Hardware Guide
HP Compaq Notebook Series

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This guide explains how to identify and use notebook hardware features, including connectors for external devices. It also includes power and environmental specifications, which can be helpful when traveling with the notebook.

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1

Notebook Features

TouchPad Components

Component	Description
❶ TouchPad	Moves the pointer and selects or activates items on the screen. Can be set to perform other mouse functions, such as scrolling and double-clicking.
❷ Left and right TouchPad buttons	Function like the left and right buttons on an external mouse.

Top Components

Component	Description
❶ Power button*	When the notebook is:
	■ Off, press and release to turn on the notebook.
	■ In Standby, press and release to exit Standby.
	■ In Hibernation, press and release to exit Hibernation.
	If the system has stopped responding and Microsoft Windows shutdown procedures cannot be used, press and hold for 5 seconds to turn off the notebook.

*This table describes default settings. For information about changing the functions of the power button and about using Standby and Hibernation, refer to the "Power" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD.

(Continued)

Component	Description
❷ **fn** key	Executes frequently used system functions when pressed in combination with a function key or the **esc** key.
❸ Microsoft logo key	Displays the Windows Start menu.
❹ Quick Launch buttons (3)	Enable you to access common functions with a single keystroke.
	■ QuickLock button (left)—Disables the keyboard and pointing device and clears the display.
	■ Wireless On/Off button (center)—Enables and disables the optional integrated wireless device(s) on the notebook.
	■ Presentation Mode buttons (right)—Alternates between presentation modes.
	✎ When using the Wireless On/Off button to enable integrated wireless LAN (WLAN) or Bluetooth, first ensure that WLAN or Bluetooth has been enabled in the software and that the Wireless On/Off light is on before attempting to make a connection.
	For more information, refer in this guide to the "Pointing Devices and Keyboard" chapter.
❺ Function keys (5)	Execute frequently used system functions when pressed in combination with the **fn** key.

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Component	Description
❻ Applications key	Displays shortcut menu for items beneath the pointer.
❼ Display release latch recesses (2)	Secure the display when it is closed.
Memory compartment (not shown; located under the keyboard)	Contains one primary memory slot and one expansion slot. ✎ One or both of the memory slots may be populated at the factory, depending on the amount of preinstalled memory on the notebook.

Lights
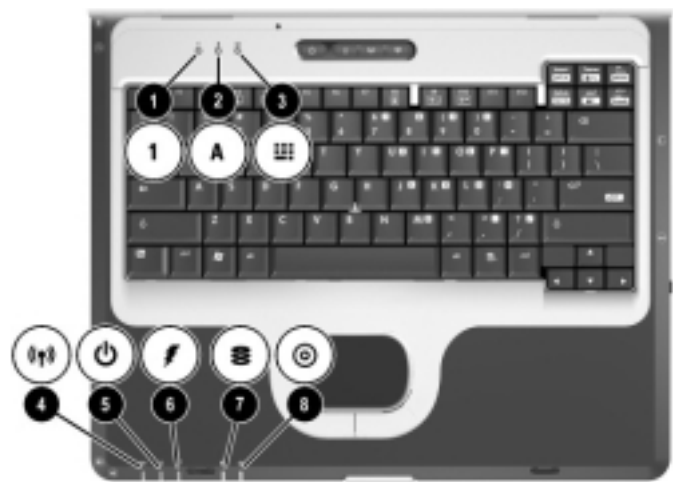
Component		Description
❶	Num lock	On: Num lock is on or the embedded numeric keypad is enabled.
❷	Caps lock	On: Caps lock is on.
❸	Scroll lock	On: Scroll lock is on.
❹	Wireless On/Off	On: An optional integrated wireless device has been enabled.
❺	Power/Standby	On: Power is turned on. Blinking: Notebook is in Standby. ✎ The light turns off when the system enters Hibernation or shuts down.

(Continued)

	Component	Description
❻	Battery	On: A battery pack is charging.
		Blinking: A battery pack that is the only available power source has reached a low-battery condition. When the battery reaches a critical low-battery condition, the battery light begins blinking more quickly.
		Off: AC power is applied with battery pack either fully charged or not installed, or no AC power is applied.
❼	Primary hard drive	On: Hard drive in the hard drive bay is being accessed.
❽	MultiBay	On: A device in the MultiBay is being accessed.

Left-Side Components

	Component	Description
❶	Audio line-out jack	Produces system sound when connected to optional powered stereo speakers, headphones, headset, or television audio.
❷	Microphone jack	Connects optional external monaural or stereo microphones.
❸	Hard drive bay	Holds the primary hard drive.
❹	MultiBay	Holds a MultiBay device.

Right-Side Components

Component		Description
❶	Battery bay	Holds the primary battery pack.
❷	Secure Digital (SD) slot	Accepts SD Memory Cards.
❸	PC Card slots (2)	Support optional Type I, Type II, or Type III 32-bit (CardBus) or 16-bit PC Cards.
❹	RJ-11 telephone jack	Connects a modem cable.
❺	Bluetooth compartment	Holds an optional wireless Bluetooth device.
		✎ Bluetooth is not supported in all countries.
❻	Security cable slot	Attaches an optional security cable to the notebook.
		△ The purpose of security solutions is to act as a deterrent. These solutions do not prevent the product from being mishandled or stolen.

Front Components
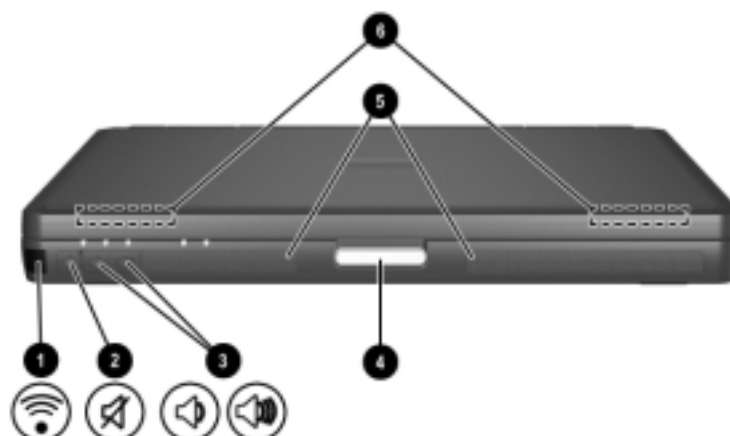
	Component	Description
1	Infrared port	Provides wireless communication between the notebook and an optional Infrared Data Association (IrDA)-compliant device.
2	Mute button	Mutes the system volume when pressed. The button lights up when volume is muted.
3	Volume control buttons	Increase and decrease system volume. Press the volume up button (on right) to increase sound. Press the volume down button (on left) to decrease sound.
4	Display release latch	Opens the notebook.

(Continued)

Component		Description
❺	Speakers (2)	Produce system sound.
❻	Wireless antennae (2)	Transmit wireless data.

⚠ **WARNING: Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation**
The radiated output power of this device is below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the device should be used in such a manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized. To avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, human proximity to the antenna should not be less than 20 cm (8 inches) during normal operation, including when the notebook display is closed.

Rear Components
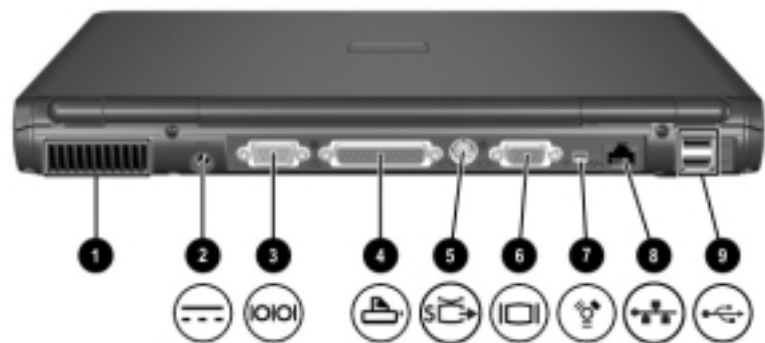
Component		Description
❶	Exhaust vent	Enables airflow to cool internal components.
		⚠ To prevent overheating, do not obstruct vents. Using the notebook on a soft surface such as a pillow, blanket, rug, or thick clothing can block airflow.
❷	AC power connector	Connects an AC adapter or an optional Automobile Power Adapter/Charger or Aircraft Power Adapter.
❸	Serial connector	Connects an optional serial device.
❹	Parallel connector	Connects an optional parallel device, such as an external printer.

(Continued)

	Component	Description
❺	S-Video-out jack	Connects an optional S-Video device, such as a television or an overhead projector.
❻	External monitor connector	Connects an optional external monitor or an overhead projector.
❼	1394 connector	Connects a device that requires high bandwidth, such as an optional digital camera or other video or audio device.
❽	RJ-45 network jack	Connects a network cable.
❾	USB connectors (2)	Connects USB 1.1- and 2.0-compliant devices to the notebook, using a standard USB cable.

Bottom Components
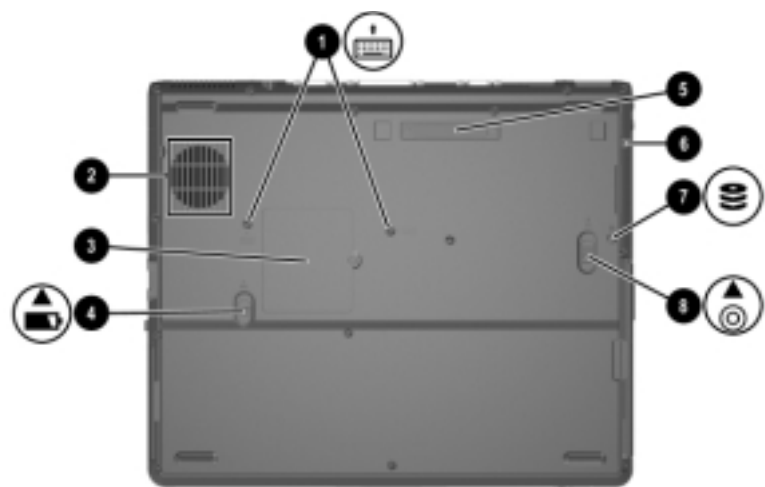
	Component	Description
1	Keyboard access screws (2)	Enable you to remove the keyboard to access system memory.
2	Intake vent	Enables airflow to cool internal components.
		⚠ To prevent overheating, do not obstruct vents. Using the notebook on a soft surface such as a pillow, blanket, rug, or thick clothing can block airflow.

(Continued)

	Component	Description
❸	Mini PCI compartment	Holds an optional wireless LAN device.
		⚠ The FCC does not allow unauthorized Mini PCI devices to be used in this notebook. Installing an unsupported MiniPCI device can prevent your notebook from operating properly and can result in a warning message. To resume proper notebook operation, remove the unauthorized device. Contact your Customer Care Center if a warning message about your MiniPCI device displays in error.
❹	Battery bay release latch	Releases the primary battery pack from the battery bay.
❺	Docking connector	Connects the notebook to an optional Port Replicator or an Advanced Port Replicator.
❻	Hard drive door retaining screw	Retains the hard drive door.
❼	Hard drive security screw	Secures the hard drive.
❽	MultiBay release latch	Releases the MultiBay device.

