# **FCC SAR TEST REPORT**

FCC ID : RAS-MT7922A12L

Equipment: 2TX 11ax (WiFi6E) BW160+ BT/BLE Combo Card

Brand Name : MediaTek

Model Name : MT7922A12L

Applicant : LC Future Center Limited Taiwan Branch

7F., No.780, Beian Rd., Zhongshan Dist., Taipei 104, Taiwan

Manufacturer : LCFC (HeFei) Electronics Technology Co., Ltd.

No. 3188-1, Yungu Road (Hefei Export Processing Zone), Hefei Economics & Technology Development Area, Anhui, CHINA

**Standard** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

The product was installed into Notebook Computer (Brand Name: Lenovo, Model Name: TP00140A) during test.

The product was received on Dec. 17, 2021 and testing was started from Dec. 17, 2021 and completed on Dec. 26, 2021. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager



Report No.: FA1N2628-02

Sporton International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 1 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

# **Table of Contents**

1. Statement of Compilance	
2. Guidance Applied	
3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	
3.1 General Information	5
4. RF Exposure Limits	7
4.1 Uncontrolled Environment	7
4.2 Controlled Environment	
4.3 RF Exposure limit for above 6GHz	8
5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	9
5.1 Introduction	
5.2 SAR Definition	9
6. System Description and Setup	10
6.1 Test Site Location	10
6.2 E-Field Probe	11
6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	11
6.4 Phantom	12
6.5 Device Holder	
7. Measurement Procedures	14
7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	14
7.2 Power Reference Measurement	15
7.3 Area Scan	
7.4 Zoom Scan	16
7.5 Volume Scan Procedures	16
7.6 Power Drift Monitoring	16
8. Test Equipment List	17
9. System Verification	18
9.1 Tissue Verification	18
9.2 System Performance Check Results	18
9.3 PD System Performance Check Results	19
10. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)	20
11. SAR Test Results	28
11.1 Body SAR	29
11.2 6GHz PD Test Result	
12. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	31
12.1 Body Exposure Conditions	31
13. Uncertainty Assessment	32
14. References	35
Appendix A. Plots of SAR System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of PD System Performance Check	
Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix D. Plots of High PD Measurement	
Appendix E. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix F. Test Setup Photos and Antenna Location	

TEL: 886-3-327-3456

# History of this test report

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA1N2628-02	01	Initial issue of report	Jan. 14, 2022

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 3 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for LC Future Center Limited Taiwan Branch, 2TX 11ax (WiFi6E) BW160+ BT/BLE Combo Card, MT7922A12L, are as follows.

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary Body (Separation 0mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
DTS		2.4GHz WLAN	0.37	0.37
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	0.50	0.57
6XD		6GHz WLAN	0.20	0.57
DSS	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	0.06	0.57
Date of Testing:			2021/12/17 -	- 2021/12/26

Equipment	Frequency Band  WLAN  6GHz WLAN		Reported SAR	APD	Reported PD
Class			Body 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body (W/m^2)	Body (W/m^2)
6XD			0.20	0.99	1.50
Date of Testing:		2	021/12/17 ~ 2021/12/2	26	

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and Human Exposure to RF Radiation Limits (1.0 mW/cm^2=10 W/m^2) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 1.1310 ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Carlie Tsai</u>

# 2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards, the below KDB standard may not including in the TAF code without accreditation.

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020
- SPEAG DASY6 System Handbook
- SPEAG DASY6 Application Note (Interim Procedure for Device Operation at 6GHz-10GHz)

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 4 of 35
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

# 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

### 3.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification			
Equipment Name	2TX 11ax (WiFi6E) BW160+ BT/BLE Combo Card		
Brand Name	MediaTek		
Model Name	MT7922A12L		
FCC ID	RAS-MT7922A12L		
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2 GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3 GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6 GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.6 GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8 GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz WLAN 5.8 GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz WLAN 6E: 5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz, 6425 MHz ~ 6525 MHz, 6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz, 6875 MHz ~ 7125 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz		
Mode	WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE		
Remark:			

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

- 1. There are four kind samples as below, first RF exposure is selected sample 1 test all exposure position, sample 2-4 spot check worst case found sample 1
- 2. This C2PC application is to integrate WLAN module into the WLAN-only laptop and WLAN SAR was tested.
- In the future the manufacturer will file another certification for WWAN+WLAN version. In this report, WLAN SAR was additionally
  tested with WWAN antenna in place, for the purpose of simultaneous transmission analysis in the equipment authorization of
  WWAN+WLAN version.

Host Information			
Equipment Name Notebook Computer			
Brand Name	Lenovo		
Model Name	TP00140A		
EUT Stage	Production Unit		

List	SKU	Vendor
Sample 1	WWAN+WLAN	ICT
Sample 2	WWAN+WLAN	Speed
Sample 3	WLAN	ICT
Sample 4	WLAN	Speed

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 5 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

