

# TEST REPORT

FCC BT Test for ACB10HSGG  
Certification

APPLICANT  
HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD

REPORT NO.  
HCT-RF-2002-FC005

DATE OF ISSUE  
February 24, 2020

**HCT Co., Ltd.**

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## FCC ID

TQ8-ACB10HSGG

## Applicant

HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD

203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 135-977, South Korea

Eut Type  
Model Name  
Additional Model

Car Audio System  
ACB10HSGG  
ACB11HSGG, ACB10HSGN, ACB10HSGL, ACB11HSMG

Max. RF Output Power

3.203 dBm (2.09 mW)

Modulation type

GFSK(Normal),  $\pi$ /4DQPSK and 8DPSK(EDR)

FCC Classification

FCC Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter

FCC Rule Part(s)

Part 15 subpart C 15.247

The result shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

This test results were applied only to the test methods required by the standard.

Tested by

Jin Gwan Lee

(signature)

Technical Manager

Jong Seok Lee

(signature)

HCT CO., LTD.

Soo Chan Lee  
SooChan Lee / CEO

## REVISION HISTORY

The revision history for this test report is shown in table.

Revision No.	Date of Issue	Description
0	February 24, 2020	Initial Release

### Engineering Statement:

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

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## 1. EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	ACB10HSGG
Additional Model	ACB11HSGG, ACB10HSGN, ACB10HSGL, ACB11HSMG
EUT Type	Car Audio System
Power Supply	DC 14.4 V
Frequency Range	2402 MHz - 2480 MHz
Max. RF Output Power	3.203 dBm (2.09 mW)
BT Operating Mode	Normal, EDR, AFH
Modulation Type	GFSK(Normal), $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK(EDR)
Modulation Technique	FHSS
Number of Channels	79 Channels, Minimum 20 Channels(AFH)
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: Pattern Antenna Peak Gain : -0.01 dBi
Date(s) of Tests	February 14, 2020 ~ February 19, 2020

## 2. Requirements for Bluetooth transmitter(15.247)

This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following:

- 1) This system is hopping pseudo-randomly.
- 2) Each frequency is used equally on the average by each transmitter.
- 3) The receiver input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters
- 4) The receiver shifts frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
  - 15.247(g): The system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this Section 15.247 should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream.
  - 15.247(h): The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

### 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Device (ANSI C63.10-2013, KDB 558074) is used in the measurement of the test device.

#### EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

#### EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

#### GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

##### Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

##### Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 6.6.5 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013). To record the final measurements, the analyzer detector function was set to CISPR quasi-peak mode and the bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set to 120 kHz for frequencies below 1 GHz or 1 MHz for frequencies above 1 GHz. For average measurements above 1 GHz, the analyzer was set to peak detector with a reduced VBW setting(RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1/T Hz, where T = Pulse width).

## DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

## 4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

## 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA.

The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032).

### EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



## 6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR § 15.203:

“An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.”

- (1) The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.
- (2) The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of § 15.203

## 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of

ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of  $k=2$  to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ( $\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.05

## 8. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

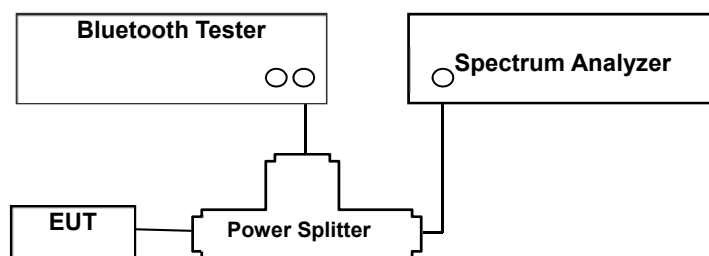
### 8.1. Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power

#### Limit

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 W.  
For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 W.
2. The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi.

#### Test Configuration



#### Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. The Spectrum Analyzer is set to the peak detector mode. This test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.5 in ANSI 63.10-2013 & Procedure 10(b)(6)(i) in KDB 558074 v05r02)

- 1) Span: approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
- 2) RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured
- 3) VBW ≥ RBW
- 4) Sweep = Auto
- 5) Detector = Peak
- 6) Trace = Max hold

#### Sample Calculation

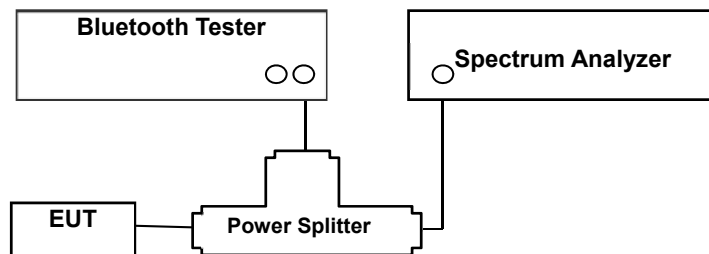
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Output Power} &= \text{Spectrum Reading Power} + \text{Power Splitter loss} + \text{Cable loss(2 ea)} \\
 &= 10 \text{ dBm} + 6 \text{ dB} + 1.5 \text{ dB} = 17.5 \text{ dBm}
 \end{aligned}$$

## 8.2. Conducted Band Edge(Out of Band Emissions)

### Limit

According to § 15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

This test is performed with hopping off and hopping on.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (6.10.4 in ANSI 63.10-2013 & Procedure 8.5 and 8.6 in KDB 558074 v05r02)

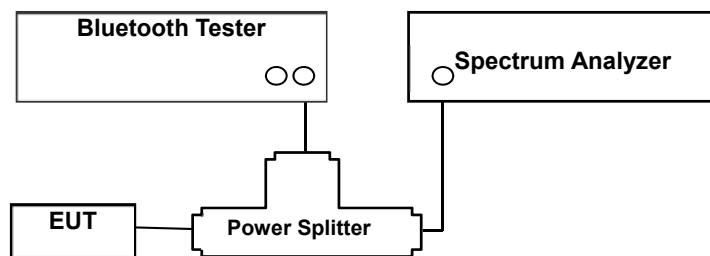
- 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation
- 2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than  $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$  below the reference level.
- 3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).
- 4) Sweep time: Coupled.
- 5) RBW: 100 kHz
- 6) VBW: 300 kHz
- 7) Detector: Peak
- 8) Trace: Max hold

### 8.3. Frequency Separation & 20 dB Bandwidth

#### Limit

According to § 15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

#### Test Configuration



#### Test Procedure(Frequency Separation)

The Channel Separation test is performed with hopping on.

And the 20 dB Bandwidth test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.2 in ANSI 63.10-2013 & Procedure 10(b)(6)(iii) in KDB 558074 v05r02)

- 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
- 2) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- 3) VBW  $\geq$  RBW
- 4) Sweep: Auto
- 5) Detector: Peak
- 6) Trace: Max hold
- 7) All the trace to stabilize.
- 8) Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

**Test Procedure (20 dB Bandwidth)**

And the 20 dB Bandwidth test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (6.9.2 in ANSI 63.10-2013)

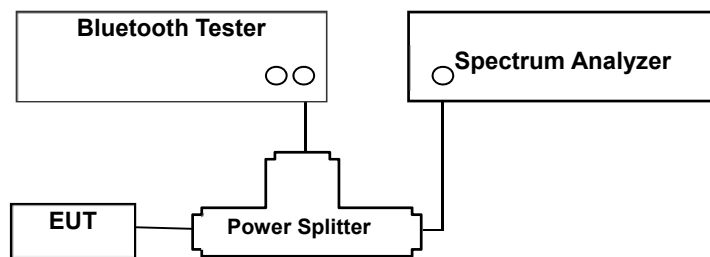
- 1) Span: Set between two times and five times the OBW
- 2) RBW: 1% to 5% of the OBW.
- 3) VBW  $\geq$  3RBW
- 4) Sweep: Auto
- 5) Detector: Peak
- 6) Trace: Max hold
- 7) All the trace to stabilize.

## 8.4. Number of Hopping Frequencies

### Limit

According to § 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

The Bluetooth frequency hopping function of the EUT was enabled.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.3 in ANSI 63.10-2013 & Procedure 10(b)(4) in KDB 558074 v05r02)

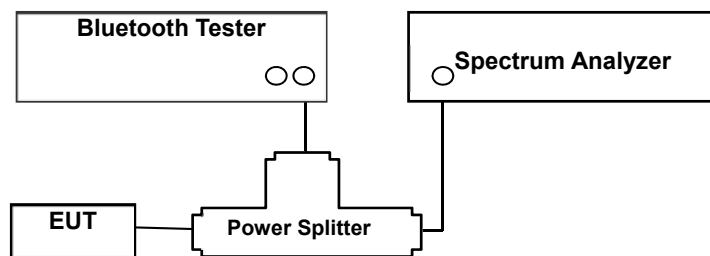
- 1) Span: the frequency band of operation
- 2) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- 3) VBW  $\geq$  RBW
- 4) Sweep: Auto
- 5) Detector: Peak
- 6) Trace: Max hold
- 7) Allow the trace to stabilize.

## 8.5. Time of Occupancy

### Limit

According to § 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz bands. The average time of occupancy on any channels shall not greater than 0.4 s within a period 0.4 s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

This test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.4 in ANSI 63.10-2013 & Procedure 10(b)(6)(iv) in KDB 558074 v05r02)

- 1) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel
- 2) RBW shall be  $\leq$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set  $\gg 1/T$ , where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
- 3) Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
- 4) Detector: Peak
- 5) Trace: Max hold

The marker-delta function was used to determine the dwell time.



### Sample Calculation

The following calculation process is not relevant to our measurement results. It is just an example.

(1) Non-AFH Mode

- DH 5 (GFSK) :  $2.890 \times (1600/6)/79 \times 31.6 = 308.27 \text{ (ms)}$
- 2-DH 5 ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK) :  $2.890 \times (1600/6)/79 \times 31.6 = 308.27 \text{ (ms)}$
- 3-DH 5 (8DPSK) :  $2.890 \times (1600/6)/79 \times 31.6 = 308.27 \text{ (ms)}$

(2) AFH Mode

- DH 5 (GFSK) :  $2.890 \times (800/6)/20 \times 8.0 = 154.13 \text{ (ms)}$
- 2-DH 5 ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK) :  $2.890 \times (800/6)/20 \times 8.0 = 154.13 \text{ (ms)}$
- 3-DH 5 (8DPSK) :  $2.890 \times (800/6)/20 \times 8.0 = 154.13 \text{ (ms)}$

Note :

DH5 Packet need 5 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving.

Then the system makes worst case  $1600/6$  hops per second with 79 channels. So the system have each channel 3.3755 times per second and so for 31.6 seconds the system have 106.667 times of appearance.

Each tx-time per appearance of DH5 is 2.890 ms.

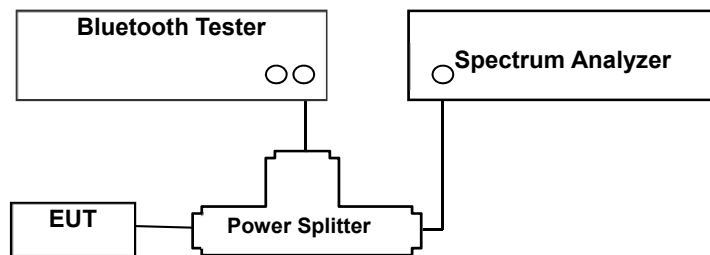
Dwell time = Tx-time  $\times$  106.667 = 308.27 (ms)

## 8.6. Conducted Spurious Emissions

### Limit

Conducted > 20 dBc

### Test Configuration



### Test Procedure

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (7.8.8 in ANSI 63.10-2013 & Procedure 8.5 and 8.6 in KDB 558074 v05r02)

- 1) Span: 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz.
- 2) RBW: 100 kHz
- 3) VBW: 300 kHz
- 4) Sweep: Coupled
- 5) Detector: Peak

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 25 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

This test is performed with hopping off.

