FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT	**:**	**ZTE CORPORATION**
EQUIPMENT	**:**	**LTE/WCDMA/GSM Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone**
BRAND NAME	**:**	**ZTE**
MODEL NAME	**:**	**Z2332CC**
FCC ID	**:**	**SRQ-Z2332CC**
STANDARD	**:**	**FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE 1528-2013**

The product was received on Jan. 09, 2019 and testing was started from Mar. 08, 2019 and completed on Mar. 14, 2019. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

TESTING
NVLAP LAB CODE 600155-0

Approved by: Mark Qu / Manager

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone, Jiangsu Province 215335, China

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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA910901	01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 19, 2019

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **ZTE CORPORATION, LTE/WCDMA/GSM Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone, Z2332CC**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary					
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)		
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.49	0.89	1.40
		GSM1900	0.14	0.48	
	WCDMA	Band V	**0.60**	1.16	
		Band IV	0.23	1.17	
		Band II	0.25	1.08	
	LTE	Band 71	0.18	0.10	
		Band 12	0.21	0.18	
		Band 5	0.44	0.91	
		Band 66/Band 4	0.25	0.98	
		Band 2	0.31	**1.18**	
DSS	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	<0.10		1.40
Date of Testing:		2019/3/8~2019/3/14			

Remark :
This device supports both LTE B66 and B4.Since the supported frequency span for LTE B4 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B66, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B66.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone, Jiangsu Province 215335, China TEL : 86-512-57900158 FAX : 86-512-57900958

Applicant	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R. China

Manufacturer	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R. China

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	LTE/WCDMA/GSM Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
Brand Name	ZTE
Model Name	Z2332CC
FCC ID	SRQ-Z2332CC
IMEI Code	860686040003787
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1779.3 MHz LTE Band 71: 665.5 MHz ~ 695.5 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
HW Version	Z2332CCHW1.0
SW Version	Z2332CCV1.0.0B01
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Remark:
1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
2. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GRPS/EGRPS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
3. This device does not support hotspot function.

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

<table>
<tr><th colspan="2">Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05</th></tr>
<tr><td>FCC ID</td><td>SRQ-Z2332CC</td></tr>
<tr><td>Equipment Name</td><td>LTE/WCDMA/GSM Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone</td></tr>
<tr><td>Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band</td><td>LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz
LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz
LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz
LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz
LTE Band 66: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1779.3 MHz
LTE Band 71: 665.5 MHz ~ 695.5 MHz</td></tr>
<tr><td>Channel Bandwidth</td><td>LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz
LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz
LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz
LTE Band 12:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz
LTE Band 66:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz
LTE Band 71: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz</td></tr>
<tr><td>Uplink Modulations Used</td><td>QPSK / 16QAM</td></tr>
<tr><td>LTE Voice / Data requirements</td><td>Voice and Data</td></tr>
<tr><td>LTE Release Version</td><td>R10, Cat4</td></tr>
<tr><td>CA Support</td><td>Not Supported</td></tr>
<tr><td>LTE MPR permanently built-in by design</td><td>Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3
<table>
<tr><th rowspan="2">Modulation</th><th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})</th><th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th></tr>
<tr><th>1.4 MHz</th><th>3.0 MHz</th><th>5 MHz</th><th>10 MHz</th><th>15 MHz</th><th>20 MHz</th></tr>
<tr><td>QPSK</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr>
<tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr>
<tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr>
<tr><td>64 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr>
<tr><td>64 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 3</td></tr>
<tr><td>256 QAM</td><td colspan="6">≥ 1</td><td>≤ 5</td></tr>
</table></td></tr>
<tr><td>LTE A-MPR</td><td>In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Spectrum plots for RB configuration</td><td>A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.</td></tr>
</table>

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band

LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900

LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745

LTE Band 5								
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844

LTE Band 12								
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	23017	699.7	23025	700.5	23035	701.5	23060	704
M	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5
H	23173	715.3	23165	714.5	23155	713.5	23130	711

LTE Band 66												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	131979	1710.7	131987	1711.5	131997	1712.5	132022	1715	132047	1717.5	132072	1720
M	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745
H	132665	1779.3	132657	1778.5	132647	1777.5	132622	1775	132597	1772.5	132572	1770

LTE Band 71								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	133147	665.5	133172	668	133197	670.5	133222	673
M	133247	675.5	133272	678	133297	680.5	133322	683
H	133447	695.5	133422	693	133397	690.5	133372	688

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

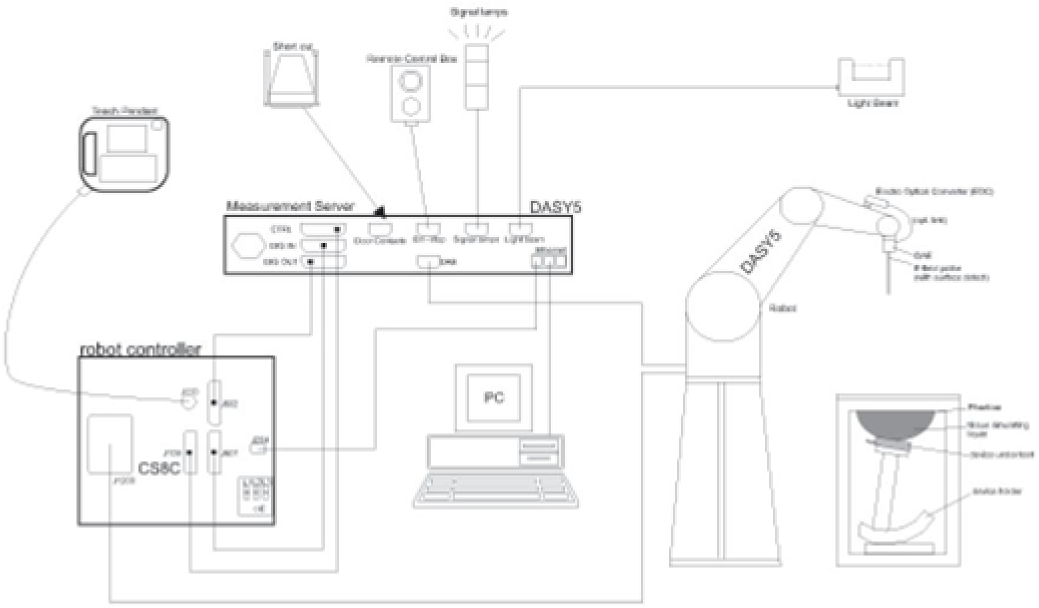
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.
The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

Photo of DAE

7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

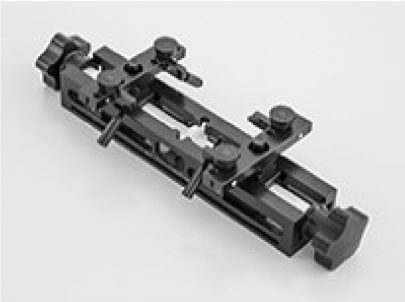
The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.

Mounting Device for Laptops

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
(c) For BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
(b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
(c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq$ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq$ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq$ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq$ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq$ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq$ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq$ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq$ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq$ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq$ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\geq$ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\geq$ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\geq$ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq$ 1.4 W/kg, $\leq$ 8 mm, $\leq$ 7 mm and $\leq$ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2018/3/21	2019/3/20
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	2018/3/26	2019/3/25
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2018/3/23	2019/3/22
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2018/3/25	2019/3/24
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2018/3/22	2019/3/21
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1338	2018/12/3	2019/12/2
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3843	2018/9/27	2019/9/26
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1839	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1503	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201274349	2018/8/16	2019/8/15
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	2018/4/17	2019/4/16
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2018/4/17	2019/4/16
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2018/11/20	2019/11/19
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2019/1/14	2020/1/13
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101641	2019/1/14	2020/1/13
R&S	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2019/1/14	2020/1/13
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2018/8/21	2019/8/20
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2018/8/8	2019/8/7
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note	

Note: Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.

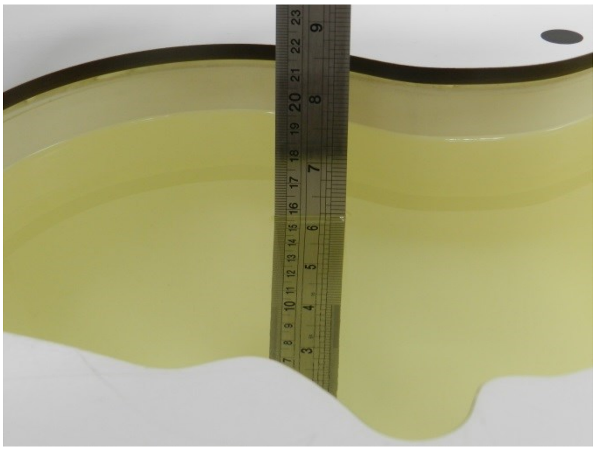


Fig 10.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

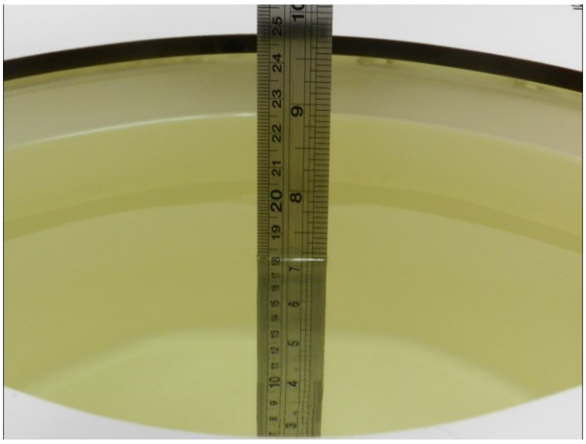


Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.6	0.911	42.236	0.89	41.90	2.36	0.80	±5	2019/3/10
835	Head	22.8	0.919	42.879	0.90	41.50	2.11	3.32	±5	2019/3/10
1750	Head	22.8	1.364	41.134	1.37	40.10	-0.44	2.58	±5	2019/3/11
1900	Head	22.9	1.401	40.143	1.40	40.00	0.07	0.36	±5	2019/3/11
2450	Head	22.2	1.828	39.050	1.80	39.20	1.56	-0.38	±5	2019/3/14
750	Body	22.7	0.978	56.191	0.96	55.50	1.88	1.25	±5	2019/3/8
835	Body	22.9	0.992	54.278	0.97	55.20	2.27	-1.67	±5	2019/3/8
1750	Body	22.6	1.458	54.577	1.49	53.40	-2.15	2.20	±5	2019/3/9
1900	Body	22.8	1.515	52.432	1.52	53.30	-0.33	-1.63	±5	2019/3/9

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2019/3/10	750	Head	250	1087	3843	1338	1.99	8.25	7.96	-3.52
2019/3/10	835	Head	250	4d151	3843	1338	2.43	9.66	9.72	0.62
2019/3/11	1750	Head	250	1090	3843	1338	9.18	37.40	36.72	-1.82
2019/3/11	1900	Head	250	5d170	3843	1338	9.39	39.90	37.56	-5.86
2019/3/14	2450	Head	250	908	3843	1338	13.10	51.80	52.40	1.16
2019/3/8	750	Body	250	1087	3843	1338	2.25	8.57	9.00	5.02
2019/3/8	835	Body	250	4d151	3843	1338	2.53	9.58	10.12	5.64
2019/3/9	1750	Body	250	1090	3843	1338	8.82	37.50	35.28	-5.92
2019/3/9	1900	Body	250	5d170	3843	1338	9.48	40.70	37.92	-6.83

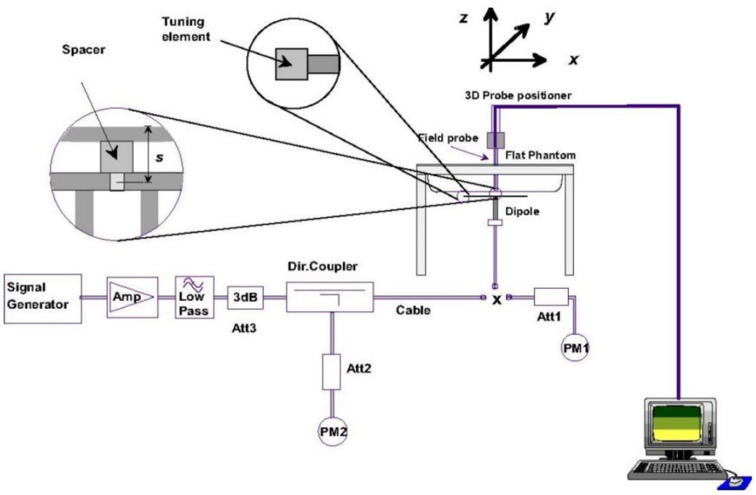


Fig 10.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

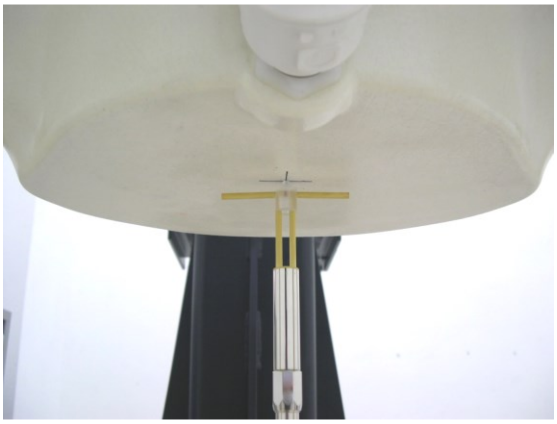


Fig 10.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 11.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 11.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 11.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 11.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

