TCC
Nokia

FINAS
Finnish Accreditation Service
T117 (EN ISO/IEC 17025)

SAR Compliance Test Report

Test report no.:	Cph_SAR_0533_06	Date of report:	2005-09-01
Template version:	4	Number of pages:	20
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Responsible test engineer:	Leif Funch Klysner	Product contact person:	Ole Sørensen
Measurements made by:	Jesper Nielsen		
Tested device:	RM-111		
FCC ID:	QTKRM-111	IC:	661AD-RM111
Supplement reports:	-		

Testing has been carried out in accordance with:

47CFR §2.1093
Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields

RSS-102
Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields

IEEE 1528 - 2003
IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

Documentation: The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.

Test results: The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Date and signatures: 2005-09-01

For the contents:

Leif Funch Klysner
Test System Manager

CONTENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2005-08-08 to 2005-08-12
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	IMEI: 004400/66/167772/2 HW: 0305 SW:03.53 DUT#28706
Batteries used in testing	BL-8N - Non-replaceable
Headsets used in testing	HS-35, DUT#28707
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / *f* (MHz)	Radiated power	Position	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
GSM1900	810 / 1909.8	29.7 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	1.6 W/kg	0.44 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / *f* (MHz)	Radiated power	Separation distance	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
1- slot GPRS1900	810 / 1909.8	29.2 dBm EIRP	1.5 cm	1.6 W/kg	0.62 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift during measurements	0.11 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Extended Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 29.8 %

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes and Bands of Operation	GSM 1900	GPRS 1900	EGPRS 1900	BT
Modulation Mode	GMSK	GMSK	8PSK	GFSK
Duty Cycle	1/8	1/8	1/8	
Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)	1850 – 1910	1850 – 1910	1850 - 1910	2402-2480

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM900/GSM1800, which are not part of this filing.

EGPRS mode was not measured, because maximum averaged output power is more than 3 dB lower in EGPRS mode than in GPRS mode.

2.1 Picture of the Device

Front


Side


Rear

2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal patch antenna.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.5 to 22.5
Ambient humidity (RH %):	35 to 55

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit as used for SAR testing.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4 software version 4.5, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements on the device was the 'worst-case extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE 3	501	12 months	2006-01
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1813	12 months	2005-09
Dipole Validation Kit, D1800V2	230	24 months	2006-01

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SMIQ03B	826046/034	36 months	2007-02
Amplifier	ZHL-42W	E012903	-	-
Power Meter	NRVD	840297/008	24 months	2005-11
Power Sensor	NRV-Z51	100184	24 months	2005-11
Call Tester	4400M	0411216	-	-
Call Tester	CMU200	105900	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	AT8753ES	MY40001091	12 months	2005-08
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP85070B	US33020403	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe 1813

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checking and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within ± 5% of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipes were used for Head and Body tissue simulants:

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.88	69.02
Butyl Diglycol	44.91	30.76
Salt	0.21	0.22

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ε_r	σ [S/m]	
	Reference result	10.0	39.0	1.38	
	± 10% window	9.0 - 11.0			
1800	2005-08-08	9.38	39.3	1.36	21.2

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ε_r	σ [S/m]	
	Reference result	9.36	53.2	1.49	
	± 10% window	8.42 to 10.30			
	2005-08-09	9.96	52.7	1.51	21.3
1800	2005-08-11	9.59	55.0	1.48	21.2
	2005-08-12	9.21	54.9	1.51	21.6

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ε_r	σ [S/m]	
	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	± 5% window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
1880	2005-08-08	39.0	1.44	21.2

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ε_r	σ [S/m]	
	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	± 5% window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
1880	2005-08-09	52.4	1.60	21.3
	2005-08-11	54.7	1.56	21.1
	2005-08-12	54.6	1.60	21.6

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.

Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.

Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

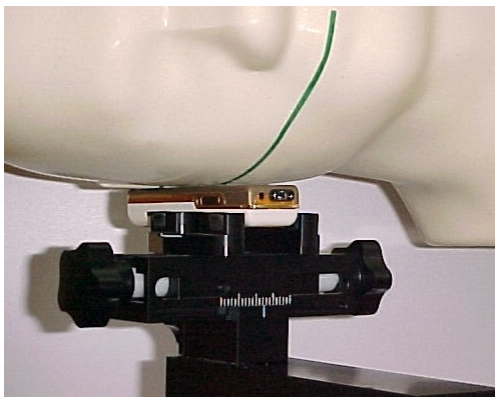


Photo of the device in “cheek” position

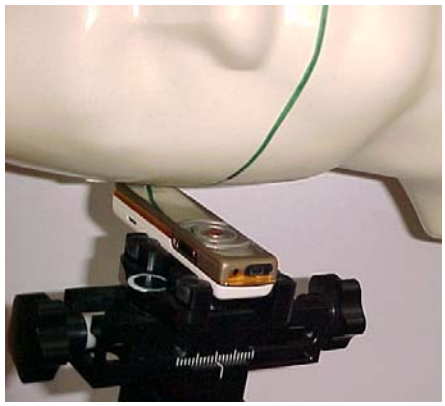


Photo of the device in “tilt” position

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in the photo below using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.

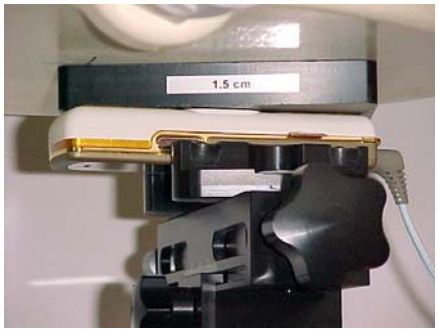


Photo of the device positioned for Body SAR measurement.
The spacer was removed for the tests.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	c_i	$c_i . u_i$ (%)	v_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.8	N	1	1	±5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±8.3	R	√3	1	±4.8	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5.2	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2.1	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±10.0	R	√3	1	±5.8	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			**±14.9**	206
Coverage Factor for 95%			**k=2**				
Expanded Standard Uncertainty						**±29.8**	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

1900MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM1900	Power		30.0 dBm	30.5 dBm	29.7 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.375	-
		Tilt	-	0.339	-
	Right	Cheek	0.371	0.393	**0.438**
		Tilt	-	0.364	-
GSM1900	Highest SAR value measurement in this band repeated with BT active		-	-	0.408

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

1900MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM1900	Power	30.0 dBm	30.5 dBm	29.7 dBm
	Without headset	0.491	**0.570**	0.557
	Headset HS-35	0.407	0.422	0.419
1-slot GPRS1900	Power	28.7 dBm	29.5 dBm	29.2 dBm
	Without headset	0.507	0.586	**0.620**
	Headset HS-35	0.383	0.434	0.456
1-slot GPRS1900	Highest SAR value measurement in this mode repeated with BT active	-	-	0.538

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

See the following pages.

Date/Time: 2005-08-08 13:16:44

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:230

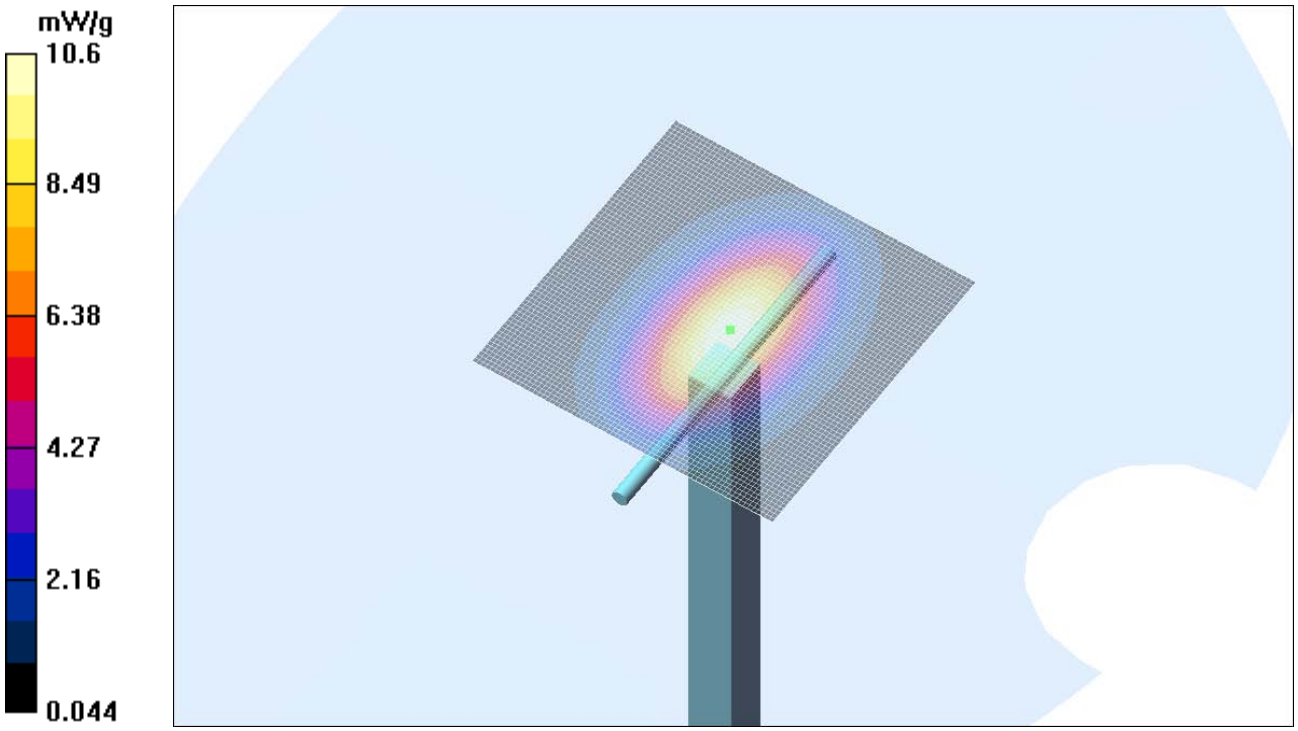
Communication System: Continuous Wave
Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Head 1800; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.2 C
Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.36 mho/m; ε_r = 39.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Advanced Extrapolation
- ConvF(5.13, 5.13, 5.13); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 92.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.6 mW/g


