FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone

BRAND NAME : Motorola

MODEL NAME : XT2307-1

FCC ID : IHDT56AM7

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Si Zhang

Ilac-MRA

ACCREDITED Cert #5145.02

Report No. : FA361225

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)
No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300
People's Republic of China

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Issued Date: Aug. 08, 2023
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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA361225	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report.	Aug. 04, 2023
FA361225	Rev. 02	Corrected number of samples in note 14 on page 8.	Aug. 08, 2023

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC**, **Mobile Cellular Phone. XT2307-1**, are as follows.

WODIIE CEII	ulai Filolie, XII	2307-1, are as folic Highe	est 1g SAR Sumn	narv		
Equipment Class		luency and	Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 5mm)	Body-worn (Separation 5mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
		CCMOFO	0.22	1g SAR (W/kg)	4.20	ig SAR (W/kg)
	GSM	GSM850	0.32	1.28	1.28	
		GSM1900	0.29	1.38	1.29	
	11/001/14	WCDMA II	0.91	1.27	1.28	
	WCDMA	WCDMA IV	0.91	1.29	1.28	
		WCDMA V	0.84	1.15	1.15	
		LTE Band 2	0.92	1.27	1.27	
		LTE Band 7	0.93	1.29	1.29	
		LTE Band 12/17	0.94	0.62	0.93	
Licensed		LTE Band 13	0.92	1.08	1.08	
	LTE	LTE Band 26/5	0.93	1.28	1.28	
Licensed		LTE Band 66/4	0.91	1.27	1.29	1.59
		LTE Band 38	0.94	1.30	1.29	
		LTE Band 41	0.93	1.29	1.29	
		LTE Band 42	0.93	1.08 1.08 1.28 1.28 1.27 1.29 1.30 1.29 1.29 1.29 1.25 0.94 1.28 1.29		
		FR1 n2	0.92	1.28	1.29	
		FR1 n5	0.90	1.13	1.13	
		FR1 n7	0.93	1.29	1.29	
	5G NR	FR1 n66	0.92	1.28	1.28	
		FR1 n38	0.92	1.29	1.27	
		FR1 n41	0.92	1.29	1.29	
		FR1 n77/78	0.93	1.27	1.12	
DTS	10// 0.51	2.4GHz WLAN	1.38	0.73	1.29	1.53
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1.20	0.73	1.20	1.59
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.64	0.58	0.33	1.59

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		Highest 10	Og SAR Summary		
Equipment Class		Frequency Product Specific 10g SAR (W/ko Band (Separation 0mm)			
	GSM	GSM850	2.99	(W/kg)	
	GSIVI	GSM1900	3.43		
	WCDMA	WCDMA II	3.21		
	WCDMA	WCDMA IV	3.16		
		LTE Band 2	3.16		
		LTE Band 7	3.16		
		LTE Band 12/17	1.91		
	ı TE	LTE Band 26/5	1.51		
	LTE	LTE Band 66/4	3.20	0.00	
Licensed		LTE Band 38	2.50	3.98	
		LTE Band 41	2.54		
		LTE Band 42	and 41 2.54		
		FR1 n2	3.19		
		FR1 n7	3.15		
	50 ND	FR1 n66	3.18		
	5G NR	FR1 n38	3.13		
		FR1 n41	2.96		
		FR1 n77/78	3.04		
DTS	10/1-01	2.4GHz WLAN	3.43	3.58	
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1.46	3.98	
	Date of Testing	g:	2023/6/19 ~ 2023/8/4		
Remark:					

Remark:

- This device supports LTE B4 / B5 / B17 and B66 / B26 / B12. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B4 / B5 / B17 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B66 / B26 / B12, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B66 / B26 / B12.
- This device supports FR1 n78 and FR1 n77. Since the supported frequency span for FR1 n78 falls completely
 within the supports frequency span for FR1 n77, both FR1 bands have the same target power, and both FR1
 bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for FR1 n77.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

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2. Administration Data

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

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Testing Laboratory									
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc	porton International Inc. (Kunshan)							
Test Site Location									
Took Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.						
Test Site No.	SAR07-KS	CN1257	314309						

Applicant Applicant					
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC				
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA				

Manufacturer Manufacturer					
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC				
Address	222 W,Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago IL 60654 USA				

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- · ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola
Model Name	XT2307-1
FCC ID	IHDT56AM7
	Sample 1: IMEI 1: 353852880027658
	IMEI 2: 353852880027666
IMEI Code	Sample 2:
	IMEI 1: 359632920011233
	IMEI 2: 359632920011241
	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
	LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz
	LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz
	LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz
	LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz
	LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz
Wireless Technology	v5G NR n2 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
and Frequency Range	5G NR n5 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	5G NR n7 : 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n66 : 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz
	5G NR n38 : 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz
	5G NR n41 : 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz
	5G NR n77 : 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz
	5G NR n78 : 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz
	WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz
	WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz
	WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz
	WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz
	WLAN 6GHz U-NII-5: 5925 MHz ~ 6425 MHz
	WLAN 6GHz U-NII-6: 6425 MHz ~ 6525 MHz
	WLAN 6GHz U-NII-7: 6525 MHz ~ 6875 MHz WLAN 6GHz U-NII-8: 6875 MHz ~ 7125 MHz
	Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
	NFC: 13.56 MHz
	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS
	AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps
	HSDPA
	HSUPA
Mode	DC-HSDPA
Wode	HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported)
	LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM
	5G NR : CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM
	WLAN 2.4GHz : 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40
	WLAN 2.4GHz : 802.11ac/ax VHT20/VHT40/HE20/HE40

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	WLAN 5GHz : 802.11a/n/ac/ax HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/HE20/HE40/HE80 WLAN 6GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40/HE80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
HW Version	DVT2
SW Version	TTM 33.38
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
Transier mode	put can automatically switch between Facket and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

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Remark:

- This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE
- This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- This device 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). WLAN6GHz has no hotspot function.
- 4. The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in SISO and MIMO antenna mode.
- This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
- For dual SIM card mobile has single SIM slots + eSIM (electronic SIM) and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active).
- 7. The device implements the power management and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the MediaTek TA-SAR will manage to ensure the power level not exceeding the associated power table. Details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E.
- For WLAN/BT when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head. For WLAN/BT when transmit simultaneous with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn and Handheld.
- For some WWAN bands, sensor on power level is higher than hotspot power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
- 10. This device supports HPUE for LTE Band 41 with class 2 level, HPUE power has been measured separately. For HPUE power is higher than power class 3 but with lower duty cycle, the maximum average power for class 2 and class 3 is almost the same, so we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of
- 5GNR n77/n78 supports HPUE, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately.
- 12. 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE with higher power, 5G NR n77/n78 HPUE SAR can represent power class 3 level SAR.
- 13. For 5GNR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
- 14. There are two samples, the different between them refer to the XT2307-1 Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibit separately. According to the differences, we choose sample 1 to perform full SAR testing and sample 2 to verify the worst case of sample 1.
- 15. For 5GNR FDD/TDD supports SCS15KHz and SCS30KHz, after verification for 30KHz at FDD power level is less than 15KHz at FDD power level, also verification for 15KHz at TDD power level is less than 30KHz at TDD power level, so only show 15KHz at FDD power and 30KHz at TDD power, and chose higher power which is SCS15KHz for FDD bands and SCS30KHz for TDD bands to perform SAR testing.
- 16. SAR and Power density test report for WLAN6GHz U-NII-5/6/7/8 will be separately submitted. About co-located SAR with WWAN/Bluetooth always chose higher SAR of WLAN5G U-NII-1/2A/2C/3 and WLAN6GHz U-NII-5/6/7/8.
- 17. This device supports 5GNR FR1 bands as following table, including NSA mode and SA mode. NSA and SA mode performed SAR separately.
- 18. This device has NFC function and the NFC SAR report will be separately submitted.

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<5G NR>

Mode	Band	Duplex	SCS(KHz)	Bandwidths(BW)
	20	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	n2	FDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	n.E	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25
	n5	FDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25
	n.7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	n7	FDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	n66	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
SA	1100	FDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
SA	n38	TDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
	n38	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
		TDD	15	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50
	114 1	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n77	TDD	15	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50
	117.7	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n78	TDD	15	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50
	1170	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n2	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	112	FDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25
	115	FDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25
	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	117	FDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
NSA	n66	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
NOA	1100	FDD	30	10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40
	n41	TDD	15	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50
	114 1	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n77	TDD	15	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50
	117.7	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
	n78	TDD	15	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50
	1170	TDD	30	10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

