

## FCC ID: 2AR4QCS-H100W

## RF Exposure evaluation

## According to 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

 $P_{\rm th} (\rm mW) = ERP_{20 \,\rm cm} (\rm mW) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \,\rm GHz \le f < 1.5 \,\rm GHz \\ 3060 & 1.5 \,\rm GHz \le f \le 6 \,\rm GHz \end{cases}$ (B.1)

$$P_{\rm th} (\rm mW) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \,\rm cm} (d/20 \,\rm cm)^x & d \le 20 \,\rm cm \\ \\ ERP_{20 \,\rm cm} & 20 \,\rm cm < d \le 40 \,\rm cm \end{cases}$$
(B.2)

where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20} \operatorname{cm}\sqrt{f}}\right)$$

and *f* is in GHz, *d* is the separation distance (cm), and  $ERP_{20cm}$  is per Formula (B.1). The example values shown in Table B.2 are for illustration only.

Distance (mm) Frequency (MHz) 

Table B.2-Example Power Thresholds (mW)

 $ERP/EIRP = P_T + G_T - L_C$ 

ERP/EIRP is the equivalent (or effective) radiated power [in same units as P<sub>T</sub>, typically dBW,

dBm, or power spectral density (psd)], relative to either a dipole antenna (ERP) or an isotropic antenna (EIRP).

 $P_T$  is the transmitter output power, in dBW, dBm, or psd (power over a specified reference bandwidth).

G<sub>T</sub> is the gain of the transmitting antenna, in dBd (ERP) or dBi (EIRP).

 $L_{C}$  is the signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and the antenna, in dB.

## For BT mode

Frequency (MHz)	Output power (dBm)	Ant gain(dBi)	EIRP(dBm)	ERP(dBm)	ERP(mw)	Distance (cm)	P <sub>th</sub> (mW)
2402	1.28	1.3	2.58	0.43	1.104	0.5	2.8

ERP = EIRP - 2.15 dB

WORSE CASE

1.104mW<2.8mW

Remark:

Then SAR evaluation is not required