Antenna Information					
	Manufacturer		Luxsh	are-ICT	
	Antenna Type	PIFA A	ntenna	PIFA A	ntenna
	Part number	DC3300	01X500	DC33001X510	
		Main Antenna:		Aux Antenna :	
Antenna 1 (Combo)		WLAN(2.4G):	-0.23 dBi	BT/WLAN(2.4G):	1.21 dBi
		WLAN(5G B1):	1.16 dBi	WLAN(5G B1):	1.08 dBi
	Peak gain (dbi)	WLAN(5G B2):	1.16 dBi	WLAN(5G B2):	1.15 dBi
		WLAN(5G B3):	1.56 dBi	WLAN(5G B3):	1.54 dBi
		WLAN(5G B4):	1.36 dBi	WLAN(5G B4):	1.14 dBi
		UNII5-8:	1.37 dBi	UNII5-8:	0.86 dBi
	Manufacturer		Luxsh	are-ICT	
	Antenna Type	PIFA A	ntenna	PIFA A	ntenna
	Part number	DC3300	01X520	DC3300	)1X530
		Main Ar	ntenna :	Aux An	tenna :
Antenna 2		WLAN(2.4G):	-0.33 dBi	BT/WLAN(2.4G):	1.14 dBi
(WLAN Only)		WLAN(5G B1):	1.06 dBi	WLAN(5G B1):	0.98 dBi
	Peak gain (dbi)	WLAN(5G B2):	1.06 dBi	WLAN(5G B2):	1.10 dBi
		WLAN(5G B3):	1.31 dBi	WLAN(5G B3):	1.49 dBi
		WLAN(5G B4):	1.18 dBi	WLAN(5G B4):	1.08 dBi
		UNII5-8:	1.22 dBi	UNII5-8:	0.79 dBi
	Manufacturer		SP	EED	
	Antenna Type	PIFA A	ntenna	PIFA A	ntenna
	Part number	DC33001X300		DC3300	)1X310
		Main Antenna :		Aux An	tenna :
Antenna 3	Peak gain (dbi)	WLAN(2.4G):	-0.23 dBi	BT/WLAN(2.4G):	1.21 dBi
(Combo)		WLAN(5G B1):	1.16 dBi	WLAN(5G B1):	1.08 dBi
		WLAN(5G B2):	1.16 dBi	WLAN(5G B2):	1.15 dBi
		WLAN(5G B3):	1.56 dBi	WLAN(5G B3):	1.54 dBi
		WLAN(5G B4):	1.36 dBi	WLAN(5G B4):	1.14 dBi
		UNII5-8:	1.37 dBi	UNII5-8:	0.86 dBi
	Manufacturer		SP	EED	
	Antenna Type	PIFA A	ntenna	PIFA Antenna	
	Part number	DC3300	01X320	DC33001X330	
		Main Ar	ntenna :	Aux An	tenna :
Antenna 4		WLAN(2.4G):	-0.33 dBi	BT/WLAN(2.4G):	1.14 dBi
(WLAN Only)		WLAN(5G B1):	1.06 dBi	WLAN(5G B1):	0.98 dBi
	Peak gain (dbi)	WLAN(5G B2):	1.06 dBi	WLAN(5G B2):	1.10 dBi
		WLAN(5G B3):	1.31 dBi	WLAN(5G B3):	1.49 dBi
		WLAN(5G B4):	1.18 dBi	WLAN(5G B4):	1.08 dBi
		UNII5-8:	1.22 dBi	UNII5-8:	0.79 dBi

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 6 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

# 4. <u>RF Exposure Limits</u>

#### 4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

### 4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

#### Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 7 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

# 4.3 RF Exposure limit for above 6GHz

According to ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, the criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1310.

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

Peak Spatially Averaged Power Density was evaluated over a circular area of 4cm² per interim FCC Guidance for near-field power density evaluations per October 2018 TCB Workshop notes

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)
Ric St	(A) Limits for Oc	cupational/Controlled Expos	sures	81
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0-30	1842/	f 4.89/1	f *(900/f2)	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6
	(B) Limits for Gene	ral Population/Uncontrolled I	Exposure	
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/	f 2.19/1	f *(180/f2)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 8 of 35
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

# 5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

### 5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

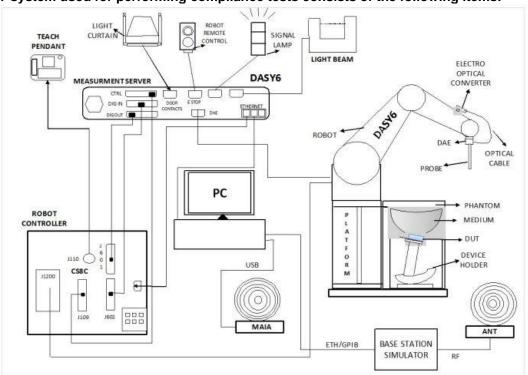
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 9 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

## 6. System Description and Setup

#### The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No.: FA1N2628-02

- The DASY system in DASY6/DASY5 V5.2 SAR Configuration is shown above
- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running windows software and the DASY5/DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### 6.1 Test Site Location

The SAR measurement facilities used to collect data are within both Sporton Lab list below test site location are accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190 and 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 and TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Test Site	EMC & Wireless Comr	Wensan Laboratory			
	TW1190		TW3786		
Test Site Location	No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan		No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd.,		
	City 333, Taiwan		Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan		
	SAR01-HY	SAR03-HY	SAR08-HY	SAR09-HY	SAR15-HY
Test Site No.	SAR04-HY	SAR05-HY	SAR11-HY	SAR12-HY	
	SAR06-HY	SAR10-HY	SAR13-HY	SAR14-HY	

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 10 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

### 6.2 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### <ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm



Report No.: FA1N2628-02

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1
	mm



### 6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 11 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

### 6.4 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 12 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

### 6.5 Device Holder

#### <Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Report No.: FA1N2628-02

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

### <Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 13 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

# 7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

#### <Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

#### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 14 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

