

Page 1 of 48

JQA File No.: KL80150822 Issue Date: March 30, 2016

TEST REPORT (SAR EVALUATION)

Applicant : Sharp Corporation, Consumer Electronics Company,

Communication Systems Division

Address : 2-13-1, Iida, Hachihonmatsu, Higashi-Hiroshima City, Hiroshima,

739-0192, Japan

Products : Smart Phone

Model No. : SH-04H

 Serial No.
 : 004401115691038

 FCC ID
 : APYHRO00232

Test Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Test Results : Passed

Date of Test : March $10 \sim 23$, 2016



Hem

Kousei Shibata

Manager

Japan Quality Assurance Organization

KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

SAITO EMC Branch

7-3-10, Saito-asagi, Ibaraki-shi, Osaka 567-0085, Japan

- The measurement values stated in Test Report was made with traceable to National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) of Japan, National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT) of Japan, and Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zürich, Switzerland.
- The applicable standard, testing condition and testing method which were used for the tests are based on the request of the applicant.
- The test results presented in this report relate only to the offered test sample.
- The contents of this test report cannot be used for the purposes, such as advertisement for consumers.
- This test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of JQA.
- VLAC does not approve, certify or warrant the product by this test report.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 2 of 48

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
1	Description of the Device Under Test (DUT)	3
2	Summary of Test Results	6
3	Test Procedure	7
4	Test Location	7
5	Recognition of Test Laboratory	7
6	Measurement System Diagram	8
7	System Components	9
8	Measurement Process.	12
9	Measurement Uncertainties	13
10	Test Arrangement	15
11	Tissue Verification	19
12	System Performance Check	23
13	RF Output Power Measurements.	25
14	SAR Measurements	32
15	Test Setup Photographs	42
16	Test Instruments	47
17	Appendix	48



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 3 of 48

1 Description of the Device Under Test (DUT)

1.1 General Information

1. Manufacturer : Sharp Corporation, Consumer Electronics Company,

Communication Systems Division

2-13-1, Iida, Hachihonmatsu, Higashi-Hiroshima City, Hiroshima,

739-0192, Japan

2. Products : Smart Phone

3. Model No. : SH-04H

4. Serial No. : 004401115691038

5. Product Type : Pre-production6. Date of Manufacture : February, 2016

7. Transmitting Frequency : GSM 850 (824 MHz – 849 MHz)

PCS 1900 (1850 MHz – 1910 MHz) W-CDMA Band V (824 MHz – 849 MHz) WLAN 2.4 GHz (DTS : 2412 MHz – 2462 MHz) WLAN 5 GHz (U-NII 1 : 5150 MHz – 5250 MHz)

WLAN 5 GHz (U-NII 2A : 5250 MHz – 5350 MHz) WLAN 5 GHz (U-NII 2C : 5470 MHz – 5725 MHz)

Bluetooth (2402 MHz - 2480 MHz)

8. Battery Option : Lithium-ion Battery Pack UBATIA269AFN1 (3000mAh)

9. Power Rating : 4.0VDC10. DUT Grounding : None

11. Device Category : Portable Device (§2.1093)

12. Exposure Category : General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

13. FCC Rule Part(s) : 22(H), 24(E), 15.247, 15.407

14. DUT Authorization : Certification15. Received Date of DUT : March 10, 2016



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 4 of 48

1.2 Wireless Technologies

Air Interface	Description	
	Frequency band(s)	850, 1900
	Operating mode	GSM (GMSK)
GSM	Operating mode	GPRS (GMSK)
GSM	GPRS Multi-Slot Class	Class 12 – Four Up
	VoIP	Supported
	DTM (Dual Transfer Mode)	Not supported
	Frequency band(s)	Band V
		UMTS Rel.99 (Voice & Data)
W-CDMA	Operating mode	HSDPA Rel.8
		HSUPA Rel.8
	VoIP	Supported
	Frequency band(s)	2.4 GHz
		802.11b
	Operating mode	802.11g
WLAN (DTS)		802.11n [HT20]
	VoIP	Supported
	Wireless Router (Hotspot)	Supported
	Wi-Fi Direct	Supported
	Frequency band(s)	5 GHz
		802.11a
		802.11n [HT20]
	Operating mode	802.11n [HT40]
	operating mode	802.11ac [VHT20]
WLAN (U-NII)		802.11ac [VHT40]
WLAN (U'NII)		802.11ac [VHT80]
	VoIP	Supported
	Wireless Router (Hotspot)	Not supported
	Wi-Fi Direct	Not supported
	TDWR (Terminal Doppler Weather Rader)	Supported
	Band gap channel	Not supported
	Frequency band(s)	2.4 GHz
Bluetooth	Operating mode	Version 4.2+EDR
	Operating mode	Version 4.2 LE



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 5 of 48

1.3 Maximum Output Power

	Mode	Max. Tune-up Limit (dBm)
	Voice	33.7
GSM 850	GPRS 1 slot	33.7
	GPRS 2 slots	31.7
	GPRS 3 slots	29.9
	GPRS 4 slots	29.2
	Voice	30.7
	GPRS 1 slot	30.7
PCS 1900	GPRS 2 slots	28.7
	GPRS 3 slots	26.9
	GPRS 4 slots	25.7
III CDMA	Rel. 99	24.5
W-CDMA Band V	HSDPA	23.5
	HSUPA	23.5

	Nr. 1	Max. Tune-up Limit (dBm)			
	Mode	ANT 0	ANT 1		
WI AND A CH	802.11b	11.0	11.0		
WLAN 2.4 GHz	802.11g	10.0	10.0		
(DTS)	802.11n HT20	10.0	10.0		
	802.11a	12.0	12.0		
	802.11n HT20	12.0	12.0		
WLAN 5 GHz	802.11n HT40	12.0	12.0		
(U-NII)	802.11ac VHT20	11.0	11.0		
	802.11ac VHT40	11.0	11.0		
	802.11ac VHT80	11.0	11.0		

Mode	Max. Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bluetooth	7.5
Bluetooth LE	7.5



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 6 of 48

2 Summary of Test Results

Applied Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2 – Frequency Allocations

and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations

§2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: poratble devices

Tast Configuration	Rep	I ::+ (W//I)		
Test Configuration	Licensed	DTS	U-NII	Limit (W/kg)
Head	0.56	0.34	< 0.10	
Body-worn Accessory	0.63	< 0.10	< 0.10	1.0
Wireless Router (Hotspot)	0.78	< 0.10	N/A	1.6
Simultaneous Transmission	1.25	1.25	0.79	

The test results are passed for exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1.

In the approval of test results,

- Determining compliance with the limits in this report was based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.
- No deviations were employed from the applied standard.
- No modifications were conducted by JQA to achieve compliance to the limitations.

Reviewed by:

Shigeru Kinoshita Assistant Manager

 ${\bf JQA~KITA\text{-}KANSAI~Testing~Center}$

SAITO EMC Branch

Tested by:

Takeshi Choda

Assistant Manager

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

SAITO EMC Branch



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 7 of 48

3 Test Procedure

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR §2.1093, IEEE Std.1528–2013 and the following KDB Procedures.

248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

648474 D04 SAR Handset SAR v01r03

865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02r01

4 Test Location

Japan Quality Assurance Organization (JQA) KITA-KANSAI Testing Center 7-7, Ishimaru, 1-chome, Minoh-shi, Osaka, 562-0027, Japan SAITO EMC Branch

7-3-10, Saito-asagi, Ibaraki-shi, Osaka 567-0085, Japan

5 Recognition of Test Laboratory

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center SAITO EMC Branch is accredited under ISO/IEC 17025 by following accreditation bodies and the test facility is registered by the following bodies.

VLAC Accreditation No. : VLAC-001-2 (Expiry date: March 30, 2016) VCCI Registration No. : A-0002 (Expiry date: March 30, 2016)

BSMI Registration No. : SL2-IS-E-6006, SL2-IN-E-6006, SL2-R1/R2-E-6006, SL2-A1-E-6006

(Expiry date : September 14, 2016)

IC Registration No. : 2079E-3, 2079E-4 (Expiry date: July 16, 2017)

Accredited as conformity assessment body for Japan electrical appliances and material law by METI.