mW/g
10.6
8.49
6.38
4.27
2.16
0.044

Date/Time: 2005-08-09 12:02:35

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:230

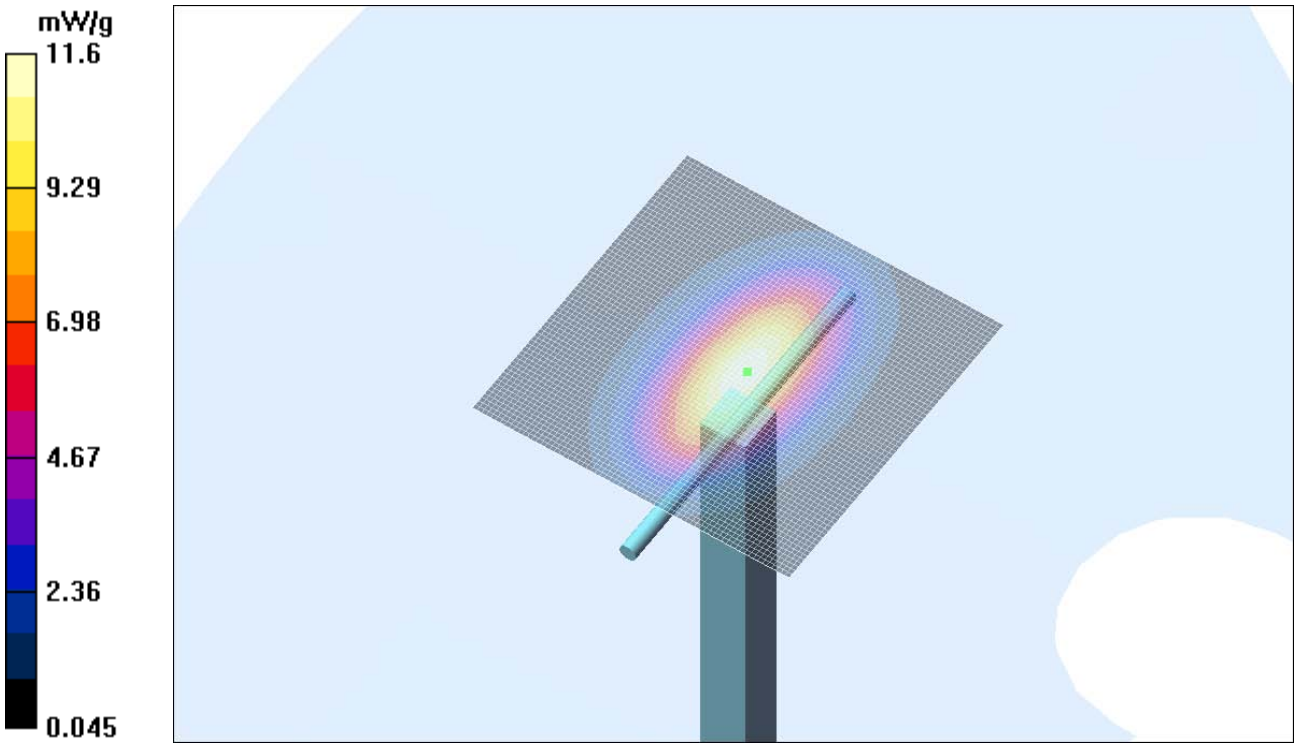
Communication System: Continuous Wave
Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Body 1800; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.3 C
Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ε_r = 52.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Advanced Extrapolation
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 91.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.96 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.33 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g


mW/g
11.6
9.29
6.98
4.67
2.36
0.045

Date/Time: 2005-08-11 13:06:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:230

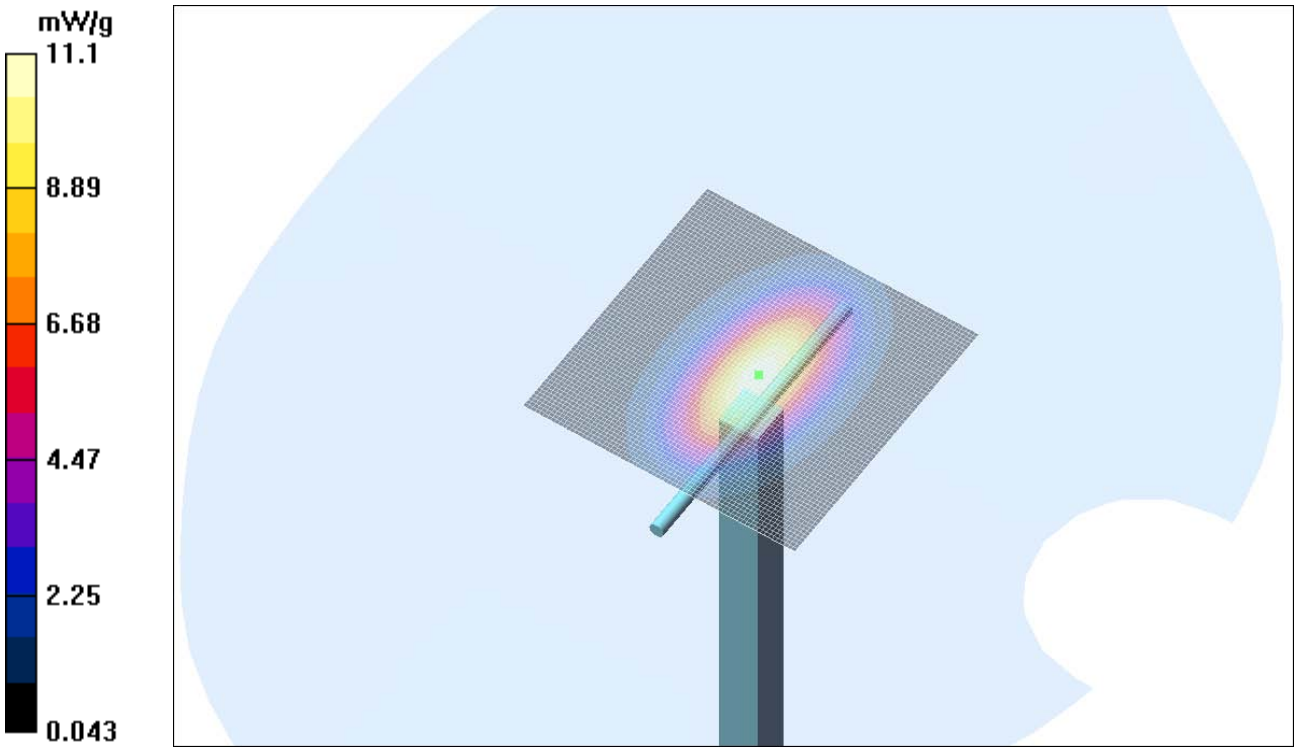
Communication System: Continuous Wave
Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Body 1800; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.2 C
Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.48 mho/m; ε_r = 55; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Advanced Extrapolation
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 90.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.59 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.2 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g


