



TEST REPORT

Applicant Name : Meizhou Guo Wei Electronics Co., Ltd
Address : AD1 Section, Economic Development Area, Dongsheng Industrial District, Meizhou, Guangdong, China.
Report Number : SZ1210926-54083E-RF-00C
FCC ID: 2ARRB-PIP1510CBU
IC 20353-PIP1510CBU

Test Standard (s)

FCC PART 15.247; RSS-GEN ISSUE 5, FEBRUARY 2021 AMENDMENT 2; RSS-247, ISSUE 2, FEBRUARY 2017

Sample Description

Product Type: Video baby monitor
Model No.: PIP1510 CONNECT BU
Multiple Model(s) No.: PIP1610 HD CONNECT BU (Please refer to DOS for Model difference)
Trade Mark: Motorola
Date Received: 2021/09/26
Date of Test: 2021/09/29~2021/12/09
Report Date: 2021/12/09

Test Result:	Pass*
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* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

Prepared and Checked By:

Black Ding

Black Ding
EMC Engineer

Approved By:

Candy Li

Candy Li
EMC Engineer

Note: This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "*".

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

HVIN	PIP1510 CONNECTBU
Frequency Range	Wi-Fi: 2412-2462MHz
Maximum Conducted Peak Output Power	Wi-Fi: 802.11b: 25.06dBm, 802.11g: 23.82dBm, 802.11n-HT20: 23.98dBm, 802.11n-HT40: 22.60dBm
Modulation Technique	Wi-Fi: DSSS, OFDM
Antenna Specification*	PCB Antenna: 0 dBi(provided by the applicant)
Voltage Range	DC 5V from adapter
Sample serial number	SZ1210926-54083E-RF-S1 (for radiated test) SZ1210926-54083E-RF-S2 (for RF conducted) (Assigned by ATC)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition
Adapter 1 information	Model: BQ12G-0501500-U Input: AC 100-240V~50/60Hz Max, 400mA Output: DC 5.0V, 1500mA
Adapter 2 information	Model: S012-1B050150VU Input: AC 100-240V~50/60Hz, 0.3A Output: DC 5.0V, 1.5A

Objective

This report is in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commission's rules and RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules.

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and RSS-GEN Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017.

And KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02.

All emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Each test item follows test standards and with no deviation.

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		5%
RF output power, conducted		0.73dB
Unwanted Emission, conducted		1.6dB
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions		2.72dB
Emissions, Radiated	30MHz - 1GHz	4.28dB
	1GHz - 18GHz	4.98dB
	18GHz - 26.5GHz	5.06dB
Temperature		1 °C
Humidity		6%
Supply voltages		0.4%

Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

Test Facility

The test site used by Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. to collect test data is located on the 1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 708358, the FCC Designation No.: CN1189. Accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) The Certificate Number is 429 7.01.

Listed by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED), the Registration Number is 5077A.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

For 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n-HT20 and 802.11n-HT40 mode, total 11 channels are provided to testing:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	8	2447
2	2417	9	2452
3	2422	10	2457
4	2427	11	2462
5	2432	/	/
6	2437	/	/
7	2442	/	/

802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n-HT20 mode was tested with Channel 1, 6 and 11.

802.11n-HT40 mode was tested with Channel 3, 6 and 9.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

EUT Exercise Software

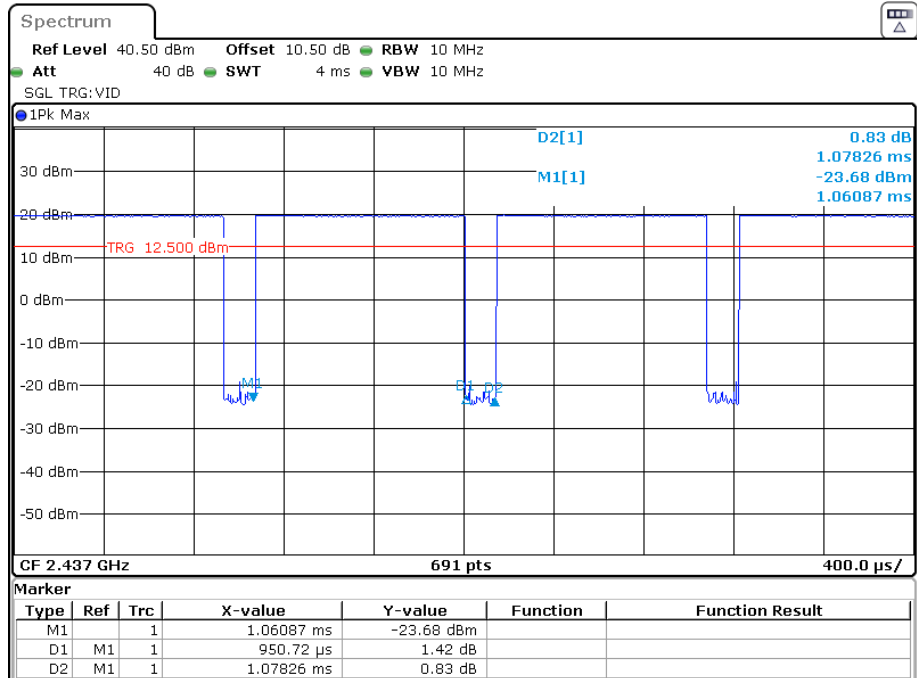
“Teraterm”* software was use.

The device was tested with the worst case was performed as below:

Item	Mode	Data Rate	Power Level*
2.4G Wi-Fi	802.11 b	1Mbps	default
	802.11 g	6 Mbps	default
	802.11 n20	MCS0	default
	802.11 n40	MCS0	default

