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Exhibit 6: Test Report

TEST REPORT FROM:

COMMUNICATION CERTIFICATION LABORATORY 1940 W. Alexander Street Salt Lake City, Utah 84119-2039

Type of Report: Certification

TEST OF: AAS19ZAN9121AA AAS19ZAN9121AANC

FCC ID: ABZ99FT7010

To Part 15 Subpart D of the FCC Rules and Regulations

Test Report Serial No: 73-7045

Applicant:

Motorola, Inc. 5201 Tollview Drive Rolling Meadows, IL 60008

Date(s) of Test: August 26 - November 11, 1999

Issue Date: December 3, 1999

Equipment Receipt Date: August 25, 1999

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CERTIFICATION OF ENGINEERING REPORT

This report has been prepared by Communication Certification Laboratory to evaluate the device described below with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart D. Specific identifying information for the device tested is given below.

- Applicant Motorola, Inc. 5201 Tollview Drive Rolling Meadows, IL 60008
- Manufacturer: Motorola, Inc. 1411 East Washington Mt. Pleasant, IA 52641
- Trade Name: TELARIO[™] TC3000
- Model Number: AAS19ZAN9121AA and AAS19ZAN9121AANC
- FCC ID Number: ABZ99FT7010

On this 3rd day of December 1999, I, individually, and for Communication Certification Laboratory, certify that the statements made in this engineering report are true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge, and are made in good faith.

COMMUNICATION CERTIFICATION LABORATORY

Checked by: William S. Hurst, P.E. Vice President

Tested by: Roger J. Midgley EMC Engineering Manager

SECTION 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

The AAS19ZAN9121AA is the handset (TC3000) portion of a wireless system (see Theory of Operation in Exhibit 12). The TC3000 is sold under two different model numbers, both units are electrically identical the only difference is one is sold with a battery charger and one is sold without the battery charger. The model for the unit with the charger is AAS19ZAN9121AA and the model for the unit without the charger is AAS19ZAN9121AANC.

This application is for the handset (TC3000), which is identified by FCC ID: ABZ99FT7010. There is a second handset (TR3000), which is identified by FCC ID: ABZ99FT7011 and a base station (TS3000), which is identified by FCC ID: ABZ99FT7012. Both these applications are being submitted concurrently with this application.

1.2 Test Specification

The AAS19ZAN9121AA is an Isochronous device that operates in the 1920-1930 MHz sub-band; therefore the AAS19ZAN9121AA is subject to the provisions of FCC Part 15, Subpart D. Unlicensed Personal Communications Service Devices.

1.3 Test Methods & Procedures

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested in accordance with ANSI C63.17-1998.

SECTION 2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS:

2.1 Summary of Tests:

| FCC Section | Description | Report Section | ANSI C63.17 Section | Result |
|----------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| 15.307 | Affidavit from UTAM, Inc. certifying participation in UTAM, Inc. | 3.2.1 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.309 | Cross Reference to Subpart B | 3.2.2 | 6.1.6.3 | Complies |
| 15.311 | Labelling Requirements | 3.2.3 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.315 | AC power line conducted limits | 3.2.4 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.317 | Antenna requirement | 3.2.5 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.319 (a) | Frequency of operation | 3.2.6 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.319 (b) | Modulation technique | 3.2.7 | 6.1.4 | Complies |
| 15.319 (c) | Peak transmit power and emission bandwidth | 3.2.8 | 6.1.2 | Complies |
| 15.319 (d) | Power spectral density | 3.2.9 | 6.1.5 | Complies |
| 15.319 (e) | Directional gain of antenna | 3.2.10 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.319 (f) | Automatic discontinuance of transmission | 3.2.11 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.319 (i) | IEEE C95.1-1991 and IEEE C95.3-1991 | 3.2.12 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.323 (a) | Channel allocation | 3.2.13 | N/A | Complies |

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| FCC Section | Description | Report Section | ANSI C63.17 Section | Result |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| 15.323 (b) | Channel packing | 3.2.14 | 8.1.2 | Complies |
| 15.232 (c) | Time and Spectrum monitoring | 3.2.15 | Sections 7 and 8 | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(1) | Transmit window monitoring | 3.2.16 | 7.3.2.2 and 7.5 | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(2) | Monitoring threshold | 3.2.17 | 7.3.2.1 | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(3) | Transmission duration | 3.2.18 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(4) | Acknowledgments | 3.2.19 | 8.2.1 | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(5) | Least interfered channel | 3.2.20 | 7.3.2.1, 7.3.2.2 and 8.2.1 | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(6) | Random waiting interval | 3.2.21 | 8.1.3 | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(7) | Threshold monitoring bandwidth, Threshold monitoring reaction time | 3.2.22 | 7.4 and 7.5 | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(8) | Threshold monitoring antenna | 3.2.23 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(9) | Monitoring threshold relaxation | 3.2.24 | N/A | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(10) | Duplex connections | 3.2.25 | 8.2.3 | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(11) | Alternative monitoring interval | 3.2.26 | 8.2.4 | Complies |
| 15.323 (c)(12) | Limitation on use of Section (c)(10) or (c)(11) | 3.2.27 | N/A | Complies |

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| FCC Section | Description | Report Section | ANSI C63.17 Section | Result |
|----------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| 15.323 (d) | Spurious emissions | 3.2.28 | 6.1.6 | Complies |
| 15.323 (e) | Frame repetition stability / frame period and jitter | 3.2.29 | 6.2.3 and 6.2.4 | Complies |
| 15.323 (f) | Frequency stability | 3.2.30 | 6.2.2 | Complies |

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SECTION 3. MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS AND DERIVED RESULTS:

3.1 General Comments

This section contains the test results only. Details of the test methods used, etc., can be found in Appendix A of this report.

3.2 Test Results

3.2.1 Coordination with fixed microwave service § 15.307

Measurement Data:

The affidavit from UTAM, Inc. is enclosed in Exhibit 12.

3.2.2 Cross Reference to Subpart B § 15.309

The requirements of Subpart D apply only to the radio transmitter contained in the PCS device. Other aspects of the operation of a PCS device may be subject to requirements contained elsewhere in this Chapter. In particular, a PCS device that includes digital circuitry not directly associated with the radio transmitter also is subject to the requirements for unintentional radiators in Subpart B. The AAS19ZAN9121AA tunes up to 1930 MHz; therefore, in accordance with § 15.33 (b)(1), the EUT was tested from 30 MHz to 10 GHz.

The AAS19ZAN9121AA complies with the limits shown below for a class A unintentional radiator:

| Frequency (MHz) | Field Strength at 10 m(µV/m) | Field Strength at 3 m (dBµV/m) |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 30 - 88 | 90 | 49.1 |
| 88 - 216 | 150 | 53.5 |
| 216 - 960 | 210 | 56.4 |
| 960 - 10,000 | 300 | 59.5 |

§ 15.109 Radiated Emission Limits Class A

Measurement Data:

The radiated spurious emissions were pre-scanned with the AAS19ZAN9121AA in the receive, idle and transmit modes. The data below represents the worst case emissions, with the AAS19ZAN9121AA in the transmit mode. The AAS19ZAN9121AA complied with the class B limits, shown below is the data showing compliance to class B.

