

# **TEST REPORT**

Applicant:

Thundercomm Technology Co., Ltd.

Address:

No. 107, Middle Datagu Road, Xiantao Street, Yubei

District, Chongqing, China, 401122

**Equipment Type:** 

**RUBIK Pi** 

**Model Name:** 

RUBIK Pi 3 (refer to section 2.4)

**Brand Name:** 

**RUBIK Pi** 

FCC ID:

2AOHHRUBIKPI3

Test Standard:

47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

(refer to section 3.1)

Sample Arrival Date:

Dec. 17, 2024

Test Date:

Dec. 17, 2024 - Dec. 27, 2024

Date of Issue:

Jan. 24, 2025

### **ISSUED BY:**

Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center

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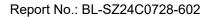


## **Revision History**

VersionIssue DateRevisionsRev. 01Jan. 24, 2025Initial Issue

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## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center
Addross	1st to 2nd floors, Building 1, No. 222 Xuanlan Road, Xuanqiao Town,
Address	Pudong New District, Shanghai

## 1.2 Test Location

Name	Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center
Location	1st to 2nd floors, Building 1, No. 222 Xuanlan Road, Xuanqiao Town, Pudong New District, Shanghai
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1352.



## **2 PRODUCT INFORMATION**

## 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant Thundercomm Technology Co., Ltd.	
Address	No. 107, Middle Datagu Road, Xiantao Street, Yubei District,
Address	Chongqing, China, 401122

## 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Thundercomm Technology Co., Ltd.
Addross	No. 107, Middle Datagu Road, Xiantao Street, Yubei District,
Address	Chongqing, China, 401122

## 2.3 Factory Information

Factory	Daidong Zegna (Dongguan) Electronics Co.,Ltd.
Addross	No. 41 Gangjian Road, Changping Town,Dongguan City, Guangdong
Address	Province 523581, P.R.China

## 2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	RUBIK Pi
Model Name Under Test	RUBIK Pi 3
Series Model Name	RUBIK Pi 3 Lite
Description of Model name differentiation	All models are same with electrical parameters and internal circuit structure, but only differ in model name. (this information provided by the applicant)
Sample Number	SC-SZ24B0972-S06 SC-SZ24B0972-S12
Hardware Version	V02
Software Version	LE 1.0
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	67.5g

NOTE: The product Memory designed with two different Hardware. Please find bellow detail:

- 1. The product comes in two memory configurations:8GB + 128GB and 4GB + 64GB.
- 2. The two memory chips are from different manufacturers.



## 2.5 Technical Information

	laturate and Miralaga	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)
	Network and Wireless	2.4G WIFI 802.11b,802.11g,802.11n(HT20)
	connectivity	5G WIFI 802.11a,802.11n(HT20/40),802.11ac(VHT20/40/80)

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	FHSS		
Modulation Type	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK		
	DH5: 1 Mbps		
Transfer Rate	2DH5: 2 Mbps		
	3DH5: 3 Mbps		
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.		
Number of Channel	79 (at intervals of 1 MHz)		
Tested Channel	0 (2402 MHz), 39 (2441 MHz), 78 (2480 MHz)		
Antenna Type	PCB Antenna		
Antenna Gain	-0.72 dBi		
Antenna Impedance	50Ω		
Antenna System	N/A		
(MIMO Smart Antenna)	N/A		



## All channel was listed on the following table:

Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.	Channel	Freq.
number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)	number	(MHz)
0	2402	21	2423	42	2444	63	2465
1	2403	22	2424	43	2445	64	2466
2	2404	23	2425	44	2446	65	2467
3	2405	24	2426	45	2447	66	2468
4	2406	25	2427	46	2448	67	2469
5	2407	26	2428	47	2449	68	2470
6	2408	27	2429	48	2450	69	2471
7	2409	28	2430	49	2451	70	2472
8	2410	29	2431	50	2452	71	2473
9	2411	30	2432	51	2453	72	2474
10	2412	31	2433	52	2454	73	2475
11	2413	32	2434	53	2455	74	2476
12	2414	33	2435	54	2456	75	2477
13	2415	34	2436	55	2457	76	2478
14	2416	35	2437	56	2458	77	2479
15	2417	36	2438	57	2459	78	2480
16	2418	37	2439	58	2460	-	-
17	2419	38	2440	59	2461	-	-
18	2420	39	2441	60	2462	-	-
19	2421	40	2442	61	2463	-	-
20	2422	41	2443	62	2464	-	-



## **3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

## 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
3	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules



## 3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Test Result	Verdict	Remark
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	N/A	N/A		Pass	Note <sup>1</sup>
2	Number of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)	N/A	Hopping Mode	ANNEX A.1	Pass	Note <sup>2</sup>
3	Peak Output Power	15.247(b)	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.2	Pass	-
4	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.3	Pass	Note <sup>2</sup>
5	Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)	N/A	Hopping Mode	ANNEX A.4	Pass	Note <sup>2</sup>
6	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	15.247(a)	N/A	Hopping Mode	ANNEX A.5	Pass	Note <sup>2</sup>
7	Conducted Spurious Emission & Authorized-band band-edge	15.247(d)	N/A	Hopping Mode, Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.6	Pass	Note <sup>2</sup>
8	Conducted Emission	15.207	N/A	Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.7	Pass	-
9	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	N/A	Hopping Mode, Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.8	Pass	Note <sup>2</sup>
10	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	N/A	Hopping Mode, Low/Middle/ High	ANNEX A.9	Pass	Note <sup>2</sup>

Note <sup>1</sup>: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note  $^2$ :  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK is the EDR 2M rate mode, 8-DPSK is the EDR 3M rate mode. The consistency of test results in  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK and 8-DPSK is very high. So we chose 8-DPSK as a typical representative to appear on the report. Another we will show all the modes on the RF output power test item.



