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(FCC ID:22923110) (FCC ID:22923120) (FCC ID:22923130)

TK-690H Circuit Descriptions

The Kenwood Model TK-690H is an all solid-state VHF FM transceiver designed to operate in the frequency range of from 29.7 to 50.0MHz.

The TK-690H consists of a display unit, a control section, a transmitter-receiver (TX-RX) section, and a transmitter power amplifier section.

1. Display Unit (Front Panel Section)

There are two types of displays, A and B, available as a dealer installable option. The display unit consists of a microprocessor (IC4), a liquid crystal display (LCD) assembly, a power supply control circuit, and associated circuits.

- (1) A rotary encoder is used for selecting the operating channel. An up or down pulse, generated at the rotary encoder is converted to a serial data signal and it is sent to the control section by the microprocessor.
- On or Off signals from various function switches are converted to a corresponding serial data signal and sent to the control section by the microprocessor.
- (3) Serial data, sent from the control section, is received by the microprocessor, and the corresponding LCD segments are turned on.

The A type display comprises an 8-digits 13-segments alphanumeric display,

3-digits 7-segments alphanumeric display and icon display for confirming operation.

TX and BUSY indicators are also provided.

The B type display comprises 14-digits(large) and 3-digits(small) dot-matrix, 14-digits alphanumeric display, 3-digits channel status display and icon display for confirming operation.

TX and BUSY indicators are also provided.

2. Control Section

The control section consists of a receive audio circuit, a transmitter microphone amplifier circuit, a microprocessor, and associated peripheral circuits.

The control section transfers data to or from the display unit in serial format.

- The control section microprocessor (IC516) is connected to an external EPROM (IC514) and an external FLASHROM (IC519), and controls the following functions:
 - (1) Programs or retrieves the channel frequency data to or from the EEPROM.
 - (2) Sends the channel frequency data to the frequency synthesizer section.
 - (3) Sends sub-audible signal encoder data to the microphone amplifier section.
 - (4) Processes (decodes) an incoming sub-audible signal, received at its analog-to-digital converter input port, and controls the audio mute circuit.
 - (5) Processes a squelch signal from the IF IC (IC101) and controls the noise squelch circuit.
 - (6) Controls the audio circuit and switches between transmit and receive

according to the data sent from the display unit.

- Receive audio circuit and transmitter microphone amplifier (Mic amp.) circuit

A recovered audio signal from the received signal, obtained at the TX-RX unit, passes through band-pass filter circuit(IC518,524) and then it is applied to the D/A converter(IC512) for electronic volume control and the receive audio power amplifier(IC522) section. An audio signal, originating at the microphone, is applied to microphone amplifier section(IC505,510,513) after going through a mic gain adjustment (VR501). The signal is then pre-amplified, pre-emphasized. The processed audio signal is again amplified by a voltage saturation type limiting amplifier and it is routed to the TX-RX unit after going through a 24dB/oct low-pass filter and D/A converter (IC512) for maximum deviation control.

TX-RX Section

The TX-RX section contains a frequency synthesizer section, a receiver RF section, IF sections, and a transmitter exciter section.

3.1 Frequency Synthesizer Section

The frequency synthesizer section consists of a TCXO (X301), a PLL circuit, and associated circuits.

The TCXO operates at 16.8 MHz, its frequency being maintained within ± 5.0 ppm from -30°C to ± 60 °C. The 16.8MHz signal from the TCXO is applied to the PLL IC (IC301), where the signal is divided by 25KHz reference signal.

Two independent VCOs are provided for the transmitter and receiver to cover a wide frequency spread between the transmit and receive frequencies. The transmit signal is produced by Q306, and the receive LO signal is produced by Q307. The RF signals, generated at the VCOs, are amplified by a common buffer amplifier (Q311). The output signal from the buffer amplifier is split into two and each signal is applied to buffer amplifiers Q312 and Q313. The Q312 output is routed to the PLL IC (IC301), and the Q313 output is used as the receiver LO signal or the transmit signal.

The PLL IC (IC301) consists of prescaler, fractional divider, reference divider, phase comparator, charge pump. The PLL IC is fractional-N type synthesizer and performs is the 40 or 25KHz reference signal which is fifth of the channel step (5.0KHz).