### 7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

#### 7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding levice with at least one

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 15 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

#### 7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface  graded grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n \ge 1):$ between subseque points			$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between $1^{st}$ two points closest to phantom surface $\leq 4 \text{ mm}$		3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	between subsequent	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## 7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 16 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

## 8. Test Equipment List

Manufactura	Name of Equipment	Turno/Mandal	Serial Number	Calib	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date		
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Aug. 17, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022		
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1171	Apr. 20, 2021	Apr. 19, 2022		
SPEAG	6500MHz System Validation Kit	D6.5GHzV2	1003	Sep. 24, 2021	Sep. 23, 2022		
SPEAG	5G Verification Source	10 GHz	1020	Jan. 18, 2021	Jan. 17, 2022		
SPEAG	EUmmWV Probe Tip Protection	EUmmWV4	9461	Oct. 22, 2021	Oct. 21, 2022		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	853	Jul. 14, 2021	Jul. 13, 2022		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	854	Aug. 19, 2021	Aug. 18, 2022		
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3976	Jan. 27, 2021	Jan. 26, 2022		
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7590	Mar. 25, 2021	Mar. 24, 2022		
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Oct. 28, 2021	Oct. 27, 2022		
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560-2	Oct. 28, 2021	Oct. 27, 2022		
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT	100815	Feb. 19, 2021	Feb. 18, 2022		
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Oct. 24, 2021	Oct. 23, 2022		
Keysight	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jul. 22, 2021	Jul. 21, 2022		
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 24, 2021	Sep. 23, 2022		
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	2942	Oct. 26, 2021	Oct. 25, 2022		
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	Aug. 18, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022		
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911176	Aug. 18, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022		
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1804003	Oct. 09, 2021	Oct. 08, 2022		
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1726150	Oct. 09, 2021	Oct. 08, 2022		
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jul. 16, 2021	Jul. 15, 2022		
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	N9010A	MY53470118	Jan. 15, 2021	Jan. 14, 2022		
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	6418	Oct. 12, 2021	Oct. 11, 2022		
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	479102029	Sep. 06, 2021	Sep. 05, 2022		
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1		
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 1		
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 1		
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te 1		

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- 2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 17 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

# 9. System Verification

#### 9.1 Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of tissue-equivalent media used for SAR measurements must be characterized within a temperature range of  $18^{\circ}$ C to  $25^{\circ}$ C, measured with calibrated instruments and apparatuses, such as network analyzers and temperature probes. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium during SAR measurement must also be within  $18^{\circ}$ C to  $25^{\circ}$ C and within  $\pm$   $2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The tissue dielectric measurement system must be calibrated before use. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements.

The liquid tissue depth was at least 15cm in the phantom for all SAR testing

#### <Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε <sub>r</sub> ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	22.3	1.750	38.991	1.80	39.20	-2.78	-0.53	±5	2021/12/17
5250	22.3	4.625	35.532	4.71	35.95	-1.80	-1.16	±5	2021/12/17
5600	22.3	5.020	34.927	5.07	35.50	-0.99	-1.61	±5	2021/12/18
5750	22.3	5.203	34.609	5.22	35.35	-0.33	-2.10	±5	2021/12/18
6500	22.5	6.070	35.300	6.07	34.50	0.00	2.32	±5	2021/12/18

### 9.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Test Site	Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
SAR01	2021/12/17	2450	50	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn853	2.51	54.20	50.2	-7.38
SAR01	2021/12/17	5250	100	D5GHzV2-1171-5250	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn853	8.10	80.30	81	0.87
SAR01	2021/12/18	5600	100	D5GHzV2-1171-5600	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn853	8.91	83.40	89.1	6.83
SAR01	2021/12/18	5750	100	D5GHzV2-1171-5750	EX3DV4 - SN7590	DAE4 Sn853	7.63	80.40	76.3	-5.10
SAR06	2021/12/18	6500	100	D6.5GHzV2-1003	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE4 Sn854	27.30	292.00	273	-6.51

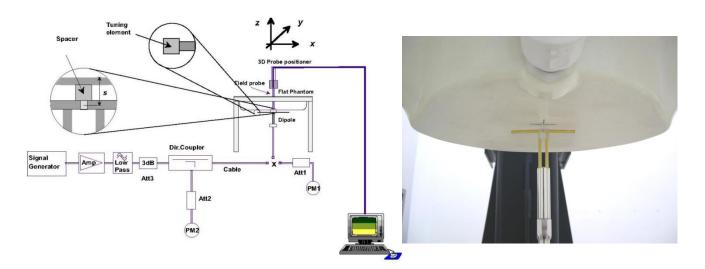


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

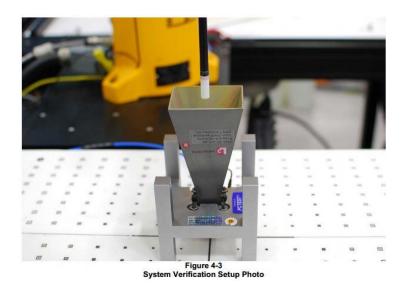
TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 18 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

### 9.3 PD System Performance Check Results

The system was verified to be within  $\pm 0.66$  dB of the power density targets on the calibration certificate according to the test system specification in the user's manual and calibration facility recommendation. The 0.66 dB deviation threshold represents the expanded uncertainty for system performance checks using SPEAG's mmWave verification sources. The same spatial resolution and measurement region used in the source calibration was applied during the system check. The measured power density distribution of verification source was also confirmed through visual inspection to have no noticeable differences, both spatially (shape) and numerically (level) from the distribution provided by the manufacturer, per November 2017 TCBC Workshop Notes.