Labels

The labels affixed to the bottom of the notebook and to the inside of the battery compartment provide information you may need when you troubleshoot system problems or travel abroad with the notebook.

■ The Service Tag label affixed to the bottom of the notebook contains the product name, product number (P/N), and serial number (S/N). You will need the notebook serial number and product number if you call customer support.

■ The Microsoft Certificate of Authenticity label affixed to the bottom of the notebook contains the Product Key number. You may need this number to update or troubleshoot problems with the operating system.

■ The System label affixed to the bottom of the notebook provides regulatory information about the notebook.

■ The Modem approval label affixed to the bottom of the notebook provides regulatory information and lists the agency markings required by some of the countries in which the modem has been approved for use. You may need to use the wireless device information in order to operate the wireless device while traveling internationally.

■ The WLAN label affixed to the bottom of the notebook provides regulatory information and lists the agency markings required by some of the countries in which the optional wireless devices have been approved for use. You may need to use the wireless device information in order to operate the wireless device while traveling.

■ The Bluetooth label affixed to the bottom of the notebook provides regulatory information and lists the agency markings required by some of the countries in which the optional device has been approved for use. You may need to use the wireless device information in order to operate the wireless device while traveling internationally. Bluetooth is not supported in all countries.

2

Pointing Devices and Keyboard

Using a Pointing Device

Component	Description
❶ TouchPad	Moves the pointer and selects or activates items on the screen. Can be set to perform other mouse functions, such as scrolling and double-clicking.
❷ Left and right TouchPad buttons	Function like the left and right buttons on an external mouse.

Using the TouchPad

To move the pointer, slide your finger across the TouchPad surface in the direction you want the pointer to go. Use the left and right TouchPad buttons as you would the left and right buttons on an external mouse.

Using an External Mouse

An external USB mouse can be connected to the notebook using one of the connectors on the back panel. An external PS/2 or USB mouse can be connected to the system using the connectors on an optional Advanced Port Replicator.

Setting Pointing Device Preferences

The Mouse Properties window in Microsoft Windows operating systems enables you to customize settings for pointing devices, including:

■ Enabling or disabling a pointing device (enabled by default).

■ TouchPad tapping, which enables you to tap the TouchPad once to select an object or twice to double-click an object (disabled by default).

■ Edge motion, which enables you to continue to scroll even though your finger has reached the edge of the TouchPad (disabled by default).

■ Palm Check, which helps prevent moving the pointer unintentionally if your palms contact the TouchPad as you type (disabled by default).

Other features, such as mouse speed preferences and mouse trails, are also found in the Mouse Properties window.

To access Mouse Properties:

■ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Printers and Other Hardware > Mouse icon.

■ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Mouse icon.

Using Hotkeys and Shortcut Keys

Hotkeys and shortcut keys, which are preset combinations of the **fn** key and another key, execute frequently used system functions.

Identifying fn and Function Keys
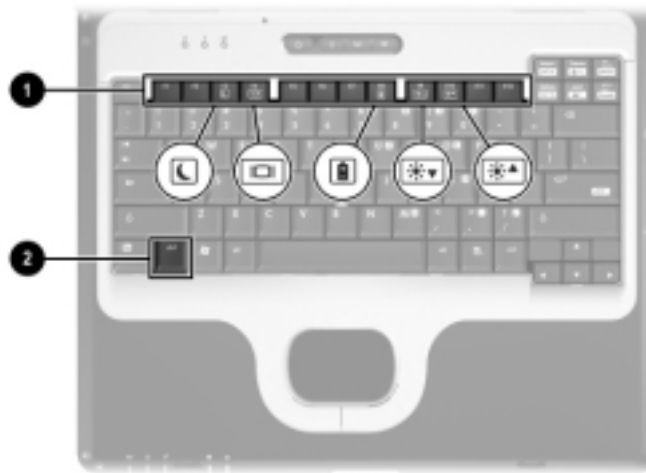
Component

❶ Function keys (5)

❷ **fn** key

■ A *hotkey* is a combination of the **fn** key and one of the function keys. The icons on the function keys represent the hotkey functions available on your notebook.

■ A *shortcut* key is a combination of the **fn** key and a key other than a function key.

Hotkey and Shortcut Key Quick Reference

Function	Key Combination to Activate Function	Key Combination to Deactivate Function
Initiate Standby	**fn+f3**	Power button
Switch between notebook display and external display	**fn+f4**	**fn+f4**
View battery information	**fn+f8**	**fn+f8**
Decrease screen brightness	**fn+f9**	N/A
Increase screen brightness	**fn+f10**	N/A
Display system information	**fn+esc**	**fn+esc**

Initiating Standby (fn+f3)

■ When the notebook is on, press the **fn+f3** hotkey to initiate Standby. When Standby is initiated, your work is saved in memory (RAM), the screen is cleared, and power is conserved. While the notebook is in Standby, the power/standby light blinks.

■ To exit Standby, briefly press the power button.

The **fn+f3** hotkey is set at the factory to initiate Standby.

✎ Windows Help refers to the **fn+f3** function as the "sleep button."

You can change the function of the **fn+f3** hotkey. For example, it can be set to initiate Hibernation instead of Standby. For more information about Standby, Hibernation, and changing the function of the **fn+f3** hotkey, refer to the "Power" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD.

Switching Displays (fn+f4)

The **fn+f4** hotkey switches the image among display devices connected to the external monitor connector or the S-Video-out jack on the notebook. For example, if an external monitor is connected to the notebook, pressing the **fn+f4** hotkey multiple times will toggle the image between the notebook display and an external display. The Intel Extreme Graphics 2 for Mobile display utility offers additional configurations. To access the Intel Extreme Graphics 2 for Mobile display utility:

■ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Appearance and Themes > Display > Settings > Advanced > Intel Extreme Graphics 2 for Mobile.

■ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Display > Settings > Advanced > Intel Extreme Graphics 2 for Mobile.

Most external monitors receive video information from the notebook using the external VGA video standard. The **fn+f4** hotkey can also toggle images among other devices receiving video information from the notebook.

The following five video transmission types, with examples of devices that use them, are supported by the **fn+f4** hotkey:

■ LCD (notebook display)

■ External VGA (most external monitors)

■ S-Video (televisions, camcorders, VCRs, and video capture boards with S-Video-in jacks)

■ Composite video (televisions, camcorders, VCRs, and video capture boards with composite video-in jacks)

■ DVI-D (external monitors that support the DVI-D interface)

✎ Composite video and DVI-D devices can be connected to the notebook only when it is docked in an optional Advanced Port Replicator.

Viewing Battery Charge Information (fn+f8)

Press **fn+f8** to display charge information for all installed battery packs. The display indicates which battery packs are charging and reports the amount of charge remaining in each battery pack.

Battery pack locations are indicated by number:

■ Location 1 is the primary battery pack.
■ Location 2 is the optional MultiBay battery pack.

Decreasing Screen Brightness (fn+f9)

Press **fn+f9** to decrease screen brightness. Hold down the hotkey to change the brightness level incrementally.

Increasing Screen Brightness (fn+f10)

Press **fn+f10** to increase screen brightness. Hold down the hotkey to change the brightness level incrementally.

Displaying System Information (fn+esc)

Press **fn+esc** to display information about system hardware components and software version numbers. Press **fn+esc** a second time to remove the system information from the screen.

✎ The system BIOS date is the version number of the system ROM. The BIOS date might display in a decimal format, such as 10/19/2002 F.07.

Using Hotkeys and Shortcut Keys with External Keyboards

The following table describes how certain hotkeys and shortcut keys are used on external keyboards:

Notebook Keys	External Keyboard Keys
fn+esc	**scroll lock+scroll lock+esc**
fn+f8	**scroll lock+scroll lock+f8**

Using Quick Launch Buttons

The 3 Quick Launch buttons enable you to perform common functions with a single keystroke.

Component		Description
❶	QuickLock button	Disables the keyboard and pointing device and clears the display. Before you can use QuickLock, you must set a password and select preferences. For more information, refer to the "Security" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD.
❷	Wireless On/Off button	Turns the wireless LAN or optional Bluetooth device on and off when these devices are enabled in the software utilities.
❸	Presentation Mode button	Sets the notebook to presentation mode, which opens a user-defined application, folder, file, or Web site. The image simultaneously displays on the notebook screen and an external device connected to the notebook or to an optional port replicator.

Using Keypads

The notebook has an embedded numeric keypad and also supports an optional external keypad or an optional external keyboard that includes a numeric keypad.

Using the Embedded Numeric Keypad

The 15 keys of the embedded numeric keypad can be used like the keys on an external keypad. When the embedded numeric keypad is turned on, each key on the keypad performs the functions indicated by the icon in the upper right corner of the key.

	Component
❶	Num lock light
❷	**fn** key
❸	**num lk** key
❹	Embedded numeric keypad

Enabling and Disabling the Embedded Numeric Keypad

Press **fn+num lk** to enable the embedded numeric keypad. The num lock light turns on. Press **fn+num lk** again to return the keys to their standard keyboard functions.

✎ The embedded numeric keypad does not work while an external keyboard or keypad is connected to the notebook or to an optional port replicator.

Switching Key Functions on the Embedded Numeric Keypad

You can temporarily switch the functions of keys on the embedded numeric keypad between their standard keyboard functions and their keypad functions by using the **fn** key or the **fn+shift** key combination.

■ To change the function of a keypad key to keypad functions while the keypad is off, press and hold the **fn** key while pressing the keypad key.

■ To use the keypad keys temporarily as standard keys while the keypad is on:

❏ Press and hold the **fn** key to type in lowercase.

❏ Press and hold **fn+shift** to type in uppercase.

Using an External Keypad

Most keys on most external keypads function differently, according to whether num lock mode is on or off. For example:

■ When num lock is on, most keypad keys type numbers.

■ When num lock is off, most keypad keys function like the arrow, page up, or page down keys.

When the num lock mode on an external keypad is turned on, the num lock light on the notebook turns on. When num lock on an external keypad is turned off, the num lock light on the notebook turns off.

If the external keypad is connected, the embedded numeric keypad cannot be turned on.

Enabling or Disabling Num Lock Mode As You Work

To turn num lock mode on or off on an external keypad as you work, press the **num lk** key on the external keypad, not on the notebook.

Enabling or Disabling Num Lock Mode at Startup

To configure the notebook to start up with a connected external keypad in num lock mode, you must set this preference in Computer Setup. For more information about using Computer Setup, refer to the "Computer Setup" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD.

To set the notebook to start up with the external keypad enabled:

1. Turn on or restart the notebook.

2. Press **f10** while the F10 = ROM Based Setup message is displayed in the lower left corner of the screen.

   ❏ To change the language, press **f2.**

   ❏ For navigation instructions, press **f1.**

3. Select Advanced > Device Options, then press **enter.**

4. Select or clear the Num Lock State at Boot check box:

   ❏ To enable num lock mode on an external keypad, select the field.

   ❏ To disable num lock mode on an external keypad, clear the field.

5. Press **f10**.

6. To save your preference and exit Computer Setup, select File > Save Changes and Exit, then follow the instructions on the screen.

Your preference is set when you exit Computer Setup and takes effect when the notebook restarts.