| Frequency MHz | Polarity H/V | Uncorr Level dBµV | Correction Factor dB | Corrected Level dBµV/m | Criteria dBµV/m |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| 115.0 | Н | 7.3 | 15.3 | 22.6 | 43.5 |
| 138.3 | Н | 7.2 | 15.8 | 23.0 | 43.5 |
| 193.9 | Н | 12.3 | 18.1 | 30.4 | 43.5 |
| 196.4 | H | 9.7 | 18.2 | 27.9 | 43.5 |
| 555.2 | Н | 7.7 | 28.6 | 36.3 | 46.0 |
| 689.6 | Н | 7.7 | 31.7 | 39.4 | 46.0 |
| 849.6 | Н | 6.8 | 33.8 | 40.6 | 46.0 |
| 976.0 | Н | 6.6 | 35.3 | 41.9 | 54.0 |
| 95.5 | V | 7.6 | 17.4 | 25.0 | 43.5 |
| 126.1 | V | 7.6 | 15.3 | 22.9 | 43.5 |
| 167.7 | V | 6.9 | 18.2 | 25.1 | 43.5 |
| 172.1 | V | 6.8 | 18.0 | 24.8 | 43.5 |
| 520.0 | V | 8.4 | 28.6 | 37.0 | 46.0 |
| 558.4 | V | 8.6 | 28.5 | 37.1 | 46.0 |
| 692.8 | V | 7.3 | 31.8 | 39.1 | 46.0 |
| 841.6 | V | 8.1 | 33.6 | 41.7 | 46.0 |
| Note 1: There were no emissions detected above 1000 MHz. | | | | | |

EUT Configuration

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was placed in the transmit mode and placed on the table. The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested in the transmit, receive and idle modes to determine which configuration produced the worst case emissions.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. Exhibit 6

Sample Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG where FS = Field Strength RA = Receiver Amplitude AF = Antenna Factor CF = Cable Attenuation Factor AG = Amplifier Gain

Assume a receiver reading of 52.5 dBµV is obtained. The correction factor of -8.9 dB is added to the receiver reading giving field strength of 32 dBµV/m.

The correction factor is obtained by adding the Antenna Factor of 15.7 and a Cable Factor of 2.2 is added and subtracting the Amplifier Gain of 26.8 dB, giving a correction factor of -8.9 dB.

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.3 Labeling Requirements § 15.311

In addition to the labeling requirements of Section 15.19 (a) (3), all devices authorized under this subpart must bear a prominently located label with the following statement:

Installation of this equipment is subject to notification and coordination with UTAM, Inc. Any relocation of this equipment must be coordinated through, and approved by UTAM. UTAM may be contacted at telephone number 1-800-429-8826.

Demonstration of Compliance:

See labels in Exhibit 1 of this report.

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3.2.4 Conducted Emissions § 15.315

An unlicensed PCS device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line must meet the limits specified in § 15.207.

§ 15.207 Conducted Emission Limits

| Frequency | Conducted Limit (µV) | Conducted Limit (dBµV) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 450 kHz to 30 MHz | 250 | 48.0 |

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA operates on rechargeable batteries therefore; the AC line conducted testing was performed with the AAS19ZAN9121AA configured in both the single charger and multiple charger.

EUT Configuration

The conducted emissions testing was performed with the AAS19ZAN9121AA powered by the batteries being charged by the charger in the following configurations, idle mode, receive mode and transmit mode. The worst case emissions were with the AAS19ZAN9121AA in the transmit mode and in the multiple charger. Shown below are the conducted emissions from the AAS19ZAN9121AA in this worst case configuration.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1, 12 and 13.

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| Test Point | Frequency MHz | Detector | Measured Level dBµV | Limit dBµV |
|------------|------------------|----------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Hot Lead | 0.65 | Peak | 42.8 | 48.0 |
| | 0.76 | Peak | 44.5 | 48.0 |
| | 0.93 | Peak | 44.0 | 48.0 |
| | 9.60 | Peak | 29.1 | 48.0 |
| | 24.63 | Peak | 22.3 | 48.0 |
| | 27.06 | Peak | 23.2 | 48.0 |
| | 28.47 | Peak | 25.1 | 48.0 |
| Neutral | 0.48 | Peak | 43.4 | 48.0 |
| | 0.77 | Peak | 44.7 | 48.0 |
| | 0.97 | Peak | 42.2 | 48.0 |
| | 26.49 | Peak | 23.0 | 48.0 |
| | 29.28 | Peak | 24.5 | 48.0 |
| | 29.57 | Peak | 25.3 | 48.0 |
| | 29.94 | Peak | 25.1 | 48.0 |

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.5 Antenna Requirement § 15.317

Demonstration of Compliance:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA use a permanently attached antenna . The same type as specified by the manufacturer can only replace this antenna (See Exhibit 12).

S 15.319 General Technical Requirements

3.2.6 Frequency of Operation § 15.319 (a)

Demonstration of Compliance:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA is an Isochronous devise that transmits from 1920 - 1930 MHz. The spectrum has been split into eight 1.25 MHz sub-bands starting with 1920-1921.25 MHz and ending with 1928.75-1930 MHz. These channels are further sub-divided into the following channels:

| Channel Number | Center Frequency (MHz) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | 1920.35 |
| 2 | 1920.65 |
| 3 | 1920.95 |
| 4 | 1921.55 |
| 5 | 1921.85 |
| б | 1922.15 |
| 7 | 1922.75 |
| 8 | 1923.05 |
| 9 | 1923.35 |
| 10 | 1923.95 |
| 11 | 1924.25 |
| 12 | 1924.55 |
| 13 | 1924.85 |
| 14 | 1925.15 |
| 15 | 1925.45 |
| 16 | 1925.75 |
| 17 | 1926.05 |
| 18 | 1926.65 |
| 19 | 1926.95 |
| 20 | 1927.25 |
| 21 | 1927.85 |
| 22 | 1928.15 |
| 23 | 1928.45 |
| 24 | 1929.05 |

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| Channel Number | Center Frequency (MHz) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 25 | 1929.35 |
| 26 | 1929.65 |

The AAS19ZAN9121AA uses Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) technology. Each channel is divided into 5 msec frame periods, which are further divided into eight time-slots of 625 µsec per time-slot. The frame is divided in half, the first four slots of the frame are uplink slots, and the second four slots are downlink slots.

3.2.7 Digital Modulation Technique § 15.319 (b)

Demonstration of Compliance:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA uses a Differential Pi/4 QPSK Quadrature Phase Shift Keying digital modulation. The signal transmission rate is 384 kbit/s.

3.2.8 Peak Transmit Power and Emission Bandwidth § 15.319 (c)

Demonstration of Compliance:

The peak transmit power is determined by the following formula:

Peak Transmit Power = $100 \text{ mW} x \sqrt{BW}$

BW = Emission Bandwidth in Hz.

The peak transmit power is required to be less than 17.3 dBm (as determined by the formula shown below).

Peak Transmit Power = $100 \text{ mW} \times \sqrt{300000} = 54.77 \text{ mW} = 17.3 \text{ dBM}$

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Sections 6.1.2 and 6.1.3.

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A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1 and 17.

| Frequency (MHz) | Maximum Peak Transmit Power (dBm) | Measured Emission Bandwidth (kHz) |
|--------------------|---|---|
| 1920.35 | 14.0 | 300.0 |
| 1924.85 | 13.1 | 300.0 |
| 1929.65 | 12.1 | 299.5 |

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.9 Power Spectral Density § 15.319 (d)

Requirement:

Power spectral density shall not exceed 3 milliwatts in any 3 kHz bandwidth as measured with a spectrum analyzer having a resolution bandwidth of 3 kHz.

3 mW = 4.7 dBm

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Section 6.1.5.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1 and 17.

| Frequency (MHz) | Maximum Power Spectral Density - Peak Detection (dBm) | Maximum Power Spectral Density - Sample Detection (dBm) |
|--------------------|--|--|
| 1920.335 | 3.9 | -5.8 |
| 1924.559 | 2.5 | -7.6 |
| 1929.677 | 1.5 | -5.2 |

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.10 Directional Gain of Antenna § 15.319 (e)

Requirement:

The peak transmit power shall be reduced by the amount in decibels that the maximum directional gain of the antenna exceeds 3 dBi.

