

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No.: SET2021-05834

Product: WCDMA/GSM (GPRS) Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone

Brand Name: ZTE

Model No.: ZTE Blade L9

FCC ID: SRQ-BLADEL9

Applicant: ZTE CORPORATION

Address: ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China

Issued by: CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd.

Lab Location: Electronic Testing Building, No. 43 Shahe Road Xili Street,

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Manufacturer....: ZTE CORPORATION

Manufacturer Address: ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China

Test Standards....... 47CFR §2.1093- Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:

Portable Devices:

ANSI C95.1–1992: Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300

GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1-1991)

IEEE 1528–2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement

Techniques

Test Result....: Pass

Test Date.....: 2019.1.22-2021.5.12

Xin ynew Fang

2021-05-14

Tested by Xinyuan Fang, Test Engineer

Chris You, Senior Engineer

Approved by.....

2021-05-14

Shuangwen Zhang, Manager



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1. Administrative Data

1.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site: CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd.

Address: Electronic Testing Building, No. 43 Shahe Road Xili Street, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong 518055, China

CNAS Lab Code: CCIC-SET is a third party testing organization accredited by China

National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is

L1659.

A2LA Code: CCIC-SET is a third party testing organization accredited by A2LA accor

ding to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is 5721.01.

FCC Registration: CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered

and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Designation Number: CN1283, valid time is until

April 19, 2023.

ISED Registration: CCIC Southern Testing Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered by

Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 11185A-1

on Aug. 04, 2016, valid time is until April 19, 20231.

Test Environment Temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21 $^{\circ}$ C

Condition: Relative Humidity (%): 60%

Atmospheric Pressure (kPa): 86KPa-106KPa



2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Identification of the Equipment under Test

Device Type: Portable

Exposure Category: Population/Uncontrolled

Sample Name: WCDMA/LTE Multi-mode Digital Mobile Phone

Brand Name: ZTE

Model Name: ZTE Blade L9

GSM 850/1900/900/1800MHz,WCDMA 850MHz/1900MHz,

Support Band WIFI 2.4G, BT,GPS

GSM 850MHz/1900MHz, WCDMA 850MHz/1900MHz,

Test Band WIFI 2.4G

IMEI No. 867336050000017

Device Class B

Multi Class GPRS: Class 12

General description:

Accessories Power Supply

Modulation mode

Hotspot support Hotspot mode

Antenna type Internal Antenna

Operation mode GSM /WCDMA/WIFI

GSM(GMSK), UMTS(QPSK), WIFI(DSSS),

BT(GFSK/π/4-DQPSK/8-DPSK)

DTM mode Not support

Hardware Version ujvB

Software Version TEL_MX_ZTE_Blade_L9_V1.0

Model No.: Li3820T43P4h695945

Battery options : Manufacturer: Ningbo Veken Battery Co., Ltd.

Max. SAR Value Head: 0.607 W/Kg

Body: 0.962 W/Kg(Limit:1.6W/Kg, 10mm distance)

NOTE:

a. The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

b. The thickness of the increased by 0.35mm, so we retest the Back-Worn worst-case mode)



EUT testing configuration

Tested frequency range(s)	Transmitter Frequency Range	Receiver Frequency Range		
GSM850:	824-849 MHz	869-894 MHz		
GSM1900:	1850-1910 MHz	1930-1990 MHz		
UMTS Band II:	1850-1910 MHz	1930-1990 MHz		
UMTS Band V:	824-849 MHz	869-894 MHz		
WIFI(tested):	2412-2462 MHz			
	128-190-251(GSM850)			
	512-661-810(GSM1900)			
Test channels(low-mid-high):	9262-9400-9538(UMTS Band II)			
	4132-4183-4233(UMTS Band V)			
	1-6-11(Wife 2.4G 802.11b)			



3. SAR Summary

Highest Standalone SAR Summary

Exposure	Frequency	Scaled	Highest Scaled
Position	Band	1g-SAR(W/kg)	1g-SAR(W/kg)
	GSM850	0.577	
	GSM1900	0.134	
Head	WCDMA Band V	0.469	0.607
	WCDMA Band II	0.182	
	WIFI 2.4G 802.11b	0.607	

Exposure	Frequency	Scaled	Highest Scaled
Position	Band	1g-SAR(W/kg)	1g-SAR(W/kg)
	GSM850	0.962	
Dody worn	GSM1900	0.852	
Body-worn (10mm Gap)	WCDMA Band V	0.595	0.962
(10mm Gap)	WCDMA Band II	0.681	
	WIFI 2.4G 802.11b	0.107	

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Scaled	Highest Scaled
POSITION	Danu	1g-SAR(W/kg)	1g-SAR(W/kg)
	GSM850	0.962	
Hotanot	GSM1900	0.852	
Hotspot (10mm Gap)	WCDMA Band V	0.595	0.962
(10mm Gap)	WCDMA Band II	0.681	
	WIFI 2.4G 802.11b	0.107	

Highest Simultaneous SAR Summary

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Highest Scaled 1g-SAR(W/kg)
Hotspot (10mmGap)	WWAN(GSM850)&WIFI	1.069