## **4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS**

## 4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	51% to 59%			
Atmospheric Pressure	101 kPa			
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+20.1°C to +23.9°C		
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	12 V		

## 4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due	
Spectrum Analyzer	pectrum Analyzer KEYSIGHT		MY54420147	2024.02.22	2025.02.21	
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY60240977	2024.02.22	2025.02.21	
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3710E	6262063515	2024.02.22	2025.02.21	
Wideband Radio	R&S	CMW500	168792	2024.02.22	2025.02.21	
Communication Tester	Νάδ	CIVIVV500	100792	2024.02.22	2025.02.21	
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY55330122	2024.07.09	2025.07.08	
Test Antenna-Loop(9	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-177	2024.03.11	2027.03.10	
kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	T WZB 1319	1319-177	2024.03.11	2021.03.10	
Test Antenna-Bi-Log(30	SCHWARZBECK	VIII B 0163	VULB 9163 9163-1203 2024.03.11	2027.03.10		
MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK VOLB 9103 91		9103-1203	2024.03.11	2021.03.10	
Test Antenna-Horn(1-18	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D-2134 202	2024.03.11	2027.03.10		
GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	9120D	91200-2134	2024.03.11	2027.03.10	
Test Antenna-	A-INFO	LB-180400-	J211060307	2024.03.11	2027.03.10	
Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-IIVI O	KF	3211000307	2024.03.11	2027.03.10	
Anechoic Chamber	YiHeng	9m*6m*6m	EMC001	2024.04.18	2027.04.17	
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY55330115	2024.02.19	2025.02.18	
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-940	2024.02.25	2025.02.24	
10dB Limiter	SCHWARZBECK	VTSD	VTSD 9561-F		2025 02 42	
TOUB LIMITER	SUNWARZDEUK	9561-F	N00409	2024.02.19	2025.02.18	
Shielded Room	Villana	5m*4m*3.2	EMC006	3 2024.02.22	2027.02.21	
Silielueu Nooili	YiHeng	m	EIVICUU	2024.02.22	2021.02.21	

## 4.3 Test Software List

Description	Description Manufacturer Sc		Serial No.	Applicable Test Setup		
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.496	N/A	The section 4.6.1		
BL410E	BALUN	V21.919	N/A	The section 4.6.2&4.6.3&4.6.4&4.6.5		



## 4.4 Decision Rule

□ No Need
☑ Use General conformity decision rule (Consider uncertainty or not ☑No □Yes)
☐ Use Special Conformity Decision Rule (Consider uncertainty or not ☐No ☐Yes)

## 4.5 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Parameters	Uncertainty		
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.4 %		
RF output power, conducted	0.41 dB		
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.73 dB		
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.73 dB		
All emissions, radiated	4.57 dB		
Temperature	0.82 °C		
Humidity	4.1 %		

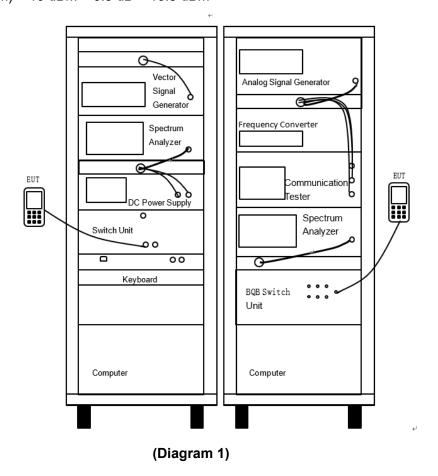


## 4.6 Description of Test Setup

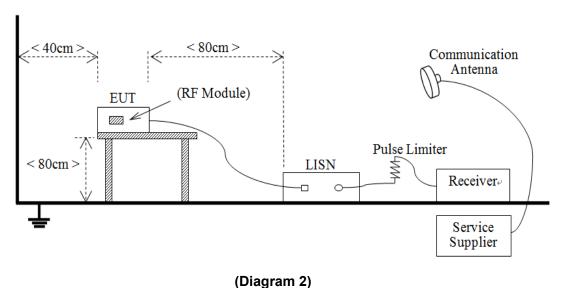
### 4.6.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5 dB used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