The input signal from the pin 5 of the PLL IC is divided down to the 25KHz and compared at phase comparator. The pulsed output signal of the phase comparator is applied to the charge pump and transformed into DC signal in the loop filter(Q303,304). The DC signal is applied to the VCO and locked to keep the VCO frequency constant.

The IC301 lock detector output signal causes the DC level to change and this is detected by the microprocessor in the control section. The microprocessor inhibits the transmitter to eliminate unlawful transmission if this condition occurs.

The output signal from the Mic amplifier in the control section is applied to the transmit VCO for frequency modulation (FM) of the transmit carrier signal.

3.2 Receiver RF and IF Stages

The receiver is a double conversion superheterodyne, designed to operate in the frequency range of from 29.7 to 50.0MHz. The RF and IF stages of the receiver section consists of an

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RF amplifier (Q101,Q102), a first mixer DBM(Q110,Q111,Q112,Q113), a first IF amplifier (Q103,107) and a second iF system IC (IC101).

An incoming signal from the antenna is applied to a band-pass filter after going through a lowpass filter and an antenna switch. The signal is then amplified by the RF amplifier and again filtered by another band-pass filter (L102, L104 and L105). The amplified and filtered signal is heterodyned at the first mixer with a first LO signal originated at the frequency synthesizer. The resulting 10.7MHz first IF signal is amplified by a first IF amplifier(Q101,Q102)and filtered filtered by a 4-pole crystal filter (XF101) and is further amplified by a first IF amplifier (Q107). The processed first IF signal is then applied to the second IF system IC, where the signal is heterodyned again down to 455kHz, amplified, filtered, CF101, CF102 and FM detected. The FM system IC also includes an oscillator circuit to generate a second LO signal of 11.155MHz. FM detection is performed by a quadrature type detector and the detected signal is routed to the control section.

Transmitter Exciter Section 3.3

The transmitter exciter section consists of an amplifier (Q203) to amplify the modulated signal from the frequency synthesizer to between 200 and 300mW. The amplified signal is routed to the transmitter power amplifier section through a coaxial cable.

Transmitter Power Amplifier Section 4.

The transmitter power amplifier section consists of two driver amplifier stages, transmitter final power amplifier stage an antenna switch, a low-pass filter and an automatic power control circuit (APC).

The exciter output signal from the TX-RX section is first amplified by two driver amplifiers (Q1,Q5). Then it is further up to 110W by the final power amplifier which is comprised of two class B amplifiers connected in push-pull (Q9 and Q10). The signal is routed to the antenna connector after going through the antenna switch and the low-pass(harmonics) filter. The lowpass filter of a chebychev type, which has an insertion loss of 0.5dB or less and a minimum attenuation of 50dB at the second harmonic frequency. The second harmonic attenuation at the output of the final power amplifier is 30dB or more. Therefore, the total attenuation of any frequency above the second harmonic signal is guaranteed to be greater than 80dB.

The antenna switching is done by a relay

The APC circuit consists of an RF level detector, and a temperature sensing circuit.

The RF level detector senses the forward and reflected power. The transmitter output power is kept constant by the exciter control circuit which monitors the forward power and regulates the supply voltage applied to the exciter section. If the antenna load becomes abnormal, the reflected power increases, causing the exciter control circuit to reduce the supply voltage to the exciter. In case of an abnormal temperature rise in the power amplifier section, the temperature sensing circuit detects this condition and send the information to the APC circuit, these actions reduce the transmitter output to a safe operating level.

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TK-690H Tuning Procedures

Preparation for tuning the transceiver.

Before attempting to tune the transceiver, connect the unit to a suitable power supply. Whenever the transmitter is tuned, the unit must be connected to a suitable dummy load, unless the instruction specify otherwise. The speaker output connector must be terminated with a 40hm dummy load at any time during the tuning and connected to an AC voltmeter and an audio distortion meter or a SINAD measurement meter at all the time during the tuning.