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

Test Location	Frequency (GHz)	5G Verification Source	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Distance (mm)	Measured 4 cm^2 (W/m^2)	Targeted 4 cm^2 (W/m^2)	Deviation (dB)	Date
SAR06	10G	10GHz_1020	EUmmWV4 - SN9461	DAE4 Sn854	10mm	44	42.2	0.18	2021/12/22



**System Performance Check Setup** 

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 19 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

# 10. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

#### **General Note:**

- 1. All of the wireless technology of this device only supports MIMO mode operation.
- 2. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, additional output power measurements were not necessary.

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

- 3. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
- 4. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 5. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 6. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test
    positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or
    aggregated band.
  - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
  - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 7. Per 201904 TCBC workshops, General principles of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 can be applied to determine the SAR Initial Test Configurations and test reduction for 802.11ax SAR testing. For the table below the 802.11ax maximum power is SU (non-OFDMA), and the SU maximum power also higher than RU (OFDMA)
- 8. In applying the test guidance, the IEEE 802.11 mode with the maximum output power (out of all modes) should be considered for testing
- 9. For modes with the same maximum output power, the guidance from section 5.3.2 a) of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 should be applied, with 802.11ax being considered as the highest 802.11 mode for the appropriate frequency bands
- 10. When SAR testing for 802.11ax is required
  - a. If the maximum output power is highest for OFDMA scenarios, choose the tone size with the maximum number of tones and the highest maximum output power
  - b. Otherwise, consider the fully allocated channel for SAR testing
  - c. When SAR testing is required on RU sizes less than the fully allocated channel, use the RU number closest to the middle of the channel, choosing the higher RU number when two RUs are equidistant to the middle of the channel

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 20 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

### <2.4GHz WLAN>

	2.4GHz WLAN			Ant 1+	-2(1)	Ant 1+	-2(2)		Ant 1+2	
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		1	2412	14.80	15.00	14.00	15.00	17.43	18.00	
		6	2437	15.00	15.00	14.40	15.00	17.72	18.00	
	802.11b 1Mbps	11	2462	14.80	15.00	14.10	15.00	17.47	18.00	98.10
		12	2467	14.80	15.00	14.10	15.00	17.47	18.00	
		13	2472	14.80	15.00	14.00	15.00	17.43	18.00	
		1	2412		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		6	2437		15.00		15.00		18.00	
	802.11g 6Mbps	11	2462		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		12	2467		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		13	2472		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		1	2412		15.00		15.00		18.00	
	000 44° UT00 MCC0	6	2437		15.00		15.00		18.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	11	2462		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		12 13	2467		15.00 15.00		15.00 15.00		18.00 18.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	3	2422		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		6	2437		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		9	2452		15.00		15.00	- - - - -	18.00	
2.4GHz		10	2457		15.00		15.00		18.00	
WLAN		11	2462		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		1	2412		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		6	2437		15.00		15.00		18.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	11	2462	Not Required		Not Required		Not Required	18.00	Not Required
		12	2467	·	15.00	,	15.00		18.00	
		13	2472		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		3	2422		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		6	2437		15.00		15.00		18.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	9	2452		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		10	2457		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		11	2462		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		1	2412		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		6	2437		15.00		15.00		18.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	11	2462		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		12	2467	-	15.00		15.00		18.00	
		13	2472		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		3	2422		15.00		15.00		18.00	-
		6	2437		15.00		15.00		18.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	9	2452		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		10	2457		15.00		15.00		18.00	
		11	2462		15.00		15.00		18.00	

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 21 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

### <5GHz WLAN>

	5.2GHz WLAN			Ant 1+	-2(1)	Ant 1+	-2(2)		Ant 1+2	
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		36	5180		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	40	5200		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.11a 0Mbps	44	5220		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		48	5240		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		36	5180		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	40	5200		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.1111-F1120 MC30	44	5220		13.00		13.00		16.00	Not Required
		48	5240		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190		13.00		13.00	- Not Required	16.00	
5.0011		46	5230		13.00	Not Required	13.00		16.00	
5.2GHz WLAN		36	5180		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	40	5200	Not Required	13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.11ac-v11120 WC30	44	5220	Not Required	13.00	Not Required	13.00		16.00	
		48	5240		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.11ac-v11140 MC30	46	5230		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		36	5180		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	40	5200		13.00		13.00	- - - - -	16.00	
	002.11ax-11L20 WC30	44	5220		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		48	5240		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	38	5190		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.11ax-11L40 W030	46	5230		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	42	5210		13.00		13.00		16.00	

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Page
 22 of 35

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

	5.3GHz WLAN			Ant 1+	2(1)	Ant 1+	2(2)		Ant 1+2	
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		52	5260		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	56	5280		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.11a divibps	60	5300		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		64	5320		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		52	5260		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	56	5280		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.1111-11120 W000	60	5300		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		64	5320		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	Not Required	13.00	Not Required	13.00	Not Required	16.00	Not Required
	002.1111-111-40 WOO0	62	5310		13.00		13.00		16.00	
5 00 U-	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260		13.00		13.00		16.00	
5.3GHz WLAN		56	5280		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.11d0 V11120 W1000	60	5300		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		64	5320		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.11ac V11140 W0000	62	5310		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	50	5250	13.00	13.00	12.90	13.00	15.96	16.00	99.70
		52	5260		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	56	5280		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.114X 11E20 W000	60	5300		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		64	5320	Not Required	13.00	Not Required	13.00	Not Required	16.00	Not Required
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	54	5270		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	62	5310		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	58	5290		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0 50 5250			13.00		13.00		16.00		