## 4.6.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test

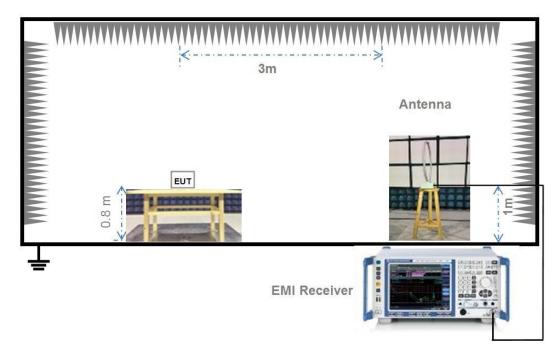


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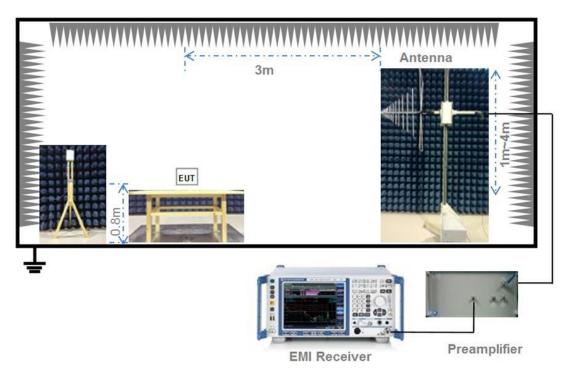


## 4.6.3For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

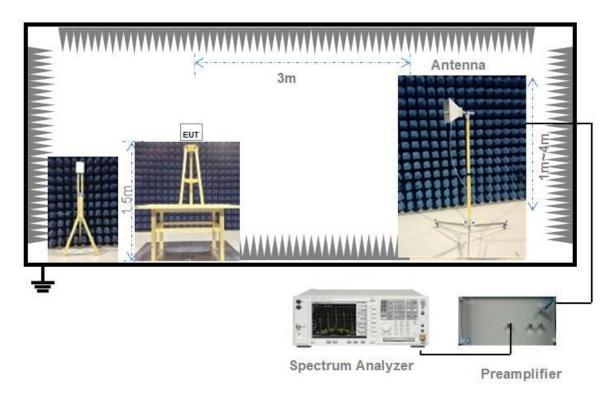
## 4.6.4For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)



## 4.6.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

## 4.7 Measurement Results Explanation Example

## 4.7.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.



## 5 TEST ITEMS

## 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

#### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## 5.2 Frequency Hopping Systems

### 5.2.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv); FCC §15.247(g); FCC §15.247(h)

Describe how the hopping sequence is generated. Provide an example of the hopping sequence channels, to demonstrate that the sequence meets the requirement specified in the definition of an FHSS system. Per the definition in Section 2.1(c), the hop set shall appear as random in the near term, shall appear as evenly distributed in the long term, and sequential hops shall be randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change.

Describe how each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average (e.g., that each new transmission event begins on the next channel in the hopping sequence after the final channel used in the previous transmission event).

Describe how the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that the input bandwidth (either RF or IF) matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

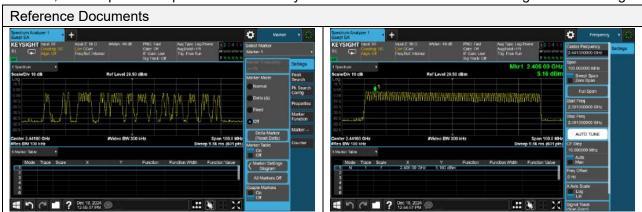
Describe how the associated receiver(s) has the ability to shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

For short burst systems, describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it be designed to be capable of operating as a true frequency hopping system. Specifically, the device shall comply with the equal frequency use and pseudorandom hopping sequence requirement when transmitting in short bursts, and shall be designed to comply when presented with continuous data (or information) stream.

Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it not have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.

### 5.2.2 Description of the systems

- According to the preset procedure of the whole network, all the stations in the automatic control
  network synchronously change the frequency multiple times within one second, and temporarily stay
  on each frequency hopping channel. Periodic synchronization signaling is sent from the primary
  station, instructing all slaves to simultaneously change the operating frequency, then the hopping
  sequence is generated.
- 2. The hop set shall appear as random in the near term, shall appear as evenly distributed in the long term, and sequential hops shall be randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change.



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- Channels are classified into two categories, used and unused, where used channels are part of the 3. hopping sequence and unused channels are replaced in the hopping sequence by used channels in a pseudo-random way. Make each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average.
- 4. The input bandwith and transmitted bandwith are both 1MHz, the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that the input bandwidth matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.
- Connected devices communicate on the same physical channel by synchronizing with a common clock and hopping sequence.
- EUT isn't short burst systems. 6.
- EUT can't have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort. 7.

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## 5.3 Number of Hopping Frequencies

### 5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii)

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

### 5.3.2Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.3.3 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = The frequency band of operation

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize

#### 5.3.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



## 5.4 Peak Output Power

### 5.4.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

## 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.4.3 Test Procedure

The Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to verify the conducted RF output peak power of the Module.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize.

5.4.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



## 5.5 Occupied Bandwidth

### 5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

## 5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.5.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate, Allow the trace to stabilize.