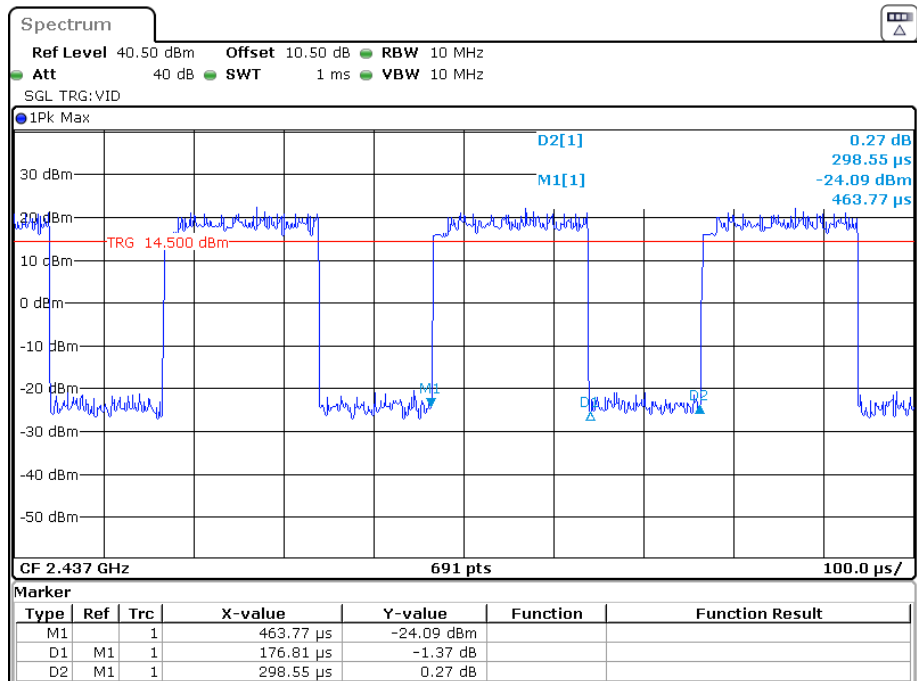
Duty cycle

802.11b mode



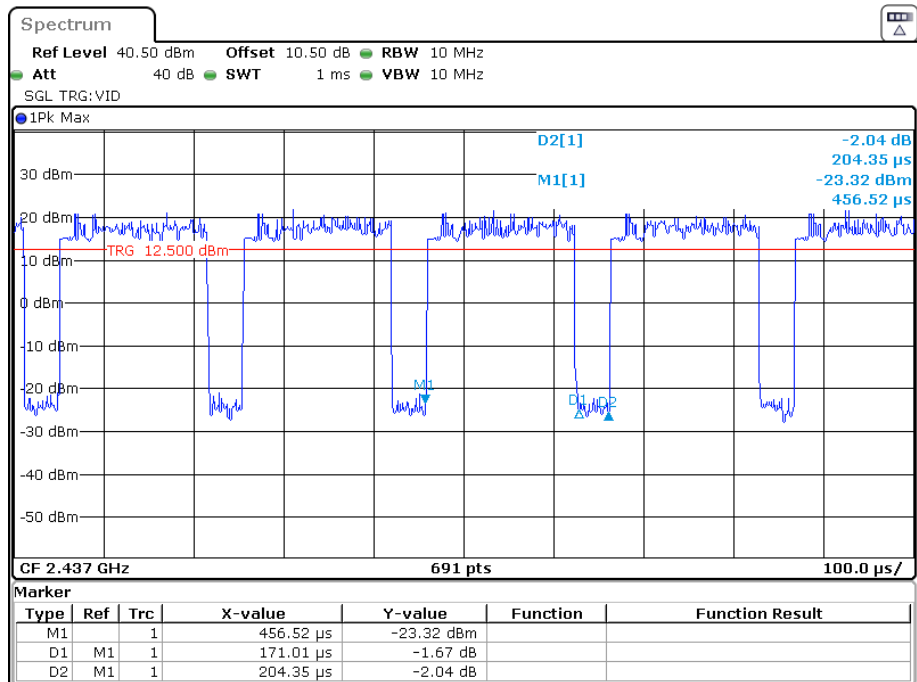
Date: 29.SEP.2021 17:09:06

802.11g mode



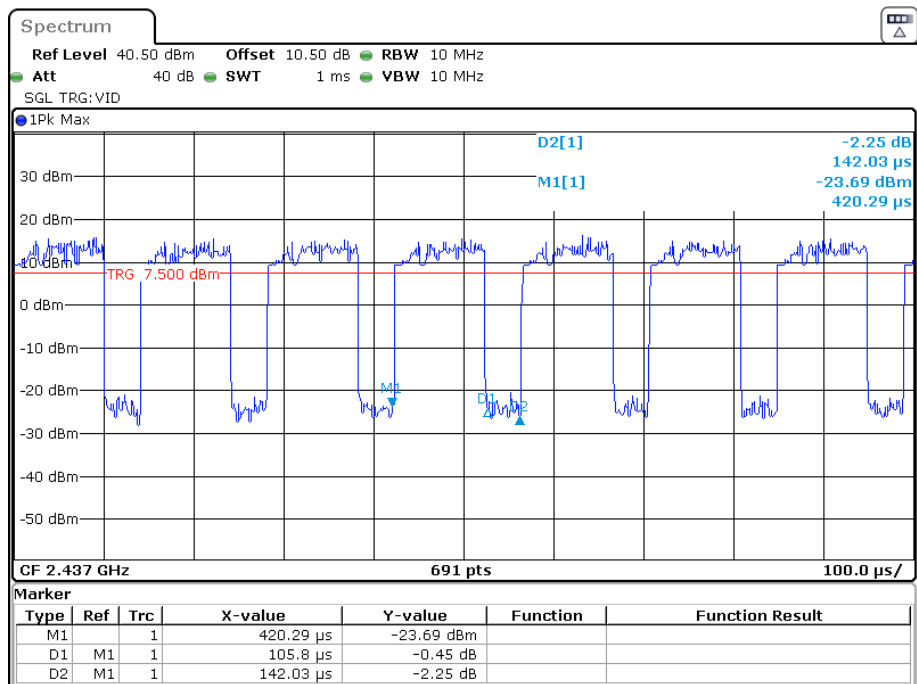
Date: 29.SEP.2021 16:52:39

802.11n20 Mode



Date: 29.SEP.2021 16:55:40

802.11n40 Mode



Date: 29.SEP.2021 16:57:37

Mode	T _{on} (ms)	T _{on+off} (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)
802.11b	0.951	1.078	88.22
802.11g	0.177	0.299	59.20
802.11n-HT20	0.171	0.204	83.82
802.11n-HT40	0.106	0.142	74.65

Support Equipment List and Details

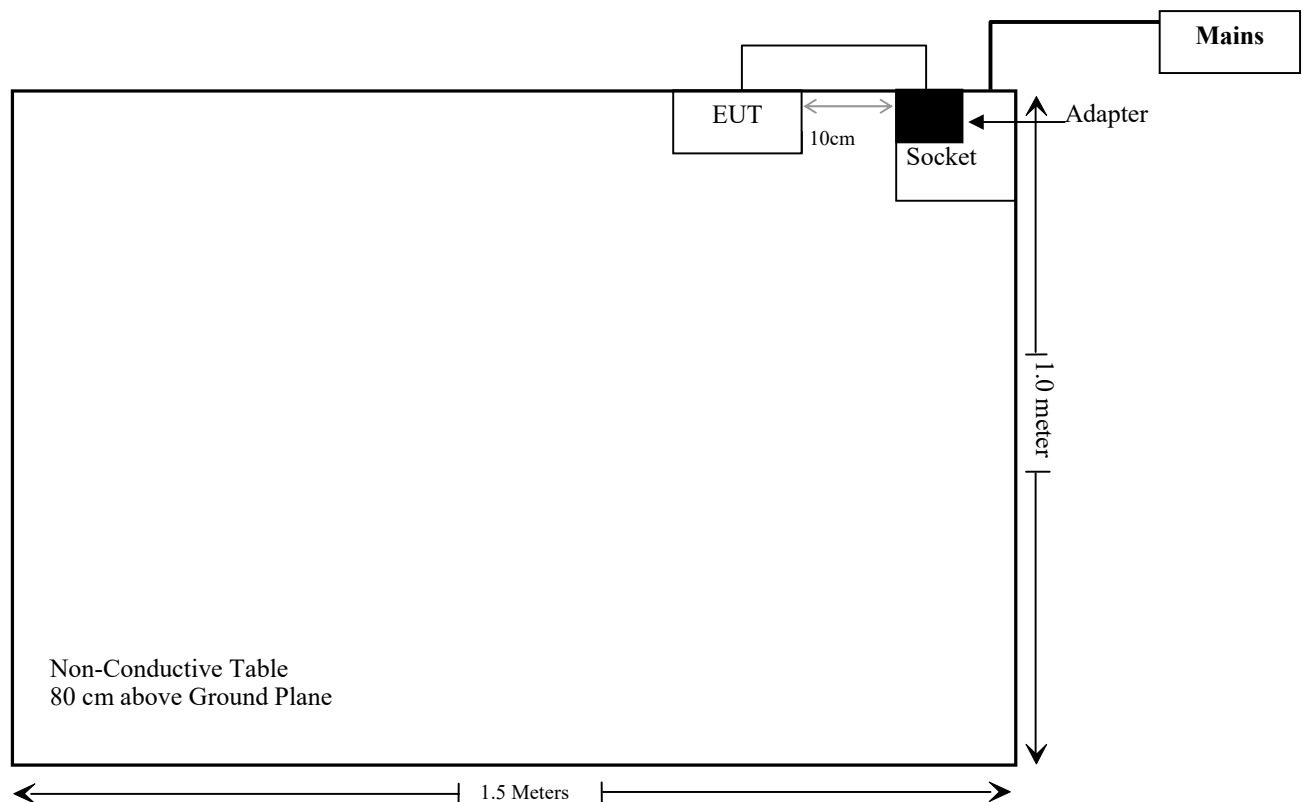
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

External I/O Cable

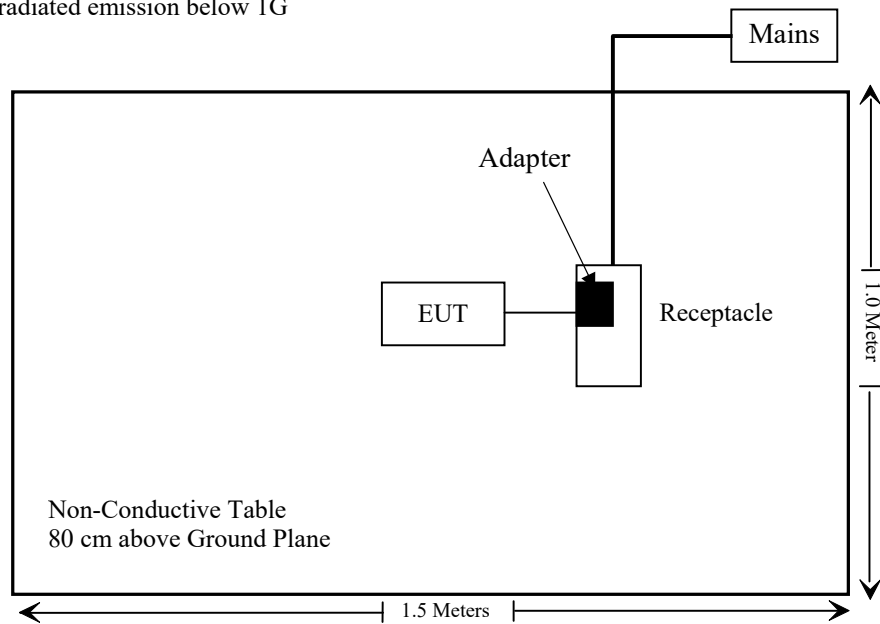
Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Un-shielding Un-Detachable DC Cable	3.0	Adapter	EUT

