FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Dell Inc.

EQUIPMENT: Portable Computer – Tablet

BRAND NAME: DELL

MODEL NAME : T13G,T13G001

FCC ID : E2K-T13G001

STANDARD : **FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)**

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

lac-MRA



Report No. : FA4O0701

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	
FA4O0701	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 26, 2014	
FA4O0701	Rev. 02	Remove 5600MHz ~ 5650MHz SAR results and conducted power of the report.	Dec. 03, 2014	

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Dell Inc., Portable Computer - Tablet, T13G,T13G001 are as follows.

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Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary Body (Separation 0cm) 1g SAR (W/kg)
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	1.34
	WLAN 5.2GHz Band	0.98
NII	WLAN 5.3GHz Band	1.16
NII	WLAN 5.5GHz Band	1.17
	WLAN 5.8GHz Band	1.10
Date of Testing:		2014/10/16~2014/10/30

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory			
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.			
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978		

Applicant			
Company Name Dell Inc.			
Address One Dell Way, Round Rock, Texas 78682, USA			

Manufacturer			
Company Name Dell Inc.			
Address One Dell Way, Round Rock, Texas 78682, USA			

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3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

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- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification			
Equipment Name	nt Name Portable Computer – Tablet		
Brand Name	DELL		
Model Name	T13G,T13G001		
FCC ID	E2K-T13G001		
S/N	141006-0334		
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz		
Mode	802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth v3.0+HS Bluetooth v4.0-LE		
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype		
Domorks			

Remark:

- 1. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN.
- 2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 3. The below Bluetooth keyboard can be attached or separated with this host, become a Tablet PC or Notebook PC.

Bluetooth Keyboard Cover Product Feature & Specification			
Brand Name	DELL		
Model Name	KW14M02		
FCC ID	E2K-KW14M02		
Report No	SA141107D12		
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz		
Mode	• GFSK		

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4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode		Average Power (dBm)
	802.11b	15.5
2.4GHz	802.11g	14.5
	802.11n-HT20	14.5
	802.11a	12.0
	802.11n-HT20	12.0
5GHz	802.11n-HT40	12.0
ЭВП2	802.11n-VHT20	12.0
	802.11n-VHT40	12.0
	802.11n-VHT80	12.0
Bluetooth v3.0+HS		4.0
Bluetooth v4.0+LE		6.0

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

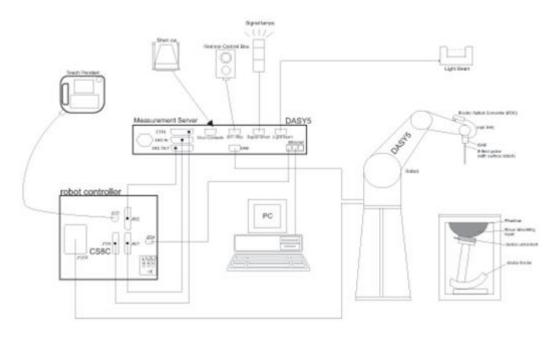
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz	Z _{Oom} (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manuracturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Aug. 21, 2014	Aug. 20, 2015
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1040	Jun. 20, 2014	Jun. 19, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	Jul. 23, 2014	Jul. 22, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	May. 19, 2014	May. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3954	Nov. 04, 2013	Nov. 03, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3925	May. 22, 2014	May. 21, 2015
H.M.IRIS	Thermometer	TH-08	TM658	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014
H.M.IRIS	Thermometer	TH-08	TM658	Oct. 21, 2014	Oct. 20, 2015
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Jan. 04, 2014	Jan. 03, 2015
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAKS-3.5	0004	Mar. 04, 2014	Mar. 03, 2015
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46101588	May. 31, 2014	May. 30, 2015
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1036004	Aug. 09, 2014	Aug. 08, 2015
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1027253	Aug. 11, 2014	Aug. 10, 2015
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 7	101131	Jul. 10, 2014	Jul. 09, 2015
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	te1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te1
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	No	te1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	No	te1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	No	te1