3

Battery Packs

Running the Notebook on Battery Power

When the notebook is connected to external AC power, the notebook runs on AC power.

When a charged battery pack is in the notebook and the notebook is not connected to external power, the notebook runs on battery power.

The notebook switches between AC power and battery power according to the availability of an external AC power source. For example, if the notebook contains a charged battery pack and is running on external AC power supplied through the AC adapter, the notebook will switch to battery power if the AC adapter is disconnected from the notebook.

You can leave a battery pack in the notebook or in storage, depending on how you work. Keeping a battery pack in the notebook enables the battery pack to charge whenever the notebook is connected to external AC power and also protects your work in case of a power outage.

On the other hand, battery packs in the notebook slowly discharge when the notebook is turned off. For this reason, the primary battery pack is not shipped inside the notebook and must be inserted before the notebook can run on battery power.

If you will not be using the notebook for 2 weeks or more, remove the battery pack and store it as described in "Storing a Battery Pack" (later in this chapter) to prolong its life. For more information about leaving your work, refer to the "Power" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD.

✎ Only compatible AC adapters and battery packs should be used with the notebook. For additional information, visit the HP Web site at http://www.hp.com or use the *Worldwide Telephone Numbers* booklet, included with your notebook, to contact an HP authorized dealer.

Identifying Battery Packs

The notebook supports up to 2 battery packs:

■ The *primary* battery pack ❶ is a 6- or 8-cell lithium ion battery pack that can be used only in the battery bay. One primary battery pack is included with the notebook.

■ The *MultiBay* battery pack ❷ is an optional 8-cell prismatic lithium ion battery pack that can be used only in the MultiBay.

For information about the lights and button on the MultiBay battery pack, refer to "Monitoring the Charge in a Battery Pack" later in this chapter.
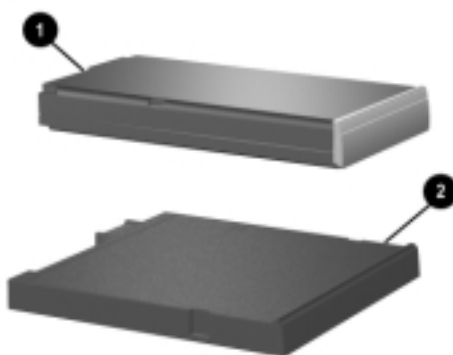
Inserting or Removing a Primary Battery Pack

⚠ **CAUTION:** To prevent loss of work when removing a battery pack that is the sole power source, initiate Hibernation or turn off the notebook before removing the battery pack.

To insert a battery pack, turn the notebook upside down, then slide the battery pack into the battery bay until it is seated.

To remove a battery pack, turn the notebook upside down. Then slide and hold the battery release latch ❶ as you pull the battery pack ❷ from the battery bay.

Inserting or Removing a MultiBay Battery Pack

⚠ **CAUTION:** To prevent loss of work when removing a battery pack that is the sole power source, initiate Hibernation or turn off the notebook before removing the battery pack.

To insert an optional MultiBay battery pack, turn the notebook upside down, then slide the battery pack into the MultiBay until it is seated.

To remove a MultiBay battery pack, turn the notebook upside down. Then slide and hold the MultiBay release latch ❶ as you pull the battery pack ❷ from the MultiBay.

⚠ **CAUTION:** To prevent damage to the MultiBay when no device is in the MultiBay, insert the weight saver to protect the bay opening. The weight saver can be inserted or removed while the notebook is on, off, in Standby, or in Hibernation.

Charging a Battery Pack

All battery packs inserted into the notebook charge whenever the notebook is connected to external power through an AC adapter or an optional Automobile Power Adapter/Charger.

✎ An optional Aircraft Power Adapter can be used to run the notebook, but it cannot be used to charge a battery pack.

A battery pack can charge whether the notebook is off or in use, but it will charge faster when the notebook is off. Charging might be delayed if a battery pack is new, has not been used for 2 weeks or more, or is much warmer or cooler than room temperature.

When a battery pack is charging, the battery light on the notebook is on. The light turns off when all battery packs in the system are fully charged.
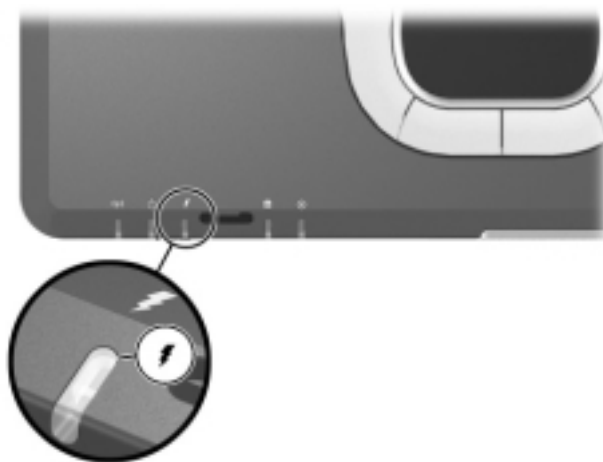
Charging a New Battery Pack

Fully charge the battery pack while the notebook is connected to external power through the AC adapter.

A new battery pack that has been partially but not fully charged can run the notebook, but the battery charge indicators might be inaccurate.

Charging an In-Use Battery Pack

To prolong battery life and increase the accuracy of battery charge indicators:

■ Allow a battery pack to discharge to 10 percent of a full charge through normal use before charging it.

■ When you charge a battery pack, charge it fully.

Charging a Primary and MultiBay Battery Pack

If a primary battery pack is in the battery bay and a MultiBay battery pack is in the MultiBay, the primary battery pack is the first to charge and the MultiBay battery pack is the first to discharge.

Monitoring the Charge in a Battery Pack

This section explains several ways you can determine the amount of charge in your battery pack.

Obtaining Accurate Charge Information

To increase the accuracy of all battery charge displays:

■ Allow a battery pack to discharge to about 10 percent of a full charge through normal use before charging it. See "Accessing Charge Information" later in this chapter.

■ When you charge a battery pack, charge it fully.

■ If a battery pack has not been used for 1 month or more, calibrate the battery pack instead of simply charging it. For calibration instructions, refer to "Calibrating a Battery Pack" later in this chapter.

Displaying Charge Information on the Screen

This section explains how to access and interpret battery charge information on the screen.

Accessing Charge Information

To access information about the status of any battery pack in the notebook, do one of the following:

■ Select the Power icon on the taskbar.

■ Press **fn+f8.**

■ Access the Power Meter tab:

❏ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > Power Options icon > Power Meter tab.

❏ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Power Options icon > Power Meter tab.

Interpreting Charge Information

Most charge information reports battery status as both a percentage and the number of minutes of charge remaining.

■ The percent indicates the amount of charge remaining in the battery pack.

■ The time indicates the approximate running time remaining on the battery pack *if the battery pack continues to provide power at the current level.* For example, the time remaining will decrease when you start playing a DVD and will increase when you stop playing a DVD.

Charge information identifies battery packs by location:

■ Location 1 is the primary battery bay.

■ Location 2 is the MultiBay.

In some charge information, a lightning bolt icon might be displayed beside a battery pack location. The icon indicates that the battery pack in that location is charging.

Displaying Charge Information on a MultiBay Battery Pack

You can determine the percentage of a full charge remaining in a battery pack that is not inserted into the MultiBay by using the battery Quick Check feature. MultiBay battery packs have battery Quick Check. Primary battery packs do not.

To display the percentage of a full charge remaining in a MultiBay battery pack, press the Quick Check button ❶ on the MultiBay battery pack.

The Quick Check lights ❷ indicate the amount of charge remaining in the battery pack. The greater the charge, the more lights that turn on when you press the Quick Check button. When all of the lights are on, the battery pack has a great deal of charge. When only one light is on or blinking, the battery must be charged.
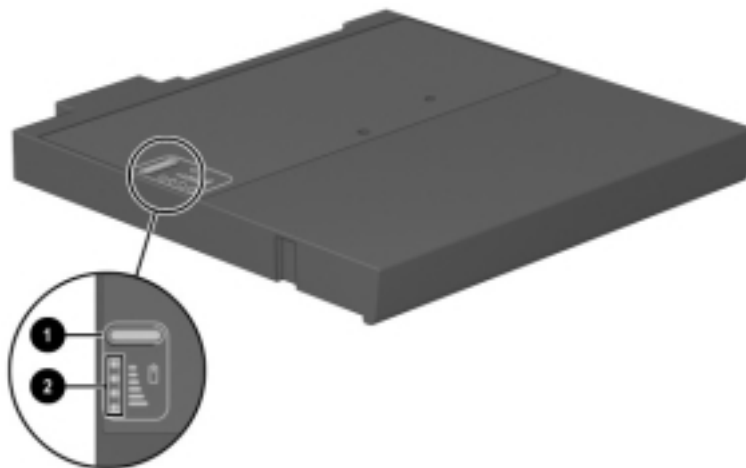
Managing Low-Battery Conditions

Some low-battery condition alerts and system responses can be changed in the Power Options window of the operating system. The information in this section describes the alerts and system responses set at the factory. Preferences set in the Power Options window do not affect lights.

Identifying Low-Battery Conditions

This section explains how to identify low and critical low-battery conditions.

Low-Battery Condition

When a battery pack that is the sole power source for the notebook reaches a low-battery condition, the battery light blinks.

Critical Low-Battery Condition

If a low-battery condition is not resolved, the notebook enters a critical low-battery condition.

In a critical low-battery condition:

■ If Hibernation is enabled and the notebook is on or in Standby, the notebook initiates Hibernation.

■ If Hibernation is disabled and the notebook is on or in Standby, the notebook remains briefly in Standby, then shuts down and loses your unsaved work.

To verify that Hibernation is enabled, be sure that the Enable Hibernate Support check box on the Hibernate tab is selected. To access the tab:

■ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > Power Options icon.

■ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Power Options icon.

Resolving Low-Battery Conditions

△ **CAUTION:** If the notebook has reached a critical low-battery condition and has initiated Hibernation, do not restore power until the Power/Standby light turns off.

When External Power Is Available

To resolve a low-battery condition when external power is available, do one of the following:

■ Connect the AC adapter.

■ Plug an optional Automobile Power Adapter/Charger into the notebook and into a vehicle cigarette lighter receptacle.

■ Plug an optional Aircraft Power Adapter into the notebook and into the in-seat power supply available on some commercial aircraft. (An optional Aircraft Power Adapter can run the notebook but cannot charge a battery pack.)

When a Charged Battery Pack Is Available

To resolve a low-battery condition when a charged battery pack is available, turn off the notebook or initiate Hibernation, insert a charged battery pack, then turn on the notebook.

When No Power Source Is Available

To resolve a low-battery condition when no power source is available, initiate Hibernation, or save your work and shut down the notebook.

When the Notebook Cannot Exit Hibernation

To resolve a low-battery condition when the notebook lacks the power to exit Hibernation:

1. Insert a charged battery pack or connect external power.

2. Exit Hibernation by briefly pressing the power button.

Calibrating a Battery Pack

This section describes when and how to calibrate a battery pack.

When to Calibrate

Even if a battery pack is heavily used, it should not be necessary to calibrate it more than once a month. It is not necessary to calibrate a new battery pack before first use. Calibrate the battery pack under the following conditions:

■ When battery charge displays seem inaccurate.