mW/g
11.1
8.89
6.68
4.47
2.25
0.043

Date/Time: 2005-08-12 17:34:52

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:230

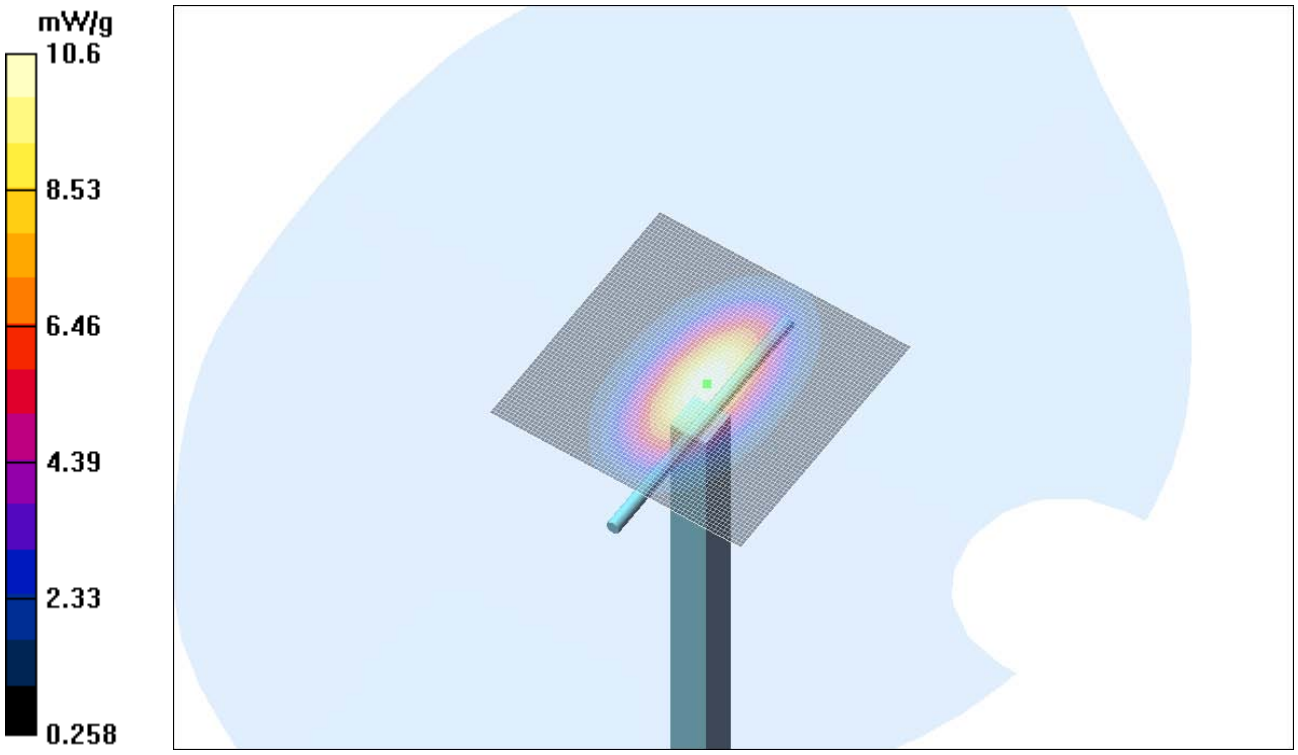
Communication System: Continuous Wave
Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Body 1800; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.6 C
Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ε_r = 54.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Advanced Extrapolation
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.8 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 89.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.120 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.21 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.95 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.6 mW/g


mW/g
10.6
8.53
6.46
4.39
2.33
0.258

APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

See the following pages.

Date/Time: 2005-08-08 16:02:00

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-111; Serial: 004400/66/167772/2

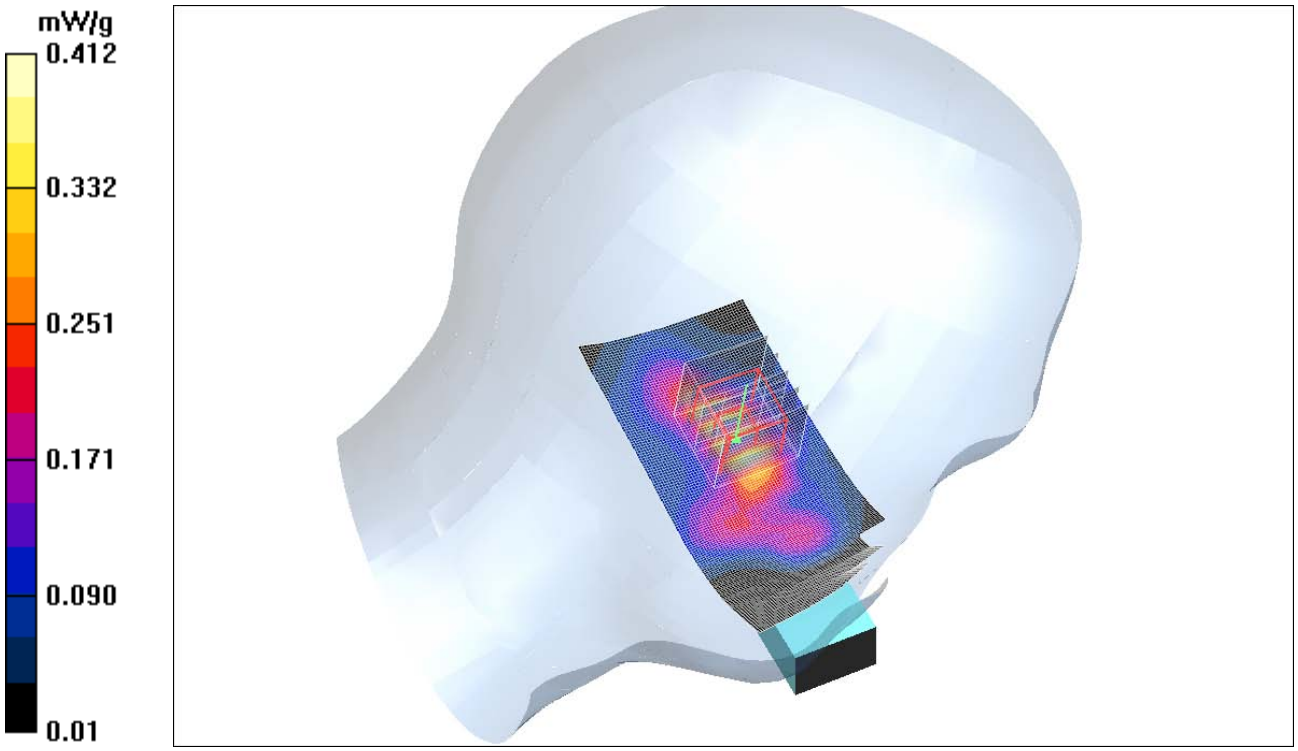
Communication System: GSM 1900
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.2 C
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.44 mho/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Cheek position - Middle/Area Scan (61x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.421 mW/g

Cheek position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.065 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.728 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.375 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 mW/g


mW/g
0.412
0.332
0.251
0.171
0.090
0.01

Date/Time: 2005-08-08 16:23:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-111; Serial: 004400/66/167772/2

