

DFS Test Report

Applicant	: unitech electronics co., Itd.
Product Type	: Rugged Handheld Computer
Trade Name	: unitech
Model Number	: EA630
Applicable Standard	FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E ANSI C63.10:2013
Received Date	: May 11, 2020
Test Period	: May 18, 2020
Issued Date	: Jun. 17, 2020

Issued by

A Test Lab Techno Corp. No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District,

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Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number: 1330

Test Firm MRA designation number: TW0010

Note:

1. The test results are valid only for samples provided by customers and under the test conditions described in this report.

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The relevant information is provided by customers in this test report. According to the correctness, appropriateness or

completeness of the information provided by the customer, if there is any doubt or error in the information which affects the validity of the test results, the laboratory does not take the responsibility.



Revision History

Rev.	Issued Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	Jun. 17, 2020	Initial Issue	Tobey Cheng



Verification of Compliance

Issued Date: Jun. 17, 2020

Applicant	:	unitech electronics co., ltd.
Product Type	:	Rugged Handheld Computer
Trade Name	:	unitech
Model Number	:	EA630
FCC ID	:	HLEEA630BTNFL
EUT Rated Voltage	:	DC 5 V, 2.5 A / DC 9 V, 2 A
Test Voltage	:	120 Vac / 60 Hz
Applicable Standard	:	FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Result	:	Complied
Performing Lab.	:	A Test Lab Techno Corp. No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District, Taoyuan City 33465, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel : +886-3-2710188 / Fax : +886-3-2710190 Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number: 1330 http://www.atl-lab.com.tw/e-index.htm

A Test Lab Techno Corp. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by A Test Lab Techno Corp. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Approved By

: Fly Lu

(Manager)

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1 EUT Description

Applicant		unitech electronics co., ltd. 5F., No.136, Lane 235, Pao-Chiao Rd., Hsin-Tien Dist, New Taipei City, Taiwan					
Manufacturer		ctronics co., ltd. , Lane 235, Pao-Cł	niao Rd., Hsin-Tien	Dist, New Taipei Ci	ty, Taiwan		
Product Type	Rugged Ha	ndheld Computer					
Trade Name	unitech						
Model Number	EA630						
IMEI No.	IMEI1: 3552	239110051120, IME	12: 355239115204	005			
FCC ID	HLEEA630	BTNFL					
		Frequency Bar	nd	Frequency Range (MHz)	Number of Channels		
		IEEE 802.11a		5260 – 5320	3		
	IEEE 802.1			5500 – 5700	3		
		IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 20 MHz		5260 – 5320	3		
Operate Frequency				5500 – 5700	3		
		IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 40 MHz		5270 – 5310	2		
				5510 – 5670	3		
		IEEE 802.11ac 80 MHz		5290	1		
				5530	1		
Modulation Type	OFDM						
Equipment Type (DFS)	Client witho	ut radar detection					
	ANT	Model Number	Туре	Max. G	ain (dBi)		
				U-NII Band I	-1.5		
Antenna information		744454		U-NII Band II-	A -1.0		
	ANT-0	711454	PIFA Antenn	a U-NII Band II-	C 0.5		
				U-NII Band III	0.9		
Antenna Delivery	1TX						
Operate Temp. Range	-10 ~ +50 °	-10 ~ +50 °C					



Items	Description		
Communication Mode	■IP Based (Load Based)	□Frame Based	
TPC Function	■With TPC	□Without TPC	
Weather Band (5600 ~ 5650 MHz)	With 5600 ~ 5650 MHz	Without 5600 ~ 5650 MHz	
Beamforming Function	With Beamforming	Without Beamforming	
	Outdoor access point (point-to-poin	nt)	
	Outdoor access point (point-to-mul	tipoint)	
Equipment Type	□Indoor access point		
	□Fixed point-to-point access points		
	Client devices		
	Master		
	Client with radar detection		
Operating mode	Client without radar detection		
Operating mode	□Ad-Hoc		
	□Bridge		
	□MESH		
Test AP FCC ID	PY315100319		

Note : DFS controls (hardware or software) related to radar detection are NOT accessible to the user.

Manufacturer statement confirming that information regarding the parameters of the detected Radar Waveforms is not available to the end user.



