FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : BLU Products, Inc.

EQUIPMENT : Smart Phone

BRAND NAME : BLU MODEL NAME : S5

FCC ID : YHLBLUS5

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (Shenzhen) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (Shenzhen) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Mark Qu / Manager

Mark Qu

NVLAP LAB CODE 600156-0

Report No. : FA862706

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Revision History

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA862706	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Aug. 21, 2018
FA862706	Rev. 02	Update the report for SW Version.	Aug. 28, 2018

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **BLU Products**, **Inc.**, **Smart Phone**, **S5**, are as follows.

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				ghest SAR Summa	ary	Highest
Equipment Class		uency ind	Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR
				1g SAR (W/kg)		(W/kg)
	GSM	GSM850	0.33	0.46	0.46	
	GSIVI	GSM1900	0.57	0.50	0.50	
	MODAA	WCDMA V	0.17	0.26	0.26	
Licensed	WCDMA	WCDMA II	0.60	0.69	0.69	1.26
		Band 5	0.15	0.24	0.24	
	LTE	Band 4	0.36	0.61	0.61	
		Band 7	0.27	0.36	0.43	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.66	0.12	0.12	1.26
DSS	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	<0.10			0.73
Date of Testing:				2018/7/10 -	- 2018/7/13	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site	Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc.				
Test Site Location	1/F, 2/F, Bldg 5, Shiling Industrial Zone, Xinwei Village, Xili, Nanshan Shenzhen City Guangdong Province 518055 China TEL: +86-755-8637-9589 FAX: +86-755-8637-9595				

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Applicant Applicant					
Company Name	BLU Products, Inc.				
Address 10814 NW 33rd St # 100 Doral, FL 33172, USA					

Manufacturer				
Company Name	BLU Products, Inc.			
Address	10814 NW 33rd St # 100 Doral, FL 33172, USA			

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc.

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Smart Phone
Brand Name	BLU
Model Name	S5
FCC ID	YHLBLUS5
IMEI Code	867400020316612
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA HSPA+ LTE: QPSK, 16QAM WLAN 2.4GHz: 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	FS099 -MB-V0.2
SW Version	BLU_S0480LL_V8.1.G.05.05_GENERIC_27-08-2018
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	

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- 1. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN.
- 2. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation.
- 3. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
- This device does not support DTM operation and support GRPS/EGRPS mode up to multi-slot class 12.

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4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summariz	ed necessary ite	ms addres	ssed in KC	DB 94122	5 D05 v02	r05		
FCC ID	YHLBLUS5							
Equipment Name	Smart Phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R10, Cat3							
CA Support	No							
	Table 6.2.3 Modulation				2, 2	for Power of bandwidth		and 3 MPR (dB)
		MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	s 1
,	16 QAM	≤5	≤ 4	≤8	s 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	51
	16 QAM	≤5 >5	≤ 4 > 4	> 8	> 12	≤ 16 > 16	> 18	≤2
	16 QAM 64 QAM	> 5 ≤ 5	> 4 ≤ 4	> 8 ≤ 8	> 12 ≤ 12	> 16 ≤ 16	> 18 ≤ 18	≤ 2 ≤ 2
	16 QAM 84 QAM 64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8 ≤ 8 > 8	> 12 ≤ 12 > 12	> 16	> 18	≤2 ≤2 ≤3
	16 QAM 64 QAM	> 5 ≤ 5	> 4 ≤ 4	> 8 ≤ 8 > 8	> 12 ≤ 12	> 16 ≤ 16	> 18 ≤ 18	≤ 2 ≤ 2
LTE A-MPR	16 QAM 84 QAM 64 QAM	> 5 ≤ 5 > 5 on simulate SAR testin	> 4 ≤ 4 > 4 or configuring and the	> 8	> 12 ≤ 12 > 12 ≥ 1 twork Setti	> 16 ≤ 16 > 16 > 16 as transmi	> 18 ≤ 18 > 18 > 18 set to NS_tting on a	≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 3 ≤ 5 01 to disable II TTI frames

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	Towns of a long (I M I) about a long bound of a constant later bound													
	Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band LTE Band 4													
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz					Bandwidt	h 10 M	Hz	Bandwidtl	n 15 MHz	Band	width	1 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	(n #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fred (MH		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	#	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	7 19965	1711.5	19975	5 1712.5	20000	171	5	20025	1717.5	2005	50	1720
М	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	5 1732.5	20175	1732	2.5	20175	1732.5	2017	75	1732.5
Н	20393	1754.3	3 20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	175	0	20325	1747.5	2030	00	1745
						LTE Ba	ind 5							
	Ban	dwidth 1.	.4 MHz	Bar	Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidth 5 MHz			Ban	Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	F	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	:	Fred	q. (MHz)	Ch. #	:	Fred	q. (MHz)
L	20407	7	824.7	20415		825.5	20425	5	8	326.5	20450)		829
М	20525	5	836.5	20525		836.5	20525	5	8	336.5	20525	5	8	336.5
Н	20643	3	848.3	20635		847.5	20625	5	8	346.5	20600)		844
						LTE Ba	ind 7							
	Bar	ndwidth 5	5 MHz	Ban	dwidth 1	I0 MHz	Ban	dwidth	15 N	1Hz	Ban	dwidth	20 N	1Hz
	Ch. #	F	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	:	Fred	q. (MHz)	Ch. #	:	Fred	q. (MHz)
L	20775	5	2502.5	20800		2505	20825	5	2	507.5	20850)		2510
М	21100)	2535	21100		2535	21100)	2	2535	21100)		2535
Н	21425	5	2567.5	21400		2565	21375	5	2	562.5	21350)	:	2560

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

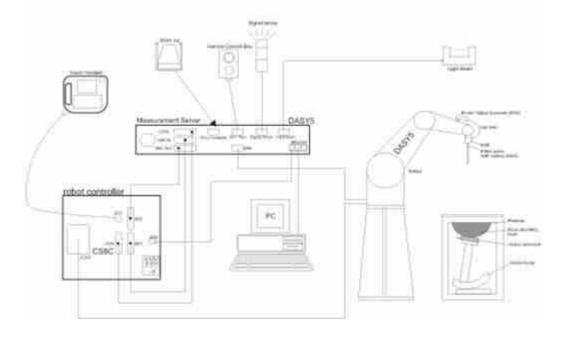
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



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Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

\LLI I Halltolli>		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid $\Delta z_{Z_{00m}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

	N (5)	- "	0 : 111 1	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d162	Dec. 05, 2017	Dec. 04, 2018
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	Dec. 05, 2017	Dec. 04, 2018
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d182	Dec. 06, 2017	Dec. 05, 2018
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	Mar. 22, 2018	Mar. 21, 2019
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1070	Dec. 07, 2017	Dec. 06, 2018
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1437	Sep. 15, 2017	Sep. 14, 2018
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Dec. 19, 2017	Dec. 18, 2018
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Jan. 31, 2018	Jan. 30, 2019
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3958	Jan. 11, 2018	Jan. 10, 2019
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM V5.0	1795	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201300653	Jul. 19, 2017	Jul. 18, 2018
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Sep. 12, 2017	Sep. 11, 2018
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46523671	Oct. 18, 2017	Oct. 17, 2018
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1071	Nov. 28, 2017	Nov. 27, 2018
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Dec. 26, 2017	Dec. 25, 2018
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	1306099	Aug. 21, 2017	Aug. 20, 2018
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Jul. 19, 2017	Jul. 18, 2018
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207363	Oct. 06, 2017	Oct. 05, 2018
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218006	Oct. 06, 2017	Oct. 05, 2018
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100963	Dec. 26, 2017	Dec. 25, 2018
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	100818	Jul. 19, 2017	Jul. 18, 2018
LKM electronic	Hygrometer	DTM3000	3241	Jul. 21, 2017	Jul. 20, 2018
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2015030903	Jan. 01, 2018	Dec. 31, 2018
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2015102801	Jan. 01, 2018	Dec. 31, 2018
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1
PASTERNACK	Dual Directional Coupler	PE2214-10	N/A	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5	N/A	No	te 1
Weinschel	Attenuation2	3M-20	N/A	No	te 1
Zhongjilianhe	Attenuation3	MVE2214-03	N/A	No	te 1
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	QA1341002	No	te 1
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	599201528	No	te 1

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General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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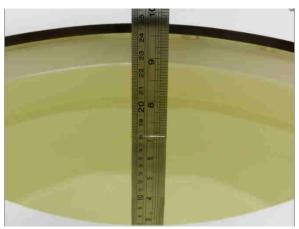
10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







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Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)			
				For Head							
835 40.3 57.9 0.2 1.4 0.2 0 0.90 41.5											
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0			
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2			
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0			
				For Body							
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2			
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3			
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7			
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5			

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε,)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε,) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.8	0.916	41.029	0.90	41.50	1.78	-1.13	±5	2018/7/10
1750	Head	22.8	1.380	41.322	1.37	40.10	0.73	3.05	±5	2018/7/11
1900	Head	22.6	1.455	40.068	1.40	40.00	3.93	0.17	±5	2018/7/12
2450	Head	22.4	1.820	39.753	1.80	39.20	1.11	1.41	±5	2018/7/13
2600	Head	22.9	1.995	40.438	1.96	39.00	1.79	3.69	±5	2018/7/12
835	Body	22.5	0.994	54.578	0.97	55.20	2.47	-1.13	±5	2018/7/10
1750	Body	22.6	1.528	52.031	1.49	53.40	2.55	-2.56	±5	2018/7/11
1900	Body	22.5	1.512	53.903	1.52	53.30	-0.53	1.13	±5	2018/7/11
2450	Body	22.5	1.991	52.313	1.95	52.70	2.10	-0.73	±5	2018/7/13
2600	Body	22.7	2.196	50.730	2.16	52.50	1.67	-3.37	±5	2018/7/11

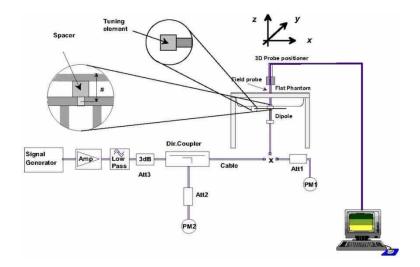
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10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2018/7/10	835	Head	250	4d162	3819	1437	2.22	9.56	8.88	-7.11
2018/7/11	1750	Head	250	1069	3958	1303	8.64	37.00	34.56	-6.59
2018/7/12	1900	Head	250	5d182	3958	1303	9.86	40.10	39.44	-1.65
2018/7/13	2450	Head	250	924	3958	1303	12.40	51.80	49.6	-4.25
2018/7/12	2600	Head	250	1070	3958	1303	14.70	58.20	58.8	1.03
2018/7/10	835	Body	250	4d162	3958	1303	2.51	9.56	10.04	5.02
2018/7/11	1750	Body	250	1069	3958	1303	9.21	38.00	36.84	-3.05
2018/7/11	1900	Body	250	5d182	3958	1303	9.71	40.40	38.84	-3.86
2018/7/13	2450	Body	250	924	3958	1303	13.40	50.70	53.6	5.72
2018/7/11	2600	Body	250	1070	3958	1303	12.80	55.20	51.2	-7.25





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Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

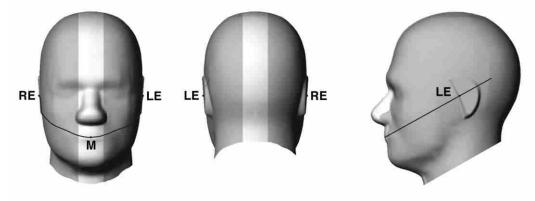


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

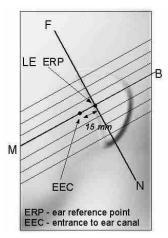
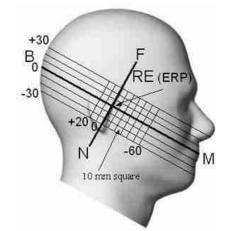


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output: however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. 6.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

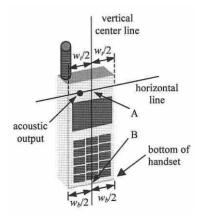
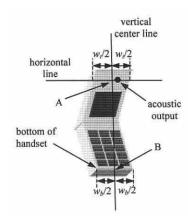
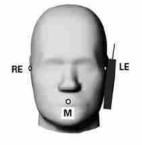


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case



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Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"





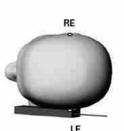


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

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- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

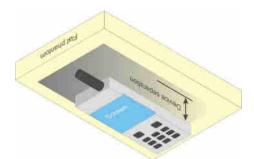


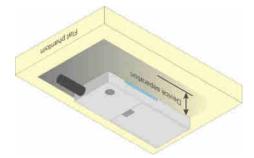
Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.