Block Diagram of Test Setup

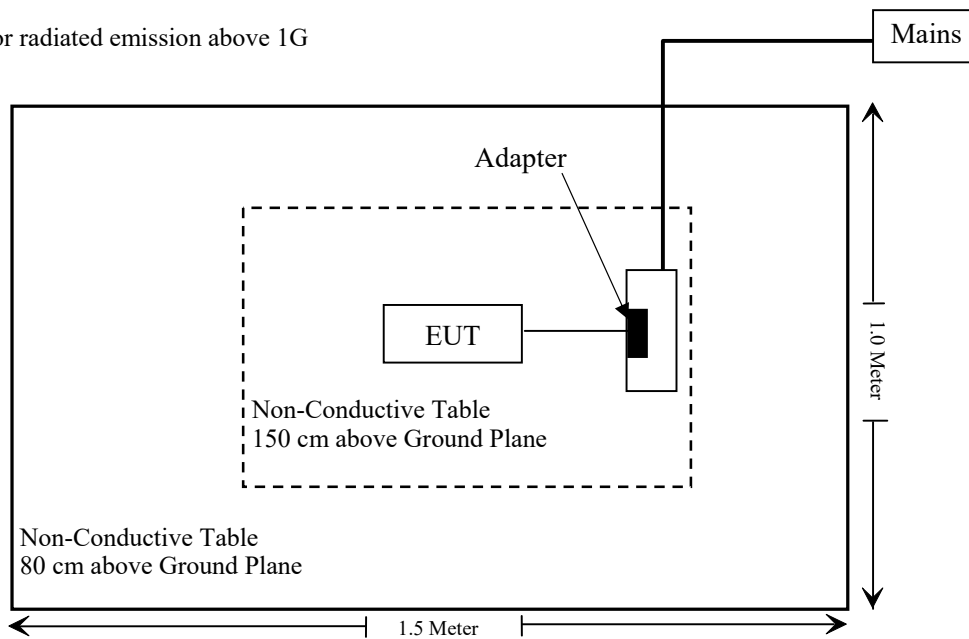
For conducted emission



For radiated emission below 1G



For radiated emission above 1G



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	RSS-247 & RSS-Gen Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.247 (i), §2.1091	RSS-102 § 4	Maximum Permissible Exposure(MPE) & RF Exposure Limit	Compliant
§15.203	RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207 (a)	RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.247 (a)(2)	RSS- Gen§6.7 RSS-247 § 5.2 (a)	99% Occupied Bandwidth & 6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 § 5.4(d)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(d)	RSS-247 § 5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
§15.247(e)	RSS-247 § 5.2 (b)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Conducted Emissions Test					
Rohde& Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100784	2021/02/03	2022/02/02
R & S	L.I.S.N.	ENV216	101314	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Anritsu Corp	50ΩCoaxial Switch	MP59B	6200506474	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	N-2m	No.2	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Conducted Emission Test Software: ES-K1 V1.71					
Radiated Emission Test					
Rohde& Schwarz	Test Receiver	ESR	101817	2020/12/24	2021/12/23
Rohde&Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101495	2020/12/24	2021/12/23
SONOMA INSTRUMENT	Amplifier	310 N	186131	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
A.H. Systems, inc.	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	531	2021/07/08	2022/07/07
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW-18405536-J0	15964001002	2020/11/28	2021/11/27
Anritsu Corp	50 Coaxial Switch	MP59B	6100237248	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Schwarzbeck	Bilog Antenna	VULB9163	9163-323	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D	9120D-1067	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Schwarzbeck	HORN ANTENNA	BBHA9170	9170-359	2020/01/05	2023/01/04
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	N-5m	No.3	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	N-1m	No.5	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	N-5m	No.4	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Unknown	RF Coaxial Cable	N-1m	No.6	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Wainwright	High Pass Filter	WHKX3.6/18 G-10SS	5	2020/12/25	2021/12/24
Radiated Emission Test Software: e3 19821b (V9)					

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
RF Conducted Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV-40	101495	2020/12/24	2021/12/23
Rohde & Schwarz	Open Switch and Control Unit	OSP120 + OSP-B157	101244 + 100866	2020/12/24	2021/12/23
WEINSCHTEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU 3842	2020/12/25	2021/12/24

* **Statement of Traceability:** Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

FCC §15.247 (i) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Applicable Standard

According to subpart 15.247 (i) and subpart 2.1091 systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (Minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Result

Calculated Formulary:

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

For simultaneously transmit system, the calculated power density should comply with:

$$\sum_i \frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}} \leq 1$$

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Tune Up Conducted Power		Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	MPE Limit (mW/cm ²)
	(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)			
2402-2477	0	1	15.0	31.62	20	0.006	1.0
2412-2462	0	1	26.0	398.11	20	0.079	1.0

Note: 1. the tune up conducted power was declared by the applicant
 2. the FHSS can transmit at the same time with the Wi-Fi function.

Simultaneous transmitting consideration:

$$\text{The ratio} = \text{MPE}_{\text{FHSS}}/\text{limit} + \text{MPE}_{\text{Wi-Fi}}/\text{limit} = 0.006 + 0.079 = 0.085 < 1.0$$

To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

Result: Compliant.

RSS-102 § 4 –EXPOSURE LIMITS

Applicable Standard

According to RSS-102 §4:

Table 4: RF Field Strength Limits for Devices Used by the General Public (Uncontrolled Environment)				
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field (V/m rms)	Magnetic Field (A/m rms)	Power Density (W/m ²)	Reference Period (minutes)
0.003-10 ²¹	83	90	-	Instantaneous*
0.1-10	-	0.73/ f	-	6**
1.1-10	87/ f ^{0.5}	-	-	6**
10-20	27.46	0.0728	2	6
20-48	58.07/ f ^{0.25}	0.1540/ f ^{0.25}	8.944/ f ^{0.5}	6
48-300	22.06	0.05852	1.291	6
300-6000	3.142 f ^{0.3417}	0.008335 f ^{0.3417}	0.02619 f ^{0.6834}	6
6000-15000	61.4	0.163	10	6
15000-150000	61.4	0.163	10	616000/ f ^{1.2}
150000-300000	0.158 f ^{0.5}	4.21 x 10 ⁻⁴ f ^{0.5}	6.67 x 10 ⁻⁵ f	616000/f ^{1.2}

Note: f is frequency in MHz.

* Based on nerve stimulation (NS).

** Based on specific absorption rate (SAR).

Calculated Formulary:

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

For simultaneously transmit system, the calculated power density should comply with:

$$\sum_i \frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}} \leq 1$$

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Tune Up Conducted Power		Evaluation Distance (m)	Power Density (W/m ²)	MPE Limit (W/m ²)
	(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(W)			
2402-2477	0	1	15.0	0.032	0.2	0.06	5.35
2412-2462	0	1	26.0	0.398	0.2	0.79	5.36

Note: 1. the tune up conducted power was declared by the applicant
 2. the FHSS can transmit at the same time with the Wi-Fi function.

Simultaneous transmitting consideration:

The ratio= $MPE_{FHSS}/limit + MPE_{Wi-Fi}/limit = 0.06/5.35 + 0.79/5.36 = 0.16 < 1.0$

To maintain compliance with the ISED's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

Result: Compliant.

§15.203 & RSS-Gen §6.8 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

- a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device. Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has an internal PCB antenna arrangement which was permanently attached and the antenna gain is 0 dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Type	Antenna Gain	Impedance
PCB	0 dBi	50 Ω

Result: Compliant.

§ 15.207 (a) & RSS-GEN §8.8 AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

FCC §15.207(a) & RSS-Gen §8.8

Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table 4, as measured using a 50 μ H / 50 Ω line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT.

For an EUT that connects to the AC power lines indirectly, through another device, the requirement for compliance with the limits in table 4 shall apply at the terminals of the AC power-line mains cable of a representative support device, while it provides power to the EUT. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges. The device used to power the EUT shall be representative of typical applications.

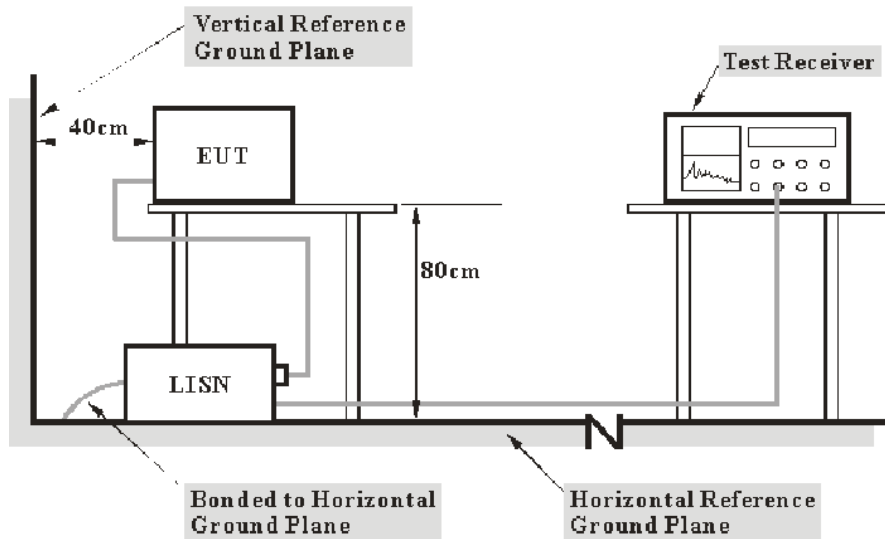
Table 4 - AC Power Lines Conducted Emission Limits		
Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56 ¹	56 to 46 ¹
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30	60	50

Note 1: The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

For an EUT with a permanent or detachable antenna operating between 150 kHz and 30 MHz, the AC power-line conducted emissions must be measured using the following configurations:

- Perform the AC power-line conducted emissions test with the antenna connected to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 outside the transmitter's fundamental emission band.
- Retest with a dummy load instead of the antenna to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 within the transmitter's fundamental emission band. For a detachable antenna, remove the antenna and connect a suitable dummy load to the antenna connector. For a permanent antenna, remove the antenna and terminate the RF output with a dummy load or network that simulates the antenna in the fundamental frequency band.

EUT Setup



- Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.
 2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 & RSS-247/RSS-Gen limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the outlet of the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Corrected factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor), Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Correction Factor} = \text{LISN VDF} + \text{Cable Loss} + \text{Transient Limiter Attenuation}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

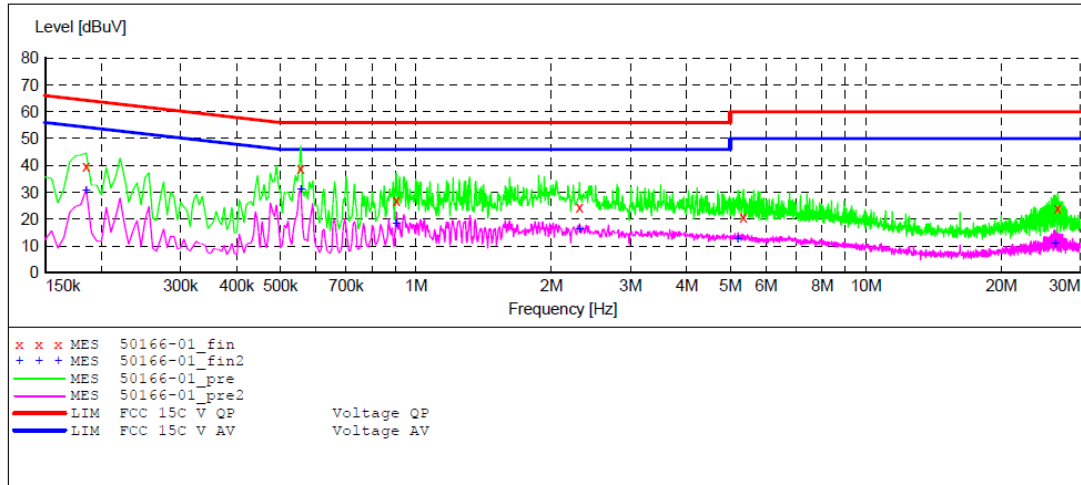
Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Fan Yang on 2021-10-01.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting (worst case at 802.11b mode, low channel)