Demonstration of Compliance:

The maximum directional antenna gain for the AAS19ZAN9121AA is -1.0 dBi.

3.2.11 Automatic Discontinuance of Transmission § 15.319 (f)

Requirement:

The device shall automatically discontinue transmission on case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. The provisions in this section are not intended to preclude transmission of control and signaling information or use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals.

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA ceased to transmit under the following conditions:

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- 1. The TC3000 was placed in the on-hook mode
- 2. Removed power from Base Station
- 3. A call was placed from the TC3000 to an additional TC3000, the second TC3000 was placed in the on-hook mode, and both the base station and the TC3000 ceased to transmit after 30 seconds.

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.12 IEEE C95.1-1991 § 15.319 (i)

Requirement:

The device must comply with IEEE C.95.1-1991, (ANSI/IEEE C.95.1-1992), "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz". Measurement methods are specified in IEEE C95.3-1991, "Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields-RF and Microwave".

Measurement Data:

Motorola, Inc. tested the AAS19ZAN9121AA for SAR compliance, the results of this testing showing compliance to the requirements of this section are included in Exhibit 11.

§ 15.323 Specific Requirements for Isochronous Devices Operating in the 1920-1930 MHz sub-band

3.2.13 Channel Allocation § 15.323 (a)

Requirement:

Operation shall be contained within one of eight 1.25 MHz channels starting with 1920-1921.25 MHz and ending with 1928.75-1930 MHz. Further sub-division of a 1.25 MHz channel is permitted with a reduced power level, as specified in § 15.319 (c), but in no event shall the emission bandwidth be less than 50 kHz.

Demonstration of Compliance:

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The AAS19ZAN9121AA is an Isochronous devise that transmits from 1920 - 1930 MHz. The spectrum has been split into eight 1.25 MHz sub-bands starting with 1920-1921.25 MHz and ending with 1928.75-1930 MHz. These channels are further sub-divided into the following channels:

| Channel Number | Center Frequency (MHz) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | 1920.35 |
| 2 | 1920.65 |
| 3 | 1920.95 |
| 4 | 1921.55 |
| 5 | 1921.85 |
| б | 1922.15 |
| 7 | 1922.75 |
| 8 | 1923.05 |
| 9 | 1923.35 |
| 10 | 1923.95 |
| 11 | 1924.25 |
| 12 | 1924.55 |
| 13 | 1924.85 |
| 14 | 1925.15 |
| 15 | 1925.45 |
| 16 | 1925.75 |
| 17 | 1926.05 |
| 18 | 1926.65 |
| 19 | 1926.95 |
| 20 | 1927.25 |
| 21 | 1927.85 |
| 22 | 1928.15 |
| 23 | 1928.45 |
| 24 | 1929.05 |
| 25 | 1929.35 |
| 26 | 1929.65 |

The AAS19ZAN9121AA uses Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) technology. Each channel is divided into 5 msec frame periods, which are further divided into eight time-slots of 625 µsec per Exhibit 6

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time-slot. The frame is divided in half, the first four slots of the frame are uplink slots, and the second four slots are downlink slots.

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Section 6.1.3.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1 and 17.

| Frequency (MHz) | Measured Emission Bandwidth (kHz) |
|--------------------|---|
| 1920.35 | 300.0 |
| 1924.85 | 300.0 |
| 1929.65 | 299.5 |

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.14 Time and Spectrum Window § 15.323 (b)

Requirement:

Intentional radiators with an intended emission bandwidth less than 625 kHz shall start searching for an available time and spectrum window within 3 MHz of the sub-band edge at 1920 MHz and search upward from that point. Devices with an intended emission bandwidth greater than 625 kHz shall start searching for an available time and spectrum window within 3 MHz of the sub-band edge at 1930 MHz and search downward from that point.

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Demonstration of Compliance:

The base station performs all of the time and spectrum window access monitoring for the control channel. Once the base station or handset needs to setup a communication link, it will transmit on the control channel. Prior to transmission both the base station and handset will monitor its respected time and spectrum window for the intended. Therefore the monitoring tests and time and spectrum window access procedure tests were performed on both the base station and the handset. Shown below are the results of these tests.

A communication link will only occur on the same channel that the base station has chosen for the control channel; the communication channel and control channel will never be on different channels. Therefore, for these tests the interference was placed on the base station and handset simultaneously to allow the control channel to move to the interference free frequencies.

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Section 8.1.2.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 17.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|--|
| 1 | No Interference | Call Established channel 1 (1920.35 MHz) |
| 2 | Interference at lower threshold (-85.8 dBm) 3 MHz from lower edge of sub-band (1920-1923 MHz) | Call Established channel 8 (1923.05 MHz) |
| 3 | Interference at lower threshold (-85.8 dBm) 4 MHz from lower edge of sub-band (1920-1924 MHz) | Call Established channel 11 (1924.25 MHz) |
| 4 | No Interference | Call Established channel 1 (1920.35 MHz) |

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RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.15 Time and Spectrum Monitoring § 15.323 (c)

Requirement:

Isochronous devices must incorporate a mechanism for monitoring the time and spectrum windows that its transmission is intended to occupy. The following criteria must be met:

Demonstration of Compliance:

The base station performs all of the time and spectrum window access monitoring for the control channel. Once the base station or handset needs to setup a communication link, it will transmit on the control channel. Prior to transmission both the base station and handset will monitor its respected time and spectrum window for the intended. Therefore the monitoring tests and time and spectrum window access procedure tests were performed on both the base station and the handset. Shown below are the results of these tests.

A communication link will only occur on the same channel that the base station has chosen for the control channel; the communication channel and control channel will never be on different channels. Therefore, for these tests the interference was placed on the base station and handset simultaneously to allow the control channel to move to the interference free frequencies.

Sections 3.2.16 through 3.2.27 of this report show compliance to FCC § 15.323 (c)(1) through § 15.323 (c)(12).

3.2.16 Isochronous Reaction Time and Monitoring Interval § 15.323 (c)(1)

Requirement:

Immediately prior to initiating a transmission, devices must monitor the combined time and spectrum windows in which they intend to transmit for a period of at least 10 milliseconds for

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systems designed to use a 10 milliseconds or shorter time frame period or at least 20 milliseconds for systems designed to use a 20 milliseconds frame period.

Measurement Data:

To verify that the device was operating as described above the AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Sections 7.3.2.2 and 7.5.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 and 17.