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Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

 Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction
 procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a
 secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary
 mode

GSM850	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up
Tx Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	32.33	32.32	32.42	32.50	23.33	23.32	23.42	23.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot	32.31	32.31	32.41	32.50	23.31	23.31	23.41	23.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	30.32	30.34	30.35	30.50	24.32	24.34	24.35	24.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	28.46	28.50	28.56	29.00	24.20	24.24	24.30	24.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	26.43	26.51	26.60	27.00	23.43	23.51	23.60	24.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	27.41	27.58	27.64	28.00	18.41	18.58	18.64	19.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	27.28	27.42	27.51	28.00	21.28	21.42	21.51	22.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	26.27	26.34	26.65	27.00	22.01	22.08	22.39	22.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	23.73	23.78	23.95	24.50	20.73	20.78	20.95	21.50
	Burst Average Power (dBm)							
GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pov	ver (dBm)	Tune-up
GSM1900 Tx Channel	Burst Av 512	erage Pow 661	er (dBm) 810	Tune-up Limit	Frame-A 512	verage Pov 661	ver (dBm) 810	Tune-up Limit
Tx Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Tx Channel Frequency (MHz)	512 1850.2	661	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)	512 1850.2	661 1880	810 1909.8	Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM 1 Tx slot	512 1850.2 29.18	661 1880 29.20	810 1909.8 <mark>29.28</mark>	Limit (dBm) 29.50	512 1850.2 20.18	661 1880 20.20	810 1909.8 20.28	Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM 1 Tx slot GPRS 1 Tx slot	512 1850.2 29.18 29.17	661 1880 29.20 29.18	810 1909.8 29.28 29.27	Limit (dBm) 29.50 29.50	512 1850.2 20.18 20.17	661 1880 20.20 20.18	810 1909.8 20.28 20.27	Limit (dBm) 20.50 20.50
Tx Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM 1 Tx slot GPRS 1 Tx slot GPRS 2 Tx slots	512 1850.2 29.18 29.17 26.81	661 1880 29.20 29.18 26.99	810 1909.8 29.28 29.27 27.12	Limit (dBm) 29.50 29.50 27.50	512 1850.2 20.18 20.17 20.81	661 1880 20.20 20.18 20.99	810 1909.8 20.28 20.27 21.12	Limit (dBm) 20.50 20.50 21.50
Tx Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM 1 Tx slot GPRS 1 Tx slot GPRS 2 Tx slots GPRS 3 Tx slots	512 1850.2 29.18 29.17 26.81 25.34	661 1880 29.20 29.18 26.99 25.52	810 1909.8 29.28 29.27 27.12 25.62	Limit (dBm) 29.50 29.50 27.50 26.00	512 1850.2 20.18 20.17 20.81 21.08	661 1880 20.20 20.18 20.99 21.26	810 1909.8 20.28 20.27 21.12 21.36	Limit (dBm) 20.50 20.50 21.50 21.74
Tx Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM 1 Tx slot GPRS 1 Tx slot GPRS 2 Tx slots GPRS 3 Tx slots GPRS 4 Tx slots	512 1850.2 29.18 29.17 26.81 25.34 23.37	661 1880 29.20 29.18 26.99 25.52 23.55	810 1909.8 29.28 29.27 27.12 25.62 23.66	Limit (dBm) 29.50 29.50 27.50 26.00 24.00	512 1850.2 20.18 20.17 20.81 21.08 20.37	661 1880 20.20 20.18 20.99 21.26 20.55	810 1909.8 20.28 20.27 21.12 21.36 20.66	Limit (dBm) 20.50 20.50 21.50 21.74 21.00
Tx Channel Frequency (MHz) GSM 1 Tx slot GPRS 1 Tx slot GPRS 2 Tx slots GPRS 3 Tx slots GPRS 4 Tx slots EDGE 1 Tx slot	512 1850.2 29.18 29.17 26.81 25.34 23.37 26.75	661 1880 29.20 29.18 26.99 25.52 23.55 26.92	810 1909.8 29.28 29.27 27.12 25.62 23.66 26.45	Limit (dBm) 29.50 29.50 27.50 26.00 24.00 27.00	512 1850.2 20.18 20.17 20.81 21.08 20.37 17.75	661 1880 20.20 20.18 20.99 21.26 20.55 17.92	810 1909.8 20.28 20.27 21.12 21.36 20.66 17.45	Limit (dBm) 20.50 20.50 21.50 21.74 21.00 18.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

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- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

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3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121 ii.
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK) V.
 - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters vi.
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βε	βа	β _d (SF)	β₀/βd	βнs (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{c}$
- For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Note 2: Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle_{ACK} and \triangle_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_{rs} , and \triangle_{CQI} = 24/15

with $\beta_{bx} = 24/15 * \beta_{c}$.

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- CM = 1 for β_0/β_d =12/15, β_{fis}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- For subtest 2 the β_d/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is Note 4: achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and β_d

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- Set UE Target Power ٧.

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- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βε	₿d	β _d (SF)	β⊲/βа	β _{HS} (Note1)	Вос	Red (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{od} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
11	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	βed1: 47/15 Bed2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0		i •/	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	- 1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δαck, Δναck and Δcoi = 30/15 with β_{hi} = 30/15 * β_{c} . For sub-test 5, Δαck, Δναck and Δcoi = 5/15 with $\beta_{br} = 5/15 \cdot \beta_c$.
- CM = 1 for β_e/β_e =12/15, β_{bs}/β_e=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_d/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to Bc = 10/15 and Bd = 15/15.
- In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to Note 4: TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5:
- For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly Note 6: smaller MPR values.

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HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E

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- iii. Set Channel Parms
- iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
- vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
- vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
- viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
- ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
- x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
- xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
- xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
- xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
- xiv. Set Serving Grant
- xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	(Note1)	βec	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	(MB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	Index (Note 4)	(Note 5)	(boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 1 Note 2 Note 3 Note 4 Note 5	CM = DPD β _{ed} C All th DPD	= 3.5 a CH is an no ie sub CH ca	and the Mi not config t be set di tests requategory 7.	PR is bas jured, the rectly; it is uire the U E-DCH T	with $\beta_{lss} = 30/15$ ed on the relative refore the β_c is a set by Absolute E to transmit 25 TI is set to 2ms allocated. The U	e CM difference let to 1 and β _d = Grant Value. F2+2SF4 16QA TTI and E-DCH	0 by defau M EDCH a table inde	ult. and they a x = 2. To	apply for t	nese E-Di	

Setup Configuration



<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

 Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA /HSPA+ is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA /HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA /HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, HSPA+) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSDPA / HSPA+.

	WCDMA Band II				WCDMA Band V				
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune-up	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938	Limit (dBm)	4357	4407	4458	Limit (dBm)
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.18	22.23	22.21	22.50	22.36	22.36	22.29	22.50
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.20	<mark>22.24</mark>	22.23	22.50	22.37	<mark>22.38</mark>	22.31	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.76	21.86	21.77	22.00	21.28	21.23	21.18	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.46	21.68	21.47	22.00	21.13	20.95	20.86	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.42	21.46	21.44	21.50	20.80	20.62	20.54	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.32	21.49	21.32	21.50	20.71	20.54	20.44	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	19.58	19.15	19.00	20.00	19.34	19.32	19.35	20.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	19.53	20.14	20.10	20.50	19.84	19.93	19.82	20.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	19.91	20.06	20.01	21.50	19.79	19.89	19.79	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.23	20.14	20.13	20.50	19.64	19.49	19.69	20.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.80	22.00	21.90	22.50	21.20	21.10	21.00	22.50
3GPP Rel 7	HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	19.91	19.89	19.82	20.00	19.21	18.98	19.13	20.00

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<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 / B5 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.



<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Char	nnel		20050	20175	20300	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.53	22.65	22.45		
20	QPSK	1	49	22.39	22.41	22.31	23	0
20	QPSK	1	99	22.27	22.30	22.24		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.96	22.00	21.91		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.93	21.96	21.85	22.5	0.5
20	QPSK	50	50	21.85	21.91	21.71	22.5	0.5
20	QPSK	100	0	21.88	21.93	21.76		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.42	22.10	22.05	22.5	
20	16QAM	1	49	22.43	22.06	21.99		0.5
20	16QAM	1	99	22.34	21.97	21.94		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.01	21.07	20.85	_ - 21.5 -	
20	16QAM	50	24	20.97	20.84	20.90		1.5
20	16QAM	50	50	20.94	20.80	20.98		1.3
20	16QAM	100	0	21.02	20.88	20.85		
	Char	nnel		20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	(dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	22.27	22.33	22.25		
15	QPSK	1	37	22.30	22.26	22.26	23	0
15	QPSK	1	74	22.18	22.18	22.26		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.83	21.93	21.95		
15	QPSK	36	20	21.81	21.90	21.95	22.5	0.5
15	QPSK	36	39	21.93	21.89	21.81	22.5	0.5
15	QPSK	75	0	21.87	21.89	21.85		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.43	22.47	22.43		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.40	22.47	22.44	22.5	0.5
15	16QAM	1	74	22.36	22.36	22.50		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.97	20.81	20.79		
15	16QAM	36	20	20.98	20.80	20.93	21.5	1.5
15	16QAM	36	39	20.96	20.80	20.88	21.5	1.0
15	16QAM	75	0	21.02	20.82	20.99		

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							T	
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1715	1732.5	1750	(dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	22.26	22.30	22.37		
10	QPSK	1	25	22.30	22.27	22.36	23	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.28	22.23	22.32		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.82	21.97	21.93		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.76	21.82	21.93	22.5	0.5
10	QPSK	25	25	21.85	21.85	21.82	22.5	0.5
10	QPSK	50	0	21.93	21.81	21.91		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.42	22.46	22.42		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.37	22.46	22.33	22.5	0.5
10	16QAM	1	49	22.35	22.37	22.12		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.94	20.85	21.16		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.91	20.79	21.16	21.5	1.5
10	16QAM	25	25	20.86	20.77	21.21		1.5
10	16QAM	50	0	20.88	20.79	20.97		
	Channel				20175	20375	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1712.5	1732.5	1752.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.24	22.44	22.33		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.30	22.49	22.34	23	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.26	22.44	22.39		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.75	21.99	21.95		
5	QPSK	12	7	21.95	21.92	21.96	20.5	0.5
5	QPSK	12	13	21.91	21.93	22.00	22.5	0.5
5	QPSK	25	0	21.88	21.95	21.92		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.39	21.93	21.98		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.39	21.91	21.98	22.5	0.5
5	16QAM	1	24	22.37	21.91	21.96		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.93	20.84	21.04		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.96	20.86	21.07	24.5	4.5
5	16QAM	12	13	20.98	20.93	21.06	21.5	1.5
5	16QAM	25	0	20.91	21.04	21.20		