2 Test Methodology

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC KDB request:

- FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02
- FCC KDB 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02



3 Dynamic Frequency Selection

3.1. Limits

§15.407 (h) and FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 Compliance measurement procedures for unlicensed-national information infrastructure devices operating in the 5250-5350 MHZ and 5470-5725 MHZ bands incorporating dynamic frequency selection.

Table 1: Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel					
	Operational Mode				
Requirement	Client Client Master (without radar detection) (with radar detection)				
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes		
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes		

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation				
	Operational Mode			
Requirement	Master Device or Client With Radar Detection	Client without Radar Detection		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes Not required			
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required		

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master Device or Client With Radar Detection	Client without Radar Detection		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required		
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link		
All other tests Any single BW mode Not required				
Note : Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in all 20 MHz channel blocks and a null frequencies between the bonded 20 MHz channel blocks				



Table 3: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With Radar Detection			
Maximum Transmit Power Value (See Notes 1,2 and 3)			
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm		
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and Power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz -62 dBm			
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral -64 dBm -64 dBm			
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna. Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response. Note 3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to FCC KDB Publication 662911			

D01.

Table 4: DFS Response Requirement Values			
Parameter Value			
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes		
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds		
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth Minimum 100 % of the U-NII 99 % transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.			

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.



	Table 5: Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms					
Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials	
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1	
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in <u>Table 5a</u> Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A	$Roundup \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{360}\right) \\ \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^{6}}{PRI_{\mu uee}}\right) \end{cases}$	60 %	30	
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60 %	30	
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60 %	30	
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60 %	30	
Aggregate (Rada	r Types 1-4)			80 %	120	
Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.						



Table 5a	Table 5a: Pulse Repetition Intervals Values for Test A				
Pulse Repetition Frequency Number	Pulse Repetition Frequency (Pulses Per Second)	Pulse Repetition Interval (Microseconds)			
1	1930.5	518			
2	1858.7	538			
3	1792.1	558			
4	1730.1	578			
5	1672.2	598			
6	1618.1	618			
7	1567.4	638			
8	1519.8	658			
9	1474.9	678			
10	1432.7	698			
11	1392.8	718			
12	1355	738			
13	1319.3	758			
14	1285.3	778			
15	1253.1	798			
16	1222.5	818			
17	1193.3	838			
18	1165.6	858			
19	1139	878			
20	1113.6	898			
21	1089.3	918			
22	1066.1	938			
23	326.2	3066			

Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Signal							
Radar Waveform	Bursts	Pulses per Burst	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	8-20	1-3	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	80 %	30

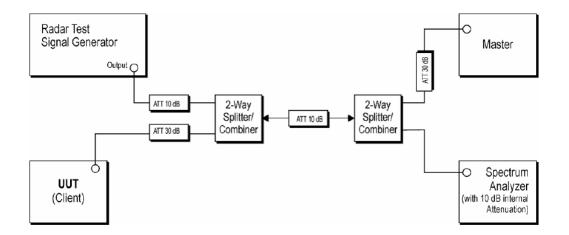
Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal							
Radar Waveform	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Burst Length (ms)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	300	9	0.333	70 %	30



3.2. Test and Measurement System

3.2.1. Setup for Client with injection at the Master

Example Radiated Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master



Tested System Details

The types for all equipments, plus descriptions of all cables used in the tested system (including inserted cards) are:

	Product	Manufacturer	Model No.	ID
1.	Netgear Access Point	Netgear	R7800	FCC : PY315100319
2.	ASUS Access Point	ASUS	RT-AX88U	FCC : MSQ-RTAXHP00

3.2.2. System Calibration

The short pulse types 0,1,2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time. The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the May 2014 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from FL to FH for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.



3.2.3. System Calibration

The Interference Radar Detection Threshold Level is (-64 dBm), The above equipment setup was used to calibrate the radiated Radar Waveform. A vector signal generator was utilized to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were replace 50 ohm terminal form Master and Client device and no transmissions by either the Master or Client Device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero span (Time Domain) at the frequency of the Radar Waveform generator. Peak detection was used. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to at least 3 MHz.

The vector signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was (-64 dBm). Capture the spectrum analyzer plots on short pulse radar types, long pulse radar type and hopping radar waveform.