ANSI C63.17 Section 7.3.2.2

To test for this section two channels were made interference free; the remaining channels had interference so that they were unavailable. The two channels that were interference free were designated as f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) and f2 (channel 6 1922.15 MHz). The test set-up allowed interference to be placed on f1 and f2 independent of each other.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|---|--|
| 1 | No Interference | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |
| 2 | Interference on f1 3 dB above threshold and interference on f2 10 dB above threshold | No Call Established |
| 3 | Interference on f2 removed (f2 available) | Call Established f2 (channel 6 1922.15 MHz) |
| 4 | Connection terminated | No Call Established |
| 5 | Interference on f2 re- applied, EUT attempted transmission | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |

ANSI C63.17 Section 7.5

To test for this section two channels were made interference Exhibit 6

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free; the remaining channels had interference so that they were unavailable. The two channels that were interference free were channel 1 (1920.35 MHz) channel 6 (1922.15 MHz). The pulse was synchronized to the 5 msec frame in order to ensure that there was an interference pulse on every time slot.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | No Interference | Call Established channel 1 |
| 2 | Interference on Channel 1 at threshold level, pulse modulated with 102.6 µs pulse width | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 3 | Interference on Channel 1 6 dB above threshold level, pulse modulated with 71.8 µs pulse width | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 4 | Interference on Channel 1 10 dB above threshold level, pulse modulated with 154.0 us pulse width | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 5 | Step 4 was repeated 5 times with the synchronization of the pulsed interference randomly varied with respect to the EUT frame. | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 6 | No Interference | Call Established channel 1 |

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

Pulse Width = $35\sqrt{1.25/B}$

Pulse Width = $50\sqrt{1.25/B}$

Pulse Width =
$$75\sqrt{1.25/B}$$

Pulse Width = $35\sqrt{1.25/0.300}$ = 71.8 *msec*

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Pulse Width =
$$50\sqrt{1.25}/0.300 = 102.6$$
 msec

Pulse Width = $75\sqrt{1.25/0.300}$ = 154.0*m*sec

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.17 Monitoring Threshold § 15.323 (c)(2)

Requirement:

The monitoring threshold must not be more than 30 dB above the thermal noise power for a bandwidth equivalent to the emission bandwidth used by the device.

Demonstration of Compliance:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA operates in the Listen Before Talk (LBT) mode only and does not use the Least Interfered Channel (LIC) mode. Shown below is the calculation for the LBT threshold level:

Threshold Level for Isochronous (LBT) devices = $15\log_{10} B - 184 + 30 - P dBm$

B = Emission Bandwidth (Hz)
P = Measured Transmitter Power Level (dBm)

Threshold Level for Isochronous (LBT) devices = $15\log_{10} 300000 - 184 + 30 - 14.0 = -85.8 dBm$

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Section 7.3.2.1.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 17.

ANSI C63.17 Section 7.3.2.1

Since the AAS19ZAN9121AA does not use the LIC threshold, the following steps were performed to measure the threshold level and verify that the threshold level did not exceed -85.8 dBm as calculated above.

To test for this section two channels were made interference free; the remaining channels had interference so that they were unavailable. The two channels that were interference free were designated as f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) and f2 (channel 6 1922.15 MHz). The test set-up allowed interference to be placed on f1 and f2 independent of each other.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|--|
| 1 | No Interference | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |
| 2 | Interference on f1 10 dB below threshold level (calculated) | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |
| 3 | Interference level on f1 increased 1 dB | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |
| 4 | Step 3 repeated until the call was established on f2 | Call Established f2 (channel 1 1922.15 MHz) |
| 5 | Interference level on f1 reduced 1 dB | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |
| б | Interference level on f1 increased 1 dB | Call Established f2 (channel 1 1922.15 MHz) |
| 7 | Steps 5 and 6 repeated 5 times | Same as steps 5 and 6 |
| 8 | Threshold level measured | Threshold level = -92.0 dBm |
| 9 | Interference on f1 and f2 at the calculated threshold. The interference on f1 occurred only during the transmit potion of the frame | No Call Established |
| 10 | No Interference | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.18 Transmission Duration § 15.323 (c)(3)

Requirement:

If no signal above the threshold level is detected, transmission may commence and continue with the same emission bandwidth in the monitored time and spectrum windows without further monitoring. However, occupation of the same combined time and spectrum windows by a device or group of cooperating devices continuously over a period of time longer than 8 hours is not permitted without repeating the access criteria.

Demonstration of Compliance:

The handset incorporates a software program that does not allow the handset to transmit longer than 8 hours. The handset and base station both stop transmitting within 1.0 second once the voice call has being terminated, as demonstrated in Section 3.2.19 of this report (ANSI Section 8.2.1); therefore, the handset and base station complies with this requirement.

Measurement Data:

A call was placed from each type of handset to the base station to monitor the duration of each call. Shown below is the data showing the time that the calls were established to the time that the calls were disconnected via the internal software.

| Time Connected | Time Disconnected | Total Transmit Time |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 8:25 AM | 4:20 PM | 7 hrs 55 min |

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT transmitted for less than 8 hours; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.19 Acknowledgments § 15.323 (c)(4)

Requirement:

Once access to specific combined time and spectrum windows is obtained an acknowledgment from a system participant must be received by the initiating transmitter within one second or transmission must cease. Periodic acknowledgments must be received at least every 30 seconds or transmission must cease. Channels used exclusively for control and signaling information may transmit continuously for 30 seconds without receiving an acknowledgment, at which time the access criteria must be repeated.

Measurement Data:

The control channel of the AAS19ZAN9121AA repeats the access criteria every 25 sec. To ensure that the AAS19ZAN9121AA meets the requirements of this section it was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Sections 8.1.3 and 8.2.1. Section 8.1.3 applies on to the control channel of the base station, enclosed below is the results of the test on the base station.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1, 6 and 17.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | Interference on all time and frequency channels except channel 1 time slot 1 | Control channel transmitting on Channel 1 (1920.35 MHz) |
| 2 | Interference on all channels | No control channel transmitting |
| 3 | Interference removed, time from end of interference to start of control channel transmission measured | See results below |
| 4 | Steps 2 and 3 repeated 5 times | See results below |

ANSI C63.17 Section 8.1.3

| Attempt | Time msec |
|---------|-----------|
| 1 | 160 |
| 2 | 160 |
| 3 | 160 |
| 4 | 160 |
| 5 | 160 |

All 5 of these measurements are greater than 150 msec; therefore, the EUT meets the requirements of this section.

ANSI C63.17 Section 8.2.1

After an available time/spectrum window has been assigned both the base station and handset attempt to transmit on the specified time/spectrum window. If either device does not receive an acknowledgment, from the other device, within one second the EUT ceases to transmit. After the call is established if there is not an acknowledgment received, every 30 seconds, from the other device transmission is ceased.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | Voice call initiated by the handset, the power to the handset turned off | Base station stopped transmission within 5 sec |
| 2 | Voice call initiated by the handset, the power to the base station turned off | Handset stopped transmission after 1 sec |
| 3 | Voice call initiated, to the handset, by an analog telephone that was connected to the base station, the analog phone was placed in the on-hook mode | Handset stopped transmission after 30 sec |
| 4 | Handset activated with base station turned off | Handset did not transmit for more than 1 sec |
| 5 | Base station activated with handset turned off | Base station did not transmit for more than 1 sec |

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RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.20 Monitoring Threshold for Systems with a Minimum of 40 Duplex Channels § 15.323 (c)(5)

Requirement:

If access to spectrum is not available as determined by the above, and a minimum of 40 duplex system access channels are defined for the system, the time and spectrum windows with the lowest power level below a monitoring threshold of 50 dB above the thermal noise power determined for the emission bandwidth may A device utilizing the provisions of this paragraph be accessed. must have monitored all access channels defined for its system within the last 10 seconds and must verify, within the 20 milliseconds (40 milliseconds for devices designed to use a 20 milliseconds frame period) immediately preceding actual channel access that the detected power of the selected time and spectrum windows is no higher than the previously detected value. The power measurement resolution for this comparison must be accurate to within 6 dB. No device or group of cooperating devices located within 1 meter of each other shall occupy more than three 1.25 MHz channels during any frame period. Devices in an operational state that are utilizing the provisions of this section are not required to use the search provisions of paragraph (b) of this section.

Demonstration of Compliance:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA does not use the provisions of this section (LIC); it only uses the LBT mode. There are no devices or group of cooperating devices located within 1 meter of each other; this is specified in the installation manual. Testing to demonstrate compliance with this section is the same as § 15.323 (c)(1), shown below are the results of these tests.

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Sections 7.3.2.1, 7.3.2.2 and 8.2.1.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is Exhibit 6

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enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 17.