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Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1711.5	1732.5	1753.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	22.38	22.43	22.33		
3	QPSK	1	8	22.36	22.46	22.29	23	0
3	QPSK	1	14	22.37	22.39	22.26		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.96	22.01	21.94		
3	QPSK	8	4	21.93	21.96	21.88	00.5	0.5
3	QPSK	8	7	21.90	21.94	21.99	22.5	0.5
3	QPSK	15	0	21.85	21.90	21.95		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.36	22.10	22.47		0.5
3	16QAM	1	8	22.31	22.11	22.48	22.5	
3	16QAM	1	14	22.38	22.08	22.47		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.08	21.00	21.19	21.5	
3	16QAM	8	4	20.97	20.93	21.18		1.5
3	16QAM	8	7	21.08	20.97	21.20		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.00	20.91	21.12		
	Char	nnel		19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.26	22.26	22.27		
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.30	22.27	22.25		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.34	22.31	22.23	23	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.41	22.46	22.46	23	U
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.36	22.50	22.48		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.42	22.42	22.44		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.86	21.94	21.91	22.5	0.5
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.88	22.07	21.99		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.79	22.20	22.06		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.87	22.26	22.01	22.5	0.5
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.16	22.18	22.14		0.5
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.15	22.18	22.15		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.14	22.11	22.16		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.80	20.58	20.88	21.5	1.5

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<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Char	nel		20450	20525	20600	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.72	22.59	22.50		
10	QPSK	1	25	22.52	22.42	22.37	23	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.40	22.36	22.31		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.98	21.96	21.94		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.81	21.77	21.70	22.5	0.5
10	QPSK	25	25	21.78	21.66	21.61	22.5	0.5
10	QPSK	50	0	21.90	21.86	21.82		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.42	22.43	22.45		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.46	22.42	22.42	22.5	0.5
10	16QAM	1	49	22.37	22.44	22.33		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.89	20.85	20.84	- - 21	
10	16QAM	25	12	20.85	20.88	20.89		2
10	16QAM	25	25	20.68	20.82	20.90		2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.94	20.81	20.88		
	Char	nel		20425	20525	20625	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		826.5	836.5	846.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.40	22.39	22.31		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.47	22.38	22.34	23	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.45	22.39	22.25		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.95	21.97	21.86		
5	QPSK	12	7	21.88	22.03	21.94	22.5	0.5
5	QPSK	12	13	22.08	21.87	21.87	22.5	0.5
5	QPSK	25	0	21.92	22.04	21.93		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.47	22.41	22.37		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.49	22.44	22.36	22.5	0.5
5	16QAM	1	24	22.46	22.42	22.33		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.94	20.88	20.94		
5	16QAM	12	7	20.96	20.90	20.87	04	0
5	16QAM	12	13	20.91	20.90	20.85	21	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.94	20.84	20.88		

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Channel		20415	20525	20635	Tune-up	MPR		
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		825.5	836.5	847.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	22.31	22.29	22.34		
3	QPSK	1	8	22.34	22.24	22.33	23	0
3	QPSK	1	14	22.25	22.32	22.27		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.86	21.87	21.85		
3	QPSK	8	4	21.94	22.00	22.00	20.5	0.5
3	QPSK	8	7	21.87	21.96	21.95	22.5	0.5
3	QPSK	15	0	21.93	22.01	21.96		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.37	22.40	21.89		
3	16QAM	1	8	22.36	22.41	21.85	22.5	0.5
3	16QAM	1	14	22.33	22.39	21.80		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.94	20.90	20.98		2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.87	20.97	21.00	21	
3	16QAM	8	7	20.85	20.93	20.95		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.88	20.94	20.98		
	Channel			20407	20525	20643	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		824.7	836.5	848.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.46	22.30	22.13		
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.50	22.32	22.12		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.46	22.29	22.23	23	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.52	22.53	22.40	23	U
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.58	22.57	22.46		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.63	22.62	22.43		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.00	21.95	21.81	22.5	0.5
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.05	21.87	21.92		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.10	21.93	21.79		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.03	21.94	21.80	22.5	0.5
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.18	22.08	22.00		0.5
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.21	22.04	21.96		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.20	22.04	21.97		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.74	20.75	20.69	21	2

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<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Char	nnel		20850	21100	21350	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		2510	2535	2560	, ,	
20	QPSK	1	0	21.94	22.02	21.82		
20	QPSK	1	49	21.86	21.96	21.74	22.5	0
20	QPSK	1	99	21.71	21.73	21.68		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.57	21.62	21.53		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.48	21.50	21.44	00	٥.۶
20	QPSK	50	50	21.43	21.46	21.32	22	0.5
20	QPSK	100	0	21.48	21.59	21.45		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.88	21.88	21.81	22	
20	16QAM	1	49	21.87	21.92	21.84		0.5
20	16QAM	1	99	21.83	21.86	21.94		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.02	19.95	19.96	20.5	
20	16QAM	50	24	20.00	20.06	19.90		0
20	16QAM	50	50	19.97	19.86	20.07		2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.03	19.93	19.98		
	Char	nel		20825	21100	21375	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	21.76	21.73	21.54		
15	QPSK	1	37	21.83	21.77	21.62	22.5	0
15	QPSK	1	74	21.78	21.74	21.67		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.43	21.33	21.17		
15	QPSK	36	20	21.40	21.30	21.21	22	0.5
15	QPSK	36	39	21.49	21.34	21.25	22	0.5
15	QPSK	75	0	21.50	21.35	21.17		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.83	21.72	21.21		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.70	21.78	21.24	22	0.5
15	16QAM	1	74	21.69	21.78	21.28		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.00	19.90	19.95		
15	16QAM	36	20	20.04	19.89	19.92	20.5	0
15	16QAM	36	39	19.95	19.92	19.84	20.5	2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.08	19.98	19.93		

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Channel 20800 21100 21400 Tune-up limit (dBm) MPI (dB Frequency (MHz) 2505 2535 2565 (dBm) (
Frequency (MHz) 10 QPSK 1 0 21.83 21.58 21.46 10 QPSK 1 25 21.88 21.61 21.50 22.5 0 10 QPSK 1 49 21.86 21.62 21.57 10 QPSK 25 0 21.39 21.31 21.25 10 QPSK 25 12 21.41 21.31 21.18 10 QPSK 25 25 21.39 21.31 21.18 10 QPSK 50 0 21.41 21.34 21.12 10 16QAM 1 0 21.47 21.58 21.90 10 16QAM 1 49 21.53 21.93 21.93 22 0.5 10 16QAM 1 49 21.53 21.96 21.98 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 12 20.29 19.82 19.90	
10 QPSK 1 25 21.88 21.61 21.50 22.5 0 10 QPSK 1 49 21.86 21.62 21.57 22.5 0 10 QPSK 25 0 21.39 21.31 21.25 21.8 21.18 22 0.5 10 QPSK 25 25 21.39 21.31 21.18 22 0.5 10 QPSK 25 25 21.39 21.31 21.18 22 0.5 10 16QAM 1 0 21.41 21.34 21.12 21.93 21.93 22 0.5 10 16QAM 1 25 21.54 21.93 21.93 22 0.5 10 16QAM 1 49 21.53 21.96 21.98 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.90	
10 QPSK 1 49 21.86 21.62 21.57 10 QPSK 25 0 21.39 21.31 21.25 10 QPSK 25 12 21.41 21.31 21.18 10 QPSK 25 25 21.39 21.31 21.18 10 QPSK 50 0 21.41 21.34 21.12 10 16QAM 1 0 21.47 21.58 21.90 10 16QAM 1 25 21.54 21.93 21.93 22 10 16QAM 1 49 21.53 21.96 21.98 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 12 20.29 19.82 19.90	
10 QPSK 25 0 21.39 21.31 21.25 10 QPSK 25 12 21.41 21.31 21.18 10 QPSK 25 25 21.39 21.31 21.18 10 QPSK 50 0 21.41 21.34 21.12 10 16QAM 1 0 21.47 21.58 21.90 10 16QAM 1 25 21.54 21.93 21.93 22 0.5 10 16QAM 1 49 21.53 21.96 21.98 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 12 20.29 19.82 19.90	10
10 QPSK 25 12 21.41 21.31 21.18 22 0.5 10 QPSK 25 25 21.39 21.31 21.18 22 0.5 10 QPSK 50 0 21.41 21.34 21.12 21	10
10 QPSK 25 25 21.39 21.31 21.18 10 QPSK 50 0 21.41 21.34 21.12 10 16QAM 1 0 21.47 21.58 21.90 10 16QAM 1 25 21.54 21.93 21.93 22 0.5 10 16QAM 1 49 21.53 21.96 21.98 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 12 20.29 19.82 19.90	10
10 QPSK 25 25 21.39 21.31 21.18 10 QPSK 50 0 21.41 21.34 21.12 10 16QAM 1 0 21.47 21.58 21.90 10 16QAM 1 25 21.54 21.93 21.93 22 0.5 10 16QAM 1 49 21.53 21.96 21.98 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 12 20.29 19.82 19.90	10
10 16QAM 1 0 21.47 21.58 21.90 10 16QAM 1 25 21.54 21.93 21.93 22 0.5 10 16QAM 1 49 21.53 21.96 21.98 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 12 20.29 19.82 19.90 20.5 2	10
10 16QAM 1 25 21.54 21.93 21.93 22 0.5 10 16QAM 1 49 21.53 21.96 21.98 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 12 20.29 19.82 19.90 20.5 2	10
10 16QAM 1 49 21.53 21.96 21.98 10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 12 20.29 19.82 19.90 20.5 2	10
10 16QAM 25 0 20.34 19.91 19.92 10 16QAM 25 12 20.29 19.82 19.90	10
10 16QAM 25 12 20.29 19.82 19.90 20.5 2	10
20.5	10
10 16QAM 25 25 20.17 19.87 19.78	10
	10
10 16QAM 50 0 20.09 19.95 20.07	10
Channel 20775 21100 21425 Tune-up MPI	
Frequency (MHz) 2502.5 2535 2567.5 (dBm)	
5 QPSK 1 0 21.72 21.62 21.64	5
5 QPSK 1 12 21.76 21.60 21.66 22.5 0	5
5 QPSK 1 24 21.83 21.57 21.70	5
5 QPSK 12 0 21.46 21.32 21.28	5
5 QPSK 12 7 21.43 21.49 21.18	5
5 QPSK 12 13 21.49 21.28 21.29 22 0.5	5
5 QPSK 25 0 21.52 21.27 21.32	5
5 16QAM 1 0 21.69 21.60 21.32	5
5 16QAM 1 12 21.79 21.60 21.33 22 0.5	5
5 16QAM 1 24 21.68 21.97 21.32	5
5 16QAM 12 0 20.17 20.00 20.09	5
5 16QAM 12 7 20.12 19.99 20.03	5
5 16QAM 12 13 20.10 20.05 20.02 20.5	5
5 16QAM 25 0 20.06 19.82 20.25	5

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<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the 2. DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands. When the same maximum power is 3. specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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<2.4GHz WLAN ANT>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	10.53	11.00	
		6	2437	10.63	11.00	99.35
		11	2462	<mark>12.69</mark>	13.00	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	8.79	9.00	
		6	2437	8.70	9.00	98.82
		11	2462	10.98	11.00	
		1	2412	8.14	9.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	8.49	9.00	98.73
		11	2462	9.93	11.00	