### Factors for frequency

Freq(MHz)	Factor(dB)
30	6.63
100	6.73
200	6.81
300	6.88
400	6.98
500	7.04
600	7.07
700	7.12
800	7.18
900	7.21
1000	7.26
2000	7.71
2400	7.87
2480	7.87
2500	7.88
3000	7.92
4000	8.2
5000	8.26
5150	8.27
5850	8.37
6000	8.39
7000	8.68
8000	9.02
9000	9.46
10000	9.39
11000	9.45
12000	9.41
13000	9.57
14000	9.88
15000	10.04
16000	9.9
17000	9.94
18000	9.84
19000	10.05
20000	10.21
21000	10.5
22000	10.82
23000	11.21
24000	11.13
25000	11.33
26000	11.27

Note : 1. 2400 ~ 2500 MHz is fundamental frequency range.

2. Factor = Cable loss(2 EA) + Splitter loss(6 dB) +Eut Cable loss

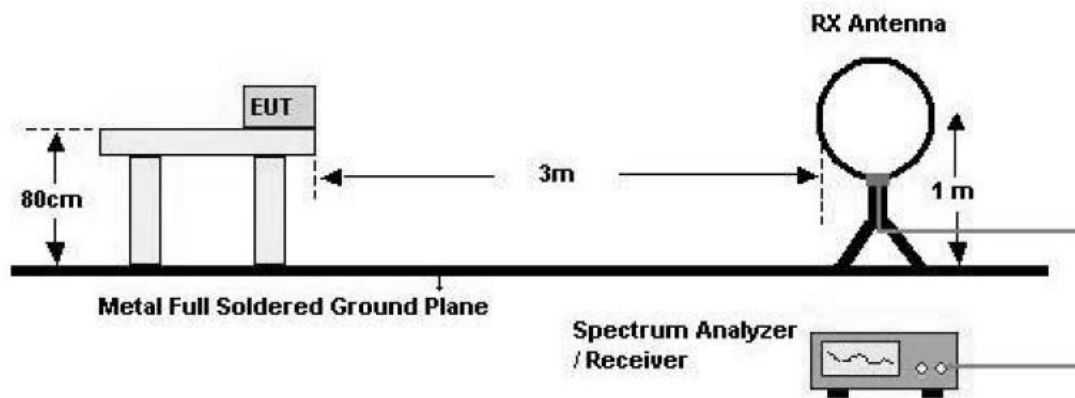
## 8.7. Radiated Test

### Limit

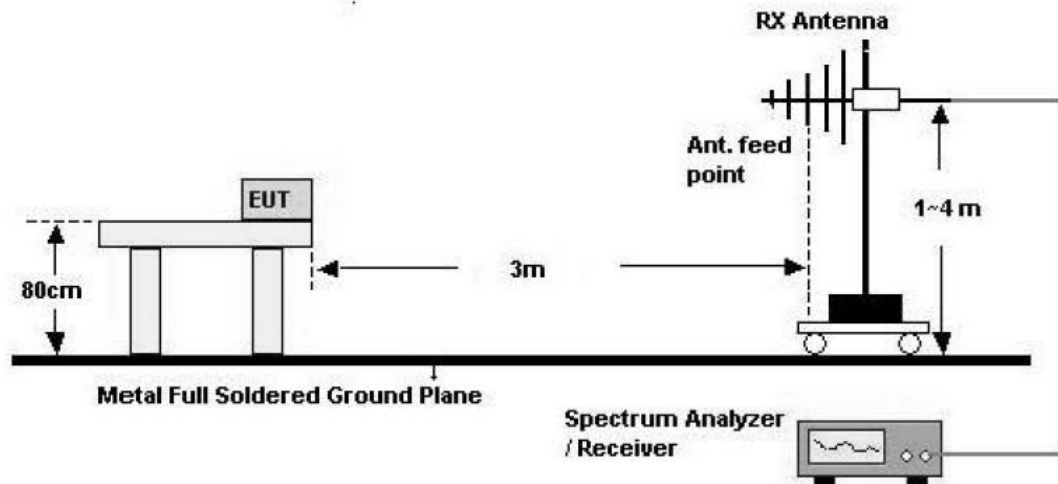
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 – 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 – 30	30	30

### Test Configuration

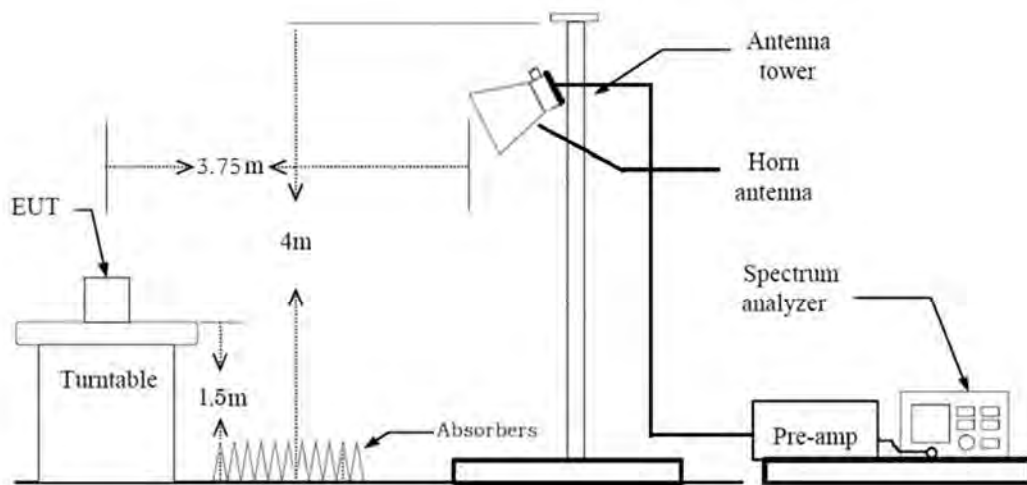
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



### Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 30 MHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization and Parallel to the ground plane in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission

level.

6. Distance Correction Factor(0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) =  $40\log(3 \text{ m}/300 \text{ m}) = -80 \text{ dB}$

Measurement Distance : 3 m

7. Distance Correction Factor(0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) =  $40\log(3 \text{ m}/30 \text{ m}) = -40 \text{ dB}$

Measurement Distance : 3 m

8. Spectrum Setting

- Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 9 kHz
- VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW

9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

**KDB 414788 OFS and Chamber Correlation Justification**

Base on FCC 15.31 (f) (2): measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field.

OFS and chamber correlation testing had been performed and chamber measured test result is the worst case test result.

**Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 1GHz)**

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.

**5. Spectrum Setting****(1) Measurement Type(Peak):**

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW

**(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):**

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

In general, (1) is used mainly

6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)
7. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

**Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)**

1. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
6. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).
  - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor =  $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
7. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
8. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
9. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
10. Spectrum Setting
  - (1) Measurement Type(Peak):
    - Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
    - Detector = Peak
    - Trace = Maxhold
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
  - (2) Measurement Type(Average):
    - We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode
    - Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
    - Detector = Peak
    - Trace = Maxhold
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW  $\geq 1/\tau$  Hz, where  $\tau$  = pulse width in seconds
    - The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz
11. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
12. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)



### **Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge**

1. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
6. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor( reference distance : 3 m).
  - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor =  $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$  (dB)
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting
  - (1) Measurement Type(Peak):
    - Detector = Peak
    - Trace = Maxhold
    - RBW = 1 MHz
    - VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
  - (2) Measurement Type(Average):
    - Average value of pulsed emissions
    - Unless otherwise specified, when the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission and pulsed operation is employed, the average measurement shall determined from the peak field strength after correcting for the worst-case duty cycle as described in Number.13 (On Page. 23)
    - \* Duty Cycle Correction(AFH) =  $20\log(\text{Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100\text{ms})$  dB = -24.7314 dB
10. Total
  - = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)
11. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

## 12. Duty Cycle Correction Factor (79 channel hopping)

- a. Time to cycle through all channels =  $\Delta t = \tau \text{ [ms]} \times 79 \text{ channels} = 229.100 \text{ ms}$ , where  $\tau$  = pulse width
- b.  $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t \text{ [ms]} = H \rightarrow$  Round up to next highest integer,  $H' = 1$
- c. Worst Case Dwell Time =  $\tau \text{ [ms]} \times H' = 2.9 \text{ ms}$
- d. Duty Cycle Correction =  $20\log (\text{Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100\text{ms}) \text{ dB} = -30.752 \text{ dB}$

## 13. Duty Cycle Correction Factor (AFH mode – minimum channel number case - 20 channels)

- a. Time to cycle through all channels =  $\Delta t = \tau \text{ [ms]} \times 20 \text{ channels} = 58.00 \text{ ms}$ , where  $\tau$  = pulse width
- b.  $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t \text{ [ms]} = H \rightarrow$  Round up to next highest integer,  $H' = 2$
- c. Worst Case Dwell Time =  $\tau \text{ [ms]} \times H' = 5.800 \text{ ms}$
- d. Duty Cycle Correction (AFH) =  $20\log (\text{Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100\text{ms}) \text{ dB} = -24.7314 \text{ dB}$

## 8.8. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

### Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56 <sup>(a)</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>(a)</sup>
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

<sup>(a)</sup>Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

### Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors : Quasi Peak and Average Detector.
5. The EUT is the device operating below 30 MHz.
  - For unterminated the Antenna, the AC line conducted tests are performed with the antenna connected
  - For terminated the Antenna, the AC line conducted tests are performed with a dummy load connected to the EUT antenna output terminal.

### Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

## 8.9. Worst case configuration and mode

### Radiated test

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
  - Mode : Stand alone
  - Worstcase : Stand alone
2. EUT Axis
  - Radiated Spurious Emissions : X
  - Radiated Restricted Band Edge : X
3. All data rate of operation were investigated and the test results are worst case in highest data rate of each mode.
  - GFSK : DH5
  - $\pi/4$ DQPSK : 2-DH5
  - 8DPSK : 3-DH5
4. All position of loop antenna were investigated and the test result is a no critical peak found at all positions.
  - Position : Horizontal, Vertical, Parallel to the ground plane
5. ACB10HSGG & Additional Models were tested and the worst case results are reported.  
(Worst case : ACB10HSGG)

### AC Power line Conducted Emissions

1. We don't perform powerline conducted emission test. Because this EUT is used with vehicle.

### Conducted test

1. The EUT was configured with data rate of highest power.
  - GFSK : DH5
  - $\pi/4$ DQPSK : 2-DH5
  - 8DPSK : 3-DH5
2. AFH & Non-AFH were tested and the worst case results are reported.  
(Worst case : Non-AFH)
3. ACB10HSGG & Additional Models were tested and the worst case results are reported.  
(Worst case : ACB10HSGG)

## 9. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
20 dB Bandwidth	§ 15.247(a)(1)	N/A	Conducted	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	N/A	N/A		N/A
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	§ 15.247(b)(1)	< 0.125 W		PASS
Carrier Frequency Separation	§ 15.247(a)(1)	> 25 kHz or >2/3 of the 20dB BW		PASS
Number of Hopping Frequencies	§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	≥ 15		PASS
Time of Occupancy	§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	< 400 ms		PASS
Conducted Spurious Emissions	§ 15.247(d)	> 20 dB for all out-of band emissions		PASS
Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	§ 15.247(d)	> 20 dB for all out-of band emissions		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	§ 15.207(a)	cf. Section 8.8		N/A
Radiated Spurious Emissions	§ 15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 8.7	Radiated	PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	§ 15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 8.7		PASS
Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	cf. Section 8.9		PASS

## 10. TEST RESULT

### 10.1 PEAK POWER

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (GFSK)		Limit (mW)
		(dBm)	(mW)	
Low	2402	1.685	1.47	125
Mid	2441	1.774	1.50	
High	2480	1.395	1.38	

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (8DPSK)		Limit (mW)
		(dBm)	(mW)	
Low	2402	3.088	2.04	125
Mid	2441	3.203	2.09	
High	2480	2.853	1.93	

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)		Limit (mW)
		(dBm)	(mW)	
Low	2402	2.532	1.79	125
Mid	2441	2.650	1.84	
High	2480	2.266	1.69	

#### Note:

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the splitter and cable combination.

2. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB.

Actual value of loss for the splitter and cable combination is 7.87 dB at 2400 MHz  
and is 7.87 dB at 2500 MHz.

So, 7.87 dB is offset. And the offset gap in the 2.4 GHz range do not affect the conducted peak power final result.