■ When you observe a significant change in battery run time.

■ When the battery pack has not been used for 1 month or more.

How to Calibrate

To calibrate a battery pack, you must fully charge, fully discharge, then fully recharge the battery pack.

Charging the Battery Pack

A battery pack can charge whether the notebook is off or in use, but it will charge faster when the notebook is off.

To charge the battery pack:

1. Insert the battery pack into the notebook.

2. Connect the notebook to an AC outlet or an optional Automobile Power Adapter/Charger. The battery light on the notebook turns on.

3. Leave the notebook connected to external power until the battery pack is fully charged. The battery light on the notebook turns off.

Discharging the Battery Pack

Before you begin a full discharge, disable Hibernation. To disable Hibernation:

1. Open the Power Options window:

   ❏ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > Power Options > Hibernate tab.

   ❏ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > Power Options > Hibernate tab.

2. Clear the Enable Hibernation check box.

The notebook must remain on while the battery pack is being discharged. The battery pack can discharge whether or not you are using the notebook, but it will discharge faster while the notebook is in use.

■ If you plan to leave the notebook unattended during the discharge, save your work before beginning the discharge procedure.

■ If you use the notebook occasionally during the discharge procedure and have set energy-saving timeouts, expect the following performance from your system during the discharge process:

   ❏ The monitor will not turn off automatically.

   ❏ Hard drive speed will not decrease automatically while the notebook is idle.

   ❏ System-initiated Standby will not occur.

To fully discharge a battery pack:

1. Select the Power icon on the taskbar, or access the Power Schemes tab:

   ❏ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > Power Options icon > Power Schemes tab.

   ❏ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Power Management icon > Power Schemes tab.

2. Make a note of the 2 settings in the Plugged In column and the 2 settings in the Running on Batteries column so that you can reset them after the calibration.

3. Use the drop-down lists to set the 4 options (2 in each column) to Never.

4. Select the OK button.

5. Disconnect the notebook from the external power source, but do not turn off the notebook.

6. Run the notebook on battery power until the battery pack is fully discharged. The battery light begins to blink when the battery pack has discharged to a low-battery condition. When the battery pack is fully discharged, the battery light turns off and the notebook shuts down.

Recharging the Battery Pack

1. Connect the notebook to external power and maintain the connection until the battery pack is fully recharged. The battery light on the notebook turns off.

   You can use the notebook while the battery pack is recharging but the battery pack will charge faster if the notebook is off.

2. If the notebook is off, turn it on after the battery pack is fully charged and the battery light turns off.

3. Access the Power Schemes tab:

   ❏ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > Power Options icon > Power Schemes tab.

   ❏ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Power Management icon > Power Schemes tab.

4. Refer to the settings you recorded earlier. Re-enter the settings that you recorded for the items in the Plugged In column and the Running on Batteries column.

5. Click the OK button.

⚠ **CAUTION:** After calibrating the battery pack, re-enable Hibernation. Failure to re-enable Hibernation can result in a complete battery drain and potential data loss.

To re-enable Hibernation:

■ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > Power Options icon > Hibernate tab. Select the Enable Hibernation check box.

■ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > Power Options > Hibernate tab. Select the Enable Hibernation check box.

Battery Conservation Procedures and Settings

Using the battery conservation procedures and settings described below extends the time that a battery pack can run the notebook from a single charge.

Conserving Power as You Work

To conserve power as you use the notebook:

■ Turn off wireless and LAN connections and exit modem applications when you are not using them.

■ Disconnect external devices you are not using that are not connected to an external power source.

■ Stop or remove a PC Card you are not using. For more information, see "Using Optional PC Cards" in Chapter 8 of this guide.

■ Remove a CD or DVD you are not using.

■ Use the **fn+f9** and **fn+f10** hotkeys to adjust screen brightness as you need it.

■ Use optional powered speakers instead of the internal speakers, or use the volume buttons to adjust system volume as you need it.

■ Turn off a device connected to the S-Video-out jack by turning off support for the device in Windows.

■ Run the notebook on external power while formatting a diskette.

■ If you leave your work, initiate Standby or Hibernation or shut down the notebook.

Selecting Power Conservation Settings

To set the notebook to conserve power:

■ Select a short wait for the screen saver and select a screen saver with minimal graphics and motion. To access screen saver settings:

❑ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Appearance and Themes > Display icon > Screen Saver tab.

❑ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Display > Screen Saver tab.

■ Select a Power Scheme with low-power-use settings through the operating system. Refer to the "Power" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD.

■ Select Battery Optimized or Maximum Battery Mode in Intel SpeedStep (Windows 2000 only). Refer to the "Power" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD.

Storing a Battery Pack

If a notebook will be unused and unplugged for more than 2 weeks, remove any battery packs and store them separately.

⚠ **CAUTION:** To prevent damage to a battery pack, do not expose it to high temperatures for extended periods of time.

High temperatures accelerate the self-discharge rate of a stored battery pack. To prolong the charge of a stored battery pack, place it in a cool, dry place.

Use the following table to estimate how long you can safely store a battery pack. The storage times provided are based on a battery pack that contains 50 percent of a full charge. A fully charged battery pack can be safely stored for longer times; a battery pack containing a lower charge can be safely stored for less time.

Calibrate a battery pack that has been stored for 1 month or more before using it.

Temperature Range (°F)	Temperature Range (°C)	Safe Storage Time
115° to 140°	46° to 60°	Less than 1 month
79° to 113°	26° to 45°	No more than 3 months
32° to 77°	0° to 25°	1 year

Disposing of a Used Battery Pack

⚠️ **WARNING:** There is a risk of fire and chemical burn if a battery pack is handled improperly. Do not disassemble, crush, or puncture a battery pack or short the contacts on a battery pack. Do not expose a battery pack to temperatures higher than 60°C (140°F) or dispose of a battery pack in water or fire.

When a battery pack has reached the end of its useful life, do not dispose of it in general household waste.

■ In Europe, dispose of or recycle battery packs by using the public collection system or by returning them to HP, your authorized HP partners, or their agents.

■ In other regions, refer to the *Worldwide Telephone Numbers* booklet, included with the notebook, to contact an HP authorized dealer, reseller, or service provider and request information about battery pack disposal.

For more information about battery pack precautions and disposal and the complete text of governmental agency notices, refer to the *Regulatory and Safety Notices* guide on the *Documentation* CD.

Finding More Power Information

For more information about using Standby and Hibernation, conserving power, setting power preferences, and using other power management features, refer to the "Power" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD.

4

Drives

Caring for Drives

Drives are fragile notebook components that must be handled with care. The following cautions apply to all drives. Additional cautions are included in the procedures to which they apply.

⚠ **CAUTION:** To prevent loss or damage to the notebook or a drive:

■ Handle a drive carefully. Do not drop it.

■ Excessive force can damage drive connectors. When you insert a drive, use only enough force to seat the drive.

■ Do not spray a drive with cleaning fluid or other liquid or expose it to temperature extremes.

■ Do not remove the primary hard drive (the hard drive in the hard drive bay) except for repair or replacement.

■ Electrostatic discharge can damage electronic components. To prevent electrostatic damage to the notebook or a drive:

❏ Before handling a drive, discharge yourself from static electricity by touching a grounded metal object.

❏ Avoid touching the connectors on a drive.

❏ Refer to the *Regulatory and Safety Notices* on the *Documentation* CD.

■ Avoid exposing a drive or a diskette to devices with magnetic fields. Security devices with magnetic fields include airport walk-through devices and security wands. The airport security devices that check carry-on luggage, usually while it is placed on a conveyor belt, use x-rays instead of magnetism and will not damage a drive or a diskette.

■ If you mail a drive, ship it in packaging that protects it from shock, vibration, temperature, and high humidity. Label the package "FRAGILE."

Adding a Drive to the System

Removable drives enable you to store and access data.

■ A standard drive can be added to the system by inserting the drive into the notebook MultiBay or optional Advanced Port Replicator.

■ A diskette drive can also be added.

■ A USB drive can be added by connecting the drive to a USB connector on the notebook or optional Port Replicator.

For information about connecting a USB drive, see the "External Devices" chapter in this guide.

The notebook has 2 drive bays:

■ The hard drive bay supports only a hard drive. The hard drive in the hard drive bay is the primary hard drive.

■ The MultiBay supports any optional MultiBay device, including the following:

❏ Hard drive (inserted into a MultiBay hard drive adapter)

❏ CD-ROM or CD-RW drive

❏ DVD-ROM or DVD/CD-RW or DVD+RW

❏ Diskette drive

❏ MultiBay battery pack

Hard Drive

This section discusses the primary hard drive of the notebook.

Identifying the Hard Drive Activity Light

The hard drive activity light turns on when the primary hard drive is being accessed.

Removing and Installing a Primary Hard Drive

The hard drive that is in the hard drive bay is the primary hard drive. The following sections describe how to remove and install the primary hard drive.

Before You Begin

1. Save your work, exit all applications, and shut down the notebook. If you are not sure whether the notebook is off or in Hibernation, briefly press the power button. If your work returns to the screen, save your work, exit all applications, and then shut down the notebook.

2. Disconnect all external devices connected to the notebook.

3. Disconnect the power cord.

4. Remove any battery packs.

Removing the Primary Hard Drive

To remove the primary hard drive:

1. Follow the procedures in the "Before You Begin" section.

2. Turn the notebook upside down.

3. Remove the hard drive security screw ❶.

4. Remove the hard drive door retaining screw ❷.
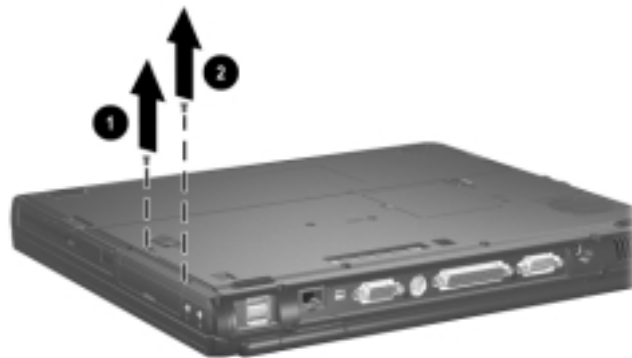
5. To remove the hard drive, lift the hard drive door ❶, and pull the hard drive ❷ out of the bay.

6. If you are not installing a hard drive at this time, put the hard drive retaining screw and hard drive security screw in a safe place.

Installing the Primary Hard Drive

To install a hard drive:

1. Follow the procedure in the "Before You Begin" section.

2. Lift the hard drive door ❶.

3. Slide the hard drive ❷ into the bay until the drive is seated.

4. Reinsert the hard drive security screw ❶ and hard drive retaining screw ❷.

MultiBay Drive

This section explains how to use optional drives in the notebook MultiBay.

Identifying the MultiBay Activity Light

The MultiBay activity light turns on when any MultiBay device is active, with the exception of the MultiBay battery pack.

Inserting a Drive into the MultiBay

✎ Before inserting a hard drive into the MultiBay, insert the drive into a MultiBay hard drive adapter (purchased separately).

1. Turn the notebook upside down.

2. With the connector on the drive or drive assembly facing the MultiBay, slide the drive or drive assembly into the MultiBay until it is seated.