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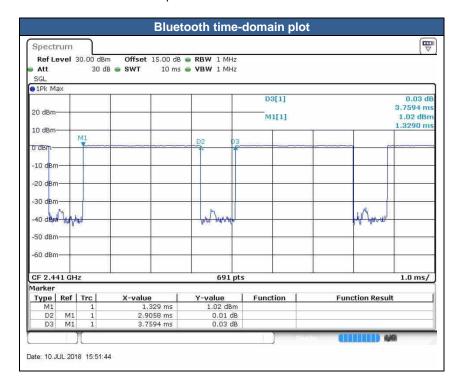
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<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power. 1.
- The Bluetooth duty cycle is 77.29 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR 2. scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation

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Mode	Channel	Frequency	Data Rate
Mode	Channel	(MHz)	1Mbps
	CH 00	2402	2.91
BR/EDR	CH 39	2441	2.15
	CH 78	2480	1.50
	Tune-up Limit		3.40

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm) GFSK
	CH 00	2402	0.96
LE	LE CH 19 CH 39		1.59
			0.89
	Tune-up Limit		2.00

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13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Max Average power(dBm)							
Wode Band	BR/EDR	LE						
2.4GHz Bluetooth	3.40	2.00						

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

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- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

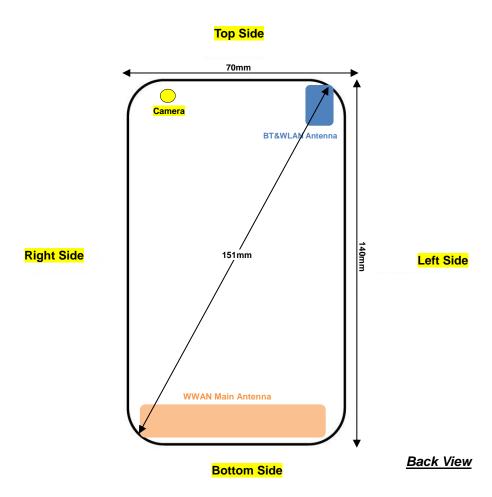
Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
3.40	10	2.48	0.3

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, a distance of 10 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.3 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

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14. Antenna Location



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	Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge												
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left S													
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm							
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm							

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode												
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side												
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes						
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes						

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

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15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

GSM Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

UMTS Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+.

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LTE Note:

 Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

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- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B4 / B5 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 3. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 4. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	0.03	0.267	0.295
	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	0.05	0.183	0.203
01	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	0.08	0.301	0.333
	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	0.01	0.162	0.179
02	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	0.09	0.526	<mark>0.574</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	0.01	0.171	0.187
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	0.03	0.257	0.281
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	0.05	0.039	0.043

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	-0.03	0.148	0.152
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	0.07	0.101	0.104
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	-0.07	0.162	<mark>0.167</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	0.08	0.088	0.090
04	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.09	0.568	<mark>0.603</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.03	0.192	0.204
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.03	0.300	0.319
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.04	0.175	0.186

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<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	0.02	0.133	0.146
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	0.02	0.097	0.106
05	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	0.08	0.135	<mark>0.148</mark>
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	0.03	0.081	0.089
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	0.05	0.125	0.142
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	0.04	0.087	0.098
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	0.01	0.130	0.147
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	0.04	0.078	0.088
06	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.02	0.336	<mark>0.364</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.03	0.155	0.168
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.01	0.216	0.234
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.02	0.164	0.178
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	-0.03	0.302	0.339
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	0.03	0.139	0.156
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	0.07	0.192	0.215
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	0.04	0.148	0.166
07	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	0.06	0.243	0.271
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	0.02	0.079	0.088
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	0.03	0.113	0.126
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	0.06	0.025	0.027
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	0.03	0.235	0.256
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	0.07	0.058	0.063
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	0.03	0.108	0.118
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	0.02	0.019	0.021

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
08	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	11	2462	12.69	13.00	1.074	99.35	1.007	0.03	0.611	<mark>0.661</mark>
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	11	2462	12.69	13.00	1.074	99.35	1.007	0.03	0.363	0.393
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	12.69	13.00	1.074	99.35	1.007	0.02	0.255	0.276
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	11	2462	12.69	13.00	1.074	99.35	1.007	0.08	0.189	0.204

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<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0	2402	2.91	3.40	1.119	77.29	1.078	0.01	0.023	0.028
	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Cheek	39	2441	2.15	3.40	1.334	77.29	1.078	-0.03	0.031	0.045
09	Bluetooth	DH5 1Mbps	Right Cheek	78	2480	1.50	3.40	1.549	77.29	1.078	0.02	0.033	<mark>0.055</mark>

Note: Based on WLAN2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna, so Bluetooth RF exposure evaluation chose the worst position of WLAN 2.4GHz antenna to perform Bluetooth SAR test, and used this Bluetooth SAR value conservatively represent other position do co-located analysis with WWAN.

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15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Front	10	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	0.03	0.343	0.380
10	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	0.07	0.415	<mark>0.459</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Left Side	10	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	-0.02	0.261	0.289
	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Right Side	10	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	0.02	0.246	0.272
	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	-0.01	0.043	0.047
11	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Front	10	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	0.03	0.454	0.496
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Back	10	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	0.02	0.366	0.399
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Left Side	10	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	-0.03	0.120	0.131
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Right Side	10	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	0.03	0.280	0.306
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	10	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	0.07	0.204	0.223

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	0.01	0.197	0.203
12	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	0.04	0.253	<mark>0.260</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	0.01	0.148	0.152
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	-0.03	0.136	0.140
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	-0.05	0.021	0.021
13	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.06	0.647	<mark>0.687</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.09	0.554	0.588
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	-0.02	0.137	0.145
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	-0.05	0.340	0.361
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.14	0.254	0.270

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<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	-0.08	0.176	0.193
14	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	0.09	0.217	<mark>0.238</mark>
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	0.02	0.145	0.159
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	0.02	0.146	0.160
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	-0.05	0.020	0.022
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	0.05	0.151	0.171
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	-0.01	0.205	0.232
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	10	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	0.01	0.135	0.153
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	10	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	0.05	0.132	0.149
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	10	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	-0.11	0.019	0.021
15	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.01	0.565	<mark>0.612</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.05	0.523	0.567
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	-0.03	0.081	0.088
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.04	0.226	0.245
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.02	0.284	0.308
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	-0.03	0.504	0.565
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	0.01	0.479	0.537
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	-0.06	0.071	0.080
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	0.08	0.204	0.229
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	0.05	0.250	0.281
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	0.05	0.211	0.236
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	-0.02	0.321	0.359
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	0.08	0.005	0.005
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	10	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	-0.1	0.144	0.161
16	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	-0.08	0.382	<mark>0.427</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	-0.05	0.207	0.226
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	0.02	0.307	0.335
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	0.06	0.004	0.005
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	-0.03	0.135	0.147
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	-0.02	0.362	0.395

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<WLAN SAR>

	Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
		WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	11	2462	12.69	13.00	1.074	99.35	1.007	0.01	0.080	0.087
	17	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	11	2462	12.69	13.00	1.074	99.35	1.007	-0.09	0.111	<mark>0.120</mark>
		WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	10	11	2462	12.69	13.00	1.074	99.35	1.007	0.03	0.064	0.069
Ī		WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10	11	2462	12.69	13.00	1.074	99.35	1.007	-0.01	0.002	0.003

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15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plo No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Front	10	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	0.03	0.343	0.380
18	GSM850	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	28.56	29.00	1.107	0.07	0.415	<mark>0.459</mark>
19	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Front	10	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	0.03	0.454	<mark>0.496</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Back	10	810	1909.8	25.62	26.00	1.091	0.02	0.366	0.399

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	0.01	0.197	0.203
20	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	4182	836.4	22.38	22.50	1.028	0.04	0.253	<mark>0.260</mark>
21	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.06	0.647	<mark>0.687</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9400	1880	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.09	0.554	0.588

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<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	-0.08	0.176	0.193
22	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	20525	836.5	22.59	23.00	1.099	0.09	0.217	0.238
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	0.05	0.151	0.171
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	20525	836.5	21.96	22.50	1.132	-0.01	0.205	0.232
23	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.01	0.565	<mark>0.612</mark>
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.05	0.523	0.567
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	-0.03	0.504	0.565
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	22.00	22.50	1.122	0.01	0.479	0.537
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	0.05	0.211	0.236
24	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	21100	2535	22.02	22.50	1.117	-0.02	0.321	0.359
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	-0.05	0.207	0.226
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	21100	2535	21.62	22.00	1.091	0.02	0.307	0.335

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	11	2462	12.69	13.00	1.074	99.35	1.007	0.01	0.080	0.087
25	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	11	2462	12.69	13.00	1.074	99.35	1.007	-0.09	0.111	<mark>0.120</mark>

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16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultanasus Transmissian Canfigurations		Mobile Phone	
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	
8.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	

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General Note:

- 1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 2. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports Hotspot operation.
- 3. This device has no BT tethering function for this application.
- 4. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 5. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 6. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 7. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 8. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Body worn
Max Power	Test separation	10 mm
3.40 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.046 W/kg



16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	4.0	4.0
WWAI	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed 1g SAR	1+3 Summed 1g SAR
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.295	0.661	0.055	0.96	0.35
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.203	0.393	0.055	0.60	0.26
	GSIVIOSO	Left Cheek	0.333	0.276	0.055	0.61	0.39
GSM		Left Tilted	0.179	0.204	0.055	0.38	0.23
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.574	0.661	0.055	1.24	0.63
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.187	0.393	0.055	0.58	0.24
	G3W1900	Left Cheek	0.281	0.276	0.055	0.56	0.34
		Left Tilted	0.043	0.204	0.055	0.25	0.10
		Right Cheek	0.152	0.661	0.055	0.81	0.21
	WCDMA V	Right Tilted	0.104	0.393	0.055	0.50	0.16
	WCDIVIA V	Left Cheek	0.167	0.276	0.055	0.44	0.22
WCDMA		Left Tilted	0.090	0.204	0.055	0.29	0.15
VVCDIVIA	WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.603	0.661	0.055	<mark>1.26</mark>	0.66
		Right Tilted	0.204	0.393	0.055	0.60	0.26
	WCDIVIA II	Left Cheek	0.319	0.276	0.055	0.60	0.37
		Left Tilted	0.186	0.204	0.055	0.39	0.24
		Right Cheek	0.146	0.661	0.055	0.81	0.20
	LTE Band 5	Right Tilted	0.106	0.393	0.055	0.50	0.16
	LIE Dallu 3	Left Cheek	0.148	0.276	0.055	0.42	0.20
		Left Tilted	0.089	0.204	0.055	0.29	0.14
		Right Cheek	0.364	0.661	0.055	1.03	0.42
LTE	LTE Band 4	Right Tilted	0.168	0.393	0.055	0.56	0.22
LIE	LIE Dallu 4	Left Cheek	0.234	0.276	0.055	0.51	0.29
		Left Tilted	0.178	0.204	0.055	0.38	0.23
		Right Cheek	0.271	0.661	0.055	0.93	0.33
	LTE Band 7	Right Tilted	0.088	0.393	0.055	0.48	0.14
	LIE Band /	Left Cheek	0.126	0.276	0.055	0.40	0.18
		Left Tilted	0.027	0.204	0.055	0.23	0.08

