	9.66	34.31	46.51	-12.20	AVG	
11		11.9940	25.57	10.11	35.68	60.00	-24.32	QP	
12		11.9940	18.18	10.11	28.29	50.00	-21.71	AVG	

### Test Mode Communication Test Voltage AC 120V/60Hz Phase



### 15 Radiated Spurious Emissions

### **15.1 Standard Applicable**

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

### **15.2 Test Procedure**

1) The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m(Below 1G) 1.5m(above 1G)above ground plane.

2) The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.

3) EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is moved from 1m to 4m to find out the maximum emissions. The spectrum was investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

4) Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

5) And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.

6) Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

7) The radiation measurements are tested under 3-axes(X, Y, Z) position(X denotes lying on the table, Y denotes side stand and Z denotes vertical stand), After pre-test, It was found that the worse radiation emission was get at the Z position. So the data shown was the Z position only.



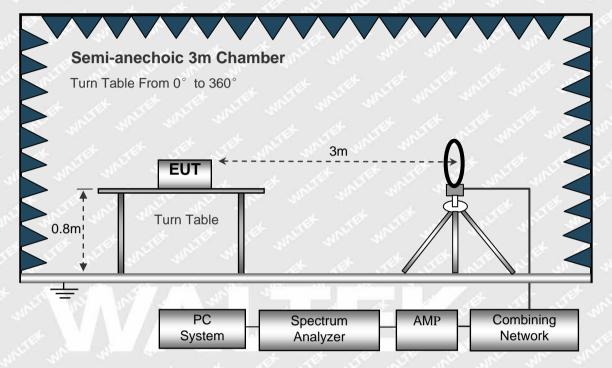
1

### 15.3 Test Setup

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

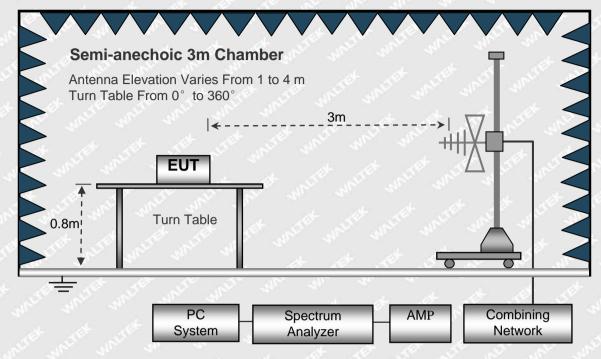
The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The test setup for emission measurement below 30MHz.

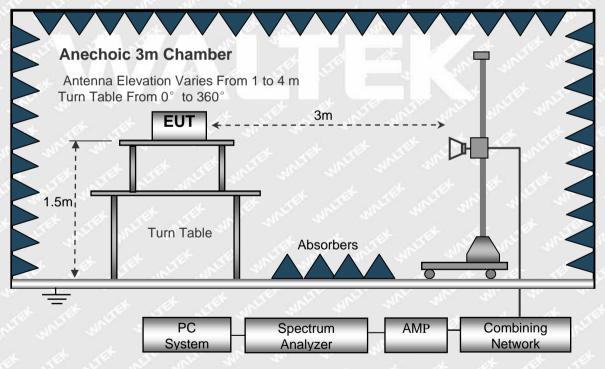




The test setup for emission measurement from 30 MHz to 1 GHz.



The test setup for emission measurement above 1 GHz.



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### 15.4 Spectrum Analyzer Setup

9KHz-30MHz	30MHz-1GHz	Above 1GHz
RBW=10kHz	RBW=120kHz	RBW=1MHz
VBW=30kHz	VBW=300kHz	VBW=3MHz(Peak), 10MHz(AV)
Sweep time=Auto	Sweep time=Auto	Sweep time=Auto
Trace=Max hold	Trace=Max hold	Trace=Max hold
Detector function=peak	Detector function=peak, QP	Detector function=peak, AV