(Expiry date: February 22, 2019)



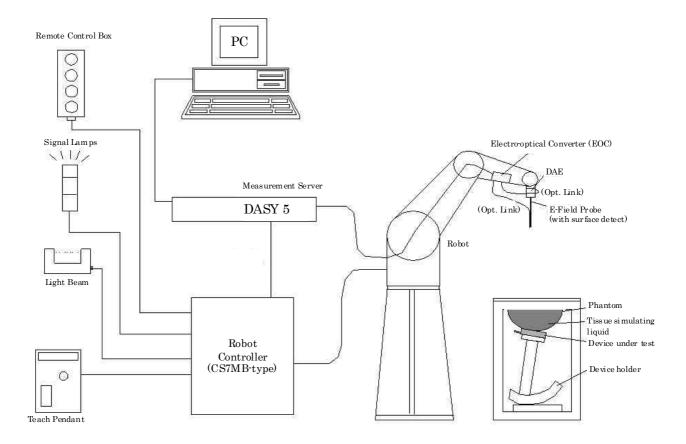
Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 8 of 48

6 Measurement System Diagram

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system (manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zürich, Switzerland). It consists of high precision robotics system, cell controller system, DASY5 measurement server, personal computer with DASY5 software, data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit, the Electro-optical converter (EOC), near-field probe, and the twin SAM phantom containing the equivalent tissue. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).

The Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. The DAE is connected to the EOC. The DAE performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the DASY5 measurement server.





Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 9 of 48

7 System Components

7.1 Probe Specification ET3DV6

Construction : Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system

Built-in shielding against static changes

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration : In air form 10 MHz to 2.3 GHz

In head tissue simulating liquid (HSL) and

muscle tissue simulating liquid 835 MHz (accuracy ± 12.0%; k=2) 900 MHz (accuracy ± 12.0%; k=2) 1450 MHz (accuracy ± 12.0%; k=2) 1750 MHz (accuracy ± 12.0%; k=2) 1900 MHz (accuracy ± 12.0%; k=2) 1950 MHz (accuracy ± 12.0%; k=2)



Frequency : 10 MHz to 2.3 GHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 2.3 GHz)

Directivity $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

 \pm 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range : $5 \mu W/g$ to >100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 dB$

Surface Detection : ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces

Dimensions : Overall length 337 mm

Tip length 16 mm Body diameter 12 mm Tip diameter 6.8 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers 2.7 mm



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 10 of 48

7.2 Probe Specification EX3DV4

Construction : Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static changes

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration : In air form 10 MHz to 6 GHz

In head tissue simulating liquid (HSL) and

muscle tissue simulating liquid 2450 MHz (accuracy \pm 12.0%; k=2) 2600 MHz (accuracy \pm 12.0%; k=2) 5200 MHz (accuracy \pm 13.1%; k=2) 5300 MHz (accuracy \pm 13.1%; k=2) 5500 MHz (accuracy \pm 13.1%; k=2) 5600 MHz (accuracy \pm 13.1%; k=2) 5800 MHz (accuracy \pm 13.1%; k=2)



Frequency : 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity $\pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$ in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range : $10 \mu \text{W/g}$ to >100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ (noise: typically < $1 \mu \text{W/g}$)

Dimensions : Overall length 337 mm

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Tip length} & 20 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Body diameter} & 12 \text{ mm} \\ \text{Tip diameter} & 2.5 \text{ mm} \end{array}$

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers 1 mm



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 11 of 48

7.3 Twin SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.



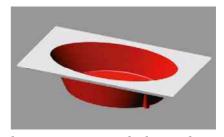
Shell Thickness : 2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm

Filling Volume : Volume Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions : $810 \times 1000 \times 500 \text{ mm} (H \times L \times W)$

7.4 ELI4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of



the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Shell Thickness} & : 2 \pm 0.2 \mbox{ mm (sagging: <1\%)} \\ \mbox{Filling Volume} & : \mbox{Volume Approx. 30 liters} \\ \mbox{Dimensions} & : \mbox{Major ellipse axis : 600 mm} \\ \end{array}$

Minor axis : 400 mm

7.5 Mounting Device for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat point).





Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 12 of 48

8 Measurement Process

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The power reference job measures the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface set to 4 mm for an ET3DV6 probe, or 2 mm for EX3DV4 probe. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations in relatively coarse grids. When an area scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. If only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maxima within 2 dB of the maximum SAR value are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points specified in standards within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure.

Step 4: Z Scan

The Z scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

Step 5: Power Drift Measurement

The power drift measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The power drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last power reference measurement. The power reference measurement and power drift measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 13 of 48

9 Measurement Uncertainties

9.1 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	<i>c</i> _i	<i>c</i> _i	Std. Unc. (± %)		v i
	(± /6)	Dist.		(1g)	(10g)	1g	10g	
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	R	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary effects	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Modulation response	2.4	R	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration time	2.6	R	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF ambient conditions – noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF ambient conditions – reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration		R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
algorithms for max. SAR evaluation								
Test Sample Related								
Device holder uncertainty	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	5
Test sample positioning	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	23
Output power variation – SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom uncertainty	6.1	R	√3	1	1	3.5	3.5	∞
Algorithms for correcting SAR for deviations	1.9	R	√3	1	0.84	1.1	0.9	∞
Liquid Conductivity – measurement uncertainty	3.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.5	2.3	5
Liquid Permittivity – measurement uncertainty	3.0	N	1	0.26	0.26	0.8	0.8	5
Liquid Conductivity – temperature uncertainty	5.2	R	√3	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.1	∞
Liquid Permittivity – temperature uncertainty	0.8	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				11.5	11.4	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)		k=2				22.9	22.7	

NOTES

Tol.: tolerance in influence quantity
 Prob. Dist.: probability distributions

3. N, R : normal, rectanglar

4. Div. : divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty

5. c_i : sensitivity coefficient

 $6.\ \mathrm{Std}.\ \mathrm{Unc.}$: standard uncertainty

7. Measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std.1528 and IEC 62209-1.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 14 of 48

9.2 3 GHz to 6 GHz

Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	<i>c</i> _i (1g)	(10g)	Std. Unc. (± %)		v i
	(= /0)	Dist.		(1g)	(10g)	1g	10g	
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.6	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	R	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary effects	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Modulation response	2.4	R	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	×
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration time	2.6	R	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF ambient conditions – noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF ambient conditions – reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration		R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
algorithms for max. SAR evaluation								
Test Sample Related								
Device holder uncertainty	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	5
Test sample positioning	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	23
Output power variation – SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Power Scaling	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								1
Phantom uncertainty	6.6	R	√3	1	1	3.8	3.8	∞
Algorithms for correcting SAR for deviations	1.9	R	√3	1	0.84	1.1	0.9	∞
Liquid Conductivity – measurement uncertainty	3.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.5	2.3	5
Liquid Permittivity – measurement uncertainty	3.0	N	1	0.26	0.26	0.8	0.8	5
Liquid Conductivity – temperature uncertainty	3.4	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity – temperature uncertainty	0.4	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				12.5	12.4	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)		k=2				24.9	24.8	

NOTES

1. Tol. \vdots tolerance in influence quantity 2. Prob. Dist. \vdots probability distributions

3. N, R: normal, rectanglar

4. Div. : divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty

5. c_i : sensitivity coefficient

6. Std. Unc.: standard uncertainty

7. Measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std.1528 and IEC 62209-1.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 15 of 48

Horizontal

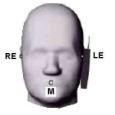
Mobile phone box

10 Test Arrangement

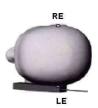
10.1 Head Exposure Conditions

10.1.1 Cheek-Touch Position

- 1. Position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center of the ear piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 2. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference points (M, RE and LE) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 3. Translate the mobile phone box towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line RE-LE until the phone touches the ear.
- 4. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the box until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.