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General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and
the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the
network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the
power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	MSL	22.3	1.920	53.118	1.95	52.70	-1.54	0.79	±5	2014/10/16
2450	MSL	22.5	2.020	53.886	1.95	52.70	3.59	2.25	±5	2014/10/30
5200	MSL	22.4	5.165	50.550	5.30	49.00	-2.55	3.16	±5	2014/10/17
5300	MSL	22.4	5.357	50.310	5.42	48.90	-1.16	2.88	±5	2014/10/17
5600	MSL	22.2	5.623	46.749	5.77	48.50	-2.55	-3.61	±5	2014/10/18
5800	MSL	22.4	6.015	49.338	6.00	48.20	0.25	2.36	±5	2014/10/17

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10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2014/10/16	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	12.10	50.60	48.4.0	-4.35
2014/10/30	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3954	DAE4 Sn1279	13.50	50.60	54.00	6.72
2014/10/17	5200	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1040	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	7.30	77.80	73.00	-6.17
2014/10/17	5300	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1040	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	7.94	79.10	79.40	0.38
2014/10/18	5600	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1040	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	7.68	82.70	76.80	-7.13
2014/10/17	5800	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1040	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	7.18	77.30	71.80	-7.12

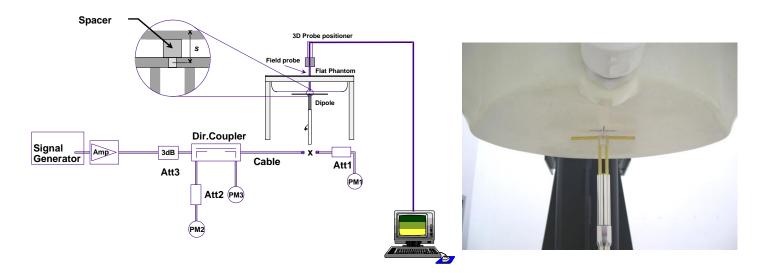


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 SAR Testing for Tablet

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v05r02 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

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12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

For IEEE802.11a/b/g SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11a/b
were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels
and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11a/b
mode.

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- 2. For IEEE802.11n, SAR testing can be conducted on channel with the highest output power when taking into consideration tune-up tolerance for same test configuration that was identified during SAR evaluations for IEEE802.11a/b/g (as applicable) provided bandwidth and test position are the same.
- 3. For IEEE802.11n/ac with multiple channel BW configurations, highest channel BW configuration with highest output power limit shall be tested.
- 4. Testing of lower BW configurations is not required when the maximum average output of the default test channels in each lower BW configuration is less than 1/4dB higher than the default test channel in the highest BW configuration.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm)										
	Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate							
Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps						
Channel	(MHz)	1Mbps	ZIVIDPS	squivic.c	Trivibps						
CH 1	2412	13.84									
CH 6	CH 6 2437 13.50		13.83	13.82	13.79						
CH 11	2462	13.74									

	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm)										
Po	wer vs. Chann	el	Power vs. Data Rate								
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate 6Mbps	9Mbps	9Mbps 12Mbps 18Mbps 24Mbps 36Mbps 48Mbps 54Mbps							
CH 1	2412	13.10									
CH 6	2437	12.83	13.04	13.00	12.94	12.93	12.91	12.98	12.92		
CH 11	2462	12.96									

	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n-HT20 Average Power (dBm)										
	Pov	wer vs. Chann	el		Power vs. MCS Index						
Chanr	اه	Frequency	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	
Chan	iei	(MHz)	MCS0		IVIC52	MCSS	WC34	MCSS	IVICOU	IVIC31	
CH '	1	2412	13.15								
CH (6	2437	12.74	13.03	13.05	13.12	13.02	12.90	12.96	12.85	
CH 1	1	2462	12.99								