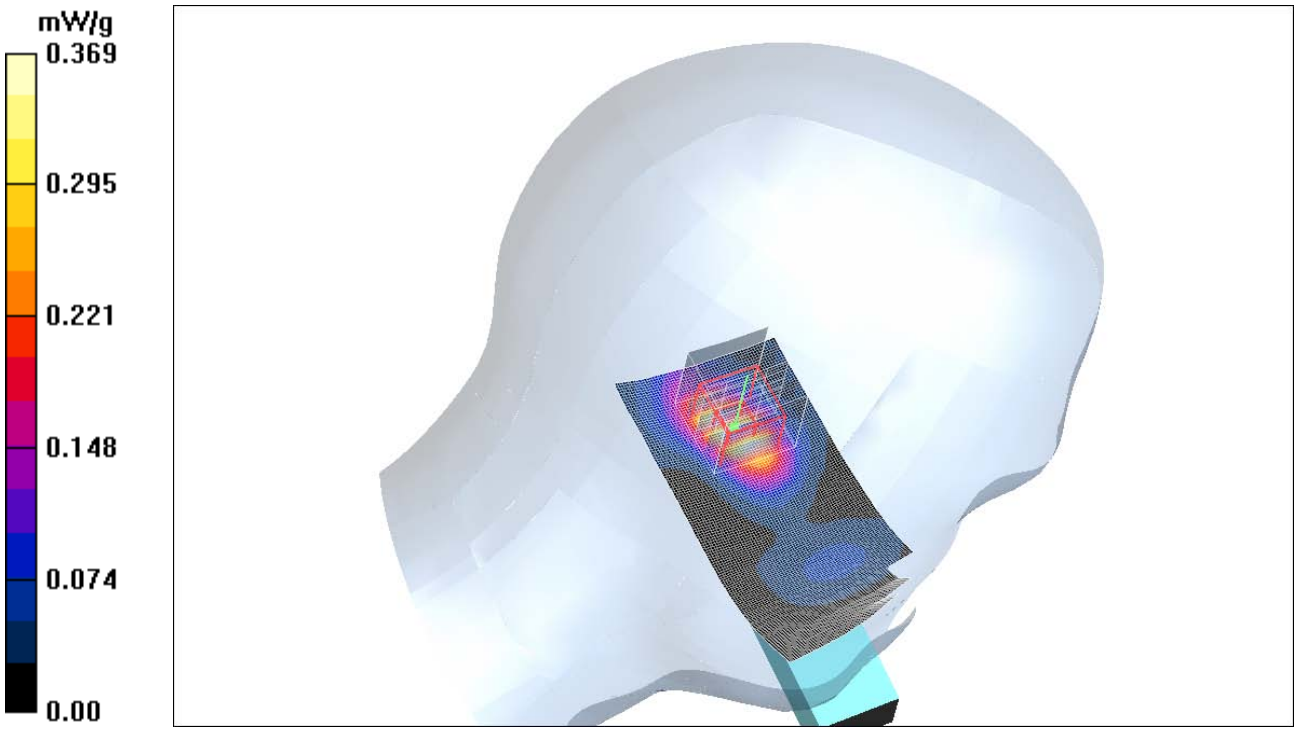
Communication System: GSM 1900
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.2 C
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.44 mho/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (61x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.380 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.026 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.696 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.339 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 mW/g


mW/g
0.369
0.295
0.221
0.148
0.074
0.00

Date/Time: 2005-08-08 18:32:04

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-111; Serial: 004400/66/167772/2

Communication System: GSM 1900
Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.2 C
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.47 mho/m; ε_r = 38.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

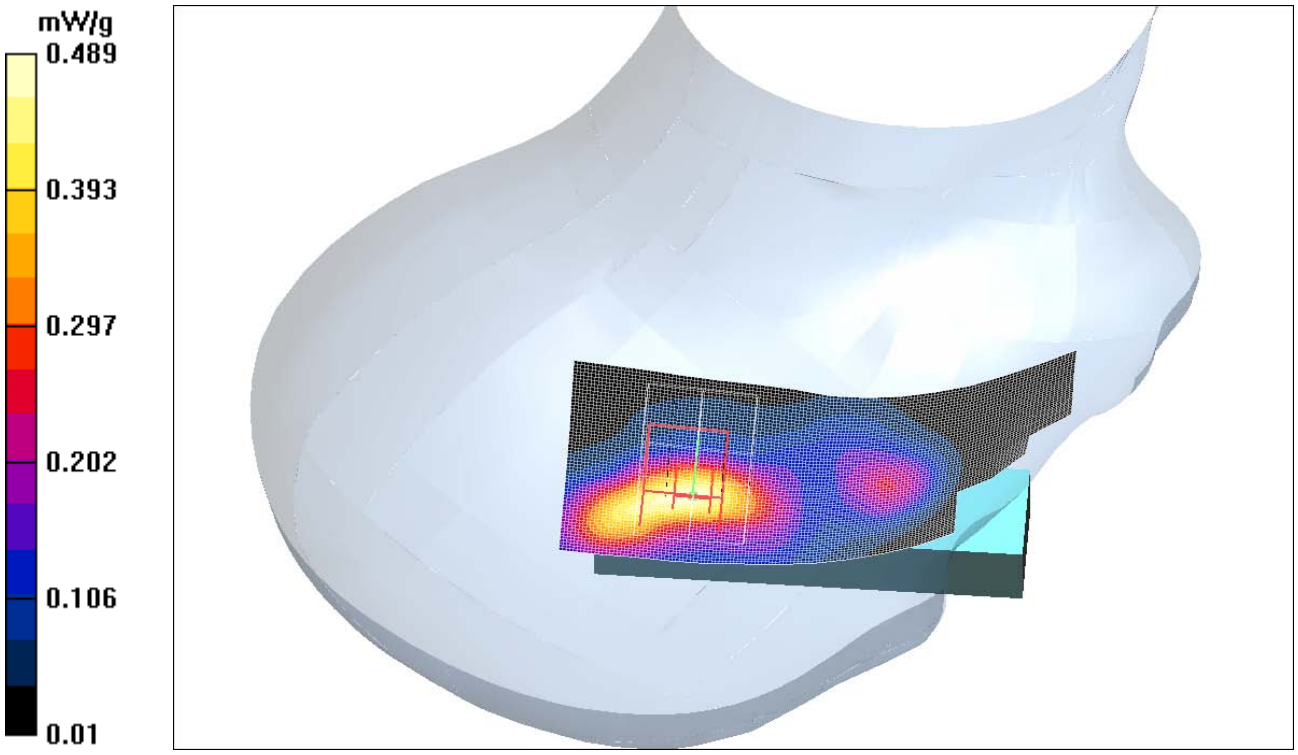
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

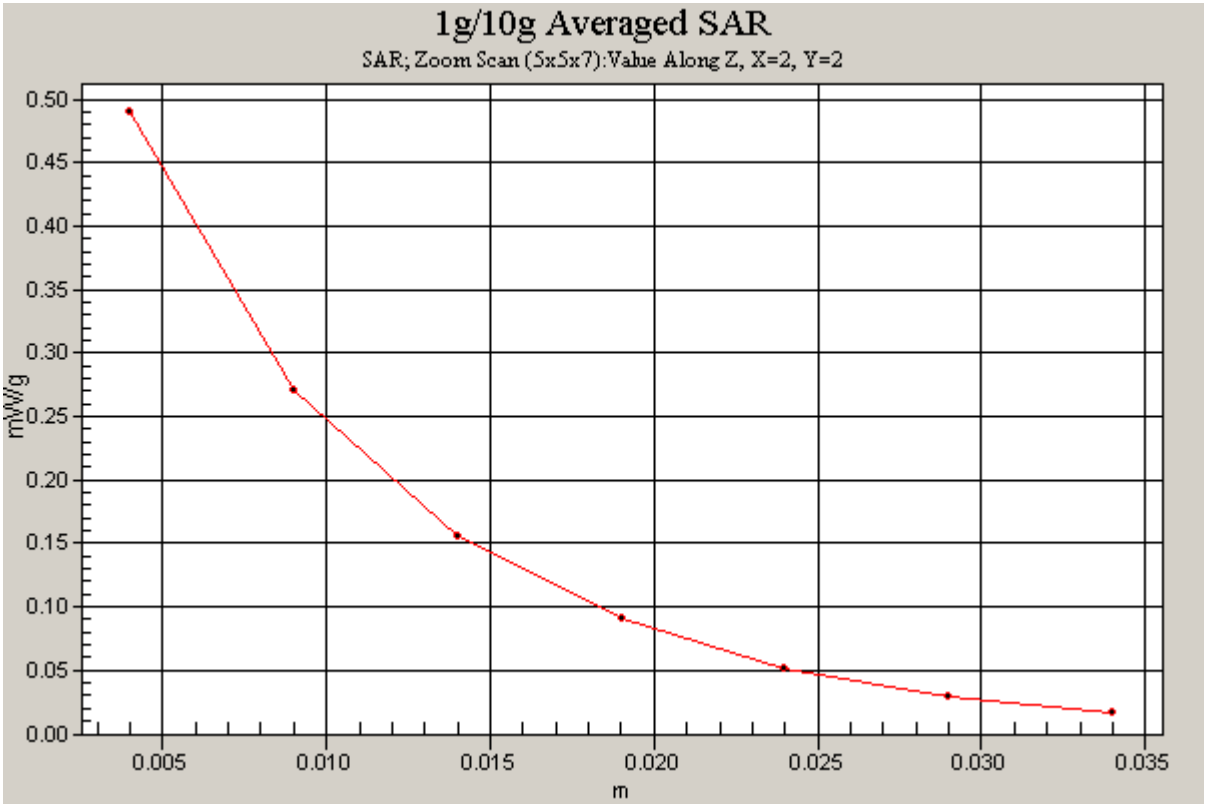
Cheek position - High/Area Scan (61x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.479 mW/g