Removing a Drive from the MultiBay

⚠ **CAUTION:** To prevent system lockup and loss of information, stop the drive before removing it. To stop the drive:

■ **Windows XP**—Select the Safely Remove Hardware icon on the taskbar, then select the drive you want to remove. When it is safe to remove the drive, a message is displayed. (To display taskbar icons, select Show Hidden Icons in the system tray.)

■ **Windows 2000**—Select the Unplug or Eject Hardware icon on the taskbar, then select the drive you want to remove. When it is safe to remove the drive, a message is displayed.

⚠ **CAUTION:** To protect the MultiBay when no device is inside, insert the weight saver in the bay. This device prevents damage to the MultiBay and does not increase notebook weight.

1. If the drive has a media tray, extend it, remove any media, then close the tray.

2. Stop the drive as instructed in the preceding caution.

3. Turn the notebook upside down.

4. Slide the MultiBay release latch ❶ toward the rear of the notebook.

5. Pull the drive or drive assembly ❷ out of the MultiBay.

MultiBay Drive Media

This section provides information on using optional optical disc drives (such as CD-ROM and DVD drives) and optional diskette drives in the MultiBay.

Inserting an Optical Disc

1. Turn on the notebook.
2. Press the release button ❶ on the drive bezel to release the media tray.
3. Pull out the tray ❷ until it is fully extended. Position a CD or one-sided DVD over the tray with the label side up.
4. Gently press the disc ❸ onto the tray spindle until the disc snaps into place. Handle the disc by the edges, not the flat surfaces. If the media tray is not fully extended, tilt the disc to position it over the tray spindle, then press it into position.
5. Close the media tray.
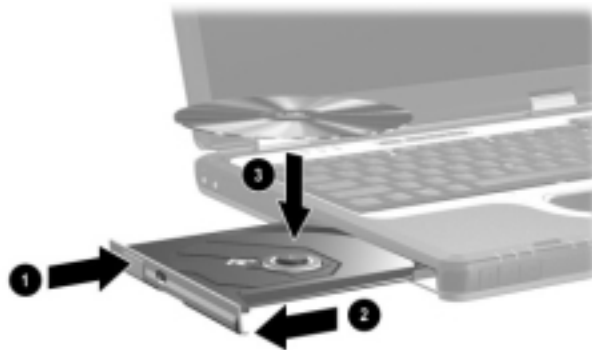
✎ After you insert a DVD, a short pause is normal as Autorun opens the DVD and the WinDVD player if the WinDVD has been installed. To install WinDVD player, see the "Optical Drive Software" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD. If Autorun is not enabled, see "Displaying Optical Disc Contents" later in this chapter.

Removing an Optical Disc (With Power)

If power is available:

1. Turn on the notebook.

2. Press the release button ❶ on the drive bezel to release the media tray, then pull the tray ❷ out until it is fully extended.

3. Remove the disc ❸ from the tray by gently pressing down on the spindle while lifting the outer edges of the disc. Handle the disc by the edges, not the flat surfaces. If the media tray is not fully extended, tilt the disc as you remove it.

4. Close the media tray and place the disc in a protective case.
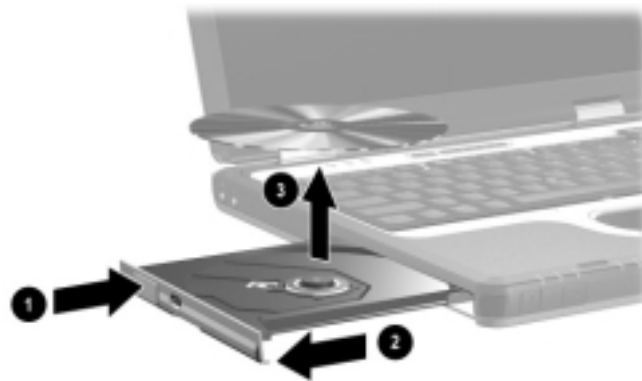
Removing an Optical Disc (No Power)

If power is unavailable:

1. Insert the end of a paper clip ❶ into the manual eject recess in the front bezel of the drive.

2. Press in gently on the paper clip until the media tray is released, then pull out the tray ❷ until it is fully extended.

3. Remove the disc ❸ from the tray by gently pressing down on the spindle while lifting the outer edges of the disc. Handle the disc by the edges, not the flat surfaces. If the media tray is not fully extended, tilt the disc as you remove it. To protect the disc, place it in a protective case.

4. Close the media tray.
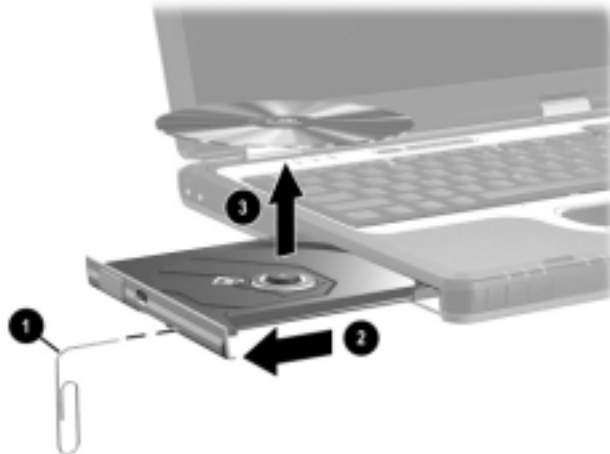
Displaying Optical Disc Contents

AutoPlay is enabled by default on the notebook. When an optical disc is inserted into a drive and AutoPlay is enabled, the contents of the disc display on the screen automatically.

To display the contents of a disc when Autorun is not enabled:

1. Click Start > Run, then enter:

   X:

   where X = the designation of the drive containing the disc.

2. Press **enter.**

For information on disabling AutoPlay or enabling AutoPlay if the feature has been turned off, see your operating system documentation or visit the Microsoft Web site at http://www.microsoft.com.

Locating Optical Disc Software

Software that plays and records CDs and DVDs might be preloaded or preinstalled on the notebook or provided on an installation CD. For more information, refer to the "Optical Drive Software" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD.

Resuming From Standby or Hibernation

△ **CAUTION:** To prevent possible video degradation and loss of audio or video playback functionality, do not initiate Standby or Hibernation while playing any media.

If Standby or Hibernation is accidentally initiated while a drive medium (such as a diskette, CD, CD-RW, DVD, or DVD+RW) is in use, the following results can occur:

■ Your playback might be interrupted.

■ You might see a pop-up warning: "Putting the computer into Hibernation or Standby may stop the playback. Do you want to continue?" Select No.

Resume from Hibernation or Standby by pressing the power button. Audio or video might resume or you might need to restart the medium.

Inserting a Diskette

To insert a diskette into a diskette drive, gently push the diskette, label side up, into the drive until it clicks into place.

The media eject button pops out to show that the diskette has been inserted correctly.

Removing a Diskette

To remove a diskette from a diskette drive:

1. Press the eject button on the drive to eject the diskette.

2. Remove the diskette from the drive.

5

Audio and Video

Using Audio Features

The notebook includes the audio components described in the following table.
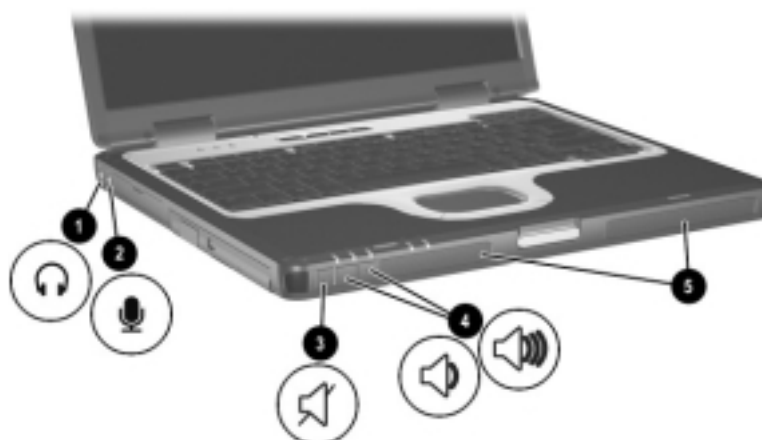
Component	Description
❶ Audio line-out jack	Connects optional powered stereo speakers, headphones, headset, or television audio.
❷ Microphone jack	Connects optional external monaural or stereo microphones.

(Continued)

	Component	Description
❸	Mute buttons	Mutes the system volume.
❹	Volume buttons (2)	Adjust the system volume. Press the volume up button to increase sound. Press the volume down button to decrease sound.
❺	Speakers (2)	Produce system sound.

Using the Audio Line-Out Jack

⚠ **WARNING:** To reduce the risk of personal injury, adjust the volume before putting on headphones or a headset.

⚠ **CAUTION:** To prevent possible damage to an external device, do not plug a single-sound channel (monaural) connector into the audio line-out jack.

The audio line-out jack is also used to connect the audio function of an audio/video device such as a television or VCR.

When connecting a device to the audio line-out jack:

- Use only a 3.5-mm stereo plug.
- For best sound quality, use 24-ohm to 32-ohm headphones.

✎ The internal speakers are disabled when a device is connected to the audio line-out jack.

Using the Microphone Jack

When connecting a microphone to the microphone jack, use a single-sound channel (monaural) or dual-sound channel (stereo) microphone with a 3.5-mm plug. Monaural or stereo electret condenser microphones are recommended.

■ If you connect a monaural microphone, the recorded sound will be the same on both channels.

■ If you connect stereo microphones and clear the Noise Reduction check box in the SoundMAX Control Panel, the recorded sound will be in stereo. To open the SoundMAX Control Panel:

❏ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > SoundMAX Control Panel.

❏ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > SoundMAX Control Panel.

■ If you connect a SoundMAX Superbeam stereo microphone array and software, improved speech recognition can be achieved.

■ If you connect a dynamic microphone, the recommended sensitivity might not be achieved.

Adjusting the Volume

To adjust the volume, use any of the following controls:

■ Notebook volume buttons

❏ To mute or restore volume, press the mute button. You can also mute or restore volume by pressing the volume up and volume down buttons simultaneously.

❏ To decrease the volume, press the volume down button.

❏ To increase the volume, press the volume up button.

■ Windows Volume Control

❏ **In Windows XP:**

a. Select Start > Control Panel > Sounds, Speech and Audio Devices > Sounds and Audio Devices.

b. Select the Volume tab.

c. Select the check box for Place Volume Icon in the Taskbar.

d. Select the OK button.

❏ **In Windows 2000:** the Windows Volume Control icon is displayed on the taskbar.

✎ Volume can also be adjusted within some applications.

Using Video Features

The notebook features an S-Video-out jack which connects the notebook to an optional S-Video device, such as a television or overhead projector.

The notebook can support one S-video device connected to the S-video out jack while simultaneously supporting an image on the notebook display or external display attached to the external monitor connector. The S-video-out connection usually provides a higher quality image than a composite-video connection.

To transmit video signals through the S-Video-out jack, you need an S-Video cable, available from most electronic retailers. If you are combining audio and video functions, such as playing a movie from a DVD in an optional MultiBay drive to a television, you also need a standard audio cable, available from most electronics retailers. Connect the audio cable to the external device and to the audio line-out jack.

