

5. RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

5.1 Applicable Standard

According to §1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(B)

Simultaneous Transmission with both SAR-based and MPE-Based Test Exemptions

This case is described in detail in § 1.1307(b)(3)(ii)(B) and covers the situations where both SAR-based and MPE-based exemption may be considered for test exemption in fixed, mobile, or portable device exposure conditions. For these cases, a device with multiple RF sources transmitting simultaneously will be considered an RF exempt device if the condition of Formula (1) is satisfied.

Table 1 to § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) - Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$.
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$.
30-300	$3.83 R^2$.
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2 f$.
1,500-100,000	$19.2 R^2$.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \leq 1 \quad (1)$$

Where:

a = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(B\)](#) of this section for P_{th} , including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

b = number of fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources claiming exemption using [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(C\)](#) of this section for Threshold ERP, including existing exempt transmitters and those being added.

c = number of existing fixed, mobile, or portable RF sources with known evaluation for the specified minimum distance including existing evaluated transmitters.

P_i = the available maximum time-averaged power or the ERP, whichever is greater, for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i at a distance between 0.5 cm and 40 cm (inclusive).

$P_{th,i}$ = the exemption threshold power (P_{th}) according to [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(B\)](#) of this section for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source i .

ERP_j = the ERP of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j .

$ERP_{th,j}$ = exemption threshold ERP for fixed, mobile, or portable RF source j , at a distance of at least $\lambda/2\pi$ according to the applicable formula of [paragraph \(b\)\(3\)\(i\)\(C\)](#) of this section.

$Evaluated_k$ = the maximum reported SAR or MPE of fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k either in the device or at the transmitter site from an existing evaluation at the location of exposure.

$Exposure\ Limit_k$ = either the general population/uncontrolled maximum permissible exposure (MPE) or specific absorption rate (SAR) limit for each fixed, mobile, or portable RF source k , as applicable from [§ 1.1310 of this chapter](#).

5.2 Measurement Result

Radio	Frequency (MHz)	$\lambda / 2$ Π (mm)	Distance (mm)	Exemption ERP (mW)	Maximum Conducted Power including Tune-up Tolerance (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	ERP	
							dBm	mW
WLAN	2412-2462	19.80	200	768	20	1.94	19.79	95.28
SRD	433.92	110.04	200	222	/	0.67	-12.29	0.06

Note:

1. For SRD chose the maximum power to do MPE analysis.

This device maximum E-Field level of SRD is 85.06 dB μ V/m at 3m, so the EIRP power is -10.14dBm.

Pout EIRP(dBm)=Field Strength of Fundamental(dBuV/m)-95.2

2. The Value of Maximum Conducted Power including Tune-up Tolerance was declared by the customer.

3. The WLAN and SRD can transmit simultaneously.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure Limit_k}$$

$$=ERP_{WLAN} / ERP_{th} + ERP_{SRD} / ERP_{th}$$

$$=95.28/768 + 0.06/222$$

$$=0.124$$

$$< 1.0$$

Result: The device compliant the MPE-Based Exemption at 20cm distances.

===== END OF REPORT =====