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16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band			1	2	1+2 Summed
		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	Front	0.380	0.087	0.47
		Back	0.459	0.120	0.58
		Left side	0.289	0.069	0.36
		Right side	0.272		0.27
		Top side		0.003	<0.01
		Bottom side	0.047		0.05
GSM	GSM1900	Front	0.496	0.087	0.58
		Back	0.399	0.120	0.52
		Left side	0.131	0.069	0.20
		Right side	0.306		0.31
		Top side		0.003	<0.01
		Bottom side	0.223		0.22
	WCDMA V	Front	0.203	0.087	0.29
		Back	0.260	0.120	0.38
WCDMA		Left side	0.152	0.069	0.22
		Right side	0.140		0.14
		Top side		0.003	<0.01
		Bottom side	0.021		0.02
	WCDMA II	Front	0.687	0.087	0.77
		Back	0.588	0.120	0.71
		Left side	0.145	0.069	0.21
		Right side	0.361		0.36
		Top side		0.003	<0.01
		Bottom side	0.270		0.27

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WWAN Band			1	2		
		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
LTE	LTE Band 5	Front	0.193	0.087	0.28	
		Back	0.238	0.120	0.36	
		Left side	0.159	0.069	0.23	
		Right side	0.160		0.16	
		Top side		0.003	<0.01	
		Bottom side	0.022		0.02	
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.612	0.087	0.70	
		Back	0.567	0.120	0.69	
		Left side	0.088	0.069	0.16	
		Right side	0.245		0.25	
		Top side		0.003	<0.01	
		Bottom side	0.308		0.31	
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.236	0.087	0.32	
		Back	0.359	0.120	0.48	
		Left side	0.005	0.069	0.07	
		Right side	0.161		0.16	
		Top side		0.003	<0.01	
		Bottom side	0.427		0.43	

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16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3		1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM -	GSM850	Front	0.380	0.087	0.046	0.47	0.43
		Back	0.459	0.120	0.046	0.58	0.51
	GSM1900	Front	0.496	0.087	0.046	0.58	0.54
		Back	0.399	0.120	0.046	0.52	0.45
WCDMA -	WCDMA V	Front	0.203	0.087	0.046	0.29	0.25
		Back	0.260	0.120	0.046	0.38	0.31
	WCDMA II	Front	0.687	0.087	0.046	0.77	0.73
		Back	0.588	0.120	0.046	0.71	0.63
LTE	LTE Band 5	Front	0.193	0.087	0.046	0.28	0.24
		Back	0.238	0.120	0.046	0.36	0.28
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.612	0.087	0.046	0.70	0.66
		Back	0.567	0.120	0.046	0.69	0.61
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.236	0.087	0.046	0.32	0.28
		Back	0.359	0.120	0.046	0.48	0.41

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Test Engineer: Long Liang

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17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be ≤ 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- SPEAG DASY System Handbook [4]
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.

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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

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The plots are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc.

System Check Head 835MHz 180710

DUT: D835V2-SN:4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_180710 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.029$; ρ

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3819; ConvF(9.66, 9.66, 9.66); Calibrated: 2018.01.31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1437; Calibrated: 2017.09.15
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

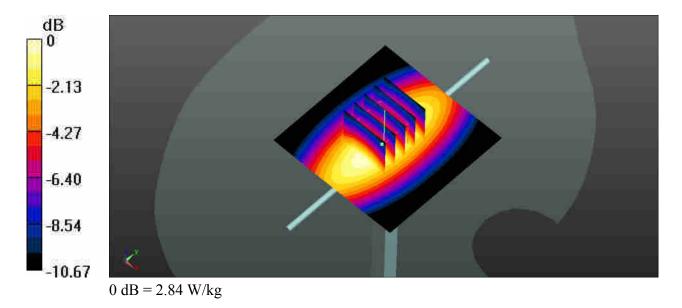
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.84 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg



System Check Head 1750MHz 180711

DUT: D1750V2-SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1750 180711 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.322$; ρ

Date: 2018.07.11

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

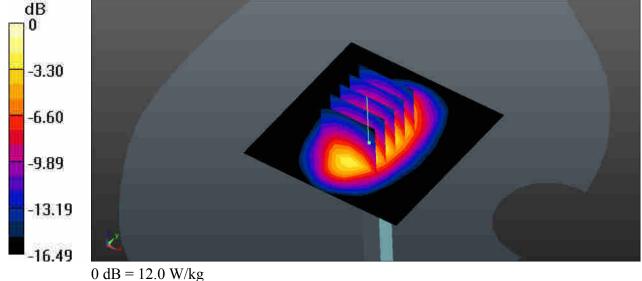
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.79, 8.79, 8.79); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 93.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.69 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 W/kg



System Check Head 1900MHz 180712

DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d182

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 180712 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.455$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.068$;

Date: 2018.07.12

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.43, 8.43, 8.43); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.4 W/kg

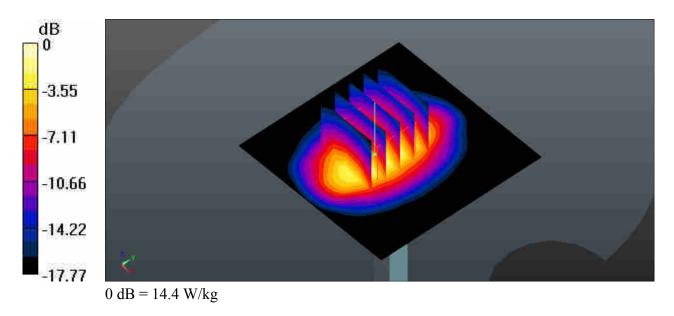
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



System Check_Head_2450MHz_180713

DUT: D2450V2-SN:924

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_2450_180713 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.82 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.753; ρ

Date: 2018.07.13

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

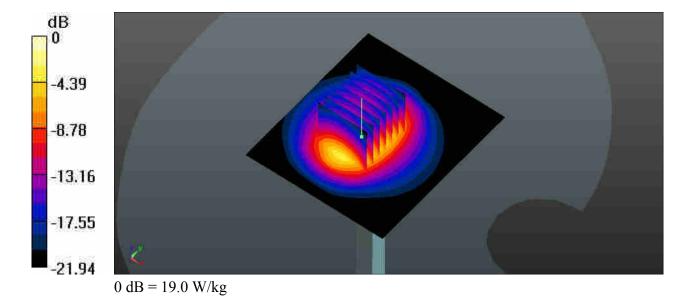
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 75.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg



System Check_Head_2600MHz_180712

DUT: D2600V2-SN:1070

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2600 180712 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 1.995$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.438$;

Date: 2018.07.12

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9°C

DASY5 Configuration:

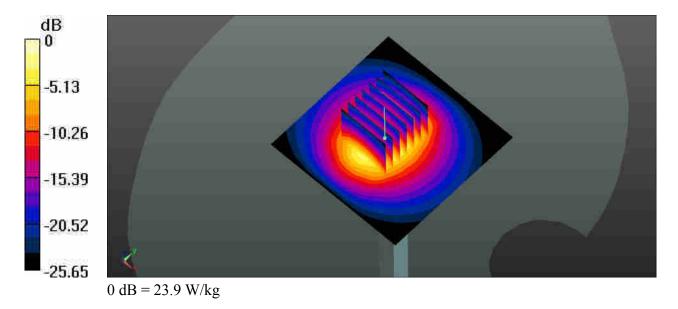
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 104.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.7 W/kg



System Check_Body_835MHz_180710

DUT: D835V2-SN:4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_835_180710 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.994 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.578; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

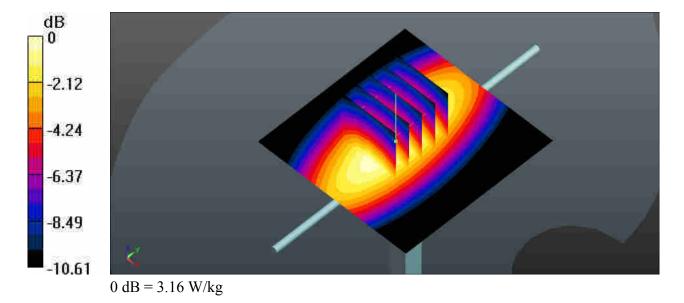
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.16 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.18 W/kg



System Check Body 1750MHz 180711

DUT: D1750V2-SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1750 180711 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.528$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.031$;

Date: 2018.07.11

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

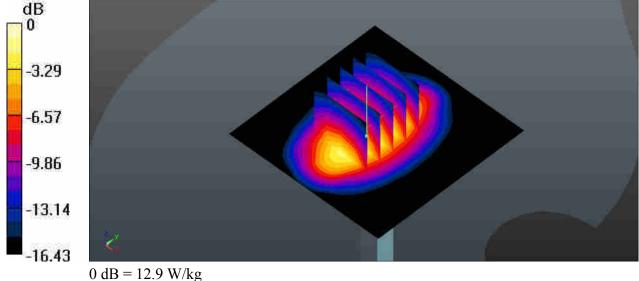
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 90.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 9.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.91 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



System Check_Body_1900MHz_180711

DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d182

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1900 180711 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.512$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.903$;

Date: 2018.07.11

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

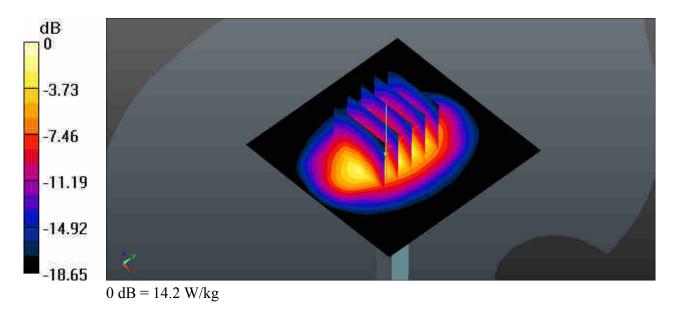
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 85.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.94 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



System Check Body 2450MHz 180713

DUT: D2450V2-SN:924

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 2450 180713 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.991$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.313$;

Date: 2018.07.13

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

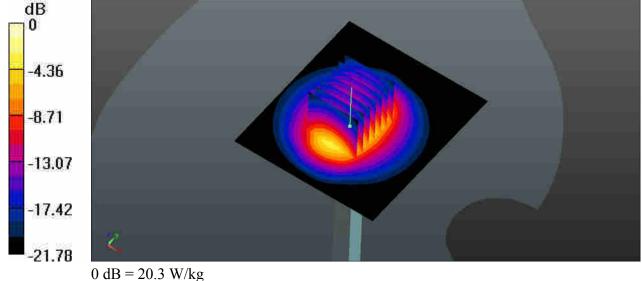
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 82.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



System Check_Body_2600MHz_180711

DUT: D2600V2-SN:1070

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_2600_180711 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.196$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 50.73$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2018.07.11

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

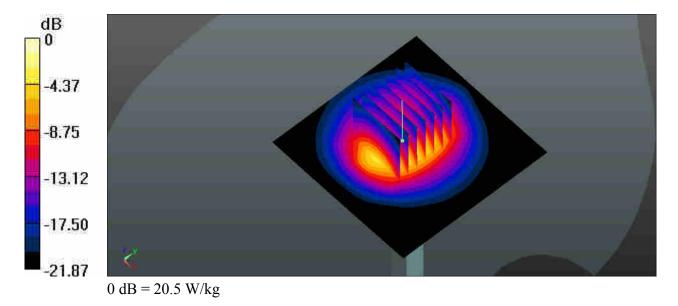
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No.: FA862706

The plots are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc.