ANSI C63.17 Section 7.3.2.1

Since the AAS19ZAN9121AA does not use the LIC threshold, the following steps were performed to measure the threshold level and verify that the threshold level did not exceed -85.8 dBm as calculated above.

To test for this section two channels were made interference free; the remaining channels had interference so that they were unavailable. The two channels that were interference free were designated as f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) and f2 (channel 6 1922.15 MHz). The test set-up allowed interference to be placed on f1 and f2 independent of each other.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|--|
| 1 | No Interference | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |
| 2 | Interference on f1 10 dB below threshold level (calculated) | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |
| 3 | Interference level on f1 increased 1 dB | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |
| 4 | Step 3 repeated until the call was established on f2 | Call Established f2 (channel 1 1922.15 MHz) |
| 5 | Interference level on f1 reduced 1 dB | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |
| б | Interference level on f1 increased 1 dB | Call Established f2 (channel 1 1922.15 MHz) |
| 7 | Steps 5 and 6 repeated 5 times | Same as steps 5 and 6 |
| 8 | Threshold level measured | Threshold level = -92.0 dBm |
| 9 | Interference on f1 and f2 at the calculated threshold. The interference on f1 occurred only during the transmit potion of the frame | No Call Established |

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| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|-----------------|--|
| 10 | No Interference | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |

ANSI C63.17 Section 7.3.2.2

To test for this section two channels were made interference free; the remaining channels had interference so that they were unavailable. The two channels that were interference free were designated as f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) and f2 (channel 6 1922.15 MHz). The test set-up allowed interference to be placed on f1 and f2 independent of each other.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|---|--|
| 1 | No Interference | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |
| 2 | Interference on f1 3 dB above threshold and interference on f2 10 dB above threshold | No Call Established |
| 3 | Interference on f2 removed (f2 available) | Call Established f2 (channel 6 1922.15 MHz) |
| 4 | Connection terminated | No Call Established |
| 5 | Interference on f2 re- applied, EUT attempted transmission | Call Established f1 (channel 1 1920.35 MHz) |

ANSI C63.17 Section 8.2.1

After an available time/spectrum window has been assigned both the base station and handset attempt to transmit on the specified time/spectrum window. If either device does not receive an acknowledgment, from the other device, within one second the EUT ceases to transmit. After the call is established if there is not an acknowledgment received, every 30 seconds, from the other device transmission is ceased.

|--|

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| Step | Test Condition | Result | |
|------|--|---|--|
| 1 | Voice call initiated by the handset, the power to the handset turned off | Base station stopped transmission within 5 sec | |
| 2 | Voice call initiated by the handset, the power to the base station turned off | Handset stopped transmission after 1 sec | |
| 3 | Voice call initiated, to the handset, by an analog telephone that was connected to the base station, the analog phone was placed in the on-hook mode | Handset stopped transmission after 30 sec | |
| 4 | Handset activated with base station turned off | Handset did not transmit for more than 1 sec | |
| 5 | Base station activated with handset turned off | Base station did not transmit for more than 1 sec | |

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.21 Isochronous Random Waiting Interval § 15.323 (c)(6)

Requirement:

If the selected combined time and spectrum windows are unavailable, the device may either monitor and select different windows or seek to use the same windows after waiting an amount of time, randomly chosen from a uniform random distribution between 10 and 150 milliseconds, commencing when the channel becomes available.

Measurement Data:

The control channel of the AAS19ZAN9121AA repeats the access criteria every 25 sec. To ensure that the AAS19ZAN9121AA meets the requirements of this section it was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Sections 8.1.3 and 8.2.1. Section 8.1.3 applies on to the control channel of the base station, enclosed below is the results of the test on the base station.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 17.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | Interference on all time and frequency channels except channel 1 time slot 1 | Control channel transmitting on Channel 1 (1920.35 MHz) |
| 2 | Interference on all channels | No control channel transmitting |
| 3 | Interference removed, time from end of interference to start of control channel transmission measured | See results below |
| 4 | Steps 2 and 3 repeated 5 times | See results below |

ANSI C63.17 Section 8.1.3

| Attempt | Time msec |
|---------|-----------|
| 1 | 160 |
| 2 | 160 |
| 3 | 160 |
| 4 | 160 |
| 5 | 160 |

All 5 of these measurements are greater than 150 msec; therefore, the EUT meets the requirements of this section.

ANSI C63.17 Section 8.2.1

After an available time/spectrum window has been assigned both the base station and handset attempt to transmit on the specified time/spectrum window. If either device does not receive an acknowledgment, from the other device, within one second the EUT ceases to transmit. After the call is established

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if there is not an acknowledgment received, every 30 seconds, from the other device transmission is ceased.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | Voice call initiated by the handset, the power to the handset turned off | Base station stopped transmission within 5 sec |
| 2 | Voice call initiated by the handset, the power to the base station turned off | Handset stopped transmission after 1 sec |
| 3 | Voice call initiated, to the handset, by an analog telephone that was connected to the base station, the analog phone was placed in the on-hook mode | Handset stopped transmission after 30 sec |
| 4 | Handset activated with base station turned off | Handset did not transmit for more than 1 sec |
| 5 | Base station activated with handset turned off | Base station did not transmit for more than 1 sec |

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.22 Threshold Monitoring Bandwidth § 15.323 (c)(7)

Requirement:

The monitoring system bandwidth must be equal to or greater than the emission bandwidth of the intended transmission and have a maximum reaction time less than 50xSQRT (1.25/emission bandwidth in MHz) microseconds for signals at the applicable threshold level but shall not be required to be less than 50 microseconds. If a signal is detected that is 6 dB or more above the applicable threshold level, the maximum reaction time shall be 35xSQRT (1.25/emission bandwidth in MHz) microseconds but shall not be required to be less than 35 microseconds.

Measurement Data:

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The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Sections 7.4 and 7.5.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 and 17.

Section 7.4

Simple Compliance Test

To test for this section two channels were made interference free, the remaining channels had interference so that they were unavailable. The two channels that were interference free were channel 1 (1920.35 MHz) and channel 6 (1922.15 MHz). The frequency of the interfering signal was determined as shown below:

Center frequency of channel 1 = 1920.35 MHz Emission bandwidth = 300.0 kHz 40% of emission bandwidth = 120.0 kHz

-40% of emission bandwidth = 1920.230 MHz +40% of emission bandwidth = 1920.470 MHz +4 dB level above calculated threshold = -81.8 dBm

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | No Interference | Call Established channel 1 |
| 2 | Sub-band filled with broadband interference (FM modulated) centered at 1920.230 MHz (-40% of emission bandwidth) 4 dB above threshold level | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |

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| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|---|
| 3 | Sub-band filled with broadband interference (FM modulated) centered at 1920.470 MHz (+40% of emission bandwidth) 4 dB above threshold level | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 4 | No Interference | Call Established channel 1 |

ANSI C63.17 Section 7.5

To test for this section two channels were made interference free; the remaining channels had interference so that they were unavailable. The two channels that were interference free were channel 1 (1920.35 MHz) channel 6 (1922.15 MHz). The pulse was synchronized to the 5 msec frame in order to ensure that there was an interference pulse on every time slot.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|--|---|
| 1 | No Interference | Call Established channel 1 |
| 2 | Interference on Channel 1 at threshold level, pulse modulated with 102.6 µs pulse width | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 3 | Interference on Channel 1 6 dB above threshold level, pulse modulated with 71.8 µs pulse width | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 4 | Interference on Channel 1 10 dB above threshold level, pulse modulated with 154.0 us pulse width | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 5 | Step 4 was repeated 5 times with the synchronization of the pulsed interference randomly varied with respect to the EUT frame. | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 6 | No Interference | Call Established channel 1 |

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

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Pulse Width = $35\sqrt{1.25/B}$ Pulse Width = $50\sqrt{1.25/B}$ Pulse Width = $75\sqrt{1.25/B}$ Where B = Emission Bandwidth in MHz Pulse Width = $35\sqrt{1.25/0.300}$ = 71.8 msec Pulse Width = $50\sqrt{1.25/0.300}$ = 102.6 msec Pulse Width = $75\sqrt{1.25/0.300}$ = 154.0 msec

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.23 Threshold Monitoring Antenna § 15.323 (c)(8)

Requirement:

The monitoring system shall use the same antenna used for transmission, or an antenna that yields equivalent reception at that location.