3.2.4. Adjustment of Displayed Traffic Level

A link is established between the Master and Slave and the distance between the units is adjusted as needed to provide a suitable received level at the Master and Slave devices. Software to ping the client is permitted to simulate data transfer but must have random ping intervals. The monitoring antenna is adjusted so that the WLAN traffic level, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold.

3.3. Test Instruments

Test Period: May 18, 2020 Testing Engineer: Peter Shui

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer (20 Hz~26.5 GHz)	Agilent	N9020A	US47520902	09/18/2019	1 year
Signal Generator	Keysight	N5182B	MY53052569	01/15/2020	1 year

Note N.C.R. = No Calibration Request.



4 Test Methodology

4.1. Mode of Operation

Decision of Test ATL has verified the construction and function in typical operation. All the test modes were carried out with the EUT in normal operation, which was shown in this test report and defined as:

Test Mode

Mode 1: IEEE 802.11ac 80 MHz Continuous TX mode

IEEE 802.11ac 80 MHz Continuous TX mode

Unless otherwise noted, all tests were performed with the radar burst at the channel center frequency of 5530 MHz.

4.2. EUT Test Step

1.	Setup the EUT shown on 3.2.1
2.	Turn on the power of all equipment.
3.	Turn on Wi-Fi function link to Notebook.
4.	The EUT is operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency for the purposes of measurement.

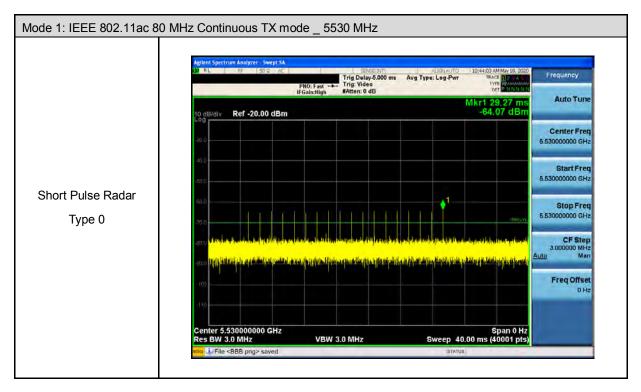
4.3. Test Site Environment

Items	Required (IEC 60068-1)	Actual
Temperature (°C)	15-35	20-30
Humidity (%RH)	25-75	45-75
Barometric pressure (mbar)	860-1060	990-1005



5 Test Results

5.1. Radar Waveforms and Traffic





5.2. Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time

5.2.1. Reporting Notes

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

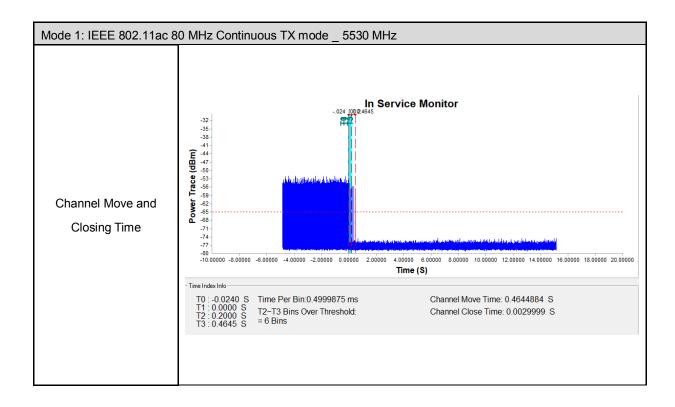
The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows: Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