#### 5.5.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



## 5.6 Carrier Frequency Separation

### 5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 2/3 of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) ≥ 1% of the span

Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

#### 5.6.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.



## 5.7 Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)

### 5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 MHz - 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.7.3 Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW shall be  $\leq$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel

Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel

Detector function: Peak

Trace: Max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

The average time of occupancy on any channel within the Period can be calculated with formulas:

For GFSK and 8-DPSK:

For DH1 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} \* (1600 / 2) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} \* {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s \* {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For DH3 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} \* (1600 / 4) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} \* {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s \* {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For DH5 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} \* (1600 / 6) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} \* {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s \* {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For AFH Mode:

For DH1 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} \* (800 / 2) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} \* {Period}

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 ${Period} =$ 0.4 s \* {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For DH3 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} \* (800 / 4) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} \* {Period}

0.4 s \* {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For DH5 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} \* (800 / 6) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} \* {Period}

0.4 s \* {Number of Hopping Frequency}

The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to record the dwell time of each occupation measured in this channel, which is called Pulse Time here.

### 5.7.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



## 5.8 Conducted Spurious Emission & Authorized-band band-edge

### 5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

### 5.8.2Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.8.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW = 300 kHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize

#### 5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



## 5.9 Conducted Emission

#### 5.9.1 Limit

## FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50\mu$ H/50 $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBμV)			
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average		
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46		
0.50 - 5	56	46		
0.50 - 30	60	50		

#### 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

#### 5.9.4Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



## 5.10 Radiated Spurious Emission

### 5.10.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### Note:

- 1. Field Strength ( $dB\mu V/m$ ) = 20\*log[Field Strength ( $\mu V/m$ )].
- 2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- 4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

## 5.10.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.3 to 4.6.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

## 5.10.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.



Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

5.10.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



## 5.11 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

### 5.11.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

### 5.11.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.3 to 4.6.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.11.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

#### 5.11.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.9.



## ANNEX A TEST RESULT

## A.1 Number of Hopping Frequencys

## Test Data

Test Mode			Measured Channel Numbers Min. Limit	
GFSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Pass
8-DPSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Pass

## **Test Plots**

## GFSK 2.4 GHz ~ 2.4415 GHz



## GFSK 2.4415 GHz ~ 2.4835 GHz



### 8-DPSK 2.4 GHz ~ 2.4415 GHz



### 8-DPSK 2.4415 GHz ~ 2.4835 GHz





## A.2 Peak Output Power

## Peak Power Test Data

	Measured Output Peak Power						Limit		
Channel	GFSK		π/4-DQPSK		8-DPSK		dDm	\^/	Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	- dBm	mW	
Low	6.43	4.40	4.12	2.58	4.44	2.78			Pass
Middle	4.92	3.10	2.85	1.93	3.14	2.06	21	125	Pass
High	3.52	2.25	1.19	1.32	1.47	1.40			Pass



## Test Plots

## **GFSK LOW CHANNEL**



### GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### **GFSK HIGH CHANNEL**



## $\pi/4$ -DQPSK LOW CHANNEL



### π/4-DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL





### π/4-DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



## 8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



### 8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL





## A.3 Occupied Bandwidth

## Test Data

Col Dala		
	GFSK	
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	0.967500	0.90891
Middle	0.974900	0.91179
High	0.974900	0.91477
π/4-DQPSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	1.372600	1.21490
Middle	1.372600	1.22340
High	1.372600	1.22230
8-DPSK		
Channel	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	1.312500	1.21090
Middle	1.320100	1.21780
High	1.320100	1.22090



## Test Plots

## 20 dB Bandwidth

### **GFSK LOW CHANNEL**



## GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



## **GFSK HIGH CHANNEL**



## π/4-DQPSK LOW CHANNEL



## $\pi/4$ -DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL





### π/4-DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



## 8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



### 8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



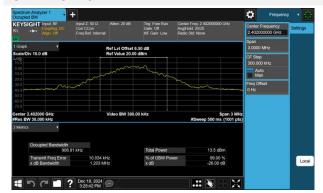
## 8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL





## 99% Bandwidth

## **GFSK LOW CHANNEL**



### GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



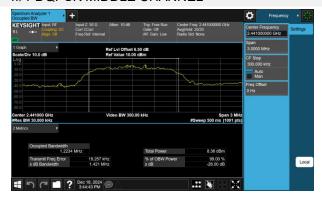
#### **GFSK HIGH CHANNEL**



## $\pi/4$ -DQPSK LOW CHANNEL



### π/4-DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL





#### π/4-DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



#### 8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



#### 8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



#### 8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL





### A.4 Carrier Frequency Separation

#### Test Data

Mode	Frequency separation (MHz)	2/3 of the 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Verdict
GFSK	1.000	0.650	Pass
8-DPSK	1.000	0.880	Pass