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4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarize	d necessary ite	ms addres	sed in KD	B 94122	25 D05 v02	2r05		
FCC ID	IHDT56AM7							
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular	Phone						
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 18 LTE Band 4: 17 LTE Band 5: 82 LTE Band 12: 6 LTE Band 13: 7 LTE Band 17: 7 LTE Band 66: 1 LTE Band 66: 1 LTE Band 41: 2 LTE Band 41: 2 LTE Band 42: 3	50 MHz ~ 110 MHz ~ 14 MHz ~ 84 MHz ~ 84 MHz ~ 15 MHz ~ 16 MHz ~ 16 MHz ~ 17	1755 MHz 49 MHz 2570 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 716 MHz 349 MHz 1780 MHz 2620 MHz 2690 MHz	<u>.</u>				
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4 LTE Band 4:1.4 LTE Band 7: 5M LTE Band 12:1. LTE Band 13: 5 LTE Band 17: 5 LTE Band 26:1. LTE Band 66:1. LTE Band 38: 5 LTE Band 41: 5 LTE Band 42: 5	MHz, 3MH: MHz, 10MH: 4MHz, 3MH; 4MHz, 3MH; MHz, 10MH; 4MHz, 3MH; 4MHz, 3MH; 4MHz, 10MH; 4MHz, 10MH;	z, 5MHz, 1 z, 5MHz, 1 z, 15MHz, Hz, 5MHz, Hz Hz Hz, 5MHz, Hz, 5MHz, Hz, 15MHz Hz, 15MHz	0MHz, 1 0MHz 20MHz 10MHz 10MHz, 10MHz, , 20MHz	15MHz, 201 15MHz 15MHz, 20	MHz		
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM	1 / 64QAM /	256QAM					
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R15, Cat18							
CA Support	Supported, Upl	ink and Dov	vnlink					
	Table 6.2.3 Modulation	3-1: Maximo				for Power bandwidth 15 MHz		and 3 MPR (dB)
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM 64 QAM	> 5 ≤ 5	> 4 ≤ 4	> 8 ≤ 8	> 12 ≤ 12	> 16 ≤ 16	> 18 ≤ 18	≤ 2 ≤ 2
	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
	256 QAM				≥ 1			≤ 5
LTE A-MPR	In the base st disable A-MPR frames (Maximi	during SA						
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly co measurement; not included in	nfigured b therefore, s	pectrum pl					•
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, when oper body-worn /hots SAR compliand	spot/extrem	ity will trigg	ger redu	ced power	for some b		
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	Inter-Band and referred to sect	ion 14.	<u> </u>					'
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	This device inter-band with powers were example. This device s	two compo aluated pe	nent carrie r FCC Guid	ers in the	e uplink. S	AR Measu	rements a	nd conducted

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ON	LAB. FCC	SAR :	Test Re	port						Rep	ort l	No. : F	A3612			
			Transmiss	sion (H, M, I	L) chann	el numbers an LTE Band 2	d frequenc	ies in ead	h LTE b	and						
1			<u> </u>									Randy	vidth 20			
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz Bandwidth			Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		1.4 MHz Bandwidth		Bandv	vidth 5 MHz	Bandwidt	n 10 MHz	Ban	dwidth 15	MHz		Hz
ľ	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch.	# Fre		Ch. #	Freq.			
	'	(MHz)	·	(MHz)		(MHz)		(MHz)		(IMI)		'	(MHz)			
ł	18607 18900	1850.7 1880	18615 18900	1851.5 1880	18625 18900		18650 18900	1855 1880	1867		7.5 80	18700 18900	1860 1880			
$^{+}$	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175		19150	1905	1912		2.5	19100	1900			
_	19193	1909.5	19103	1900.5	19173	LTE Band 4	19130	1905	1912	23 190	12.5	19100	1900			
Ī	Bandwidth	1 4 MU=	Bandwidt	6 2 MU-	Pandu	vidth 5 MHz	Bandwidt	- 10 MU-	Pan	dwidth 15	NALI-	Bandv	vidth 20			
L	Danuwiuin		Danuwiui		Danuv		Danuwiui		Dan			M	Hz			
ı	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch. #	Freq.	Ch.		eq.	Ch. #	Freq.			
+	19957	(MHz) 1710.7	19965	(MHz) 1711.5	19975	(MHz) 1712.5	20000	(MHz) 1715	2002		Hz) 7.5	20050	(MHz) 1720			
t	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175		20175	1732.5			32.5	20175	1732.5			
t	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	2032			20300	1745			
						LTE Band 5										
	Band	dwidth 1.4 M	1Hz	Baı	ndwidth 3	3 MHz	Ban	dwidth 5 l	ИНz		Bandw	idth 10 N	ЛHz			
	Ch. #	Frea	. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	Ch.;	#	Freq. (M	Hz)	Ch. #		Freq.			
			` ′	20415		. , , ,					20450		(MHz)			
ł	20407 20525		24.7 36.5	20415		825.5 836.5	2042 2052		826.5 836.5		20450		829 836.5			
t	20643		48.3	20635		847.5	2062		846.5		20600		844			
_	20010		10.0	20000		LTE Band 7	2002		010.0		20000		011			
Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz			Bandwidth 15 MHz			Bandwidth 20 I		ЛHz				
ľ	Ch. #	Fred	. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	Ch.;	4	Freq. (MI	Hz)	Ch. #		Freq.			
		· ·	, ,										(MHz)			
1	20775		502.5	20800		2505	2082 2110				20850		2510			
+	21100 21425		535 67.5	21100 21400		2535 2565					21100 21350		2535 2560			
	21425	20	107.5	21400		LTE Band 12	2137	5	2502.0	J	21330		2500			
Ī	Banc	dwidth 1.4 N	1Hz	Bandwidth 3 MHz			- Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz					
t	Ch. #								MHz) Ch.#			Freq.				
			. (MHz)		,				,		23060		(MHz)			
1	23017		99.7	23025		700.5	23035		701.5				704			
+	23095		07.5	23095		707.5	2309		707.5		23095 23130		707.5			
_	23173	1	15.3	23165		714.5 LTE Band 13	2315	5	713.5)	23130)	711			
Ī			Bandwidtl	n 5 MHz		LIL Dand 13			Bandw	vidth 10 Mł	Hz					
t	-	Channel #	24.14.114	Freq.(MHz)				Channel #			Freq.(MHz)					
İ		23205		779.5												
		23230 782					23230				782					
		23255			784.5											
			Danduid	2.5.NU-		LTE Band 17			Dond	idth 10 M	⊔ -7					
ŀ		Channel #	Bandwidtl		Freq.(Mh	-lz)		Channel #		vidth 10 Mi		eq. (MHz)				
		23755			706.5			23780			110	709				
Ť		23790			710		23790			710						
Ī		23825			713.5			23800				711				
						LTE Band 26										
	Bandwidth	n 1.4 MHz	Ban	dwidth 3 MF	lz	Bandwidth	1 5 MHz	Ва	ndwidth	10 MHz	Ba	andwidth				
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz	z) Ch. #	Freq.	(MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz	z) Ch	. #	Freq. (MHz	z) (Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)			
	26697	814.7	26705		5.5	26715	816.5	267	40	819	2	6765	821.5			
t	26865	831.5	26865		1.5	26865	831.5	268		831.5		6865	831.5			
Ť	27033	848.3	27025		7.5	27015	846.5	269		844		6965	841.5			
						LTE Band 38										
	Е	Bandwidth 5	MHz	В	andwidth	10 MHz	В	andwidth	15 MHz		Band	dwidth 20				
	Ch	.#	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	#	Freq. (MHz)	Ch	. #	Freq. ((MHz)	Ch.	. #	Freq.			
			<u> </u>	3780		/			257	` ′	378		(MHz)			
1	277	75			0											
L			2572.5 2595	3800		2575 2595	378		257		380		2580 2595			

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							LTE Band 41						
	E	Bandwidt	h 5 N	lHz	Ва	ndwidth	10 MHz	E	Bandwidth 15	MHz	Ba	ndwidth 20	MHz
	Ch	. #	Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)	CI	h. #	Freq. (MHz) C	h. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	396	75		2498.5	39700		2501	39	725	2503.5	39	39750	
LM	401			40160		2547	40	173	2548.3	40)185	2549.5	
M			40620		2593	40	620	2593	40	0620	2593		
HM				41080		2639	41	068	2637.8	41	1055	2636.5	
Н	415	65		2687.5	41540		2685	41	515	2682.5	41	1490	2680
							LTE Band 66						
	Bandwi	dth 1.4 N	ИHz	Bandw	idth 3 MHz	Band	dwidth 5 MHz	Bandwi	dth 10 MHz	Bandwidtl	h 15 MHz	Bandwidtl	1 20 MHz
			Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	131979	1710	.7	131987	1711.5	131997	1712.5	132022	1715	132047	1717.5	132072	1720
M	132322	174	5	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745
Н	132665	1779	.3	132657	1778.5	132647	1777.5	132622	1775	132597	1772.5	132572	1770

<3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz>

				LTE Bar	nd 42									
	Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth 15 MHz Bandwidth 20 MHz													
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)						
L	42115	3452.5	42140	3455	42165	3457.5	42190	3460						
M	42590 3500 425		42590	42590 3500		3500	42590	3500						
Н	43065	3547.5	43040	3545	43015	3542.5	42990	3540						

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1) LTE Bands BW

Band	1.4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
LTE Band 4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 66	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 12	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
LTE Band 17			Yes	Yes		
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
LTE Band 26	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

2) LTE Bands tune up:

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2 Tune-up Limit	Body-worn ECI 3 Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
LTE Band 12	Ant 0	24	24	24	24	24
LTE Band 17	Ant 0	24	24	24	24	24
LTE Band 26	Ant 0	24	24	24	24	24
LTE Band 5	Ant 0	24	24	24	24	24
LTE Band 66	Ant 0	24	20.1	17.7	21.6	24
LTE Band 4	Ant 0	24	20.1	17.7	21.6	24

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2 Tune-up Limit	Body-worn ECI 3 Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
LTE Band 12	Ant 1	24	21.9	20.8	24	24
LTE Band 17	Ant 1	24	21.9	20.8	24	24
LTE Band 26	Ant 1	23.5	24	22.5	24	24
LTE Band 5	Ant 1	23.5	24	22.5	24	24
LTE Band 66	Ant 1	17.1	17	15.2	20.9	24
LTE Band 4	Ant 1	17.1	17	15.2	20.9	24

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4.3 General 5G NR SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