Cheek position - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.072 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.888 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.438 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.489 mW/g


mW/g
0.489
0.393
0.297
0.202
0.106
0.01


1g/10g Averaged SAR
SAR; Zoom Scan (5x5x7):Value Along Z, X=2, Y=2
mW/g
0.50
0.45
0.40
0.35
0.30
0.25
0.20
0.15
0.10
0.05
0.00
0.005
0.010
0.015
0.020
0.025
0.030
0.035
m

Date/Time: 2005-08-08 17:13:52

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-111; Serial: 004400/66/167772/2

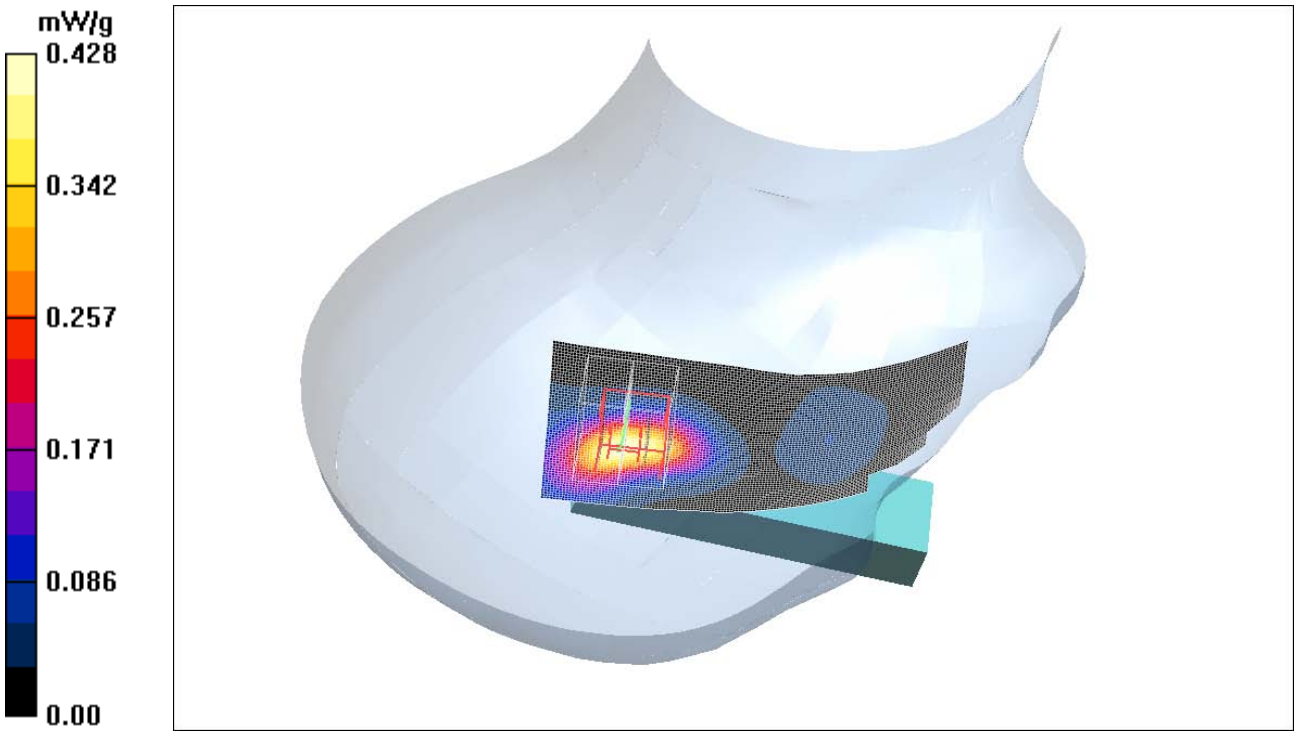
Communication System: GSM 1900
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.2 C
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.44 mho/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (61x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.428 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.803 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.364 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.398 mW/g


mW/g
0.428
0.342
0.257
0.171
0.086
0.00

Date/Time: 2005-08-11 16:13:39

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-111; Serial: 004400/66/167772/2

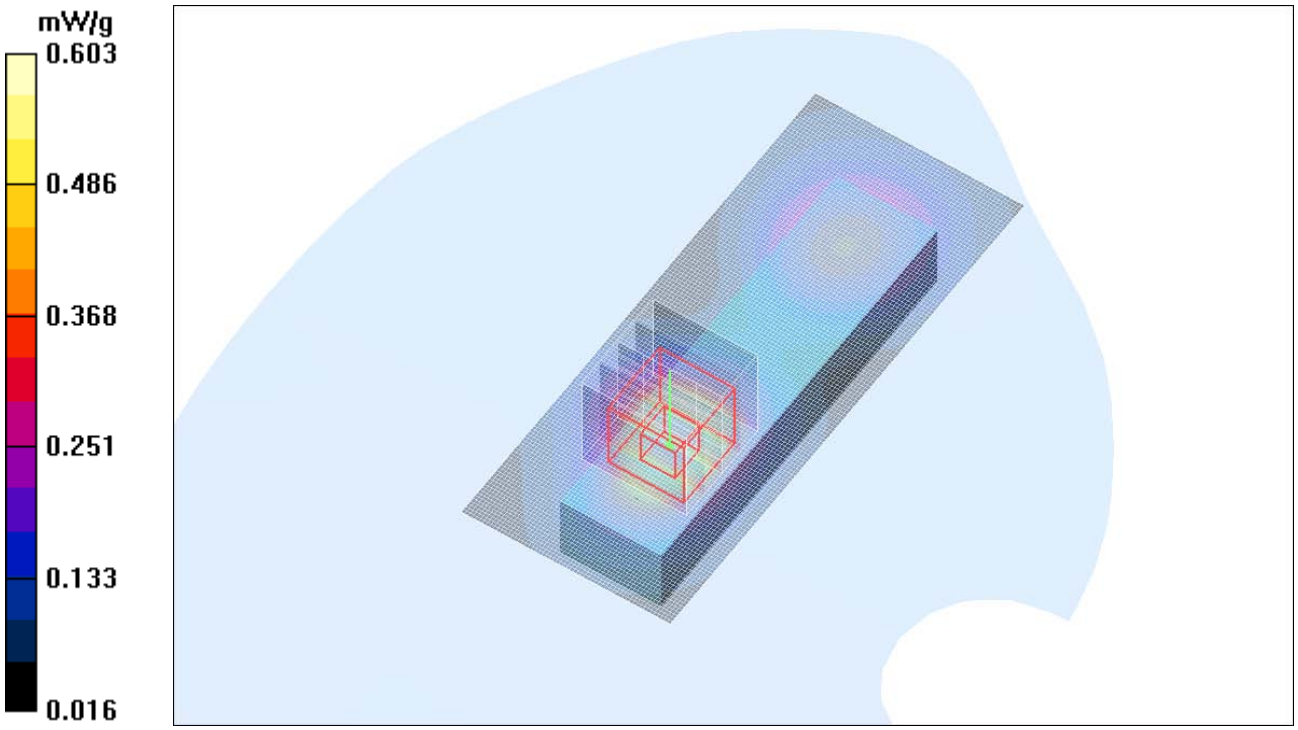
Communication System: GSM 1900
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.2 C
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.57 mho/m; ε_r = 54.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Body - Middle - No Accessory/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.613 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.181 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.570 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.603 mW/g


mW/g
0.603
0.486
0.368
0.251
0.133
0.016

Date/Time: 2005-08-11 14:56:31

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-111; Serial: 004400/66/167772/2