01_GSM850_GPRS(3 Tx slots)_Left Cheek_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE11 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77 Medium: HSL_835_180710 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.928$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.874$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2018.07.10

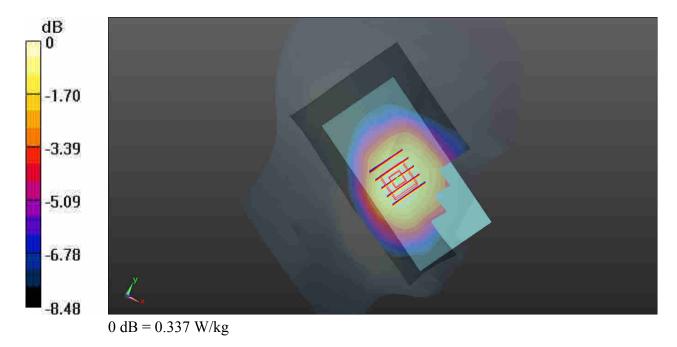
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.337 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.132 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.368 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.301 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.232 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.341 W/kg



02_GSM1900_GPRS(3 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE11 (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77 Medium: HSL_1900_180712 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.429 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.972; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Date: 2018.07.12

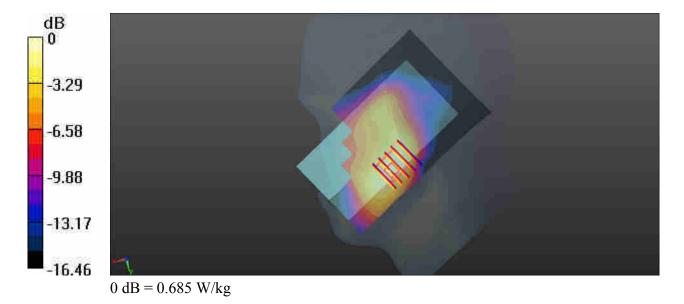
Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.43, 8.43, 8.43); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.649 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.802 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.526 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.332 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.685 W/kg



03_WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_180710 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.014$;

Date: 2018.07.10

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

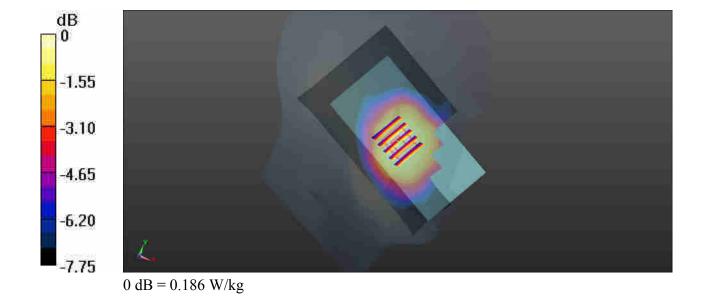
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.181 W/kg

- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.186 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.074 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.195 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.162 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kg



04_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_180712 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.392$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.101$;

Date: 2018.07.12

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6°C

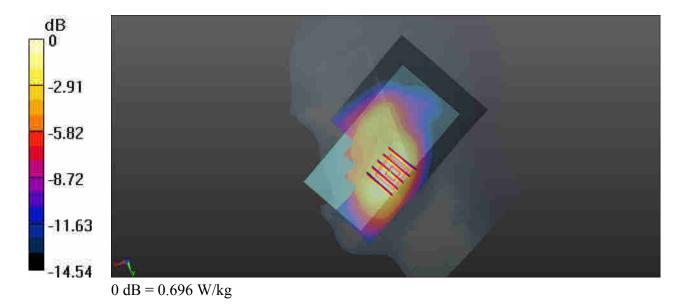
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.43, 8.43, 8.43); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9400/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.714 W/kg

Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.848 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.568 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.356 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.696 W/kg



05_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Left Cheek_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 835 180710 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.014$;

Date: 2018.07.10

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.130 W/kg

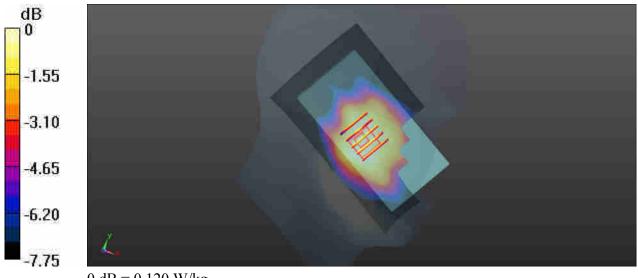
Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.873 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.142 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.135 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 W/kg



0 dB = 0.120 W/kg

06_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Right Cheek_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750_180711 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.361$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.412$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2018.07.11

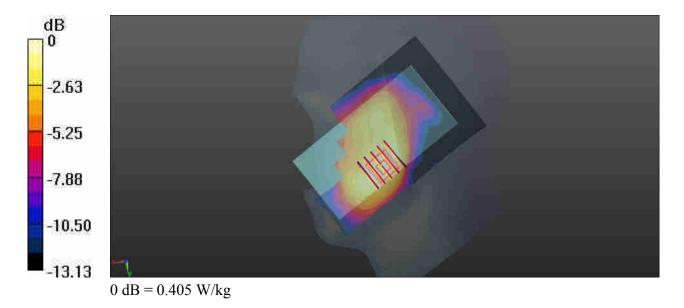
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.79, 8.79, 8.79); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.419 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.480 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.336 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.405 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600_180712 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 1.918$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.667$;

Date: 2018.07.12

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

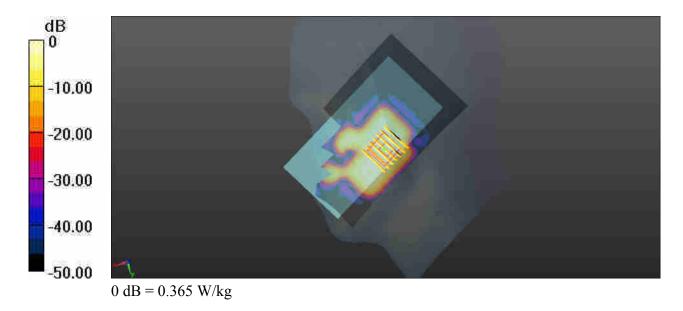
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch21100/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.475 W/kg

Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.820 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.481 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.243 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.365 W/kg



08_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Right Cheek_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.007

Medium: HSL 2450 180713 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.833$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.712$;

Date: 2018.07.13

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.965 W/kg

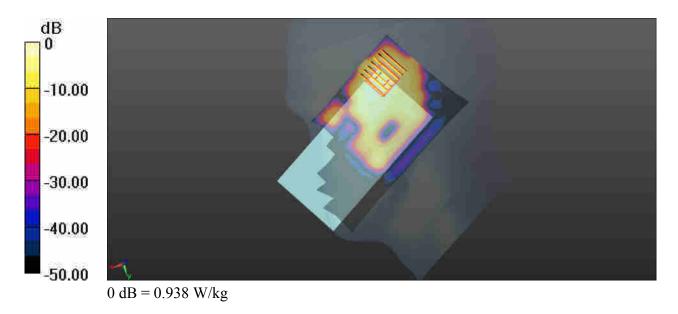
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.611 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.278 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.938 W/kg



09_Bluetooth_DH5 1Mbps_Right Cheek_Ch78

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.294 Medium: HSL_2450_180713 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.855$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.637$;

Date: 2018.07.13

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(7.92, 7.92, 7.92); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch78/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0522 W/kg

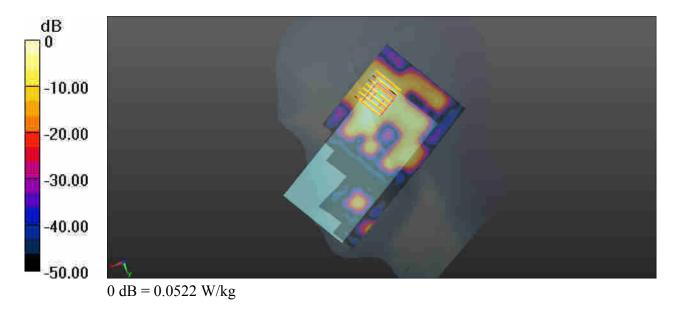
Ch78/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.169 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.033 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0085 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0767 W/kg



10_GSM850_GPRS(3 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE11 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77 Medium: MSL_835_180710 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.452$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2018.07.10

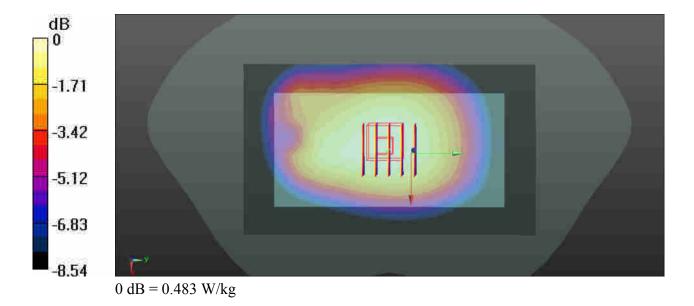
Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.483 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.486 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.526 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.415 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.476 W/kg



11 GSM1900 GPRS(3 Tx slots) Front 10mm Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE11 (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77 Medium: MSL_1900_180711 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.524$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.873$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2018.07.11

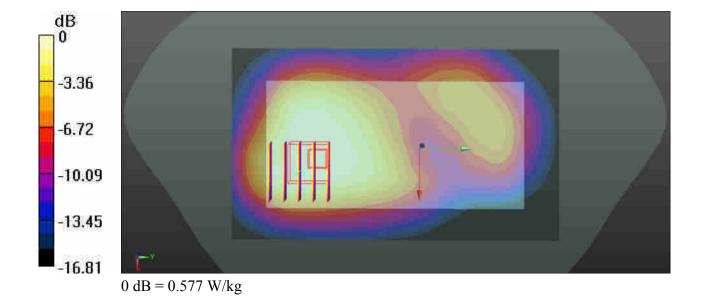
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.600 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.053 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.709 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.454 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.577 W/kg



12_WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 835 180710 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.562$;

Date: 2018.07.10

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.292 W/kg

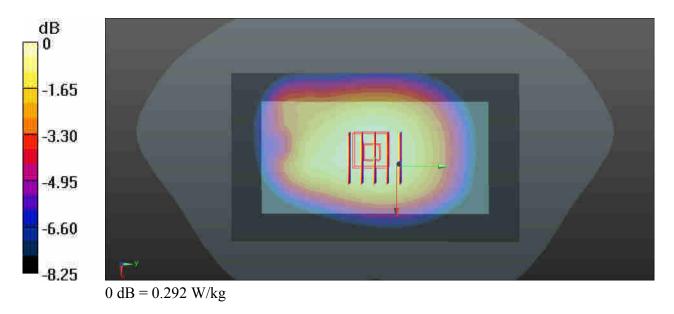
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.738 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.315 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.253 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.288 W/kg



13_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Front_10mm_Ch9400

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_180711 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.489$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.955$;

Date: 2018.07.11

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9400/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.889 W/kg

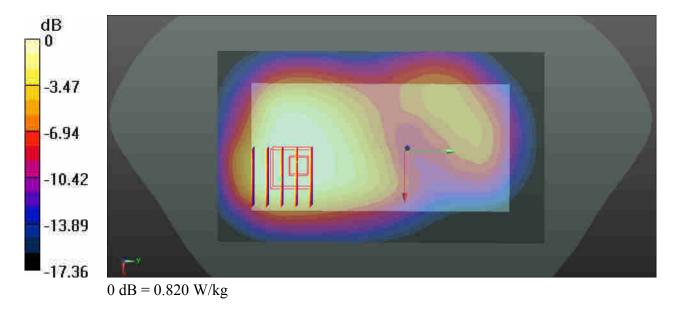
Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.428 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.647 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.820 W/kg



14_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_180710 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.561$;