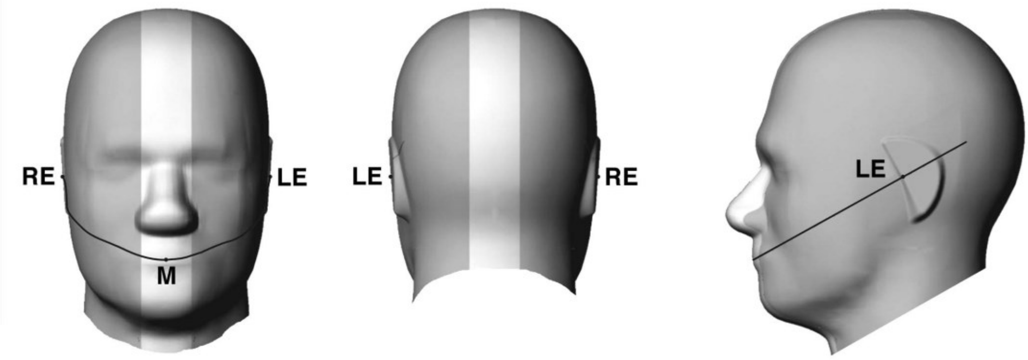


Fig 11.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

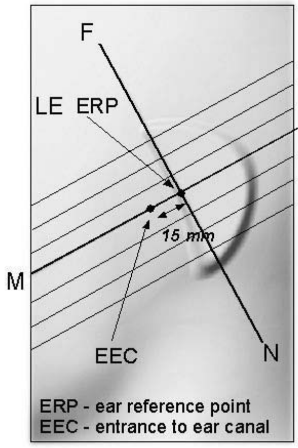


Fig 11.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

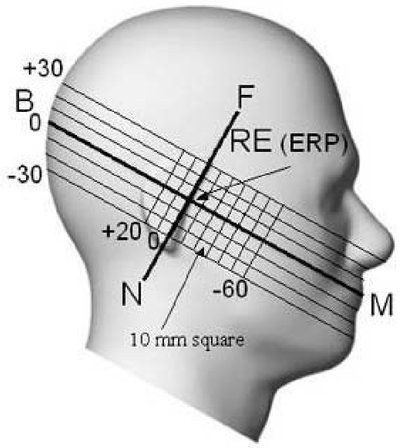


Fig 11.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 11.2.1 and Figure 11.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 11.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 11.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 11.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 11.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

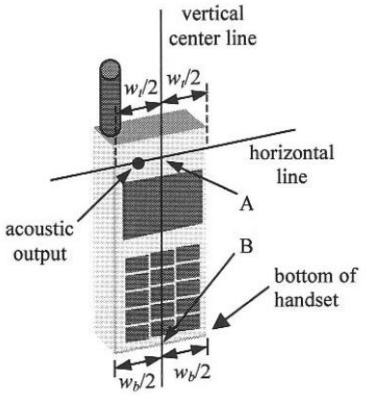


Fig 11.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

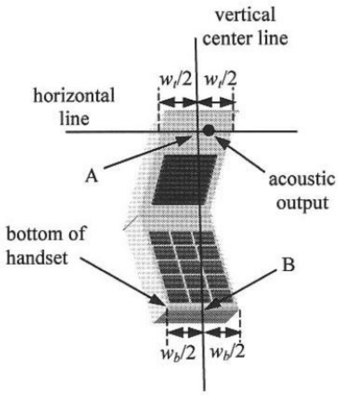


Fig 11.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

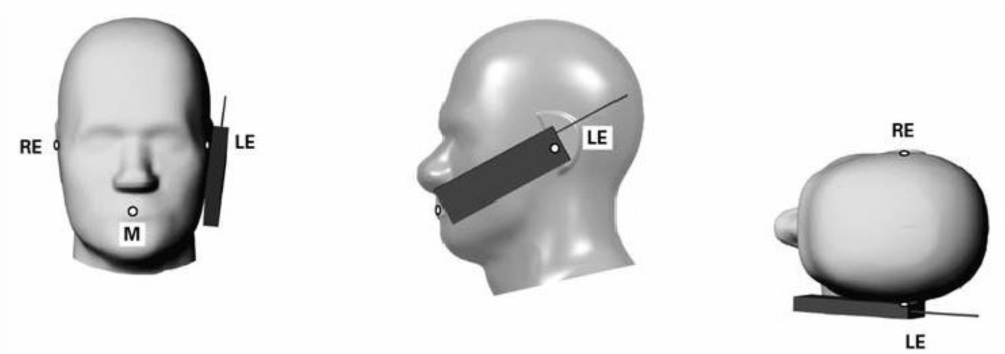


Fig 11.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 11.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

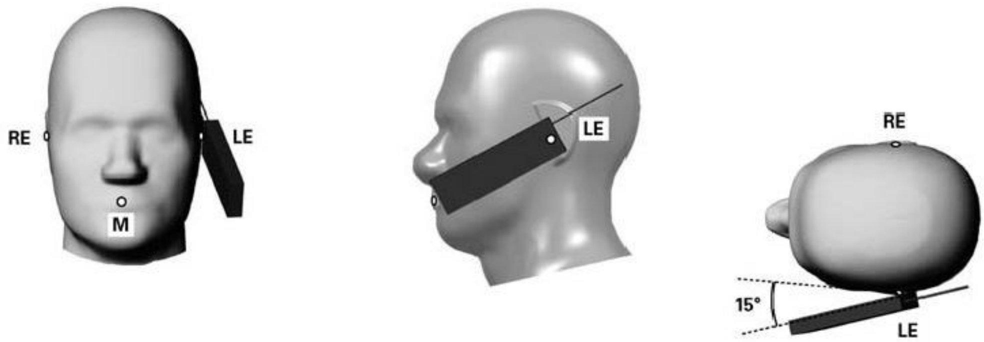


Fig 11.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 11.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

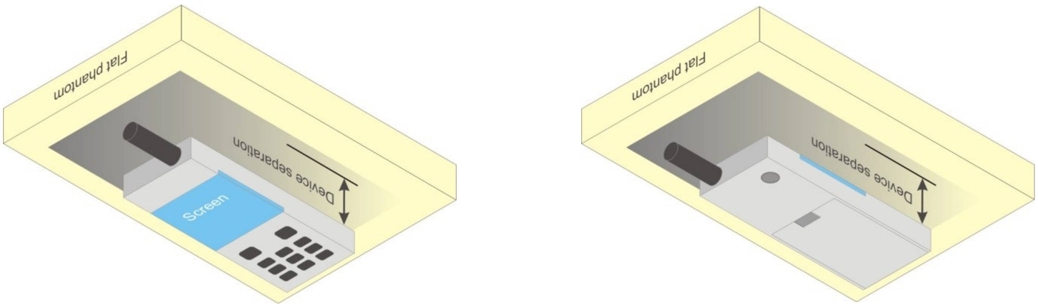


Fig 11.4 Body Worn Position

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (1Tx slot) for GSM850 and the GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode

GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel	128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	33.42	33.52	33.43	34.00	24.42	24.52	24.43	25.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	33.50	33.53	33.49	34.00	24.50	24.53	24.49	25.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.67	29.70	29.75	30.50	23.67	23.70	23.75	24.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	27.96	28.09	28.03	29.00	23.70	23.83	23.77	24.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	26.46	26.53	26.55	27.50	23.46	23.53	23.55	24.50
EDGE 1 Tx slot	26.66	26.65	26.74	28.00	17.66	17.65	17.74	19.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	23.01	23.10	23.16	24.00	17.01	17.10	17.16	18.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	21.28	21.23	21.16	22.00	17.02	16.97	16.90	17.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	20.19	20.23	20.16	21.00	17.19	17.23	17.16	18.00
GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	30.84	30.77	30.64	31.50	21.84	21.77	21.64	22.50
GPRS 1 Tx slot	30.81	30.75	30.61	31.50	21.81	21.75	21.61	22.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	28.65	28.57	28.41	29.50	22.65	22.57	22.41	23.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	25.68	25.23	25.31	26.50	21.42	20.97	21.05	22.24
GPRS 4 Tx slots	24.04	23.83	23.79	25.00	21.04	20.83	20.79	22.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	25.86	25.78	25.65	26.50	16.86	16.78	16.65	17.50
EDGE 2 Tx slots	22.66	22.56	22.47	23.50	16.66	16.56	16.47	17.50
EDGE 3 Tx slots	20.48	20.35	20.23	21.50	16.22	16.09	15.97	17.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots	18.72	18.66	18.57	19.50	15.72	15.66	15.57	16.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
   ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d *(SF)*	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} *(Note1, Note 2)*	CM (dB) *(Note 3)*	MPR (dB) *(Note 3)*
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 *(Note 4)*	15/15 *(Note 4)*	64	12/15 *(Note 4)*	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
   i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
   ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
   v. Set UE Target Power
   vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
   vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
   viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 47/15 β_{ed}2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

Band		WCDMA Band II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band IV			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538		1312	1413	1513		4132	4182	4233	
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938		1537	1638	1738		4357	4407	4458	
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		826.4	836.4	846.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.76	23.70	23.53	24.00	23.65	23.82	23.55	24.00	23.75	24.03	23.85	24.50
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.77	23.72	23.55	24.00	23.68	23.83	23.55	24.00	23.77	24.04	23.85	24.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.80	22.80	22.60	23.00	22.76	22.80	22.63	24.00	23.03	22.95	23.01	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.80	22.84	22.65	23.00	22.89	22.64	22.65	24.00	23.11	23.10	23.15	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.29	22.44	22.17	22.50	22.38	22.17	22.25	23.50	22.64	22.62	22.68	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.29	22.44	22.27	22.50	22.40	22.16	22.26	23.50	22.65	22.64	22.70	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.30	22.43	22.06	23.00	22.66	21.83	22.26	23.00	22.61	23.16	23.07	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.74	21.81	21.72	22.00	21.24	21.57	21.37	22.00	22.06	22.09	21.67	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.39	21.56	21.31	22.00	21.48	21.22	20.76	22.00	21.90	21.69	21.70	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.68	21.69	21.88	22.00	21.89	21.50	21.84	22.00	22.65	22.05	22.11	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.70	22.70	22.60	23.00	22.80	22.50	22.80	23.00	22.90	23.00	22.90	23.50

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B71 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE band 4 SAR test was covered by Band 66; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
    a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
    b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.04	22.14	22.12	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.35	22.59	22.41		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.05	22.04	22.10		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.34	21.36	21.22	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.33	21.35	21.16		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.13	21.23	21.12		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.29	21.29	21.23		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.07	21.17	21.00	23	1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.07	21.11	21.06		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.05	21.02	21.20		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.43	20.42	20.25	22	2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.34	20.49	20.22		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.23	20.38	20.32		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.38	20.33	20.24		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.27	22.26	22.03	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.51	22.49	22.33		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.23	22.12	22.07		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.31	21.42	21.20	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.42	21.41	21.20		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.16	21.37	21.18		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.31	21.37	21.26		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.08	21.18	21.05	23	1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.23	21.65	21.64		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.08	21.12	21.00		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.41	20.36	20.20	22	2
15	16QAM	36	20	20.35	20.44	20.51		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.36	20.42	20.40		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.31	20.49	20.37		
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.28	22.29	22.09	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.58	22.34	22.45		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.36	22.32	22.18		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.42	21.36	21.28	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.26	21.30	21.22		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.16	21.31	21.29		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.33	21.32	21.41		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.09	21.08	21.15	23	1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.00	21.01	21.54		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.00	21.02	21.08		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.40	20.48	20.38	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.46	20.51	20.23		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.44	20.42	20.15		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.35	20.53	20.30		

Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.15	22.26	22.24	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.29	22.25	22.41		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.24	22.18	22.05		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.20	21.25	21.17	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.23	21.28	21.23		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.18	21.33	21.04		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.28	21.24	21.18		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.31	21.25	21.32	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.45	21.39	21.51		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.16	21.02	21.05		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.13	20.28	20.24	22	2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.26	20.40	20.27		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.38	20.29	20.20		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.38	20.46	20.32		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.19	22.37	22.30	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.14	22.30	22.22		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.14	22.33	22.06		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.23	21.32	21.43	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.26	21.28	21.12		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.22	21.31	21.18		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.21	21.34	21.16		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.05	21.40	21.03	23	1
3	16QAM	1	8	21.04	21.33	21.11		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.09	21.40	21.16		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.30	20.40	20.25	22	2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.40	20.41	20.31		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.36	20.46	20.29		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.24	20.30	20.23		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.09	22.33	22.29	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.22	22.47	22.38		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.24	22.43	22.09		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.21	22.48	22.35		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.27	22.58	22.49		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.23	22.43	22.22		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.16	21.34	21.18	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.03	21.10	21.45	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.09	21.11	21.49		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.15	21.19	21.26		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.08	21.17	21.23		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.09	21.45	21.19		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.16	21.46	21.22		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.05	20.42	20.32	22	2

<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.60	22.83	22.66	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.82	22.94	22.65		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.78	22.50	22.55		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.80	21.77	21.70	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.94	21.72	21.62		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.92	21.70	21.45		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.91	21.78	21.73		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.18	21.53	21.73	23	1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.50	21.44	21.97		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.46	21.37	21.27		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.78	20.71	20.69	22	2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.94	20.77	20.68		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.90	20.73	20.48		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.89	20.80	20.75		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.54	22.62	22.67	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.74	22.83	22.93		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.64	22.29	22.57		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.68	21.83	21.73	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.81	21.75	21.62		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.89	21.63	21.44		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.81	21.82	21.61		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.47	21.61	21.35	23	1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.64	22.12	21.74		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.42	21.31	21.33		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.61	20.83	20.40	22	2
15	16QAM	36	20	20.77	20.77	20.56		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.87	20.58	20.44		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.89	20.94	20.61		
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.67	22.81	22.45	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.89	22.89	22.69		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.78	22.68	22.48		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.91	21.75	21.53	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.83	21.72	21.64		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.69	21.62	21.76		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.72	21.76	21.53		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.32	21.51	21.31	23	1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.42	21.52	22.00		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.39	21.36	21.25		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.65	20.77	20.53	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.83	20.74	20.64		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.76	20.47	20.65		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.79	20.79	20.55		

Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.69	22.75	22.51	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.91	22.89	22.67		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.65	22.58	22.62		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.69	21.73	21.56	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.74	21.67	21.61		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.66	21.75	21.69		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.66	21.73	21.68		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.24	21.97	21.85	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.59	21.51	22.07		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.29	21.30	22.04		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.64	20.77	20.66	22	2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.74	20.72	20.71		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.76	20.59	20.68		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.75	20.77	20.78		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.75	22.62	22.66	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.57	22.65	22.77		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.67	22.48	22.73		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.84	21.75	21.60	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.63	21.78	21.65		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.67	21.83	21.74		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.72	21.74	21.71		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.89	21.93	21.04	23	1
3	16QAM	1	8	21.88	21.74	21.56		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.76	21.35	21.28		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.43	20.84	20.42	22	2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.56	20.77	20.56		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.69	20.83	20.67		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.67	20.62	20.71		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.65	22.78	22.60	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.78	22.84	22.70		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.76	22.72	22.66		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.90	22.92	22.82		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.85	22.93	22.90		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.73	22.83	22.74		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.59	21.72	21.62	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.90	21.31	21.26	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.07	21.47	21.71		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.97	21.34	21.86		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.64	21.72	21.91		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.71	21.74	21.97		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.94	21.74	22.04		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.61	20.80	20.78	22	2

<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20450	20525	20600		
Frequency (MHz)				829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.73	22.58	22.68	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.92	22.92	23.15		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.64	22.52	22.65		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.07	21.98	21.96	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.04	22.06	21.92		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.03	21.86	21.84		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.02	22.04	21.98		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.50	21.51	21.62	23	1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.60	21.60	22.25		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.66	21.60	21.56		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.03	21.06	21.12	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.11	21.10	21.08		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.99	20.92	21.01		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.10	20.99	20.96		
Channel				20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				826.5	836.5	846.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.81	22.68	22.68	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.85	23.01	22.92		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.67	22.69	22.57		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.05	22.03	21.85	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.03	21.99	21.97		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.91	21.97	21.86		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.94	22.01	21.92		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.03	22.10	22.11	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.27	22.19	21.54		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.98	21.66	21.59		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.19	20.91	20.81	22	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.11	20.98	21.04		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.08	20.95	20.84		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.12	21.19	21.01		

Channel				20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				825.5	836.5	847.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.00	22.87	22.70	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.88	23.04	22.81		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.83	22.98	22.74		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.04	22.03	21.95	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.97	22.08	22.01		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.09	21.97	21.87		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.03	21.96	21.91		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.66	21.98	21.57	23	1
3	16QAM	1	8	21.61	21.74	22.16		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.50	22.01	21.99		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.08	21.06	21.06	22	2
3	16QAM	8	4	21.10	21.12	21.14		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.20	21.09	21.16		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.20	21.05	21.00		
Channel				20407	20525	20643	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				824.7	836.5	848.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.87	22.95	22.91	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.00	23.03	22.80		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.91	22.94	22.69		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.95	22.91	22.84		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.07	22.92	22.91		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.83	23.02	22.73		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.87	21.93	21.87	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.29	22.10	22.14	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.09	22.19	22.15		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.50	22.05	21.84		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.98	21.92	22.14		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.01	21.94	22.15		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.98	21.90	21.72		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.00	20.88	20.95	22	2

<u><LTE Band 12></u>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23060	23095	23130		
Frequency (MHz)				704	707.5	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.79	22.69	22.63	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.10	23.30	23.00		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.76	22.86	22.75		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.03	22.08	22.13	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.00	22.03	22.04		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.92	22.06	22.02		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.98	22.03	22.16		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.59	21.61	21.66	23	1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.70	21.58	21.83		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.61	21.69	21.63		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.95	20.95	21.19	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.97	21.09	20.89		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.79	21.01	21.15		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.95	21.10	21.12		
Channel				23035	23095	23155	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				701.5	707.5	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.83	22.73	22.63	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.00	22.90	22.80		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.65	22.88	22.54		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.99	21.98	22.06	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.94	22.05	21.93		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.88	21.97	21.83		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.91	22.08	21.98		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.59	21.58	21.52	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.74	21.82	21.69		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.61	21.85	21.62		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.95	21.15	20.83	22	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.00	21.11	20.90		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.77	20.93	20.82		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.15	21.05	20.85		

Channel				23025	23095	23165	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				700.5	707.5	714.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.96	22.61	22.77	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.72	22.73	22.77		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.66	22.84	22.80		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.97	22.04	22.10	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.08	22.11	21.93		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.06	22.04	21.94		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.06	22.10	21.98		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.51	21.91	21.87	23	1
3	16QAM	1	8	21.56	21.95	21.83		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.50	21.94	21.64		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.85	21.04	21.04	22	2
3	16QAM	8	4	21.16	21.13	20.98		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.17	21.15	20.96		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.03	21.07	21.09		
Channel				23017	23095	23173	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				699.7	707.5	715.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.88	22.82	22.96	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.01	22.90	22.97		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.91	22.88	22.91		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.12	22.93	23.03		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.25	23.09	23.29		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.11	23.07	23.03		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.09	22.12	21.93	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.04	22.11	22.05	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.64	22.06	21.59		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.58	22.06	21.57		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.85	22.02	21.82		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.98	21.97	22.20		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.89	21.90	22.00		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.05	20.96	20.98	22	2

<LTE Band 66>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				132072	132322	132572		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1745	1770		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.01	23.08	23.04	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.27	23.15	23.38		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.98	22.88	22.94		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.07	22.10	22.06	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.20	22.19	22.24		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.17	22.03	22.03		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.98	22.17	22.20		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.56	21.49	21.56	23	1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.76	21.66	21.79		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.37	21.29	21.32		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.08	21.36	21.11	22	2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.10	21.23	21.10		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.23	21.15	21.06		
20	16QAM	100	0	21.00	21.03	20.96		
Channel				132047	132322	132597	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1745	1772.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.96	23.09	23.18	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.20	23.17	23.29		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.09	23.04	23.05		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.97	22.31	22.14	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.02	22.19	22.33		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.14	22.11	22.15		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.09	22.28	22.13		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.57	21.73	21.67	23	1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.56	21.63	21.88		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.63	21.72	21.39		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.05	21.28	21.06	22	2
15	16QAM	36	20	21.00	21.15	21.27		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.14	21.08	21.12		
15	16QAM	75	0	21.09	21.16	21.16		
Channel				132022	132322	132622	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1745	1775		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.67	23.04	22.90	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.78	23.21	23.24		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.89	22.79	22.70		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.06	22.21	22.24	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.12	22.23	22.22		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.09	22.08	22.09		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.06	22.19	22.20		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.73	22.06	21.77	23	1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.77	22.04	21.76		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.62	21.59	21.64		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.24	21.25	21.27	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.20	21.28	21.35		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.14	21.04	21.21		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.06	21.16	21.07		

Channel				131997	132322	132647	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1745	1777.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.91	23.11	23.18	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.08	23.21	23.12		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.84	22.91	22.91		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.02	22.24	22.29	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.12	22.19	22.19		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.03	22.33	22.20		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.03	22.24	22.23		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.58	21.59	22.43	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.75	21.88	22.31		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.47	21.84	22.13		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.01	21.28	21.23	22	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.32	21.31	21.26		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.14	21.27	21.14		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.11	21.16	21.20		
Channel				131987	132322	132657	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1745	1778.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.80	23.05	23.35	24	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.85	22.89	23.28		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.97	22.89	23.10		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.12	22.18	22.34	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.06	22.23	22.29		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.07	22.15	22.21		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.10	22.21	22.23		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.06	21.56	21.70	23	1
3	16QAM	1	8	22.17	21.88	22.10		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.15	21.94	22.07		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.08	21.29	21.19	22	2
3	16QAM	8	4	21.11	21.11	21.15		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.13	21.17	21.16		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.13	21.22	21.18		
Channel				131979	132322	132665	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1745	1779.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.05	23.08	23.21	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.16	23.21	23.22		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.08	23.11	23.09		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.11	23.16	23.15		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.06	23.19	23.24		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.16	23.36	23.09		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.01	22.30	22.13	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.49	21.72	21.91	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.55	21.67	21.71		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.30	21.35	21.75		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.78	21.85	22.14		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.97	22.06	22.27		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.96	22.15	22.19		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.08	21.09	21.09	22	2

<LTE Band 71>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				133222	133322	133372		
Frequency (MHz)				673	683	688		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.50	22.63	22.72	24	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.15	22.78	22.96		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.42	22.72	22.60		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.70	21.86	21.75	23	1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.84	21.73	21.77		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.70	21.66	21.71		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.68	21.75	21.72		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.65	21.87	21.78	23	1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.17	21.58	21.51		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.06	21.17	21.09		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.72	20.73	20.79	22	2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.78	20.69	20.75		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.72	20.53	20.69		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.80	20.68	20.59		
Channel				133197	133297	133397	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				670.5	680.5	690.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.12	23.13	23.04	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.11	23.03	23.02		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.09	22.98	23.01		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.15	22.15	22.13	23	1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.18	22.14	22.07		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.19	22.11	22.04		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.19	22.12	22.06		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.39	22.42	22.33	23	1
15	16QAM	1	37	22.37	22.25	22.35		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.40	22.20	22.31		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.73	21.72	21.64	22	2
15	16QAM	36	20	21.78	21.71	21.69		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.76	21.67	21.65		
15	16QAM	75	0	21.74	21.66	21.62		