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Page
 23 of 35

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

	5.5GHz WLAN		Ant 1+	2(1)	Ant 1+	2(2)		Ant 1+2		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	100 116 124 132 144	5500 5580 5620 5660 5720		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		16.00 16.00 16.00 16.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100 116 124 132 144	5500 5580 5620 5660 5720		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		16.00 16.00 16.00 16.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102 110 126 134 142	5510 5550 5630 5670 5710	Not Required	13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00	Not Required	13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00	Not Required	16.00 16.00 16.00 16.00	Not Required
5.5GHz	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100 116 124 132 144	5500 5580 5620 5660 5720		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		16.00 16.00 16.00 16.00	
WLAN	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102 110 126 134	5510 5550 5630 5670		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		16.00 16.00 16.00 16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	142 106 122 138	5710 5530 5610 5690		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		16.00 16.00 16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	114	5570	12.90	13.00	12.80	13.00	15.86	16.00	99.70
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	100 116 124 132 144	5500 5580 5620 5660 5720		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		16.00 16.00 16.00 16.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	102 110 126 134 142	5510 5550 5630 5670 5710	Not Required	13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00		13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 13.00	Not Required	16.00 16.00 16.00 16.00 16.00	Not Required
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	106 122 138	5530 5610 5690		13.00 13.00 13.00		13.00 13.00 13.00		16.00 16.00 16.00	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	114	5570		13.00		13.00		16.00	

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 24 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022



Report No. : FA1N2628-02

	5.8GHz WLAN				-2(1)	Ant 1+	-2(2)		Ant 1+2	
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		149	5745		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	157	5785		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		165	5825		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		149	5745		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	157	5785		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		165	5825		13.00	Not Required	13.00		16.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	Not Required	13.00		13.00	Not Required	16.00	Not Required
5 0011-	002.111111140 MIOGO	159	5795		13.00		13.00		16.00	
5.8GHz WLAN		149	5745		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	157	5785		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		165	5825		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	002.11ac-V11140 WC30	159	5795		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	12.60	13.00	12.80	13.00	15.71	16.00	99.70
		149	5745		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	157	5785		13.00		13.00		16.00	
		165	5825	Not Required	13.00	Not Poquired	13.00	Not Required	16.00	Not Required
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	151	5755		13.00	.00 Not Required	13.00	Not Kequiled	16.00	Not ixequired
	002.11ax-11L40 WC30	159	5795		13.00		13.00		16.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	155	5775		13.00		13.00		16.00	

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Page 25 of 35

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Issued Date : Jan. 14, 2022

### <6GHz WLAN>

	WiFi 6E			Ant 1+	-2(1)	Ant 1+	-2(2)		Ant 1+2	
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		1	5955		1.00		1.00		4.00	
		57	6235		1.00		1.00		4.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	113	6515		1.50		1.50		4.50	
		173	6815		1.50		1.50		4.50	
		233	7115		2.00		2.00		5.00	
		1	5955		1.00		1.00		4.00	
		57	6235		1.00	Not Required	1.00	Not Required	4.00	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	113	6515		1.50		1.50		4.50	
		173	6815		1.50		1.50		4.50	
		233	7115	Not Required	2.00		2.00		5.00	Not Required
WiFi 6E		3	5965	Not Required	3.50		3.50		6.50	Not required
VVIIIOL		59	6245		3.50		3.50		6.50	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	107	6485		4.00		4.00		7.00	
		171	6805		4.00		4.00		7.00	
		227	7085		4.00		4.00		7.00	
		7	5985		7.00		7.00		10.00	
		71	6305		7.00		7.00		10.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	119	6545		7.50		7.50		10.50	
		167	6785		7.00		7.00		10.00	
		215	7025		7.50		7.50		10.50	
		15	6025	9.40	9.50	9.10	9.50	12.26	12.50	
		47	6185	8.60	9.50	9.40	9.50	12.03	12.50	
	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	111	6505	9.20	10.00	0 9.70	10.00	12.47	13.00	90.70
		175	6825	8.60	9.50	9.50	9.50	12.08	12.50	
		207	6985	9.30	10.00	9.50	10.00	12.41	13.00	

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 26 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

### FCC SAR TEST REPORT

#### <2.4GHz Bluetooth>

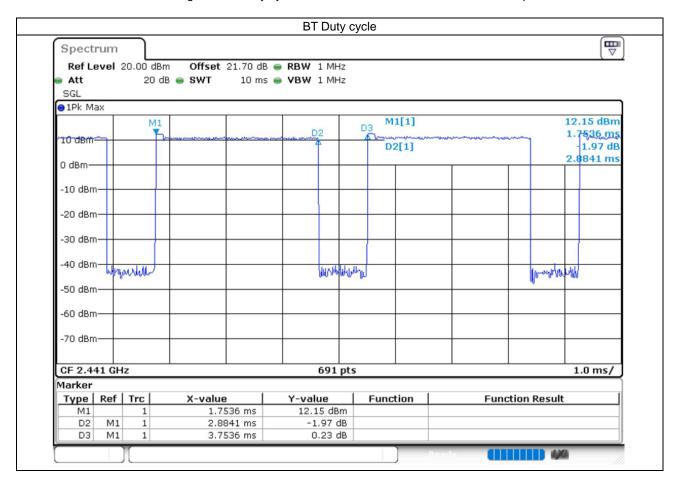
Mode	Channel Frequency		A۱	verage power (dB	m)		
ivioue	Charlie	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps		
	CH 00	2402	11.30				
BR / EDR	CH 39	2441	11.30	Not Required	Not Required		
	CH 78	2480	11.30				
	Tune-up Limit	11.50	11.50	11.50			