### 15.4.1 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corr. Ampl. = Indicated Reading + Corr. Factor

Corr.Factor=Antenna Factor + Cable Factor - Amplifier Gain

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Corr. Ampl. – Limit

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### 15.5 Test Result

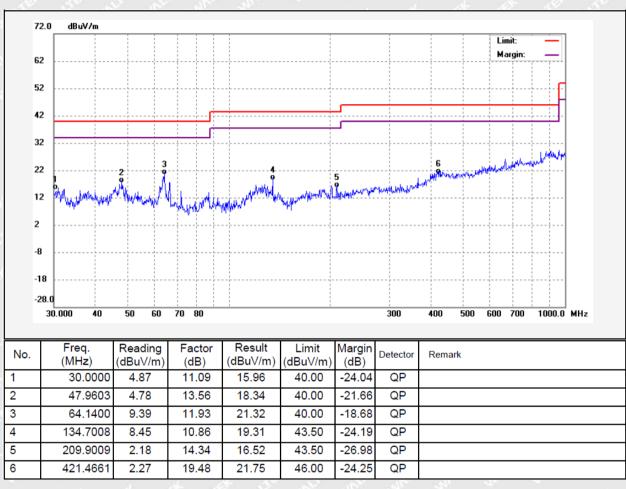
### Test Frequency: Below 1GHz (worst case)

Test Channel

el GFSK Low Channel

Polarization

on Vertical

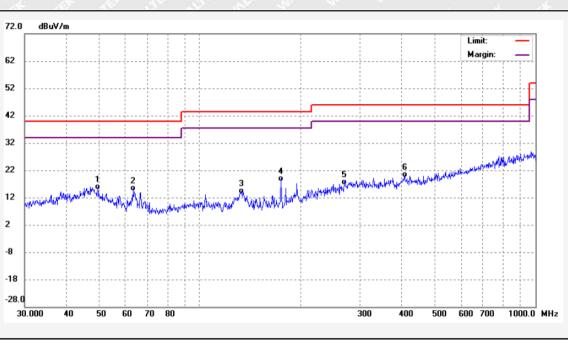


Polarization

Horizontal







N	lo.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Remark
1		49.5328	1.99	14.00	15.99	40.00	-24.01	QP	
2		63.2466	3.43	12.01	15.44	40.00	-24.56	QP	
3		133.1510	4.16	10.14	14.30	43.50	-29.20	QP	
4		174.5464	7.71	11.05	18.76	43.50	-24.74	QP	
5		270.0905	2.00	15.59	17.59	46.00	-28.41	QP	
6		407.8003	2.20	18.23	20.43	46.00	-25.57	QP	

Test Date: June 08, 2022

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Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV/m)	Detector	Polar (H/V)	Corrected Factor (dB)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
STOR MUTCH	Martin Mart	Low Cł	hannel-GF	SK-2402MHz	+ 5 <sup>#</sup>	State State	Martin S
4804.00	41.31	Peak	Н	-3.59	37.72	74	-36.28
4804.00	31.51	AVG	Н	-3.59	27.92	54	-26.08
7206.00	40.44	PK	_ŚΉ ⊲	3.06	43.5	74	-30.5
7206.00	31.86	AV	н	3.06	34.92	54	-19.08
4804.00	40.87	Peak	S V <sub>∞</sub> S	-3.47	37.40	74	-36.60
4804.00	31.11	AVG	V	-3.47	27.64	54	-26.36
7206.00	42.48	PK S	V	2.96	45.44	74	-28.56
7206.00	32.43	AV	V	2.96	35.39	54	-18.61
x 15 .	St. 50 .	Middle C	Channel-G	SFSK-2441MHz	Z	e 1.	15 1
4882.00	41.12	Peak	н	-3.41	37.71	74	-36.29
4882.00	30.75	AVG	°° Н ∞	-3.41	27.34	54	-26.66
7323.00	40.45	PK	a H _	3.23	43.68	74	-30.32
7323.00	31.61	AV	H	3.23	34.84	54	-19.16
4882.00	40.12	Peak	. V <sub>.</sub>	-3.25	36.87	74	-37.13
4882.00	31.19	AVG	V	-3.25	27.94	54	-26.06
7323.00	41.42	PK	V	3.13	44.55	74	-29.45
7323.00	32.49	AV	V	3.13	35.62	54	-18.38
m. m.		High Cl	hannel-Gl	FSK-2480MHz	mar whe	me no	3
4960.00	40.31	Peak	H	-3.22	37.09	74	-36.91
4960.00	30.91	AVG	🖉 H 🖉	-3.22	27.69	54	-26.31
7440.00	40.22	PK	Ĥ	3.41	43.63	74	-30.37
7440.00	31.54	AV 🖉	<u>.</u> Н	3.41	34.95	54	-19.05
4960.00	40.4	Peak	V	-3.03	37.37	74	-36.63
4960.00	30.52	AVG	V	-3.03	27.49	54	-26.51
7440.00	41.66	PK	V	3.31	44.97	74	-29.03
7440.00	32.75	AV	V	3.31	36.06	54	-17.94