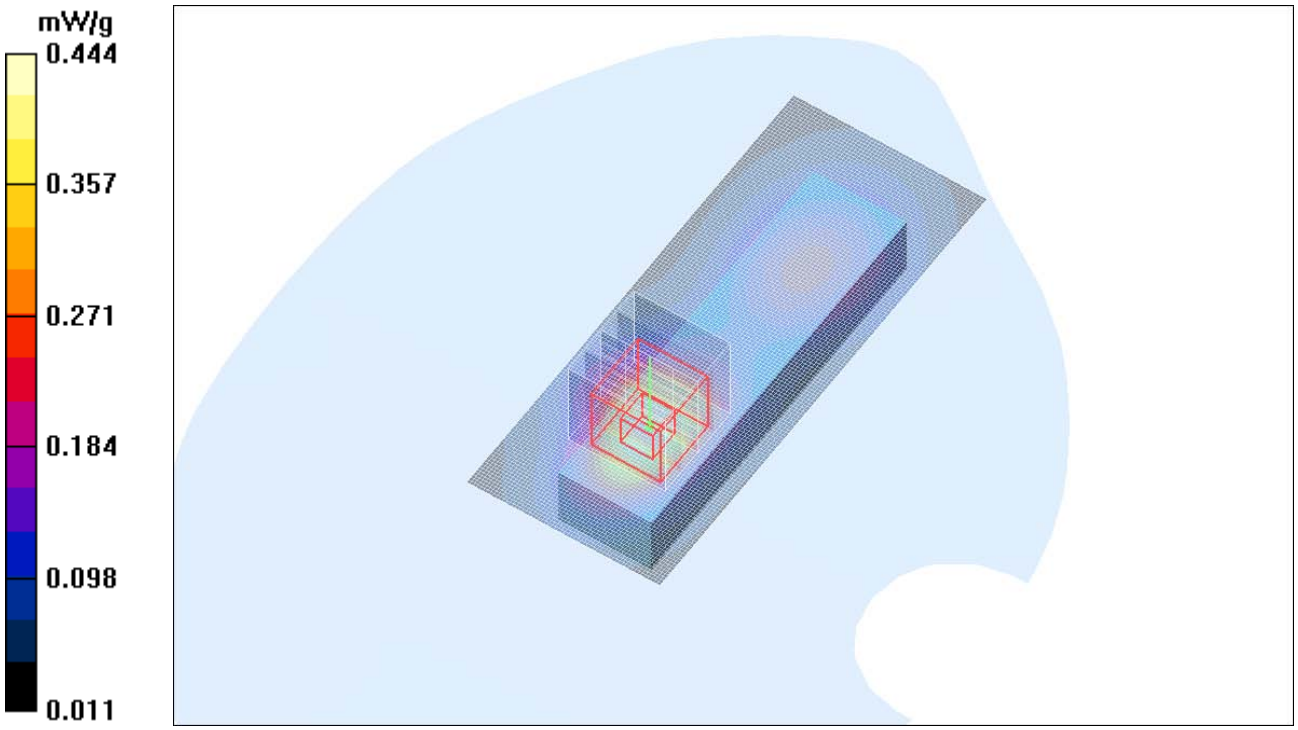
Communication System: GSM 1900
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.2 C
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.57 mho/m; ε_r = 54.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Body - Middle + HS-35/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.452 mW/g

Body - Middle + HS-35/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.074 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.900 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.422 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.444 mW/g


mW/g
0.444
0.357
0.271
0.184
0.098
0.011

Date/Time: 2005-08-09 19:40:06

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-111; Serial: 004400/66/167772/2

Communication System: 1-slot GPRS 1900
Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.3 C
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.63 mho/m; ε_r = 52.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

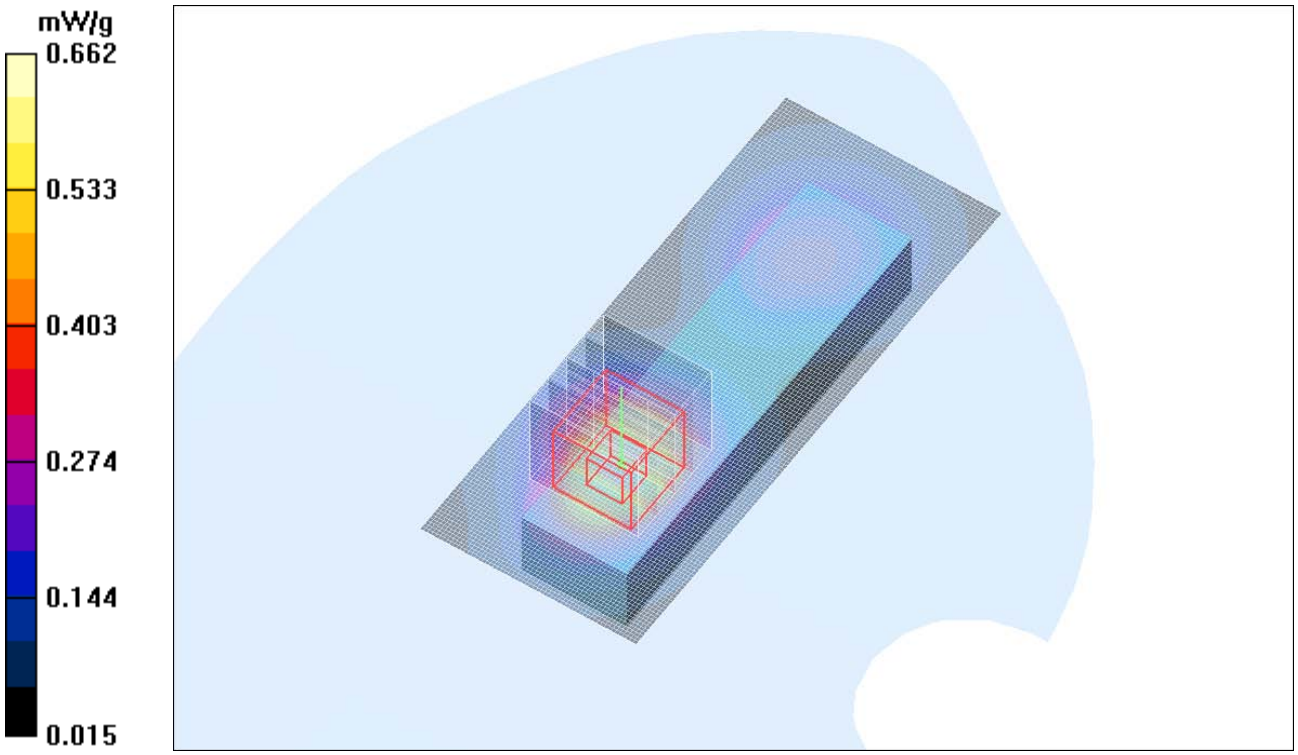
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

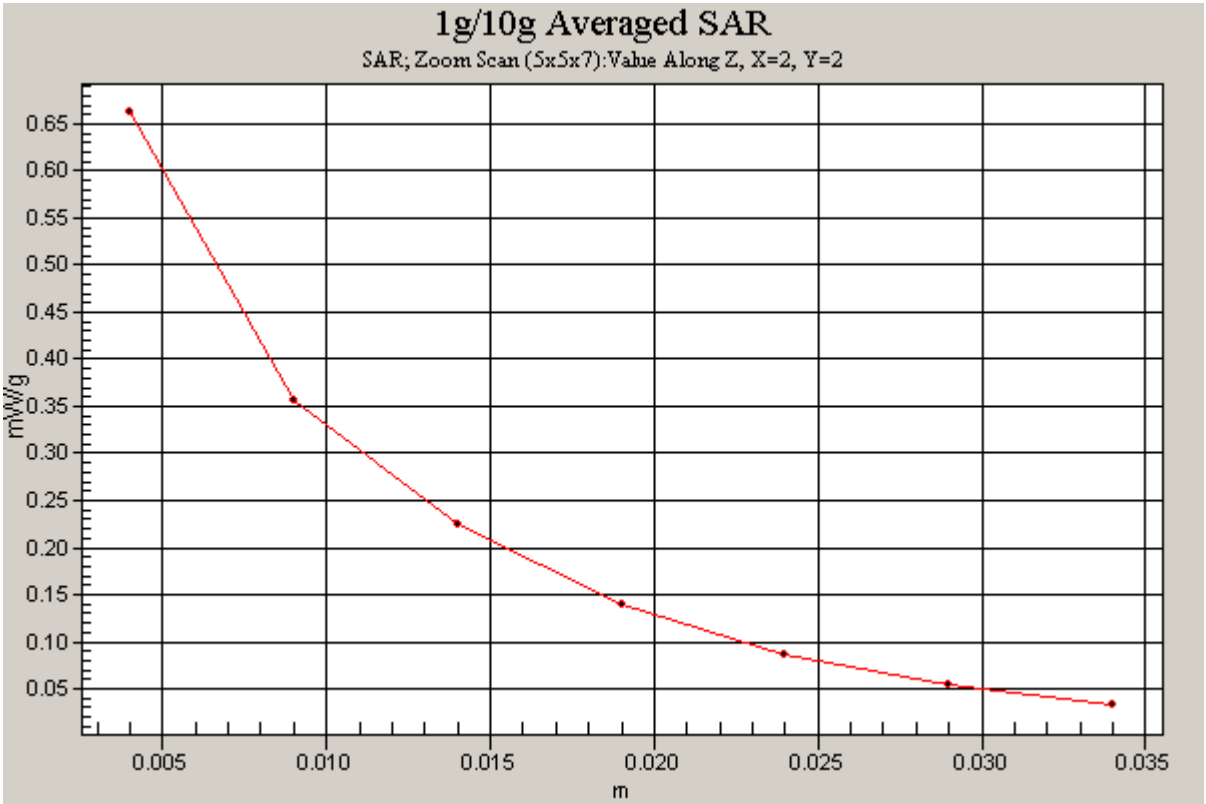
Body - High - No Accessory/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.666 mW/g