Mode	1 E	Average po	ower (dBm)
iviode	LE	1Mbps	2Mbps
Tune-u	11.50	11.50	

#### **General Note:**

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps due to its highest average power and duty cycle is 76.84% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.

Report No. : FA1N2628-02



TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 27 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

## 11. SAR Test Results

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)\* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.

#### **WLAN Note:**

- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, WLAN5.2GHz SAR testing is not required when the WLAN5.3GHz band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for WLAN5.2GHz band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. For determination of the scaling factor for report SAR of MIMO mode, if the hot spots are separated the scaling factors are individually determined from each transmit chain. If the hot spots are not spatially separated, the scaling factor is determined from the worst number of each transmit chain
- 6. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

#### **WLAN PD Note:**

- 1. The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
- Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the measurements. The DUT was connected to a wall charger for some
  measurements due to the test duration. It was confirmed that the charger plugged into this DUT did not impact the near-field PD test
  results.
- 3. Absorbed power density (APD) using a 4cm2 averaging area is reported based on SAR measurements.
- Power density was calculated by repeated E-field measurements on two measurement planes separated by λ/4.
- The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools.
- 6. Per FCC guidance and equipment manufacturer guidance, power density results were scaled according to IEC 62479:2010 for the portion of the measurement uncertainty > 30%. Total expanded uncertainty of 2.68 dB (85.4%) was used to determine the psPD measurement scaling factor.
- 7. The measurement procedure consists of measuring the PDinc at two different distances: 2 mm (compliance distance) and λ/5. The grid extents should be large enough to fully capture the transmitted energy. The grid step should be fine enough to demonstrate that the integrated Power Density iPDn fulfill the criterion described below. Since iPD ratio between the two distances is ≥ -1dB, the grid step (0.0625) was sufficient for determining compliance at d=2mm.

$$10 \cdot log_{10} \frac{iPD_n(2mm)}{iPD_n(\lambda/5)} \ge -1$$

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 28 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022



# SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR TEST REPORT

# 11.1 **Body SAR**

# <WLAN SAR>

		111 07 1112														
Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	6	2437	15.00	15.00	1.000	98.1	1.019	0.05	0.242	0.247
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	6	2437	14.40	15.00	1.148	98.1	1.019	0.05	0.170	0.199
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	1	2412	14.80	15.00	1.047	98.1	1.019	0.12	0.263	0.281
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	1	2412	14.00	15.00	1.259	98.1	1.019	0.12	0.138	0.177
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	11	2462	14.80	15.00	1.047	98.1	1.019	0.03	0.159	0.170
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	11	2462	14.10	15.00	1.230	98.1	1.019	0.03	0.123	0.154
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	12	2467	14.80	15.00	1.047	98.1	1.019	-0.06	0.163	0.174
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	12	2467	14.10	15.00	1.230	98.1	1.019	-0.06	0.158	0.198
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	13	2472	14.80	15.00	1.047	98.1	1.019	0.04	0.152	0.162
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	13	2472	14.00	15.00	1.259	98.1	1.019	0.04	0.144	0.185
04	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(1)	1	2412	14.80	15.00	1.047	98.1	1.019	0.02	0.345	0.368
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(2)	1	2412	14.00	15.00	1.259	98.1	1.019	0.02	0.136	0.174
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(1)	6	2437	15.00	15.00	1.000	98.1	1.019	-0.12	0.332	0.338
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(2)	6	2437	14.40	15.00	1.148	98.1	1.019	-0.12	0.203	0.238
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(1)	11	2462	14.80	15.00	1.047	98.1	1.019	0.04	0.262	0.280
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(2)	11	2462	14.10	15.00	1.230	98.1	1.019	0.04	0.194	0.243
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(1)	12	2467	14.80	15.00	1.047	98.1	1.019	0.1	0.245	0.261
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(2)	12	2467	14.10	15.00	1.230	98.1	1.019	0.1	0.154	0.193
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(1)	13	2472	14.80	15.00	1.047	98.1	1.019	0.06	0.184	0.196
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(2)	13	2472	14.00	15.00	1.259	98.1	1.019	0.06	0.161	0.207
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 3	Ant 1+2(1)	1	2412	14.80	15.00	1.047	98.1	1.019	0.03	0.100	0.107
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 3	Ant 1+2(2)	1	2412	14.00	15.00	1.259	98.1	1.019	0.03	0.052	0.067
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 4	Ant 1+2(1)	1	2412	14.80	15.00	1.047	98.1	1.019	-0.02	0.092	0.098
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 4	Ant 1+2(2)	1	2412	14.00	15.00	1.259	98.1	1.019	-0.02	0.067	0.086
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	50	5250	13.00	13.00	1.000	99.7	1.003	0.06	0.250	0.251
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	50	5250	12.90	13.00	1.023	99.7	1.003	0.06	0.419	0.430
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(1)	50	5250	13.00	13.00	1.000	99.7	1.003	0.17	0.154	0.154
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(2)	50	5250	12.90	13.00	1.023	99.7	1.003	0.17	0.491	0.504
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 3	Ant 1+2(1)	50	5250	13.00	13.00	1.000	99.7	1.003	0.05	0.093	0.093
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 3	Ant 1+2(2)	50	5250	12.90	13.00	1.023	99.7	1.003	0.05	0.102	0.105
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 4	Ant 1+2(1)	50	5250	13.00	13.00	1.000	99.7	1.003	-0.02	0.072	0.072
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 4	Ant 1+2(2)	50	5250	12.90	13.00	1.023	99.7	1.003	-0.02	0.110	0.113
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	114	5570	12.90	13.00	1.023	99.7	1.003	0.04	0.189	0.194
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0			-	. ,	114	5570	12.80	13.00	1.047	99.7	1.003	0.04	0.181	0.190
		802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0			•	` '			12.90	13.00	1.023	99.7	1.003	-0.06	0.135	0.139
03	-	802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0							12.80	13.00	1.047	99.7	1.003	-0.06	0.263	0.276
		802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0				` ,			12.90	13.00	1.023	99.7	1.003	0.01	0.010	0.010
		802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0				` '			12.80	13.00	1.047	99.7	1.003	0.01	0.092	0.097
		802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0			-	. ,			12.90	13.00	1.023	99.7	1.003	0.03	0.003	0.003
1		802.11ac-VHT160 MCS0	1 1		•				12.80	13.00	1.047	99.7	1.003	0.03	0.078	0.082
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop						12.60	13.00	1.096	99.7	1.003	0.03	0.108	0.119
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop				_		12.80	13.00	1.047	99.7	1.003	0.03	0.184	0.113
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop						12.60	13.00	1.096	99.7	1.003	-0.09	0.117	0.129
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop						12.80	13.00	1.047	99.7	1.003	-0.09	0.313	0.329
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop		•	` '			12.60	13.00	1.096	99.7	1.003	0.02	0.001	0.001
1	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop		•	` '			12.80	13.00	1.047	99.7	1.003	0.02	0.001	0.045
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop			` ,			12.60	13.00	1.096	99.7	1.003	-0.06	0.009	0.010
	WLAN5GHz		Bottom of Laptop		•	` '			12.80	13.00	1.047	99.7	1.003	-0.06	0.052	0.055
		2221100 11100 11100	_ 3.10 31 Laptop	J	- upio +	(2)	.55	0.70	.2.00			55.1		5.00	3.302	3.300