Test Plots (GFSK)  
Peak Power (CH.0)



Test Plots (GFSK)  
Peak Power (CH.39)



Test Plots (GFSK)  
Peak Power (CH.78)



Test Plots (8DPSK)  
Peak Power (CH.0)





Test Plots (8DPSK)

Peak Power (CH.39)



Test Plots (8DPSK)

Peak Power (CH.78)



Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Peak Power (CH.0)


Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Peak Power (CH.39)



### Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

### Peak Power (CH.78)



## 10.2 BAND EDGES

### Without hopping

Outside Frequency Band	GFSK (dB)	8DPSK (dB)	$\pi/4$ DQPSK (dB)	Limit (dBc)
Lower	58.605	58.613	58.476	20
Upper	58.497	59.273	59.151	

### With hopping

Outside Frequency Band	GFSK (dB)	8DPSK (dB)	$\pi/4$ DQPSK (dB)	Limit (dBc)
Lower	56.172	57.105	57.636	20
Upper	56.918	57.845	57.425	

### Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the splitter and cable combination.

2. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB.

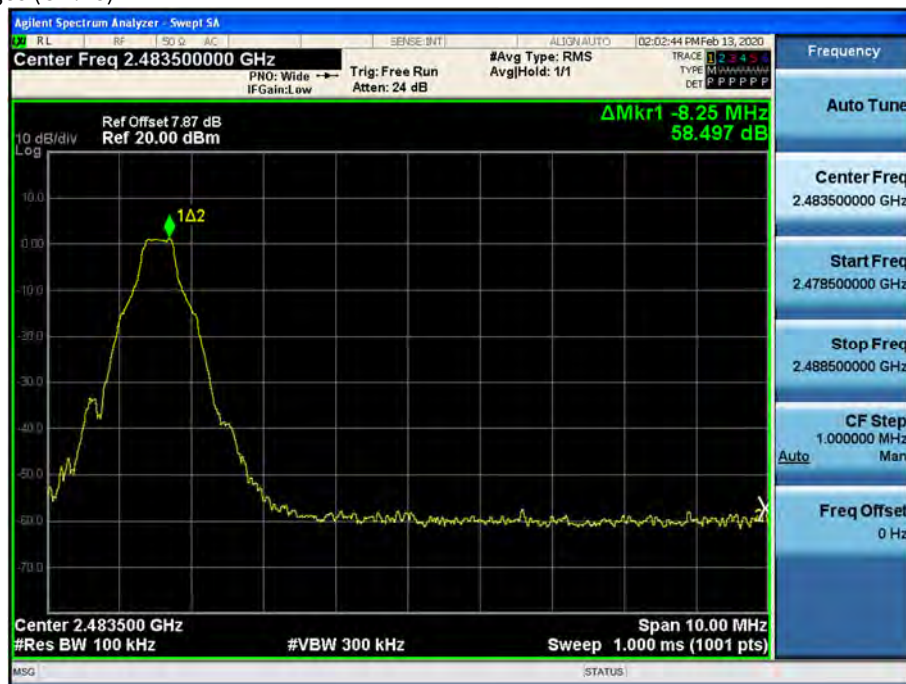
Actual value of loss for the splitter and cable combination is 7.87 dB at 2400 MHz and is 7.87 dB at 2500 MHz.

So, 7.87 dB is offset. And the offset gap in the 2.4 GHz range do not affect the conducted peak power final result.

Test Plots without hopping (GFSK)  
Band Edges (CH.0)



Test Plots without hopping (GFSK)  
Band Edges (CH.78)





Test Plots without hopping (8DPSK)  
Band Edges (CH.0)



Test Plots without hopping (8DPSK)  
Band Edges (CH.78)



Test Plots without hopping ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Band Edges (CH.0)



Test Plots without hopping ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Band Edges (CH.78)



## Test Plots with hopping (GFSK) Band Edges (CH.0)



## Test Plots with hopping (GFSK) Band Edges (CH.78)





Test Plots with hopping (8DPSK)

Band Edges (CH.0)



Test Plots with hopping (8DPSK)

Band Edges (CH.78)



Test Plots with hopping ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Band Edges (CH.0)



Test Plots with hopping ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Band Edges (CH.78)



### 10.3 FREQUENCY SEPARATION / OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99% BW)

99% BW (kHz)			
Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK
CH.0	875.54	1159.7	1156.8
CH.39	879.77	1157.3	1152.7
CH.78	876.45	1160.2	1154.1

20dB BW (kHz)			
Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK
CH.0	980.0	1286	1274
CH.39	988.0	1288	1276
CH.78	973.4	1290	1275

Channel Separation(kHz)			Limit (kHz)
GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	
998	998	998	>25 kHz or >2/3 of the 20dB BW

## Test Plots (GFSK)

### Channel Separation



## Test Plots (8DPSK)

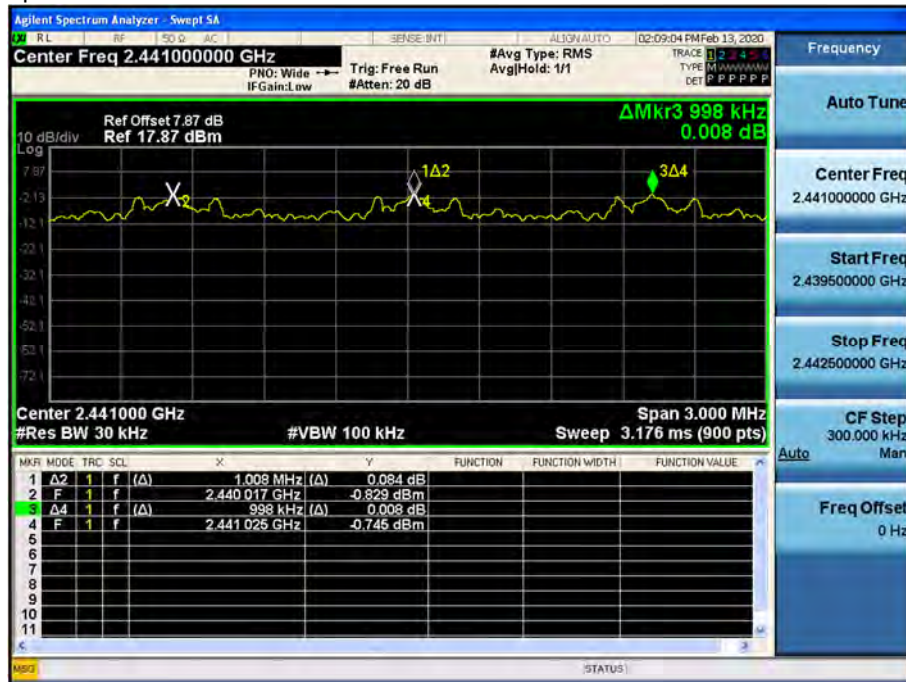
### Channel Separation





Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Channel Separation



## Test Plots (GFSK)

### 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.0)



## Test Plots (GFSK)

### 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.39)



## Test Plots (GFSK)

### 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.78)



## Test Plots (8DPSK)

### 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.0)



Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.39)



Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.78)





Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.0)



Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.39)



Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (CH.78)



#### 10.4 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

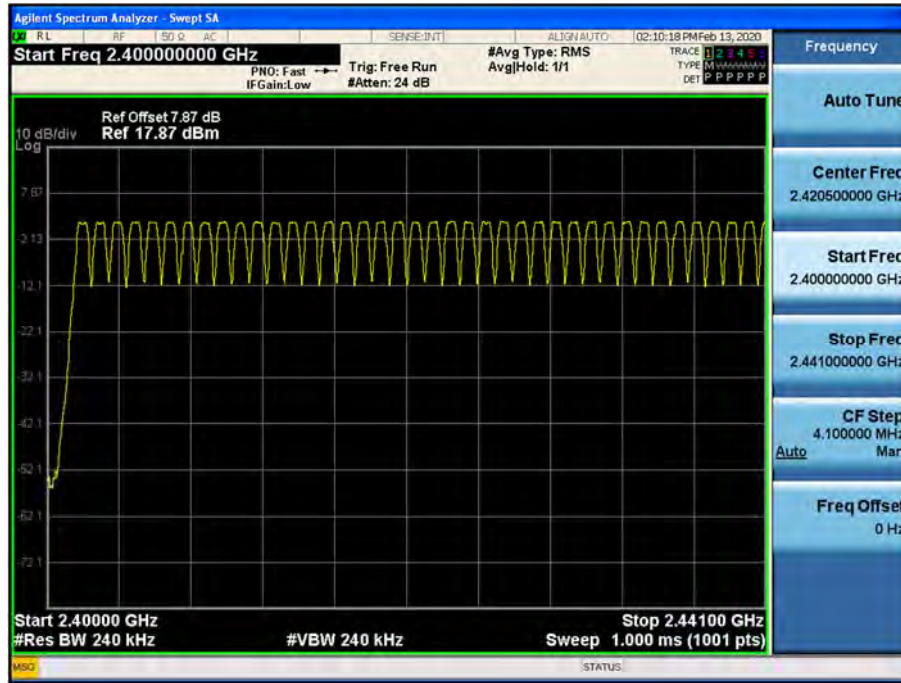
Result (No. of CH)			Limit
GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	
79	79	79	>15

**Note :**

In case of AFH mode, minimum number of hopping channels is 20.

## Test Plots (GFSK)

### Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



## Test Plots (GFSK)

### Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)



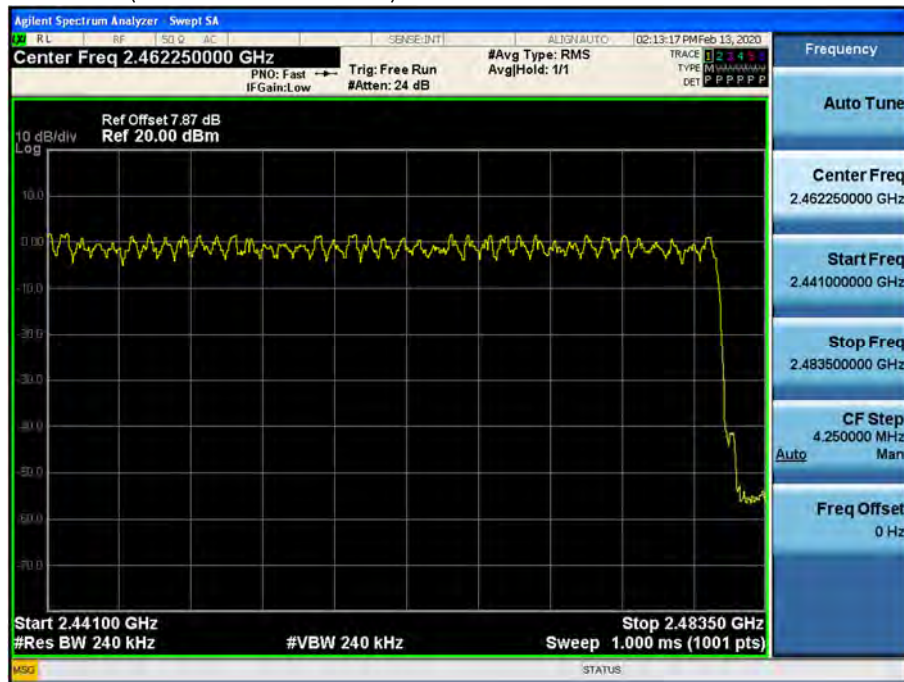
Test Plots (8DPSK)

Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



Test Plots (8DPSK)