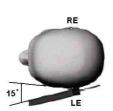
Vertical

10.1.2 Ear-Tilt Position

- 1. Position the device in the "Cheek-Touch Position".
- 2. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and pivoting against the ear, move it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.









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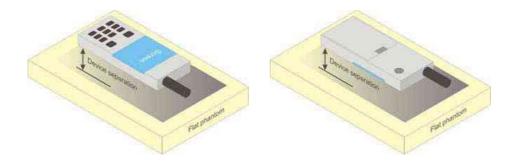
Page 16 of 48

10.2 Body-worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Both the physical spacing to the body of the user as dictated by the accessory and the materials used in an accessory affect the SAR produced by the transmitting device. For purpose of determining test requirements, accessories may be divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do.

When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the surface of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



10.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Conditions

For cell phones that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm \times 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 17 of 48

10.4 RF Exposure Conditions

Handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations according to the procedures described in KDB 648474 D04.

RF Exposure Conditions	DUT-to-User Separation	Wireless Technologies	Test Position	Antenna-to- edge/surface	SAR Required	Note
			Left Touch	N/A	YES	
77 1	0	All Tx	Left Tilt (15°)	N/A	YES	
Head	0 mm		Right Touch	N/A	YES	
			Right Tilt (15°)	N/A	YES	
D. 1	10	A 11 /D	Rear	N/A	YES	
Body-worn	10 mm	All Tx	Front	N/A	YES	
			Rear	< 25 mm	YES	
			Front	< 25 mm	YES	
	10 mm	GSM W-CDMA	Edge 1 (Top)	> 25 mm	NO	1
			Edge 2 (Right)	< 25 mm	YES	
			Edge 3 (Bottom)	< 25 mm	YES	
			Edge 4 (Left)	< 25 mm	YES	
		WLAN Bluetooth (ANT 0)	Rear	< 25 mm	YES	
			Front	< 25 mm	YES	
Hotomot			Edge 1 (Top)	< 25 mm	YES	
Hotspot			Edge 2 (Right)	< 25 mm	YES	
			Edge 3 (Bottom)	> 25 mm	NO	1
			Edge 4 (Left)	> 25 mm	NO	1
			Rear	< 25 mm	YES	
			Front	< 25 mm	YES	
		WLAN	Edge 1 (Top)	< 25 mm	YES	
		(ANT 1)	Edge 2 (Right)	> 25 mm	NO	1
			Edge 3 (Bottom)	> 25 mm	NO	1
			Edge 4 (Left)	< 25 mm	YES	

Note(s):

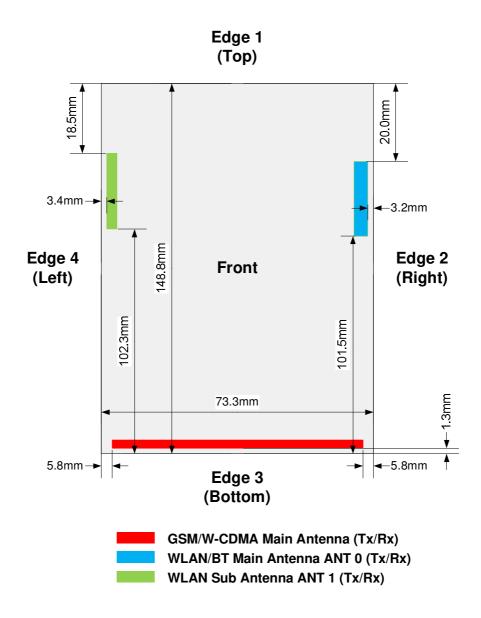
1. SAR is not required because the distance from the antenna to the edge is > 25 mm as per KDB 941225 D06.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 18 of 48

Antenna Location and Separation Distances





Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 19 of 48

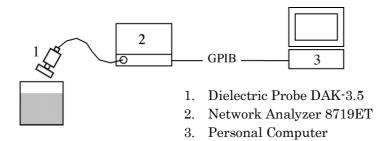
11 Tissue Verification

11.1 Tissue Verification Measurement Condition

The tissue dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use, or earlier if dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must be within 18°C to 25°C and within \pm 2°C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

It is verified by using the dielectric probe and the network analyzer.



11.2 Tissue Dielectric Properties

The tissue dielectric properties are specified in KDB 865664 D01.

Target Frequency	Н	ead	В	ody
[MHz]	Permittivity (e _r)	Conductivity (o)	Permittivity (e _r)	Conductivity (o)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 - 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

For tissue dielectric properties at other frequencies within the range, a linear interpolation method shall be used.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 20 of 48

11.3 Composition of Ingredients for the Tissue Material Used in the SAR Tests

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Head and Body Liquids (Below 1 GHz)

Head and body Enquius (Delow 1 GHz)				
Item	Head and Muscle Tissue Simulation Liquids			
Item	HSL/MSL 750, HSL/MSL 900			
$\mathrm{H}_{2}\mathrm{O}$	Water, 35 – 58 %			
Sucrose	Sugar, white, refined, $40-60\%$			
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, 0 – 6 %			
Hydroxyethyl-cellulose	Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-62-0), < 0.3 %			
	Preservative: aqueous preparation, (CAS# 55965-84-9), containing			
Preventol-D7	5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone,			
	0.1 – 0.7 %			

Head and Body Liquids (1 to 3 GHz)

rioda dira Body Erquide	(1 to 5 d112)
Item	Head and Muscle Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL/MSL 1750, HSL/MSL 1900, HSL/MSL 2450
$_{\mathrm{H_2O}}$	Water, 52 – 75 %
C ₈ H ₁₈ O ₃	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (DGBE), 25 – 48% (CAS-No. 112-34-5, EC-No. 203-961-6, EC-index-No. 603-096-00-8)
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, < 1.0 %

Head Liquids (3 to 6 GHz)

Item	Head Broad Band Tissue Simulation Liquids HBBL 3500-5800						
Water	50 – 65 %						
Mineral oil	10 – 30 %						
Emulsifiers	8-25~%						
Sodium salt	0-1.5%						
Safety relevant ingredients	according to EU directives:						
EINECS-No 203-489-0	1.0 – 2.8 % 2-Methyl-pentane-2,4-diol (Hexylene Glycol):						
CAS-No 107-41-5	(Xi irritant, R36/38 irritant for eyes and skin)						

Body Liquids (3 to 6 GHz)

Item	Muscle Broad Band Tissue Simulation Liquids MBBL 3500-5800				
Water	60 – 80 %				
Esters, Emulsifiers,	20 – 40 %				
Inhibitors					
Sodium salt	0-1.5%				
Safety relevant ingredients	according to EU directives: none				
Safety relevant ingredients according to other directives:					
CAS-No 26399-02-0	10 – 28 % Oleic acid, alkylester				



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 21 of 48

11.4 Tissue Verification Results

Tissue dielectric parameters are measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