*For Adapter 1: BQ12G-0501500-U***AC 120V/60 Hz, Line****MEASUREMENT RESULT: "50166-01_fin"**

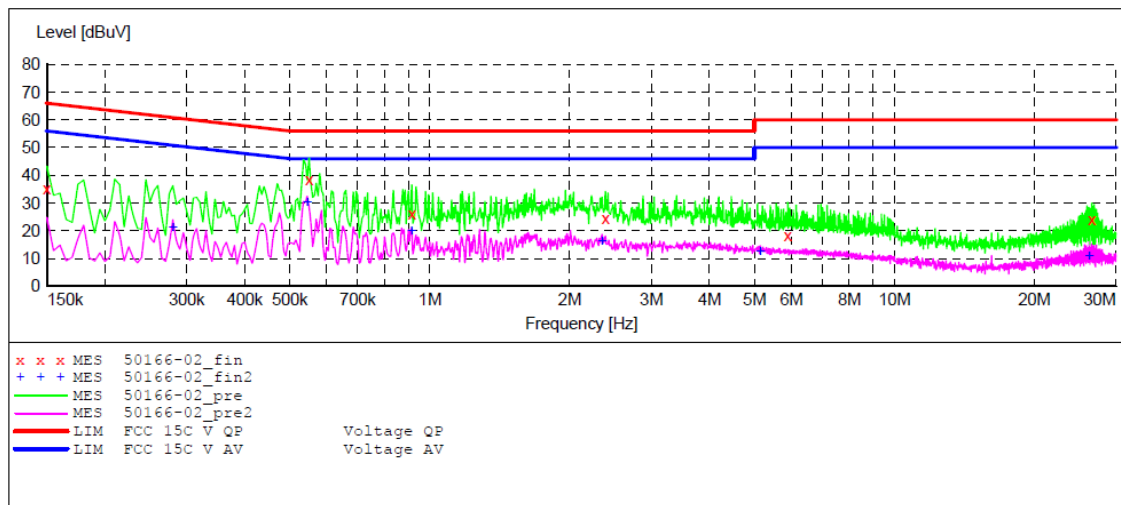
2021-10-1 03:03

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV	Transd dB	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.185000	39.40	10.8	64	24.6	QP	L1	GND
0.555000	39.00	11.0	56	17.0	QP	L1	GND
0.905000	26.80	11.1	56	29.2	QP	L1	GND
2.310000	24.30	11.3	56	31.7	QP	L1	GND
5.350000	20.60	11.5	60	39.4	QP	L1	GND
26.700000	23.90	11.8	60	36.1	QP	L1	GND

MEASUREMENT RESULT: "50166-01_fin2"

2021-10-1 03:03

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV	Transd dB	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.185000	29.90	10.8	54	24.1	AV	L1	GND
0.555000	31.00	11.0	46	15.0	AV	L1	GND
0.905000	18.10	11.1	46	27.9	AV	L1	GND
2.310000	16.00	11.3	46	30.0	AV	L1	GND
5.200000	12.50	11.4	50	37.5	AV	L1	GND
26.350000	10.70	11.8	50	39.3	AV	L1	GND

AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral**MEASUREMENT RESULT: "50166-02_fin"**

2021-10-1 03:06

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV	Transd dB	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.150000	34.70	10.8	66	31.3	QP	N	GND
0.550000	38.50	11.0	56	17.5	QP	N	GND
0.915000	26.10	11.1	56	29.9	QP	N	GND
2.390000	24.60	11.3	56	31.4	QP	N	GND
5.900000	18.20	11.5	60	41.8	QP	N	GND
26.625000	24.20	11.8	60	35.8	QP	N	GND

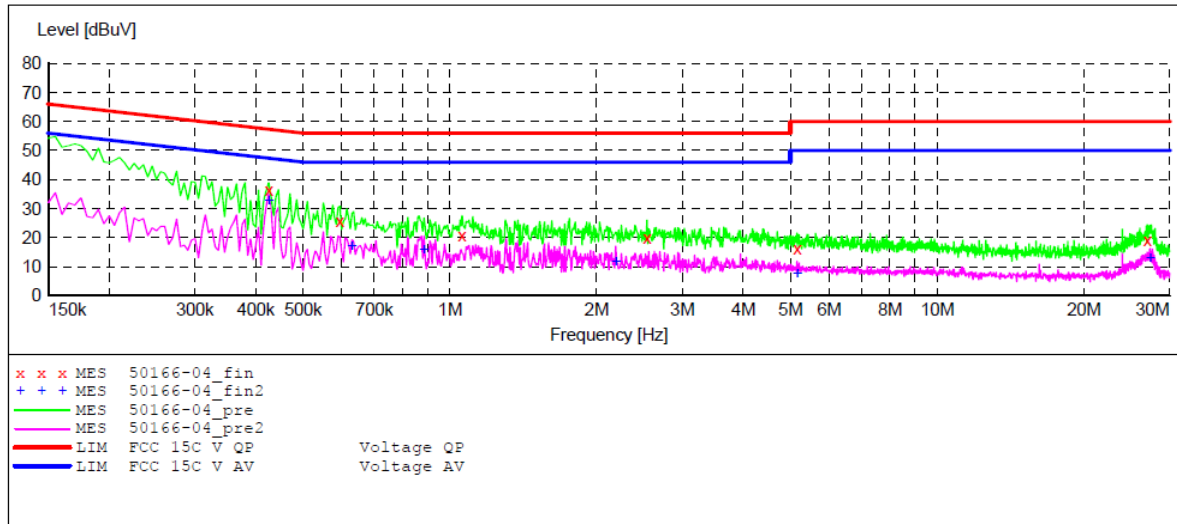
MEASUREMENT RESULT: "50166-02_fin2"

2021-10-1 03:06

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV	Transd dB	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.280000	21.20	10.9	51	29.8	AV	N	GND
0.545000	30.40	11.0	46	15.6	AV	N	GND
0.915000	17.10	11.1	46	28.9	AV	N	GND
2.350000	16.00	11.3	46	30.0	AV	N	GND
5.150000	12.60	11.4	50	37.4	AV	N	GND
26.275000	10.90	11.8	50	39.1	AV	N	GND

For Adapter 2: S012-1B050150VU

AC 120V/60 Hz, Line



MEASUREMENT RESULT: "50166-04_fin"

2021-10-1 03:17

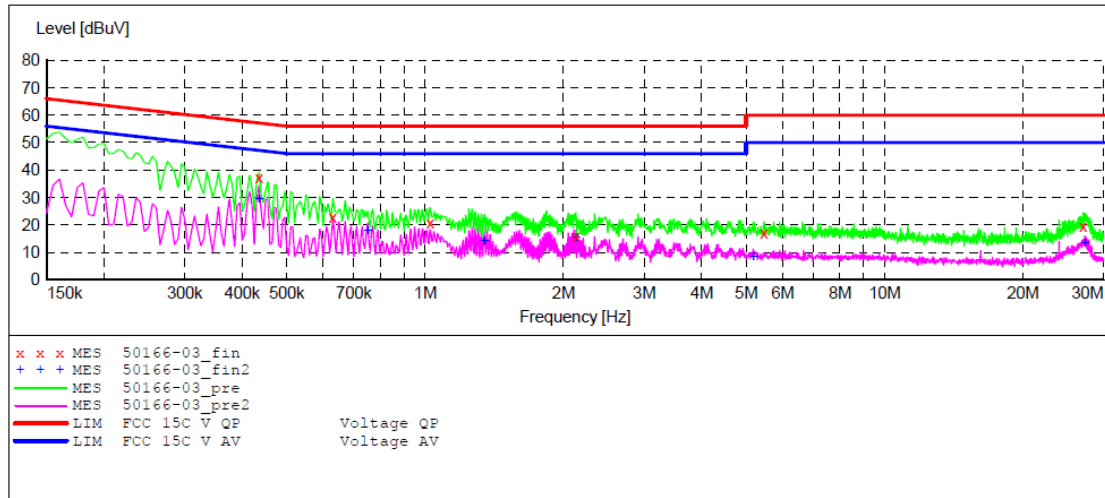
Frequency MHz	Level dBuV	Transd dB	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.425000	35.40	11.0	57	21.6	QP	L1	GND
0.595000	25.70	11.0	56	30.3	QP	L1	GND
1.060000	20.90	11.1	56	35.1	QP	L1	GND
2.540000	19.80	11.3	56	36.2	QP	L1	GND
5.160000	16.00	11.4	60	44.0	QP	L1	GND
27.000000	19.00	11.8	60	41.0	QP	L1	GND

MEASUREMENT RESULT: "50166-04_fin2"

2021-10-1 03:17

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV	Transd dB	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.425000	32.40	11.0	47	14.6	AV	L1	GND
0.630000	16.90	11.0	46	29.1	AV	L1	GND
0.885000	15.80	11.1	46	30.2	AV	L1	GND
2.190000	11.60	11.3	46	34.4	AV	L1	GND
5.160000	7.60	11.4	50	42.4	AV	L1	GND
27.400000	12.80	11.8	50	37.2	AV	L1	GND

AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral



MEASUREMENT RESULT: "50166-03_fin"

2021-10-1 03:19

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV	Transd dB	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.435000	37.60	11.0	57	19.4	QP	N	GND
0.630000	22.60	11.0	56	33.4	QP	N	GND
1.025000	20.70	11.1	56	35.3	QP	N	GND
2.130000	15.60	11.3	56	40.4	QP	N	GND
5.470000	17.10	11.5	60	42.9	QP	N	GND
27.075000	19.30	11.8	60	40.7	QP	N	GND

MEASUREMENT RESULT: "50166-03_fin2"