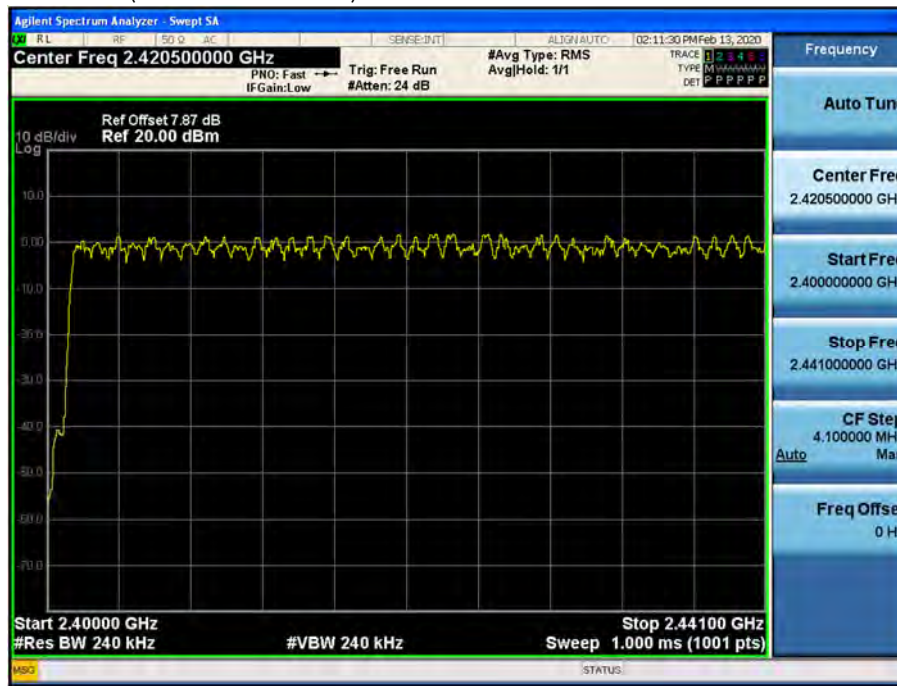
Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)





Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)



### 10.5 TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

Pulse Time (ms)	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK
	Low	2.885	2.895	2.890
	Mid	2.890	2.890	2.885
	High	2.890	2.895	2.890

#### Non-AFH Mode

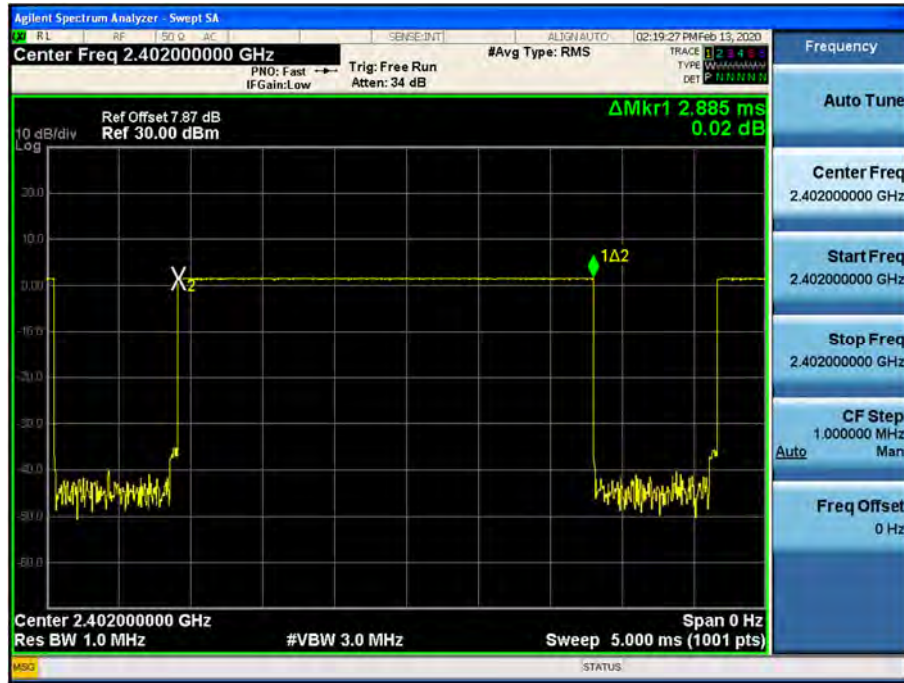
Total of Dwell (ms)	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Period Time (s)	Limit (ms)
	Low	307.73	308.80	308.27	31.6	400
	Mid	308.27	308.27	307.73	31.6	
	High	308.27	308.80	308.27	31.6	

#### AFH Mode

Total of Dwell (ms)	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Period Time (s)	Limit (ms)
	Low	153.87	154.40	154.13	8.0	400
	Mid	154.13	154.13	153.87	8.0	
	High	154.13	154.40	154.13	8.0	

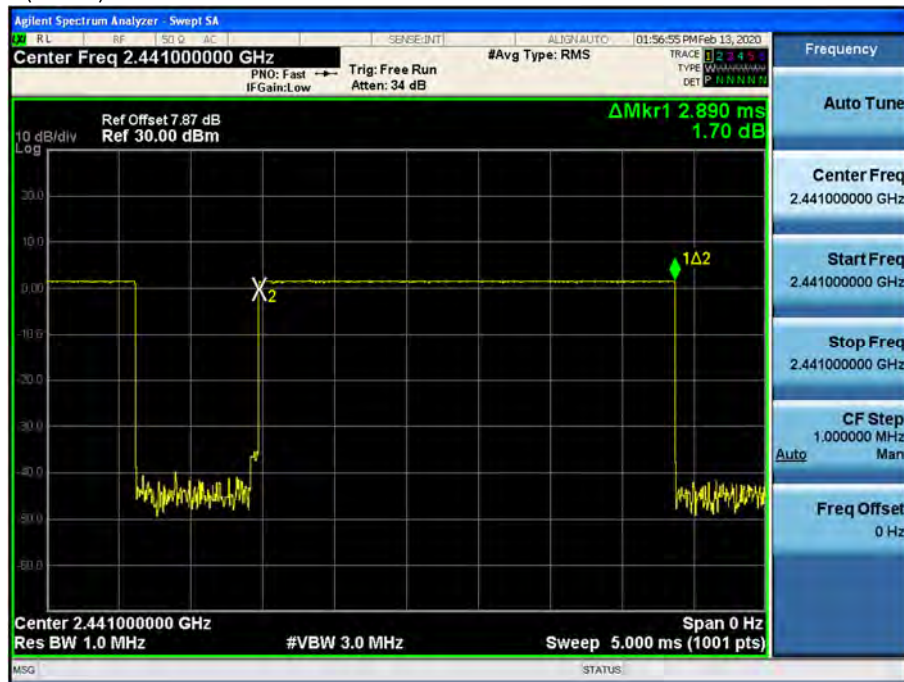
Test Plots (GFSK)

Dwell Time (CH.0)



Test Plots (GFSK)

Dwell Time (CH.39)





Test Plots (GFSK)

Dwell Time (CH.78)



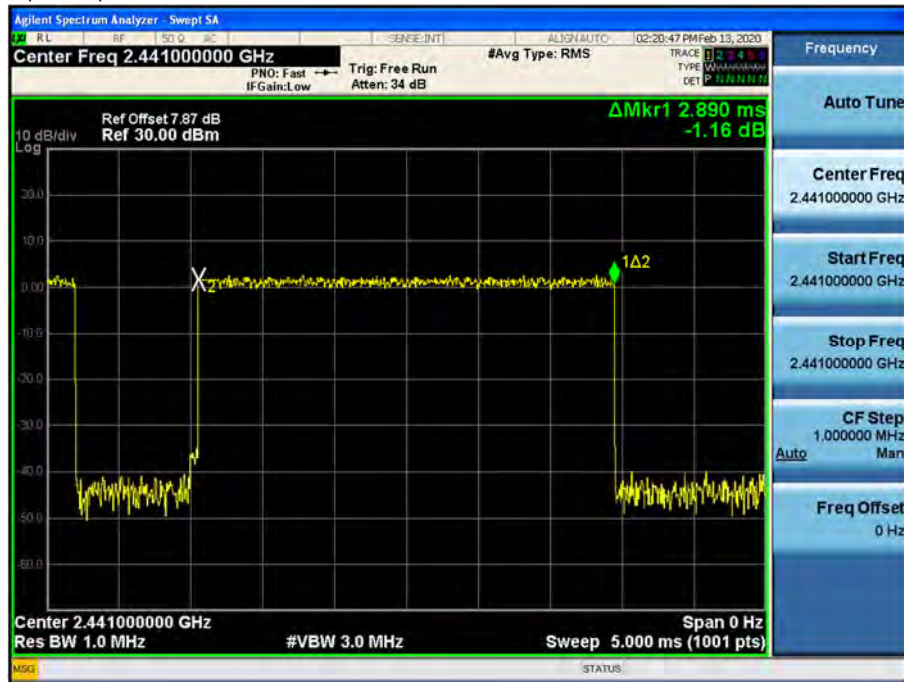
Test Plots (8DPSK)

Dwell Time (CH.0)



Test Plots (8DPSK)

Dwell Time (CH.39)



Test Plots (8DPSK)

Dwell Time (CH.78)



Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Dwell Time (CH.0)



Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Dwell Time (CH.39)



Test Plots ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Dwell Time (CH.78)



## 10.6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### 10.6.1 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

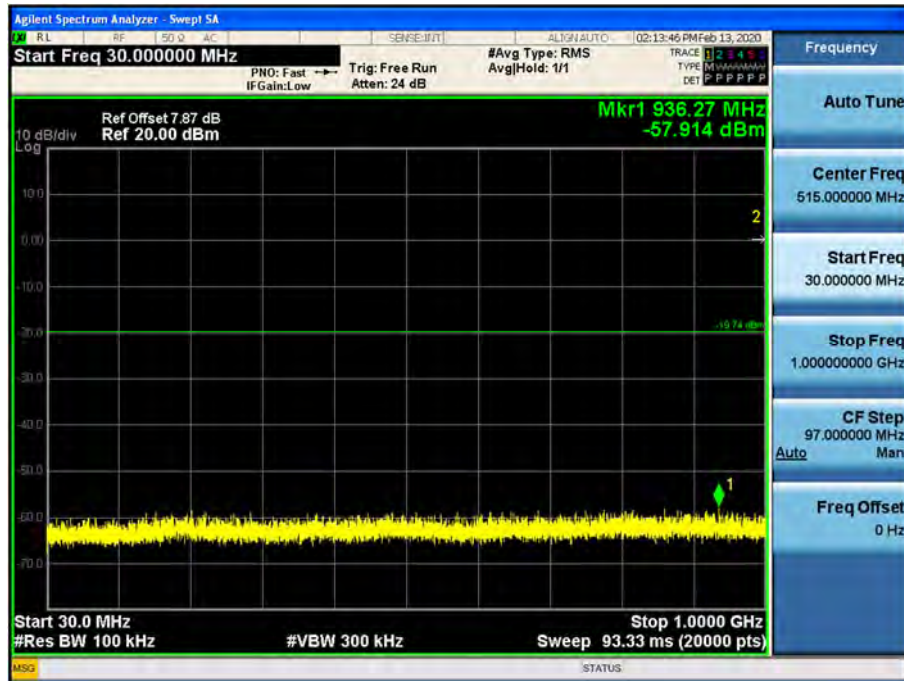
Test Result : please refer to the plot below.

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the worst case channel and data rate.