Date	Liquid	Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]			
		000	Permittivity (ε _r)	41.6	42.37	+1.85	± 5			
		820	Conductivity (o)	0.90	0.892	-0.89	± 5			
0/11/0010	77 1	00.	Permittivity (ε _r)	41.5	42.05	+1.33	± 5			
3/11/2016	Head	835	Conductivity (o)	0.90	0.907	+0.78	± 5			
		0.50	Permittivity (ε _r)	41.5	41.78	+0.67	± 5			
		850	Conductivity (o)	0.92	0.921	+0.11	± 5			
		000	Permittivity (ε _r)	55.3	54.87	-0.78	± 5			
		820	Conductivity (o)	0.97	0.968	-0.21	± 5			
0/10/0010	D I	005	Permittivity (ε _r)	55.2	54.77	-0.78	± 5			
3/12/2016	Body	835	Conductivity (o)	0.97	0.983	+1.34	± 5			
		050	Permittivity (ε _r)	55.2	54.62	-1.05	± 5			
		850	Conductivity (o)	0.99	1.000	+1.01	± 5			
		1050	Permittivity (ε _r)	40.0	40.40	+1.00	± 5			
		1850	Conductivity (o)	1.40	1.364	-2.57	± 5			
0/10/0010	77 1	d 1900 1910	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	40.0	40.26	+0.65	± 5			
3/13/2016	Head		Conductivity (o)	1.40	1.420	+1.43	± 5			
			Permittivity ($\epsilon_{\rm r}$)	40.0	40.22	+0.55	± 5			
			Conductivity (o)	1.40	1.432	+2.29	± 5			
					1050	Permittivity ($\epsilon_{\rm r}$)	53.3	53.11	-0.36	± 5
		1850	Conductivity (o)	1.52	1.487	-2.17	± 5			
9/19/9016	D. J.	1000	Permittivity ($\epsilon_{\rm r}$)	53.3	52.99	-0.58	± 5			
3/13/2016	Body	Body	Body	1900	Conductivity (o)	1.52	1.545	+1.64	± 5	
		1010	Permittivity (ε _r)	53.3	52.95	-0.66	± 5			
		1910	Conductivity (o)	1.52	1.562	+2.76	± 5			
		2410	Permittivity (ε _r)	39.3	38.79	-1.30	± 5			
		2410	Conductivity (o)	1.76	1.816	+3.18	± 5			
3/17/2016	Haad	9.450	Permittivity (ε _r)	39.2	38.62	-1.48	± 5			
3/17/2016	Head	2450	Conductivity (o)	1.80	1.860	+3.33	± 5			
		9475	Permittivity (ε _r)	39.2	38.53	-1.71	± 5			
		2475	Conductivity (o)	1.83	1.891	+3.33	± 5			
		2410	Permittivity (ε _r)	52.8	52.02	-1.48	± 5			
		4 410	Conductivity (σ)	1.91	1.911	+0.05	± 5			
9/1 0/001 0	D. J	9450	Permittivity (ε _r)	52.7	51.87	-1.57	± 5			
3/18/2016	Body	2450	Conductivity (o)	1.95	1.965	+0.77	± 5			
		2475	Permittivity (ε _r)	52.7	51.76	-1.78	± 5			
		2410	Conductivity (o)	1.99	2.001	+0.55	± 5			



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 22 of 48

Tissue Verification Results (continued)

Date	Liquid	Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
		2100	Permittivity (ε _r)	49.0	47.14	-3.80	± 5
		5180	Conductivity (o)	5.28	5.428	+2.80	± 5
2/21/2214	D I	- 00	Permittivity (ε _r)	48.9	47.01	-3.87	± 5
3/21/2016	Body	5250	Conductivity (o)	5.36	5.525	+3.08	± 5
		* 000	Permittivity (ε _r)	48.9	46.89	-4.11	± 5
		5320	Conductivity (o)	5.44	5.608	+3.09	± 5
		** 00	Permittivity (ε _r)	48.6	46.58	-4.16	± 5
		5500	Conductivity (o)	5.65	5.851	+3.56	± 5
0/01/0010	D I	5 000	Permittivity (ε _r)	48.5	46.40	-4.33	± 5
3/21/2016	Body	5600	Conductivity (o)	5.77	5.988	+3.78	± 5
		F 500	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	48.3	46.24	-4.27	± 5
		5700	Conductivity (o)	5.88	6.127	+4.20	± 5
		5180	Permittivity (ε _r)	36.0	35.36	-1.78	± 5
			Conductivity (o)	4.63	4.523	-2.31	± 5
9/99/901@	III	5250	Permittivity (ε _r)	35.9	35.26	-1.78	± 5
3/22/2016	Head		Conductivity (o)	4.71	4.593	-2.48	± 5
		E 220	Permittivity (ε _r)	35.8	35.17	-1.76	± 5
		5320	Conductivity (o)	4.78	4.663	-2.45	± 5
		E100	Permittivity (ε _r)	36.0	35.32	-1.89	± 5
		5180	Conductivity (o)	4.63	4.533	-2.10	± 5
3/23/2016	Head	5250	Permittivity (ε _r)	35.9	35.22	-1.89	± 5
3/23/2016	пеаа	9290	Conductivity (o)	4.71	4.600	-2.34	± 5
		5320	Permittivity (ε _r)	35.8	35.12	-1.90	± 5
		5520	Conductivity (o)	4.78	4.670	-2.30	± 5
		5500	Permittivity (ε _r)	35.6	34.88	-2.02	± 5
		5500	Conductivity (o)	4.96	4.830	-2.62	± 5
3/23/2016	Head	5600	Permittivity (ε _r)	35.5	34.73	-2.17	± 5
3/43/4016	пеаа	บบชัย	Conductivity (o)	5.07	4.935	-2.66	± 5
		5700	Permittivity (ε _r)	35.4	34.60	-2.26	± 5
		5700	Conductivity (o)	5.17	5.038	-2.55	± 5



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

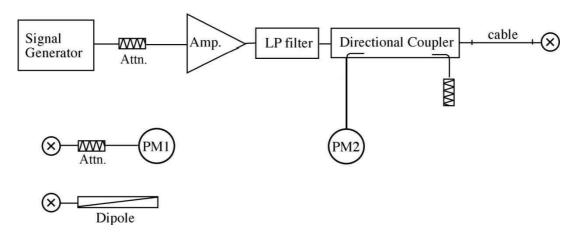
Page 23 of 48

12 System Performance Check

12.1 System Performance Check Measurement Condition

The power meter PM1 (including Attenuator) measures the forward power at the location of the validation dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for 250 mW (100 mW for 3 to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

The dipole antenna is matched to be used near flat phantom filled with tissue simulating solution. A specific distance holder is used in the positioning of the antenna to ensure correct spacing between the phantom and the dipole.



12.2 Target SAR Values for System Performance Check

The target SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles.

System 1	System Dipole		Frequency	Tar	get SAR Values	[W/kg]									
Type	Serial	Cal. Date	[MHz]	1g/10g	Head	Body									
D835V2	4 1001	0/10/001	005	1g	9.23	9.28									
D859 V 2	4d081	8/10/2015	835	10g	6.01	6.11									
D1900V2	£3110	0/11/0015	1000	1g	41.1	40.4									
D1900V2	5d112	8/11/2015	/2015 1900	10g	21.5	21.6									
D2450V2	714	11/10/2015	2450	1g	53.5	53.1									
D2450 V 2	714		2490	10g	25.0	25.1									
			5250	1g	83.2	77.0									
			1									5250	10g	23.9	21.6
D5GHzV2	1111	9/16/2015	5600	1g	85.1	82.2									
D5GHzV2	1111	9/16/2015	9600	10g	24.4	22.9									
			5750	1g	81.1	77.6									
			5750	10g	23.2	21.6									



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 24 of 48

12.3 System Performance Check Results

The SAR measured with a system validation dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10 % of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