4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

where C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



4.2 Applicable Standards and Limits

4.2.1 Applicable Standards

47CFR §2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices					
ANSI C95.1-1992	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency					
	Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1-1991)					
IEEE 1528–2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average					
	Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless					
	Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques					
KDB 248227 D01	v02r02 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR					
KDB 447498 D01	v06 General RF Exposure Guidance					
KDB 648474 D04	v01r03 Handset SAR					
KDB 865664 D01	v01r04 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz					
KDB 865664 D02	v01r02 SAR Exposure Reporting					
KDB 941225 D01	v03r01 3G SAR Procedures					
KDB 941225 D06	v02r01 Hotspot Mode					

4.2.2 RF exposure Limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population		
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body)	1.60 mW/g		
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g		
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Limbs)	4.00 mW/g		

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters.

Notes:

- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

^{*} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time



4.3 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SATIMO. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

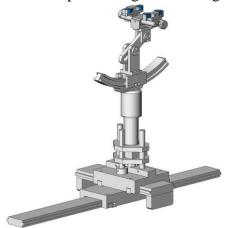


SAM Twin Phantom

4.4 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SATIMO as an integral part of the COMOSAR test system.

The device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder



4.5 Probe Specification



Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g.,

DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 700 MHz to 3 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.5 dB (700 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

 \pm 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe

axis)

Dynamic Range $1.5 \mu W/g$ to 100 mW/g;

Linearity: $\pm 0.5 \text{ dB}$

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 5 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: <2.7 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 3 GHz

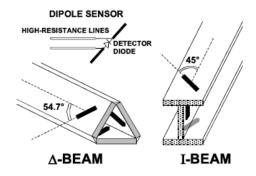
Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

Compatibility COMOSAR

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:





5. Tissue check and recommend Dielectric Parameters

5.1 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness Power drifts in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Table 1: Recommended Dielectric Performance of Tissue

Ingredients						Frequenc	ey (MHz)					
(% by weight)	45	50	83	35	91.	5	1	900	24	50	26	00
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.46	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	55.24	64.49
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04	0.5	0.024
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0	44.45	32.25
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.2	52.5	39.0	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.80	1.78	1.96	2.16

MSL/HSL750 (Body and Head liquid for 650 – 850 MHz)

MBE TISE 750 (Body and Tieda Inquia 101 050 050 MILE)							
Item	Head Tissue Simulation Liquid HSL750						
	Muscle(body)Tissue	Simulation Liquid M	SL750				
H2O	Water, 35 – 58%						
Sucrese	Sugar, white, refined	, 40-60%					
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, 0-6%						
Hydroxyethel-cellulsoe	Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-62-0), <0.3%						
Preventol-D7	Preservative: aqueou	s preparation, (CAS#	55965-84-9), containi	ing			
	5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone,						
	0.1-0.7%						
Frequency (MHz)	Head ε r Head $\sigma(S/m)$ Body ε r Body $\sigma(S/m)$						
750	41.9 0.89 55.2 0.97						

Note: The liquid of 700MHz&2600MHz typical liquid composition is provided by SATIMO.



Frequency:5200/5400/5600/5800MHz					
Ingredients	(% by weight)				
Water	78				
Mineral oil	11				
Emulsifiers	9				
Additives and Salt	2				

Table 2 Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

Erasyanav (MHz)	Head	Tissue	Body '	Tissue
Frequency (MHz)	$\mathcal{E}_{ m r}$	σ(S/m)	\mathcal{E}_{r}	σ(S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00



5.2 Simulate liquid

Liquid check results:

Table 3: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.2 °C; Humidity: 64%;						
/	Frequency	Permittivity ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)			
Target value	850MHz	41.5±5%	0.90±5%			
Validation value (2019-01-22)	850MHz	41.44	0.87			
Target value	1900MHz	40.5±5%	1.40±5%			
Validation value (2019-01-24)	1900MHz	40.55	1.43			
Target value	2450MHz	39.2±5%	1.80±5%			
Validation value (2019-01-25)	2450MHz	39.25	1.83			

Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

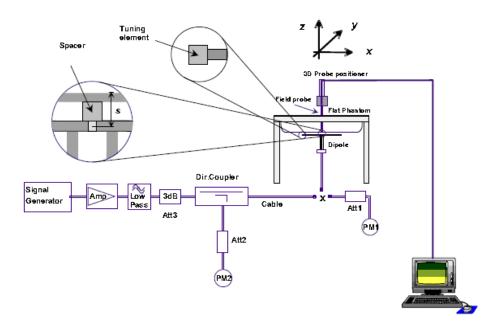
	Temperature: 23.2 ℃; Humidity: 64%;						
/	Frequency	Permittivity ε	Conductivity σ (S/m)				
Target value	850MHz	55.2±5%	0.97±5%				
Validation value (2019-01-22)	850MHz	55.18	0.98				
Target value	1900MHz	53.3±5%	1.52±5%				
Validation value (2019-01-24)	1900MHz	53.36	1.52				
Target value	2450MHz	52.7±5%	1.95±5%				
Validation value (2019-01-25)	2450MHz	52.74	1.98				
Target value	850MHz	55.2±5%	0.97±5%				
Validation value (2021-05-10)	850MHz	55.16	0.94				
Target value	1900MHz	53.3±5%	1.52±5%				
Validation value (2021-05-11)	1900MHz	53.33	1.53				
Target value	2450MHz	52.7±5%	1.95±5%				
Validation value (2021-05-12)	2450MHz	52.65	1.93				