Date: 2018.07.10

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 W/kg

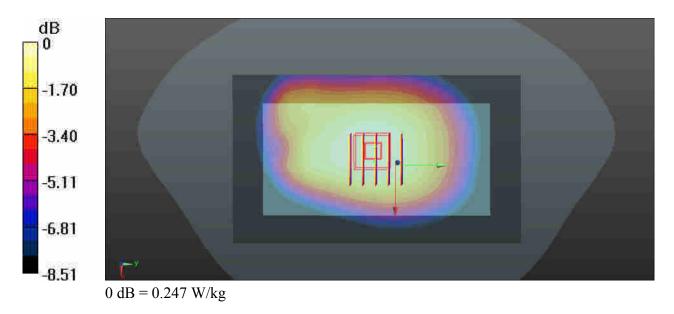
Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.421 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.273 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.248 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_180711 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.508 S/m; ϵ_r =

Date: 2018.07.11

52.103; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.766 W/kg

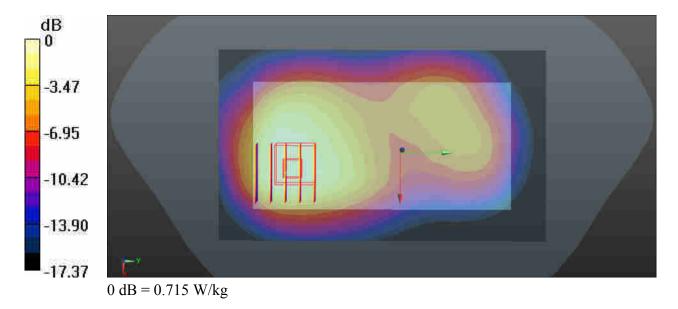
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.256 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.861 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.565 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.368 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.715 W/kg



16_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2600_180711 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.114$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.274$;

Date: 2018.07.11

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch21100/Area Scan (31x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.588 W/kg

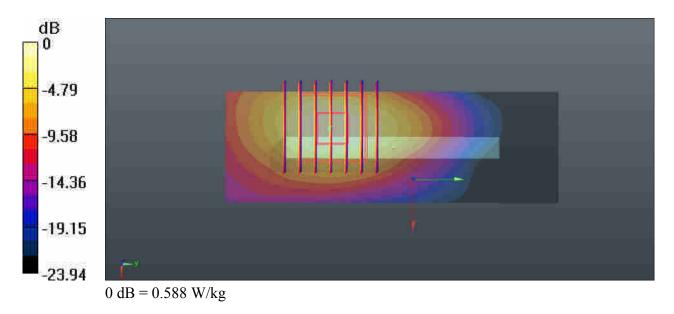
Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.734 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.775 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.382 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.587 W/kg



17_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.007

Medium: MSL_2450_180713 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.011$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.242$;

Date: 2018.07.13

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.176 W/kg

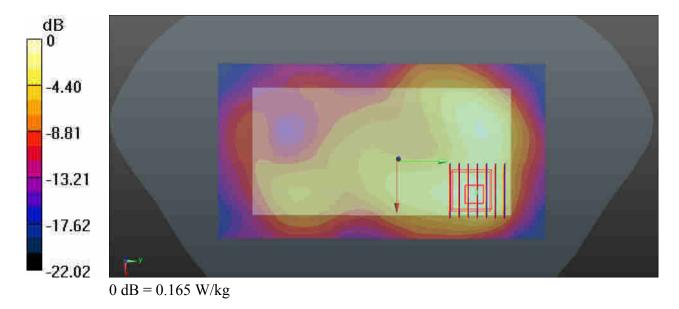
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.7790 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.111 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.165 W/kg



18_GSM850_GPRS(3 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE11 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77 Medium: MSL_835_180710 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.452$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2018.07.10

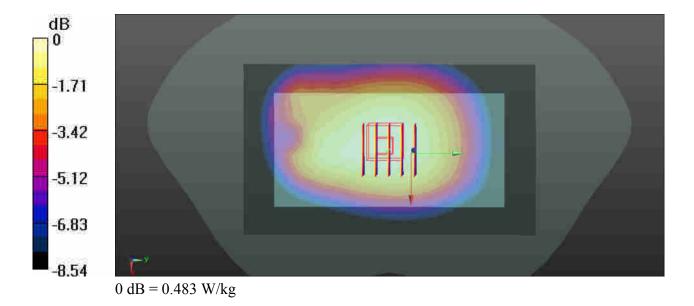
Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.483 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.486 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.526 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.415 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.476 W/kg



19 GSM1900 GPRS(3 Tx slots) Front 10mm Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE11 (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77 Medium: MSL_1900_180711 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.524$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.873$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2018.07.11

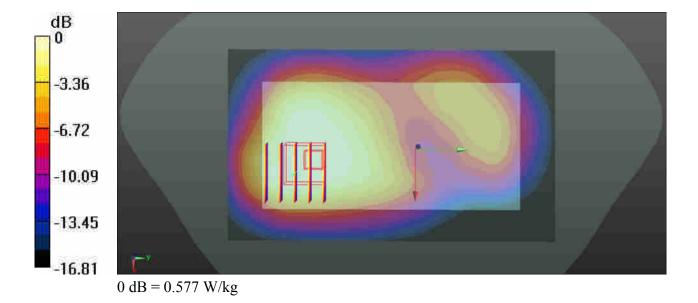
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.600 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.053 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.709 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.454 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.577 W/kg



20_WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_180710 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.562$;

Date: 2018.07.10

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.292 W/kg

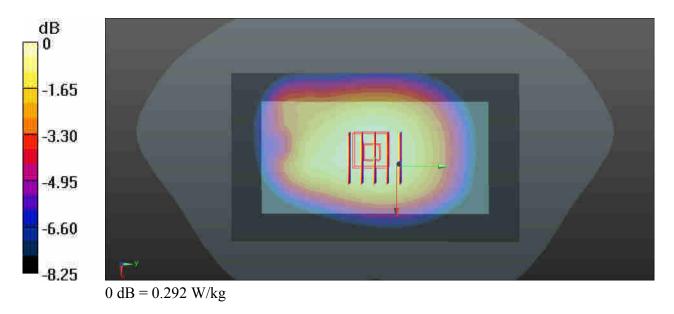
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.738 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.315 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.253 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.288 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1900 180711 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.489$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.955$;

Date: 2018.07.11

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9400/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.889 W/kg

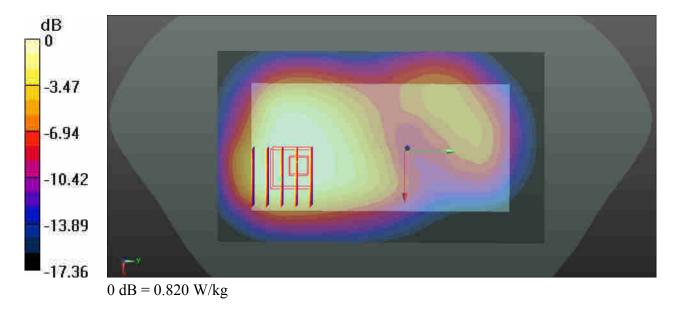
Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.428 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.647 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.820 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_180710 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.561$;

Date: 2018.07.10

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(10.19, 10.19, 10.19); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 W/kg

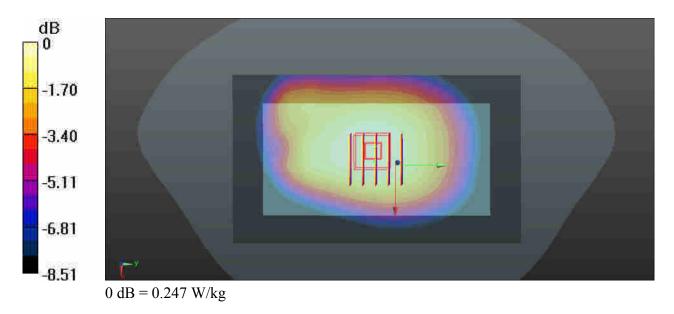
Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.421 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.273 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.248 W/kg



Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_180711 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.508$ S/m; $\epsilon_r =$

Date: 2018.07.11

52.103; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.766 W/kg

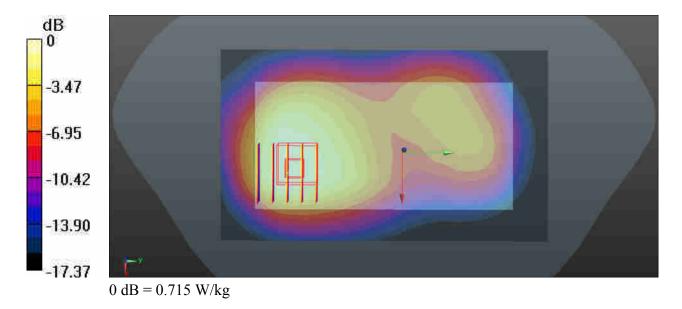
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.256 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.861 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.565 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.368 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.715 W/kg



24 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Back 10mm Ch21100

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 2600 180711 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.114$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.274$;

Date: 2018.07.11

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch21100/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.473 W/kg

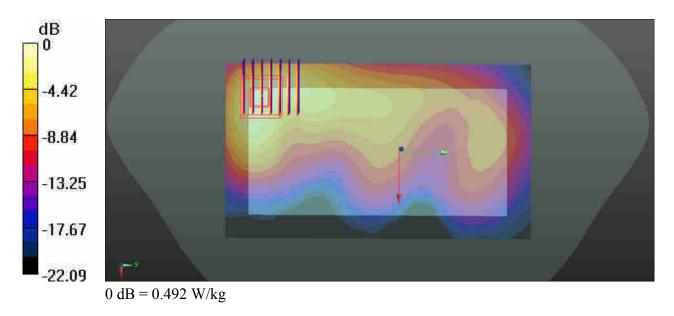
Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.277 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.660 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.321 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.492 W/kg



25_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.007

Medium: MSL_2450_180713 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 2.011$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.242$;

Date: 2018.07.13

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3958; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 2018.01.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2017.12.19
- Phantom: SAM (Front) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1795
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.176 W/kg

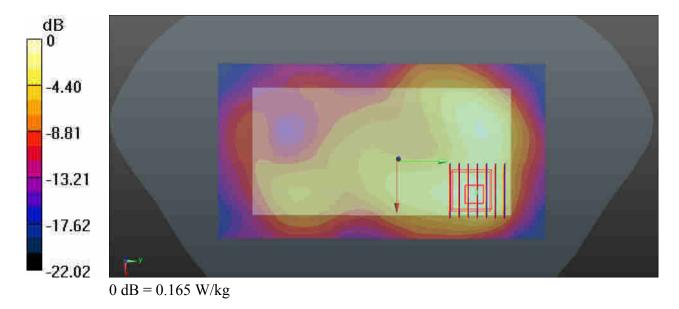
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.7790 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.111 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.165 W/kg



Appendix C. **DASY Calibration Certificate**

Report No.: FA862706

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc.