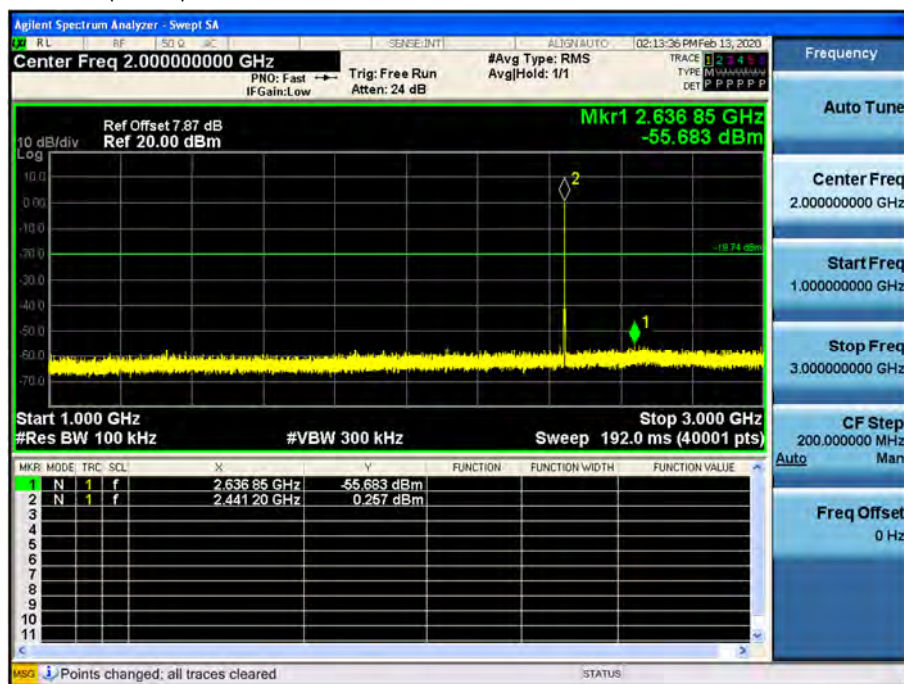
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 30 MHz - 1 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



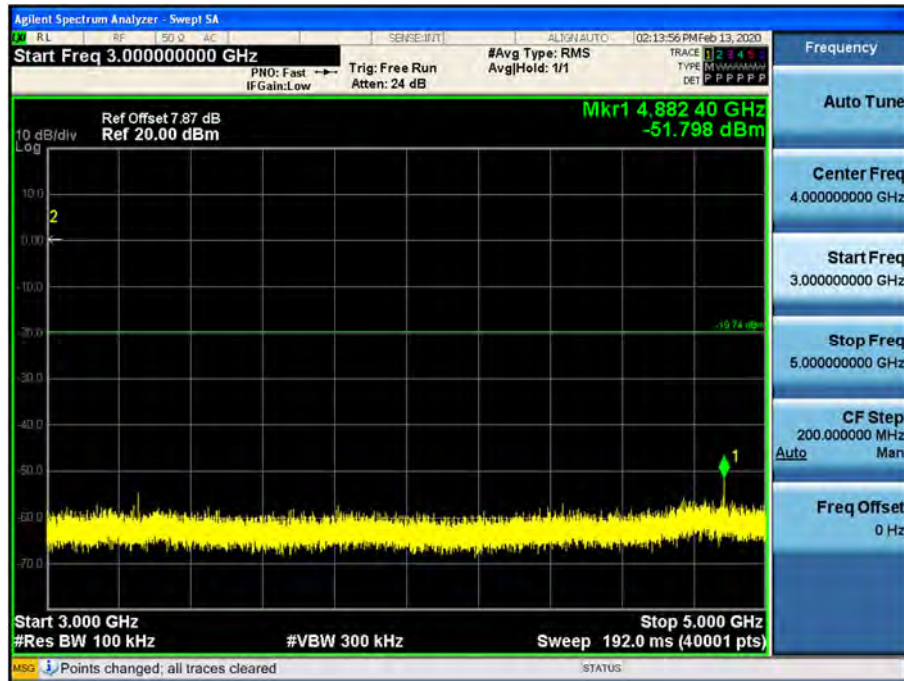
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 1 GHz – 3 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



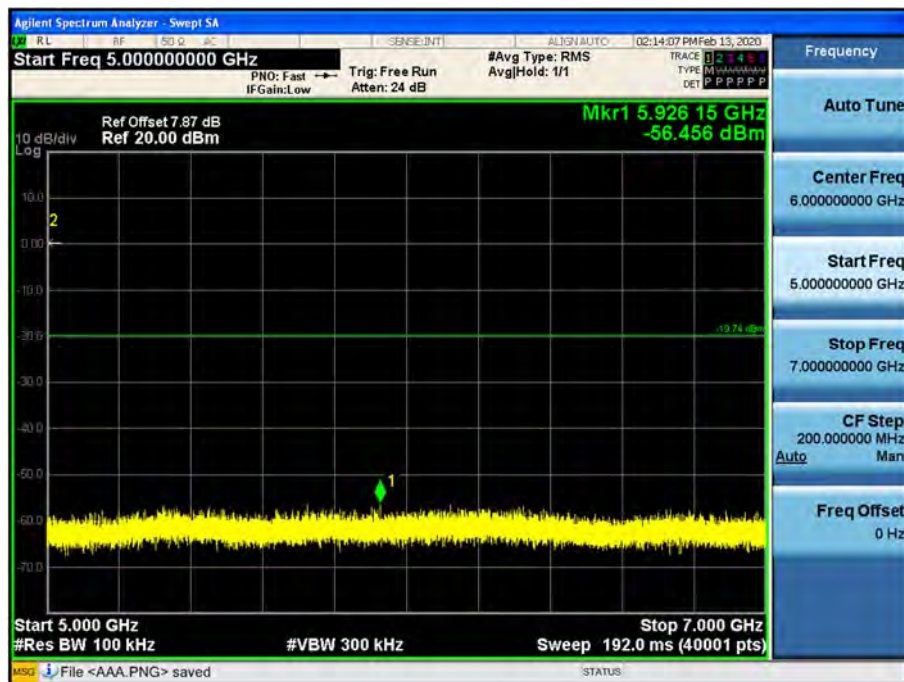
Test Plots(8DPSK)- 3 GHz - 5 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



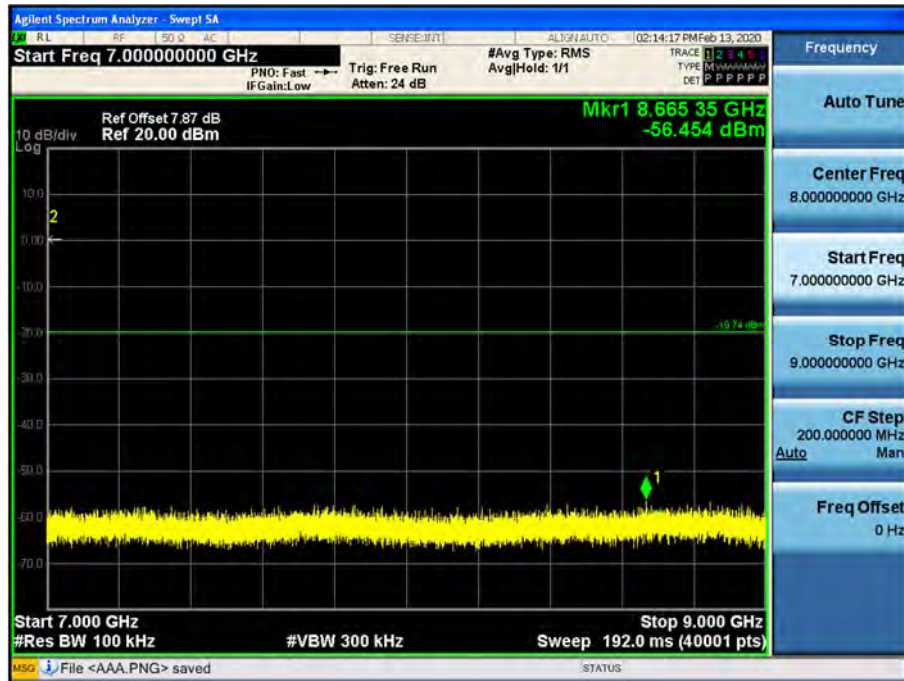
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 5 GHz - 7 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



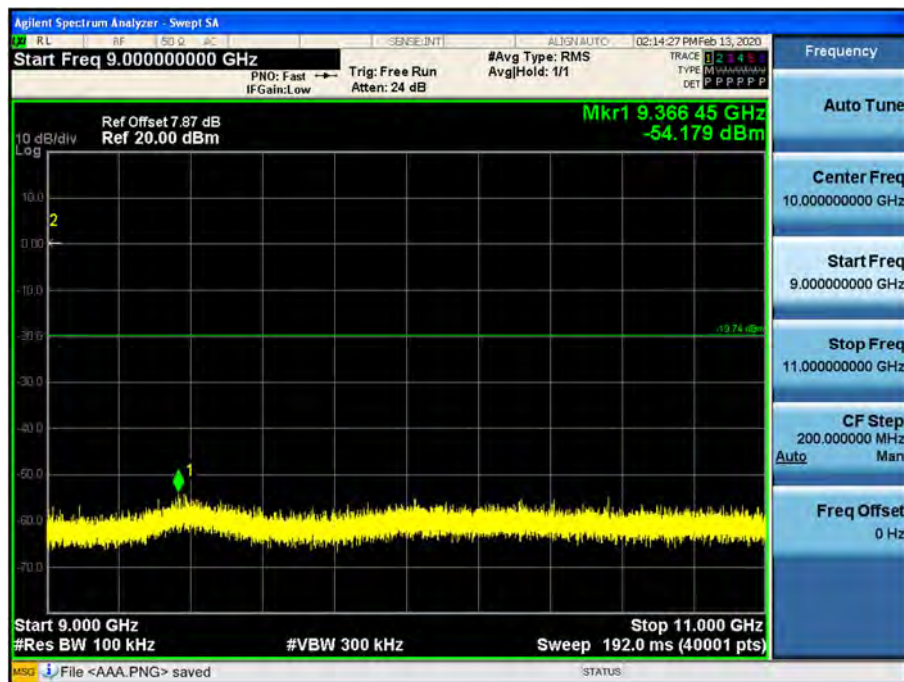
Test Plots(8DPSK)- 7 GHz - 9 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



Test Plots(8DPSK)- 9 GHz - 11 GHz

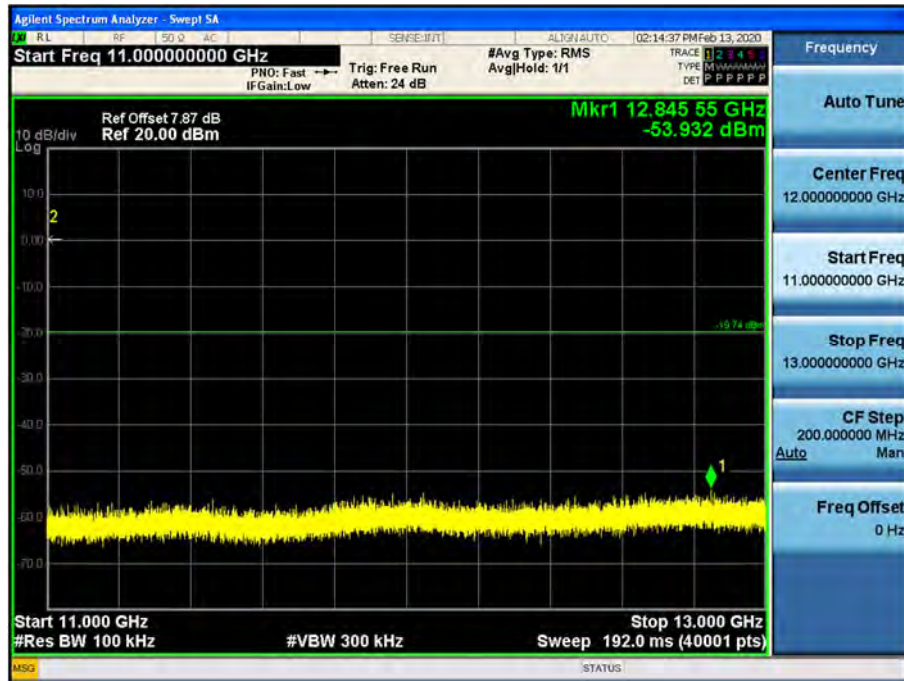
Spurious Emission (CH.39)