2021-10-1 03:19

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV	Transd dB	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Detector	Line	PE
0.435000	17.10	11.0	47	29.9	AV	N	GND
0.750000	19.10	11.1	46	26.9	AV	N	GND
1.345000	15.10	11.2	46	30.9	AV	N	GND
2.130000	15.10	11.3	46	30.9	AV	N	GND
5.180000	8.40	11.4	50	41.6	AV	N	GND
27.300000	13.30	11.8	50	36.7	AV	N	GND

§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d) & RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205;

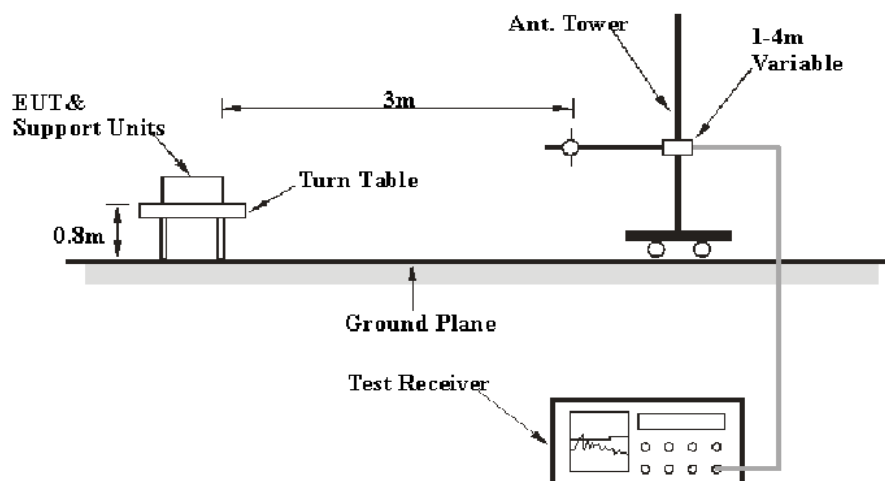
According to RSS-GEN § 8.10 & RSS-247 § 5.5

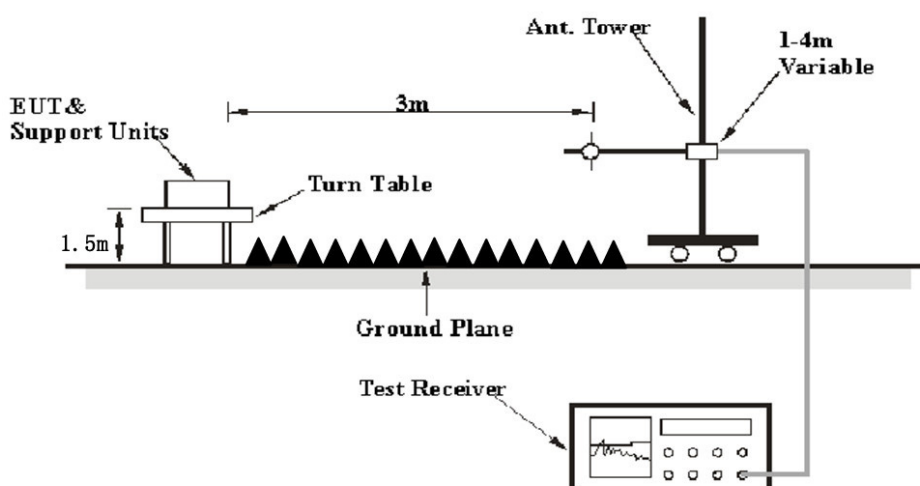
Restricted frequency bands, identified in table 7, are designated primarily for safety-of-life services (distress calling and certain aeronautical activities), certain satellite downlinks, radio astronomy and some government uses. Except where otherwise indicated, the following conditions related to the restricted frequency bands apply: (a) The transmit frequency, including fundamental components of modulation, of licence-exempt radio apparatus shall not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 except for apparatus compliant with RSS-287, Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacons (EPIRB), Emergency Locator Transmitters (ELT), Personal Locator Beacons (PLB), and Maritime Survivor Locator Devices (MSLD). (b) Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply with the limits specified in table 5 and table 6. (c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands listed in table 7 shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in table 5 and table 6.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

EUT Setup

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1GHz:

The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013 & RSS-Gen. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 & RSS-Gen limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK
	1MHz	10 Hz ^{Note 1}	/	Average
	1MHz	> 1/T ^{Note 2}	/	Average

Note 1: when duty cycle is no less than 98%

Note 2: when duty cycle is less than 98%

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

Data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz-1 GHz, peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.

Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.

Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corrected Amplitude} = \text{Meter Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Over Limit/Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over Limit/margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for Over Limit/margin calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Over Limit} &= \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} / \text{Corrected Amplitude} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor}\end{aligned}$$

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25~26.8 °C
Relative Humidity:	51~54 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0~101.2 kPa

The testing was performed by Caro hu from 2021-11-18 for below 1GHz and by Bin Duan on 2021-10-26 for above 1GHz.

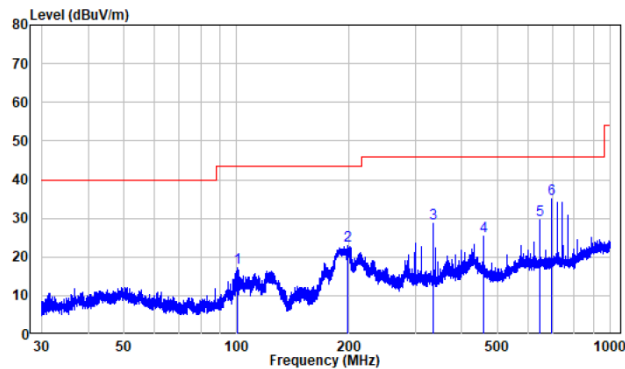
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

(Pre-scan in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case X-axis of orientation was recorded)

30 MHz~1 GHz: (worst case at 802.11b mode, low channel)

For Adapter 1: BQ12G-0501500-U

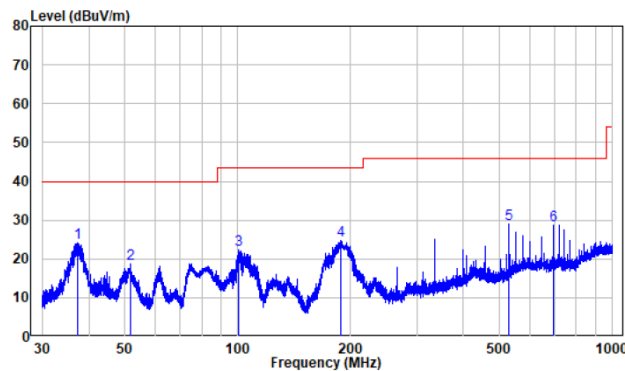
Horizontal:



Site : chamber
Condition: 3m HORIZONTAL
Job No. : SZ1210926-54083E-RF
Mode : 11b 2412MHz
M/N : BU
Adapter : BQ12G-0501500-U

	Freq	Factor	Read		Limit	Over	Remark
			Level	Level	Line	Limit	
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	100.62	-19.17	36.26	17.09	43.50	-26.41	Peak
2	198.15	-19.26	42.24	22.98	43.50	-20.52	Peak
3	336.04	-16.47	45.05	28.58	46.00	-17.42	Peak
4	456.11	-14.33	39.63	25.30	46.00	-20.70	Peak
5	648.24	-11.06	40.68	29.62	46.00	-16.38	Peak
6	696.25	-11.44	46.60	35.16	46.00	-10.84	Peak

Vertical

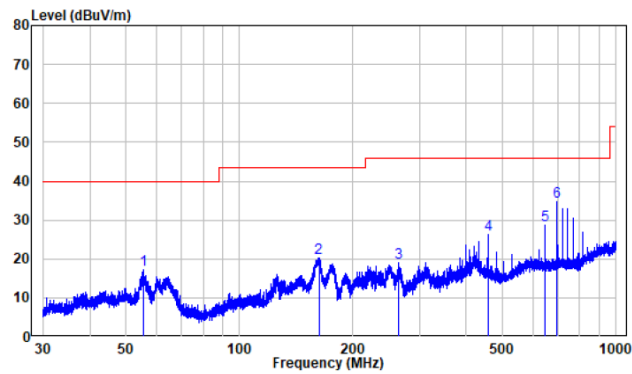


Site : chamber
Condition: 3m VERTICAL
Job No. : SZ1210926-54083E-RF
Mode : 11b 2412MHz
M/N : BU
Adapter : BQ12G-0501500-U

	Freq	Factor	Read		Limit	Over	Remark
			Level	Level	Line	Limit	
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	37.47	-19.06	43.15	24.09	40.00	-15.91	Peak
2	51.66	-17.61	36.45	18.84	40.00	-21.16	Peak
3	100.10	-19.16	41.47	22.31	43.50	-21.19	Peak
4	187.67	-20.44	45.07	24.63	43.50	-18.87	Peak
5	528.01	-13.69	42.58	28.89	46.00	-17.11	Peak
6	696.25	-11.44	40.23	28.79	46.00	-17.21	Peak

For Adapter 2: S012-1B050150VU

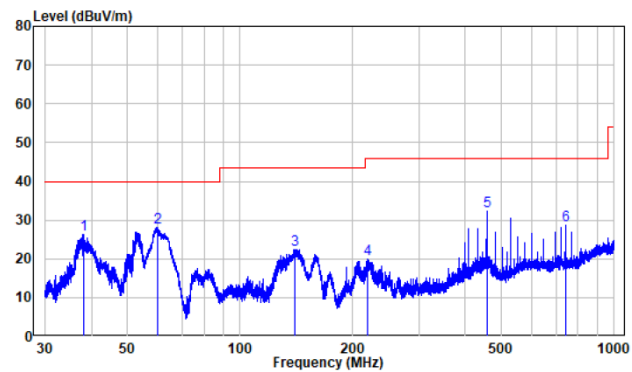
Horizontal:



Site : chamber
Condition: 3m HORIZONTAL
Job No. : SZ1210926-54083E-RF
Mode : 11b 2412MHz
M/N : BU
Adapter : S012-1B050150VU