D 4	System I	Dipole	T	Measu	red SAR [W/kg]	m ,	Deviation	Limit	
Date	Type	Serial	Liquid	(Norr	nalized to 1 W)	Target	[%]	[%]	
0/11/0010	Doortto	4 1001	TT 1	1 g	9.40	9.23	+1.84	± 10	
3/11/2016	D835V2	4d081	Head	10 g	6.20	6.01	+3.16	± 10	
9/19/9016	Doorwo	4-1001	D. I.	1 g	9.76	9.28	+5.17	± 10	
3/12/2016	D835V2	4d081	Body	10 g	6.48	6.11	+6.06	± 10	
2/12/2016	D1000V9	£3110	Hand	1 g	39.20	41.1	-4.62	± 10	
3/13/2016	D1900V2	5d112	Head	10 g	21.00	21.5	-2.33	± 10	
0/10/0010	D1000170	F 1110	D 1	1 g	37.68	40.4	-6.73	± 10	
3/13/2016	D1900V2	5d112	Body	10 g	20.32	21.6	-5.93	± 10	
0/15/0010	DOAFOUG	77.1.4	77 1	1 g	51.60	53.5	-3.55	± 10	
3/17/2016	D2450V2	714	Head	10 g	23.88	25.0	-4.48	± 10	
0/10/0010	D0450V0	72 714	714	4 Pody	1 g	50.40	53.1	-5.08	± 10
3/18/2016	D2450V2			Body	10 g	23.84	25.1	-5.02	± 10
0/01/0010	D5GHzV2	1111	D 1	1 g	76.80	77.0	-0.26	± 10	
3/21/2016	(5.25GHz)	1111	Body	10 g	21.50	21.6	-0.46	± 10	
9/91/9016	D5GHzV2	1111	D. I.	1 g	84.20	82.2	+2.43	± 10	
3/21/2016	(5.60GHz)	1111	Body	10 g	23.40	22.9	+2.18	± 10	
0/00/0010	D5GHzV2		77 1	1 g	76.40	83.2	-8.17	± 10	
3/22/2016	(5.25GHz)	1111	Head	10 g	21.80	23.9	-8.79	± 10	
9/99/9014	D5GHzV2	1111	112	1 g	76.20	83.2	-8.41	± 10	
3/23/2016	(5.25GHz)	1111	Head	10 g	21.90	23.9	-8.37	± 10	
9/99/9014	D5GHzV2	1111	112	1 g	83.10	85.1	-2.35	± 10	
3/23/2016	(5.60GHz)	1111	Head	10 g	23.60	24.4	-3.28	± 10	



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 25 of 48

13 RF Output Power Measurements

13.1 GSM

Settings	Mode	Parameter		
a law:	Band Indicator	GSM 850	PCS 1900	
General Settings	Power Control Level	5 (33 dBm)	0 (30 dBm)	
CDDC C :C:	Connection Type	Test Mode A		
GPRS Specific	Multi Slot Class	12 (4 down / 4 up / 5 sum)		
Settings	Coding Scheme	CS1 (GMSK)		

GSM 850 Results

Mode		Conducted Average Power (dBm)								
		128 ch (824.2 MHz)		189 ch (836.4 MHz)		251 ch		Sepc.		
		(824.2	MHz)	(836.4	MHZ)	(848.8	MHz)	Max.		
			Frame	Burst	Frame	Burst	Frame	(Frame)		
GSM	Voice	32.17	23.14	32.28	23.25	31.97	22.94	24.67		
	1 slot	32.17	23.14	32.28	23.25	31.98	22.95	24.67		
GDDG	2 slots	30.10	24.08	30.23	24.21	29.91	23.89	25.68		
GPRS	3slots	28.88	24.62	28.95	24.69	29.00	24.74	25.64		
	4 slots	27.84	24.83	27.91	24.90	27.95	24.94	26.19		

Note(s):

KDB 941225 D01 – The worst-case configuration for SAR testing is determined to be as follows.

1. Body : GPRS mode with 4 time slots, based on the output power above

2. Head: Same mode as Body SAR testing (VoIP applicable using GPRS multi-slot)

PCS 1900 Results

Mode		Conducted Average Power (dBm)							
		512 ch (1850.2 MHz)		661 ch (1880.0 MHz)		810 ch (1909.8 MHz)		Sepc. Max.	
		Burst	Frame			Burst	Frame	(Frame)	
GSM	Voice	29.15	20.12	29.07	20.04	29.02	19.99	21.67	
	1 slot	29.15	20.12	29.08	20.05	29.03	20.00	21.67	
CDDC	2 slots	27.15	21.13	27.02	21.00	26.99	20.97	22.68	
GPRS	3slots	25.04	20.78	24.89	20.63	24.96	20.70	22.64	
	4 slots	24.15	21.14	24.03	21.02	24.00	20.99	22.69	

Note(s):

KDB 941225 D01 – The worst-case configuration for SAR testing is determined to be as follows.

1. Body : GPRS mode with 4 time slots, based on the output power above

2. Head: Same mode as Body SAR testing (VoIP applicable using GPRS multi-slot)



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 26 of 48

13.2 W-CDMA

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

Release 99 W-CDMA

Settings	Release 99			
Loopback Mode	Mode 1	OFF		
Channel Coding	12.2kbps RMC	Voice AMR		
TPC Bit Pattern	All 1			
Power Tolerance (dB)	+1.7/-3.7			

HSDPA

порга								
Settings	Release 8 HS	Release 8 HSDPA						
Sub-test	1	1 2 3 4						
Loopback Mode	Mode 1							
Channel Coding	Fixed Referen	ice Channel (QPSK	()					
TPC Algorithm	2							
TPC Bit Pattern	All 1							
Beta C	2	11	15	15				
Beta D	15	15	8	4				
Delta ACK	8							
Delta NACK	8							
Delta CQI	8							
CQI Feedback Cycle	4 ms							
Ack-Nack Repetition Factor	3							
CQI Repetition Factor	2							
MPR (dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5				
Power Tolerance (dB)	+1.7/-3.7	+1.7/-3.7	+2.7/-3.7	+3.7/-3.7				

HSPA (HSDPA & HSUPA)

Settings	Release 8 H	Release 8 HSPA						
Sub-test	1	2	3	4	5			
Loopback Mode	Mode 1							
Channel Coding	E-DCH RF	Test with TTI 10	Oms (QPSK)					
TPC Algorithm	2				1			
TPC Bit Pattern	Inner Loop	Power Control			All 1			
Beta C	10	6	15	2	15			
Beta D	15	15	9	15	0			
Delta ACK	8				0			
Delta NACK	8				0			
Delta CQI	8				0			
CQI Feedback Cycle	4 ms							
Ack-Nack Repetition Factor	3							
CQI Repetition Factor	2							
Delta E-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	0			
Absolute Grant Value	20	12	15	17	12			
E-TFCI	75	67	92	71	67			
MPR (dB)	0	2	1	2	0			
Power Tolerance (dB)	+1.7/-6.7	+3.7/-5.2	+2.7/-5.2	+3.7/-5.2	+1.7/-3.7			



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 27 of 48

Band V Results

		Condu	icted Average Power	(dBm)	
	Mode	4132 ch	4182 ch	$4233~\mathrm{ch}$	MPR
		(826.4 MHz)	(836.4 MHz)	(846.6 MHz)	
	12.2 kbps RMC	23.47	23.54	23.54	
	64 kbps RMC	23.49	23.56	23.54	
Rel.99	$144~\mathrm{kbps}~\mathrm{RMC}$	23.45	23.56	23.54	
	$384~\mathrm{kbps}~\mathrm{RMC}$	23.48	23.55	23.53	
	Voice AMR	23.46	23.55	23.53	
	Sub-test 1	22.36	22.49	22.57	0
HCDDA	Sub-test 2	22.32	22.48	22.57	0
HSDPA	Sub-test 3	21.80	21.93	22.09	0.5
	Sub-test 4	21.88	22.01	22.09	0.5
	Sub-test 1	22.45	22.56	22.51	0
	Sub-test 2	20.37	20.56	20.53	2
HSPA	Sub-test 3	21.43	21.54	21.51	1
	Sub-test 4	20.23	20.56	20.53	2
	Sub-test 5	22.40	22.57	22.54	0



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 28 of 48

13.3 WLAN (DTS Band)

DTS Band Results (ANT 0)

D I	24.1	Data	CI #	Frequency	Average Power (dBm)		
Band	Mode	Rate	Ch#	(MHz)	Measred	Spec. Max.	
			1	2412	10.05		
	802.11b	1 Mbps	6	2437	9.99	11.0	
			11	2462	9.89		
0.4 CH		6 Mbps	1	2412	8.74		
2.4 GHz (DTS)	802.11g		6	2437	8.65	10.0	
(D18)			11	2462	8.67		
			1	2412	8.58		
	802.11n [HT20]	MCS 0	6	2437	8.51	10.0	
			11	2462	8.51		

DTS Band Results (ANT 1)

D 1	M. J.	Data	CI-#	Frequency	Average Po	ower (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Rate	Ch#	(MHz)	Measred	Spec. Max.	
			1	2412	9.61		
	802.11b	1 Mbps	6	2437	9.58	11.0	
			11	2462	9.54		
9.4 CH	802.11g		1	2412	8.38	10.0	
2.4 GHz (DTS)		6 Mbps	6	2437	8.33		
(D18)			11	2462	8.27		
			1	2412	8.20		
	802.11n [HT20]	MCS 0	6	2437	8.18	10.0	
			11	2462	8.13		

Note(s):

Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units. $(802.11b\ DSSS\ and\ 802.11g/n\ OFDM\ configurations$ are considered separately.)