Using the S-Video-Out Jack

To connect a video device to the S-Video-out jack:

1. Plug either end of the S-Video cable ❶ into the S-Video-out jack on the notebook.

2. Connect the other end of the cable ❷ to the video device as instructed in the documentation included with the device.

✎ If the S-Video-out jack on the notebook is not accessible because the notebook is docked into an Advanced Port Replicator, you can connect the device to the S-Video-out jack on the optional Advanced Port Replicator.

6

Communication Devices

Connecting a Modem Cable

A modem cable, which has a 6-pin RJ-11 connector at each end, must be connected to an analog telephone line with, in some countries, the use of a country-specific modem adapter. Modem cables are provided with most notebooks, but may be purchased separately from most electronic retailers. Some notebooks may have been purchased without an internal modem.

⚠ **WARNING:** Connecting the notebook to a digital line can permanently damage the modem. Immediately disconnect your modem cable if accidentally connected to a digital line.

⚠ CAUTION: Jacks for digital PBX systems might resemble analog telephone jacks but are not compatible with the modem.

⚠ CAUTION: Built-in modems may not work with multiple phone lines or a private branch exchange (PBX), cannot be connected to a coin-operated telephone, and do not work with party lines. Some of these connections may result in excess electrical voltage and could cause a malfunction in the internal modem. Check your telephone line type prior to connecting your phone line.

If the modem cable contains noise suppression circuitry, which prevents interference from TV and radio reception, orient the circuitry end of the cable toward the notebook.

Connecting the RJ-11 Modem Cable

To connect an RJ-11 modem cable:

1. If your notebook is equipped with an internal modem, plug the modem cable ❶ into the RJ-11 telephone jack on the notebook.

   ⚠ To reduce the risk of electrical shock, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not plug a modem cable into the RJ-45 network jack.

2. Plug the modem cable ❷ into the RJ-11 telephone jack.

For more information about using the modem or about using AT commands and dial modifiers, refer to the *Modem and Networking* guide or the *Modem Command Guidelines (Advanced Users Only),* provided in English, on the *Documentation* CD.

Using a Country-Specific Adapter Cable

Telephone jacks vary by country. To use the modem and the RJ-11 telephone cable outside the country in which you purchased the notebook, you must obtain a country-specific modem adapter. Refer to the *Modem and Networking* guide on the *Documentation* CD for more details about using your notebook internationally.

To connect the modem to an analog telephone line that does not have an RJ-11 telephone jack:

1. If your notebook is equipped with an internal modem, plug the modem cable ❶ into the RJ-11 telephone jack on the notebook.

   ⚠ To reduce the risk of electrical shock, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not plug a modem cable into the RJ-45 network jack.

2. Plug the modem cable ❷ into the country-specific modem adapter.

3. Plug the country-specific modem adapter ❸ into the telephone jack.
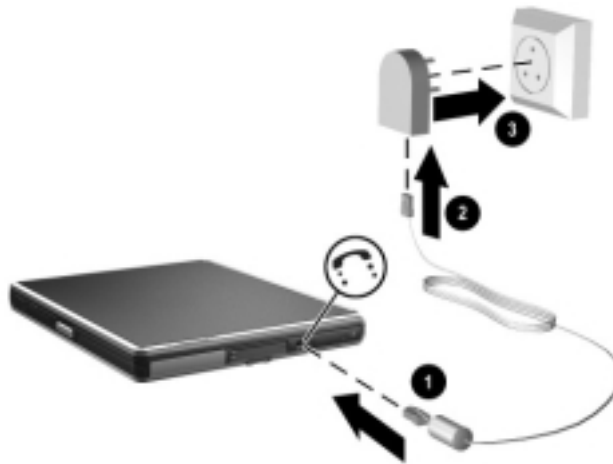
Connecting a Network Cable

A network cable has an 8-pin RJ-45 connector at each end. A network cable is provided with most notebooks, but may be purchased separately from most electronics retailers. If the network cable contains noise suppression circuitry, which prevents interference from TV and radio reception, orient the circuitry end of the cable toward the notebook.
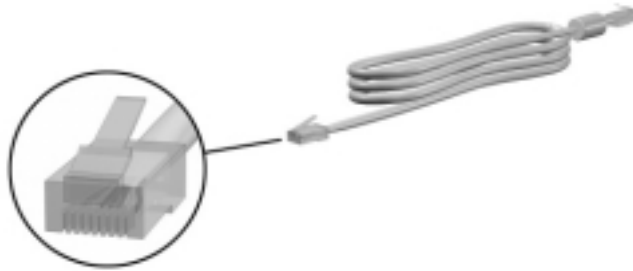
To connect the network cable:

1. Check that the existing LAN supports Ethernet 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX connections.

2. Plug the network cable ❶ into the RJ-45 network jack on the notebook.

3. Plug the other end of the cable ❷ into a network jack.

4. Start or restart the notebook.

✎ See Windows Help for information about setting up and using LAN connections. Select Start > Help and Support. Contact your network administrator for network information.

Linking to an Infrared Device

The notebook is IrDA-compliant—4-Mbps standard—and can communicate with another infrared-equipped device that is also IrDA compliant.

The infrared port supports both low-speed connections of up to 115 Kbps and high-speed connections of up to 4 Mbps. Infrared performance may vary depending on the performance of infrared peripherals, distance between infrared devices, and applications used.

Infrared signals are sent through an invisible beam of infrared light and require an unobstructed line-of-sight path.
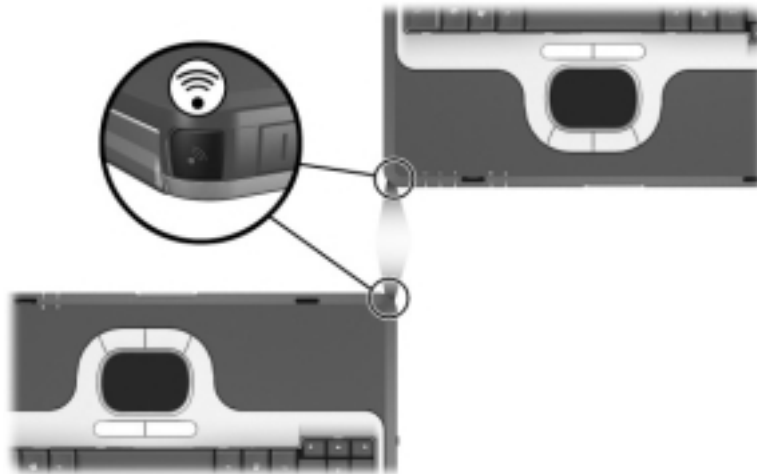
Setting Up an Infrared Transmission

For information about using infrared software, refer to your operating system Help file.

To set up infrared devices for optimal transmission:

■ Prepare the infrared ports on both devices for transmission.

■ Position the devices so that their infrared ports face each other at a distance no greater than 1 meter (3.3 feet).

■ Position the ports so that they face each other directly. Because the maximum capture angle is 30 degrees, the ports must be aligned no more than 15 degrees off-center.

■ Shield the ports from direct sunlight, flashing incandescent light, and energy-saving fluorescent light.

■ Be sure that no signals from remote control or other wireless devices, such as headphones or audio devices, aim at a port.

■ During the transmission, do not move either device and do not allow objects or movement to disrupt the beam.

Using Standby with Infrared

Standby is not compatible with infrared transmission. If the notebook is in Standby, an infrared transmission cannot be initiated. If Standby is initiated during an infrared transmission, the transmission stops. To resume from Standby, press the power button. The transmission resumes when the notebook resumes from Standby. However, any program that was using the infrared transmission when Standby was initiated might not continue from the point at which it was stopped. For example, if a program was printing when Standby was initiated, the program resumes transmission after the notebook resumes, but the print job might not resume.

7

External Devices

The jacks and connectors described in this guide support standard external devices.

■ For information about which jack or connector to use, refer to the documentation included with the device.

■ For information about installing or loading any software required by the device, such as drivers, refer to the documentation included with the device.

To connect a standard external device to the notebook:

1. Turn off the notebook.

2. If you are connecting a powered device, turn off the device.

3. Connect the device to a connector on the notebook.

4. If you are connecting a powered device, plug the device power cord into a grounded electrical outlet.

5. Turn on the device.

6. Turn on the notebook.

To disconnect a standard external device from the notebook, turn off the device, then disconnect it from the notebook.

Connecting a Monitor or Projector

To connect an external monitor or projector to the notebook, insert the monitor cable ❶ into the external monitor connector on the back of the notebook, and connect the other end of the cable ❷ to a monitor or projector.
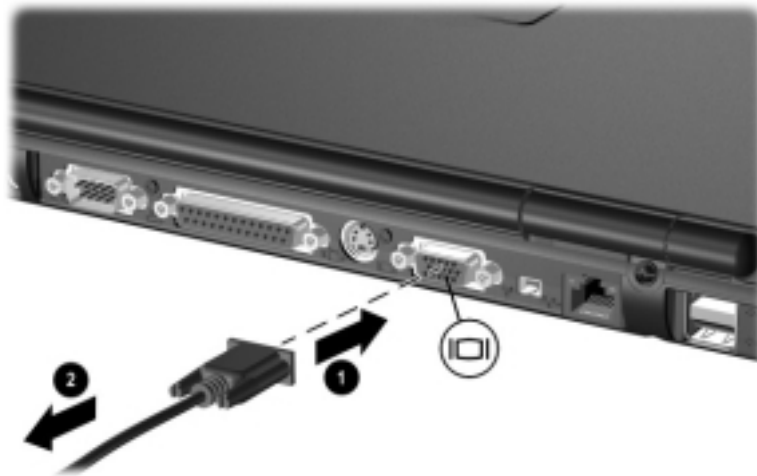
✎ If a properly connected external monitor or projector does not display an image, press the **fn+f4** hotkey to switch the image to the monitor.

Using a USB Device

Two Universal Serial Bus (USB) connectors can be used to connect external USB 2.0 and USB 1.1 devices, such as a USB keyboard, mouse, drive, printer, scanner, hub, or external MultiBay to the notebook.

To connect a USB device to the notebook, insert the USB cable ❶ into the USB connector on the back of the notebook, and connect the other end of the cable ❷ to the external device.

USB hubs can be connected to a USB connector on the notebook or on an optional Port Replicator or to other USB devices. Hubs support varying numbers of USB devices and are used to increase the number of USB devices in the system. Powered hubs must be connected to external power. Unpowered hubs must be connected either to a USB connector on the notebook or to a port on a powered hub.

A USB device functions in the same way as a comparable non-USB device, with one exception. By default, USB devices do not function unless an operating system that supports USB is installed in the notebook.

Some USB devices might require additional support software, which is usually included with the device. For more information and software installation instructions, refer to the documentation included with the device.

Enabling USB Legacy Support

You must enable USB legacy support to:

■ Use a USB keyboard, mouse, or hub that is connected to a USB connector on the notebook during startup.

■ Use a USB keyboard, mouse, or hub that is used in a non-Windows application or utility.

■ Boot from an optional external MultiBay.