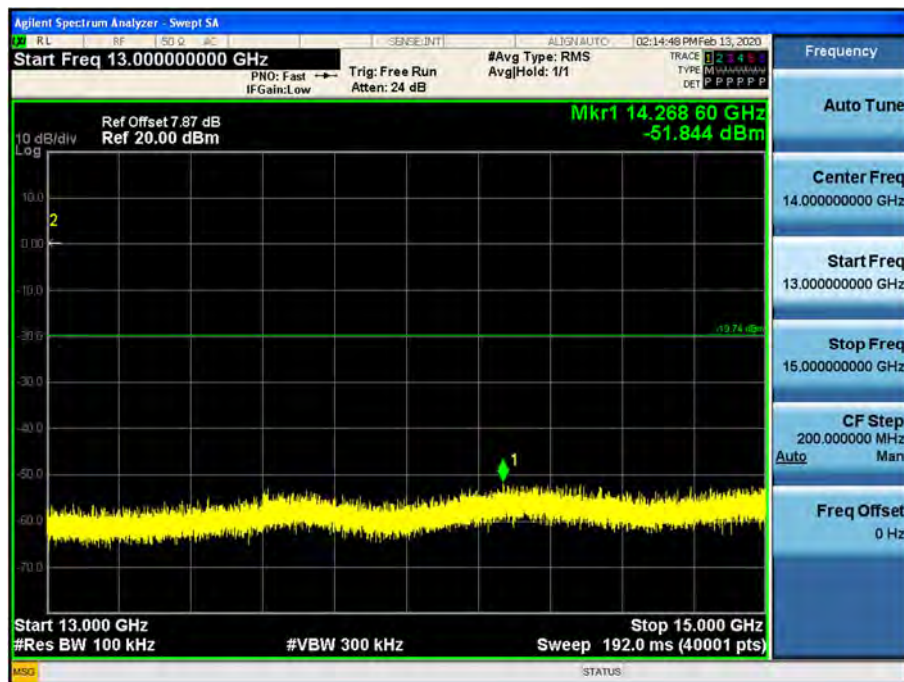
Test Plots(8DPSK) 11 GHz - 13 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



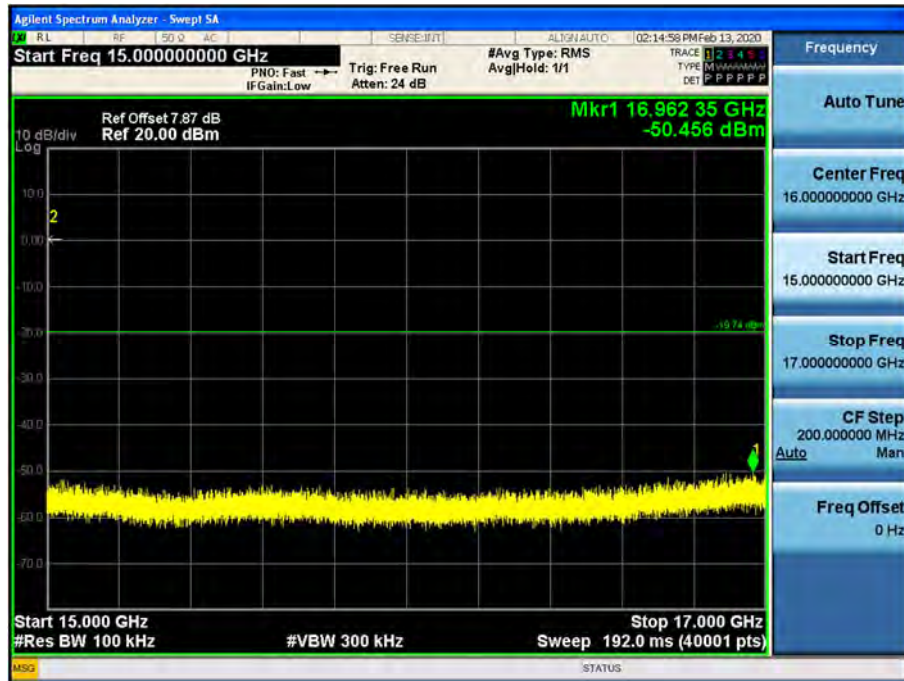
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 13 GHz – 15 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



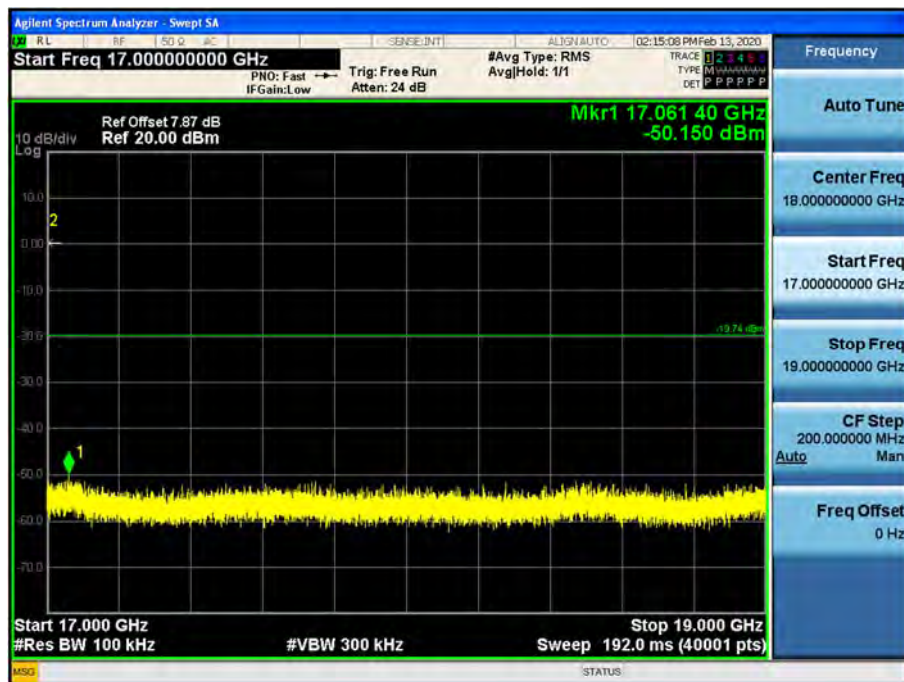
Test Plots(8DPSK)- 15 GHz - 17 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



Test Plots(8DPSK)- 17 GHz - 19 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



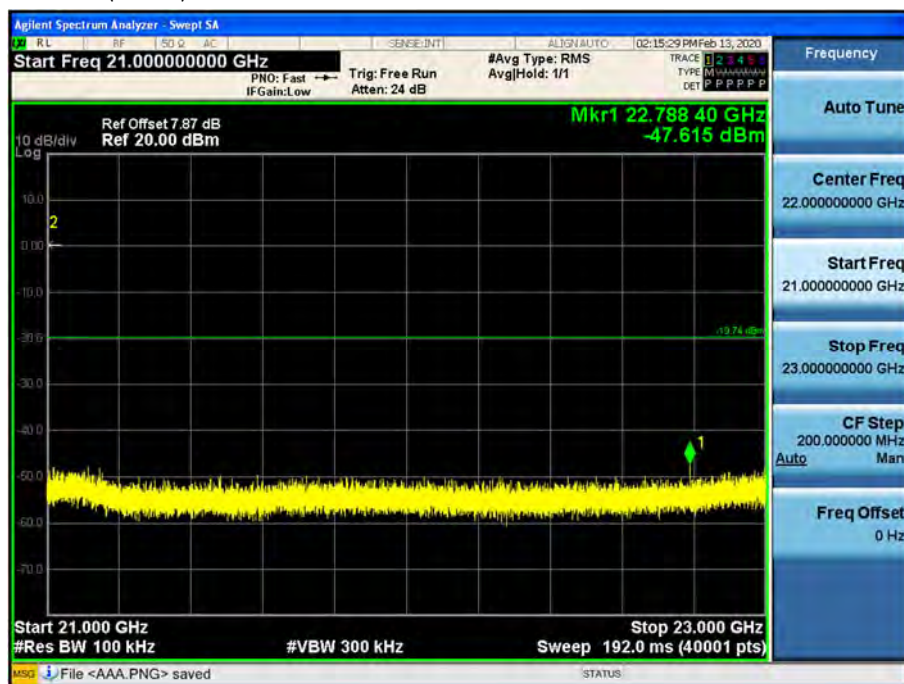
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 19 GHz - 21 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



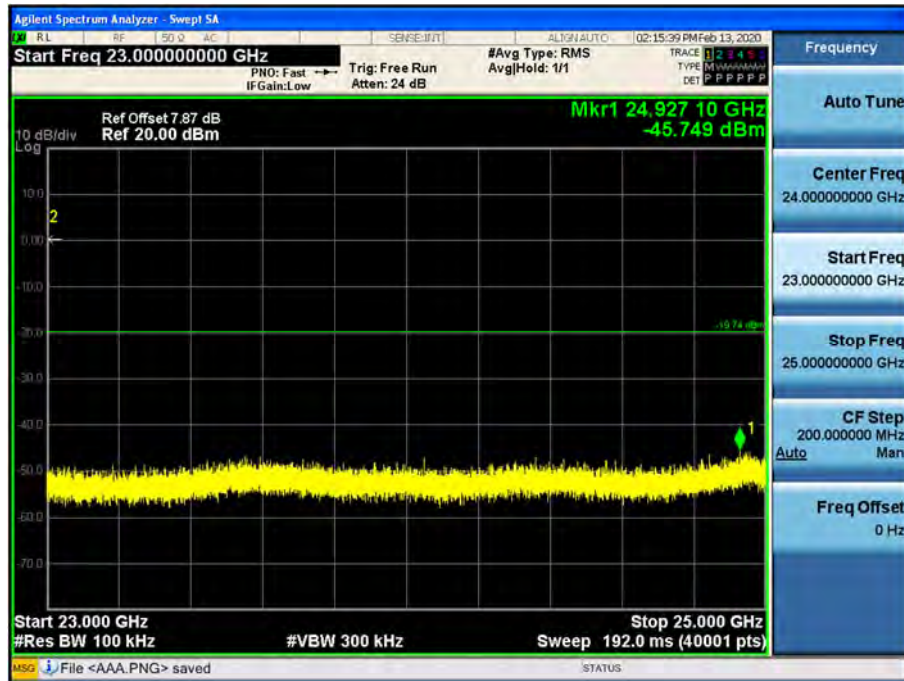
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 21 GHz - 23 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)



Test Plots (8DPSK)- 23 GHz - 25 GHz

Spurious Emission (CH.39)





## 10.6.2 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

### Frequency Range : 9 kHz – 30MHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

#### Note:

1. The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
2. Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \times \log(\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$  (dB)
3. Limit line = specific Limits (dBuV) + Distance extrapolation factor
4. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.

### Frequency Range : Below 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBuV/m	dBm/m	dBm	(H/V)	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

#### Note:

1. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi peak detector mode.
2. Radiated test is performed with hopping off.

### Frequency Range : Above 1 GHz

Operation Mode: CH Low(GFSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	AN.+CL-AMP G [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4804	46.29	2.36	V	48.65	73.98	25.33	PK
4804	40.35	2.36	V	42.71	53.98	11.27	AV
7206	38.78	8.66	V	47.44	73.98	26.54	PK
7206	25.11	8.66	V	33.77	53.98	20.21	AV
4804	47.65	2.36	H	50.01	73.98	23.97	PK
4804	42.18	2.36	H	44.54	53.98	9.44	AV
7206	38.98	8.66	H	47.64	73.98	26.34	PK
7206	25.16	8.66	H	33.82	53.98	20.16	AV

Operation Mode: CH Mid(GFSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	AN.+CL-AMP G [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4882	44.95	2.84	V	47.79	73.98	26.19	PK
4882	38.87	2.84	V	41.71	53.98	12.27	AV
7323	39.04	9.27	V	48.31	73.98	25.67	PK
7323	25.24	9.27	V	34.51	53.98	19.47	AV
4882	45.51	2.84	H	48.35	73.98	25.63	PK
4882	39.52	2.84	H	42.36	53.98	11.62	AV
7323	39.17	9.27	H	48.44	73.98	25.54	PK
7323	25.33	9.27	H	34.60	53.98	19.38	AV

Operation Mode: CH High(GFSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	AN.+CL-AMP G [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4960	43.15	2.14	V	45.29	73.98	28.69	PK
4960	35.29	2.14	V	37.43	53.98	16.55	AV
7440	38.58	10.06	V	48.64	73.98	25.34	PK
7440	24.84	10.06	V	34.90	53.98	19.08	AV
4960	44.60	2.14	H	46.74	73.98	27.24	PK
4960	36.56	2.14	H	38.70	53.98	15.28	AV
7440	38.66	10.06	H	48.72	73.98	25.26	PK
7440	24.86	10.06	H	34.92	53.98	19.06	AV