Demonstration of Compliance:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA uses the same antenna for both monitoring and for transmission; therefore, the AAS19ZAN9121AA meets the requirements of this section.

3.2.24 Monitoring Detection Threshold for Devices with less than Maximum Output Power § 15.323 (c)(9)

Requirement:

Devices that have a power output lower than the maximum permitted under the rules may increase their monitoring detection threshold by one decibel for each one decibel that the transmitter power is below the maximum permitted.

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA does not use the provisions of this section; therefore, the AAS19ZAN9121AA meets the requirements of this section.

3.2.25 Duplex Connections § 15.323 (c)(10)

Requirement:

An initiating device may attempt to establish a duplex connection by monitoring both its intended transmit and receive time and spectrum windows. If both the intended transmit and receive time and spectrum windows meet the access criteria, then the initiating device can initiate a transmission in the intended transmit time and spectrum window. If the power detected by the responding device can be decoded as a duplex connection signal from the initiating device, then the responding device may immediately begin transmitting on the receive time and spectrum window monitored by the initiating device.

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Section 8.2.3.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 16 and 17.

Section 8.2.3

The base station or the handset can be the initiating device and each monitors its own receive and transmit windows. Therefore, both units were tested; the EUT was configured with a custom test fixture, which allows interference on all of the time slots except for one TX slot and RX slot. These can be a duplex Exhibit 6 pair (TX slot 3, RX slot 3) or different slots (TX slot 3, RX slot 4).

To test for this section two channels were made interference free; the remaining channels had interference so that they were unavailable. The two channels that were interference free were channel 1 (1920.35 MHz) channel 6 (1922.15 MHz). The interference on the specified time slot was placed on channel 1 with channel 6 interference free.

| Step | Test Condition | Result |
|------|---|---|
| 1 | No Interference | Call Established channel 1 |
| 2 | Interference on all time slots except slot 1 RX was interference free | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 3 | Interference on all time slots except slot 1 TX was interference free | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 4 | Interference on all time slots except slot 1 TX and slot 2 RX were interference free | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| 5 | Interference on all time slots except slot 2 TX and slot 1 RX were interference free | No Call Established on channel 1, call established on channel 6 |
| б | Interference on all time slots except slot 1 TX and slot 1 RX were interference free | Call Established channel 1 |
| 7 | No Interference | Call Established channel 1 |

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.26 Alternative Monitoring Interval § 15.323 (c)(11)

Requirement:

An initiating device that is prevented from monitoring

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during its intended transmit window due to monitoring system blocking from the transmissions of a co-located (within one meter) transmitter of the same system, may monitor the portions of the time and spectrum windows in which they intend to receive over a period of at least 10 milliseconds. The monitored time and spectrum window must total at least 50 percent of the 10 millisecond frame interval and the monitored spectrum must be within the 1.25 MHz frequency channel(s) already occupied by that device or co-located co-operating devices. If the access criteria is met for the intended receive time and spectrum window under the above conditions, then transmission in the intended transmit window by the initiating device may commence.

Demonstration of Compliance:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA will not be co-located closer than 1 meter; therefore, the requirements of this section do not apply. This requirement is specified in the Installation Manual.

3.2.27 Limitation on use of Section (c)(10) or (c)(11) - §15.323 (c)(12)

Requirement:

The provisions of (c) (10) or (c) (11) of this section shall not be used to extend the range of spectrum occupied over space or time for the purpose of denying fair access to spectrum to other devices.

Demonstration of Compliance:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA does not use the provisions of § 15.323 (c)(10) or (c)(11) to extend the range of spectrum occupied; therefore, the AAS19ZAN9121AA meets the requirements of this section.

3.2.28 Spurious Emissions § 15.323 (d)

Requirement:

Emissions shall be attenuated below a reference power of 112 milliwatts as follows: 30 dB between the channel edges and 1.25 MHz above or below the channel; 50 dB between 1.25 and 2.5 MHz above or below the channel; And 60 dB at 2.5 MHz or greater above or below the channel. Systems that further sub-divide a 1.25 MHz channel into X sub-channels must comply with the following Exhibit 6

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emission mask: In the bands between 1B and 2B measured f rom the center of the emission bandwidth the total power emitted by the device shall be at least 30 dB below the transmit power permitted for that device; in the bands between 2B and 3B measured from the center of the emission bandwidth the total power emitted by an intentional radiator shall be at least 50 dB below the transmit power permitted for that radiator; in the bands between 3B and 1.25 MHz channel edge the total power emitted by an intentional radiator in the measurement bandwidth shall be at least 60 dB below the transmit power permitted for that radiator. "B" is defined as the emission bandwidth of the device in hertz. Compliance with the emission limits is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Section 6.1.6.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 1 and 17.

The AAS19ZAN9121AA tunes up to 1930 MHz; therefore, in accordance with § 15.33 (b)(1), the EUT was tested from 30 MHz to 20 GHz, and in accordance with § 15.31 (m) the EUT was tested with the transmitter tuned near the bottom of the spectrum and tuned near the top of the spectrum.

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| Transmitting on Channel 1 (1920.35 MHz) | | | | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Frequency Range MHz | Frequency MHz | Corrected Level dBm | Criteria dBm | |
| 30 - 200 | 109.6 | -45.1 | -39.5 | |
| 200 - 500 | 438.7 | -58.9 | -39.5 | |
| 500 - 1000 | 786.3 | -52.4 | -39.5 | |
| 1000 - 1800 | 1069.8 | -60.0 | -39.5 | |
| 1800 - 1900 | 1865.2 | -51.1 | -39.5 | |
| 1900 - 1917.50 | 1917.4 | -47.8 | -39.5 | |
| 1917.50 -1918.75 | 1918.7 | -51.8 | -29.5 | |
| 1918.75 - 1920 | 1919.9 | -36.0 | -9.5 | |
| 1921.25 - 1922.5 | 1921.3 | -47.6 | -9.5 | |
| 1922.5 - 1923.75 | 1922.5 | -55.7 | -29.5 | |
| 1923.75 - 1930 | 1923.7 | -60.7 | -39.5 | |
| 1930 - 2000 | 1975.5 | -64.0 | -39.5 | |
| 2000 - 4000 | 3840.7 | -53.1 | -39.5 | |
| 4000 - 6000 | 5761.1 | -71.7 | -39.5 | |
| 6000 - 8000 | 7681.4 | -89.0 * | -39.5 | |
| 8000 - 19300 | 9601.7 | -87.5 * | -39.5 | |
| * Noise Floor | | | | |

Out-of-Channel Emission (Conducted)