SAR System validation

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The following procedure, recommended for performing validation tests using box phantoms is based on the procedures described in the IEEE standard P1528. Setup according to the setup diagram below:



With the SG and Amp and with directional coupler in place, set up the source signal at the relevant frequency and use a power meter to measure the power at the end of the SMA cable that you intend to connect to the balanced dipole. Adjust the SG to make this, say, 0.01W (10 dBm). If this level is too high to read directly with the power meter sensor, insert a calibrated attenuator (e.g. 10 or 20 dB) and make a suitable correction to the power meter reading.

- Note 1: In this method, the directional coupler is used for monitoring rather than setting the exact feed power level. If, however, the directional coupler is used for power measurement, you should check the frequency range and power rating of the coupler and measure the coupling factor (referred to output) at the test frequency using a VNA.
- Note 2: Remember that the use of a 3dB attenuator (as shown in Figure 8.1 of P1528) means that you need an RF amplifier of 2 times greater power for the same feed power. The other issue is the cable length. You might get up to 1dB of loss per meter of cable, so the cable length after the coupler needs to be quite short.
- Note 3: For the validation testing done using CW signals, most power meters are suitable. However, if you are measuring the output of a modulated signal from either a signal generator or a handset, you must ensure that the power meter correctly reads the modulated signals.

The measured 1-gram averaged SAR values of the device against the phantom are provided in Tables 5 and Table 6. The humidity and ambient temperature of test facility were 64% and $23.2\,^{\circ}$ C respectively. The body phantom were full of the body tissue simulating liquid. The EUT was supplied with full-charged battery for each measurement.



The distance between the back of the EUT and the bottom of the flat phantom is 10 mm (taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna).

Table 4: Head SAR system validation (1g)

Г	D 1	Target value	Test value (W/kg)	
Frequency	Duty cycle	(W/kg)	10 mW	1W
835MHz(2019-01-22)	1:1	9.61±10%	0.0984	9.84
1900MHz(2019-01-24)	1:1	39.35±10%	0.3967	39.67
2450MHz(2019-01-25)	1:1	52.67±10%	0.5214	52.14

Body SAR system validation (1g)

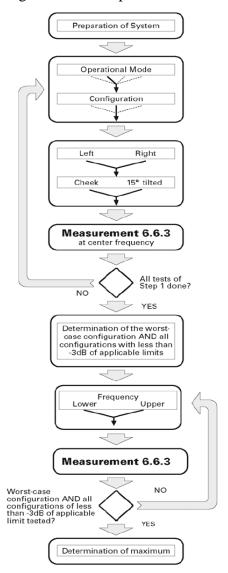
T.	D . 1	Target value	Test value (W/kg)	
Frequency	Duty cycle	(W/kg)	10 mW	1W
835MHz(2019-01-22)	1:1	9.88±10%	0.0987	9.87
1900MHz(2019-01-24)	1:1	38.84±10%	0.3976	39.76
2450MHz(2019-01-25)	1:1	51.42±10%	0.5223	52.23
835MHz(2021-05-10)	1:1	9.97±10%	0.1042	10.42
1900MHz(2021-05-11)	1:1	40.69±10%	0.3927	39.27
2450MHz(2021-05-12)	1:1	54.83±10%	0.5590	55.90

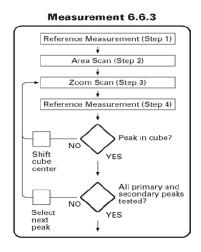
^{*} Note: Target value was referring to the measured value in the calibration certificate of reference dipole. Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.



6. SAR measurement procedure

The SAR test against the head phantom was carried out as follow:





Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator, the connection between the EUT and the base station simulator is established via air interface.

After an area scan has been done at a fixed distance of 2mm from the surface of the phantom on the source side, a 3D scan is set up around the location of the maximum spot SAR. First, a point within the scan area is visited by the probe and a SAR reading taken at the start of testing. At the end of testing, the probe is returned to the same point and a second reading is taken. Comparison between these start and end readings enables the power drift during measurement to be assessed.

Above is the scanning procedure flow chart and table from the IEEEp1528 standard. This is the procedure for which all compliant testing should be carried out to ensure that all variations of the device position and transmission behavior are tested.