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<5GHz WLAN>

			WLAN 5GI	Hz 802.11a A	verage Powe	r (dBm)			
Po	wer vs. Channe	el			Pov	ver vs. Data F	Rate		
Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
Chamilei	(MHz)	6Mbps	alviopa	12111000	Tolvibps	241010003	Solvibps	4010100	34MDP3
CH 36	5180	11.16							
CH 40	5200	11.12	11.39	11.38	11.39	11.20	11.31	11.23	11.26
CH 44	5220	11.45	11.59	11.30	11.39	11.20	11.51	11.23	11.20
CH 48	5240	11.18							
CH 52	5260	11.10							
CH 56	5280	11.06	11.00	11.03	10.95	10.92	10.90	11.02	10.88
CH 60	5300	10.88	11.00	11.03	10.95	10.92	10.90	11.02	10.00
CH 64	5320	10.84							
CH 100	5500	10.59							
CH 104	5520	10.64							
CH 108	5540	10.69							
CH 112	5560	10.47			10.62		10.54 10.48	10.54	
CH 116	5580	10.53	10.60	10.59		10.54			10.37
CH 132	5660	10.65							
CH 136	5680	10.55							
CH 140	5700	10.55							
CH 144	5720	10.52							
CH 149	5745	10.46							
CH 153	5765	10.52							
CH 157	5785	11.13	10.99	11.02	11.02	10.92	10.88	10.99	10.89
CH 161	5805	11.03		11.02					
CH 165	5825	10.73							

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		\	NLAN 5GHz	802.11n-HT2	0 Average Po	wer (dBm)			
Po	wer vs. Chann	el			Pow	er vs. MCS Ir	ndex		
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
Chamei	(MHz)	MCS0	IVICOT	IVICOZ	IVICOS	101004	IVICOO	IVICO	IVICOT
CH 36	5180	10.88							
CH 40	5200	11.05	10.99	11.01	10.95	10.85	10.89	10.84	10.91
CH 44	5220	10.88	10.99	11.01	10.95	10.03	10.09	10.64	10.91
CH 48	5240	10.99							
CH 52	5260	11.02							
CH 56	5280	10.87	10.95	10.96	10.84	10.86	10.84	10.90	10.85
CH 60	5300	10.79	10.95	10.96	10.64	10.00	10.64	10.90	10.65
CH 64	5320	10.61							
CH 100	5500	10.57							
CH 104	5520	10.52							
CH 108	5540	10.52		10.45					
CH 112	5560	10.56				10.43	10.41	10.38	
CH 116	5580	10.43	10.48		10.50				10.30
CH 132	5660	10.40							
CH 136	5680	10.49							
CH 140	5700	10.36							
CH 144	5720	10.37							
CH 149	5745	10.42		_			_	_	_
CH 153	5765	11.37	11.25						
CH 157	5785	11.04		11.21	11.30	11.25	11.21	11.29	11.14
CH 161	5805	10.83							
CH 165	5825	10.55							

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		,	WLAN 5GHz	VLAN 5GHz 802.11n-HT40 Average Power (dBm)							
Pov	wer vs. Channe	el		Power vs. MCS Index							
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7		
Chamilei	(MHz)	MCS0	IVICST	IVICSZ	MCGG	IVIC34	MCSS	IVICSO	WC37		
CH 38	5190	10.58	10.68	10.66	10.71	10.55	10.62	10.54	10.55		
CH 46	5230	10.76	10.66	10.66	10.71	10.55	10.62	10.54	10.55		
CH 54	5270	10.78	11.33	11.28	11.23	11.15	11.18	11.09	11.14		
CH 62	5310	11.39	11.33	11.20	11.23	11.15	11.10	11.09	11.14		
CH 102	5510	10.62									
CH 110	5550	10.55	10.53	10.49	10.60	10.49	10.37	10.47	10.30		
CH 134	5670	10.44	10.55	10.49	10.00	10.49	10.57	10.47	10.30		
CH 142	5710	10.51									
CH 151	5755	11.20	11.14	11.12	11.10	11.05	10.94	11.07	10.98		
CH 159	5795	10.64	11.14	11.12	11.10	11.05	10.94	11.07	10.96		