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| Transmitting on Channel 20 (1929.65MHz) | | | | | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Frequency Range MHz | Frequency MHz | Corrected Level dBm | Criteria dBm | | |
| 30 - 200 | 118.9 | -47.6 | -39.5 | | |
| 200 - 500 | 479.0 | -63.8 | -39.5 | | |
| 500 - 1000 | 801.8 | -50.8 | -39.5 | | |
| 1000 - 1800 | 1083.8 | -67.7 | -39.5 | | |
| 1800 - 1900 | 1865.2 | -51.9 | -39.5 | | |
| 1900 - 1920 | 1926.2 | -51.8 | -39.5 | | |
| 1920 - 1926.25 | 1927.5 | -55.8 | -39.5 | | |
| 1926.25 - 1927.5 | 1928.7 | -48.3 | -29.5 | | |
| 1927.5 - 1928.75 | 1930.1 | -38.7 | -9.5 | | |
| 1930 - 1931.25 | 1931.2 | -54.3 | -9.5 | | |
| 1931.25 - 1932.5 | 1932.5 | -59.2 | -29.5 | | |
| 1932.5 - 2000 | 1994.4 | -63.0 | -39.5 | | |
| 2000 - 4000 | 3859.3 | -56.4 | -39.5 | | |
| 4000 - 6000 | 5788.9 | -80.4 | -39.5 | | |
| 6000 - 8000 | 7718.6 | -89.3 * | -39.5 | | |
| 8000 - 19300 | 9648.2 | -87.8 * | -39.5 | | |
| * Noise Floor | | | | | |

* Noise Floor

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| Transmitting on Channel 1 (1920.35 MHz) | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | Frequency Range MHz | Frequency MHz | Corrected Level dBm | Criteria dBm | |
| 1B to 2B Above | 1920.65 - 1920.95 | 1920.65 | -22.3 | -12.7 | |
| 2B to Channel Edge | 1920.95 - 1921.25 | 1920.95 | -42.9 | -32.7 | |

Out-of-Subchannel Emission (Conducted)

| Transmitting on Channel 3 (1920.95 MHz) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|-------|-------|
| Frequency Range Frequency Corrected Criter MHz MHz Level dBm dBm | | | | |
| 1B to 2B Below | 1920.35 - 1920.65 | 1920.65 | -26.0 | -12.7 |
| 2B to Channel Edge | 1920.00 - 1920.35 | 1920.30 | -40.8 | -32.7 |

| Transmitting on Channel 24 (1929.05 MHz) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------|-------|-------|
| Frequency Range Frequency Corrected Criteri MHz MHz Level dBm dBm | | | | |
| 1B to 2B Above | 1929.35 - 1929.65 | 1929.35 | -27.7 | -12.7 |
| 2B to Channel Edge | 1929.65 - 1930.00 | 1929.65 | -44.6 | -32.7 |

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| Transmitting on Channel 26 (1929.65 MHz) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|-------|-------|
| Frequency Range Frequency Corrected Criteria MHz MHz Level dBm dBm | | | | |
| 1B to 2B Below | 1929.05 - 1929.35 | 1929.35 | -27.7 | -12.7 |
| 2B to Channel Edge | 1928.75 - 1929.05 | 1929.05 | -44.4 | -32.7 |

Out-of-UPCS Band Emissions (Radiated)

See section 3.2.2 of this report for the radiated emissions data.

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.29 Frame Repetition Stability/Frame Period and Jitter § 15.323 (e)

Requirement:

The frame period (a set of consecutive time slots in which the position of each time slot can be identified by reference to a synchronizing source) of an intentional radiator operating in these sub-bands shall be 20 milliseconds or 10 milliseconds/X where X is a positive whole number. Each device that implements time division for the purposes of maintaining a duplex connection on a given frequency carrier shall maintain a frame repetition rate with a frequency stability of at least 50 parts per million (ppm). Each device which further divides access in time in order to support multiple communication links on a given frequency carrier shall maintain a frame repetition rate with a frequency stability of at least 10 ppm. The jitter (time-related, abrupt, spurious variations in the duration of the frame interval) introduced at the two ends of such a communication link shall not exceed 25 microseconds for any two consecutive transmissions. Transmissions shall be continuous in every time and spectrum window during the frame period defined for the device. Exhibit 6

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Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested in accordance with ANSI C63.17-1998 Sections 6.2.3 and 6.2.4.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 10.

| Test Performed | Criteria |
|----------------------------|-----------|
| Frame period | 5 msec |
| Frame repetition stability | 10 ppm |
| Jitter | 12.5 µsec |

Section 6.2.3

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was configured as specified in section 6.2.3. Both the mean values of the frame repetition rate and the standard deviation were recorded to determine the frame repetition stability. The data is shown below.

| Frequency MHz | Standard Deviation Hz | Mean Hz | Frame Repetition Stability ppm |
|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|---|
| 1920.35 | 0.00004553 | 200.00001484 | 0.68 |

Sample Calculation:

Frame Repetition Stability (ppm) = ((3 * Standard Deviation) / Frame Rate) * 10^{6}

Frame Rate Hz = 1 / 5 ms = 200 Hz

Section 6.2.4

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was configured as specified in section 6.2.4. The peak to peak, mean and standard deviation values of the frame period distribution were recorded to determine the frame period and jitter.

The mean value shall be the frame period and three times the standard deviation value of the jitter shall not be greater than 12.5 μ sec. The data is shown below.

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| Frequency | Standard | Mean | Jitter |
|-----------|-------------------|--------------|--------|
| MHZ | Deviation µsec | ms | µsec |
| 1920.35 | 0.13159782 | 5.0000000886 | 0.39 |

Sample Calculation:

Jitter µsec = 3 * Standard Deviation

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

3.2.30 Frequency Stability § 15.323 (f)

Requirement:

The frequency stability of the carrier frequency of the intentional radiator shall be maintained within ± 10 ppm over 1 hour or the interval between channel access monitoring, whichever is shorter. The frequency stability shall be maintained over a temperature variation of -20° to $+50^{\circ}$ C at normal supply voltage, and over a variation in the primary supply voltage of 85 percent to 115 percent of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20° C. For equipment that is capable only of operating from a battery, the frequency stability tests shall be performed using a new battery without any further requirement to vary supply voltage.

Measurement Data:

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was tested as per ANSI C63.17-1998 Section 6.2.2.

A diagram of the test configuration is enclosed in Appendix A and a list of reference codes for test equipment used is enclosed in Appendix B.

Test equipment used: 10 and 14.

The carrier frequency measurement at 20° C was used as the

reference for the measurements at the two extreme temperatures.

The AAS19ZAN9121AA operates on rechargeable batteries; therefore, the testing was performed with new batteries. The data shown below shows the deviation from the measurements at 20° C (new batteries) at the two temperature extremes. The frequency of the carrier was 1920.35 MHz (channel 1).

| Temp C [°] | Supply Voltage | Measured Frequency MHz | Deviation ppm |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| -20 | New Batteries | 1920.36817448 | -5.01 |
| 20 | New Batteries | 1920.35856261 | Reference |
| 50 | New Batteries | 1920.36286786 | -2.24 |

SAMPLE CALCULATION

Deviation ppm =
$$\frac{FR - FM}{FR} \times 10^6$$

FR = Reference frequency of the carrier at 20° C FM = Measured frequency of the carrier

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification.

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Appendix A - Test Procedures

FCC Section 15.309 Cross Reference to Subpart B (Radiated Emissions)

The radiated emissions were tested as per ANSI C63.4.

The radiated emissions from the AAS19ZAN9121AA were measured using a spectrum analyzer with a quasi-peak adapter for peak and quasi-peak readings. A preamplifier with a fixed gain of 26 dB was used to increase the sensitivity of the measuring instrumentation. The spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth was set to 100 kHz and the video bandwidth was set to 300 kHz, for readings in the 30 to 1000 MHz frequency range. Above 1000 MHz the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth was set to 1 MHz and the video bandwidth was set to 3 MHz for peak readings and the resolution bandwidth was set to 1 MHz and the video bandwidth was set to 10 Hz for average readings.