7. Conducted RF Output Power

7.1 GSM Conducted Power

GSM850		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division		e-Average Power (dB:	•
		128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	28CH	190CH	251CH
GSN	M (CS)	32.35	32.24	32.20	-9.19	23.16	23.05	23.01
	1 Tx Slot	32.22	32.14	32.15	-9.19	23.03	22.95	22.96
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	29.34	29.37	29.26	-6.13	23.21	23.24	23.13
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	27.93	27.89	28.01	-4.42	23.51	23.47	23.59
	4 Tx Slots	27.08	27.20	27.13	-3.18	23.90	24.02	23.95
		Burst-Averaged output Power			Division	Frame-Averaged output		
GSN	M1900	(dBm)				Power (dBm)		
		512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	512CH	661CH	810CH
GSN	M (CS)	29.33	28.89	28.64	-9.19	20.14	19.70	19.45
	1 Tx Slot	28.86	28.83	28.59	-9.19	19.67	19.64	19.40
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	26.15	26.17	26.06	-6.13	20.02	20.04	19.93
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	24.79	24.72	24.82	-4.42	20.37	20.30	20.40
	4 Tx Slots	23.69	23.56	24.31	-3.18	20.51	20.38	21.13

Note: Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

For hotspot SAR, EUT was performed at GPRS Class 12 multi-slots(2Tx) mode

For Head and Body-worn SAR testing, EUT was set in GSM Voice mode for both GSM850 and GSM1900

Timeslot consignations

No. Of Slots	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation	1Up4Down	2UpDown	3UpDown	4Up1Down
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.67	1:2
Crest Factor	-9.19dB	-6.13dB	-4.42dB	-3.18dB



7.2 WCDMA Conducted output Power

	band	W	WCDMA 850			WCDMA 1900		
Item	Frequency	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538	
	Subtest		dBm			dBm		
WCDMA	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.28	22.19	22.23	22.25	22.21	22.23	
	1	22.15	22.1	22.13	21.95	22.05	22.13	
HSDPA	2	22	21.82	21.87	21.83	21.8	21.91	
IISDIA	3	21.93	21.79	21.91	21.72	21.72	21.92	
	4	21.98	21.72	22	21.8	21.74	22	
	1	21.85	21.91	21.88	21.85	21.99	21.1	
	2	21.74	21.68	21.76	21.73	21.75	20.94	
HSUPA	3	21.67	21.78	21.75	21.7	21.83	21.05	
	4	21.73	21.69	21.6	21.72	21.75	20.87	
	5	21.62	21.73	21.73	21.61	21.86	20.99	

Note:

- WCDMA SAR was tested under PMC 12.2kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225
 D01v03r01.HSPA SAR was not requires since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2W/kg.
- 2. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSPA subtests may be up to 2dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0dB according to the chipset implementation in this model



7.3 WIFI Conducted Power

WLAN 2.4GHz Band Conducted Power

Channel/Energ (MHz)	Maximum	Conducted Out Power (dBm) Average
Channel/Freq.(MHz)	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n(HT20)
1(2412)	16.00	13.05	8.69
6(2437)	15.69	12.80	8.51
11(2462)	15.27	12.35	8.43

Note:

- 1. Per KDB248227 D01 v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion
- 2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at lowest data rate
- 3. Per KDB248227 D01 v02r02, 802.11g/11n-HT20/11n-HT40 is not required. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2W/Kg$. Thus the SAR can be excluded.

7.5 Bluetooth Output Power

Channel	Frequency	BT3.0 Output Power(dBm) Average				
Chamilei	(MHz)	GFSK	π/4-DQPSK	8-DPSK		
CH 0	2402	8.11	9.23	9.46		
CH 39	2441	8.34	9.44	9.49		
CH 78	2480	7.76	9.34	9.49		
Channel	Frequency	BT4.0 Output	Power(dBm)Peak			
Chainlei	(MHz)	C	FSK			
CH 0	2402	5				
CH 20	2442	5				
CH 39	2480	5	5.362			



8. SAR test Exclusion and estimate SAR calculation:

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50mm are determined by:[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test

separation distance, mm)] $\{\sqrt{f} \text{ (GHz)}\} \le 3.0 \text{ for } 1\text{-g SAR and } \le 7.5 \text{ for } 10\text{-g extremity SAR}\}$

- (1) f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- (2) Power and distance are round to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- (3) The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- $(4) \ \ If the test separation distance (antenna-user) is < 5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation$

(5)

BT3.0 Max Power (dBm)	mW	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency(GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
9.5	8.913	5	2.45	2.790

Per KDB 447498 D01v06 exclusion thresholds is 2.790<3, RF exposure evaluation is not required.

BT estimated SAR value=Exclusion Thresholds/7.5=2.790/7.5=0.372W/Kg

BT3.0 Max Power (dBm)	mW	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency(GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
9.5	8.913	10	2.45	1.395

Per KDB 447498 D01v06 exclusion thresholds is 1.395<3, RF exposure evaluation is not required.

BT estimated SAR value=Exclusion Thresholds/7.5=1.395/7.5=0.186W/Kg

BT4.0 Max Power (dBm)	mW	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency(GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
6	3.981	5	2.45	1.246

Per KDB 447498 D01v06 exclusion thresholds is 1.246<3, RF exposure evaluation is not required.

BT estimated SAR value=Exclusion Thresholds/7.5=1.246/7.5=0.166W/Kg

BT4.0 Max Power (dBm)	mW	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency(GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
6	3.981	10	2.45	0.623

Per KDB 447498 D01v06 exclusion thresholds is 0.623<3, RF exposure evaluation is not required.