- When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 29 of 48

13.4 WLAN (U-NII Band)

U-NII Band Results (ANT 0)

D 1	24.1	Data	OL II	Frequency	Average Po	ower (dBm)
Band	Mode	Rate	Ch#	(MHz)	Measred	Spec. Max.
	802.11a	6 Mbps	36 - 48	5180 - 5240	Not	12.0
	802.11n [HT20]	MCS 0	36 - 48	5180 - 5240	Required	12.0
z o CII	802.11n [HT40]	Maga	38	5190	11.29	10.0
5.2 GHz (U-NII 1)	802.11n [H140]	MCS 0	46	5230	11.16	12.0
(U-NII I)	802.11ac [VHT20]	MCS 0	36 - 48	5180 - 5240	NT /	11.0
	802.11ac [VHT40]	MCS 0	38 - 46	5190 - 5230	Not	11.0
	802.11ac [VHT80]	MCS 0	42	5210	Required	11.0
	802.11a	$6~\mathrm{Mbps}$	52 - 64	5260 - 5320	Not	12.0
	802.11n [HT20]	MCS 0	52 - 64	5260 - 5320	Required	12.0
z a CII	802.11n [HT40]	MCS 0	54	5270	11.05	10.0
5.3 GHz		MCS 0	62	5310	11.13	12.0
(U-NII 2A)	802.11ac [VHT20]	MCS 0	52 - 64	5260 - 5320	NT /	11.0
	802.11ac [VHT40]	MCS 0	54 - 62	5270 - 5310	Not	11.0
	802.11ac [VHT80]	MCS 0	58	5290	Required	11.0
	802.11a	$6~\mathrm{Mbps}$	100 - 140	5500 - 5700	Not	12.0
	802.11n [HT20]	MCS 0	100 - 140	5500 - 5700	Required	12.0
			102	5510	10.94	
$5.6~\mathrm{GHz}$	802.11n [HT40]	MCS 0	118	5590	10.93	12.0
(U-NII 2C)			134	5670	10.92	
	802.11ac [VHT20]	MCS 0	100 - 140	5500 - 5700		11.0
	802.11ac [VHT40]	MCS 0	102 - 134	5510 – 5670 Not		11.0
	802.11ac [VHT80]	MCS 0	106 - 122	5530 - 5610	Required	11.0



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 30 of 48

U-NII Band Results (ANT 1)

D 1	N/ 1	Data	CI #	Frequency	Average Po	ower (dBm)	
Band	Mode	Rate	Ch#	(MHz)	Measred	Spec. Max.	
	802.11a	6 Mbps	36 - 48	5180 - 5240	Not	12.0	
	802.11n [HT20]	MCS 0	36 - 48	5180 - 5240	Required	12.0	
5.2 GHz	802.11n [HT40]	MCS 0	38	5190	11.74	19.0	
5.2 GHZ (U-NII 1)	802.11n [H140]	MCS 0	46	5230	11.70	12.0	
(U-NII I)	802.11ac [VHT20]	MCS 0	36 - 48	5180 - 5240	NT-4	11.0	
	802.11ac [VHT40]	MCS 0	38 - 46	5190 - 5230	Not	11.0	
	802.11ac [VHT80]	MCS 0	42	5210	Required	11.0	
	802.11a	6 Mbps	52 - 64	5260 - 5320	Not	12.0	
	802.11n [HT20]	MCS 0	52 - 64	5260 - 5320	Required	12.0	
5 0 CH	802.11n [HT40]	Maga	54	5270	11.62	10.0	
5.3 GHz (U-NII 2A)	802.11n [HT40]	MCS 0	62	5310	11.69	12.0	
(U-NII ZA)	802.11ac [VHT20]	MCS 0	52 - 64	5260 - 5320	NT-4	11.0	
	802.11ac [VHT40]	MCS 0	54 - 62	5270 - 5310	Not	11.0	
	802.11ac [VHT80]	MCS 0	58	5290	Required	11.0	
	802.11a	6 Mbps	100 - 140	5500 - 5700	Not	12.0	
	802.11n [HT20]	MCS 0	100 - 140	5500 - 5700	Required	12.0	
			102	5510	11.46		
$5.6\mathrm{GHz}$	802.11n [HT40]	MCS 0	118	5590	11.24	12.0	
(U-NII 2C)			134	5670	11.10		
	802.11ac [VHT20]	MCS 0	100 - 140	5500 - 5700	Not	11.0	
	802.11ac [VHT40]	MCS 0	102 - 134	5510 - 5670	Not Required	11.0	
	802.11ac [VHT80]	MCS 0	106 - 122	5530 - 5610	nequired	11.0	

Note(s):

Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.

- When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 31 of 48

13.5 Bluetooth

Maximum tune-up tolerance limit is 7.5 dBm from the rated nominal maximum output power. This power level qualifies for exclusion of SAR testing.

13.6 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations (KDB 447498 D01)

The 1 g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by;

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] · [\sqrt{f} (GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1 g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10 g extremity SAR, where

- f (GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied.

р		Freq.	Max.	Power	Test	Distance	/Dl l 1 - 1	Test
Ban	.a	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Position	(mm)	Threshold	Exclusion
	ANTO	0.400	11.0	13	Head	< 5	4.1	NO
WLAN	ANT 0	2462			Body	10	2.0	YES *
(DTS)	ANT 1	0.400	11.0	10	Head	< 5	4.1	NO
		2462	11.0	13	Body	10	2.0	YES *
	ANTO	* =00	12.0	16	Head	< 5	7.6	NO
WLAN	ANT 0	5700			Body	10	3.8	NO
(U-NII)	A NITT 1	FF 00	10.0	10	Head	< 5	7.6	NO
	ANT 1	5700	12.0	16	Body	10	3.8	NO
Dlasta	-41-	0.400	7 -	0	Head	< 5	1.9	YES
Blueto	Bluetooth	2480	7.5	6	Body	10	0.9	YES

^{*} Standalone SAR measurement was performed because of the overly conservative estimated SAR to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 32 of 48

14 SAR Measurements

SAR test reduction criteria are as follows:

When 10 g extremity SAR is required, SAR values indicated below are multiplied by 2.5, i.e. the ratio of the 1 g and extremity 10 g SAR limit.

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1 g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- \bullet ≤ 0.6 W/kg when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR:

With headset attached, when the <u>reported</u> SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest <u>reported</u> SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices:

When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is \leq ½ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest <u>reported</u> SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

For phablets, when hotspot mode applies, the UMPC mini-tablet 10 g extremity SAR is not required for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1 g <u>reported</u> SAR \leq 1.2 W/kg.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 33 of 48

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR:

SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM in both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an <u>initial test configuration</u> is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the <u>initial test configuration</u>, for each frequency band.

SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the determined exposure configurations. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

An <u>initial test position</u> is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions SAR is measured in the <u>initial test position</u> using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or <u>initial test configuration</u> according to the OFDM procedures. The <u>initial test position</u> procedure is described in the following:

- When the <u>reported SAR</u> of the <u>initial test position</u> is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band.
- When the <u>reported</u> SAR of the <u>initial test position</u> is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the <u>initial test position</u> using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1 g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the <u>reported</u> SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the <u>reported</u> SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the <u>reported</u> SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

To determine the <u>initial test position</u>, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the estimated 1 g SAR (fast SAR). The position that produced the highest fast SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the <u>initial test position</u>. The averaged fast SAR is scaled according to <u>reported</u> SAR requirements.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 34 of 48

14.1 GSM 850

GPRS 4 slots (C	S1) – Duty Cycle 48.0	0%							
DDD	m .	D: +		T.	Power	[dBm]	1 g SAF	D1 4	
RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.
	Left Touch	0	189	836.4	29.2	27.91	0.416	0.560	1
TT 1	Left Tilt	0	189	836.4	29.2	27.91	0.235	0.316	
Head	Right Touch	0	189	836.4	29.2	27.91	0.339	0.456	
	Right Tilt	0	189	836.4	29.2	27.91	0.253	0.341	
Body-worn	Rear	10	189	836.4	29.2	27.91	0.469	0.631	2
& Hotspot	Front	10	189	836.4	29.2	27.91	0.464	0.624	
	Edge 2	10	189	836.4	29.2	27.91	0.304	0.409	
Hotspot	Edge 3	10	189	836.4	29.2	27.91	0.164	0.221	
	Edge 4	10	189	836.4	29.2	27.91	0.580	0.781	3

14.2 PCS 1900

GPRS 4 slots (C	S1) – Duty Cycle 48.	0%							
DEE	m .	D: 4		Freg.	Power	[dBm]	1 g SAI	[W/kg]	DI 4
RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	[MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.
	Left Touch	0	661	1880.0	25.7	24.03	0.083	0.122	
	Left Tilt	0	661	1880.0	25.7	24.03	0.086	0.126	
Head	Right Touch	0	661	1880.0	25.7	24.03	0.226	0.332	4
	Right Tilt	0	661	1880.0	25.7	24.03	0.082	0.120	
Body-worn	Rear	10	661	1880.0	25.7	24.03	0.249	0.366	
& Hotspot	Front	10	661	1880.0	25.7	24.03	0.250	0.367	5
	Edge 2	10	661	1880.0	25.7	24.03	0.255	0.375	
Hotspot	Edge 3	10	661	1880.0	25.7	24.03	0.315	0.463	6
	Edge 4	10	661	1880.0	25.7	24.03	0.053	0.078	

14.3 W-CDMA Band V

Rel.99 12.2kbps	RMC – Duty Cycle 1	.00%							
DEE	m .	D: 4		Freq.	Power	[dBm]	1 g SAF	Plot	
RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	[MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	No.
	Left Touch	0	4182	836.4	24.5	23.54	0.329	0.410	7
TT 1	Left Tilt	0	4182	836.4	24.5	23.54	0.176	0.220	
Head	Right Touch	0	4182	836.4	24.5	23.54	0.272	0.339	
	Right Tilt	0	4182	836.4	24.5	23.54	0.195	0.243	
Body-worn	Rear	10	4182	836.4	24.5	23.54	0.388	0.484	8
& Hotspot	Front	10	4182	836.4	24.5	23.54	0.357	0.445	
	Edge 2	10	4182	836.4	24.5	23.54	0.205	0.256	
Hotspot	Edge 3	10	4182	836.4	24.5	23.54	0.119	0.148	
	Edge 4	10	4182	836.4	24.5	23.54	0.395	0.493	9



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 35 of 48

14.4 WLAN (DTS Band)

<u>ANT 0</u>

802.11b (1 Mbps	s) – Duty Cycle 10	00%									
DD E	m ,	D: -		173	Averaged	Power	Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]		
RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Fast SAR [W/kg]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.	
	Left Touch	0	1	2412	0.464	11.0	10.05	0.276	0.343	10	
	Left Tilt	0	1	2412	0.355	11.0	10.05				
Head	Right Touch	0	1	2412	0.166	11.0	10.05				
	Right Tilt	0	1	2412	0.174	11.0	10.05				
Body-worn	Rear	10	1	2412	0.058	11.0	10.05	0.048	0.060		
& Hotspot	Front	10	1	2412	0.059	11.0	10.05	0.049	0.061	11	
TT .	Edge 1	10	1	2412	0.065	11.0	10.05	0.052	0.065	12	
Hotspot	Edge 2	10	1	2412	0.030	11.0	10.05				

<u>ANT 1</u>

802.11b (1 Mbps	s) – Duty Cycle 10	00%								
DE E	Trt	D:-4		E	Averaged Fast SAR [W/kg]	Power	[dBm]	1 g SAF	Plot	
RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]		Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	No.
	Left Touch	0	1	2412	0.088	11.0	9.61			
Hond	Left Tilt	0	1	2412	0.052	11.0	9.61			
Head	Right Touch	0	1	2412	0.354	11.0	9.61	0.248	0.342	13
	Right Tilt	0	1	2412	0.183	11.0	9.61			
Body-worn	Rear	10	1	2412	0.030	11.0	9.61			
& Hotspot	Front	10	1	2412	0.041	11.0	9.61	0.028	0.039	14
***	Edge 1	10	1	2412	0.011	11.0	9.61			
Hotspot	Edge 4	10	1	2412	0.020	11.0	9.61			

Note(s):

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations when the highest <u>reported</u> SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



JQA File No. : KL80150822 Issue Date : March 30, 2016 Model No. : SH-04H FCC ID : APYHRO00232

Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 36 of 48

14.5 WLAN (U-NII Band)

14.5.1 5.2 GHz Band (U-NII 1)

The same maximum output power is specified for U-NII 1 and U-NII 2A band, therefore begin SAR measurement in U-NII 2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements.

The highest <u>reported</u> SAR for U-NII 2A band is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, then the SAR is not required for U-NII 1 band.

14.5.2 5.3 GHz Band (U-NII 2A)

<u>ANT 0</u>

802.11n [HT40]	802.11n [HT40] – Duty Cycle 100%											
DR E	m ,	D: -			Averaged	Power	[dBm]	1 g SAR	DI.			
RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Fast SAR [W/kg]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.		
	Left Touch	0	62	5310	0.107	12.0	11.13	0.081	0.099	15		
** 1	Left Tilt	0	62	5310	0.096	12.0	11.13	0.059	0.072			
Head	Right Touch	0	62	5310	0.036	12.0	11.13					
	Right Tilt	0	62	5310	0.032	12.0	11.13					
Body-worn	Rear	10	62	5310	0.077	12.0	11.13	0.068	0.083	16		
Bouy-worn	Front	10	62	5310	0.000	12.0	11.13					

<u>ANT 1</u>

802.11n [HT40] – Duty Cycle 100%										
DE Evnogumo	m , D: ,			I.	Averaged	Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]		Plot
RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	Freq. Fast SAR [W/kg]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	No.	
	Left Touch	0	62	5310	0.021	12.0	11.69			
** 1	Left Tilt	0	62	5310	0.051	12.0	11.69			
Head	Right Touch	0	62	5310	0.068	12.0	11.69	0.073	0.078	17
	Right Tilt	0	62	5310	0.038	12.0	11.69			
Body-worn	Rear	10	62	5310	0.057	12.0	11.69	0.041	0.044	18
	Front	10	62	5310	0.004	12.0	11.69			

Note(s):

SAR is not required for <u>subsequent test configurations</u> when the highest <u>reported</u> SAR for the <u>initial test configuration</u> is adjusted by the ratio of the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> to <u>initial test configuration</u> specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 37 of 48

14.5.3 5.6 GHz Band (U-NII 2C)

<u>ANT 0</u>

802.11n [HT40]	802.11n [HT40] – Duty Cycle 100%									
DD E	m , D: ,			[171112] [777.0]	Averaged	Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]		701
RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#		Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.	
	Left Touch	0	102	5510	0.113	12.0	10.94	0.076	0.097	19
***	Left Tilt	0	102	5510	0.083	12.0	10.94			
Head	Right Touch	0	102	5510	0.000	12.0	10.94			
	Right Tilt	0	102	5510	0.001	12.0	10.94			
Podvernovn	Rear	10	102	5510	0.123	12.0	10.94	0.093	0.119	20
Body-worn	Front	10	102	5510	0.000	12.0	10.94			