To enable USB legacy support:

1. Turn on or restart the notebook.

2. Press **f10** while the F10 = ROM Based Setup message is displayed in the lower left corner of the screen.

   ❏ To change the language, press **f2.**

   ❏ For navigation instructions, press **f1.**

3. Select Advanced menu > Device Options.

4. Select Enable USB legacy support.

5. To save your preference and exit Computer Setup, select File > Save Changes and Exit, then follow the instructions on the screen.

Connecting an Optional External MultiBay

An external MultiBay connects to the notebook by means of the USB connector and enables you to use MultiBay drives. For more information about external MultiBay drives, refer to the documentation that is included with such devices.
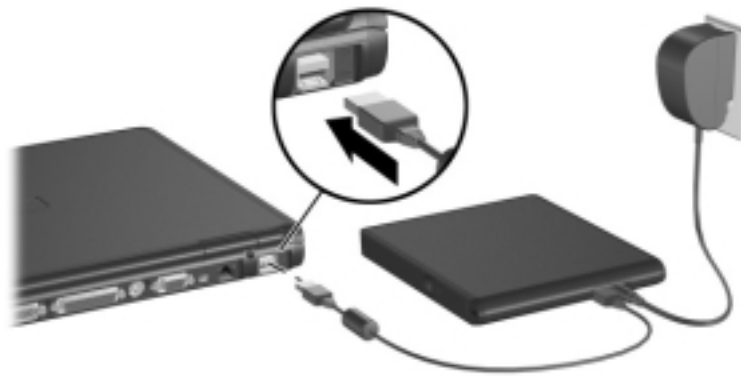
Connecting a 1394 Device

The IEEE 1394 connector can be used to connect an external device such as a digital camera, a digital camcorder, a high-speed storage device, or a scanner to the notebook.

Some 1394 devices might require additional support software, which is usually included with the device. For more information and software installation instructions, refer to the documentation included with the device.

To connect a 1394 device to the notebook, insert the 1394 cable ❶ into the 1394 connector on the back of the notebook, and connect the other end of the cable ❷ to the external device.

For more information about the 1394 device, refer to the documentation that is included with the device.

Connecting an Optional Cable Lock

✎ The purpose of security solutions is to act as a deterrent. These solutions do not prevent the product from being mishandled or stolen.

To install a security cable:

1. Loop the security cable around a secured object.
2. Insert the cable lock key ❶ into the cable lock.
3. Insert the cable lock ❷ into the security cable slot ❸.
4. Turn the key and remove it from the cable lock.

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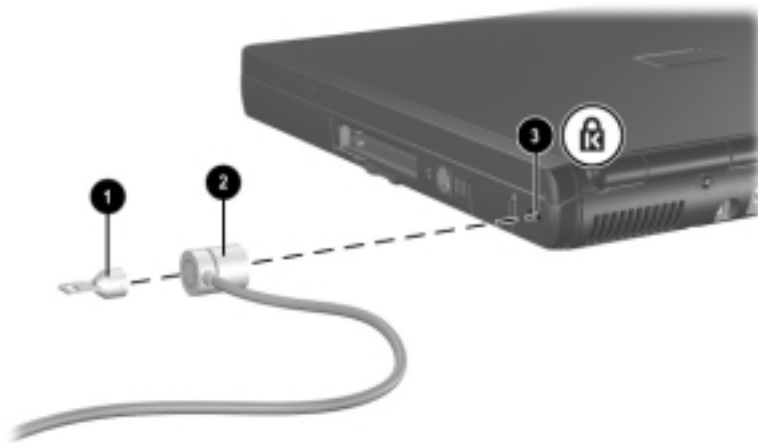
Hardware Upgrades

To order hardware or learn more about upgrades and accessories, visit the HP Web site at http://www.hp.com or refer to *Worldwide Telephone Numbers* booklet, included with the notebook, to contact an HP authorized dealer, reseller, or service provider.

For information about obtaining and installing software updates and upgrades, refer to the "Software Updates and Restorations" chapter in the *Software Guide* on the *Documentation* CD.

Using Optional PC Cards

An optional PC Card is a credit card-sized accessory designed to conform to the standard specifications of the Personal Computer Memory Card International Association (PCMCIA).

■ The notebook supports 32-bit (CardBus) and 16-bit PC Cards.

■ The notebook supports 2 Type I cards, 2 Type II cards, or 1 Type III card.

■ Zoomed video PC Cards are not supported.

$\triangle$ **CAUTION:** If you install software or enablers provided by a PC Card manufacturer, you might not be able to use other PC Cards. If you are instructed by the documentation included with your PC Card to install device drivers:

■ Install only the device drivers for your operating system.

■ Do not install other software, such as card services, socket services, or enablers, that might also be supplied by the PC Card manufacturer.

Inserting a PC Card

⚠️ **CAUTION:** To prevent damage to the connectors:
- Use minimal pressure when inserting a PC Card into a PC Card slot.
- Do not move or transport the notebook while a PC Card is inserted.

1. Hold the PC Card label side up with the connector facing the notebook.

2. Gently push the PC card into the slot until the card is seated. The notebook will beep to indicate that a device has been detected.

Removing a PC Card

⚠️ **CAUTION:** To prevent loss of work or an unresponsive system, stop the PC Card before removing it.

1. Stop the PC Card:
   - ❏ **In Windows XP**—Select the Safely Remove Hardware icon on the taskbar, then select the PC Card. (To display the Safely Remove Hardware icon, right-click the taskbar and select Show Hidden Icons.)
   - ❏ **In Windows 2000**—Select the Unplug or Eject icon on the taskbar, then select the PC Card you plan to remove. When the card can be safely removed, a message is displayed.
2. Press the PC Card eject button ❶ adjacent to the PC Card that is to be removed. This action extends the button into position for releasing the PC Card.
3. To release the PC Card, press the extended PC Card eject button.
4. Gently pull out the PC card ❷.
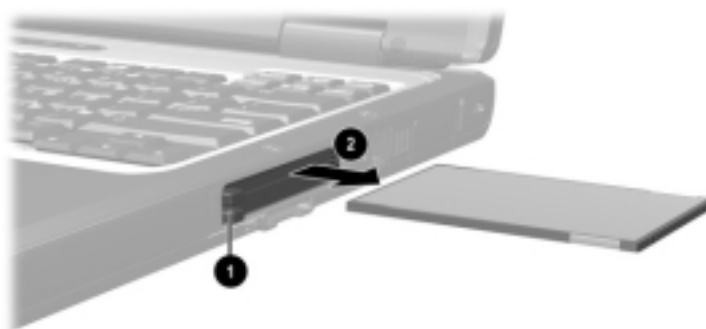
✎ An inserted PC Card uses power even when not in use. To conserve power, stop or remove a PC Card when you are not using it.

Using SD Cards

Secure Digital (SD) Cards are removable thumbnail-sized compact flash storage devices that provide a convenient method of storing data and sharing it with other devices such as PDAs, cameras, and other SD-equipped PCs.

Inserting an SD Card

$\triangle$ **CAUTION:** To prevent damage to the connectors:
- Use minimal pressure when inserting an SD Card into an SD Card slot.
- Do not move or transport the notebook while an SD Card is inserted.

To insert an SD Card:

1. Insert the SD Card into the SD Card slot.

2. Push the card firmly into the slot until the card clicks into place.
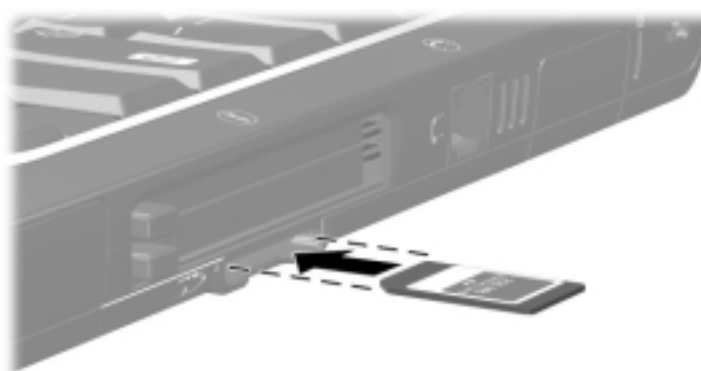
Removing an SD Card

⚠ **CAUTION:** To prevent loss of work or system lockup, stop the SD Card before removing it.

To remove an SD Card:

1. Close all files and applications that are using the SD Card.

2. Stop the SD Card:

   ❑ **In Windows XP,** select the Safely Remove Hardware icon in the taskbar, then select the PC Card. (To display the Safely Remove Hardware icon, right-click the taskbar and select Show Hidden Icons.)

   ❑ **In Windows 2000,** select the Unplug or Eject icon in the task bar, then select the PC Card you plan to remove. (When the card can be safely removed, a message is displayed.)

⚠ **CAUTION:** Attempting to remove the SD Card without pressing in to unseat it first might damage the connectors in the SD Card slot.

3. Gently press in on the SD Card ❶ to unseat it.

4. Pull the SD Card ❷ from the slot.
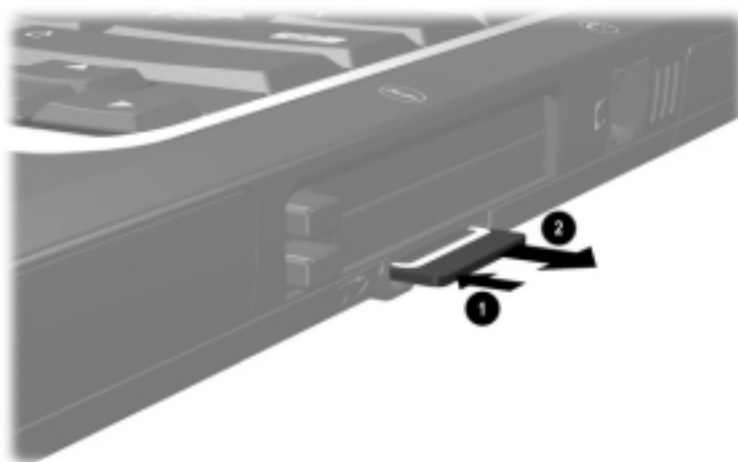
Adding and Upgrading Memory Modules

⚠️ **WARNING:** The memory compartments are the only user-accessible internal compartments on the notebook. All other areas that require a tool to open should be opened only by an authorized service provider.

⚠️ **WARNING:** Failure to unplug the power cord and remove all battery packs before installing a memory expansion module can damage the equipment and expose you to the risk of electrical shock.

⚠️ **CAUTION:** Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. Before beginning any procedure, touch a grounded metal object to ensure that you are discharged of static electricity. For more information, refer to the *Regulatory and Safety Notices* guide on the *Documentation* CD.