BT estimated SAR value=Exclusion Thresholds/7.5=0.623/7.5=0.083W/Kg

The estimated SAR value is used for simultaneous transmission analysis.



Antenna Location:



Antenna-to-User (Edge Side) distance (mm):

Antenna	Front	Back	Edge A	Edge B	Edge C	Edge D
WWAN Main Antenna	4	2	146	5	1	6
WIFI	2	2	0	6	124	40

Note: The diagonal distance of the overall section is 14.5cm.

The Body SAR measurement positions of each band are as below:

Antenna	Front	Back	Edge A	Edge B	Edge C	Edge D
WWAN Antenna Body-worn	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
WWAN Antenna hotspot	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No

Note: According to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when antenna-to-edge>2.5cm, SAR is not required.



9. Scaling Factor calculation

Operation Mode	Channel	Output Power(dBm)	Tune up Power in tolerance(dBm)	Scaling Factor
	128	32.25	31.5 ±1.0	1.059
GSM850	190	32.24	31.5 ±1.0	1.062
	251	32.20	31.5 ±1.0	1.072
CDDC050/CDDC)	128	27.08	26.5 ±1.0	1.102
GPRS850(GPRS) 4Tx	190	27.20	26.5 ±1.0	1.072
41X	251	27.13	26.5 ±1.0	1.089
	512	29.33	28.5 ±1.0	1.040
GSM1900	661	28.89	28.5 ±1.0	1.151
	810	28.64	28.5 ±1.0	1.219
	512	23.69	23.5 ±1.0	1.205
GPRS1900(GPRS) 4Tx	661	23.56	23.5 ± 1.0	1.242
	810	24.31	23.5 ± 1.0	1.045
	4132	22.28	21.5 ± 1.0	1.052
WCDMA850	4183	22.19	21.5 ± 1.0	1.074
	4233	22.23	21.5 ± 1.0	1.064
	9262	22.25	21.5 ±1.0	1.059
WCDMA1900	9400	22.21	21.5 ±1.0	1.069
	9538	22.23	21.5 ±1.0	1.064
	1	16.00	15.5 ±1.0	1.122
WIFI 2.4G 802.11b	6	15.69	15.5 ±1.0	1.205
	11	15.27	15.5 ±1.0	1.327
BT	CH39	9.49	8.5 ± 1.0	1.002



10.Test Results

Table 1: SAR Values of GSM 850MHz Band

		Temper	erature: 23.0~23.		: 62~64%.			
			Channel	S	AR(W/Kg)), 1.6 (1g average))	- Plot
Т	Γest Positio	ns	/Frequency	SAR	Scaled	Scaled SAR	Power	No.
	Т	T	(MHz)	(W/Kg),1g	Factor	(W/Kg),1g	drift (%)	
	Left	Cheek	190/836.6	0.543	1.062	0.577	4.25	1
Head		Tilt	190/836.6	0.466	1.062	0.495	-1.13	
Ticud	Right	Cheek	190/836.6	0.431	1.062	0.458	-1.68	
	Kişiit	Tilt	190/836.6	0.309	1.062	0.328	-3.48	
		Face Upward	190/836.6	0.690	1.072	0.740	1.25	
			128/824.2	0.873	1.102	0.962	2.23	
			190/836.6	0.880	1.072	0.943	-0.77	2
D. d	GPRS		251/848.8	0.775	1.089	0.844	-4.88	
Body-worn (10mm Separation)	(4Tx)	Back Upward	128/824.2 Repeated	0.851	1.102	0.938	3.25	
			190/836.6 Repeated	0.833	1.072	0.893	1.24	
			251/848.8 Repeated	0.846	1.089	0.921	-3.74	
			*190/836.6	0.547	1.072	0.586	-0.45	11
		Face Upward	190/836.6	0.690	1.072	0.740	1.25	
			128/824.2	0.873	1.102	0.962	2.23	
			190/836.6	0.880	1.072	0.943	-0.77	2
			251/848.8	0.775	1.089	0.844	-4.88	
Hotspot	GPRS	Back Upward	128/824.2 Repeated	0.851	1.102	0.938	3.25	
(10mm Separation)	(4Tx)		190/836.6 Repeated	0.833	1.072	0.893	1.24	
,			251/848.8 Repeated	0.846	1.089	0.921	-3.74	
			*190/836.6	0.547	1.072	0.586	-0.45	11
		Edge B	190/836.6	0.611	1.072	0.655	-2.30	
		Edge C	190/836.6	0.516	1.072	0.553	3.40	
		Edge D	190/836.6	0.580	1.072	0.622	-4.46	