#### **Test Plots**

#### **GFSK**



#### 8-DPSK





### A.5 Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)

### Test Data

_		GFSK		
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH 1	0.38330	122.656	0.4	Pass
DH 3	1.64000	262.400	0.4	Pass
DH 5	2.89300	308.587	0.4	Pass
		8-DPSK		
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH 1	0.34330	109.856	0.4	Pass
DH 3	1.78700	285.920	0.4	Pass
DH 5	3.03300	323.520	0.4	Pass
		AFH Mode		
DH Packet	Pulse Width (ms)	Total of Dwell (ms)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH 1	0.38330	61.328	0.4	Pass
DH 3	1.64000	131.200	0.4	Pass
DH 5	2.88200	153.707	0.4	Pass



#### Test Plots

#### GFSK DH1



#### GFSK DH3



#### **GFSK DH5**



### 8-DPSK DH1



#### 8-DPSK DH3



#### 8-DPSK DH5





#### AFH Mode DH1



#### AFH Mode DH3



#### AFH Mode DH5





### A.6 Conducted Spurious Emissions & Authorized-band band-edge

Test Data

esi Dala					
		GFSK			
	Measured Max.	Limit (	(dBm)		
Channel	Out of Band	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict	
	Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	20 dBc Limit		
Low	-36.11	6.39	-13.61	Pass	
Middle	-37.25	4.82	-15.18	Pass	
High	-35.52	4.46	-15.54	Pass	
		8-DPSK			
	Measured Max.	Limit (	(dBm)		
Channel	Out of Band	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict	
	Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	20 dBc Limit		
Low	-36.78	1.94	-18.06	Pass	
Middle	-36.45	0.87	-19.13	Pass	
High	-37.34	-0.61	-20.61	Pass	
		Hopping Mode			
	Measured Max.	Limit (	(dBm)		
Mode	Out of Band	Carrier Level	Calculated	Verdict	
	Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	20 dBc Limit		
GFSK	-36.62	6.06	-13.94	Pass	
8-DPSK	-35.89	1.47	-18.53	Pass	



#### **Test Plots**

### GFSK LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



#### GFSK LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



## GFSK LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



## GFSK LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 3 GHz ~ 25 GHz





#### GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



# GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



# GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 3 GHz ~ 25 GHz





#### GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



#### GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



# GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



### GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 3 GHz ~ 25 GHz





#### 8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



#### 8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



# 8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz $\sim$ 3 GHz



### 8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 3 GHz ~ 25 GHz





#### 8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



# 8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz $\sim$ 3 GHz



# 8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 3 GHz $\sim$ 25 GHz





#### 8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



#### 8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



# 8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz $\sim$ 3 GHz



# 8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 3 GHz $\sim$ 25 GHz





#### GFSK HOPPING, CARRIER LEVEL



#### GFSK HOPPING BAND EDGE (LOW)



#### GFSK HOPPING BAND EDGE (HIGH)



# GFSK Hopping Mode, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



# GFSK Hopping Mode, SPURIOUS 3GHz ~ 25 GHz





#### 8-DPSK HOPPING, CARRIER LEVEL



#### 8-DPSK Hopping BAND EDGE (LOW)



#### 8-DPSK Hopping BAND EDGE (HIGH)



# 8-DPSK Hopping Mode, SPURIOUS 30 MHz $\sim$ 3 GHz



# 8-DPSK Hopping Mode, SPURIOUS 3GHz ~ 25 GHz





#### A.7 Conducted Emission

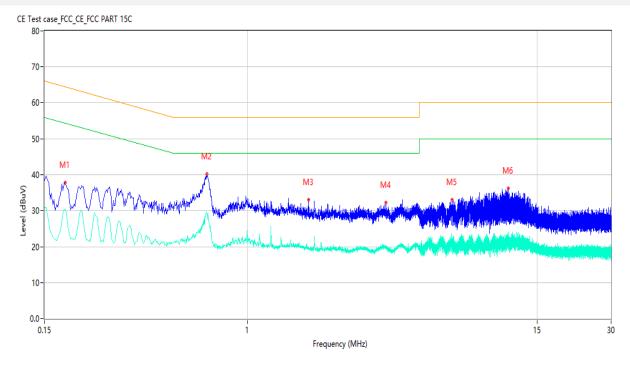
Note 1: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

Note 2: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note 3: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

#### Test Data and Plots

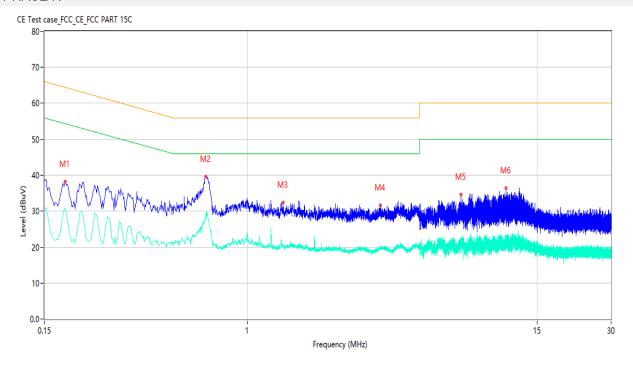
#### PHASE L



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.182	37.82	9.75	64.39	26.57	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.182	30.42	9.75	54.39	23.97	AV	L	Pass
2	0.686	40.26	9.72	56.00	15.74	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.686	29.34	9.72	46.00	16.66	AV	L	Pass
3	1.772	32.99	9.69	56.00	23.01	Peak	L	Pass
3**	1.772	19.65	9.69	46.00	26.35	AV	L	Pass
4	3.660	32.28	9.66	56.00	23.72	Peak	L	Pass
4**	3.660	19.52	9.66	46.00	26.48	AV	L	Pass
5	6.764	33.03	9.58	60.00	26.97	Peak	L	Pass
5**	6.764	22.53	9.58	50.00	27.47	AV	L	Pass
6	11.446	36.13	9.42	60.00	23.87	Peak	L	Pass
6**	11.446	24.01	9.42	50.00	25.99	AV	L	Pass