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	55.39	-18.47	35.67	17.20	40.00	-22.80	Peak
2	162.33	-21.59	41.92	20.33	43.50	-23.17	Peak
3	264.05	-18.26	37.42	19.16	46.00	-26.84	Peak
4	456.11	-14.33	40.61	26.28	46.00	-19.72	Peak
5	648.24	-11.06	39.85	28.79	46.00	-17.21	Peak
6	696.25	-11.44	46.04	34.60	46.00	-11.40	Peak

Vertical



Site : chamber
Condition: 3m VERTICAL
Job No. : SZ1210926-54083E-RF
Mode : 11b 2412MHz
M/N : BU
Adapter : S012-1B050150VU

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	38.03	-18.97	45.20	26.23	40.00	-13.77	Peak
2	60.07	-19.53	47.70	28.17	40.00	-11.83	Peak
3	140.03	-21.96	44.33	22.37	43.50	-21.13	Peak
4	218.31	-18.97	38.93	19.96	46.00	-26.04	Peak
5	456.11	-14.33	46.54	32.21	46.00	-13.79	Peak
6	744.21	-11.12	39.88	28.76	46.00	-17.24	Peak

1 GHz-25 GHz (Wi-Fi):**802.11b Mode:**

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	PK/QP/Ave.		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel (2412 MHz)									
2310	67.52	PK	350	1.9	H	-6.84	60.68	74	-13.32
2310	53.78	Ave	350	1.9	H	-6.84	46.94	54	-7.06
2310	67.58	PK	348	2.3	V	-6.84	60.74	74	-13.26
2310	53.89	Ave	348	2.3	V	-6.84	47.05	54	-6.95
2390	73.14	PK	155	1.6	H	-6.44	66.70	74	-7.3
2390	54.60	Ave	155	1.6	H	-6.44	48.16	54	-5.84
2390	76.82	PK	260	2	V	-6.44	70.38	74	-3.62
2390	55.88	Ave	260	2	V	-6.44	49.44	54	-4.56
4824	49.41	PK	64	1.9	H	2.87	52.28	74	-21.72
4824	50.48	PK	73	1.6	V	2.87	53.35	74	-20.65
Middle Channel (2437MHz)									
4874	49.87	PK	199	1.2	H	3.01	52.88	74	-21.12
4874	48.39	PK	63	1.5	V	3.01	51.40	74	-22.6
High Channel (2462 MHz)									
2483.5	67.18	PK	103	1.8	H	-5.96	61.22	74	-12.78
2483.5	54.25	Ave	103	1.8	H	-5.96	48.29	54	-5.71
2483.5	70.46	PK	295	2.3	V	-5.96	64.5	74	-9.5
2483.5	54.36	Ave	295	2.3	V	-5.96	48.4	54	-5.6
2500	71.74	PK	355	1.4	H	-5.88	65.86	74	-8.14
2500	54.16	Ave	355	1.4	H	-5.88	48.28	54	-5.72
2500	67.45	PK	72	1.1	V	-5.88	61.57	74	-12.43
2500	54.19	Ave	72	1.1	V	-5.88	48.31	54	-5.69
4924	50.49	PK	220	2.0	H	3.17	53.66	74	-20.34
4924	50.70	PK	149	1.8	V	3.17	53.87	74	-20.13

802.11g Mode:

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	PK/QP/Ave.		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel (2412 MHz)									
2310	66.71	PK	118	1	H	-6.84	59.87	74	-14.13
2310	55.76	Ave	118	1	H	-6.84	48.92	54	-5.08
2310	66.68	PK	329	1.7	V	-6.84	59.84	74	-14.16
2310	55.62	Ave	329	1.7	V	-6.84	48.78	54	-5.22
2390	69.40	PK	121	2.4	H	-6.44	62.96	74	-11.04
2390	56.67	Ave	121	2.4	H	-6.44	50.23	54	-3.77
2390	73.71	PK	79	2.2	V	-6.44	67.27	74	-6.73
2390	57.77	Ave	79	2.2	V	-6.44	51.33	54	-2.67
4824	44.96	PK	212	1.4	H	2.87	47.83	74	-26.17
4824	43.13	PK	212	1.4	V	2.87	46.00	74	-28.00
Middle Channel (2437MHz)									
4874	44.82	PK	90	1.3	H	3.01	47.83	74	-26.17
4874	44.91	PK	350	1.9	V	3.01	47.92	74	-26.08
High Channel (2462 MHz)									
2483.5	67.37	PK	108	1.6	H	-5.96	61.41	74	-12.59
2483.5	56.18	Ave	108	1.6	H	-5.96	50.22	54	-3.78
2483.5	67.54	PK	185	1.4	V	-5.96	61.58	74	-12.42
2483.5	56.00	Ave	185	1.4	V	-5.96	50.04	54	-3.96
2500	67.69	PK	151	1.3	H	-5.88	61.81	74	-12.19
2500	55.94	Ave	151	1.3	H	-5.88	50.06	54	-3.94
2500	67.69	PK	232	1.2	V	-5.88	61.81	74	-12.19
2500	55.86	Ave	232	1.2	V	-5.88	49.98	54	-4.02
4924	43.98	PK	10	1.5	H	3.17	47.15	74	-26.85
4924	41.79	PK	348	1.6	V	3.17	44.96	74	-29.04

802.11n 20 Mode:

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	PK/QP/Ave.		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel (2412 MHz)									
2310	66.83	PK	358	1.8	H	-6.84	59.99	74	-14.01
2310	55.69	Ave	358	1.8	H	-6.84	48.85	54	-5.15
2310	67.07	PK	211	2	V	-6.84	60.23	74	-13.77
2310	55.67	Ave	211	2	V	-6.84	48.83	54	-5.17
2390	70.34	PK	52	1.7	H	-6.44	63.90	74	-10.1
2390	56.47	Ave	52	1.7	H	-6.44	50.03	54	-3.97
2390	75.97	PK	284	1.1	V	-6.44	69.53	74	-4.47
2390	57.97	Ave	284	1.1	V	-6.44	51.53	54	-2.47
4824	44.51	PK	44	1.7	H	2.87	47.38	74	-26.62
4824	42.24	PK	85	2.0	V	2.87	45.11	74	-28.89
Middle Channel (2437MHz)									
4874	43.66	PK	26	1.6	H	3.01	46.67	74	-27.33
4874	43.16	PK	191	1.3	V	3.01	46.17	74	-27.83
High Channel (2462 MHz)									
2483.5	67.62	PK	25	1	H	-5.96	61.66	74	-12.34
2483.5	56.03	Ave	25	1	H	-5.96	50.07	54	-3.93
2483.5	69.52	PK	233	1.2	V	-5.96	63.56	74	-10.44
2483.5	56.46	Ave	233	1.2	V	-5.96	50.5	54	-3.5
2500	68.36	PK	276	1.9	H	-5.88	62.48	74	-11.52
2500	55.90	Ave	276	1.9	H	-5.88	50.02	54	-3.98
2500	67.46	PK	162	2.4	V	-5.88	61.58	74	-12.42
2500	55.80	Ave	162	2.4	V	-5.88	49.92	54	-4.08
4924	44.47	PK	179	1.9	H	3.17	47.64	74	-26.36
4924	42.47	PK	117	1.2	V	3.17	45.64	74	-28.36

802.11n 40 Mode:

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Turntable Degree	Rx Antenna		Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Reading (dBμV)	PK/QP/Ave.		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel (2422 MHz)									
2310	67.73	PK	345	1.5	H	-6.84	60.89	74	-13.11
2310	55.65	Ave	345	1.5	H	-6.84	48.81	54	-5.19
2310	67.75	PK	19	2.3	V	-6.84	60.91	74	-13.09
2310	55.68	Ave	19	2.3	V	-6.84	48.84	54	-5.16
2390	71.40	PK	132	2.3	H	-6.44	64.96	74	-9.04
2390	57.67	Ave	132	2.3	H	-6.44	51.23	54	-2.77
2390	77.80	PK	192	1.4	V	-6.44	71.36	74	-2.64
2390	57.97	Ave	192	1.4	V	-6.44	51.53	54	-2.47
4844	42.47	PK	186	1.8	H	2.92	45.39	74	-28.61
4844	41.65	PK	31	1.8	V	2.92	44.57	74	-29.43
Middle Channel (2437MHz)									
4874	43.74	PK	81	1.2	H	3.01	46.75	74	-27.25
4874	40.99	PK	190	1.0	V	3.01	44.00	74	-30.00
High Channel (2452 MHz)									
2483.5	69.00	PK	196	2.3	H	-5.96	63.04	74	-10.96
2483.5	55.98	Ave	196	2.3	H	-5.96	50.02	54	-3.98
2483.5	71.33	PK	345	1.1	V	-5.96	65.37	74	-8.63
2483.5	56.15	Ave	345	1.1	V	-5.96	50.19	54	-3.81
2500	67.40	PK	19	1.9	H	-5.88	61.52	74	-12.48
2500	55.73	Ave	19	1.9	H	-5.88	49.85	54	-4.15
2500	67.14	PK	315	2.4	V	-5.88	61.26	74	-12.74
2500	55.96	Ave	315	2.4	V	-5.88	50.08	54	-3.92
4904	42.35	PK	14	1.6	H	3.11	45.46	74	-28.54
4904	40.20	PK	264	1.4	V	3.11	43.31	74	-30.69

Note:

Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor

Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading

Margin = Corrected. Amplitude – Limit

The other spurious emission is in the noise floor level was not recorded.