TEL: +86-755-8637-9589 / FAX: +86-755-8637-9595

Issued Date: Aug. 28, 2018 Form version. : 170125 FCC ID: YHLBLUS5 Page C1 of C1





S P e a g

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn





Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z17-97247

CALIBRATION GERTIFICATE

Object

D835V2 - SN: 4d162

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 5, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) $^{\circ}$ C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
102196	02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254)	Mar-18
100596	02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254)	Mar-18
SN 3617	23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617 Jan17)	Jan-18
SN 536	09-Oct-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97198)	Oct-18
ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
MY49071430		Jan-18
MY46110673	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)	Jan-18
	102196 100596 SN 3617 SN 536 ID# MY49071430	102196 02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254) 100596 02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254) SN 3617 23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17) SN 536 09-Oct-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97198) ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) MY49071430 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)

Name

Function

Signature

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: December 9, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z17-97247

Page 1 of 8

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97247 Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.7 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.34 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.56 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.54 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.26 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.7 ± 6 %	0.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		and and mad over

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.38 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.56 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.34 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point		50.3Ω- 2.96jΩ	
Return Loss		- 30.5dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed	point	47.6Ω- 3.92jΩ
Return Loss		- 26.6dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.264 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z17-97247 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.876$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.67$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.73, 9.73, 9.73); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Date: 12.04.2017

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn536; Calibrated: 10/9/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

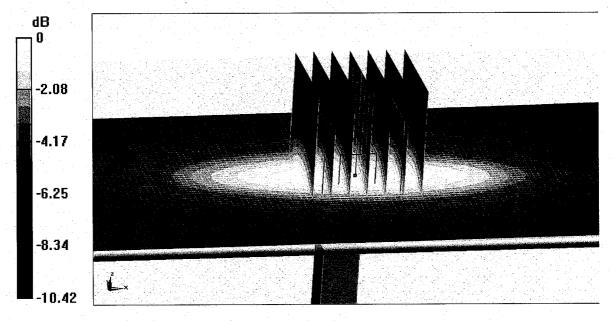
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.70V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

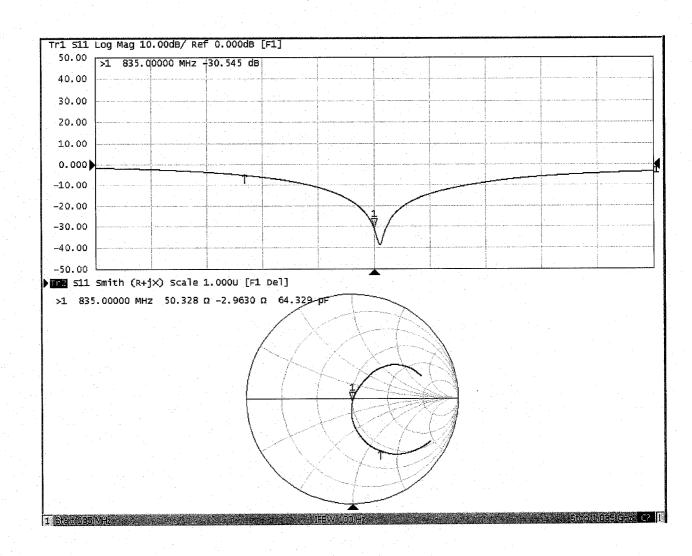
SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.13 W/kg



0 dB = 3.13 W/kg = 4.96 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d162

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.962$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.65$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.64, 9.64, 9.64); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Date: 12.05.2017

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536; Calibrated: 10/9/2017

• Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1

 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

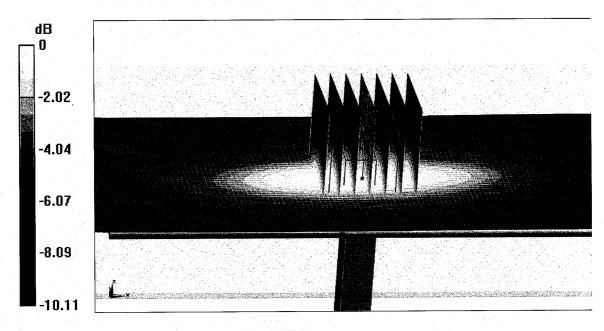
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.91 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

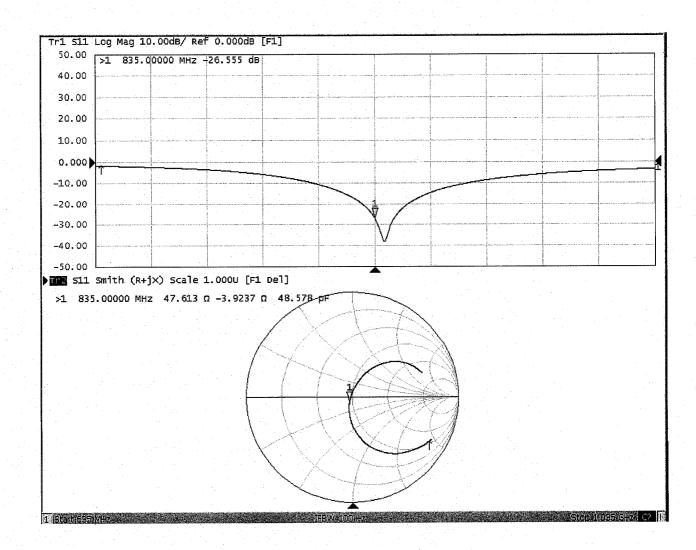
SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.15 W/kg



0 dB = 3.15 W/kg = 4.98 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL







S D E A G

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Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z17-97260

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1750V2 - SN: 1069

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: December 5, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)™ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102196	02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254)	Mar-18
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100596	02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254)	Mar-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17)	Jan-18
DAE3	SN 536	09-Oct-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97198)	Oct-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)	Jan-18
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)	Jan-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	42
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	林光
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	and

Issued: December 9, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	19 <u>888</u>	5333

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.31 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.0 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.96 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.8 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.8 ± 6 %	1.47 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	****	200

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.40 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	38.0 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.03 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.3 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.3Ω+ 1.19 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 37.2 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.3Ω+ 0.51 JΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.0 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.084 ns	
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

1973 1974 1974 1974 1974 1974 1974 1974 1974	
Manufactured by	SPEAG

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.378$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 39.46$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.49, 8.49, 8.49); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Date: 12.05.2017

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn536; Calibrated: 10/9/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

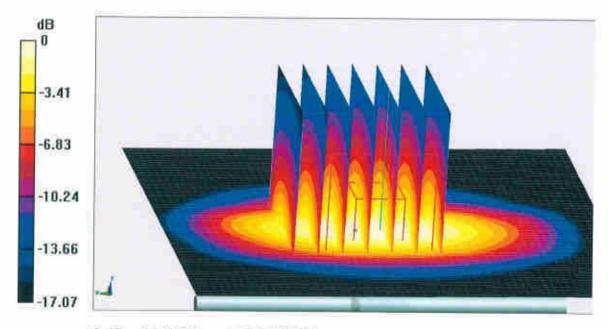
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.96 W/kg

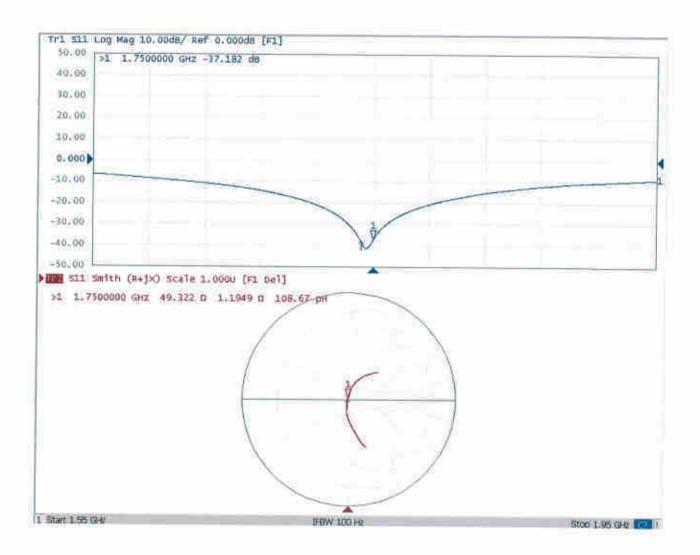
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg



0 dB = 14.3 W/kg = 11.55 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97260 Page 5 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.469 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.75$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.21, 8.21, 8.21); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Date: 12.05.2017

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn536; Calibrated: 10/9/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

System Performance Check/Zoom Sean (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

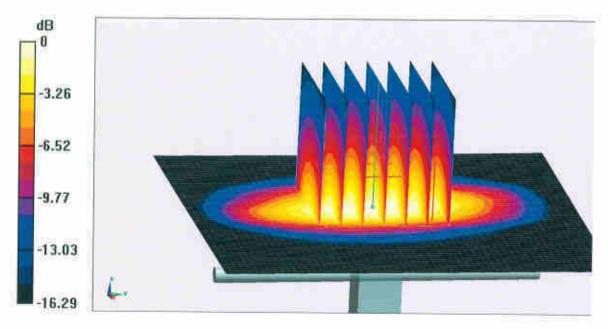
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.03 W/kg

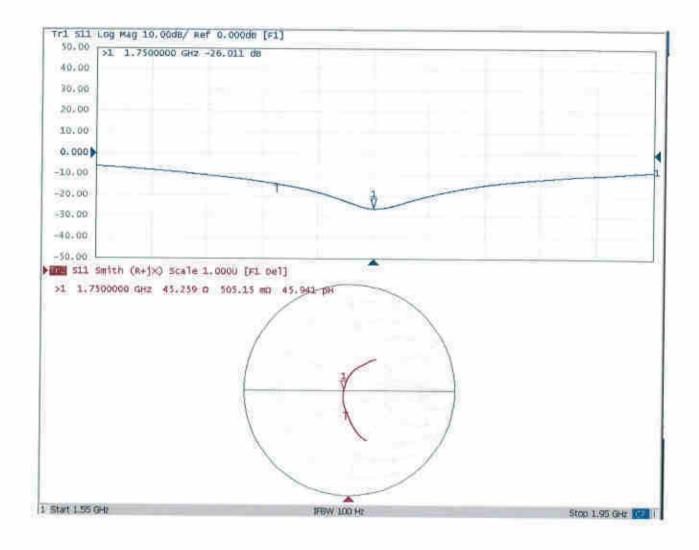
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg



0 dB = 14.3 W/kg = 11.55 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97260 Page 7 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





In Collaboration with

CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Z17-97250

CALIBRATION **CNAS L0570**

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Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Aldibranion Gerilli Gane

Object

D1900V2 - SN: 5d182

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 6, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
102196	02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254)	Mar-18
100596	02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254)	Mar-18
SN 3617	23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17)	Jan-18
SN 536	09-Oct-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97198)	Oct-18
ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
MY49071430	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)	Jan-18
MY46110673	13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)	Jan-18
	102196 100596 SN 3617 SN 536 ID# MY49071430	102196 02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254) 100596 02-Mar-17 (CTTL, No.J17X01254) SN 3617 23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17) SN 536 09-Oct-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97198)

Function Name Calibrated by: **SAR Test Engineer** Zhao Jing Reviewed by: **SAR Test Engineer** Lin Hao

Approved by:

Certificate No: Z17-97250

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: December 10, 2017

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lossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97250 Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.0.1446
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.1 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.27 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.9 ± 6 %	1.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.29 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2)

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http://www.chinattl.cn

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.2Ω+ 5.30jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.0dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8Ω+ 5.25jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.3dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

		$\overline{}$
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.066 ns	-

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by		SPEAG

Certificate No: Z17-97250 Page 4 of 8

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d182

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.409$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 39.36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Date: 12.06.2017

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn536; Calibrated: 10/9/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

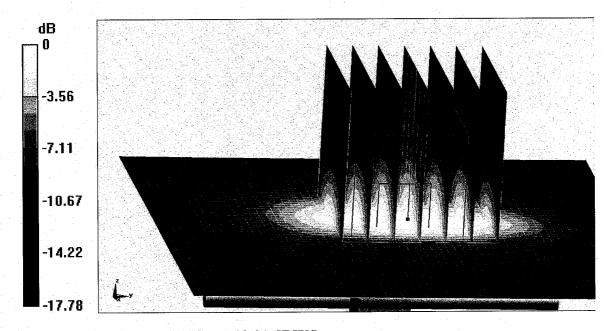
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 W/kg



0 dB = 15.9 W/kg = 12.01 dBW/kg