Transceiver tuning

NOTE: To avoid damaging components in the transceiver while tuning, transmitter on time should be kept minimum and if the chassis or heatsink temperature becomes excessively hot, give the transceiver enough time to cool down in the steps 11 through 15 below.

- Select the frequency to High-edge 36.9MHz,42.9MHz,49.9MHz. 1.
- Connect a digital voltmeter to CV. 2.
- Adjust TC302 in the TX-RX unit to obtain the $1.5\mathrm{V}\pm0.1\mathrm{V}$. 3.
- Select the frequency to Low-edge 29.8MHz,35.1MHz,40.1MHz. 4.
- Apply a receive signal without a modulation to the transceiver. 5.
- Tune L101,L102,L104,L105 to obtain the maximumreceive 6. quieting(Minimum'oise).

Reduce the RF signal level as tuning progress.

Connect a sweep signal generator to CN102.

Connect a display through an RF detector to CN103 in the TX-RX unit.

Tune L128,L129,L131,L132,L133.

- Modulate the receive signal with a 1000 Hz tone at $\pm 3.0 \mathrm{kHz}$ deviation. 7.
- Set the RF signal level to 1mV. 8.
- Tune L127,L129,L131,L133 for the minimum audio distortion level. 9.

Reduce the volume control setting as tuning progress to avoid saturation in the audio amplifier stages.

Apply a standard signal at the level of 3dB less than the 12dB SINAD.

Tune the squelch threshold by the PC tuning.

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- 10. Adjust VR1 in the transmitter final section for 110W±5% in the transmit mode.
- 11. Apply a 1000 Hz tone with a 50 mV (RMS) level to the MIC input.
- 12. Adjust the maximum deviation to $\pm 5.0 \text{kHz}$ or less in the frequency ranges of 29.7 to 50MHz by the UP/DOWN of PC tuning.
- 13. Reduce the 1000 Hz signal level to 5 mV (RMS).
- 14. Adjust VR501 in the Control section to obtain ±3.0kHz of deviation in the transmit mode.

FCC ID: ALH22923110 ACTIVE DEVICES

*** SEMICONDUCTOR PARTS LIST ***

FOR MODEL : TK-690HB : Y51-4460-10)

PAGE 1

CURCUIT PARTS NUMBER **DESCRIPTION** SYMBOL Q1 2SC1971 TRANSISTOR TX DRIVE AMP. 2SC1972 Q5 TRANSISTOR TX DRIVE AMP. Q9 2SC2694 **TRANSISTOR** FINAL AMP. Q10 2SC2694 **TRANSISTOR** FINAL AMP.

FOR MODEL : TK-690HB

(FINAL UNIT : X45-3550-10)

PARTS NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
155184	DIODE	TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION
MA4PH633	DIODE	ANT SWITH
MA4PH633	DIODE	ANT SWITH
MI809	DIODE	ANT SWITH
1SS184	DIODE	PROTECTOR
HSM88AS	DIODE	REFLECTED WAVE RECTIFICATION
22ZR-10D	SURGE ABSORBER	SURGE ABSORPTION
SG-5L(R)	DIODE	PROTECTION OF REVERSE CONNECTION
HSM88AS	DIODE	FORWARD WAVE RECTIFICATION
M1809	DIODE	ANT SWITH
2SC2712(Y)	TRANSISTOR	DC AMPLIFIER
DTC114EK	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH
2SC2712(Y)	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH
2SD2531	TRANSISTOR	APC CONTROLLER
2SA1162(Y)	TRANSISTOR	DC AMPLIFIER
F M W1	TRANSISTOR	APC COMPARATOR
2SC2712(Y)	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH
	1SS184 MA4PH633 MA4PH633 MI809 1SS184 HSM88AS 22ZR-10D SG-5L(R) HSM88AS MI809 2SC2712(Y) DTC114EK 2SC2712(Y) 2SD2531 2SA1162(Y) FMW1	1SS184 DIODE MA4PH633 DIODE MA4PH633 DIODE MI809 DIODE 1SS184 DIODE HSM88AS DIODE 22ZR-10D SURGE ABSORBER SG-5L(R) DIODE HSM88AS DIODE UDDE HSM88AS DIODE TRANSISTOR DTC114EK TRANSISTOR 2SC2712(Y) TRANSISTOR 2SD2531 TRANSISTOR TRANSISTOR TRANSISTOR TRANSISTOR TRANSISTOR TRANSISTOR