Operation Mode: CH Low( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	AN.+CL-AMP G [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4804	46.80	2.36	V	49.16	73.98	24.82	PK
4804	36.56	2.36	V	38.92	53.98	15.06	AV
7206	38.88	8.66	V	47.54	73.98	26.44	PK
7206	25.32	8.66	V	33.98	53.98	20.00	AV
4804	47.20	2.36	H	49.56	73.98	24.42	PK
4804	37.80	2.36	H	40.16	53.98	13.82	AV
7206	39.01	8.66	H	47.67	73.98	26.31	PK
7206	25.33	8.66	H	33.99	53.98	19.99	AV

Operation Mode: CH Mid( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	AN.+CL-AMP G [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4882	45.20	2.84	V	48.04	73.98	25.94	PK
4882	35.02	2.84	V	37.86	53.98	16.12	AV
7323	39.72	9.27	V	48.99	73.98	24.99	PK
7323	25.41	9.27	V	34.68	53.98	19.30	AV
4882	45.36	2.84	H	48.20	73.98	25.78	PK
4882	35.47	2.84	H	38.31	53.98	15.67	AV
7323	39.90	9.27	H	49.17	73.98	24.81	PK
7323	25.43	9.27	H	34.70	53.98	19.28	AV

Operation Mode: CH High( $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	AN.+CL-AMP G [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4960	43.75	2.14	V	45.89	73.98	28.09	PK
4960	31.79	2.14	V	33.93	53.98	20.05	AV
7440	39.38	10.06	V	49.44	73.98	24.54	PK
7440	25.03	10.06	V	35.09	53.98	18.89	AV
4960	44.06	2.14	H	46.20	73.98	27.78	PK
4960	32.96	2.14	H	35.10	53.98	18.88	AV
7440	39.45	10.06	H	49.51	73.98	24.47	PK
7440	25.05	10.06	H	35.11	53.98	18.87	AV

## Operation Mode: CH Low(8DPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	AN.+CL-AMP G [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4804	47.59	2.36	V	49.95	73.98	24.03	PK
4804	36.44	2.36	V	38.80	53.98	15.18	AV
7206	39.17	8.66	V	47.83	73.98	26.15	PK
7206	25.22	8.66	V	33.88	53.98	20.10	AV
4804	48.05	2.36	H	50.41	73.98	23.57	PK
4804	37.83	2.36	H	40.19	53.98	13.79	AV
7206	39.20	8.66	H	47.86	73.98	26.12	PK
7206	25.54	8.66	H	34.20	53.98	19.78	AV

## Operation Mode: CH Mid(8DPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	AN.+CL-AMP G [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4882	45.24	2.84	V	48.08	73.98	25.90	PK
4882	34.26	2.84	V	37.10	53.98	16.88	AV
7323	39.75	9.27	V	49.02	73.98	24.96	PK
7323	25.21	9.27	V	34.48	53.98	19.50	AV
4882	45.55	2.84	H	48.39	73.98	25.59	PK
4882	35.46	2.84	H	38.30	53.98	15.68	AV
7323	39.69	9.27	H	48.96	73.98	25.02	PK
7323	25.50	9.27	H	34.77	53.98	19.21	AV

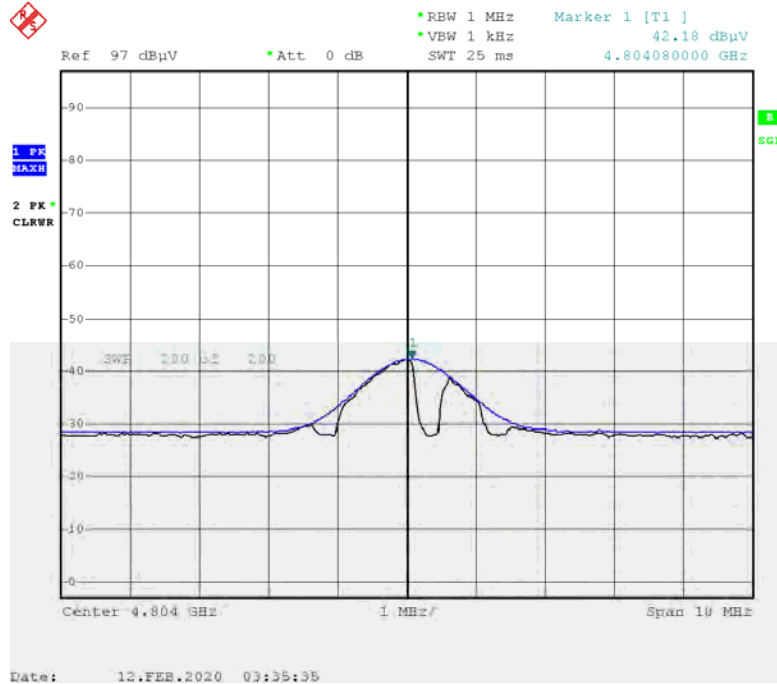
## Operation Mode: CH High(8DPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	AN.+CL-AMP G [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4960	43.97	2.14	V	46.11	73.98	27.87	PK
4960	31.87	2.14	V	34.01	53.98	19.97	AV
7440	37.54	10.06	V	47.60	73.98	26.38	PK
7440	25.07	10.06	V	35.13	53.98	18.85	AV
4960	44.01	2.14	H	46.15	73.98	27.83	PK
4960	33.05	2.14	H	35.19	53.98	18.79	AV
7440	38.83	10.06	H	48.89	73.98	25.09	PK
7440	25.13	10.06	H	35.19	53.98	18.79	AV

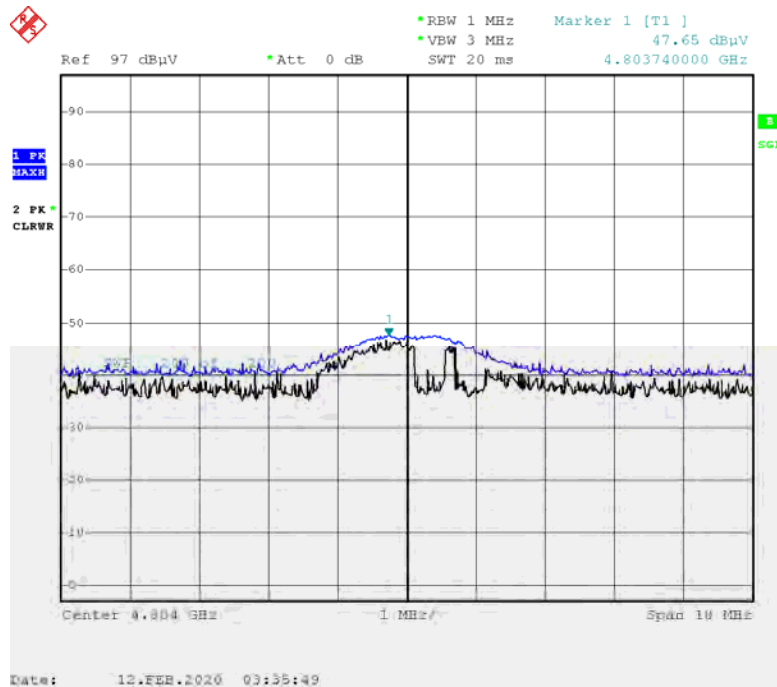


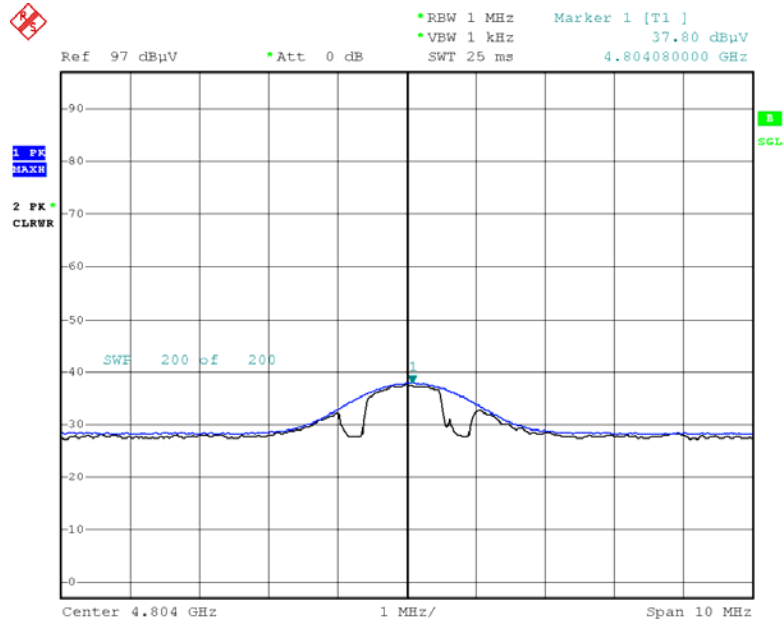
## RESULT PLOTS (Worst case)

Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Average Reading (GFSK, Ch.0 2nd Harmonic, X-H)

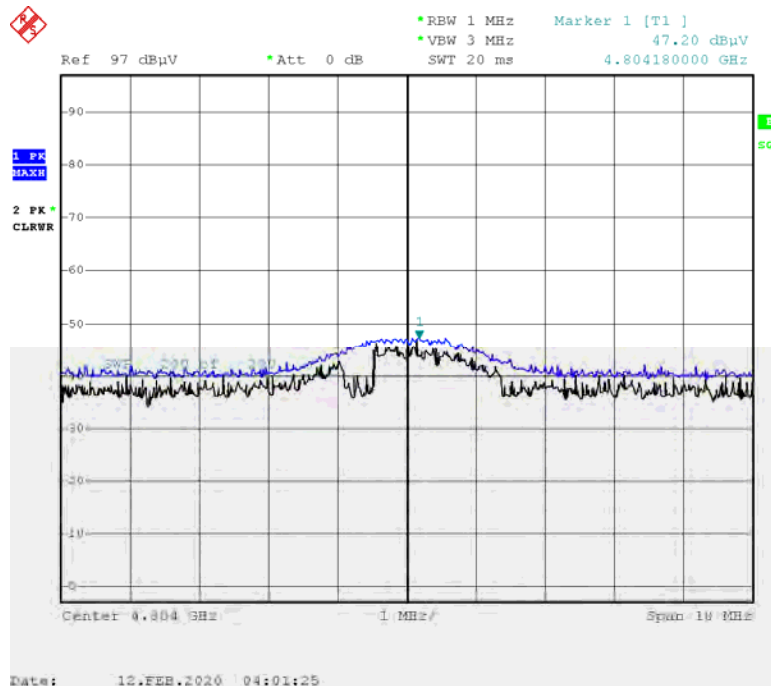


Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Peak Reading (GFSK, Ch.0 2nd Harmonic, X-H)



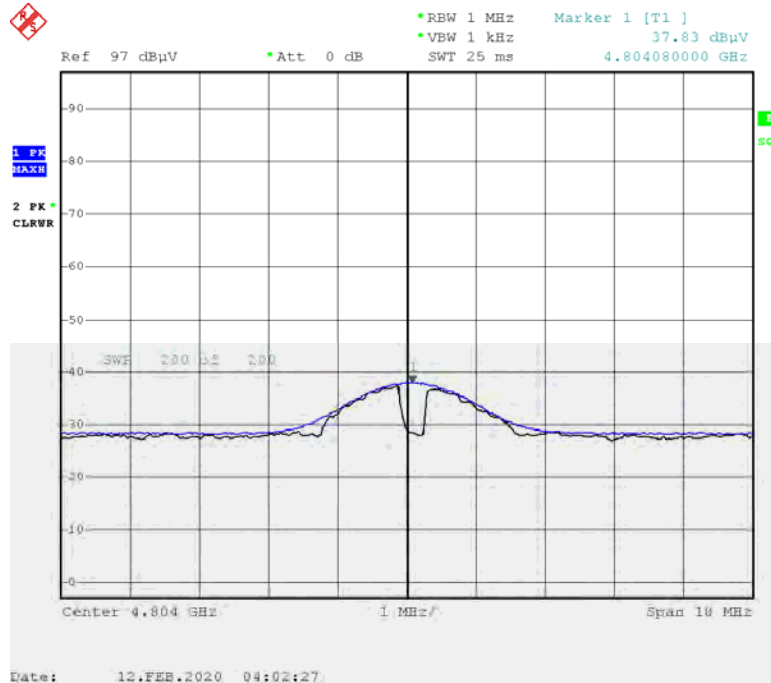
Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Average Reading ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Ch.0 2nd Harmonic, H)