#### PHASE N



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.182	38.17	9.75	64.39	26.22	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.182	30.94	9.75	54.39	23.45	AV	N	Pass
2	0.678	39.54	9.72	56.00	16.46	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.678	28.82	9.72	46.00	17.18	AV	N	Pass
3	1.398	32.41	9.70	56.00	23.59	Peak	N	Pass
3**	1.398	20.54	9.70	46.00	25.46	AV	N	Pass
4	3.470	31.59	9.66	56.00	24.41	Peak	N	Pass
4**	3.470	19.80	9.66	46.00	26.20	AV	N	Pass
5	7.360	34.66	9.56	60.00	25.34	Peak	N	Pass
5**	7.360	22.64	9.56	50.00	27.36	AV	N	Pass
6	11.230	36.40	9.42	60.00	23.60	Peak	N	Pass
6**	11.230	23.13	9.42	50.00	26.87	AV	N	Pass



### A.8 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note 1: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note 2: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

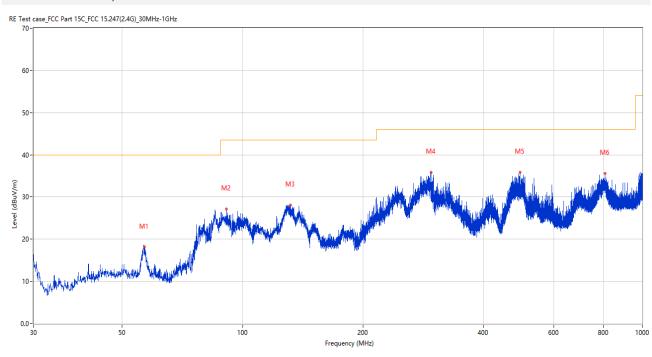
Note 3: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and DH5-Hopping mode is the worst.

Note 4: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Note 5: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

#### Test Data and Plots

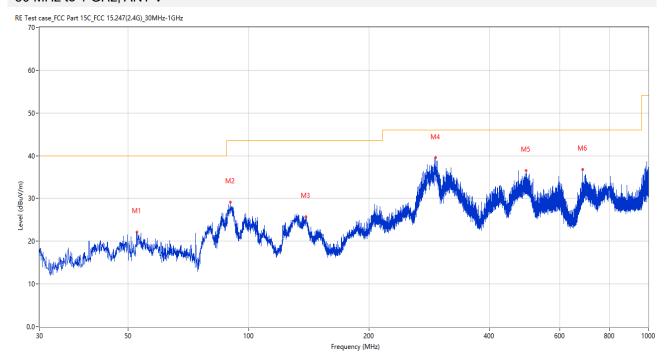
#### 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	56.869	18.13	-25.38	40.0	21.87	Peak	255.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	91.062	27.20	-27.75	43.5	16.30	Peak	12.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	131.704	28.05	-29.16	43.5	15.45	Peak	148.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	295.877	35.87	-23.24	46.0	10.13	Peak	215.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	494.290	35.82	-18.23	46.0	10.18	Peak	129.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	807.406	35.60	-11.50	46.0	10.40	Peak	51.00	200	Horizontal	Pass



#### 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



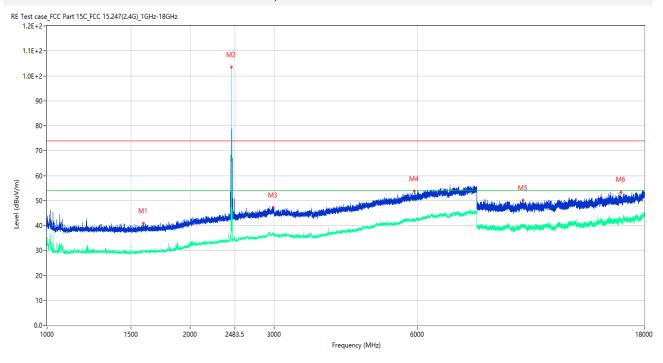
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	52.504	22.16	-24.73	40.0	17.84	Peak	360.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	90.043	29.09	-28.03	43.5	14.41	Peak	360.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	139.270	25.72	-29.48	43.5	17.78	Peak	66.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	293.840	39.49	-23.21	46.0	6.51	Peak	162.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5	495.212	36.56	-18.19	46.0	9.44	Peak	179.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6	685.429	36.76	-14.01	46.0	9.24	Peak	108.00	100	Vertical	Pass



Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

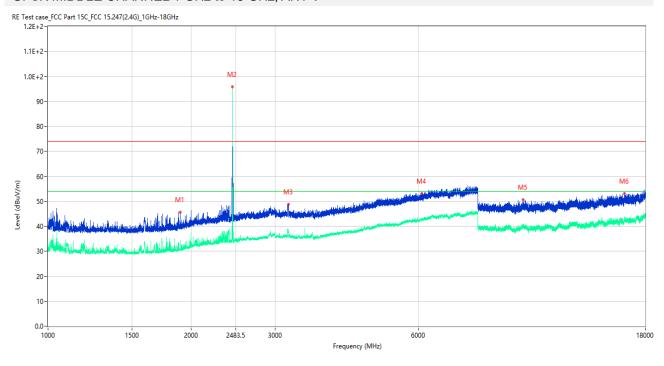
#### GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1592.750	40.85	-15.15	74.0	33.15	Peak	197.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1592.750	29.79	-15.15	54.0	24.21	AV	197.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2441.250	103.54	-11.41	74.0	-29.54	Peak	319.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2441.250	103.25	-11.41	54.0	-49.25	AV	319.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	2988.500	47.28	-8.00	74.0	26.72	Peak	98.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	2988.500	36.39	-8.00	54.0	17.61	AV	98.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	5906.500	53.79	1.21	74.0	20.21	Peak	182.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	5906.500	42.16	1.21	54.0	11.84	AV	182.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	10007.000	50.21	-1.01	74.0	23.79	Peak	205.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	10007.000	39.47	-1.01	54.0	14.53	AV	205.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	16058.000	53.42	1.81	74.0	20.58	Peak	87.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16058.000	42.11	1.81	54.0	11.89	AV	87.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1	1592.750	40.85	-15.15	74.0	33.15	Peak	197.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1592.750	29.79	-15.15	54.0	24.21	AV	197.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



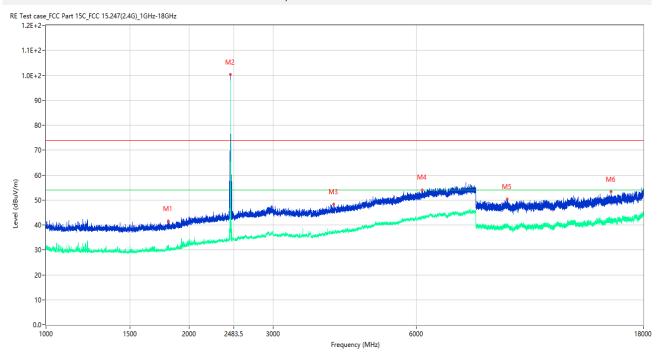
#### GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1894.500	45.64	-14.26	74.0	28.36	Peak	182.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1894.500	31.76	-14.26	54.0	22.24	AV	182.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2440.750	95.89	-11.38	74.0	-21.89	Peak	64.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2440.750	92.95	-11.38	54.0	-38.95	AV	64.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	3200.000	48.90	-6.65	74.0	25.10	Peak	172.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	3200.000	38.18	-6.65	54.0	15.82	AV	172.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	6104.000	53.09	1.04	74.0	20.91	Peak	340.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	6104.000	42.62	1.04	54.0	11.38	AV	340.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	9965.500	50.70	-0.68	74.0	23.30	Peak	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	9965.500	40.60	-0.68	54.0	13.40	AV	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	16254.000	53.05	1.91	74.0	20.95	Peak	359.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	16254.000	42.42	1.91	54.0	11.58	AV	359.00	150	Vertical	Pass



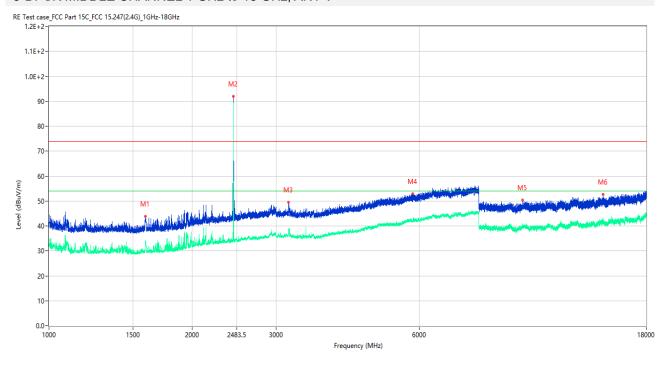
#### 8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1804.750	41.52	-14.72	74.0	32.48	Peak	155.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1804.750	30.30	-14.72	54.0	23.70	AV	155.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2440.750	100.31	-11.38	74.0	-26.31	Peak	314.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2440.750	95.87	-11.38	54.0	-41.87	AV	314.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4024.000	48.42	-3.02	74.0	25.58	Peak	52.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4024.000	36.58	-3.02	54.0	17.42	AV	52.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	6170.000	53.90	1.31	74.0	20.10	Peak	62.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6170.000	43.01	1.31	54.0	10.99	AV	62.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	9309.000	50.33	-1.89	74.0	23.67	Peak	247.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	9309.000	39.79	-1.89	54.0	14.21	AV	247.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	15396.500	53.32	1.52	74.0	20.68	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	15396.500	41.71	1.52	54.0	12.29	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1	1804.750	41.52	-14.72	74.0	32.48	Peak	155.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1804.750	30.30	-14.72	54.0	23.70	AV	155.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