Body - High - No Accessory/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.620 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.339 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.662 mW/g


mW/g
0.662
0.533
0.403
0.274
0.144
0.015


1g/10g Averaged SAR
SAR; Zoom Scan (5x5x7):Value Along Z, X=2, Y=2
mW/g
0.65
0.60
0.55
0.50
0.45
0.40
0.35
0.30
0.25
0.20
0.15
0.10
0.05
0.005
0.010
0.015
0.020
0.025
0.030
0.035
m

Date/Time: 2005-08-11 19:56:33

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-111; Serial: 004400/66/167772/2

Communication System: 1-slot GPRS 1900
Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.2 C
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.6 mho/m; ε_r = 54.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

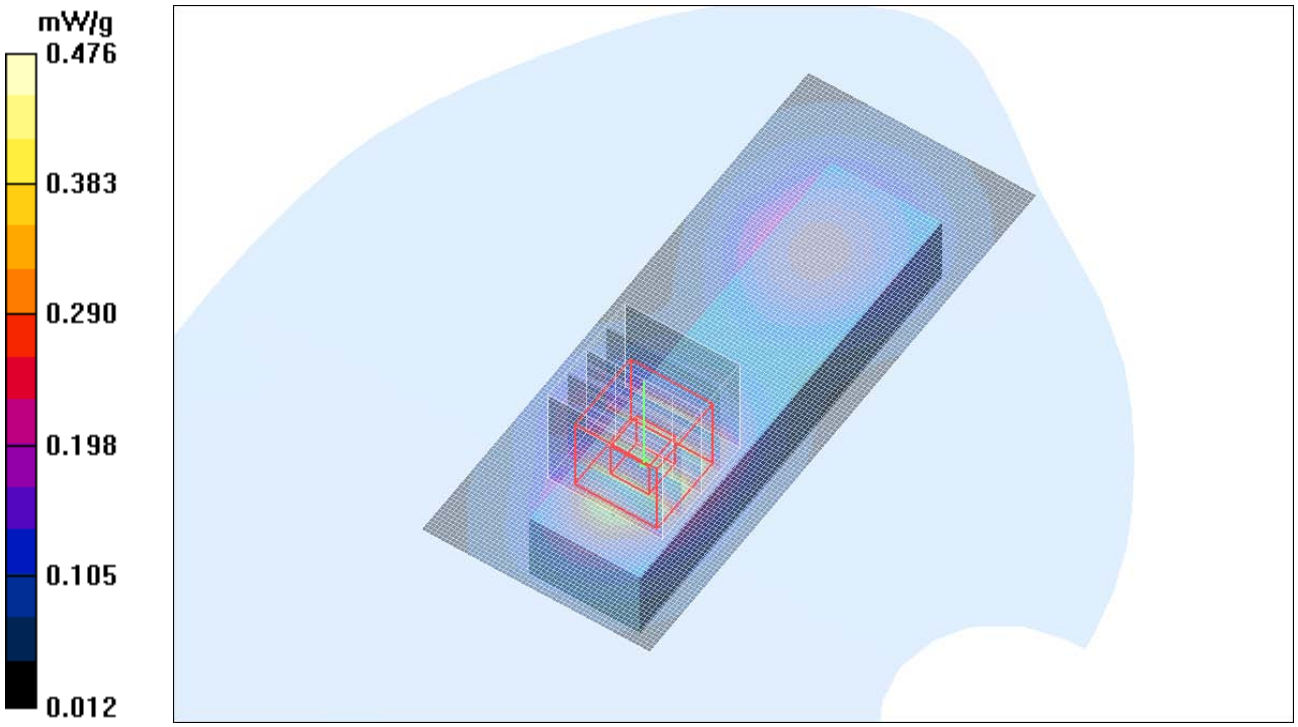
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Body - High + HS-35/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.481 mW/g

Body - High + HS-35/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.456 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.252 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.476 mW/g


mW/g
0.476
0.383
0.290
0.198
0.105
0.012

Date/Time: 2005-08-11 20:34:02

Test Laboratory: TCC Copenhagen
Type: RM-111; Serial: 004400/66/167772/2

Communication System: 1-slot GPRS 1900
Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: t=21.2 C
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.6 mho/m; ε_r = 54.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

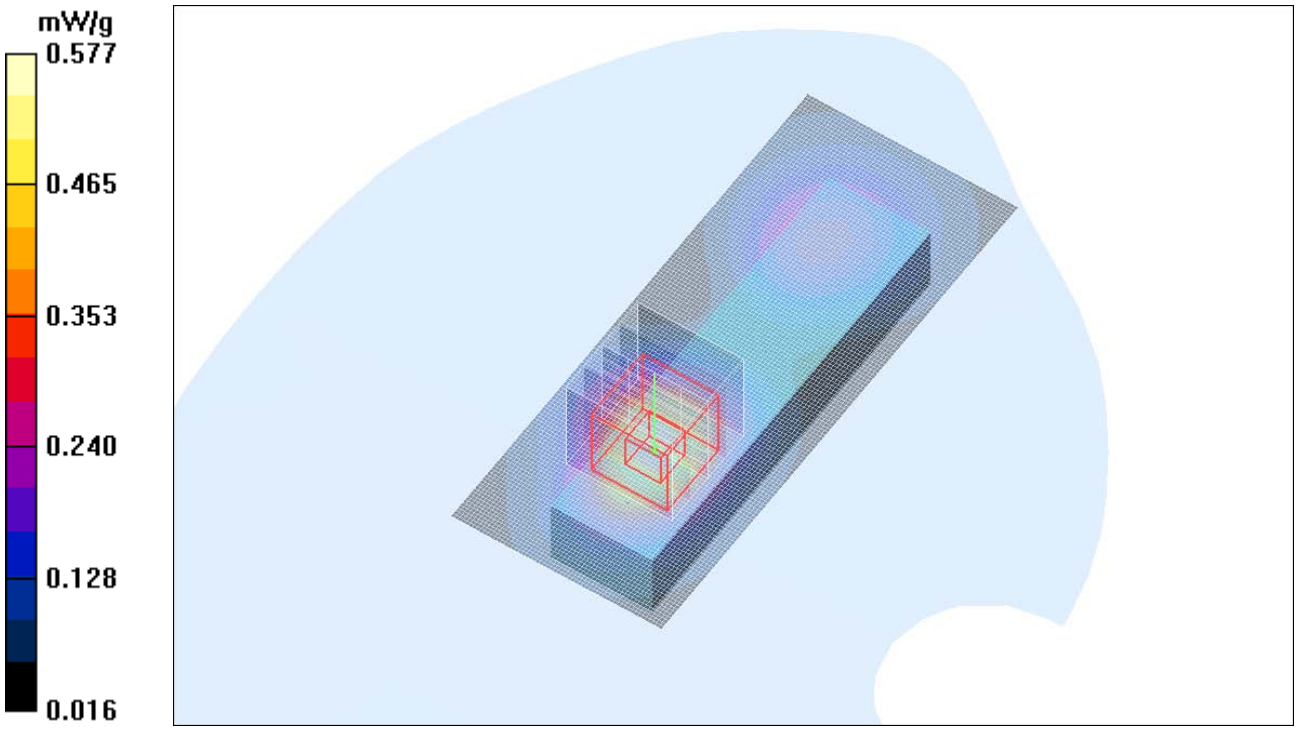
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1813; Probe Notes: Worst Case Extrapolation.
- ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 2004-09-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2005-01-24
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 145

Body - High - No Accessory - BT active/Area Scan (61x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.577 mW/g

Body - High - No Accessory - BT active/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.538 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.566 mW/g


mW/g
0.577
0.465
0.353
0.240
0.128
0.016

APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

See the following pages.