	5G NR Information
	5G NR n2 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	5G NR n5 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	5G NR n7 : 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
Operating Frequency Range of each 5G	5G NR n66 : 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz
NR transmission band	5G NR n38 : 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz
	5G NR n41 : 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz
	5G NR n77 : 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz
	5G NR n78 : 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz
Channel Bandwidth	The detail please refers to section 4.1 5GNR FR1 bands table.
SCS	FDD/TDD: SCS15KHz, SCS30KHz
uplink modulations used	DFT-s-OFDM: PI/2 BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM
-	CP-OFDM: QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR	Yes
Testing?	
LTE Anchor Bands for n2	LTE B66
LTE Anchor Bands for n5	LTE B7
LTE Anchor Bands for n7	LTE B2/5/66
LTE Anchor Bands for n66	LTE B2/5/7
LTE Anchor Bands for n77	LTE B41
LTE Anchor Bands for n78	LTE B2/4/5/7/38/41/66

					Transi	mission (l	H, M, L) cl	nannel nu	ımbers	and freq	uenci	ies in ea	ch 5G Ni	R band			
								NR Ba	and 2 S	CS15KHz	<u> </u>						
	Bandv 5Ml		В	Bandw 10Mł		Band 15N	width /IHz	Bandv 20M		Band ^ı 25M			andwidth 30MHz	Band 40N		Band\ 50M	
	Ch. #	(MHz) (MHz)		Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fred (MH		# Fred (MH	· ('n #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)			
L	370500	1852.5	371	1000	1855	371500	1857.5	372000	1860	372500	1862	2.5 3730	000 186	5 374000	1870	375000	1875
M	376000	1880	376	0000	1880	376000	1880	376000	1880	376000	188	3760	000 188	0 376000	1880	376000	1880
Н	381500	1907.5	381	1000	1905	380500	1902.5	380000	1900	379500	1897	7.5 3790	000 189	5 378000	1890	377000	1885
								NR Ba	and 2 S	CS30KHz							
	Bandwid	dth 10M	1Hz		Bandw 15Mh		Bandwidt	h 20MHz		ndwidth 25MHz	В	Bandwidth	n 30MHz	Bandwidth	40MHz	Bandy 50M	
	Ch. #	Fre (MF		CI	h. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	£ Ch.	#	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37100	71000 1855 371500 1857.5 372000 1860 3		37250	0 1862	2.5	373000	1865	374000	1870	375000	1875					
M	376000	376000 1880 376000 1880 376000 1880 37		37600	0 188	0	376000	1880	376000	1880	376000	1880					
Н	38100) 190)5	380	0500	1902.5	380000	1900	37950	0 1897	'.5	379000	1895	378000	1890	377000	1885

					N	R Band 5 S	CS15KHz					
	Band	width 5MHz	Band	dwidth 10MH	lz	Bandv	vidth 15MHz	Bandv	vidth 20MH	z	Band	width 25MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (M	ИHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (M	lHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	165300	826.5	165800	829		166300	831.5	166800	834			
M	167300	836.5	167300	836.	5	167300	836.5	167300	836.	5	16730	0 836.5
Н	169300	846.5	168800	844		168300	841.5	167800	839			
						R Band 5 S0	CS15KHz					
	Ba	andwidth 10MHz		Band	width 1	5MHz	Ban	dwidth 20MF	łz	Bandwid		h 25MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MI	Hz)	Ch. #	Fi	req. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq.	(MHz)	С	h. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	165800 829			166300		831.5	166800	83	34			
M	M 167300 836.5			167300		836.5	167300	836.5		16	7300	836.5
Н	H 168800 844			168300		841.5	167800	839				

	11 100000 044			- 1	00000		ט.ו די	10	77 000		000					
							NR	Band 7 S	CS15KH	7						
	Band 5M		Band 10N	width 1Hz		dwidth iMHz	Band	dwidth MHz	Band 25N	width	Bandy 30M			dwidth MHz	- 1	dwidth MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz	(:h #	Freq. (MHz)
L	500500	2502.5	501000	2505	501500	2507.5	502000	2510	502500	2512.5	503000	2515	504000	2520	505000	2525
M	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535
Н	513500	2567.5	513000	2565	512500	2562.5	512000	2560	511500	2557.5	511000	2555	510000	2550	509000	2545
	NR Band 7 SCS30KHz															
	Bandwidth 10MHz Bandwidth 15MHz Bandwidth 20							Bandwid	th 25MHz	z Bandv	width 30MHz Band		ndwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth	1 50MHz
	Ch # Fred		. Ch	" Fi			Freq.	Ch #	Freq. Ch.		" Freq.		h #	Freq.	Ch#	Freq.

						NR	Band 7 S	CS30KHz		NR Band 7 SCS30KHz Bandwidth 10MHz Bandwidth 15MHz Bandwidth 20MHz Bandwidth 25MHz Bandwidth 30MHz Bandwidth 40MHz Bandwidth 50MHz													
	Bandwidt	h 10MHz	Bandwidt	h 15MHz	Bandwidt	h 20MHz	Bandwidt	h 25MHz	Bandwidt	h 30MHz	Bandwidt	h 40MHz	Bandwidt	h 50MHz									
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)																	
I	501000	2505	501500	2507.5	502000	2510	502500	2512.5	503000	2515	504000	2520	505000	2525									
١	1 507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535									
ŀ	1 513000	2565	512500	2562.5	512000	2560	511500	2557.5	511000	2555	510000	2550	509000	2545									

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						NR Ba	nd 66 S	CS15KHz						
	Band [,] 5M		Bandv 10M		Bandwi 15MF			ndwidth DMHz		dwidth MHz	Band 30N			ndwidth 0MHz
I	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	(:h #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	342500			1715	343500			1720	344500	1722.5	345000	1725	34600	0 1730
M	349000			1745	349000 1745		349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745	34900	0 1745
Н	355500 1777.5 355000 17		1775	354500 ′	1772.5	354000	1770	353500	1767.5	353000	1765	35200	0 1760	
						NR Ba	nd 66 S	CS30KHz						
		dwidth MHz		ndwidth 5MHz		andwidt 20MHz			dwidth MHz		andwidth 30MHz			width ∕IHz
	Ch. # Freq. (MI) Ch. #	Freq. (MHz	u u n π		req. ИНz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fre (MH		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	343000	1715	34350	0 1717.	5 344000) 1	720	344500	1722.5	34500	0 172	25 3	46000	1730
M	349000	1745	34900	0 1745	349000) 1	745	349000	1745	34900	0 174	45 3	49000	1745
Н	355000	1775	35450	0 1772.	5 354000) 1	770	353500	1767.5	35300	0 176	35 3	52000	1760

	NR Band 38 SCS15KHz													
						N	R Band 38	3 SCS15K	Hz					
	Bandwid	th5MHz	Bandwid	dth10MHz	Bandwi	dth 15MHz	Bandwid	lth20MHz	Bandwidt	h25MHz	Bandwid	th 30MHz	Bandwidt	th 40MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	514500	2572.5	515004	2575.02	515502	2 2577.5	1 516000	2580	516504	2582.52	517002	2585.01	518004	2590.02
M	519000				519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595
Н	523500 2617.5 522996 2614.98 52					3 2612.49	522000	2610	521496	2607.48	520998	2604.99	519996	2599.98
						N	R Band 38	SCS30K	Hz					
	Bandwi	dth10MH	z Ba	ndwidth 15	MHz	Bandwidt	n20MHz	Bandwi	idth25MHz	Bar	ndwidth 30	MHz	Bandwidth	40MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		7 7 7	Freq. MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz	u u n		req. MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	515004	2575.0	2 51	5502 25	77.51	516000	2580	516504	2582.5	52 5170	002 25	85.01	518004	2590.02
М	519000	2595	51	9000 2	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595	5190	000 2	2595	519000	2595
Н	522996	2614.9	8 52:	2498 26	12.49	522000	2610	521496	2607.4	18 5209	998 26	04.99	519996	2599.98

						NR Ban	d 41 SCS15Kł	lz				
		dwidth MHz	Bandwid	Ith 15MHz	Bandwid	th 20MHz	Bandwid	th 30MHz	Bandwid	Ith 40MHz	Bandwid	ith 50MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	500202	2501.01	500700	2503.5	501204	2506.02	502200	2511	503202	2516.01	504204	2521.02
М	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99
Н	537000	2685	536496	2682.48	535998	2679.99	534996	2674.98	534000	2670	532998	2664.99

											NR Band	41 SCS30)KHz									
		lwidth MHz		lwidth ИНz		lwidth ИНz	Bandwid	th 30MHz		lwidth ИНz	Bandwid	th 50MHz	Bandwid	th 60MHz	Bandwidt	th 70MHz		lwidth ИНz		lwidth ∕IHz		dwidth MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	500202	2501.01	500700	2503.5	501204	2506.02	502200	2511	503202	2516.01	504204	2521.02	505200	2526	500202	2501.01	507204	2536.02	508200	2541	509202	2546.01
M	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99
Н	537000	2685	536496	2682.48	535998	2679.99	534996	2674.98	534000	2670	532998	2664.99	531996	2659.98	531000	2655	529998	2649.99	528996	2644.98	528000	2640

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						NR Band 77 SC	S15KHz					
	Bandv 10M			dwidth MHz		dwidth MHz		dwidth MHz	Bandv 40N			dwidth MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	647000	3705	647168	3707.52	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01
M	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840.00	656000	3840	656000	3840
Н	665000	3975	664834	3972.52	664668	3970.02	664334	3965.01	664000	3960	663668	3955.02