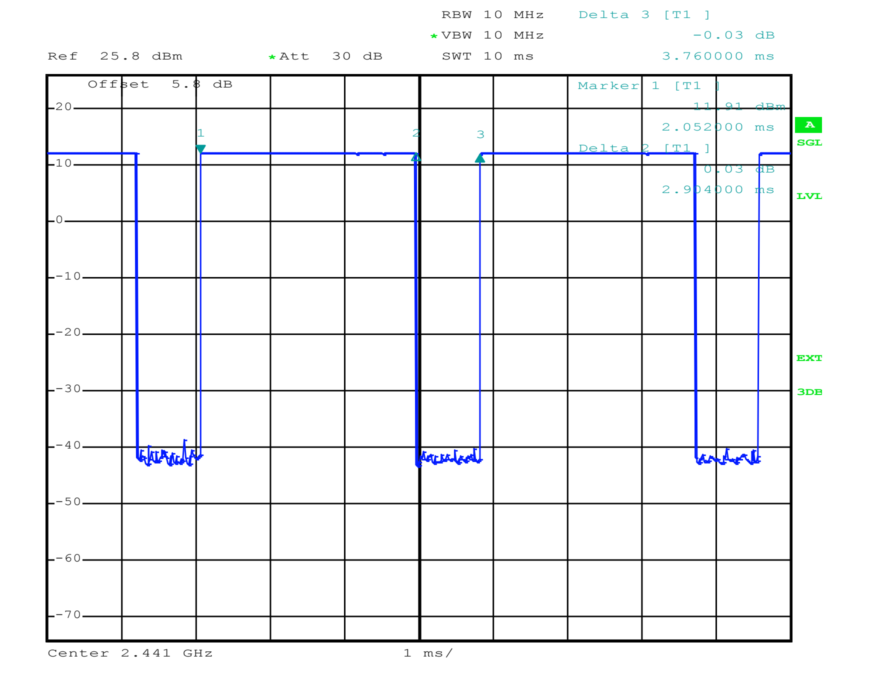
Channel				133172	133272	133422	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				668	678	693		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.62	22.84	22.88	24	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.68	22.92	22.96		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.75	22.95	22.96		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.68	21.88	21.98	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.73	21.97	22.02		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.85	21.98	22.02		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.81	21.93	22.02		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.00	22.17	22.16	23	1
10	16QAM	1	25	22.07	22.25	22.20		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.15	22.31	22.24		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.28	21.47	21.54	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.34	21.56	21.62		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.42	21.58	21.59		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.40	21.53	21.61		
Channel				133147	133247	133447	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				665.5	675.5	695.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.66	22.85	22.92	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.69	22.90	22.99		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.70	22.93	22.96		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.71	21.92	21.98	23	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.76	21.98	22.02		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.72	21.95	22.05		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.71	21.91	22.01		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.94	22.21	22.20	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.04	22.28	22.20		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.03	22.30	22.21		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.30	21.51	21.55	22	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.35	21.57	21.60		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.37	21.58	21.62		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.30	21.53	21.59		

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 77.23 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.

Bluetooth time-domain plot



Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			1Mbps
BR/EDR	CH 00	2402	11.62
	CH 39	2441	11.35
	CH 78	2480	9.91
Tune-up limit (dBm)			12.00

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			GFSK
LE	CH 00	2402	2.36
	CH 19	2440	2.46
	CH 39	2480	0.56
Tune-up limit (dBm)			3.00

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Max Average Power (dBm)	
	BR/EDR	LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	12.00	3.00

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
12.00	15	2.48	1.7

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the test exclusion threshold is 1.7 which is <= 3, body-worn SAR testing is not required.

14. Antenna Location

Detail information please refer to Appendix D.

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
   a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
   b. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 77.23 %, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.
   c. For SAR testing of Bluetooth signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "0.833/(duty cycle)"
   d. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
   e. For Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
   - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
   - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
   - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (1Tx slot) for GSM850 and the GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B71 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE band 4 SAR test was covered by Band 66; according to TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
   a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
   b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.

15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Flip Configuration	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS 1 Tx slot	Open	Right Cheek	189	836.4	33.53	34.00	1.114	0.16	0.435	**0.485**
	GSM850	GPRS 1 Tx slot	Open	Right Tilted	189	836.4	33.53	34.00	1.114	0.02	0.198	0.221
	GSM850	GPRS 1 Tx slot	Open	Left Cheek	189	836.4	33.53	34.00	1.114	0.07	0.382	0.426
	GSM850	GPRS 1 Tx slot	Open	Left Tilted	189	836.4	33.53	34.00	1.114	0.02	0.166	0.185
02	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Open	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	28.65	29.50	1.216	-0.04	0.111	**0.135**
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Open	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	28.65	29.50	1.216	-0.05	0.056	0.068
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Open	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	28.65	29.50	1.216	0.05	0.104	0.126
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Open	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	28.65	29.50	1.216	0.04	0.066	0.080

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Flip Configuration	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Right Cheek	4182	836.4	24.04	24.50	1.112	0.01	0.536	**0.596**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Right Tilted	4182	836.4	24.04	24.50	1.112	0.03	0.230	0.256
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Left Cheek	4182	836.4	24.04	24.50	1.112	0.02	0.494	0.549
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Left Tilted	4182	836.4	24.04	24.50	1.112	0.03	0.223	0.248
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Right Cheek	1413	1732.6	23.83	24.00	1.040	0.11	0.173	0.180
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Right Tilted	1413	1732.6	23.83	24.00	1.040	0.09	0.124	0.129
04	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Left Cheek	1413	1732.6	23.83	24.00	1.040	0.05	0.220	**0.229**
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Left Tilted	1413	1732.6	23.83	24.00	1.040	0.06	0.186	0.193
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	23.77	24.00	1.054	-0.01	0.211	0.222
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	23.77	24.00	1.054	0.03	0.107	0.113
05	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	23.77	24.00	1.054	0.02	0.236	**0.249**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Open	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	23.77	24.00	1.054	0.03	0.127	0.134

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Flip Configuration	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Right Cheek	133322	683	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.11	0.134	0.177
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	50	0	Open	Right Cheek	133322	683	21.86	23.00	1.300	-0.01	0.106	0.138
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Right Tilted	133322	683	22.78	24.00	1.324	-0.01	0.057	0.075
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	50	0	Open	Right Tilted	133322	683	21.86	23.00	1.300	-0.12	0.042	0.055
06	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Left Cheek	133322	683	22.78	24.00	1.324	-0.06	0.136	0.180
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	50	0	Open	Left Cheek	133322	683	21.86	23.00	1.300	-0.04	0.105	0.137
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Left Tilted	133322	683	22.78	24.00	1.324	-0.13	0.058	0.077
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	50	0	Open	Left Tilted	133322	683	21.86	23.00	1.300	-0.05	0.044	0.057
07	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Open	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.03	0.180	0.211
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Open	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	22.08	23.00	1.236	-0.06	0.149	0.184
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Open	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	23.30	24.00	1.175	0.15	0.061	0.072
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Open	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	22.08	23.00	1.236	0.02	0.061	0.075
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Open	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	23.30	24.00	1.175	0.1	0.148	0.174
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Open	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	22.08	23.00	1.236	0.05	0.120	0.148
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Open	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	23.30	24.00	1.175	0.04	0.066	0.077
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Open	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	22.08	23.00	1.236	-0.07	0.054	0.067
08	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Open	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.06	0.340	0.436
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Open	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.05	0.282	0.357
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Open	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	22.92	24.00	1.282	0.1	0.138	0.177
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Open	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.04	0.116	0.147
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Open	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	22.92	24.00	1.282	0.03	0.314	0.403
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Open	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.08	0.270	0.341
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Open	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.09	0.137	0.176
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Open	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.07	0.116	0.147
09	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Right Cheek	132572	1770	23.38	24.00	1.153	0.02	0.216	0.249
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	24	Open	Right Cheek	132572	1770	22.24	23.00	1.191	-0.07	0.170	0.203
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Right Tilted	132572	1770	23.38	24.00	1.153	-0.09	0.132	0.152
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	24	Open	Right Tilted	132572	1770	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.03	0.106	0.126
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Left Cheek	132572	1770	23.38	24.00	1.153	0.06	0.188	0.217
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	24	Open	Left Cheek	132572	1770	22.24	23.00	1.191	-0.06	0.152	0.181
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Left Tilted	132572	1770	23.38	24.00	1.153	0.03	0.139	0.160
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	24	Open	Left Tilted	132572	1770	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.05	0.111	0.132
10	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Right Cheek	18900	1880	22.59	24.00	1.384	0.13	0.224	0.310
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Open	Right Cheek	18900	1880	21.36	23.00	1.459	-0.08	0.166	0.242
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Right Tilted	18900	1880	22.59	24.00	1.384	0.03	0.125	0.173
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Open	Right Tilted	18900	1880	21.36	23.00	1.459	0.07	0.095	0.138
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Left Cheek	18900	1880	22.59	24.00	1.384	0.04	0.205	0.284
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Open	Left Cheek	18900	1880	21.36	23.00	1.459	0.04	0.106	0.155
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Open	Left Tilted	18900	1880	22.59	24.00	1.384	0.03	0.122	0.169
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Open	Left Tilted	18900	1880	21.36	23.00	1.459	-0.04	0.093	0.135

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Flip Configuration	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
11	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Open	Right Cheek	00	2402	11.62	12.00	1.091	77.23	1.079	0.06	0.040	0.047
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Open	Right Tilted	00	2402	11.62	12.00	1.091	77.23	1.079	0.02	0.013	0.015
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Open	Left Cheek	00	2402	11.62	12.00	1.091	77.23	1.079	-0.08	0.022	0.026
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Open	Left Tilted	00	2402	11.62	12.00	1.091	77.23	1.079	-0.02	0.015	0.017

15.2 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Flip Configuration	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 1 Tx slot	Close	Front	15	189	836.4	33.53	34.00	1.114	0.05	0.277	0.309
	GSM850	GPRS 1 Tx slot	Close	Back	15	189	836.4	33.53	34.00	1.114	-0.08	0.774	0.862
	GSM850	GPRS 1 Tx slot	Close	Back	15	128	824.2	33.50	34.00	1.122	0.07	0.703	0.789
12	GSM850	GPRS 1 Tx slot	Close	Back	15	251	848.8	33.49	34.00	1.125	-0.02	0.789	**0.887**
	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Close	Front	15	512	1850.2	28.65	29.50	1.216	-0.03	0.135	0.164
13	GSM1900	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Close	Back	15	512	1850.2	28.65	29.50	1.216	0.02	0.394	**0.479**

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Flip Configuration	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Front	15	4182	836.4	24.04	24.50	1.112	-0.16	0.297	0.330
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	4182	836.4	24.04	24.50	1.112	-0.02	1.030	1.145
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	4132	826.4	23.77	24.50	1.183	0.06	0.929	1.099
14	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	4233	846.6	23.85	24.50	1.161	-0.19	0.998	**1.159**
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Front	15	1413	1732.6	23.83	24.00	1.040	0.02	0.210	0.218
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	1413	1732.6	23.83	24.00	1.040	-0.06	0.993	1.033
15	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	1312	1712.4	23.68	24.00	1.076	-0.04	1.090	**1.173**
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	1513	1752.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.02	0.919	1.019
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Front	15	9262	1852.4	23.77	24.00	1.054	0.03	0.274	0.289
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	9262	1852.4	23.77	24.00	1.054	0.1	0.851	0.897
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	9400	1880	23.72	24.00	1.067	0.05	0.951	1.014
16	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	-0.02	0.974	**1.080**

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Flip Configuration	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	49	Close	Front	15	133322	683	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.03	0.026	0.035
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	50	0	Close	Front	15	133322	683	21.86	23.00	1.300	0.02	0.022	0.028
17	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	49	Close	Back	15	133322	683	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.02	0.073	**0.097**
	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	50	0	Close	Back	15	133322	683	21.86	23.00	1.300	0.01	0.060	0.078
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Close	Front	15	23095	707.5	23.30	24.00	1.175	0.05	0.072	0.085
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Close	Front	15	23095	707.5	22.08	23.00	1.236	0.02	0.062	0.077
18	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	25	Close	Back	15	23095	707.5	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.04	0.155	**0.182**
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Close	Back	15	23095	707.5	22.08	23.00	1.236	0.05	0.122	0.151
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Close	Front	15	20525	836.5	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.01	0.294	0.377
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Close	Front	15	20525	836.5	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.01	0.221	0.280
19	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Close	Back	15	20525	836.5	22.92	24.00	1.282	-0.02	0.710	**0.910**
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Close	Back	15	20525	836.5	21.98	23.00	1.265	-0.06	0.586	0.741
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	50	0	Close	Back	15	20525	836.5	22.04	23.00	1.247	0.03	0.565	0.705
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Close	Front	15	132572	1770	23.38	24.00	1.153	0.01	0.185	0.213
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	24	Close	Front	15	132572	1770	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.03	0.127	0.151
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Close	Back	15	132572	1770	23.38	24.00	1.153	-0.09	0.735	0.848
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Close	Back	15	132072	1720	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.05	0.729	0.862
20	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	49	Close	Back	15	132322	1745	23.15	24.00	1.216	-0.01	0.809	**0.984**
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	50	24	Close	Back	15	132572	1770	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.02	0.580	0.691
	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	100	0	Close	Back	15	132572	1770	22.20	23.00	1.202	-0.02	0.653	0.785
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Close	Front	15	18900	1880	22.59	24.00	1.384	0.05	0.244	0.338
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Close	Front	15	18900	1880	21.36	23.00	1.459	0.03	0.168	0.245
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Close	Back	15	18900	1880	22.59	24.00	1.384	-0.08	0.724	1.002
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Close	Back	15	18700	1860	22.35	24.00	1.462	0.02	0.669	0.978
21	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Close	Back	15	19100	1900	22.41	24.00	1.442	-0.05	0.816	**1.177**
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Close	Back	15	18900	1880	21.36	23.00	1.459	0.03	0.543	0.792
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Close	Back	15	18900	1880	21.29	23.00	1.483	0.02	0.563	0.835