Table 2: SAR Values of GSM1900 MHz Band

		Tempe	rature: 23.0~23. Channel	1		, 1.6 (1g average))	
Т	Test Positio	ons	/Frequency (MHz)	SAR (W/Kg),1g	Scaled Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg),1g	Power drift (%)	Plot No.
	Left	Cheek	661/1880	0.059	1.151	0.068	-0.05	
Head	Leit	Tilt	661/1880	0.018	1.151	0.021	3.39	
Head	D' da	Cheek	661/1880	0.116	1.151	0.134	0.24	3
	Right	Tilt	661/1880	0.037	1.151	0.043	0.24	
	GPRS (4Tx)	Face Upward	661/1880	0.126	1.242	0.156	-1.56	
D - d		Back Upward	661/1880	0.377	1.242	0.468	-0.31	4
Body-worn (10mm			512/1850.2	0.663	1.205	0.799	1.13	
Separation)			*661/1880.0	0.686	1.242	0.852	-2.41	12
			810/1909.8	0.680	1.045	0.711	-3.64	
		Face Upward	661/1880	0.126	1.242	0.156	-1.56	
			661/1880	0.377	1.242	0.468	-0.31	4
		D 1 II 1	512/1850.2	0.663	1.205	0.799	1.13	
Hotspot (10mm	GPRS (4Tx)	Back Upward	*661/1880.0	0.686	1.242	0.852	-2.41	12
Separation)	(11/1)		810/1909.8	0.680	1.045	0.711	-3.64	
		Edge B	661/1880	0.025	1.242	0.031	-1.15	
		Edge C	661/1880	0.104	1.242	0.129	-1.32	
		Edge D	661/1880	0.055	1.242	0.068	-1.57	



Table 3: SAR Values of WCDMA850

		Temper	rature: 23.0~23.	5 ℃, humidity:	: 62~64%.			
			Channel	SAR(W/Kg), 1.6 (1g average)				
T	est Positio	ons	/Frequency	SAR	Scaled	Scaled SAR	Power	Plot No.
	.		(MHz)	(W/Kg),1g	Factor	(W/Kg),1g	drift (%)	110.
	Left	Cheek	4183/836.6	0.338	1.074	0.363	-0.39	
Head	Len	Tilt	4183/836.6	0.165	1.074	0.177	-1.10	
Heau	Dight	Cheek	4183/836.6	0.437	1.074	0.469	3.29	5
	Right	Tilt	4183/836.6	0.308	1.074	0.331	-1.68	
		Face Upward	4183/836.6	0.406	1.074	0.436	-0.33	
Body-wo (10mm Separ		Back Upward	4183/836.6	0.429	1.074	0.461	-1.23	6
			*4183/836.6	0.554	1.074	0.595	-1.75	14
		Face Upward	4183/836.6	0.406	1.074	0.436	-0.33	<u></u>
		Back Upward	4183/836.6	0.429	1.074	0.461	-1.23	6
Hotspo		Dack Opward	*4183/836.6	0.554	1.074	0.595	-1.75	14
(10mm Sepa	aration)	Edge B	4183/836.6	0.311	1.074	0.334	-0.68	
			4183/836.6	0.091	1.074	0.098	-1.58	
			4183/836.6	0.253	1.074	0.272	-0.16	



Table 4: SAR Values of WCDMA1900

		Tempe	rature: 23.0~23.	5 ℃, humidity:	62~64%.			
			Channel	SAR(W/Kg), 1.6 (1g average)				
Т	est Positio	ons	/Frequency	SAR	Scaled	Scaled SAR	Power	Plot No.
		,	(MHz)	(W/Kg),1g	Factor	(W/Kg),1g	drift (%)	110.
	Left	Cheek	9400/1880	0.049	1.069	0.052	1.40	
Head	Len	Tilt	9400/1880	0.022	1.069	0.024	-0.52	
Ticau	Diaht	Cheek	9400/1880	0.170	1.069	0.182	2.71	7
	Right	Tilt	9400/1880	0.089	1.069	0.095	-2.66	
		Face Upward	9400/1880	0.124	1.069	0.133	-0.18	
Body-wo (10mm Sepa		Back Upward	9400/1880	0.145	1.069	0.155	-0.45	8
			*9400/1880	0.637	1.069	0.681	-4.46	13
		Face Upward	9400/1880	0.124	1.069	0.133	-0.18	
		Dools Unsered	9400/1880	0.145	1.069	0.155	-0.45	8
Hotspo		Back Upward	*9400/1880	0.637	1.069	0.681	-4.46	13
(10mm Sepa	(10mm Separation)		9400/1880	0.018	1.069	0.019	-4.83	
			9400/1880	0.124	1.069	0.133	-0.38	
			9400/1880	0.053	1.069	0.057	3.77	