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Template version: 211220 Page 29 of 35 Issued Date : Jan. 14, 2022

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

### <Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Duiss	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 2	0	2402	11.30	11.50	1.047	76.84	1.084	0.02	0.033	0.037
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 2	39	2441	11.30	11.50	1.047	76.84	1.084	-0.01	0.038	0.043
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 2	78	2480	11.30	11.50	1.047	76.84	1.084	0.01	0.046	0.052
05	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 2	78	2480	11.30	11.50	1.047	76.84	1.084	-0.03	0.054	0.061
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 2	0	2402	11.30	11.50	1.047	76.84	1.084	-0.08	0.037	0.042
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 2	39	2441	11.30	11.50	1.047	76.84	1.084	0.04	0.044	0.050
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 3	Ant 2	78	2480	11.30	11.50	1.047	76.84	1.084	0.04	0.032	0.036
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 4	Ant 2	78	2480	11.30	11.50	1.047	76.84	1.084	-0.02	0.039	0.044

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

### <WiFi 6E SAR>

Plot No.		Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Sample	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	APD (W/m^2)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	15	6025	9.40	9.50	1.023	90.7	1.103	-0.08	0.053	0.060	0.318
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	15	6025	9.10	9.50	1.096	90.7	1.103	-0.08	0.121	0.146	0.727
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	47	6185	8.60	9.50	1.230	90.7	1.103	0.01	0.036	0.049	0.216
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	47	6185	9.40	9.50	1.023	90.7	1.103	0.01	0.065	0.073	0.391
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	111	6505	9.20	10.00	1.202	90.7	1.103	0.06	0.035	0.046	0.210
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	111	6505	9.70	10.00	1.072	90.7	1.103	0.06	0.095	0.112	0.571
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	175	6825	8.60	9.50	1.230	90.7	1.103	-0.18	0.053	0.072	0.318
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	175	6825	9.50	9.50	1.000	90.7	1.103	-0.18	0.161	0.178	0.968
06	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(1)	207	6985	9.30	10.00	1.175	90.7	1.103	-0.03	0.039	0.051	0.234
06	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 1	Ant 1+2(2)	207	6985	9.50	10.00	1.122	90.7	1.103	-0.03	0.165	0.204	0.992
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(1)	207	6985	9.30	10.00	1.175	90.7	1.103	0.09	0.035	0.045	0.210
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 2	Ant 1+2(2)	207	6985	9.50	10.00	1.122	90.7	1.103	0.09	0.094	0.116	0.565
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 3	Ant 1+2(1)	207	6985	9.30	10.00	1.175	90.7	1.103	0.05	0.001	0.001	0.006
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 3	Ant 1+2(2)	207	6985	9.50	10.00	1.122	90.7	1.103	0.05	0.023	0.028	0.138
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 4	Ant 1+2(1)	207	6985	9.30	10.00	1.175	90.7	1.103	-0.02	0.001	0.001	0.006
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Sample 4	Ant 1+2(2)	207	6985	9.50	10.00	1.122	90.7	1.103	-0.02	0.042	0.052	0.253