The notebook has 2 memory slots, one on top of the other, located under the keyboard. The memory expansion slot ❶ is on top of the primary memory slot ❷. One or both of these slots may be populated at the factory.
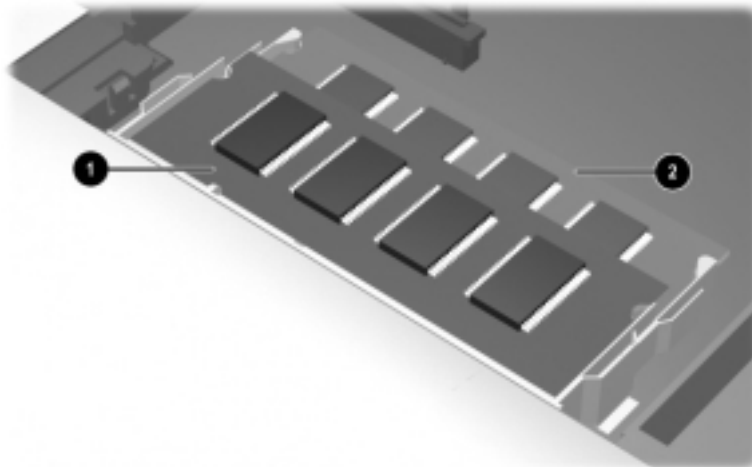
The memory capacity of the notebook can be upgraded by adding a memory module to the expansion slot or by upgrading the existing memory module in the primary memory slot.

Before You Begin

1. Save your work, exit all applications, and shut down the notebook. If you are not sure whether the notebook is off or in Hibernation, briefly press the power button. If your work returns to the screen, save your work, exit all applications, and then shut down the notebook.

2. Disconnect all external devices connected to the notebook.

3. Disconnect the power cord.

4. Remove any battery packs from the notebook.

Removing the Memory Module

To remove a memory module:

1. Follow the procedure in the "Before You Begin" section.

2. Remove the 2 keyboard access screws from the bottom of the notebook. (A keyboard icon is located next to both keyboard access screws.)
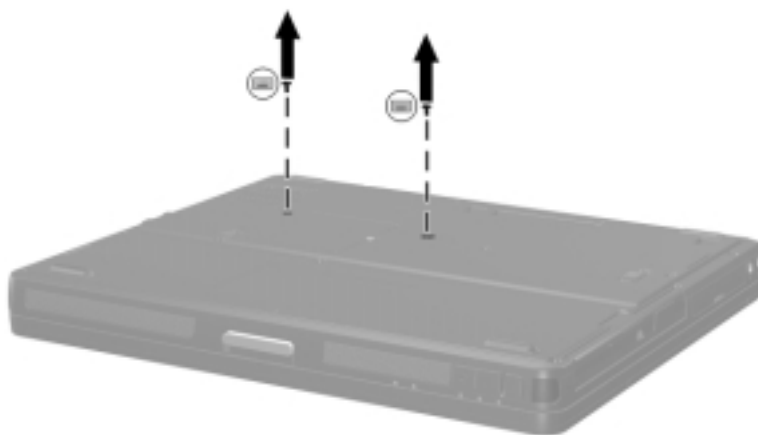
3. Open the notebook and slide the 4 keyboard latches down ❶ to release the keyboard, then tilt the keyboard up ❷ and remove it from the notebook.
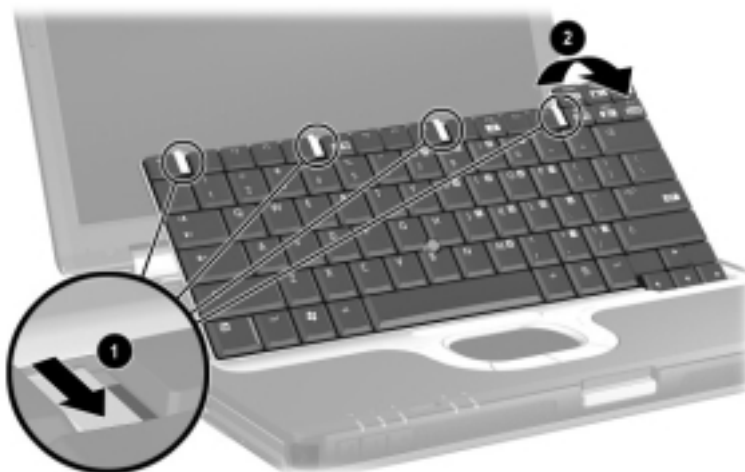
4. Press in on the latch ❶ to release the memory slot cover ❷, then tilt it up and remove it from the notebook.
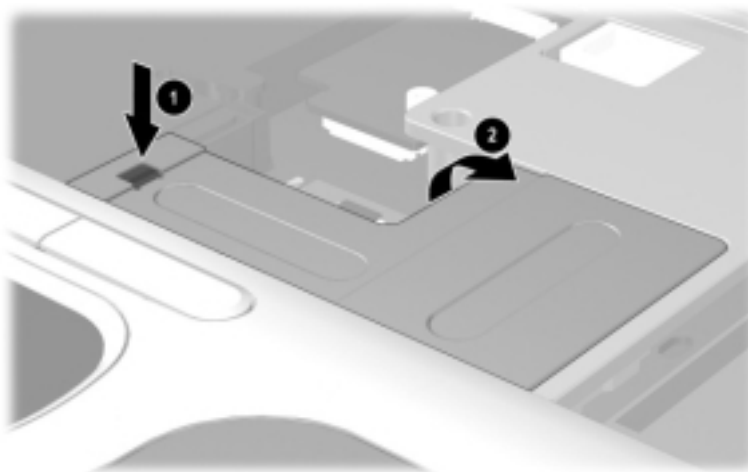
If you are replacing the existing memory in the primary memory slot, you must remove any memory in the memory expansion slot first. Proceed to step 5.

If you are adding memory to the memory expansion slot, see "Adding a Memory Module" later in this chapter.

5. To remove a memory module from the memory expansion slot:

   a. Pull the retention clips ❶ away from each side of the module. The module tilts upward when released.

   b. Lift the edge of the memory module ❷ and gently remove it from the slot.
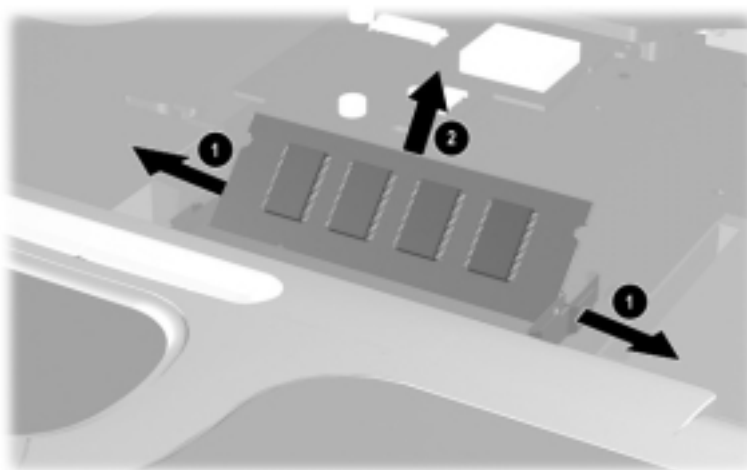
⚠ To protect a memory module after it has been removed, place it in a static-safe container.

Repeat step 5 to remove the memory module from the primary memory slot, if necessary.

Adding a Memory Module

1. Follow the procedures in the "Before You Begin" section.

2. To insert the new memory module into either memory slot:

   a. Align the keyed (notched) edge of the module ❶ with the keyed area in the expansion slot.

   b. Press the module into the slot from a 45-degree angle until it is seated, then press the module ❷ downward until the retention clips snap into place.
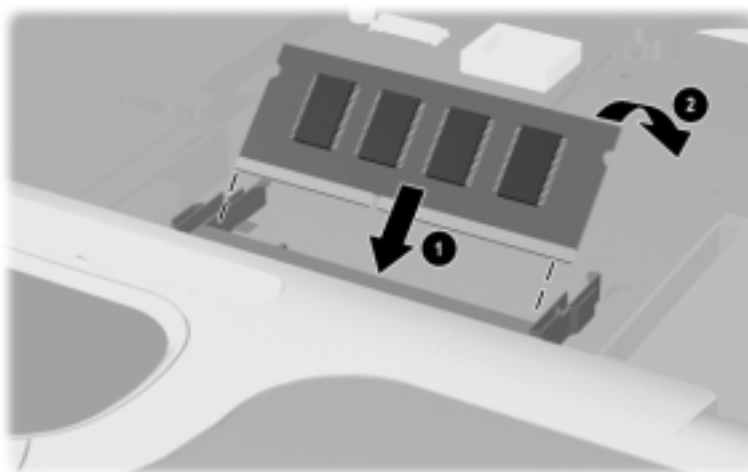
3. Replace the memory slot cover.

4. Replace the keyboard and snap the 4 keyboard latches back into place.

5. Replace the keyboard access screws located on the bottom of the notebook.

6. Replace any battery packs that were removed at the beginning of this procedure.

7. Reconnect external power and external devices.

8. Turn on the notebook.

Effects of Increasing Memory

When memory increases, the operating system increases the hard drive space reserved for the Hibernation file.

If you experience problems with Hibernation after memory has been increased, verify that your hard drive has enough free space to accommodate a larger Hibernation file.

■ To display the amount of memory (RAM) in the system:

❏ Press **fn+esc.**

❏ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > System > General tab.

❏ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > System > General tab.

■ To display the amount of free space on your hard drive, double-click the My Computer icon on the desktop, then select your hard drive. Information about the space on the drive is displayed in a status bar at the bottom of the window.

■ To display the amount of space required by the Hibernation file:

❏ **In Windows XP,** select Start > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > Power Options icon > Hibernate tab.

❏ **In Windows 2000,** select Start > Settings > Control Panel > Power Options > Hibernation tab.

The free space on your hard drive and the size of the Hibernation file should match or exceed the amount of memory in your system.

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Specifications

The information in this chapter might be helpful if you plan to use or transport the notebook internationally or in extreme environments.

✎ Use only compatible AC adapters and battery packs with the notebook. For additional information, visit the HP Web site at http://www.hp.com or use the *Worldwide Telephone Numbers* booklet, included with your notebook, to contact an HP authorized dealer.

Notebook Dimensions

Dimension	Metric	U.S.
Height	3.66 cm	1.44 in
Width	32.59 cm	12.83 in
Depth	27.51 cm	10.83 in

Operating Environment

Factor	Metric	U.S.
Temperature		
Operating	10°C to 35°C	50°F to 95°F
Nonoperating	−30°C to 60°C	−22°F to 140°F
Relative humidity (noncondensing)		
Operating	10% to 90%	10% to 90%
Nonoperating	5% to 95%	5% to 95%
Maximum altitude (unpressurized)		
Operating	3,048 m	10,000 ft
Nonoperating	9,144 m	30,000 ft

Rated Input Power

Input power	Rating
Operating voltage	100 to 120/220 to 240 VAC RMS
Operating current	1.7/0.85 A RMS
Operating frequency range	47 to 63 Hz AC
When powered by a DC source	18.5 V MAX

✎ This product is designed for IT power systems in Norway with phase-to-phase voltage not exceeding 240 Vms.

Modem Specifications

This notebook has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device. For additional governmental agency information, refer to the *Regulatory and Safety Notices* guide on the *Documentation* CD.

Factor	Specification	
Temperature		
Operating	32° to 167°F (0° to 75°C)	
Storage	–40° to 167°F (–40° to 75°C)	
Relative humidity (noncondensing)		
Operating	10 to 90% @ 102°F (10 to 90% @ 39°C)	
Storage	5 to 95%@ 102°F (5 to 95%@ 39°C)	
Interfaces	Communications connector	Standard RJ-11 connector
	Telephone, central office network	Internal DAA
Power requirements	+3.3 V ±5%, +5 V ±5%	

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