Table 5: SAR Values of Wi-Fi 802.11b

		Tempe	erature: 23.0~23	.5 ℃, humidity	y: 62~64%			
			Channel	S	AR(W/Kg)), 1.6 (1g average))	Plot
Т	est Positio	ons	/Frequency (MHz)	SAR	Scaled Factor	Scaled SAR	Power	No.
		Charle	, ,	(W/Kg),1g		(W/Kg),1g	drift (%)	0
	Left	Cheek	6/2437	0.504	1.205	0.607	-3.23	9
Head	Lore	Tilt	6/2437	0.433	1.205	0.522	0.75	
Head	Dight	Cheek	6/2437	0.178	1.205	0.214	1.51	
	Right	Tilt	6/2437	0.156	1.205	0.188	4.60	
		Face Upward	6/2437	0.087	1.205	0.105	2.77	
Body-wo (10mm Separ		D 1 11 1	*6/2437	0.089	1.205	0.107	-2.48	10
(' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	,	Back Upward	6/2437	0.067	1.205	0.081	-3.23	15
		Face Upward	6/2437	0.087	1.205	0.105	2.77	
		Back Upward	*6/2437	0.089	1.205	0.107	-2.48	10
Hotspot (10mm Separation)		Back Opward	6/2437	0.067	1.205	0.081	-3.23	15
		Edge A	6/2437	0.051	1.205	0.061	2.83	
		Edge B	6/2437	0.050	1.205	0.060	-1.98	

Note:

- 1. Per KDB941225 D06 v02r01, When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested. As the manufacture requirement the separation distance use 5mm for Hotspot mode.
- 2. Per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. RMC 12.2kbps was as primary mode SAR, when the primary mode SAR less than 1.2W/kg, secondary SAR (HSPA) was not requires.
- 3. When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel or the channel with the highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. (Per KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06)
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - $\bullet \le 0.6$ W/kg, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 4. '*' meaning the new test results base on the original worst-case Body-Back test cofigurations



11. Simultaneous Transmissions Analysis

Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless device has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 6 of this report. Maximum localized SAR is **below** exposure limits specified in the relevant standards.

Simultaneous SAR

No.	Transmitter Combinations	Scenario	Supported for Mobile
NO.	Transmitter Comoniations	Supported or not	Hotspot or not
1	GSM + BT	Yes	No
2	GSM + WIFI 2.4G	Yes	Yes
3	WCDMA +BT	Yes	No
4	WCDMA +WIFI2.4G	Yes	Yes
5	WIFI+BT	No	No

Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSMWCDMA and BT/WIFI (Head)

	Test Position	Left Cheek	Left Tilt	Right Cheek	Right Tilt
	GSM850	0.577	0.495	0.458	0.328
TT 1	GSM1900	0.068	0.021	0.134	0.043
Head	WCDMA850	0.363	0.177	0.469	0.331
MAX 1-g SAR(W/Kg)	WCDMA1900	0.052	0.024	0.182	0.095
SAK(W/Kg)	WIFI802.11b	0.607	0.522	0.214	0.188
	BT	0.372*	0.372*	0.372*	0.372*
WIFI Simultaneous ∑1-g SAR(W/Kg)		1.184	1.017	0.683	0.519
BT Simulta	aneous ∑1-g SAR(W/Kg)	0.949	0.867	0.841	0.703



Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSMWCDMA and BT/WIFI (Body).

	Test Position	Face	Back	Edge A	Edge B	Edge C	Edge D
	GSM850	0.740	0.962	/	/	/	/
Body-worn	GSM1900	0.156	0.852	/	/	/	/
10mm	WCDMA850	0.436	0.595	/	/	/	/
separation	WCDMA1900	0.133	0.681	/	/	/	/
MAX 1-g SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI802.11b	0.105	0.107	/	/	/	/
SAR(W/Rg)	BT	0.186*	0.186*	/	/	/	/
WIFI Simultaneous ∑1-g SAR(W/Kg)		0.845	1.069	/	/	/	/
BT Simulta	aneous ∑1-g SAR(W/Kg)	0.926	1.148	/	/	/	/

Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSMWCDMA and WIFI (Body).

Test Position		Face	Back	Edge A	Edge B	Edge C	Edge D
II .	GSM850	0.740	0.962	/	0.655	0.553	0.622
Hotspot	GSM1900	0.156	0.852	/	0.031	0.129	0.068
10mm	WCDMA850	0.436	0.595	/	0.334	0.098	0.272
separation MAX 1-g	WCDMA1900	0.133	0.681	/	0.019	0.133	0.057
SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI802.11b	0.105	0.107	0.061	0.060	/	/
SAK(W/Kg)	BT	0.186*	0.186*	0.186*	0.186*	/	/
WIFI Simultaneous ∑1-g SAR(W/Kg)		0.845	1.069	0.061	0.715	/	/
BT Simultaneous ∑1-g SAR(W/Kg)		0.926	1.148	0.186	0.841	/	/

The estimated SAR value with * Signal

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the Sum of the SAR is not greater than 1.6 W/kg SPLSR assessment is not required



12. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Uncertainty Component	Туре	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) ui(%)	Degree of freedom Veff or vi
		ı	Measur	rement System				
1	– Probe Calibration	В	5.8	N	1	1	5.8	∞
2	– Axial isotropy	В	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	1.43	∞
3	—Hemispherical Isotropy	В	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.41	∞ ∞
4	– Boundary Effect	В	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
5	– Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞
6	- System Detection Limits	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
7	Modulation response	В	3	N	1	1	3.00	
8	- Readout Electronics	В	0.5	N	1	1	0.50	∞
9	– Response Time	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
10	 Integration Time 	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
11	- RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
12	- Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
13	- Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞
14	- Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR evaluation	В	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.33	∞
			Uncertai	nties of the DUT			1	l