										NR Ba	and 77 S	CS30KI	Hz									
	Bandy		Band			dwidth	Band		Bandy			width		lwidth	Bandy			lwidth		width	Bandv	
		ЛHz		ИHz	20	MHz	301	/IHZ	40N	1Hz	501	MHz	60	MHz		1Hz		MHz	901	MHz	1001	MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)								
L	647000	3705	647168	3707.52	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02	650000	3750
M	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840.00	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840
Н	665000	3975	664834	3972.52	664668	3970.02	664334	3965.01	664000	3960	663668	3955.02	663334	3950.01	663000	3945	662668	3940.02	662334	3935.01	662000	3930

					NR Ba	nd 78 SCS	15KHz					
	Bandwidt	h 10MHz	Bandwidt	h 15MHz	Bandwidt	th 20MHz	Bandwic	Ith 30MHz	Bandwidt	h 40MHz	Bandwidt	th 50MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	647000	3705	647168	3707.52	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01
М	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750.00	650000	3750	650000	3750
Н	653000	3795	652834	3792.51	652668	3790.02	652334	3785.01	652000	3780	651668	3775.02

										NR E	Band 78	SCS30k	(Hz									
	Bandy	width	Band	lwidth	Band	width	Band	lwidth	Band	width	Band	width	Band	width	Bandv	vidth	Band	lwidth	Band	width	Bandv	vidth
	10M			ИHz	201	ЛHz	30	MHz	40M		501	1Hz	601		70M	Hz	80	MHz	901	ЛHz	100N	ИHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)								
L	647000	3705	647168	3707.52	647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02		
N	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750.00	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750
Н	653000	3795	652834	3792.51	652668	3790.02	652334	3785.01	652000	3780	651668	3775.02	651334	3770.01	651000	3765	650668	3760.02	650334	3755.01		

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<For NR Overlap Bands Description>

1) NR Bands BW

Band	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	25 MHz	30 MHz	40 MHz	50 MHz	60 MHz	70 MHz	80 MHz	90 MHz	100 MHz
FR1 n78		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes							
FR1 n77		Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes							

2) NR Bands Tune up:

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2 Tune-up Limit	Body-worn ECI 3 Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6&Sensor off ECI 4 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77	Ant 2	24	24	23.2	23.5	24
5G NR n78	Ant 2	24	24	23.2	23.5	24

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2 Tune-up Limit	Body-worn ECI 3 Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77	Ant 4	19.6	18.4	13.8	18.2	24
5G NR n78	Ant 4	19.6	18.4	13.8	18.2	24

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2 Tune-up Limit	Body-worn ECI 3 Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77 HPUE	Ant 4	19.6	18.4	13.8	18.2	27
5G NR n78 HPUE	Ant 4	19.6	18.4	13.8	18.2	27

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2 Tune-up Limit	Body-worn ECI 3 Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77	Ant 7	17	16.5	15	20.1	24
5G NR n78	Ant 7	17	16.5	15	20.1	24

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2 Tune-up Limit	Body-worn ECI 3 Tune-up Limit	Hotspot ECI 7 Tune-up Limit	Extremity ECI 6 Tune-up Limit	Default Tune-up Limit
5G NR n77	Ant 8	20.5	19.8	18.5	23	23
5G NR n78	Ant 8	20.5	19.8	18.5	23	23

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5. TA-SAR feature for RF Exposure compliance

WWAN bands and mmWave are all enabled with MediaTek TA-SAR feature. This feature performs time averaging algorithm in real time to control and manage transmitting power and ensure the time-averaged RF exposure is in compliance with FCC requirements all the time. Note that WLAN operations are not enabled with TA-SAR feature.

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The FCC RF exposure limit is defined based on time-averaged RF exposure. The product implements MediaTek TA-SAR feature which controls the instantaneous transmitting power for WWAN transmitter to ensure the product in compliance with FCC RF exposure limit over a defined time window, for SAR (transmit frequency ≤ 6GHz). To control and manage transmitting power in real time and to ensure at all times the time-averaged RF exposure is compliant to the regulation requirement.

The purpose of this report (Part 1 test) is to demonstrate that the EUT meets FCC SAR limits when transmitting in static transmission scenario at maximum allowable time-averaged power levels.

The Plimit values correspond to SAR_design_target. The power will be fixed at the static reduce power level at different exposure conditions for RF exposure compliance. For the GSM (TDD) Plimit power levels in the table correspond to the burst average power levels which don't account for TX duty cycle.

This report describes the procedures for the SAR char generation, and the parameters obtained from SAR characterization (referred to as SAR char, respectively) will be used as input for TA-SAR algorithm. SAR char will be entered via the MediaTek's NV suggestion to enable the TA-SAR Feature.

<Terminologies in this report>

P _{limit}	The time-averaged RF power which corresponds to SAR_design_target.
P _{max}	Maximum target power level
SAR_design_target:	The design target for SAR compliance. It should be less than regulatory SAR limit to account for all device design related uncertainty.
SAR char	P _{limit} for all the technologies/bands for all applicable ECI

<SAR Characterization>

SAR char must be generated to cover all radio configurations and usage scenarios that the wireless device supports for operating at 6 GHz or below. It will then be used as input for TA-SAR to control and manage RF exposure for f < 6 GHz.

<SAR design target and uncertainty>

Item	Uncertainty dB (k=2)
Total uncertainty	1.5

To account for total uncertainty, SAR design target should be determined as: $SAR_design_target < SAR_{regulatory_limit} \times 10 \frac{-total\ uncertainty}{10}$

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The TA-SAR algorithm maintains the time-averaged transmit power, in turn, time-averaged RF exposure of SAR_design_target, below the predefined time-averaged power limit, for each characterized technology and band.

TA-SAR allows the device to transmit at higher power instantaneously, as high as Pmax, when needed, but enforces power limiting to maintain time-averaged transmit power to Plimit.

<Plimit for supported technologies and bands>

Band	Antenna	Head ECI 2	Body-Worn ECI 3	Hotspot ECI 7	Extremity ECI 6	Sensor off ECI 4	Pmax*
GSM850	Ant 0	31.6	21.5	21.5	25.0	25.5	25.5
GSM1900	Ant 0	29	19	16.0	19.0	22.5	22.5
WCDMA II	Ant 0	29.4	18.3	15.3	18.5	23.0	23.0
WCDMA II	Ant 1	15.7	15.4	13.6	19.0	23.5	23.5
WCDMA IV	Ant 0	31	18.9	17.5	20.4	23.0	23.0
WCDMA IV	Ant 1	17.6	16.9	15.1	20.1	24.0	24.0
WCDMA V	Ant 0	30.3	23.5	23.5	26.9	23.0	23.0
WCDMA V	Ant 1	23	23.0	21.5	23.0	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 2	Ant 0	30.6	18.8	15.7	18.1	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 2	Ant 1	17	16.4	14.6	20.4	22.0	22.0
LTE Band 66(4)	Ant 0	32.3	19.1	16.7	20.6	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 66(4) Other PA	Ant 0	32.3	19.1	16.7	20.6	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 66(4)	Ant 1	16.1	16.0	14.2	19.9	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 66(4) Other PA	Ant 1	16.1	16.0	14.2	19.9	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 26(5)	Ant 0	31	23.0	23.0	26.2	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 26(5)	Ant 1	22.5	23.0	21.5	23.0	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 7	Ant 0	31.9	18.9	17.0	22.5	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 7 Other PA	Ant 0	31.9	18.9	17.0	22.5	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 7	Ant 1	17.2	18.2	15.7	18.7	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 7 Other PA	Ant 1	17.2	18.2	15.7	18.7	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 12(17)	Ant 0	34.1	27.0	27.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 12(17)	Ant 1	23.6	20.9	19.8	24.1	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 13	Ant 0	31.3	23.8	23.8	23.0	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 13	Ant 1	22.5	22.5	21.5	25.7	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 38	Ant 0	31.3	18.4	17.4	22.2	21.0	21.0
LTE Band 38 Other PA	Ant 0	22	17.5	16.5	21.0	22.0	22.0
LTE Band 38	Ant 1	17.3	18.0	16.5	19.2	21.0	21.0
LTE Band 38 Other PA	Ant 1	17.5	18.0	16.5	19.0	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 41	Ant 0	31.6	20.1	19.1	25.3	22.4	21.0
LTE Band 41 Other PA	Ant 0	22	19.0	18.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
LTE Band 41 HPUE	Ant 0	31.6	20.1	19.1	25.3	22.4	22.4
LTE Band 41	Ant 1	18.3	18.6	16.1	21.4	21.4	20.0
LTE Band 41 Other PA	Ant 1	18.5	18.6	16.0	21.5	23.0	23.0
LTE Band 41 HPUE	Ant 1	18.3	18.6	16.1	21.4	21.4	21.4
LTE Band 42	Ant 2	29.8	24.4	21.2	21.8	21.0	21.0
LTE Band 42	Ant 4	17.6	16.4	14.2	19.4	21.0	21.0
LTE Band 42	Ant 7	14.7	16.8	12.3	17.8	21.0	21.0
LTE Band 42	Ant 8	15.2	16.3	14.8	20.0	20.0	20.0
FR1 n2	Ant 0	31.5	20.8	17.1	20.7	22.5	22.5
FR1 n2	Ant 1	17.5	17.3	15.0	20.4	22.0	22.0
FR1 n5	Ant 0	31.5	23.4	23.4	23.0	23.0	23.0
FR1 n5	Ant 1	21.7	23.0	20.5	23.0	23.0	23.0
FR1 n7	Ant 0	33.4	17.0	14.9	21.0	23.0	23.0
FR1 n7 Other PA	Ant 0	33.4	17.0	14.9	21.0	23.0	23.0
FR1 n7	Ant 1	17.5	17.6	15.6	18.5	23.0	23.0
FR1 n7 Other PA	Ant 1	17.5	17.6	15.6	18.5	23.0	23.0
FR1 n66	Ant 0	32.5	18.7	16.8	20.4	23.0	23.0

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FR1 n66	Ant 1	16.2	15.4	13.7	19.0	23.0	23.0	
FR1 n38	Ant 0	32	17.9	16.4	22.3	23.0	23.0	
FR1 n38	Ant 1	19	18.6	16.2	20.1	23.0	23.0	ĺ
FR1 n38	Ant 2	30.9	23.6	22.5	23.3	23.0	23.0	
FR1 n38	Ant 6	21.5	19.5	14.5	19.0	19.0	23.0	
FR1 n41	Ant 0	32.5	19.1	17.0	23.3	23.0	23.0	ĺ
FR1 n41	Ant 1	19.4	18.1	15.9	19.2	23.0	23.0	ĺ
FR1 n77(n78)	Ant 2	29.3	23.0	22.2	22.5	22.5	23.0	
FR1 n77(n78)	Ant 4	18.6	17.4	12.8	17.2	26.0	23.0	ĺ
FR1 n77(n78)-HPUE	Ant 4	18.6	17.4	12.8	17.2	26.0	26.0	
FR1 n77(n78)	Ant 7	16	15.5	14.0	19.1	23.0	23.0	
FR1 n77(n78)	Ant 8	19.5	18.8	17.5	25.3	22.0	22.0	

Note: 1) $^*P_{max}$ is used for RF tune up procedure. The maximum allowed output power is equal to Pmax + 1.0 dB device uncertainty.