15.3 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Flip Configuration	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	4182	836.4	24.04	24.50	1.112	-0.02	1.030	1	1.145
2nd	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	4182	836.4	24.04	24.50	1.112	-0.02	1.010	1.020	1.123
1st	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	1312	1712.4	23.68	24.00	1.076	-0.04	1.090	1	1.173
2nd	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	1312	1712.4	23.68	24.00	1.076	0.02	1.030	1.058	1.109
1st	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	-0.02	0.974	1	1.080
2nd	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Close	Back	15	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.09	0.939	1.037	1.042

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset	
		Head	Body-worn
1.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes
2.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes
3.	WCDMA + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes
4.	LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes

General Note:

1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), and LTE supports VoLTE operation.
2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA, and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
3. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
4. All licensed modes share the same antenna part and cannot transmit simultaneously.
5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
   ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
   iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
   iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
7. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
   i) (*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)]·[√f(GHz)/*x*] W/kg for *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm; where *x* = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and *x* = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
   ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
   iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the *test separation distances* is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	Body-worn
	Test separation	15 mm
12.00	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.222W/kg

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1 WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.485	0.047	0.53
		Right Tilted	0.221	0.015	0.24
		Left Cheek	0.426	0.026	0.45
		Left Tilted	0.185	0.017	0.20
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.135	0.047	0.18
		Right Tilted	0.068	0.015	0.08
		Left Cheek	0.126	0.026	0.15
		Left Tilted	0.080	0.017	0.10
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.596	0.047	0.64
		Right Tilted	0.256	0.015	0.27
		Left Cheek	0.549	0.026	0.58
		Left Tilted	0.248	0.017	0.27
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.180	0.047	0.23
		Right Tilted	0.129	0.015	0.14
		Left Cheek	0.229	0.026	0.26
		Left Tilted	0.193	0.017	0.21
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.222	0.047	0.27
		Right Tilted	0.113	0.015	0.13
		Left Cheek	0.249	0.026	0.28
		Left Tilted	0.134	0.017	0.15
LTE	Band 71	Right Cheek	0.177	0.047	0.22
		Right Tilted	0.075	0.015	0.09
		Left Cheek	0.180	0.026	0.21
		Left Tilted	0.077	0.017	0.09
	Band 12	Right Cheek	0.211	0.047	0.26
		Right Tilted	0.075	0.015	0.09
		Left Cheek	0.174	0.026	0.20
		Left Tilted	0.077	0.017	0.09
	Band 5	Right Cheek	0.436	0.047	0.48
		Right Tilted	0.177	0.015	0.19
		Left Cheek	0.403	0.026	0.43
		Left Tilted	0.176	0.017	0.19
	Band 66	Right Cheek	0.249	0.047	0.30
		Right Tilted	0.152	0.015	0.17
		Left Cheek	0.217	0.026	0.24
		Left Tilted	0.160	0.017	0.18
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.310	0.047	0.36
		Right Tilted	0.173	0.015	0.19
		Left Cheek	0.284	0.026	0.31
		Left Tilted	0.169	0.017	0.19

16.2 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1 WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 Bluetooth Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.309	0.222	0.53
		Back	0.887	0.222	1.11
	GSM1900	Front	0.164	0.222	0.39
		Back	0.479	0.222	0.70
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.330	0.222	0.55
		Back	1.159	0.222	1.38
	Band IV	Front	0.218	0.222	0.44
		Back	1.173	0.222	**1.40**
	Band II	Front	0.289	0.222	0.51
		Back	1.080	0.222	1.30
LTE	Band 71	Front	0.035	0.222	0.26
		Back	0.097	0.222	0.32
	Band 12	Front	0.085	0.222	0.31
		Back	0.182	0.222	0.40
	Band 5	Front	0.377	0.222	0.60
		Back	0.910	0.222	1.13
	Band 66	Front	0.213	0.222	0.44
		Back	0.984	0.222	1.21
	Band 2	Front	0.338	0.222	0.56
		Back	1.177	0.222	1.40

Test Engineer： Nick Hu

17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be ≤ 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

[2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992

[3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, Sep 2013

[4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

[5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.

[6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” Oct 2015.

[7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Oct 2015

[8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Oct 2015.

[9] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2015

[10] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices”, Dec 2015

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_750MHz

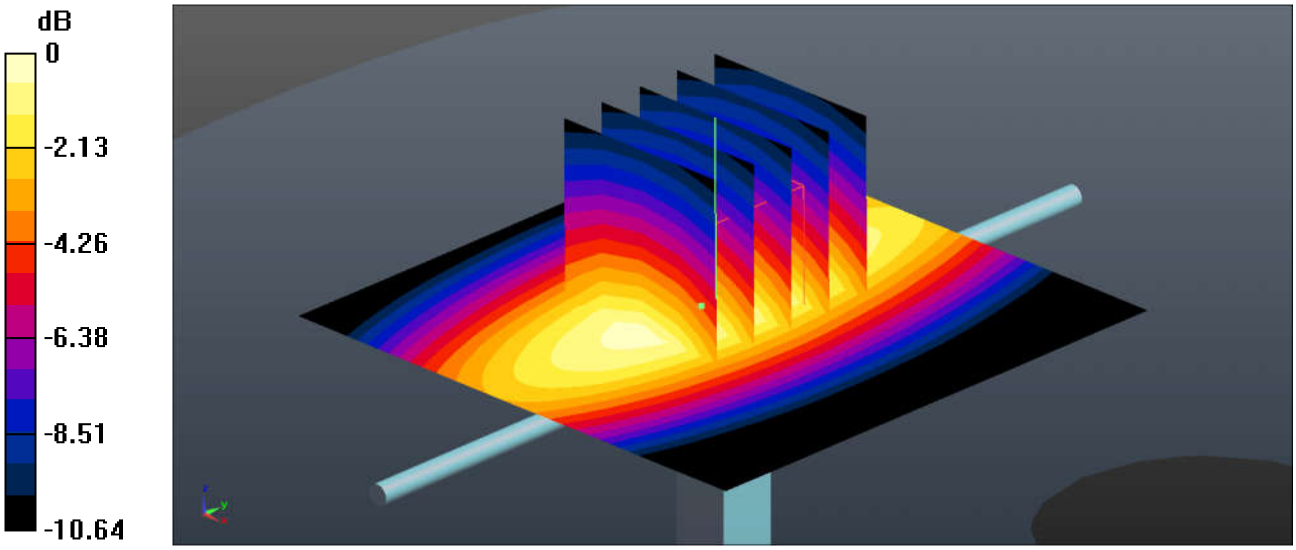
DUT: D750V3 - SN:1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.911 S/m; ε_r = 42.236; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.38 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 45.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.88 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.31 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.40 W/kg



0 dB = 2.40 W/kg = 3.80 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2019.3.10

System Check_Head_835MHz

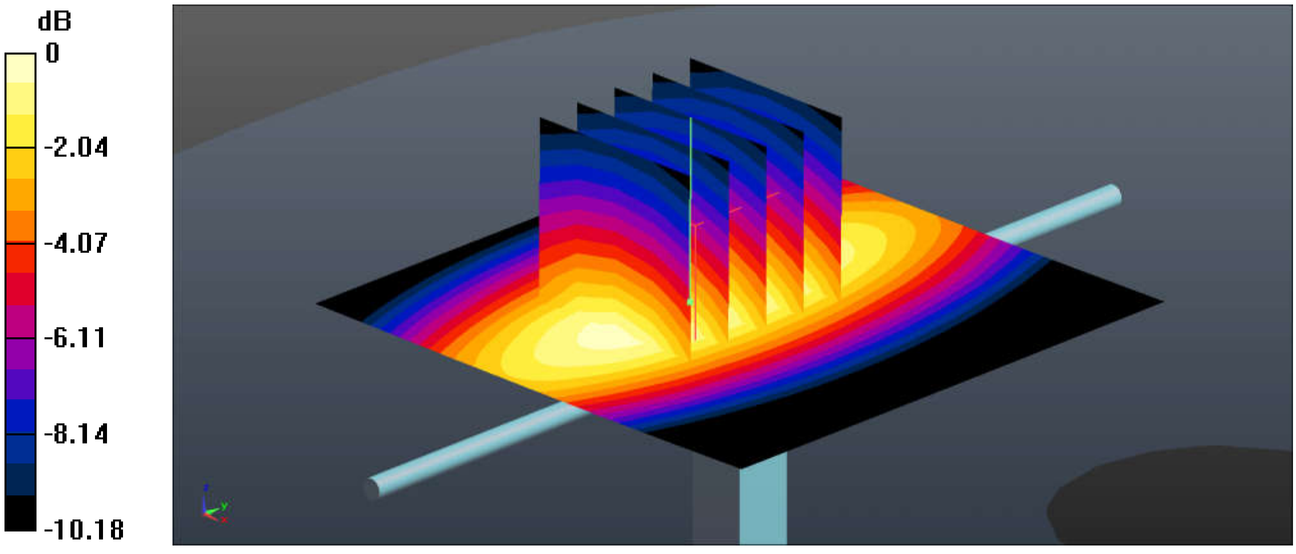
DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d151

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.919 S/m; ε_r = 42.879; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.01, 9.01, 9.01); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.07 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.05 W/kg



0 dB = 3.05 W/kg = 4.84 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2019.3.11

System Check_Head_1750MHz

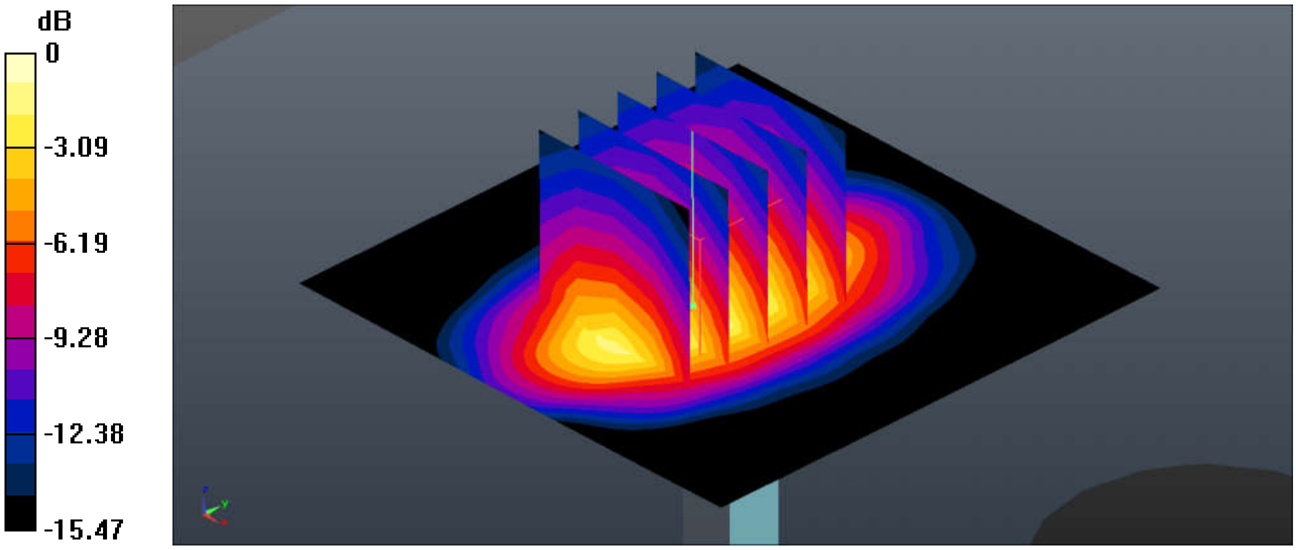
DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.364 S/m; ε_r = 41.134; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 87.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.89 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