FOR MODEL : TK-690HB (TX-RX UNIT : X57-5600-10)

CURCUIT SYMBOL	PARTS NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
D102	1SV228	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIC	DE RDE THINING
D103	1SV228	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIO	DE BDE TUNING
D104	1SV228	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIO	DE DE TUNING
D105	1SV228	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIO	
D106	MA716	DIODE	NOISE DETECTOR
D107	1SS355	DIODE	DC SWITCH
D301	1SV228		DE FREQUENCY CONTROLLER
D302	1SV228	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIO	DE FREQUENCY CONTROLLER DE FREQUENCY CONTROLLER
D303	1SV228	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIO	DE FREQUENCY CONTROLLER DE FREQUENCY CONTROLLER
D304	1SV228	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIO	DE FREQUENCY CONTROLLER DE FREQUENCY CONTROLLER
D305	1SV214	VARIABLE CAPACITANCE DIO	DE MODULATOR
D306	DAN235K	DIODE	
D501	02CZ18(X,Y)	ZENER DIODE	RF SWITCH
D502	1SS355	DIODE	VOLTAGE REFERENCE
D503	1SS355	DIODE	REVERSE CURRENT
D504	02CZ5.6(X,Y)	ZENER DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D505	1SS355	DIODE	VOLTAGE REFERENCE
D506	1SS301	DIODE	DC SWITCH
D507	02CZ15(X,Y)	ZENER DIODE	DC SWITCH
D508	1SS355	DIODE	VOLTAGE REFERENCE
D511	1SS301	DIODE	DC SWITCH
D512	1SS355	DIODE	DC SWITCH
D513	DA204U	DIODE	REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION
D514	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D515	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D516	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D517	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D518	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D519	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D520	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D521	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D522	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D523	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D524	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D525	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D526	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D527	DA204U	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D528	1SS355	DIODE	SURGE ABSORPTION
D529	1SS355	DIODE	REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION
IC101	TA31136FN		REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION
IC201	BU4094BCF	IC	FM IC
IC202	NJM78L05UA	IC	SHIFT REGISTER
IC203	AN8009M	IC	AVR
IC301	SA7025DK	IC IC	AVR
IC501	TC4013BF(N)		PLL IC
IC502	NJM4558M	IC	DFF
IC503	TA7808S	IC	LPF
IC504	TC35453F	IC	AVR
IC505	NJM4558M	IC	AUDIO PROCESSOR
IC506	L78LR05B-FA	IC	HPF/IDC
. 5000	L/OLINOOD-FA	IC	AVR

FOR MODEL: TK-690HB

(TX-RX UNIT : X57-5600-10)