### Test Frequency: Above 1GHz (worst case )

Test Date: June 08, 2022

Note:

 Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
 Average measurement was not performed if peak level is lower than average limit(54 dBuV/m) for above 1GHz. Reference No.: WTZ22F06125165W

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### 16 Photographs Test Setup

## 16.1 Photographs - Radiated Emission Test Setup

<section-header>

Above 1GHz



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### 16.2 Photographs – Conducted Emission Test Setup



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### 17 Photographs - Constructional Details

### 17.1 EUT – External Photos



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E

### Reference No.: WTZ22F06125165W

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### 17.2 EUT - Internal Photos

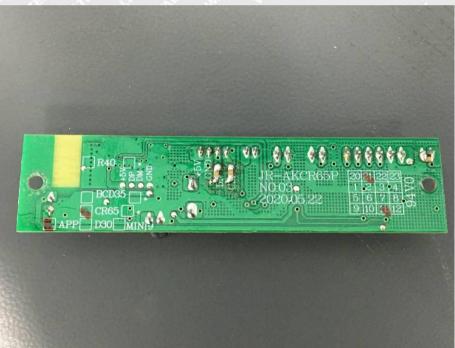


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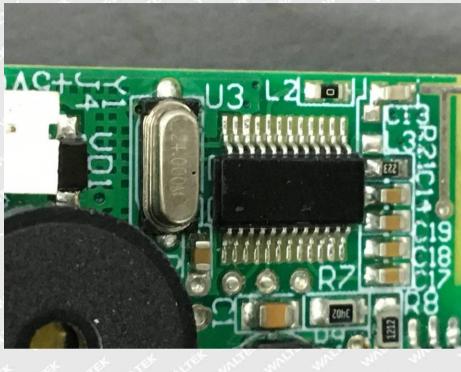




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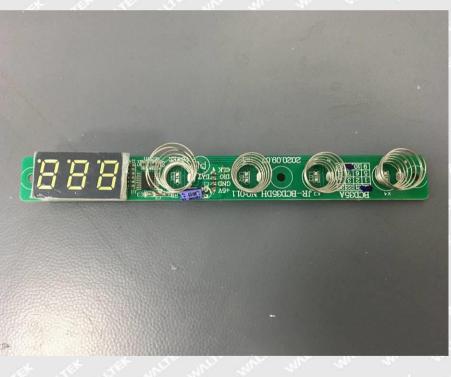


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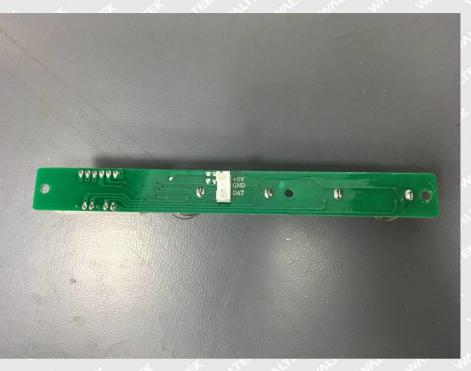




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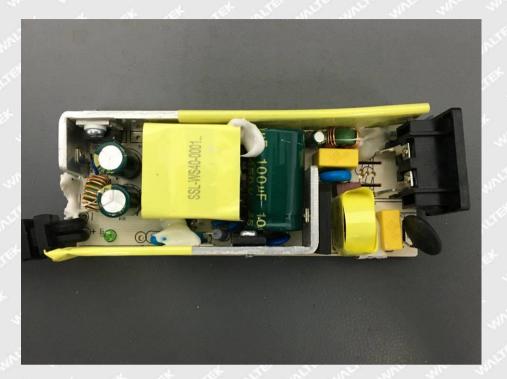


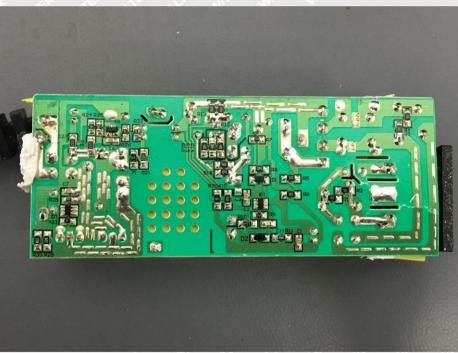




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=====End of Report======

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