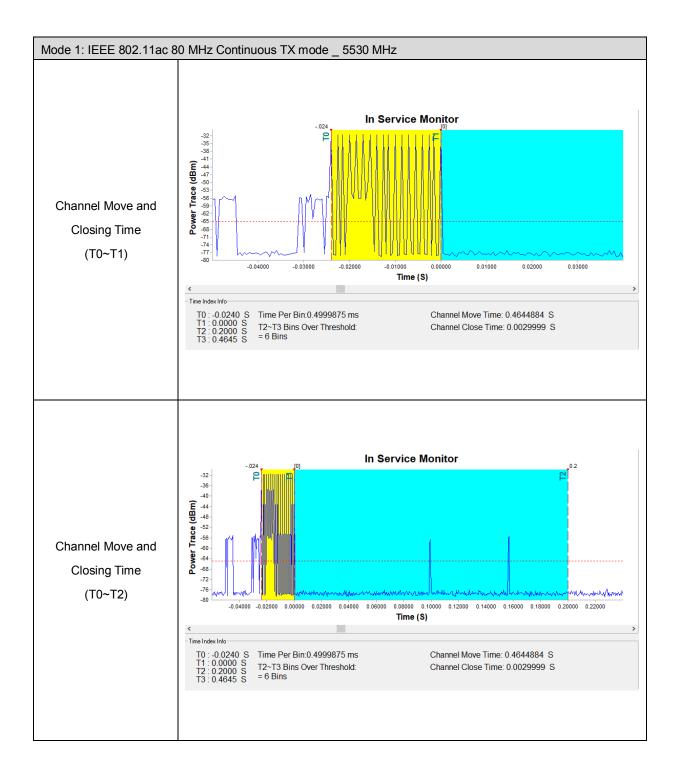
Results

Frequency	Radar Type	Channel Move Time	Limit
(MHz)		(sec)	(sec)
5530	Туре 0	0.4644	10

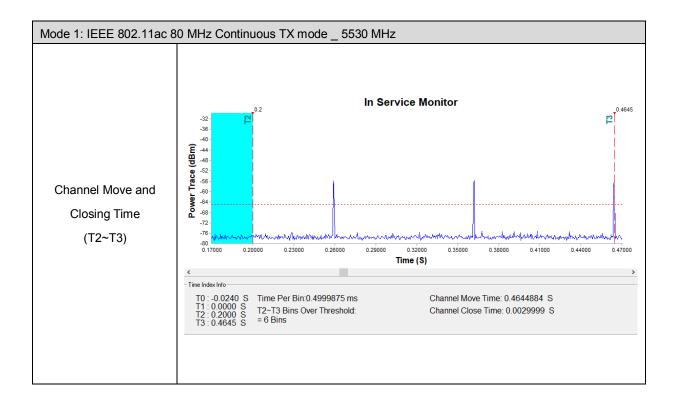
Frequency	Radar Type	Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time	Limit
(MHz)		(msec)	(msec)
5530	Туре 0	2.9999	60





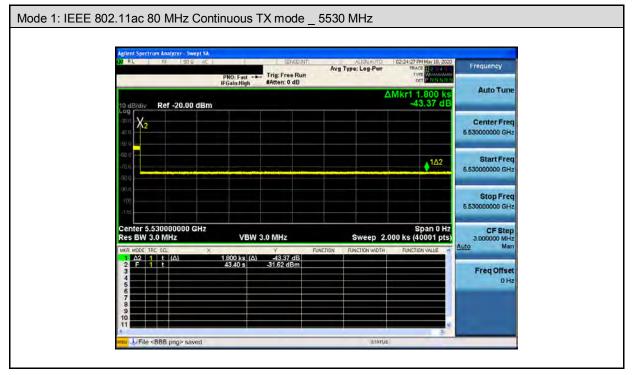








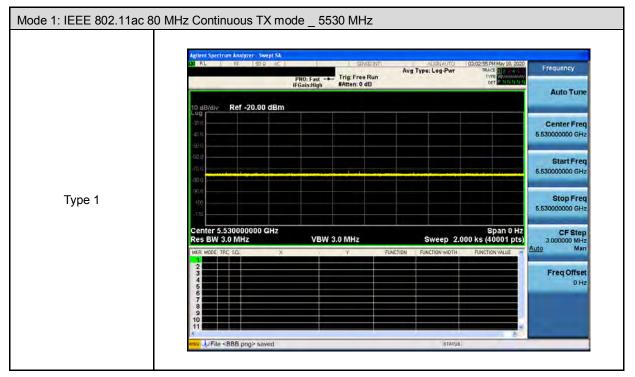
5.3. Non-Occupancy Period



Note: Non-Occupancy Period time is 30 minute during which a Channel will not be utilized after a Radar Waveform is detected on that Channel.



5.4. Non-Associated Test



Note: The non-associated Client Beacon Test is during the 30 minutes observation time. The EUT should not make any transmissions in the DFS band after EUT power up.

---END---