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			WLAN 5G	Hz 802.11a	c-VHT20 Av	erage Powei	· (dBm)					
Pov	wer vs. Chanr	nel				Power vs.	MCS Index					
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8		
CH 36	5180	11.28										
CH 40	5200	11.36	11.28	11.34	11.27	11.11	11.26	11.21	11.14	11.09		
CH 44	5220	11.21	11.20	11.34	11.27	11.11	11.20	11.21	11.14	11.09		
CH 48	5240	11.30										
CH 52	5260	11.35										
CH 56	5280	11.18	11.24	11.25	11.14	11.26	11.15	11.27	11.13	11.13		
CH 60	5300	11.06	11.24	11.23	11.14	11.20	11.15	11.27	11.13	11.13		
CH 64	5320	10.98										
CH 100	5500	10.47										
CH 104	5520	10.87										
CH 108	5540	10.93										
CH 112	5560	10.72				10.80	10.69	10.74	10.69	10.80		
CH 116	5580	10.62	10.85	10.79	10.83							
CH 132	5660	10.79										
CH 136	5680	10.74										
CH 140	5700	10.62										
CH 144	5720	10.63										
CH 149	5745	10.75										
CH 153	5765	10.34										
CH 157	5785	11.34	11.21	11.19	11.31	11.17	11.12	11.21	11.08	11.07		
CH 161	5805	11.13										
CH 165	5825	10.84										

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	WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac-VHT40 Average Power (dBm)												
Pov	ver vs. Chanr	nel	Power vs. MCS Index										
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9		
	(IVII IZ)	MCS0											
CH 38	5190	10.62	10.64	10.66	10.67	10.59	10.65	10.60	10.58	10.49	10.55		
CH 46	5230	10.74	10.04	10.00	10.07	10.55	10.03	10.00	10.50	10.49	10.55		
CH 54	5270	10.83	10.71	10.67	10.68	10.71	10.56	10.69	10.61	10.66	10.66		
CH 62	5310	10.63	10.71	10.67	10.00	10.71	10.56	10.09	10.61	10.00	10.00		
CH 102	5510	10.62											
CH 110	5550	10.56	10.54	10.55	10.60	10.51	10.51 10.43	3 10.48	10.31	10.48	10.50		
CH 134	5670	10.54	10.54	10.55	10.00	10.51	10.43	10.40		10.40	10.50		
CH 142	5710	10.43											
CH 151	5755	11.34	11.29	11.27	11.27	11.12	11.15	11.26	11.14	11.05	11.15		
CH 159	5795	10.76	11.29	11.27	11.27	11.12	11.13	11.20	11.14	11.05	11.15		

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	WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac-VHT80 Average Power (dBm)											
Pow	ver vs. Chanr	nel					er vs. MCS					
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	
CH 42	5210	10.40	10.26	10.33	10.27	10.15	10.32	10.19	10.26	10.13	10.17	
CH 58	5290	11.36	11.23	11.25	11.20	11.26	11.15	11.28	11.16	11.13	11.14	
CH 106	5530	11.31	11.22	11.26	11.28	11.24	11.21	11.18	11.07	11.14	11.17	
CH 138	5690	11.37	11.22	11.20	11.20	11.24	11.21	11.10	11.07	11.14	11.17	
CH 155	5775	10.89	10.81	10.83	10.84	10.69	10.69	10.78	10.67	10.65	10.61	

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13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)							
Mode Balld	Bluetooth v3.0+HS	Bluetooth v4.0+LE						
2.4GHz Bluetooth	4.0	6.0						