<u>ANT 1</u>

802.11n [HT40] – Duty Cycle 100%										
DD D	m , D.	5			Averaged	Power [dBm]		1 g SAF	[W/kg]	D1 /
RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Dist. [mm]	[W/kg]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.		
	Left Touch	0	102	5510	0.011	12.0	11.46			
** 1	Left Tilt	0	102	5510	0.003	12.0	11.46			
Head	Right Touch	0	102	5510	0.065	12.0	11.46	0.055	0.063	21
	Right Tilt	0	102	5510	0.007	12.0	11.46			
Rody-wown	Rear	10	102	5510	0.025	12.0	11.46	0.027	0.031	22
Body-worn	Front	10	102	5510	0.002	12.0	11.46			

Note(s):

SAR is not required for <u>subsequent test configurations</u> when the highest <u>reported</u> SAR for the <u>initial test configuration</u> is adjusted by the ratio of the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> to <u>initial test configuration</u> specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 38 of 48

14.6 SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with the KDB 865664 D01, these additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The DUT should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a 2nd repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a 3rd repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

14.6.1 Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

D 1 [MII]	A. T	Standalone SAR [W/kg]			
Frequency Band [MHz]	Air Interface	Head	Body		
070	GSM 850	0.416	0.580		
850	W-CDMA Band V	0.329	0.395		
1900	PCS 1900	0.226	0.315		
2450	WLAN 802.11b	0.276	0.052		
5250	WLAN 802.11a	0.081	0.068		
5600	WLAN 802.11a	0.076	0.093		

14.6.2 Repeated SAR Measurement Results

Repeated SAR measurement is not required because the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg.



JQA File No. : KL80150822 Issue Date : March 30, 2016 Model No. : SH-04H FCC ID : APYHRO00232

Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 39 of 48

14.7 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

14.7.1 Simultaneous Transmission Condition

WWAN can transmit simultaneously with WLAN/Bluetooth.

WLAN cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth since they share an antenna port.

No.	Conditions	Head	Body	Hotspot
1	GSM + WLAN 2.4 GHz	YES	YES	YES
2	W-CDMA + WLAN 2.4 GHz	YES	YES	YES
3	GSM + WLAN 5 GHz	YES	YES	NO
4	W-CDMA + WLAN 5 GHz	YES	YES	NO
5	GSM + Bluetooth	YES	YES	NO
6	W-CDMA + Bluetooth	YES	YES	NO

14.7.2 Standalone SAR Estimation

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}/7.5]$ W/kg for 1 g SAR, test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, or

0.4 W/kg for 1 g SAR, test separation distances > 50 mm

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied.

D 1	Frequency	Max.	Power	Test	Distance	Estimated SAR	
Band	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Position	(mm)	(W/kg)	
D1 4 41	lstooth 9490		0	Head	< 5	0.252	
Bluetooth	2480	7.5	б	Body	10	0.126	



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 40 of 48

14.7.3 Sum of the SAR for GSM 850, WLAN & Bluetooth

		Simultaneous Transmission Scenario						
RF Exposure Conditions	CCMFOFO	D'	TS	U-NII		D/III	Σ 1 g SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM 850	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0	ANT 1	BT	(W/Kg)	
<u> </u>	0.560	0.343	0.342				1.245	
Head	0.560			0.099	0.078		0.737	
	0.560					0.252	0.812	
	0.631	0.061	0.039				0.731	
Body-worn	0.631			0.118	0.044		0.793	
	0.631					0.126	0.757	
Hotspot	0.781	0.065	0.039				0.885	

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the sum of the 1 g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the sum of the $1~{\rm g}$ SAR is $< 1.6~{\rm W/kg}$.

14.7.4 Sum of the SAR for PCS 1900, WLAN & Bluetooth

		Simultaneous Transmission Scenario						
RF Exposure Conditions	PGG 1000	D'	ГS	U-NII		DM	Σ 1 g SAR (W/kg)	
	PCS 1900	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0	ANT 1	BT	(W/Kg)	
	0.332	0.343	0.342				1.017	
Head	0.332			0.099	0.078		0.509	
	0.332					0.252	0.584	
	0.367	0.061	0.039				0.467	
Body-worn	0.367			0.118	0.044		0.529	
	0.367					0.126	0.493	
Hotspot	0.463	0.065	0.039				0.567	

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the sum of the 1 g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the sum of the $1~{\rm g}$ SAR is $< 1.6~{\rm W/kg}$.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 41 of 48

14.7.5 Sum of the SAR for W-CDMA Band V, WLAN & Bluetooth

		Simultaneous Transmission Scenario						
RF Exposure Conditions	W-CDMA	W-CDMA DTS		U-NII		D/III	Σ1g SAR	
	Band V	ANT 0	ANT 1	ANT 0	ANT 1	BT	(W/kg)	
_	0.410	0.343	0.342				1.095	
Head	0.410			0.099	0.078		0.587	
	0.410					0.252	0.662	
	0.484	0.061	0.039				0.584	
Body-worn	0.484			0.119	0.044		0.647	
	0.484					0.126	0.610	
Hotspot	0.493	0.065	0.039				0.597	

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the sum of the 1 g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the sum of the $1~{\rm g}$ SAR is $< 1.6~{\rm W/kg}$.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 47 of 48

16 Test Instruments

	Shie	elded Room S3		
Type	Model	Serial No. (ID)	Manufacturer	Cal. Due
E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1679 (S-2)	SPEAG	2016/08/11
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7321 (S-17)	SPEAG	2016/08/17
DAE	DAE4	508 (S-3)	SPEAG	2016/11/22
Robot	RX60L	F02/5R10A1/A/01 (S-7)	Stäubli	N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	LB5/80	SE UKS 030 AA (S-13)	SPEAG	N/A
Network Analyzer	8719ET	MY42000159 (B-53)	Agilent	2016/08/04
Dielectric Probe	DAK-3.5	1124 (S-32)	SPEAG	2016/07/08
835MHz Dipole	D835V2	4d081 (S-23)	SPEAG	2016/08/09
1900MHz Dipole	D1900V2	5d112 (S-25)	SPEAG	2016/08/10
2450MHz Dipole	D2450V2	714 (S-6)	SPEAG	2016/11/09
5GHz Dipole	D5GHzV2	1111 (S-31)	SPEAG	2016/09/15
Signal Generator	MG3681A	6100216166 (B-3)	Anritsu	2016/08/12
Signal Generator	E8257D	MY45140309 (B-39)	Agilent	2016/08/10
RF Power Amplifier	CGA020M602-2633R	B10840 (A-51)	R&K	N/A
Directional Coupler	4226-20	03736 (D-87)	Narda Microwave	N/A
Base Station Simulator	MT8820C	6200918329 (B-5)	Anritsu	2017/02/22
Power Meter	E4417A	GB41290850 (B-51)	Agilent	2016/07/08
Power Sensor	E9323A	US40411939 (B-59)	Agilent	2016/07/07
Power Meter	N1911A	GB45100291 (B-63)	Agilent	2016/07/16
Power Sensor	N1921A	US44510470 (B-64)	Agilent	2016/07/16
Attenuator	54A-10	W5675 (D-28)	Weinschel	2016/08/16
Attenuator	2-20	BY7535 (D-36)	Weinschel	2016/10/12

NOTE: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months.



Standard : FCC Rules and Regulations Title 47 CFR Part 2

Page 48 of 48

17 Appendix

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

Appendix 1 – System Performance Check Plots

Appendix 2 – Highest SAR Test Plots

Appendix 3 – Dosimetric E-Field Probe Calibration Data

Appendix 4 – System Validation Dipole Calibration Data