CURCUIT SYMBOL	PARTS NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
IC508	NJM4558M	IC	LIMITER/BUFFER AMPLIFIER
IC509	MC33172D	IC	BUFFER AMPLIFIER
IC510	NJM4558M	IC .	SUMMING AMPLIFIER /LPF
IC511	PCD3312CT	IC	DTMF ENCODER
IC512	M62364FP	IC	D/A CONVERTER
IC513	NJM4558M	IC	LPF/SUMMING AMPLIFIER
IC514	AT24C64N10SI27	IC	EEPROM
IC515	BU4066BCF	IC	ANALOG SWITCH
IC516	784214GC0238EU	ic	CPU
IC517	BU4094BCF	IC	SHIFT REGISTER
IC518	NJM4558M	IC	
IC519	AT29C020-90TI	IC	BUFFER AMPLIFIER
IC520	TC7S02F	IC	FLASH ROM
IC521	NJM4558M	IC	NOR GATE
IC522	TDA8561Q	IC	BUFFER AMPLIFIER
IC523	BU4094BCF	IC	AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER
IC524	NJM4558M	IC	SHIFT REGISTER
1C525	LC73872M	IC	BUFFER AMPLIFIER/DE-EMPHASIS
IC526	TA75S01F	IC	DTMF DECODER
Q101	2SK520(K43)		AMPLIFIER
Q102	2SK520(K43)	FET	1ST AMPLIFIER
Q102 Q103	2SK508NV(K52)	FET	1ST AMPLIFIER
Q105		FET	IF AMPLIFIER
Q103 Q106	2SK508NV(K52)	FET	NB GATE
Q100 Q107	2SK508NV(K52)	FET	NB GATE
Q107 Q108	2SC4215(Y)	TRANSISTOR	IF AMPLIFIER
Q108 Q110	2SC4617(S)	TRANSISTOR	SQL AMPLIFIER
Q111	2SK508NV(K52)	FET	RX 1ST MIXER
Q111 Q112	2SK508NV(K52)	FET	RX 1ST MIXER
	2SK508NV(K52)	FET	RX 1ST MIXER
Q113 Q114	2SK508NV(K52)	FET	RX 1ST MIXER
	DTC144EUA	TRANSISTOR	NB SWITCH
Q115	2SK1824	FET	DC SWITCH
Q201	2SB1132(Q,R)	TRANSISTOR	8T SWITCH
Q202	DTC114EUA	TRANSISTOR	8T SWITCH
Q203	2SC2954	TRANSISTOR	TX PRE-DRIVE AMPLIFIER
Q204	DTC114EUA	TRANSISTOR	8R SWITCH
Q205	2SB1132(Q,R)	TRANSISTOR	8R SWITCH
Q301	2SC4116(GR)	TRANSISTOR	RIPPLE FILTER
Q302	2SC4116(GR)	TRANSISTOR	RIPPLE FILTER
Q303	2SC3722K(S)	TRANSISTOR	LOOP FILTER
Q304	2SC3722K(S)	TRANSISTOR	LOOP FILTER
Q306	2SK508NV(K52)	FET	OSC
Q307	2SK508NV(K52)	FET	OSC
Q308	2SC4116(Y)	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH
Q309	2SC4116(Y)	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH
Q310	DTC144EUA	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH
Q311	2SC4215(Y)	TRANSISTOR	BUFFER AMPLIFIER
Q312	2SC4215(Y)	TRANSISTOR	AMPLIFIER
Q313	2SC3357	TRANSISTOR	AMPLIFIER
Q501	DTA114EUA	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH

(TX-RX UNIT : X57-5600-10)

FOR MODEL TK-690HB

CURCUIT	PARTS NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
SYMBOL Q502 Q503 Q504 Q505 Q506 Q507 Q509 Q510 Q511 Q512	DTC114EUA DTC114EUA DTC363EK DTC144EUA DTA114YUA DTC114YUA DTC144EUA DTC144EUA DTC144EUA DTC144EUA	TRANSISTOR	DC SWITCH DC SWITCH MUTING SWITCH DC SWITCH
Q513 Q514 Q516 Q517 Q518 Q519 Q520 Q522 Q523 Q524 Q525	DTC144EUA DTA144TKA DTA114TUA DTC144EUA DTA114EUA 2SJ506(S) DTD114EK 2SC4215(Y) DTC114TU DTC114TU	TRANSISTOR	MUTING SWITCH DC SWITCH DC SWITCH DC SWITCH POWER SWITCH DC SWITCH BEAT SHIFT SWITCH DC SWITCH DC SWITCH DC SWITCH

FOR MODEL : TK-690HB

(NB UNIT : X58-4610-10)

CURCUIT	PARTS NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
SYMBOL			
D1	1SS184	DIODE	SWITCH
IC1	MC1350D	IC	AGC AMP.
Q1	3SK131(M)	FET.	IF AMP.
Q2	2SA1162(Y)	TRANSISTOR	AM DET.
Q3	2SC2712(Y)	TRANSISTOR	RF AMP.
Q4	2SC2712(Y)	TRANSISTOR	AM DET.
Q5	2SC2712(Y)	TRANSISTOR	AF AMP.
Q6	2SC2712(Y)	TRANSISTOR	SWITCH
Q7	2SA1162(Y)	TRANSISTOR	SWITCH