0 dB = 13.0 W/kg = 11.14 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz

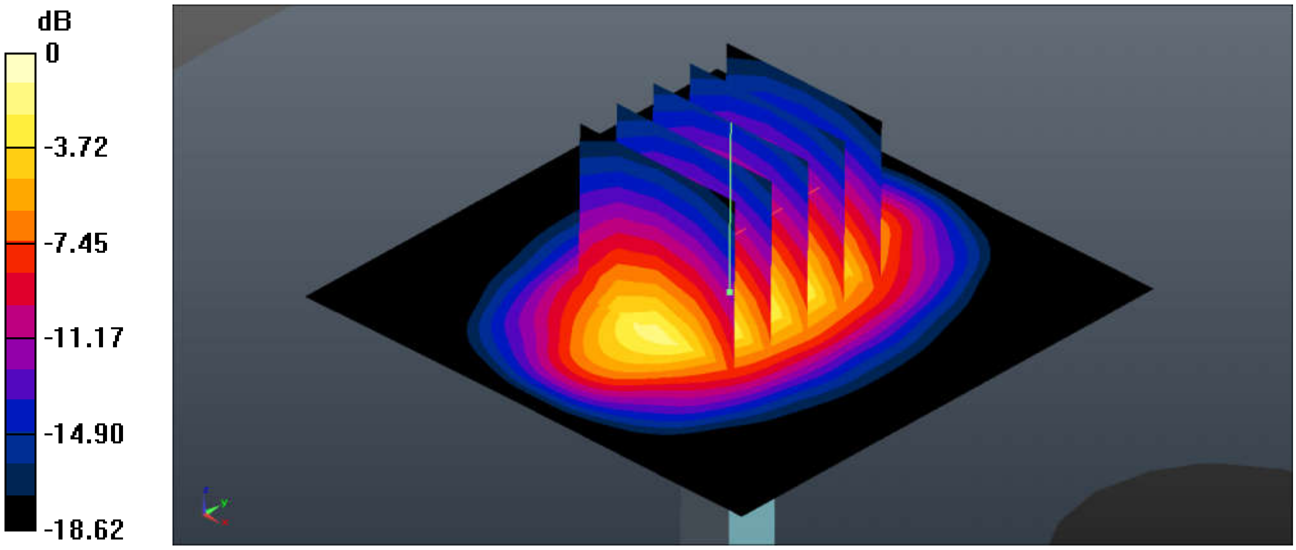
DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.401 S/m; ε_r = 40.143; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 86.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.79 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.7 W/kg



0 dB = 13.7 W/kg = 11.37 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz

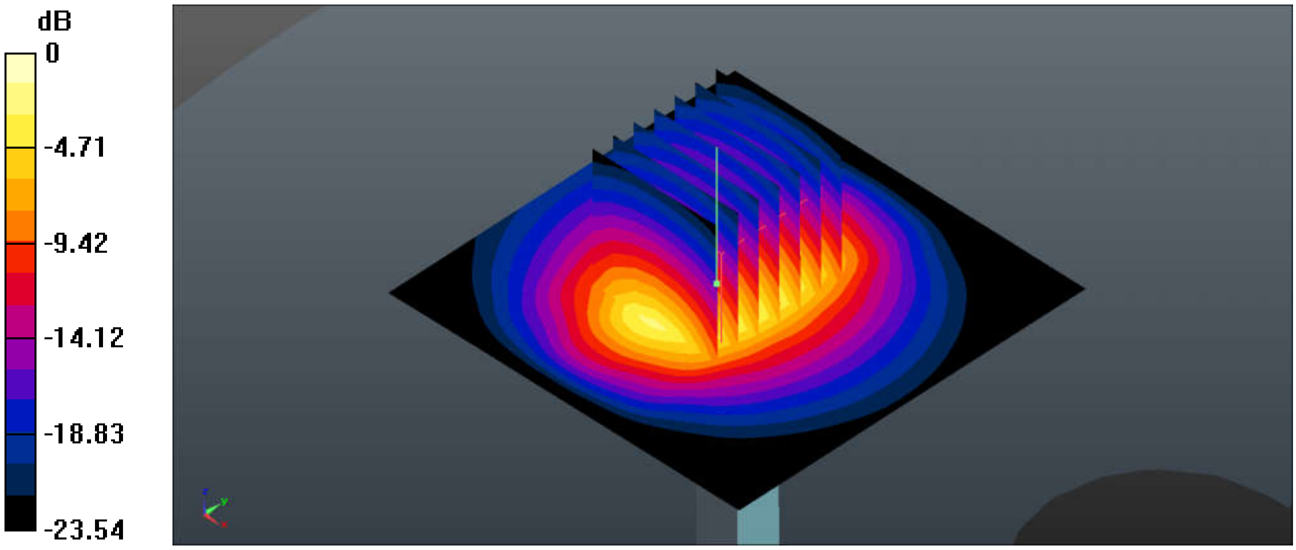
DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.828 S/m; ε_r = 39.05; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 87.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.94 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg



0 dB = 20.6 W/kg = 13.14 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2019.3.8

System Check_Body_750MHz

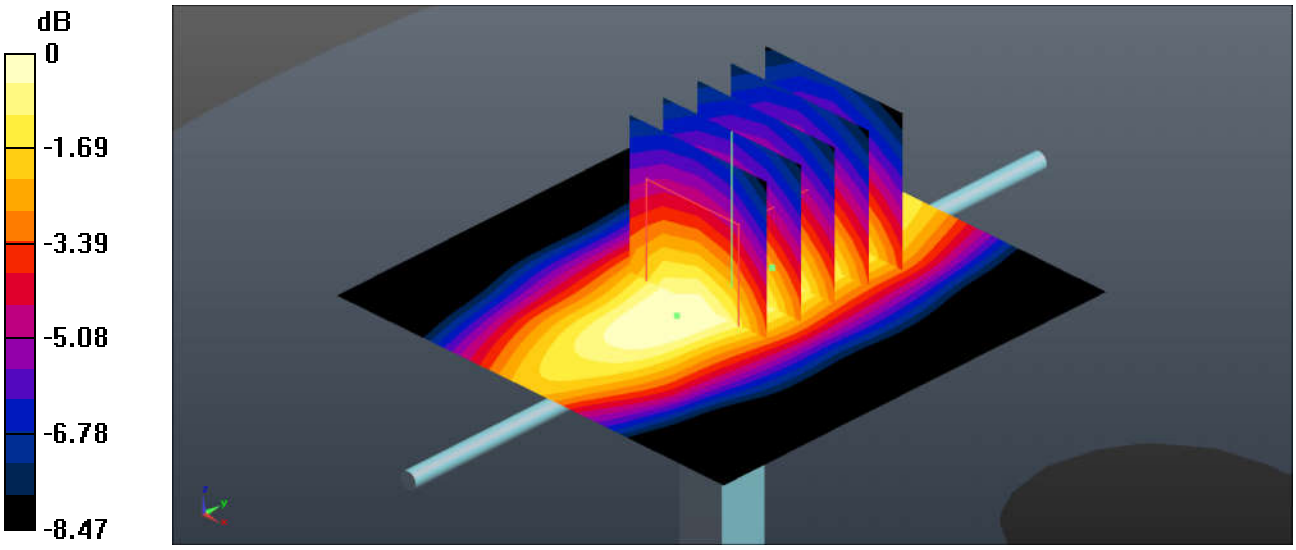
DUT: D750V3 - SN:1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_750 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.978 S/m; ε_r = 56.191; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.96 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 51.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.44 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.44 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.97 W/kg



0 dB = 2.97 W/kg = 4.73 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2019.3.8

System Check_Body_835MHz

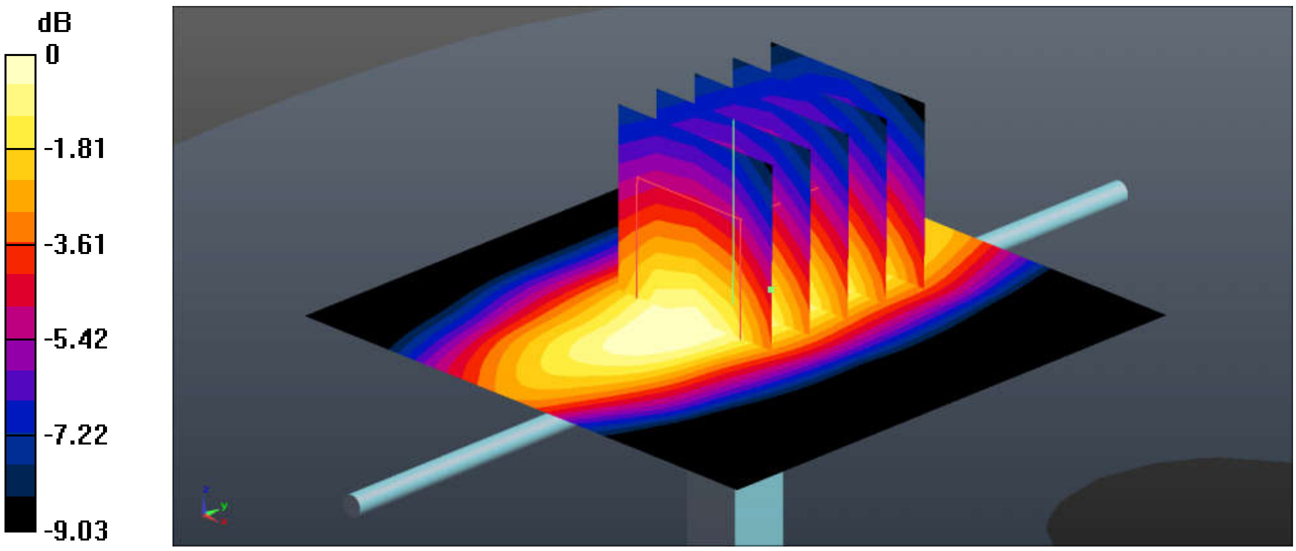
DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d151

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.992 S/m; ε_r = 54.278; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.03, 9.03, 9.03); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.18 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 52.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.16 W/kg



0 dB = 3.16 W/kg = 5.00 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2019.3.9

System Check_Body_1750MHz

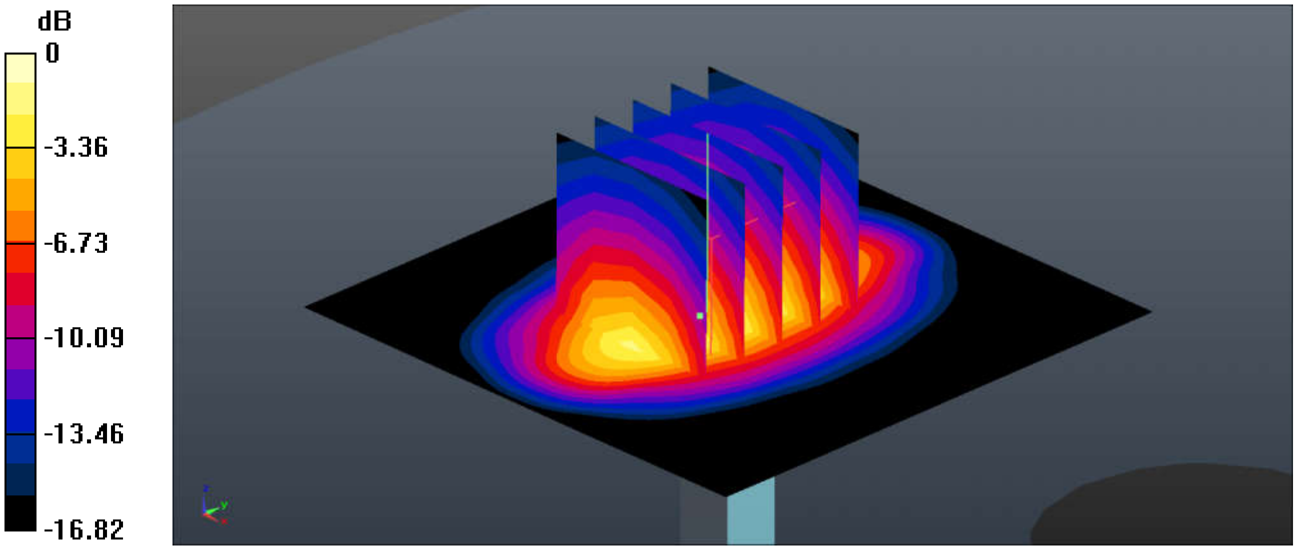
DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.458 S/m; ε_r = 54.577; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.41, 7.41, 7.41); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 80.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.77 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



0 dB = 12.3 W/kg = 10.90 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2019.3.9