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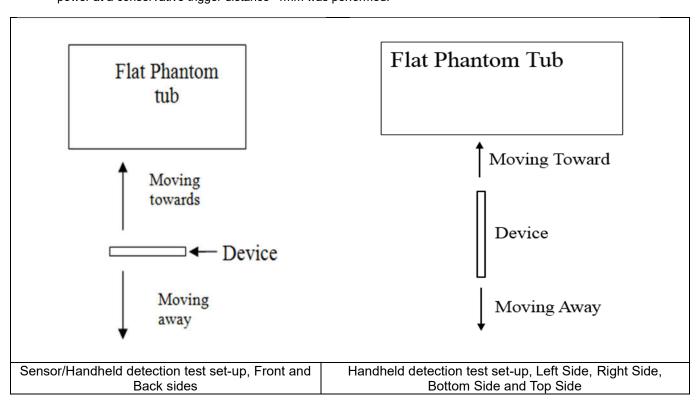
²⁾ All P_{limit} power levels entered in the Table correspond to average power levels after accounting for duty cycle in the case TDD modulation schemes (for e.g., GSM & LTE TDD & NR TDD).

³⁾ The max allowed output power is the Plimit + 1.0 dB device uncertainty, and if Plimit is higher than Pmax, the device output power will be Pmax instead.

6. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

<Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance>:

- Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (5850MHz) and lowest (835MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
- 2. Capacitive proximity sensors placed coincident with antenna elements at the top and bottom ends of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body at the front or back of the device.
- 3. The output power will reduce to body worn power level when top and bottom sensor pad be detected.
- 4. The sensors used to detect the proximity of the user's body at the front or back surface of the device use a detection threshold distance. The data shown in the sections below shows the distance(s). When front or back body worn condition is detected reduced power will be active.
- 5. The device employs proximity sensors also can detect the presence of the user's a finger or hand when handheld state at the front/back/top/bottom/left/right sides of the device. When front/back/top/bottom/left/right sides of handheld condition is detected reduced power will be active.
- 6. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance -1mm was performed:



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<P-Sensor>

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Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Docition	Fro	ont	Back			
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away		
Minimum	16	18	24	25		

<Handheld for ANT 0>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)							
Position	Front		Ba	ick	Bottom Side		
POSITION	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	
Minimum	8	9	13	14	22	24	

< Handheld for ANT1&4>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
	Fro	ont	Ва	ck	Left	Side	Тор	Side
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	9	9	19	20	11	12	15	15

<Handheld for ANT3&5&7&8>

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
	Fro	ont	Ва	ıck	Right	Side	Тор	Side
Position	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	9	10	12	13	8	9	14	15

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7. RF Exposure Limits

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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8. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

8.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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8.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

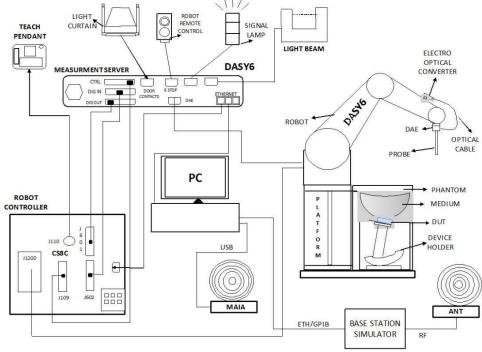
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

9. System Description and Setup

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 or Win10 and the DASY5 or DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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9.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz - >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz - 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g	
Dynamic Range	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	
Dimensions	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)	
Dimensions	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers:	
	1 mm	



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9.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above $80~\mathrm{dB}$.



Photo of DAE

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9.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

TOAIN I WIII I HUIICOIII		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	700
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices or for evaluating transmitters operating at low frequencies. ELI is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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9.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band (e)
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan (b)
- Zoom scan (c)
- Power drift measurement

10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid (d)
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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10.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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10.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one

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10.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n\text{-}1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

10.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

10.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

11. Test Equipment List

Manufacture	Name of Emiliary	To your (All and ad	Carial Name	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2022/2/24	2025/2/23
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	2022/8/19	2023/8/18
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2022/2/24	2025/2/23
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	2022/3/30	2025/3/29
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	1040	2023/4/25	2024/4/24
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2020/11/26	2023/11/24
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1037	2020/11/25	2023/11/23
SPEAG	3700MHz System Validation Kit	D3700V2	1008	2020/11/25	2023/11/23
SPEAG	3900MHz System Validation Kit	D3900V2	1048	2023/3/9	2024/3/8
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2022/9/23	2023/9/22
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1358	2023/2/21	2024/2/20
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7706	2023/1/26	2024/1/25
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2024	NCR	NCR
CHIGO	Thermo-Hygrometer	HTC-1	55012	2023/1/8	2024/1/7
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6262306175	2022/7/14	2023/7/13
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6262306175	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2022/9/2	2023/9/1
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1144	2022/8/15	2023/8/14
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2023/1/5	2024/1/4
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2022/7/14	2023/7/13
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2022/7/14	2023/7/13
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2023/7/5	2024/7/4
R&S	BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2023/5/15	2024/5/14
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2022/10/12	2023/10/11
TES	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	1310	220305411	2023/1/8	2024/1/7
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	No	te 1

Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check
- 2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- 3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

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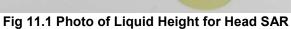
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12. System Verification

12.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.







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Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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12.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired

target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)			
	For Head										
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9			
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5			
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0			
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2			
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0			

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)		Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)			Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.7	0.925	42.4	0.89	41.90	3.93	1.19	±5	2023/6/19
835	Head	22.8	0.915	41.3	0.90	41.50	1.67	-0.48	±5	2023/6/20
1750	Head	22.7	1.38	40.2	1.37	40.10	0.73	0.25	±5	2023/6/21
1900	Head	22.9	1.45	39.9	1.40	40.00	3.57	-0.25	±5	2023/6/22
2450	Head	22.6	1.85	39.1	1.80	39.20	2.78	-0.26	±5	2023/6/23
2600	Head	22.6	1.93	39.0	1.96	39.00	-1.53	0.00	±5	2023/6/24
3500	Head	22.9	2.80	39.0	2.91	37.90	-3.78	2.90	±5	2023/6/26
3700	Head	22.7	2.98	38.6	3.12	37.70	-4.49	2.39	±5	2023/6/27
3900	Head	22.9	3.28	37.6	3.32	37.50	-1.20	0.27	±5	2023/6/28
5250	Head	22.9	4.56	35.0	4.71	35.90	-3.18	-2.51	±5	2023/6/29
5600	Head	22.9	4.95	34.4	5.07	35.50	-2.37	-3.10	±5	2023/6/30
5750	Head	22.9	5.12	34.1	5.22	35.40	-1.92	-3.67	±5	2023/7/1
750	Head	22.7	0.926	42.4	0.89	41.90	4.04	1.19	±5	2023/7/2
835	Head	22.8	0.934	41.2	0.90	41.50	3.78	-0.72	±5	2023/7/4
1750	Head	22.7	1.38	40.3	1.37	40.10	0.73	0.50	±5	2023/7/6
1900	Head	22.9	1.45	40.0	1.40	40.00	3.57	0.00	±5	2023/7/8
2450	Head	22.6	1.86	38.5	1.80	39.20	3.33	-1.79	±5	2023/7/10
2600	Head	22.6	1.94	39.1	1.96	39.00	-1.02	0.26	±5	2023/7/12
3500	Head	22.9	2.81	39.0	2.91	37.90	-3.44	2.90	±5	2023/7/14
3700	Head	22.9	2.99	38.7	3.12	37.70	-4.17	2.65	±5	2023/7/15
3900	Head	22.9	3.25	37.8	3.32	37.50	-2.11	0.80	±5	2023/7/16
5250	Head	22.9	4.73	36.0	4.71	35.90	0.42	0.28	±5	2023/7/18
5600	Head	22.9	5.15	35.3	5.07	35.50	1.58	-0.56	±5	2023/7/19
5750	Head	22.9	5.32	35.0	5.22	35.40	1.92	-1.13	±5	2023/7/19
2600	Head	22.9	1.95	39.1	1.96	39.00	-0.51	0.26	±5	2023/8/3
835	Head	22.6	0.911	41.9	0.90	41.50	1.22	0.96	±5	2023/8/4