						1,01	JUILING, JE 12	.021 0000+
15	– Position of the DUT	A	2.6	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.6	5
16	– Holder of the DUT	A	3	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	3.0	5
17	Output Power Variation SAR drift measurement	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	∞
			Phantom and T	issue Paramete	rs			
18	- Phantom Uncertainty(shape and thickness tolerances)	В	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
19	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	В	2	N	1	1	2.00	
20	- Liquid Conductivity Target -tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
21	Liquid Conductivity measurement Uncertainty)	В	4	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.92	9
22	Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
23	- Liquid Permittivity -measurement uncertainty	В	5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Co	ombined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			10.63	
	Expanded uncertainty (Confidence interval of 95 %)			K=2			21.26	

System Check Uncertainty

No.	Uncertainty Component	Туре	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%) ui(%)	Degree of freedom Veff or vi	
	Measurement System								
1	– Probe Calibration	В	5.8	N	1	1	5.8	∞	
2	– Axial isotropy	В	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	1.43	∞	



	Nepolt No. 3E12021-03034								
	3 —Hemispherical Isotropy	В	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.5	2.41	∞	
	4 — Boundary Effect	В	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	oo	
	5 – Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.71	∞	
	6 - System Detection Limits	В	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞	
	7 Modulation response	В	0	N	1	1	0.00		
	8 - Readout Electronics	В	0.5	N	1	1	0.50	- x	
!	9 - Response Time	В	0.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	œ	
1	10 – Integration Time	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞	
1	11 - RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞	
1	- Probe Position Mechanical tolerance	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	∞	
1	- Probe Position with respect to Phantom Shell	В	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.81	oo oo	
1	Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR evaluation	В	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.33	- x	
			Uncertai	nties of the DUT	,				
1	Deviation of experimental source from numberical source	A	4	N	1	1	4.00	5	
	Input Power and SAR drift measurement	A	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	5	
1	17 Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	В	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	00	
			Phantom and T	issue Paramete	rs				
1	18 – Phantom Uncertainty(shape	В	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞	



	and thickness tolerances)							
19	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation(in permittivity and conductivity)	В	2	N	1	1	2.00	
20	- Liquid Conductivity Target -tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
21	- Liquid Conductivity -measurement Uncertainty)	В	4	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.92	9
22	Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	В	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.95	∞
23	- Liquid Permittivity -measurement uncertainty	В	5	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.15	∞
Co	ombined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			10.15	
	Expanded uncertainty (Confidence interval of 95 %)			K=2			20.29	



13. Equipment List

This table is a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment. Devices used during the test described are marked \boxtimes .

	EQUIPMENT	Model	Serial number	Calibration Date	Due Date
\boxtimes	SAR Probe	SSE2	SN27/15 EPGO261	2020/06/25	2021/06/24
\boxtimes	SAR Probe	SSE5	SN 04/13 EP166	2018/04/01	2019/03/31
	Dipole	SID835	SN 09/13 DIP0G835-217	2020/06/25	2021/06/24
	Dipole	SID1900	SN 09/13 DIP1G900-218	2020/06/25	2021/06/24
	Dipole	SID2450	SN_09/13_DIP2G450-220	2020/06/25	2021/06/24
	Dipole	SID835	SN 09/13 DIP0G835-217	2017/11/27	2019/11/26
	Dipole	SID1900	SN 09/13 DIP1G900-218	2017/11/27	2019/11/26
	Dipole	SID2450	SN_09/13_DIP2G450-220	2017/11/27	2019/11/26
	Multimeter	Keithley-2000	4014020	2021/04/26	2022/04/25
	System Simulator(R&S)	CMW500	130805	2020/07/26	2021/07/25
	KEYSIGHT	E7515A	MY56040357	2021/04/26	2022/04/25
	Vector Network Analyzer(R&S)	ZVB8	A0802530	2021/04/26	2022/04/25
	PC 3.5 Fixed Match Calibration Kit	ZV-Z32	100571	2020/11/26	2021/11/25
	Dielectric Probe Kit	SCLMP	SN 09/13 OCPG51	2020/11/26	2021/11/25
	Signal Generator	SMU200A	A140801888	2021/03/12	2022/03/11
	Amplifier	Nucletudes	143060	2021/03/12	2022/03/11
	Directional Coupler	DC6180A	305827	2021/03/12	2022/03/11
\boxtimes	Power Meter	NRP2	A140401673	2021/03/12	2022/03/11
\boxtimes	Power Sensor	NPR-Z11	1138.3004.02-114072-nq	2021/03/12	2022/03/11
\boxtimes	Power Meter	NRVS	A0802531	2021/03/12	2022/03/11
	Power Sensor	NRV-Z4	100069	2021/03/12	2022/03/11



ANNEX A:	Appendix A:	SAR S	ystem performance	Check Plots
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(Please See Appendix A)

ANNEX B: Appendix B: SAR Measurement results Plots

(Please See Appendix B)

ANNEX C: Appendix C: Calibration reports

(Please See Appendix C)

ANNEX D: Appendix D: SAR Test Setup

(Please See Appendix D)

—End of the Report—