Date: 12.FEB.2020 04:01:15

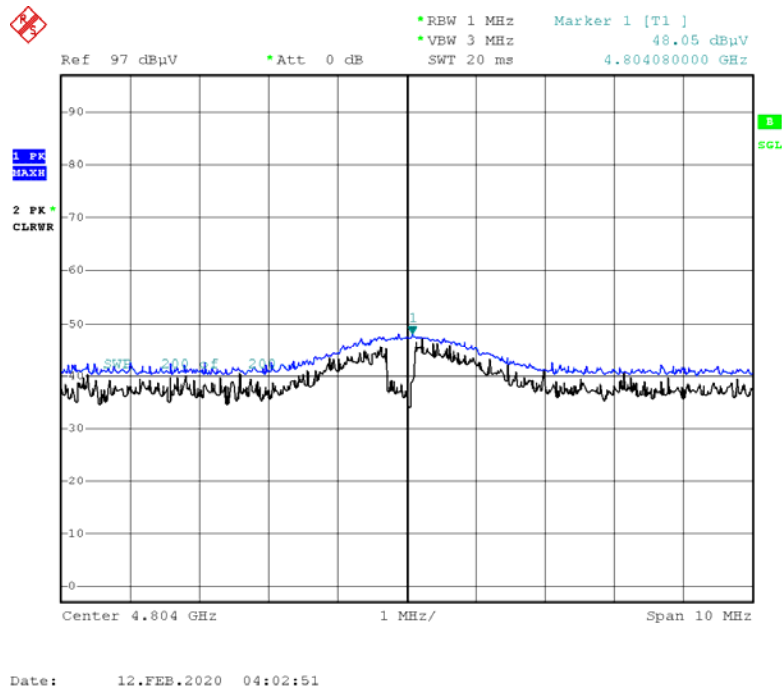
Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Peak Reading ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Ch.0 2nd Harmonic, H)


Date: 12.FEB.2020 04:01:25

Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Average Reading (8DPSK, Ch.0 2nd Harmonic, H)



Radiated Spurious Emissions plot – Peak Reading (8DPSK, Ch.0 2nd Harmonic, H)



### Note:

Plot of worst case are only reported.

### 10.6.3 RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

Operation Mode	Normal(GFSK)
Operating Frequency	2402 MHz, 2480 MHz
Channel No	CH 0, CH 78

Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	※ A.F.+CL [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Duty Cycle Correction [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2390.0	47.38	0.56	H	0	47.94	73.98	26.04	PK
2390.0	37.24	0.56	H	-24.73	13.06	53.98	40.92	AV
2390.0	48.05	0.56	V	0	48.61	73.98	25.37	PK
2390.0	38.73	0.56	V	-24.73	14.55	53.98	39.43	AV
2483.5	56.04	1.24	H	0	57.28	73.98	16.70	PK
2483.5	53.23	1.24	H	-24.73	29.73	53.98	24.25	AV
2483.5	56.97	1.24	V	0	58.21	73.98	15.77	PK
2483.5	54.15	1.24	V	-24.73	30.65	53.98	23.33	AV

Operation Mode	EDR( $\pi$ /4DQPSK)
Operating Frequency	2402 MHz, 2480 MHz
Channel No	CH 0, CH 78

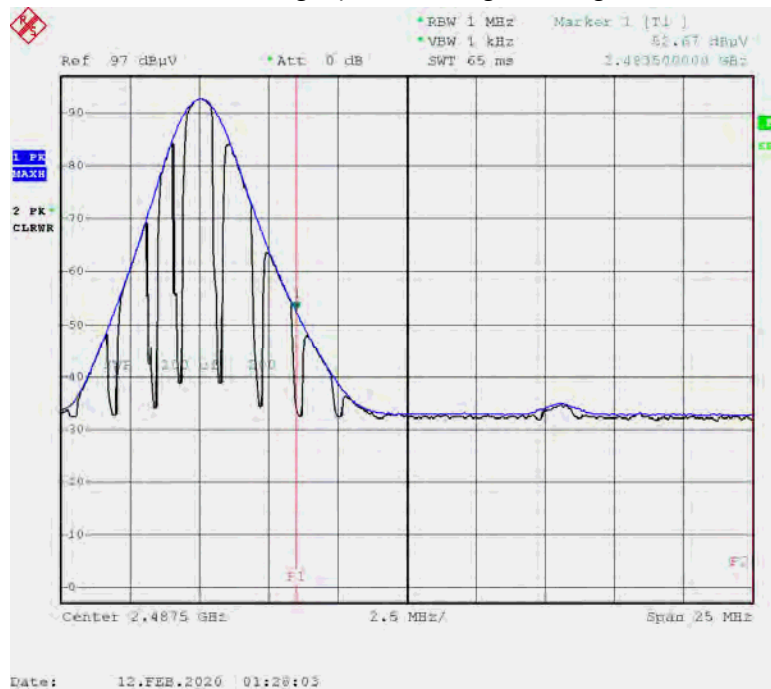
Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	※ A.F.+CL [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Duty Cycle Correction [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2390.0	47.03	0.56	H	0	47.59	73.98	26.39	PK
2390.0	35.88	0.56	H	-24.73	11.70	53.98	42.28	AV
2390.0	47.10	0.56	V	0	47.66	73.98	26.32	PK
2390.0	36.57	0.56	V	-24.73	12.39	53.98	41.59	AV
2483.5	56.47	1.24	H	0	57.71	73.98	16.27	PK
2483.5	51.41	1.24	H	-24.73	27.91	53.98	26.07	AV
2483.5	57.38	1.24	V	0	58.62	73.98	15.36	PK
2483.5	52.67	1.24	V	-24.73	29.17	53.98	24.81	AV

Operation Mode	EDR(8DPSK)
Operating Frequency	2402 MHz, 2480 MHz
Channel No	CH 0, CH 78

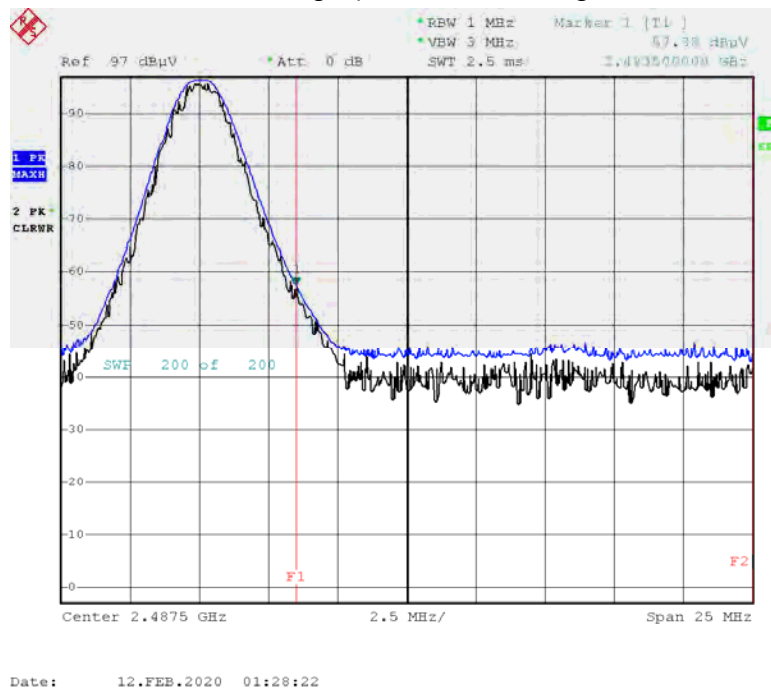
Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBuV]	※ A.F.+CL [dB]	Pol. [H/V]	Duty Cycle Correction [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2390.0	47.26	0.56	H	0	47.82	73.98	26.16	PK
2390.0	36.12	0.56	H	-24.73	11.94	53.98	42.04	AV
2390.0	47.75	0.56	V	0	48.31	73.98	25.67	PK
2390.0	36.69	0.56	V	-24.73	12.51	53.98	41.47	AV
2483.5	56.27	1.24	H	0	57.51	73.98	16.47	PK
2483.5	51.19	1.24	H	-24.73	27.69	53.98	26.29	AV
2483.5	57.23	1.24	V	0	58.47	73.98	15.51	PK
2483.5	52.72	1.24	V	-24.73	29.22	53.98	24.76	AV

## RESULT PLOTS (Worst case : X-V)

Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – Average Reading ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Ch.78)



Radiated Restricted Band Edges plot – Peak Reading ( $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Ch.78)



### Note:

Plot of worst case are only reported.



## 11. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

### Conducted Test

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216 / LISN	09/11/2019	Annual	102245
Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI / Test Receiver	06/18/2019	Annual	100033
ESPAC	SU-642 / Temperature Chamber	03/12/2019	Annual	0093008124
Agilent	N9020A / Signal Analyzer	05/23/2019	Annual	MY51110085
Agilent	N9030A / Signal Analyzer	01/13/2020	Annual	MY49431210
Agilent	N1911A / Power Meter	04/10/2019	Annual	MY45100523
Agilent	N1921A / Power Sensor	04/10/2019	Annual	MY52260025
Agilent	87300B / Directional Coupler	11/11/2019	Annual	3116A03621
Hewlett Packard	11667B / Power Splitter	05/24/2019	Annual	05001
Hewlett Packard	E3632A / DC Power Supply	06/18/2019	Annual	KR75303960
Agilent	8493C / Attenuator(10 dB)	07/02/2019	Annual	07560
Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32 / Software	N/A	N/A	N/A
HCT CO., LTD.	FCC WLAN&BT&BLE Conducted Test Software v3.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CBT / Bluetooth Tester	05/16/2019	Annual	100422

### Note:

1. Equipment listed above that calibrated during the testing period was set for test after the calibration.
2. Equipment listed above that has a calibration due date during the testing period, the testing is completed before equipment expiration date.

### Radiated Test

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Innco system	CO3000 / Controller(Antenna mast)	N/A	N/A	CO3000-4p
Innco system	MA4640/800-XP-EP / Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	N/A
Emco	2090 / Controller	N/A	N/A	060520
Ets	Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	Loop Antenna	04/26/2019	Biennial	1513-175
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160 / Hybrid Antenna	08/09/2018	Biennial	3368
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D / Horn Antenna	11/18/2019	Biennial	9120D-1191
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	11/29/2019	Biennial	BBHA9170541
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP(9 kHz ~ 30 GHz) / Spectrum Analyzer	09/11/2019	Annual	836650/016
Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N / Spectrum Analyzer	09/26/2019	Annual	101068-SZ
Wainwright Instruments	WRCJV2400/2483.5-2370/2520-60/12SS / Band Reject Filter	06/19/2019	Annual	2
Wainwright Instruments	WRCJV5100/5850-40/50-8EEK / Band Reject Filter	02/10/2020	Annual	1
CERNEK WEINSCHER	CBLU1183540B-01/Broadband Bench Top LNA 56-10 / Attenuator(10 dB)	12/24/2019	Annual	N/A
CERNEK Api tech.	CBL06185030 / Broadband Low Noise Amplifier 18B-03 / Attenuator (3 dB)	12/24/2019	Annual	N/A
Wainwright Instruments	WHKX10-2700-3000-18000-40SS / High Pass Filter	12/24/2019	Annual	N/A
Wainwright Instruments	WHKX8-6090-7000-18000-40SS / High Pass Filter	12/24/2019	Annual	N/A
T&M SYSTEM	COAXIAL ATTENUATOR / Thru	12/24/2019	Annual	N/A
CERNEK	CBL18265035 / Power Amplifier	12/26/2019	Annual	22966
CERNEK	CBL26405040 / Power Amplifier	06/18/2019	Annual	25956
TESCOM	TC-3000C / Bluetooth Tester	03/26/2019	Annual	3000C000276

1. Equipment listed above that calibrated during the testing period was set for test after the calibration.
2. Equipment listed above that has a calibration due date during the testing period, the testing is completed before equipment expiration date.
3. Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5(Version : 2017).

## 12. ANNEX A\_ TEST SETUP PHOTO

Please refer to test setup photo file no. as follows;

No.	Description
1	HCT-RF-2002-FC005-P