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12.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1q SAR>

<1g SAR>	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR	IS SAIL	Normalized 1g SAR	Deviation (%)
			(mW)				(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
2023/6/19	750	Head	50	1087	7706	1358	0.436	8.58	8.72	1.63
2023/6/20	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	1358	0.500	9.45	10	5.82
2023/6/21	1750	Head	50	1090	7706	1358	1.88	37.00	37.6	1.62
2023/6/22	1900	Head	50	5d118	7706	1358	2.08	39.30	41.6	5.85
2023/6/23	2450	Head	50	1040	7706	1358	2.68	52.70	53.6	1.71
2023/6/24	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	1358	2.69	56.60	53.8	-4.95
2023/6/26	3500	Head	50	1037	7706	1358	3.25	68.00	65	-4.41
2023/6/27	3700	Head	50	1008	7706	1358	3.31	67.60	66.2	-2.07
2023/6/28	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	1358	3.25	69.10	65	-5.93
2023/6/29	5250	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	3.82	81.50	76.4	-6.26
2023/6/30	5600	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	3.97	82.60	79.4	-3.87
2023/7/1	5750	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	3.82	80.80	76.4	-5.45
2023/7/2	750	Head	50	1087	7706	1358	0.437	8.58	8.74	1.86
2023/7/4	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	1358	0.501	9.45	10.02	6.03
2023/7/6	1750	Head	50	1090	7706	1358	1.89	37.00	37.8	2.16
2023/7/8	1900	Head	50	5d118	7706	1358	2.04	39.30	40.8	3.82
2023/7/10	2450	Head	50	1040	7706	1358	2.66	52.70	53.2	0.95
2023/7/12	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	1358	2.73	56.60	54.6	-3.53
2023/7/14	3500	Head	50	1037	7706	1358	3.17	68.00	63.4	-6.76
2023/7/15	3700	Head	50	1008	7706	1358	3.31	67.60	66.2	-2.07
2023/7/16	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	1358	3.27	69.10	65.4	-5.35
2023/7/18	5250	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	3.85	81.50	77	-5.52
2023/7/19	5600	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	4.15	82.60	83	0.48
2023/7/19	5750	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	3.76	80.80	75.2	-6.93
2023/8/3	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	1358	2.66	56.60	53.2	-6.01
2023/8/4	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	1358	0.472	9.45	9.44	-0.11

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<10q	SAR>
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Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2023/6/19	750	Head	50	1087	7706	1358	0.284	5.65	5.68	0.53
2023/6/20	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	1358	0.323	6.22	6.46	3.86
2023/6/21	1750	Head	50	1090	7706	1358	0.988	19.50	19.76	1.33
2023/6/22	1900	Head	50	5d118	7706	1358	1.07	20.40	21.4	4.90
2023/6/23	2450	Head	50	1040	7706	1358	1.24	24.60	24.8	0.81
2023/6/24	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	1358	1.18	25.10	23.6	-5.98
2023/6/26	3500	Head	50	1037	7706	1358	1.20	25.40	24	-5.51
2023/6/27	3700	Head	50	1008	7706	1358	1.21	24.40	24.2	-0.82
2023/6/28	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	1358	1.16	24.10	23.2	-3.73
2023/6/29	5250	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	1.09	23.30	21.8	-6.44
2023/6/30	5600	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	1.12	23.70	22.4	-5.49
2023/7/1	5750	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	1.09	23.00	21.8	-5.22
2023/7/2	750	Head	50	1087	7706	1358	0.284	5.65	5.68	0.53
2023/7/4	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	1358	0.330	6.22	6.6	6.11
2023/7/6	1750	Head	50	1090	7706	1358	0.990	19.50	19.8	1.54
2023/7/8	1900	Head	50	5d118	7706	1358	1.05	20.40	21	2.94
2023/7/10	2450	Head	50	1040	7706	1358	1.23	24.60	24.6	0.00
2023/7/12	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	1358	1.19	25.10	23.8	-5.18
2023/7/14	3500	Head	50	1037	7706	1358	1.20	25.40	24	-5.51
2023/7/15	3700	Head	50	1008	7706	1358	1.22	24.40	24.4	0.00
2023/7/16	3900	Head	50	1048	7706	1358	1.14	24.10	22.8	-5.39
2023/7/18	5250	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	1.09	23.30	21.8	-6.44
2023/7/19	5600	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	1.17	23.70	23.4	-1.27
2023/7/19	5750	Head	50	1113	7706	1358	1.09	23.00	21.8	-5.22
2023/8/3	2600	Head	50	1061	7706	1358	1.20	25.10	24	-4.38
2023/8/4	835	Head	50	4d091	7706	1358	0.306	6.22	6.12	-1.61

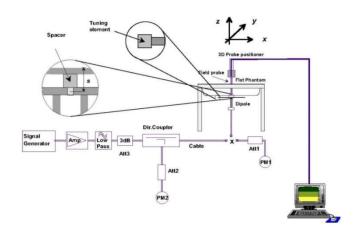


Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

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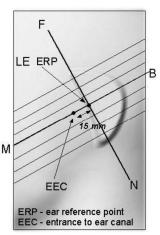
13. RF Exposure Positions

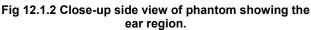
13.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom





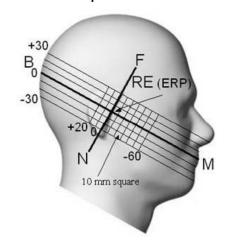


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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13.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

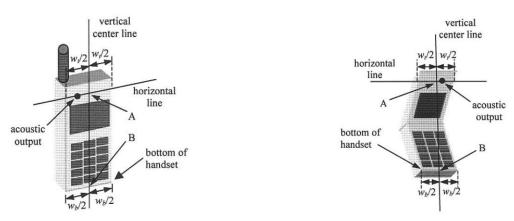


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

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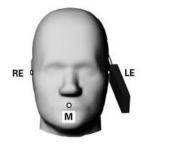


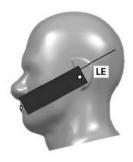
Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

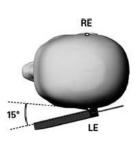
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13.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point







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Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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13.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 11.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

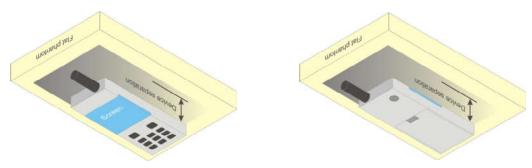


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

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13.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, that can provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets and support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

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- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

13.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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14. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- 3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

< WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements. b.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode. iii.
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 X.
 - Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

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SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

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Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc	βd	β _d (SF)	β₀/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 30/15 with β _{Is} = 30/15 * β _c.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

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SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test ii. in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
 vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	β _d (SF)	β⊲/β⊲	Внs (Note1)	Вес	β _{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	(dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-		5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hx} = 30/15 * β_c . For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.
- CM = 1 for β_d/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- For subtest 1 the β_d/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by Note 3:
- setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$. Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to
- Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5:
- For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly Note 6: smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

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DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) iii.
 - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: β_c/β_d=12/15
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Informat	ion Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary C	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Av	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding F	Rate		0.15
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulati	on		QPSK
Note 1: Note 2:	The RMC is intended to be use mode and both cells shall tran- parameters as listed in the tab Maximum number of transmiss retransmission is not allowed. constellation version 0 shall be	smit with ident le. sion is limited t The redundar	ical o 1, i.e.,

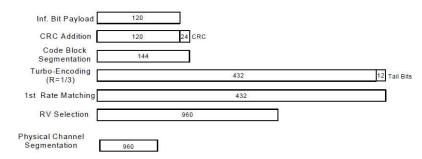
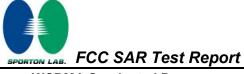


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK) **Setup Configuration**

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

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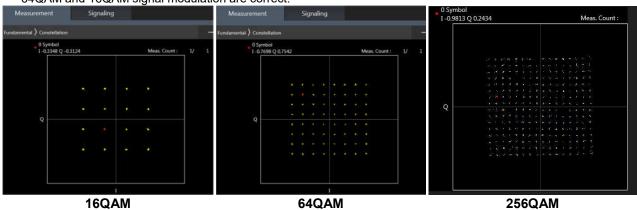
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<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

- 1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. LTE B4 / B5 / B17 SAR test was covered by B66 / B26 / B12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
- 10. According to May 2017 TCB workshop, for 16QAM and 64QAM, 256QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 256QAM, 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



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<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

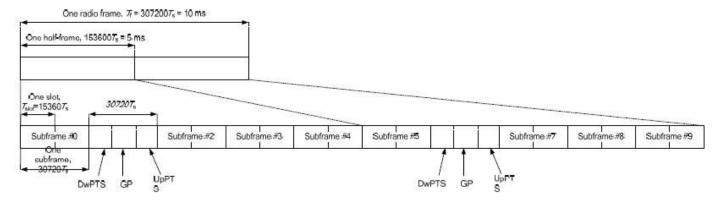


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Subframe number										
configuration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe	Norma	al cyclic prefix i	n downlink	Exte	ended cyclic prefix	in downlink		
configuration	DWPTS	Up	PTS	DWPTS	UpPTS			
2004 2004		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		
0	6592 · T _s	338 0	4353	7680 · T _s				
1	19760 · T _s			20480 · T _s	2102 T	2560 · T _s		
2	21952 · T _s	2192 · T _s	$2560 \cdot T_s$	23040 · T _s	2192 · T _s	2300-1		
3	24144 · T _s		500	25600 · T _s	1			
4	26336·T _s		8	7680 · T _s				
5	6592 · T _s		3	20480 · T _s	4294 T	5120 T		
6	19760 · T _s			23040 · T _s	4384 · T _s	5120 · T _s		
7	21952 · T _s	4384 · T _s	5120 · T _s	12800 · T _s	1			
8	24144 · T _s		8	650	Б			
9	13168 · T _s		3	(=8)	=	=		