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
6	< 5	2.48	1.26

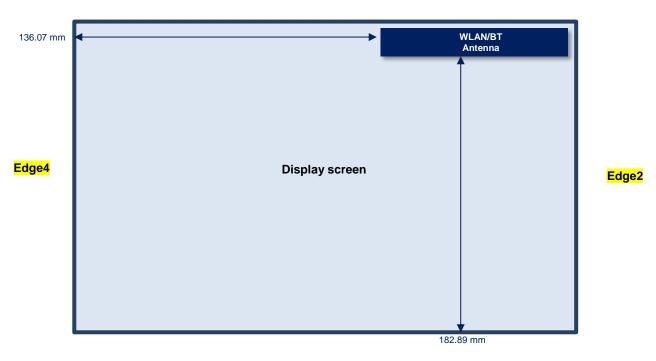
Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.26 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

14. Antenna Location

<Tablet Mode>

Edge1



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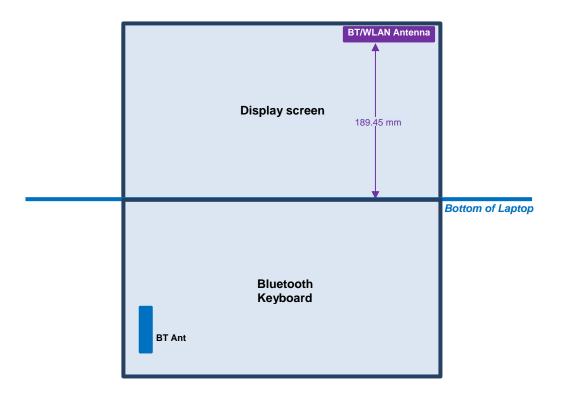
Edge3 Front View

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<SAR test exclusion table>

General Note:

1. The below table, when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW"

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- 2. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is < 5mm. 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)-(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) ·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

F	Wireless Interface	802.11b	802.11a
Exposure Position	Calculated Frequency	2462MHz	5825MHz
	Maximum power (dBm)	15.5	12
	Maximum rated power(mW)	35	16
	Separation distance(mm)	5	5
Bottom Face	exclusion threshold	11	8
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	5	5
Edge 1	exclusion threshold	11	8
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	5	5
Edge 2	exclusion threshold	11	8
	Testing required?	Yes	Yes
	Separation distance(mm)	182.89	182.89
Edge 3	exclusion threshold	1424	1391
	Testing required?	No	No
	Separation distance(mm)	136.07	136.07
Edge 4	exclusion threshold	956	923
	Testing required?	No	No
	Separation distance(mm)	189.45	189.45
Bottom of Laptop	exclusion threshold	1490	1457
	Testing required?	No	No

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg) * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - \cdot ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - \cdot ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

15.1 Body SAR

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	1	2412	13.84	15.50	1.466	-0.11	0.728	1.067
1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	6	2437	13.50	15.50	1.585	-0.12	0.845	1.339
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	11	2462	13.74	15.50	1.500	-0.18	0.891	1.336
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	1	2412	13.15	14.50	1.365	0.15	0.647	0.883
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	6	2437	12.74	14.50	1.500	0.02	0.652	0.978
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	11	2462	12.99	14.50	1.416	-0.03	0.656	0.929
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0cm	1	2412	13.84	15.50	1.466	-0.07	0.253	0.371
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 2	0cm	1	2412	13.84	15.50	1.466	0.11	0.031	0.045
2	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	44	5220	11.45	12.00	1.135	-0.02	0.867	<mark>0.984</mark>
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	36	5180	11.16	12.00	1.213	-0.12	0.732	0.888
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	46	5230	10.76	12.00	1.330	-0.05	0.688	0.915
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	38	5190	10.58	12.00	1.387	-0.05	0.674	0.935
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	42	5210	10.40	12.00	1.445	-0.03	0.629	0.909
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0cm	44	5220	11.45	12.00	1.135	-0.07	0.463	0.526
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0cm	44	5220	11.45	12.00	1.135	-0.15	0.112	0.127
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	52	5260	11.10	12.00	1.230	-0.09	0.862	1.060
3	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	60	5300	10.88	12.00	1.294	-0.1	0.898	1.162
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	62	5310	11.39	12.00	1.151	-0.06	0.844	0.971
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	54	5270	10.78	12.00	1.324	0.13	0.844	1.118
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	58	5290	11.36	12.00	1.159	0.19	0.957	1.109
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0cm	52	5260	11.10	12.00	1.230	-0.07	0.571	0.702
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0cm	52	5260	11.10	12.00	1.230	0.13	0.128	0.157