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 30 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

### SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR TEST REPORT

### 11.2 6GHz PD Test Result

Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Sample	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Grid Step (λ)	iPDn	iPD ratio (≥ -1)	Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Total psPD (W/m^2)
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	15	6025	9.20	0.0625	1.63	4.593711732	0.783	0.81
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	10mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	15	6025	9.20	0.25	0.566	4.593/11/32	0.104	0.126
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	207	6985	9.70	0.0625	0.452	-0.85224255	0.616	0.696
WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	8.59mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	207	6985	9.70	0.25	0.55	-0.85224255	0.527	0.578

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Sample	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Duty Cycle %	Grid Step (λ)	Scaling Factor for Measurement Uncertainty	Drift	Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Scaled Normal psPD (W/m^2)	Total psPD (W/m^2)	Scaled Total psPD (W/m^2)
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 1	15	6025	9.30	9.50	90.7	0.0625	1.5535	-0.18	0.402	0.73	0.421	0.76
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 1	47	6185	9.30	9.50	90.7	0.0625	1.5535	0.15	0.236	0.43	0.288	0.52
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 1	111	6505	9.80	10.00	90.7	0.0625	1.5535	0.04	0.208	0.38	0.221	0.40
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 1	175	6825	9.30	9.50	90.7	0.0625	1.5535	-0.02	0.411	0.74	0.578	1.05
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 1	Sample 1	207	6985	9.70	10.00	90.7	0.0625	1.5535	0.08	0.228	0.42	0.254	0.47
01	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	15	6025	9.20	9.50	90.7	0.0625	1.5535	-0.01	0.783	1.45	0.81	1.50
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	47	6185	9.30	9.50	90.7	0.0625	1.5535	0.02	0.36	0.65	0.423	0.77
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	111	6505	9.80	10.00	90.7	0.0625	1.5535	-0.07	0.404	0.73	0.468	0.85
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	175	6825	9.40	9.50	90.7	0.0625	1.5535	-0.06	0.659	1.17	0.725	1.28
	WLAN6GHz	802.11ax-HE160 MCS0	Bottom of Laptop	2mm	Ant 2	Sample 1	207	6985	9.70	10.00	90.7	0.0625	1.5535	0.03	0.616	1.14	0.696	1.29

## 12. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
1.	WLAN 5G/6GHz Ant 1+2 + Bluetooth Ant 2	Yes

#### General Note:

- 1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
  - ii) SPLSR =  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}$  / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$ , where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

### 12.1 Body Exposure Conditions

	1	2	3	
Exposure Position	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1+2	WLAN 5G/6GHz Ant 1+2	Bluetooth Ant 2	2+3 Summed
	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
Bottom of Laptop at 0mm	0.368	0.504	0.061	0.565

Test Engineer: Mood Huang, Bevis Chang and Carter Jhuang

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 31 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

## 13. Uncertainty Assessment

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Report No.: FA1N2628-02

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

#### **Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution**

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 32 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

**Applicable for SAR Measurements:** 

plicable for SAR Measurements:  Uncertainty Budget  (4 MHz - 10 GHz range)							
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	18.60	N	2	1	1	9.3	9.3
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary Effects	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.70	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
Test Sample Related							
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Test sample Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	7.60	R	1.732	1	1	4.4	4.4
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.77	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.77	2.3	2.2
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.77	1.1	1.1
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.77	1.7	1.6
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						14.5%	14.2%
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K=2	K=2	
	Expanded STD Und	certainty				29.0%	28.4%

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 33 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

**Applicable for Power Density Measurements:** 

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±dB)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	Standard Uncertainty (±dB)
Probe Calibration	0.49	N	1	1	0.49
Probe correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Frequency response (BW ≤ 1 GHz)	0.20	R	1.732	1	0.12
Sensor cross coupling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Isotropy	0.50	R	1.732	1	0.29
Linearity	0.20	R	1.732	1	0.12
Probe scattering	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Probe positioning offset	0.30	R	1.732	1	0.17
Probe positioning repeatability	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Sensor mechanical offset	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Probe spatial resolution	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Field impedance dependance	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Amplitude and phase drift	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Amplitude and phase noise	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Measurement area truncation	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Data acquisition	0.03	N	1	1	0.03
Sampling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Field reconstruction	2.00	R	1.732	1	1.15
Forward transformation	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Power density scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.00
Spatial averaging	0.10	R	1.732	1	0.06
System detection limit	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.02
Uncertainty	terms dep endent on the D	OUT and environmer	ital factors		
Probe coupling with DUT	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Modulation response	0.40	R	1.732	1	0.2
Integration time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Response time	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Device holder influence	0.10	R	1.732	1	0.1
DUT alignment	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
RF ambient conditions	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.0
Ambient reflections	0.04	R	1.732	1	0.0
Immunity / secondary reception	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.0
Drift of the DUT		R	1.732	1	
Co	Combined Std. Uncertainty				
Expanded STD Uncertainty (95%)					2.68

Report No. : FA1N2628-02

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 34 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022

### 14. References

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Report No.: FA1N2628-02

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- [10] IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", Oct. 2020
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TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Page 35 of 35 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Jan. 14, 2022