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Special subframe (30720⋅T₅): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)							
Special subframe Normal cyclic prefix in Extended cyclic prefix in configuration uplink uplink							
Uplink duty factor in one	0~4	7.13%	8.33%				
special subframe	5~9	14.3%	16.7%				

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Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)								
Special subframe Normal cyclic prefix in Extended cyclic prefix in configuration uplink uplink								
Uplink duty factor in one	Uplink duty factor in one 0~3 7.13% 8.33%							
special subframe	4~7	14.3%	16.7%					

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

For LTE TDD Power class 2

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 1. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 2 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (2+0.167)/5 = 43.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (2+0.143)/5 = 42.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 43.3%/42.9% = 1.009 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

For LTE TDD Power class 3

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.167)/5 = 63.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.143)/5 = 62.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

The device can adjust uplink/downlink configuration automatically according to the transmitting power class level, as followings:

LTE TDD Band	Power Class level	support uplink/downlink configuration
	> 23	1,2,3,4,5
LTE Band 41	=23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6
	< 23	0,1,2,3,4,5,6

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<LTE Carrier Aggregation>

General Note:

- 1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink for inter and intra band. For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.
- In applying the existing power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only
 the subset with the largest number of combinations of frequency bands and CCs in each row need combination,
 and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.
- 3. The gray color table is covered by other combinations and no need to verify power

20	CC Downlink (Carrier Agg	regation		3CC Downlink Ca	rrier Aggre	gation		4CC Downlink Carri	er Aggrega	tion
Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Covered by Measurement Superset
1	CA_2A-2A	2A		1	CA_2A-4A-5A	2A-4A		1	CA_2A-4A-7C	2A-4A-7A	
2	CA_2A-4A	2A	3CC-1	2	CA_2A-4A-7A	2A-4A-7A		2	CA_5A-7A-66A-66A	7A	
3	CA_2A-5A	2A	3CC-1	3	CA_2A-7A-66A	2A-7A		3	CA_5A-7C-66A	7A	
4	CA_2A-66A	2A	3CC-3	4	CA_2A-7A-7A	2A-7A		4	CA_7C-66A-66A	7A	
5	CA_2A-7A	2A-7A	3CC-2	5	CA_2A-7C	2A-7A	4CC-1	5	CA_41A-41A-41C	41A	
6	CA_2C	2A		6	CA_4A-7C	4A-7A	4CC-1	6	CA_41A-41D	41A	
7	CA_2A-26A	2A		7	CA_5A-66A-66A			7	CA_41C-41C	41A	
8	CA_4A-4A	4A		8	CA_5A-7A-66A	7A		8	CA_41C-42C	41A-42A	
9	CA_4A-5A	4A	3CC-1	9	CA_5A-7C	7A	4CC-3	9	CA_41E	41A	
10	CA_4A-7A	4A-7A	3CC-2	10	CA_7A-26A-66A	7A		10	CA_42E	42A	
11	CA_5A-38A	38A		11	CA_7A-66A-66A	7A	4CC-2	11			
12	CA_5A-41A	41A		12	CA_41A-41A-41A	41A		12			
13	CA_5A-66A		3CC-7	13	CA_41A-41C	41A	4CC-5	13			
14	CA_5A-7A	7A	3CC-8	14	CA_41A-42C	41A-42A		14			
15	CA_7A-26A	7A	3CC-10	15	CA_41C-42A	41A-42A		15			
16	CA_7A-42A	7A-42A		16	CA_41D	41A	4CC-6	16			
17	CA_7A-66A	7A	3CC-8	17	CA_42D	42A		17			
18	CA_7A-7A	7A	3CC-4	18				18			
19	CA_7B	7A		19				19			
20	CA_7C	7A	3CC-5	20				20			
21	CA_38A-66A	38A		21				21			
22	CA_38C	38A		22				22			
23	CA_41A-41A	41A	3CC-13	23				23			
24	CA_41A-42A	41A-42A		24				24			
25	CA_41C	41A		25		_	_	25			_
26	CA_42A-42A	42A		26				26			
27	CA_42C	42A	3CC-15	27		_	_	27			_
28	CA_66A-66A		3CC-11	28				28			
29	CA_66B			29		_	_	29			_
30	CA_66C			30				30			

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LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)

- i. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.
- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. The device supports downlink four carrier aggregation. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- v. For inter-band CA, the SCC selected highest bandwidth and near the middle of its transmission band. For SCC DL RB size and offset will base on the PCC corresponding RB allocation.
- vi. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.
- vii. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

Nominal channel spacing =
$$\left[\frac{BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)} - 0.1 \left| BW_{Channel(1)} - BW_{Channel(2)} \right|}{0.6} \right] 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

LTE 4x4 MIMO (Downlink)

This device supports downlink 4x4 MIMO operations for LTE Band 2/4/7/38/41/42 only. Uplink transmission is limited to a single output stream. Power measurements were performed with downlink 4x4 MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with 4x4 downlink MIMO inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

Per FCC Guidance, SAR for downlink 4x4 MIMO was not needed since the maximum average output power in 4x4 downlink MIMO mode was not > 0.25 dB higher than the maximum output power with downlink 4x4 MIMO inactive. When carrier aggregation is applicable, power measurements were performed with the downlink carrier aggregation and 4x4 DL MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency hand

074.18110	Band
4X4 MIMO	LTE Band 2/4/7/38/41/42

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LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Uplink)

LTE Uplink CA	2CC Uplink Car	rrier Aggregation
Intra-band	Main Antenna Tx	ASDiv Tx
CA_7C	Ant 0	Ant 1
CA_38C	Ant 0	Ant 1
CA_41C	Ant 0	Ant 1
CA_42C	Ant 4	Ant 2/8/7
CA_66B	Ant 0	Ant 1
CA_66C	Ant 0	Ant 1

<Intra-band>

General Note:

- i. The device supports intra-band uplink carrier aggregation for LTE B7/38/41/42/66 with a maximum of two uplink component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre 3GPP requirement.
- ii. The device supports uplink carrier aggregation with a maximum of two uplink component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre the 3GPP requirement.
- iii. According Nov. 2017 TCB workshop, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- iv. Additional SAR measurement for LTE UL CA whit other DL CA combinations active were not required since the maximum output power for this configuration was not > 0.25dB higher than the maximum output power for UL CA active.

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<Inter-band uplink carrier aggregation consideration>

LTE Uplink CA	2CC Uplink Carrier A	ggregation
Inter-band	Main Antenna Tx	ASDiv Tx
CA_5A-7A	Ant 1 + Ant 0	Ant 0 + Ant 1
CA_4A-5A	Ant 0 + Ant 1	Ant 1 + Ant 0
CA_4A-7A	Ant 0 + Ant 1	Ant 1 + Ant 0
CA_2A-7A	Ant 1 + Ant 0	Ant 0 + Ant 1
CA_2A-66A	Ant 1 + Ant 0	Ant 0 + Ant 1
CA_5A-66A	Ant 0	Ant 1
CA_2A-4A	Ant 1 + Ant 0	Ant 0 + Ant 1

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General Note:

- The single carrier of inte-band CA uplink power level is the same as Non-CA standalone LTE power level.
- The product implements MediaTek TA-SAR feature which controls the instantaneous transmitting power for WWAN transmitter to ensure the product in compliance with FCC RF exposure limit over a defined time window, for SAR (transmit frequency ≤ 6GHz). To control and manage transmitting power in real time and to ensure at all times the time-averaged RF exposure is compliant to the regulation requirement.
- 3. MediaTek's TA-SAR algorithm controls the total RF exposure base on LTE inter CA bands to not exceed FCC limit. In Part 1 Report, simultaneous transmission compliance was evaluated with other Radios (WLAN or BT) using standalone LTE SAR mode.



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

5G NR Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:

- 1. 5G NR n2/n5/n7/n66/n41/n77/n78 is NSA mode.
- 2. 5G NR n2/n5/n7/n66/n38/n41/n77/n78 is SA mode.
- 3. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
 - For DFT-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-OFDM mode, therefore, similar FCC KDB 941225 D05 procedure for other modulation output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in DFT-s QPSK and the reported SAR for the DFT-s QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; CP-OFDM testing is not required.

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- For DFT-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, for 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will spot check largest channel bandwidth worst RB configuration to ensure the 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth.
- SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel
- 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
- QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested
- PI/2 BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, PI/2 BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
- Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
- 4. Due to test setup limitations, SAR testing for NR was performed using Factory Test Mode software to establish the connection and perform SAR with 100% transmission.
- NSA and SA mode should perform SAR separately. For the maximum power of NSA mode is the same as SA total power level, so SA SAR can represent NSA mode SAR.
- 5GNR NSA mode, the power level is the same as 5GNR SA mode, so 5GNR NSA mode and SA mode power table only show one time.
- 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
- For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is
- For 5GNR FDD/TDD supports SCS15KHz and SCS30KHz, after verification for 30KHz at FDD power level is less than 15KHz at FDD power level, also verification for 15KHz at TDD power level is less than 30KHz at TDD power level, so only show 15KHz at FDD power and 30KHz at TDD power, and chose higher power which is SCS15KHz for FDD bands and SCS30KHz for TDD bands to perform SAR testing.