#### 8-DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1593.750	43.85	-15.17	74.0	30.15	Peak	170.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1593.750	33.42	-15.17	54.0	20.58	AV	170.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2441.000	91.88	-11.39	74.0	-17.88	Peak	57.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2441.000	88.60	-11.39	54.0	-34.60	AV	57.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	3190.000	49.42	-6.52	74.0	24.58	Peak	178.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	3190.000	38.06	-6.52	54.0	15.94	AV	178.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	5820.000	52.88	0.49	74.0	21.12	Peak	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	5820.000	41.83	0.49	54.0	12.17	AV	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	9898.500	50.31	-1.08	74.0	23.69	Peak	23.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	9898.500	40.53	-1.08	54.0	13.47	AV	23.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	14605.000	52.64	0.47	74.0	21.36	Peak	292.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	14605.000	42.40	0.47	54.0	11.60	AV	292.00	150	Vertical	Pass



### A.9 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note 1: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note 2: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note 3: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 4: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

#### Test Data and Plots

#### **GFSK LOW CHANNEL**

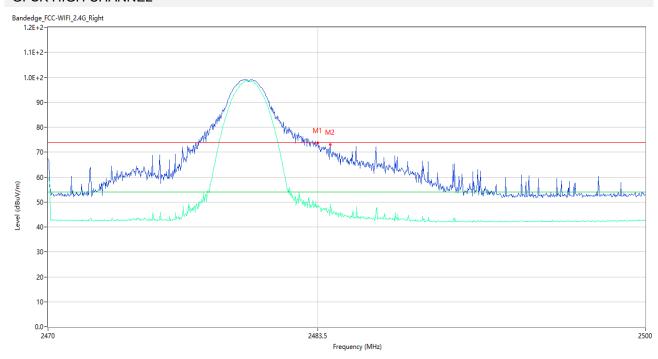


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2390.000	52.00	-3.73	74.0	22.00	Peak	56.93	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2390.000	41.75	-3.73	54.0	12.25	AV	56.93	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2368.500	53.75	-3.00	74.0	20.25	Peak	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2368.500	42.24	-3.00	54.0	11.76	AV	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass

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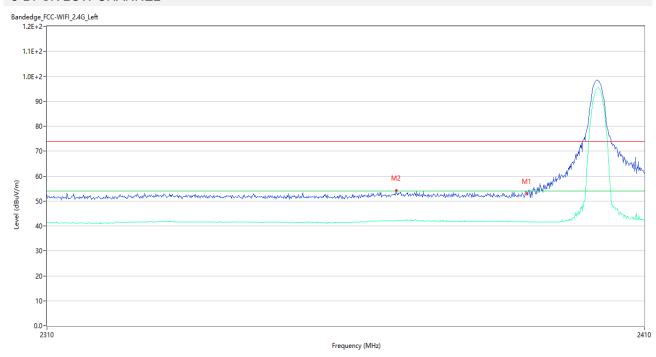
#### GFSK HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	73.57	-2.60	74.0	0.43	Peak	319.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	48.05	-2.60	54.0	5.95	AV	319.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2484.130	73.03	-2.61	74.0	0.97	Peak	358.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2484.130	46.70	-2.61	54.0	7.30	AV	358.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



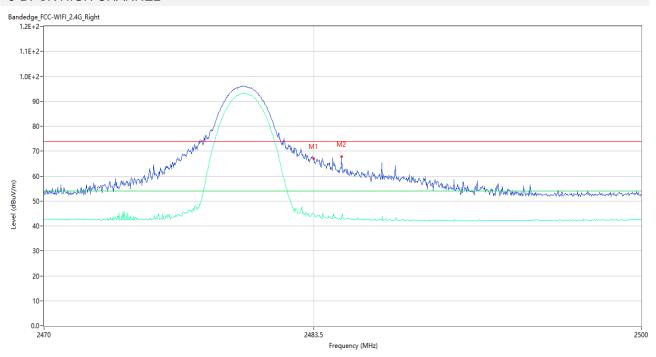
#### 8-DPSK LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2390.000	52.83	-3.73	74.0	21.17	Peak	2.18	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2390.000	41.73	-3.73	54.0	12.27	AV	2.18	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2368.000	54.23	-3.05	74.0	19.77	Peak	227.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2368.000	42.16	-3.05	54.0	11.84	AV	227.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



#### 8-DPSK HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	2483.500	67.01	-2.60	74.0	6.99	Peak	142.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	44.68	-2.60	54.0	9.32	AV	142.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2484.910	67.79	-2.62	74.0	6.21	Peak	6.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2484.910	42.95	-2.62	54.0	11.05	AV	6.00	150	Horizontal	Pass



### ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ24C0728-AR-1.PDF".

### ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ24C0728-AW.PDF".

### ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ24C0728-AI.PDF".

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--END OF REPORT--