19368

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Nokia (NMP / Copenhagen)

Certificate No: ET3-1813_Sep04

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: ET3DV6 - SN:1813

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v5
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: September 30, 2004

Condition of the calibrated item: In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	Aug-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389)	May-05
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN:3013	8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04)	Jan-05
DAE4	SN: 617	26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04)	May-05

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Nov 04

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 1, 2004

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1813

Sensitivity in Free Space[A] Diode Compression[B]

NormX	**1.66** ± 9.9%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	**95** mV
NormY	**1.72** ± 9.9%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	**95** mV
NormZ	**1.56** ± 9.9%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	**95** mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.5	5.2
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.7	0.0

TSL **1750 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.9	8.6
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.5	0.2

Sensor Offset

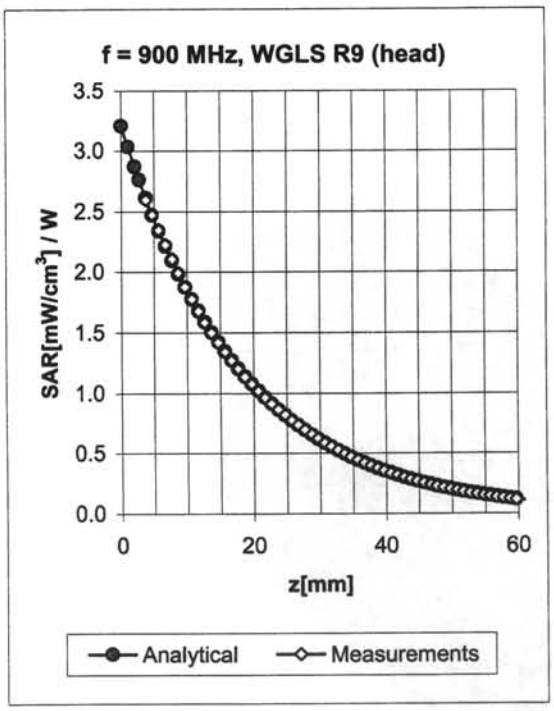
Probe Tip to Sensor Center	**2.7** mm

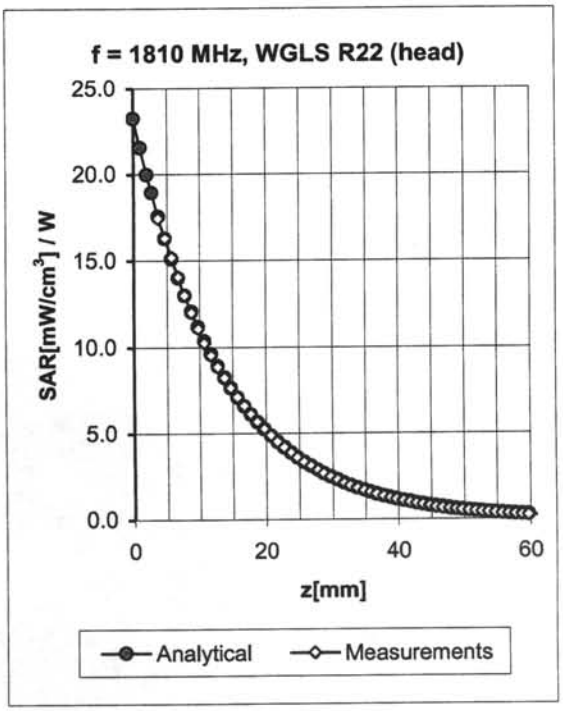
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Conversion Factor Assessment





f [MHz]	Validity [MHz][C]	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	1.02	1.53	6.37 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.96	1.59	6.17 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.58	2.33	5.13 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 101	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.55	2.52	4.96 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.50	2.77	4.75 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.62	2.37	4.50 ± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.99	1.58	6.17 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.93	1.65	5.95 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.53	2.77	4.55 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 101	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.53	2.96	4.41 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.53	2.67	4.42 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.59	2.30	4.21 ± 11.8% (k=2)

[C] The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY 4.3 B17 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

See the following pages.

15205

3/2-04

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **Nokia DK**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)	D1800V2 - SN:230
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v2 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	January 15, 2004
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	In house check: Mar-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Oct 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: January 19, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Date/Time: 01/14/04 14:14:38

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN230

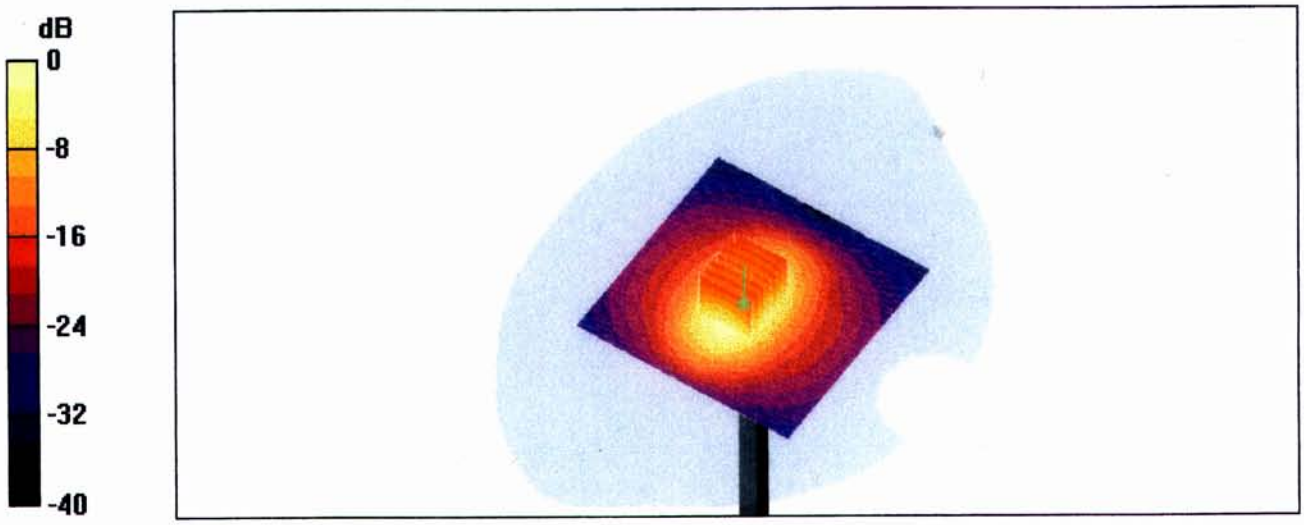
Communication System: CW-1800; Frequency: 1800 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 1800 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.38 mho/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(5.3, 5.3, 5.3); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 12; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 93

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Reference Value = 92.2 V/m
Power Drift = 0.0 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 11.4 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g
Reference Value = 92.2 V/m
Power Drift = 0.0 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 11.2 mW/g



0 dB = 11.2mW/g

Date/Time: 01/15/04 12:11:09

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN230

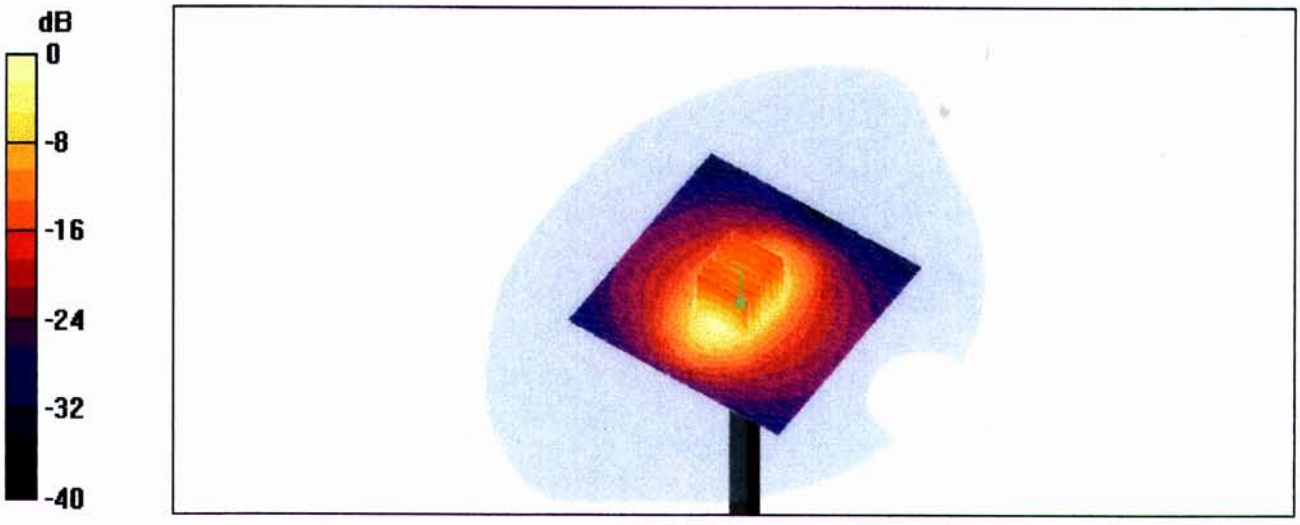
Communication System: CW-1800; Frequency: 1800 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Muscle 1800 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.49 mho/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 12; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 93

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Reference Value = 88.1 V/m
Power Drift = 0.0003 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 10.7 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.06 mW/g
Reference Value = 88.1 V/m
Power Drift = 0.0003 dB
Maximum value of SAR = 10.5 mW/g



0 dB = 10.5mW/g