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<3GPP 38.101 MPR for EN-DC>

Table 6.2.2-1 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 3

Modulation		MPR (dB)			
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations	
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 3.51	≤ 1.2¹	≤ 0.21	
		≤ 0.5 ²	≤ 0.5 ²	O ²	
	QPSK	≤1		0	
	16 QAM	≤2		≤1	
	64 QAM	≤2.5			
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5			
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤3		≤ 1.5	
	16 QAM	≤3		≤ 2	
	64 QAM	≤ 3.5			
	256 QAM	≤6.5			

26.5

NOTE 1: Applicable for UE operating in TDD mode with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability powerBoosting-pi/2BPSK and if the IE powerBoostPi2BPSK is set to 1 and 40 % or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79. The reference power of 0 dB MPR is 26 dBm.

NOTE 2: Applicable for UE operating in FDD mode, or in TDD mode in bands other than n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and if the IE powerBoostPi2BPSK is set to 0 and if more than 40 % of slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79.

Table 6.2.2-2 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 2

Modulation		MPR (dB)			
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations	
DFT-s- OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 0.5	0	
	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤1	0	
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 2	≤1	
	64 QAM	≤3.5	≤3.5 ≤2.5		
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5			
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 1.5	
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤2	
	64 QAM	≤ 3.5			
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5			

<EN-DC combination>

ENDO	Main Antenna Tx		ASDi	ASDiv Tx	
ENDC	LTE TX	NR TX	LTE TX	NR TX	
DC_7A_n5A	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 1	Ant 0	
DC_2A_n7A	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 1	Ant 0	
DC_5A_n7A	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 1	Ant 0	
DC_66A_n7A	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 1	Ant 0	
DC_2A_n66A	Ant 1	Ant 0	Ant 0	Ant 1	
DC_5A_n66A	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 1	Ant 0	
DC_7A_n66A	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 1	Ant 0	
DC_4A_n38A	Ant 1	Ant 0	Ant 0	Ant 1	
DC_66A_n38A	Ant 1	Ant 0	Ant 0	Ant 1	
DC_4A_n41A	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 1	Ant 0	
DC_41A_n77A	Ant 0	Ant 4	Ant 1	Ant 4	
DC_2A_n78A	Ant 0	Ant 4	Ant 1	Ant 4	
DC_4A_n78A	Ant 0	Ant 4	Ant 1	Ant 4	
DC_5A_n78A	Ant 0	Ant 4	Ant 1	Ant 4	
DC_7A_n78A	Ant 0	Ant 4	Ant 1	Ant 4	
DC_26A_n78A	Ant 0	Ant 4	Ant 1	Ant 4	
DC_38A_n78A	Ant 0	Ant 4	Ant 1	Ant 4	
DC_41A_n78A	Ant 0	Ant 4	Ant 1	Ant 4	
DC_66A_n78A	Ant 0	Ant 4	Ant 1	Ant 4	
DC_66A_n2A	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 1	Ant 0	

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<WLAN Conducted Power>

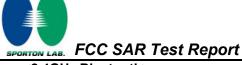
General Note:

The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b), 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration. Additional output power measurements were not necessary.

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- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
- For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is 4. specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. 802.11 ax supports both full tone size mode and partial tone size mode, after verification on partial tone size mode that partial size tone mode power will not be higher than full tone size mode, therefore, full tone mode power was chosen to be measured in this report.
- The 2.4GHz/5GHz/6GHz WLAN can transmit in SISO and MIMO antenna mode. 7
- SISO and MIMO all supported by WLAN2.4GHz/WLAN5GHz, for SISO mode power is less than per chain power of MIMO mode. For WLAN SISO & MIMO mode, the whole testing has assessed only MIMO mode by referring to their higher conducted power, so only chose MIMO mode to perform SAR testing. However, in order to do SISO simultaneous transmission, we tested the WLAN 2.4G SISO antenna 5.
- For the conducted power measurement is MIMO chains transmitting simultaneously and measured the separately 9. conducted power for both chains and then based on the conducted power of two antennas respectively to calculate sum of the power for MIMO mode.

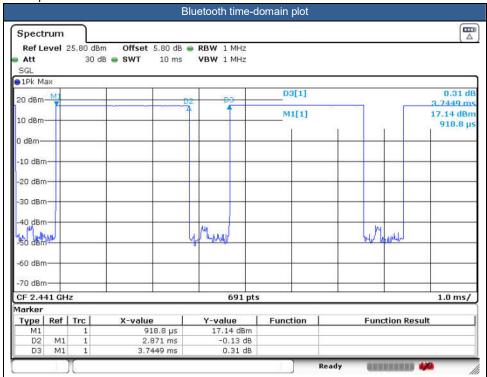
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<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

- 1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- 2. The Bluetooth duty cycle are 76.66% as following figure, Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation



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15. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

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16. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For SAR testing of Bluetooth signal with 83.3% theoretical duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle) *83.3%".
- d. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- e. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- f. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 3, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- g. For TDD LTE SAR measurement of power class 2, the duty cycle 1:2.33 (42.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 43.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 42.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 43.3%/42.9% = 1.009 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
- 4. The device implements the power management and proximity sensor /receiver detection/hotspot mode for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity) and the MediaTek TA-SAR will manage to ensure the power level not exceeding the associated power table. Details about the power management decision and sensor detection are provided in the operational description. And the device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to power table at appendix E.
- 5. For WLAN/BT when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head. For WLAN/BT when transmit simultaneous with WWAN and Proximity sensors trigger, power reduction will be activated to body-worn and Handheld
- 6. For some WWAN bands, sensor on power level is higher than hotspot power level, so front/back sensor on SAR can represent hotspot conservatively.
- 7. This device supports HPUE for LTE Band 41 with class 2 level, HPUE power has been measured separately. For HPUE power is higher than power class 3 but with lower duty cycle, the maximum average power for class 2 and class 3 is almost the same, so we chose power class 3 full SAR testing and power class 2 verify the worst case of power class 3 SAR.
- 8. 5GNR n77/n78 supports HPUE, HPUE power and SAR testing performed separately.
- 9. 5GNR n77/n78 HPUE with higher power, 5G NR n77/n78 HPUE SAR can represent power class 3 level SAR.
- 10. For 5GNR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
- 11. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power (for handheld on state, the maximum full power means reduced power), including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.
 - a. For this device SAR for WWAN/WLAN transmitter scaled to maximum output power mode for product specific 10g SAR is higher than 1.2W/kg of GSM850/1900, WCDMA Band II/IV, LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/26/66/38/41/42, 5GNR

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n2/n7/n66/n38/n41/n77/n78, WLAN2.4GHz, therefore product specific 10g SAR is necessary.

- b. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
- c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.

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- 12. Although the headset SAR is greater than 0.8 W/kg, the headset SAR verified the worst of the non-headset SAR and less than non-headset SAR, so there is no need to be tested other channels.
- 13. For Headset SAR and non-Headset SAR always chose higher SAR to do co-located analysis.
- 14. According to Nov. 2017 TCB workshop, when the reported SAR for UL CA configuration 1g SAR is <1.2 W/kg, UL CA SAR is not required for all required test channels (PCC based).
- 15. For the other PA of LTE B4/7/38/41/66 Ant0/1 test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) with default 100% duty cycle transmission to perform SAR testing.
- 16. LTE B4/7/38/41/66 Ant0/1 and 5GNR n7 Ant0/1 support different PAs for some antennas. And some LTE/NR bands support Other PA only under ENDC & UL CA. Some LTE/NR bands support different PAs for some antennas, Whether it is the maximum power of Main PA is higher than and very close to the other PA, for RF exposure, after verification all PAs in a same position, so the worst-case PA (Main PA) was chosen to perform full SAR testing to ensure the RF exposure is compliance and another PA (Other PA) verify the worst case.
- 17. For determination of the scaling factor for report SAR of MIMO mode, if the hot spots are separated the scaling factors are individually determined from each transmit chain. Further simplification chose the worse SAR value and the worst scaling factor from each transmit chain perform reported SAR calculation conservatively. If the hot spots are not spatially separated, the scaling factor is determined from the worst number of each transmit chain.

GSM Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- 2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

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LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 7. LTE B4 / B5 / B17 SAR test was covered by B66 / B26 / B12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is ≤ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

5G NR Note:

- 1. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
 - a. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
 - b. 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
 - QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
 - PI/2 BPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, PI/2 BPSK /16QAM/64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
 - e. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
 - For 5G FR1 n2/n5/n7/n38/n41/n66/n77 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

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WLAN/Bluetooth Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

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- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- 6. SISO and MIMO all supported by WLAN2.4GHz/WLAN5GHz, for SISO mode power is less than per chain power of MIMO mode. For WLAN SISO & MIMO mode, the whole testing has assessed only MIMO mode by referring to their higher conducted power, so only chose MIMO mode to perform SAR testing. However, in order to do SISO simultaneous transmission, we tested the WLAN 2.4G SISO antenna 5.
- For the conducted power measurement is MIMO chains transmitting simultaneously and measured the separately
 conducted power for both chains and then based on the conducted power of two antennas respectively to calculate sum of
 the power for MIMO mode.

ECI status description:

The device has the following ECI state which used at different exposure condition.

This WWAN bands enabled with MediaTek TA-SAR feature which located at chapter 5. The default power is Pmax power, When Plimit power higher than Pmax power, the output power will be limited at Pmax, and so the SAR will use Pmax power to do the testing.

Exposure Condition	ECI
Head SAR	ECI2
Body worn Mode SAR	ECI3
Hotspot Mode SAR	ECI7
Extremity(Handheld) SAR	ECI6
Sensor off SAR	ECI4

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