System Check_Body_1900MHz

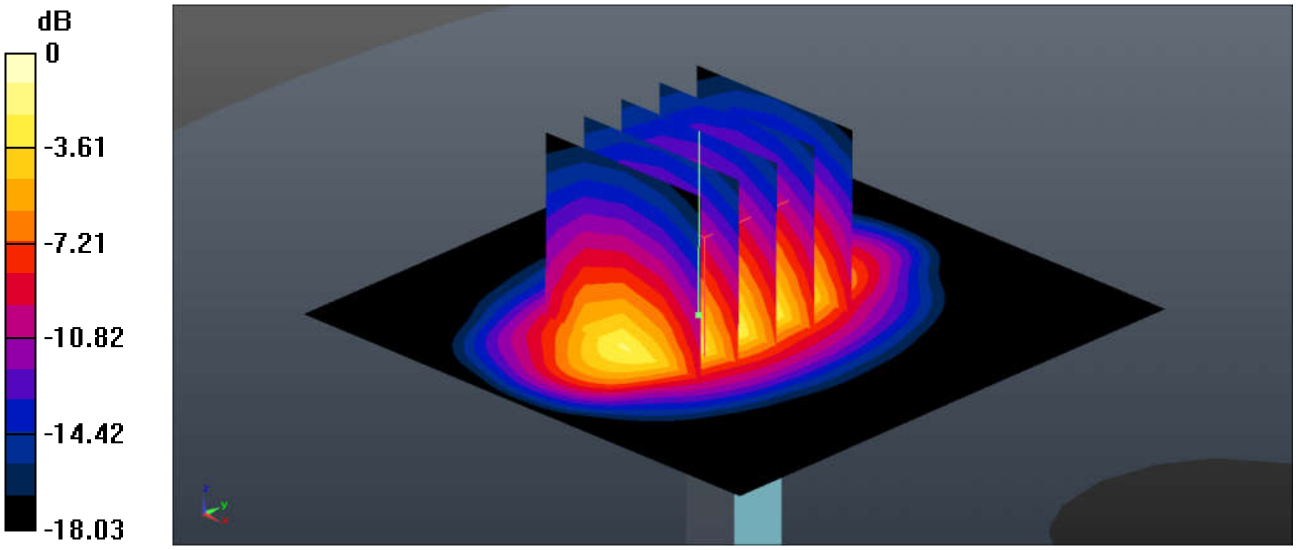
DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.515 S/m; ε_r = 52.432; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.07, 7.07, 7.07); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 82.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.92 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg



0 dB = 13.4 W/kg = 11.27 dBW/kg

Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2019.3.10

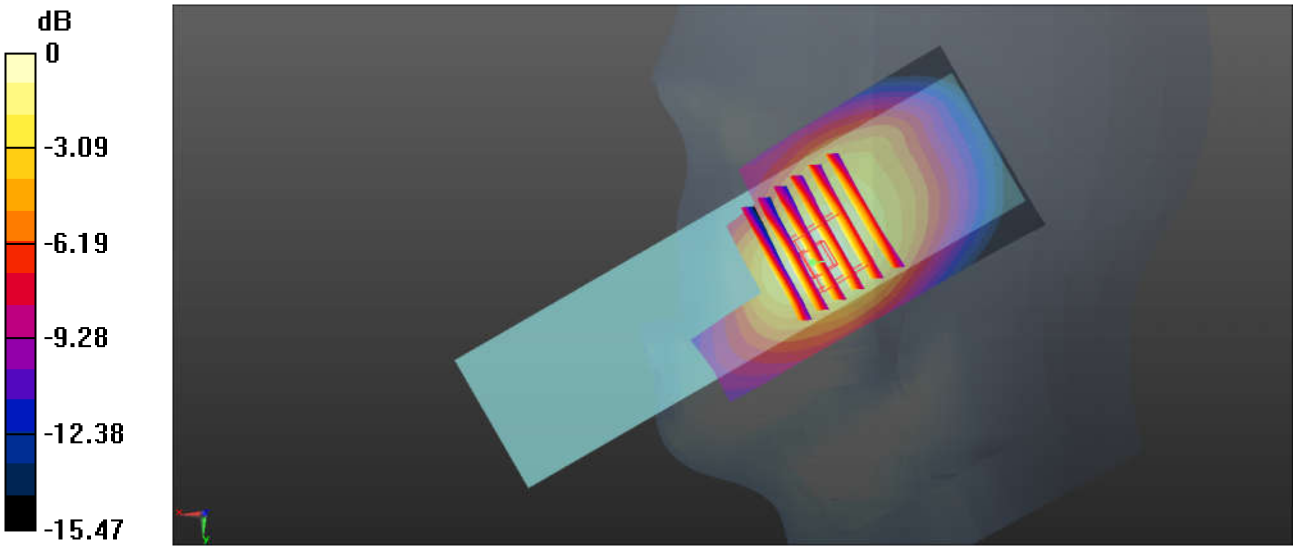
01_GSM850_GPRS 1 Tx slot_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850-1UP (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ε_r = 42.853; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.01, 9.01, 9.01); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch189/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.572 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.225 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.701 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.435 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.288 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.609 W/kg



0 dB = 0.609 W/kg = -2.15 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2019.3.11

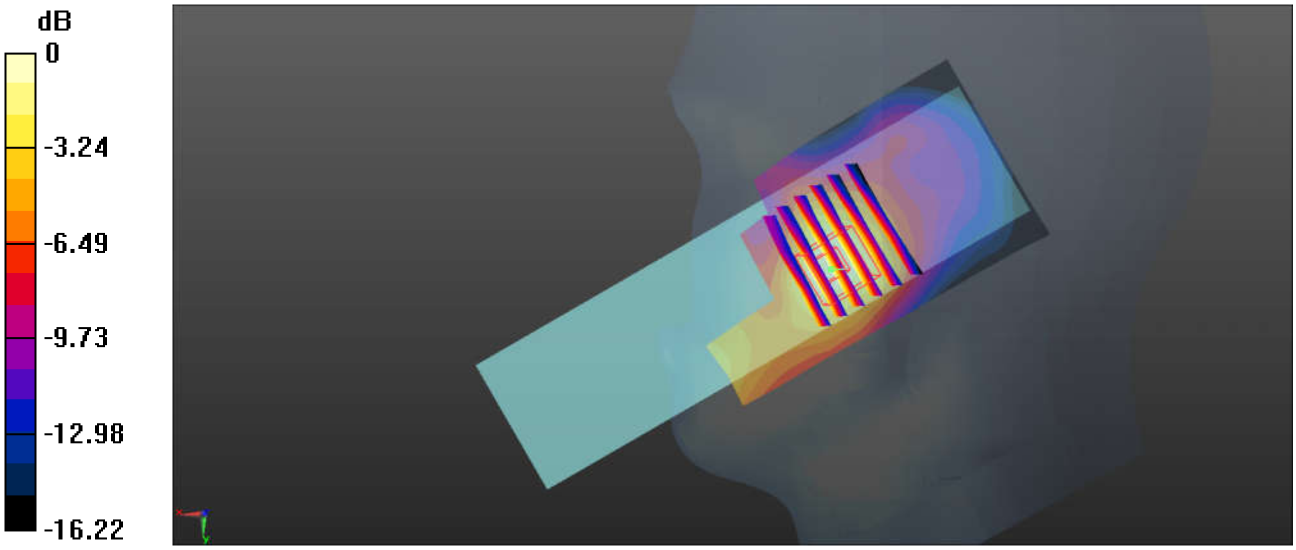
02_GSM1900_GPRS 2 Tx slots_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch512

Communication System: UID 0, PCS-2UP (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.349 S/m; ε_r = 40.36; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch512/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.155 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.185 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.182 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.111 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.155 W/kg



0 dB = 0.155 W/kg = -8.10 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2019.3.10

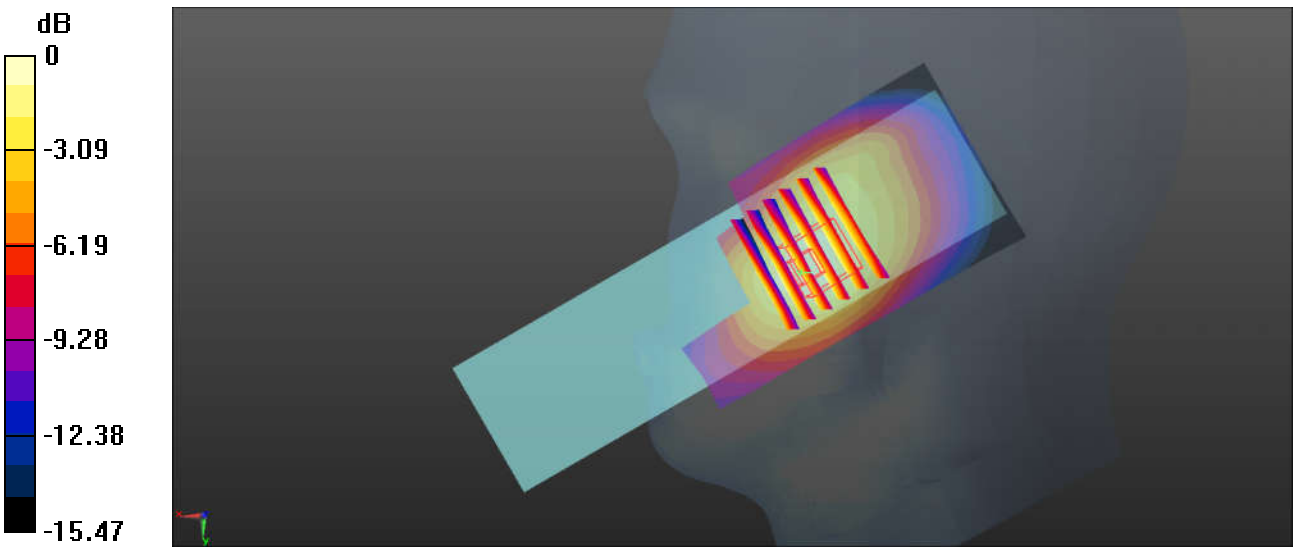
03_WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch4182

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.853$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.01, 9.01, 9.01); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch4182/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.699 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.186 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.863 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.536 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.360 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.749 W/kg



0 dB = 0.749 W/kg = -1.26 dBW/kg

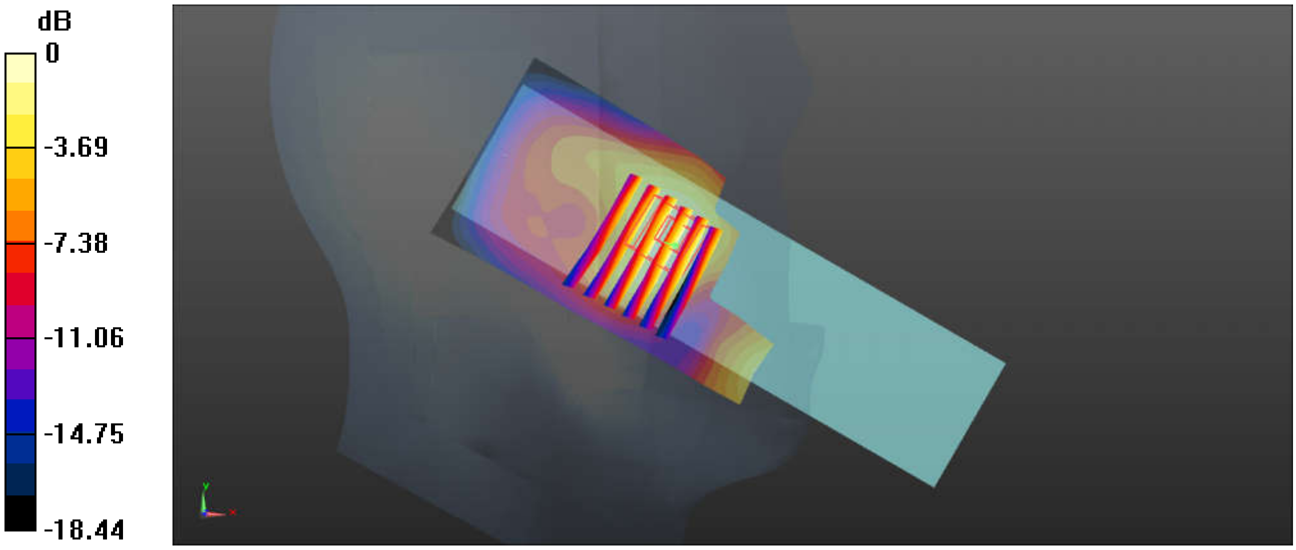
04_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.6 MHz; σ = 1.346 S/m; ε_r = 41.198; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch1413/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.293 W/kg

Ch1413/Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.005 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.333 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.220 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.284 W/kg



0 dB = 0.284 W/kg = -5.47 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2019.3.11