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	108	5540	10.69	12.00	1.352	-0.14	0.801	1.083
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	116	5580	10.53	12.00	1.403	-0.1	0.713	1.000
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	132	5660	10.65	12.00	1.365	-0.11	0.592	0.808
4	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	102	5510	10.62	12.00	1.374	-0.13	0.850	<mark>1.168</mark>
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	110	5550	10.55	12.00	1.396	-0.07	0.770	1.075
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	134	5670	10.44	12.00	1.432	-0.15	0.616	0.882
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	142	5710	10.51	12.00	1.409	-0.07	0.536	0.755
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	138	5690	11.37	12.00	1.156	-0.08	0.691	0.799
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	106	5530	11.31	12.00	1.172	-0.14	0.919	1.077
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0cm	108	5540	10.69	12.00	1.352	0.09	0.642	0.868
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0cm	116	5580	10.53	12.00	1.403	-0.1	0.710	0.996
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0cm	132	5660	10.65	12.00	1.365	-0.19	0.689	0.940
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0cm	108	5540	10.69	12.00	1.352	0.16	0.101	0.137
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	157	5785	11.13	12.00	1.222	-0.18	0.882	1.078
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	153	5765	10.52	12.00	1.406	-0.11	0.657	0.924
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	161	5805	11.03	12.00	1.250	-0.13	0.862	1.078
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	151	5755	11.20	12.00	1.202	-0.11	0.788	0.947
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	159	5795	10.64	12.00	1.368	-0.15	0.791	1.082
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	155	5775	10.89	12.00	1.291	-0.12	0.752	0.971
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0cm	157	5785	11.13	12.00	1.222	-0.13	0.855	1.045
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0cm	153	5765	10.52	12.00	1.406	-0.11	0.659	0.927
5	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0cm	161	5805	11.03	12.00	1.250	-0.06	0.882	1.103
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0cm	157	5785	11.13	12.00	1.222	-0.11	0.114	0.139

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15.2 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	11	2462	13.74	15.50	1.500	-0.18	0.891	-	1.336
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	11	2462	13.74	15.50	1.500	-0.04	0.879	1.01	1.318
1st	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	44	5220	11.45	12.00	1.135	-0.02	0.867		0.984
2nd	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	44	5220	11.45	12.00	1.135	-0.09	0.843	1.03	0.957
1st	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	58	5290	11.36	12.00	1.159	0.19	0.957	-	1.109
2nd	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	58	5290	11.36	12.00	1.159	0.06	0.859	1.11	0.995
1st	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	106	5530	11.31	12.00	1.172	-0.14	0.919	-	1.077
2nd	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom Face	0cm	106	5530	11.31	12.00	1.172	-0.08	0.884	1.04	1.036
1st	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	157	5785	11.13	12.00	1.222	-0.18	0.882	-	1.078
2nd	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom Face	0cm	157	5785	11.13	12.00	1.222	0.04	0.871	1.01	1.064

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Supported
1.	Tablet Bluetooth + Bluetooth Keyboard	Yes

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General Note:

- The Bluetooth keyboard can be attached or separated with this host, become a Tablet PC or Notebook PC and the max power is referred to FCC ID: E2K-KW14M02, Report No: RF141107D12.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]-[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Portable Computer – Tablet								
Bluetooth Max Power Position Exposure Separation Distance Bottom of Laptop								
6 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	> 50 mm	0.4 W/kg					