An EMCO Biconical antenna was used to measure the frequency range of 30 to 200 MHz, an EMCO Log Periodic antenna was used to measure the frequency range of 200 to 1000 MHz and a double ridge guide antenna was used to measure the frequency range of 1 to 20 GHz, at a distance of 3 meters from the EUT. The readings obtained by these antennas are correlated to the levels obtained with a tuned dipole antenna by adding the antenna factors.

The configuration of the AAS19ZAN9121AA was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. All interconnecting cables were moved to search for the worst case radiated emissions. The computing equipment was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission.

The AAS19ZAN9121AA was measured on a non-conducting table 0.8 m above the ground plane. The table is placed on a turntable which is level with the ground plane. The turntable has slip rings, which supply AC power to the computing equipment.

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Radiated Emissions Test

FCC Section 15.315 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

The AC power line conducted emissions were tested as per ANSI C63.4.

The AC power line conducted emissions was measured using a spectrum analyzer with a quasi-peak adapter for quasi-peak readings. The spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth was set to 100 kHz, and the video bandwidth was set to 300 kHz for peak readings in the 450 kHz to 30 MHz frequency range.

The line-conducted measurements were made in a screen room using a 50:H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN).

Desktop computing devices are placed on a non-conducting table 80-cm from the metallic floor. The equipment is placed 40 cm from one wall and at least 80 cm from all other walls. Floor standing equipment is placed directly on the earth grounded floor.

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FCC Sections 15.319 (c) Peak Transmit Power, 15.319 (d) Power Spectral Density

The EUT was directly connected to the spectrum analyzer via the antenna output port as shown in the block diagram below. The peak transmit power, emission bandwidth and power spectral density were measured as per sections 6.1.2, 6.1.3 and 6.1.5 of ANSI C63.17-1998, while the base station and handset had a voice link established. The measurements were performed on two channels, as per 47 CFR 15.31(m), one near the bottom of the spectrum and one near the top of the spectrum.

The spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth were set as follows:

Peak Transmit Power (Section 6.1.2)

RBW = 1 MHz VBW = 3 MHz

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Emission Bandwidth (Section 6.1.3)

RBW = 3 kHz VBW = 10 kHz

Power Spectral Density (Section 6.1.5)

RBW = 3 kHz VBW = 10 kHz

Test Configuration Block Diagram (Sections 6.1.2, 6.1.3 and 6.1.5)



FCC Sections 15.323 (b), 15.323 (c)(1) through 15.323 (c)(12) - Sections 7 and 8 of ANSI C63.17-1998

The EUT connected as shown in the block diagrams below. The MCSS was used to force the EUT to transmit on the desired frequencies and block all the other frequencies. The testing was performed as per sections 7 and 8 of ANSI C63.17-1998, while the base station and handset had a voice link established

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Test Configuration Block Diagram (Sections 8.1.2, 8.1.3 and 8.2.1)



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Test Configuration Block Diagram (Sections 7.3.2.1, 7.3.2.2 and 7.4)



Test Configuration Block Diagram (Section 7.5)





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Test Configuration Block Diagram (Section 8.2.3)

FCC Section 15.323 (d) Spurious Emissions

The EUT was directly connected to the spectrum analyzer via the antenna output port as shown in the block diagram below. The base station was connected to a computer that was used to control the base station to permit the base station and handset to transmit on predetermined channels. The spurious emissions were measured as per section 6.1.6 of ANSI C63.17-1998, while the base station and handset had a voice link established. The out-ofchannel measurements were performed on two channels, as per 47 CFR 15.31(m), one near the bottom of the spectrum and one near the top of the spectrum. The out-of-subchannel measurements were performed on two sub-channels, one near the bottom of the subchannel and one near the top of the sub-channel.

The spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth were set as follows:

Spurious Emissions (Section 6.1.6)

RBW = 3 kHz VBW = 10 kHz

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Test Configuration Block Diagram (Section 6.1.6)



FCC Section 15.323 (e) Frame Period

The EUT was directly connected to the modulation domain analyzer via the antenna output port as shown in the block diagram below. The base station was connected to a computer that was used to control the base station to permit the base station and handset to transmit on predetermined channels. The frame period, frame repetition stability and jitter were measured as per sections 6.2.3 and 6.2.0f ANSI C63.17-1998, while the base station and handset had a voice link established. The computer was used to log the results of the measurements.

Frame related measurements were allowed by the utilization of the modulation domain analyzer's "Envelope Trigger Output" port, which generates a TTL compatible signal that represents the envelope of the transmission bursts.

The modulation domain analyzer's settings were set as follows:

| Frame Repetition | Stability |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| Mode: | Frequency Measurement |
| X Axis: | Time |
| Time Setting: | 500 ms |
| Y Axis: | Frequency |
| | Exhibit 6 |

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| Center Frequency: | 200 Hz |
|-----------------------|--------|
| Measurement Interval: | 5 ms |
| No. of Measurements: | 1000 |

Frame Period and Jitter

Mode:Time MeasurementY Axis:TimeCenter Time:5 msX Axis:TimeTime Setting:500 msMeasurement Interval:1 msNo. of Measurements:1,000,000



FCC Section 15.323 (f) Carrier Frequency Stability

The EUT was placed inside of a temperature chamber and directly connected to the modulation domain analyzer via the antenna output port as shown in the block diagram below. The base station was connected to a computer that was used to control the base station to permit the base station and handset to transmit on predetermined channels. The carrier frequency stability was measured as per section 6.2.2 of ANSI C63.17-1998, while the base station and handset had a voice link established. The computer was used to log the results of the measurements.

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The EUT was placed inside of the temperature chamber at $20^{\circ}C$ for one hour in order to stabilize the temperature of the chamber and the EUT. This measurement was recorded as a reference for the measurements at the two extreme temperatures and at the two extreme supply voltages using the modulation domain analyzer.

The modulation domain analyzer settings were set as follows:

Carrier Frequency Stability

| Mode: | Frequency Measurement |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Y Axis: | Frequency |
| Center Frequency: | 1920.35 MHz |
| X Axis: | Time |
| Time Setting: | 625 us |
| Measurement Interval: | 10 us |
| No. of Measurements: | 5000 |

Test Configuration Block Diagram (Section 6.2.2)



| Ref. No. | Instrument | Mfgt. | Model |
|----------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| 1 | Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett Packard | 8566B |
| 2 | Pre Amplifier | Hewlett Packard | 8447D |
| 3 | Pre Amplifier | Hewlett Packard | 8449B |
| 4 | Biconilog Antenna | EMCO | 3142 |
| 5 | Double Ridge Guide Antenna | EMCO | 3115 |
| 6 | Power Divider/Combiner | Hewlett Packard | 11636A |
| 7 | Power Divider/Combiner | Hewlett Packard | 87303C |
| 8 | Signal Generator | Hewlett Packard | 8648C |
| 9 | MCSS | Hewlett Packard | 60 |
| 10 | Modulation Domain Analyzer | Hewlett Packard | 53310A |
| 11 | Pulse Generator | Hewlett Packard | 8012B |
| 12 | LISN | EMCO | 3825/2 |
| 13 | Transient Limiter | Hewlett Packard | 11947A |
| 14 | Temperature Chamber | Tenney Inc. | Tenney Jr. |
| 15 | Oscilloscope | Tektronix | 7603 |
| 16 | Test Fixture | Motorola | N/A |
| 17 | Coax Cable | Andrews | N/A |

Appendix B - List of Test Equipment

An independent calibration laboratory following outlined calibration procedures calibrates all the equipment listed above every 12 months.