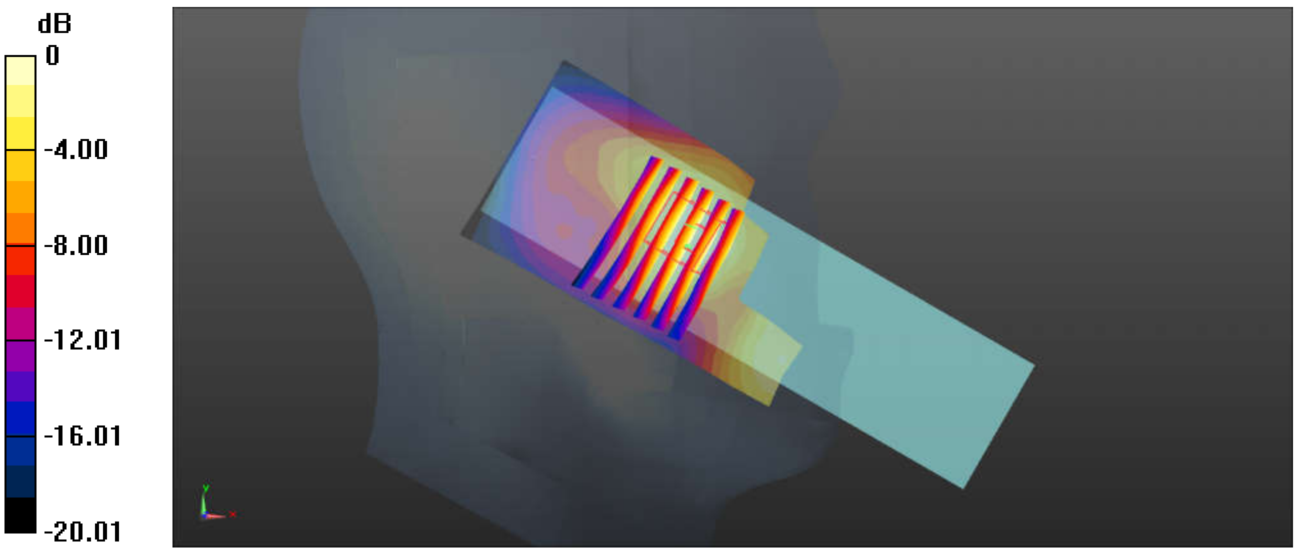
05_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.352 S/m; ε_r = 40.351; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.9 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.4, 7.4, 7.4); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch9262/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.322 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (8x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.092 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.372 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.236 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.307 W/kg



0 dB = 0.307 W/kg = -5.13 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2019.3.10

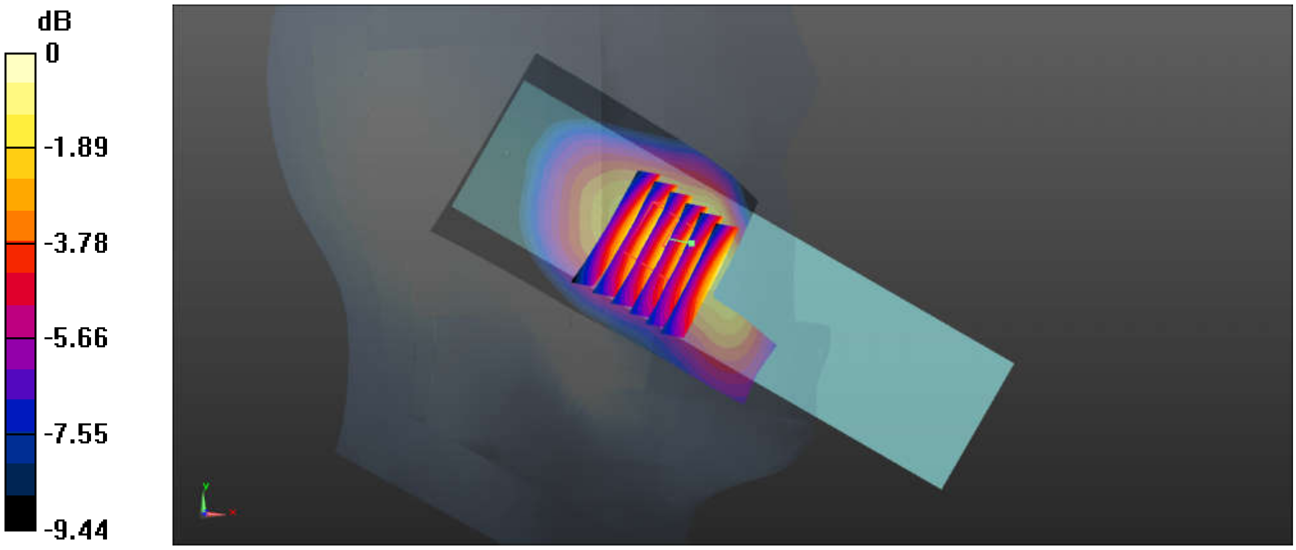
06_LTE Band 71_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch133322

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 683 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: f = 683 MHz; σ = 0.849 S/m; ε_r = 43.177; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch133322/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.177 W/kg

Ch133322/Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.604 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.202 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.136 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.179 W/kg



0 dB = 0.179 W/kg = -7.47 dBW/kg

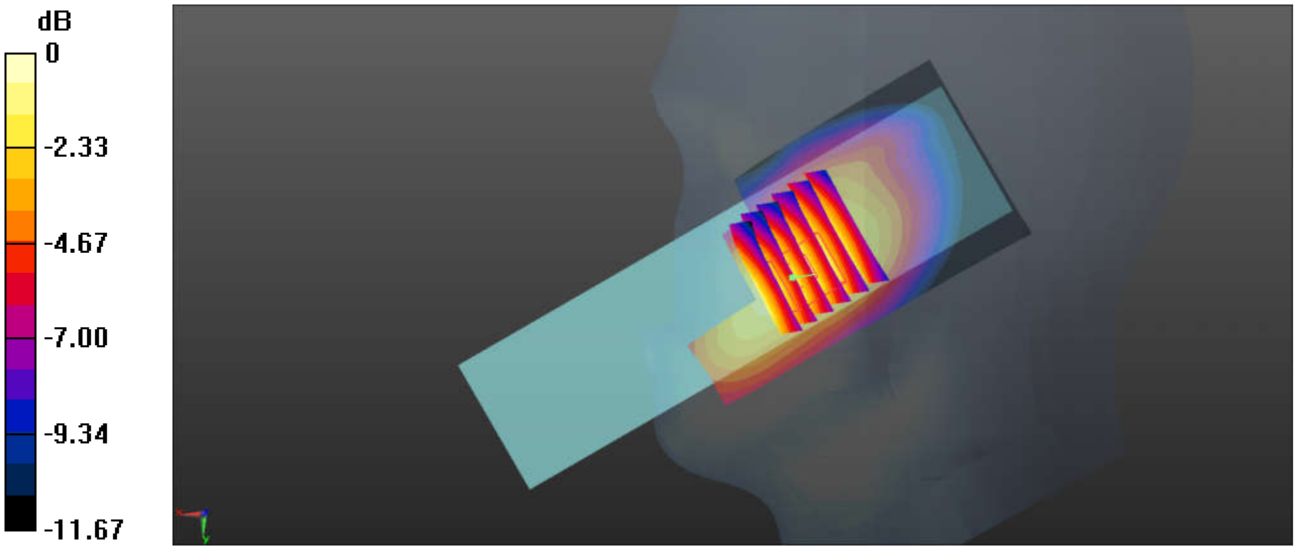
07_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch23095

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: f = 707.5 MHz; σ = 0.871 S/m; ε_r = 42.849; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.27, 9.27, 9.27); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch23095/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.240 W/kg

Ch23095/Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.823 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.267 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.180 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 W/kg



0 dB = 0.235 W/kg = -6.29 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2019.3.10

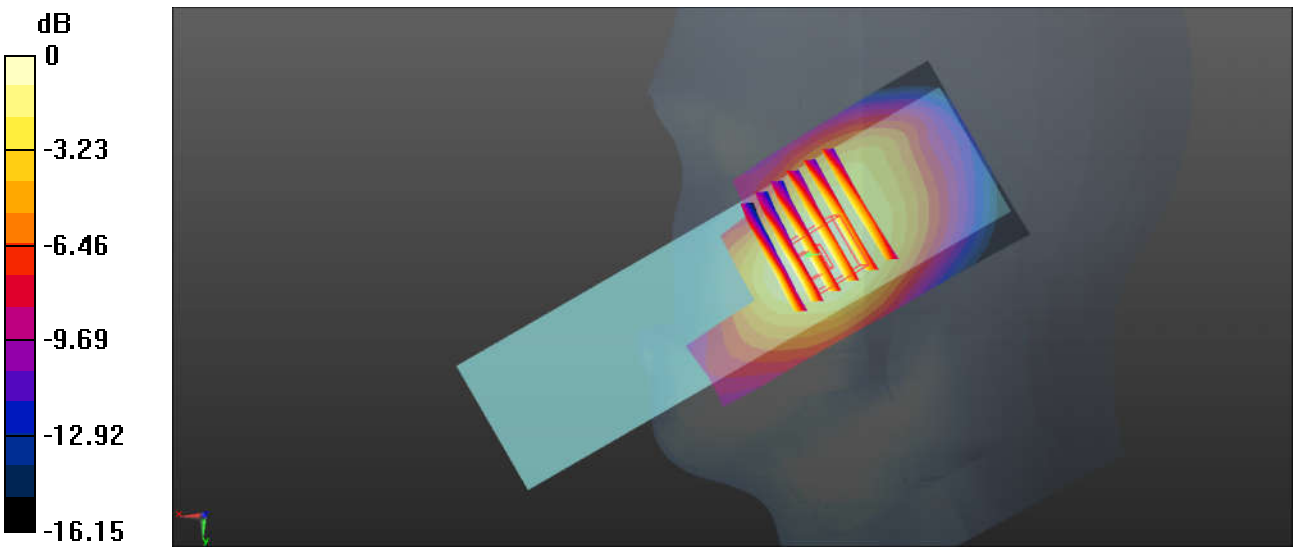
08_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ε_r = 42.851; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(9.01, 9.01, 9.01); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1503
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch20525/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.433 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.159 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.504 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.340 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 W/kg



0 dB = 0.436 W/kg = -3.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab   Date: 2019.3.11

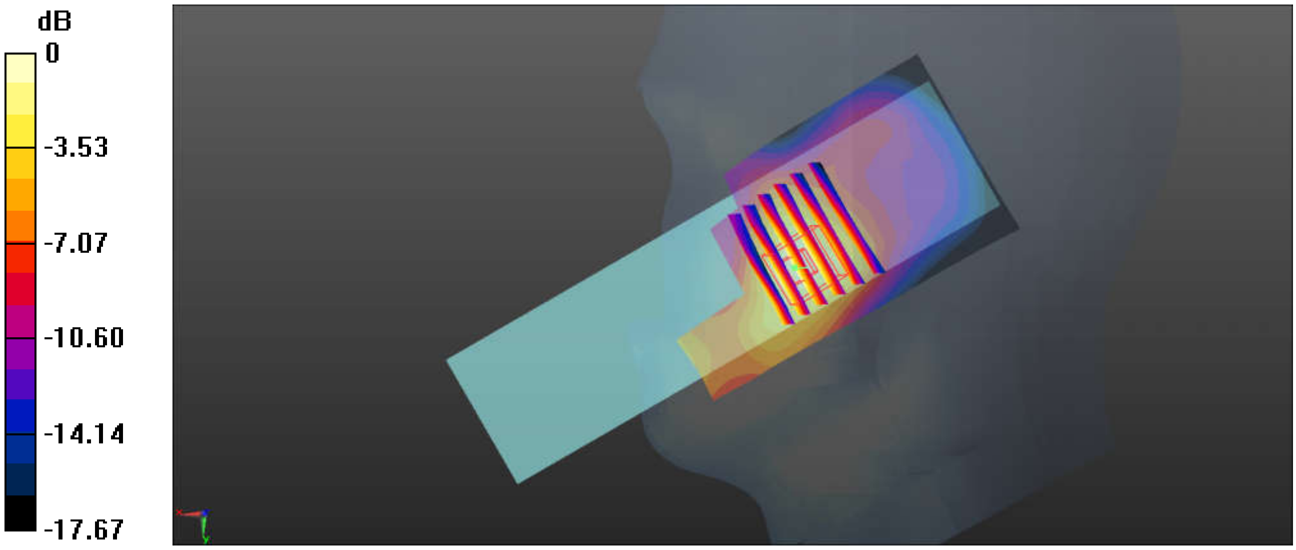
09_LTE Band 66_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch132572

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1770 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1770 MHz; σ = 1.383 S/m; ε_r = 41.06; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 2018.9.27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2018.12.3
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1839
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

Ch132572/Area Scan (51x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.295 W/kg

Ch132572/Zoom Scan (7x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.951 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.365 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.216 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg



0 dB = 0.314 W/kg = -5.03 dBW/kg