Bluetooth Keyboard									
Bluetooth Max Power	Position Exposure	Separation Distance	Bottom of Laptop						
0.7 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	< 5mm	0.042 W/kg						

16.1 Body Exposure Conditions

		Portable Computer – Tablet	Bluetooth Keyboard	1+2 Summed	
	Exposure Position	2.4GHz Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth		
		Estimated SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	
	Bottom of Laptop	0.400	0.042	0.44	

Test Engineer: Angelo Chang, Tom Jiang, and Bevis Chang

17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)			
Measurement System										
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %			
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %			
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %			
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %			
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %			
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %			
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %			
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %			
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %			
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %			
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %			
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %			
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %			
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %			
Test Sample Related										
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %			
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %			
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %			
Phantom and Setup										
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %			
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %			
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %			
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %			
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %			
Combined Standard Uncertainty							± 10.8 %			
Coverage Factor for 95 %							K=2			
Expanded Uncertainty							± 21.5 %			

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Uncertainty Standard Standard **Probability** Ci Ci **Error Description** Value Divisor Uncertainty Uncertainty Distribution (1g) (10g) (10g) (±%) (1g)**Measurement System Probe Calibration** 6.55 Normal 1 1 ± 6.55 % ± 6.55 % 0.7 Axial Isotropy 4.7 Rectangular √3 0.7 ± 1.9 % ± 1.9 % √3 0.7 0.7 Hemispherical Isotropy 9.6 Rectangular ± 3.9 % ± 3.9 % **Boundary Effects** 2.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 1.2 % ± 1.2 % 4.7 √3 1 1 Linearity Rectangular $\pm 2.7 \%$ $\pm 2.7 \%$ System Detection Limits 1.0 Rectangular 1 1 √3 \pm 0.6 % $\pm 0.6 \%$ Readout Electronics 0.3 Normal 1 1 1 ± 0.3 % ± 0.3 % 8.0 √3 1 ± 0.5 % ± 0.5 % Response Time Rectangular 1 1 Integration Time 2.6 Rectangular √3 ± 1.5 % ± 1.5 % **RF Ambient Noise** 3.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 1.7 % ± 1.7 % **RF Ambient Reflections** 3.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 1.7 % ± 1.7 % Probe Positioner ± 0.5 % 0.8 Rectangular 1 1 ± 0.5 % √3 **Probe Positioning** 9.9 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 5.7 % ± 5.7 % 4.0 √3 1 Max. SAR Eval. 1 Rectangular $\pm 2.3 \%$ $\pm 2.3 \%$ Test Sample Related **Device Positioning** 2.9 Normal 1 1 1 ± 2.9 % ± 2.9 % Device Holder 3.6 Normal 1 1 1 ± 3.6 % ± 3.6 % Power Drift 5.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 $\pm 2.9 \%$ $\pm 2.9 \%$ **Phantom and Setup** Phantom Uncertainty 4.0 Rectangular 1 1 $\pm 2.3 \%$ $\pm 2.3 \%$ √3 Liquid Conductivity (Target) 5.0 0.64 0.43 ± 1.2 % Rectangular √3 ± 1.8 % Liquid Conductivity (Meas.) 2.5 1 0.64 Normal 0.43 ± 1.6 % ± 1.1 % √3 Liquid Permittivity (Target) 5.0 Rectangular 0.6 0.49 ± 1.7 % ± 1.4 % Liquid Permittivity (Meas.) 2.5 Normal 1 0.6 0.49 ± 1.5 % ± 1.2 % ± 12.6 % **Combined Standard Uncertainty** ± 12.8 % Coverage Factor for 95 % K=2 **Expanded Uncertainty** ± 25.6 % ± 25.2 %

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Table 17.3. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

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18. References

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- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters", May 2007
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
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- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
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