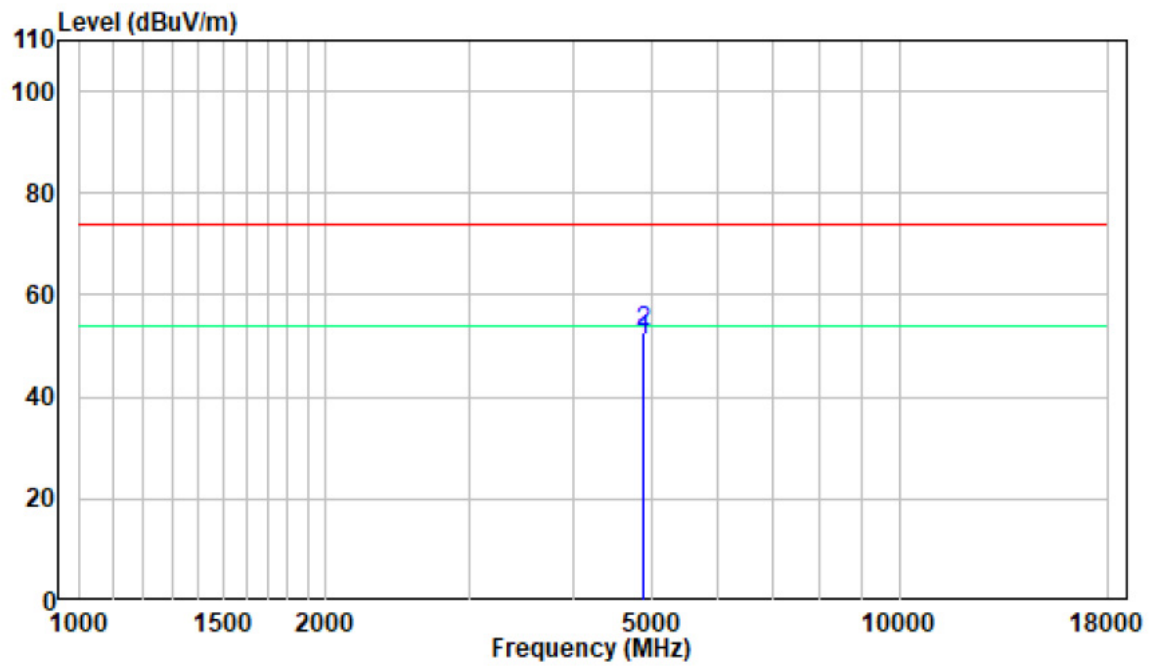
The test result of peak was less than the limit of average, so just peak value were recorded.

1-18GHz

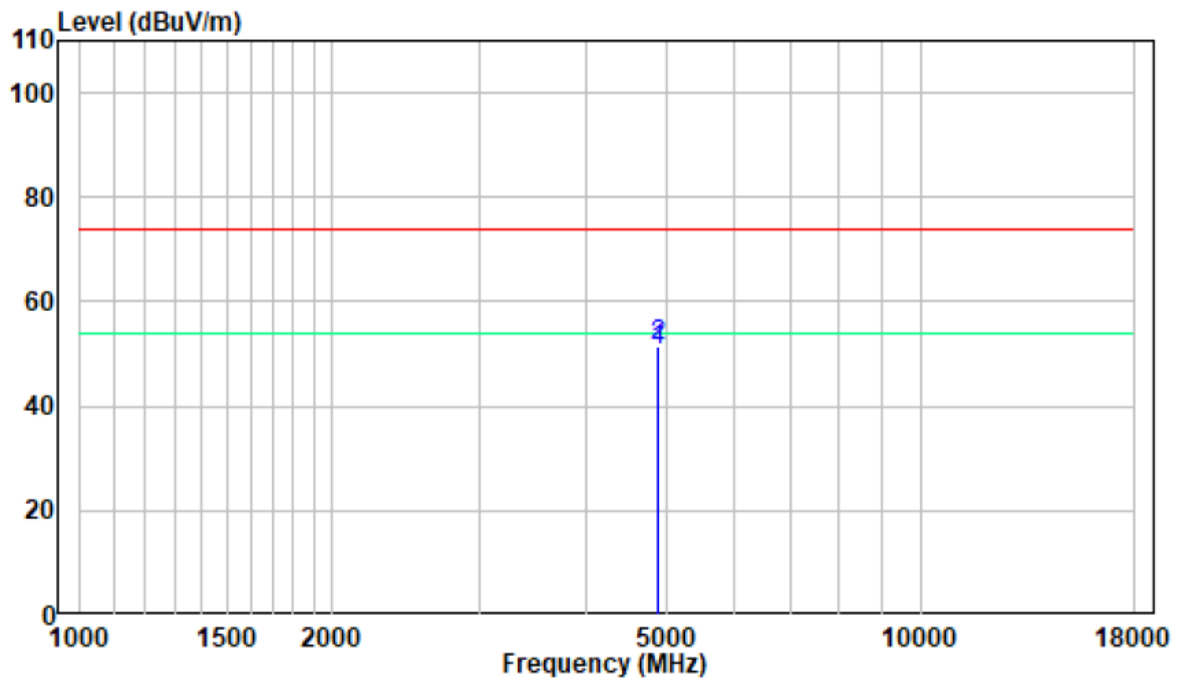
Pre-scan for Peak

802.11b, Low Channel

Horizontal:



Vertical:

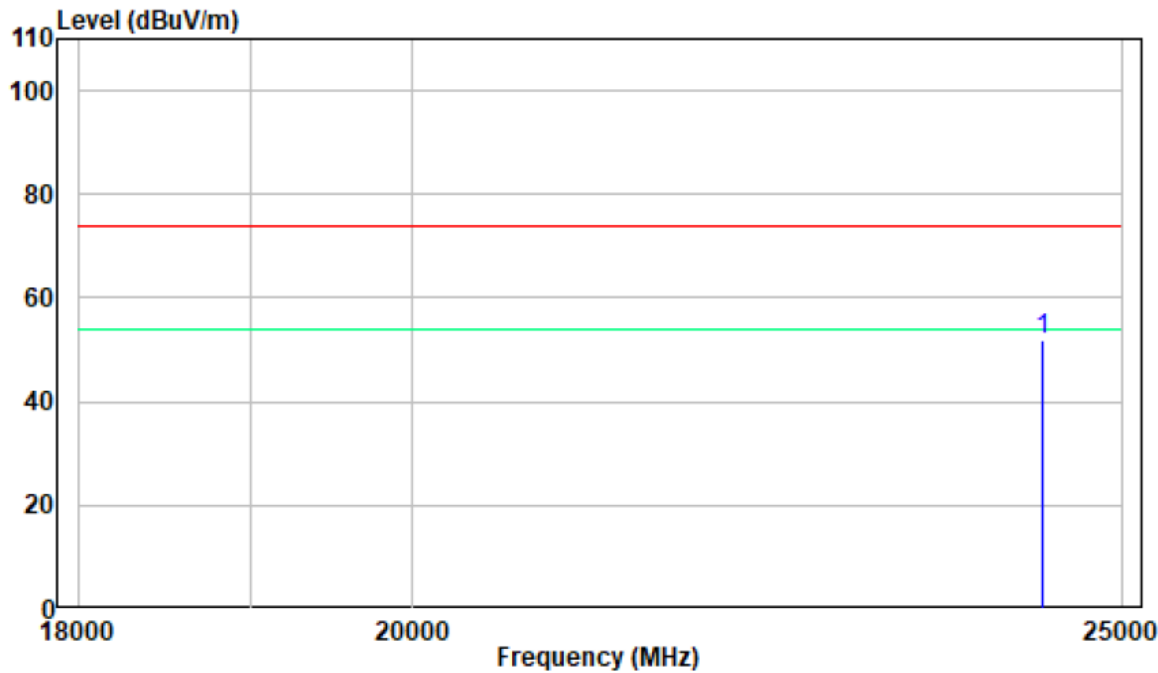


18-25GHz

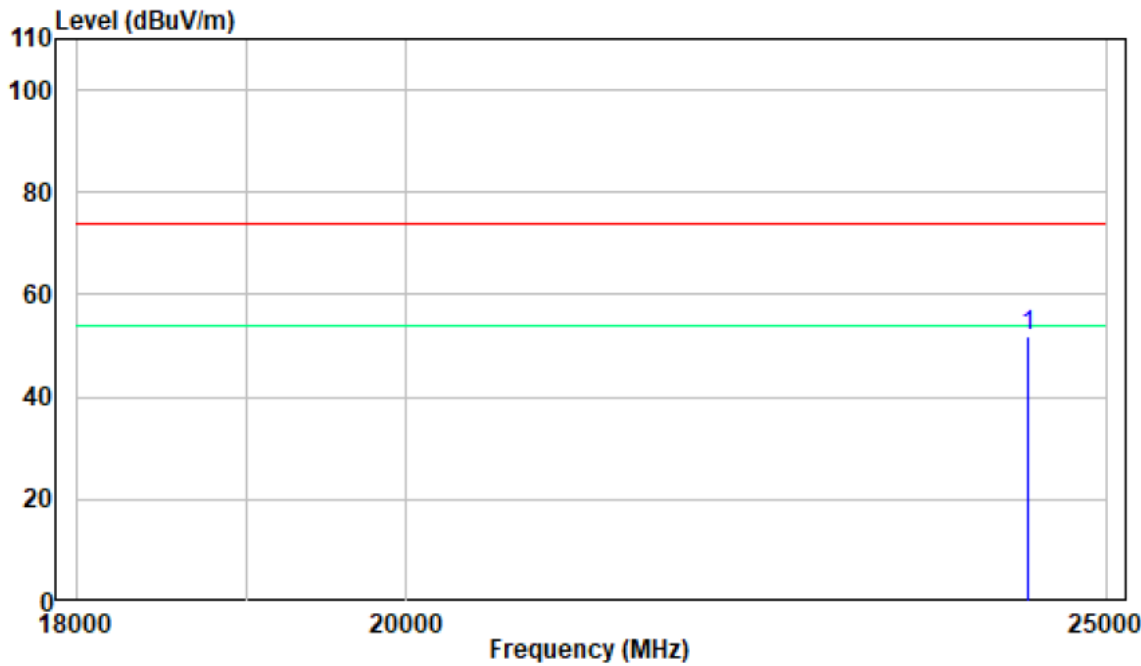
Pre-scan for Peak

802.11b, Low Channel

Horizontal:



Vertical:



§15.247 (a)(2) & RSS-Gen§6.7 RSS-247 § 5.2 (a) 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

Applicable Standard

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “6 dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated 6 dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

Test Procedure

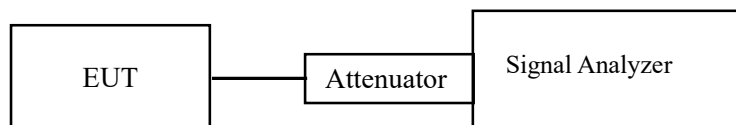
1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 6 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and 6 dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / 6 dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / 6 dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	27 °C
Relative Humidity:	54 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

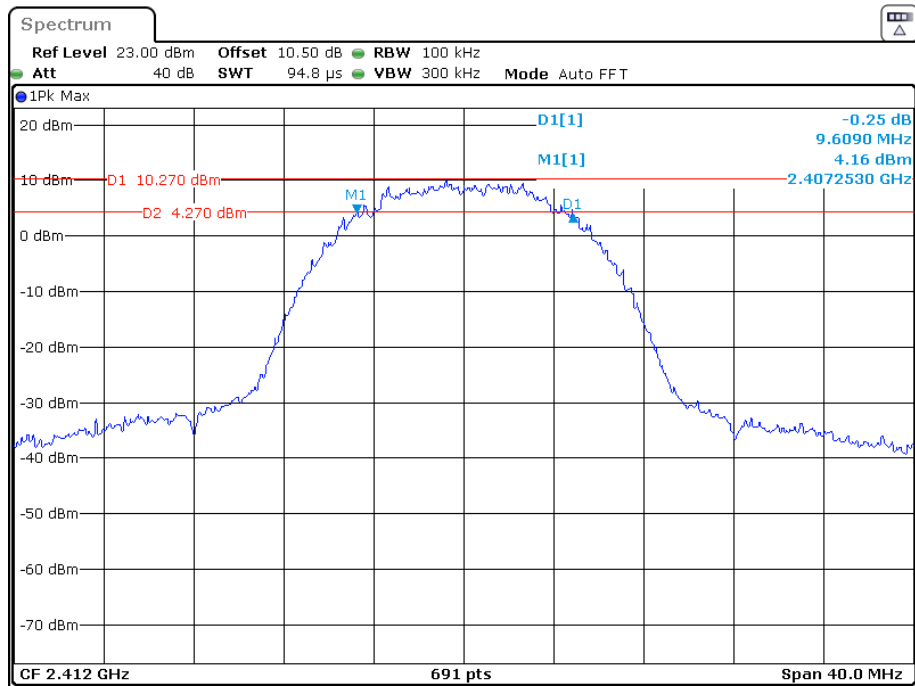
The testing was performed by Paul liu from 2021-09-29 to 2021-12-09.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Please refer to the following table and plots.

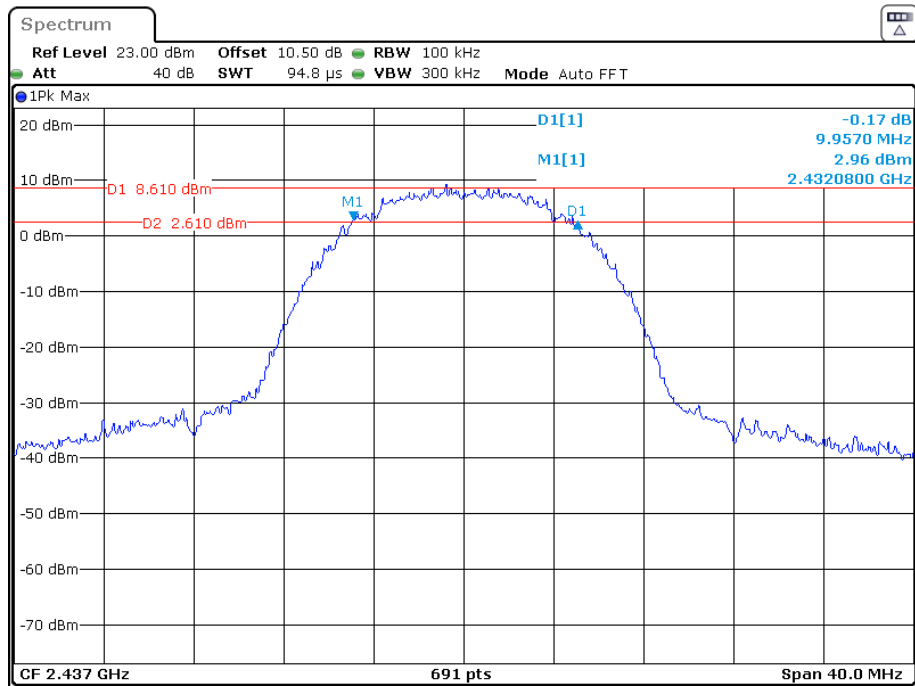
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)
802.11b mode				
Low	2412	9.609	12.735	≥500
Middle	2437	9.957	12.967	≥500
High	2462	9.841	13.024	≥500
802.11g mode				
Low	2412	16.440	16.903	≥500
Middle	2437	16.382	16.845	≥500
High	2462	16.440	16.903	≥500
802.11n-HT20 mode				
Low	2412	17.656	17.713	≥500
Middle	2437	17.663	17.713	≥500
High	2462	17.713	17.713	≥500
802.11n-HT40 mode				
Low	2422	36.070	35.890	≥500
Middle	2437	36.120	35.890	≥500
High	2452	35.890	36.006	≥500

802.11b Low Channel



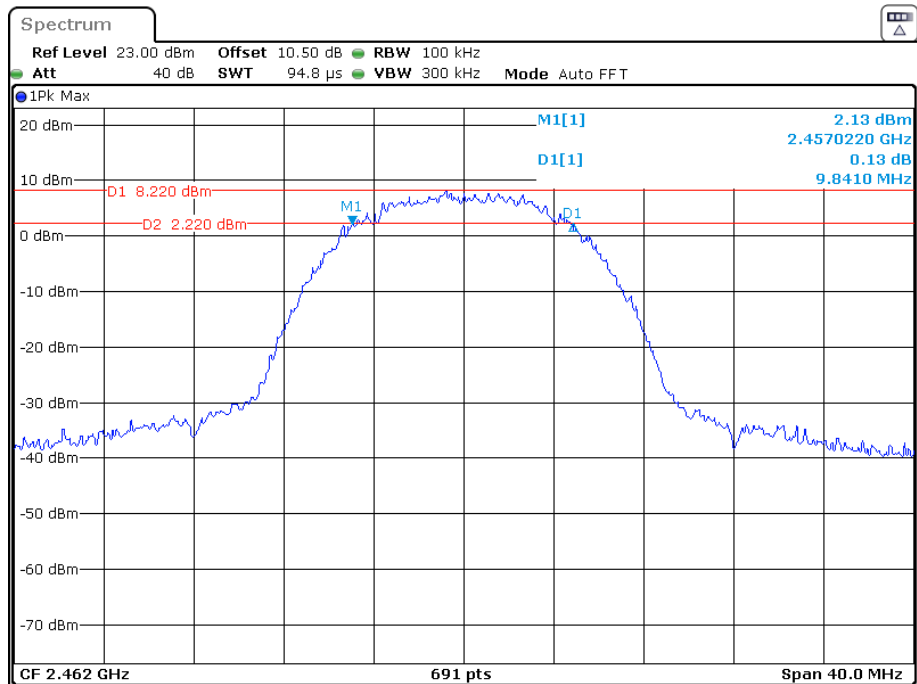
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:32:58

802.11b Middle Channel



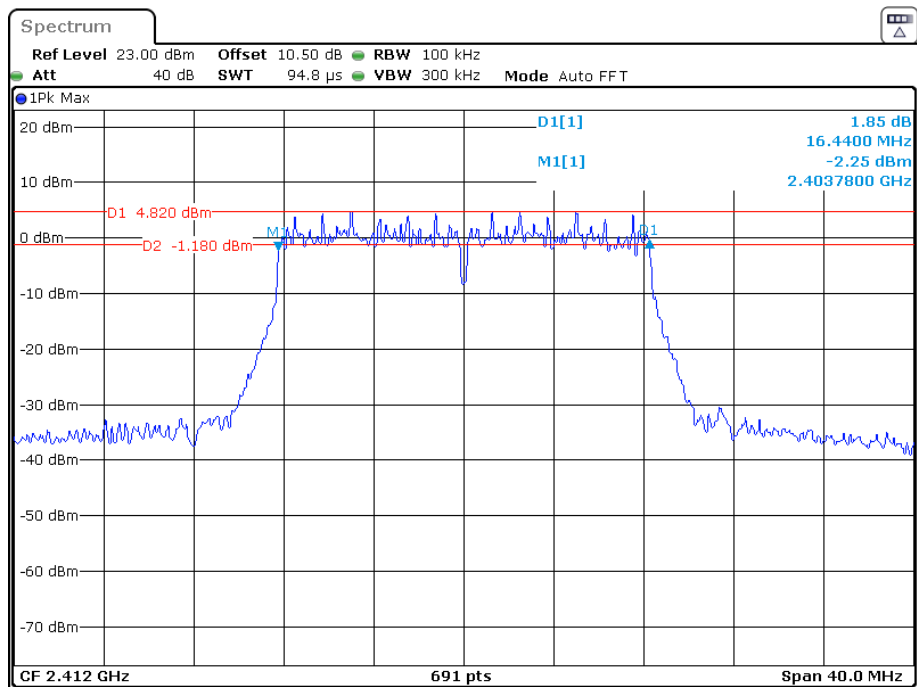
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:34:28

802.11b High Channel



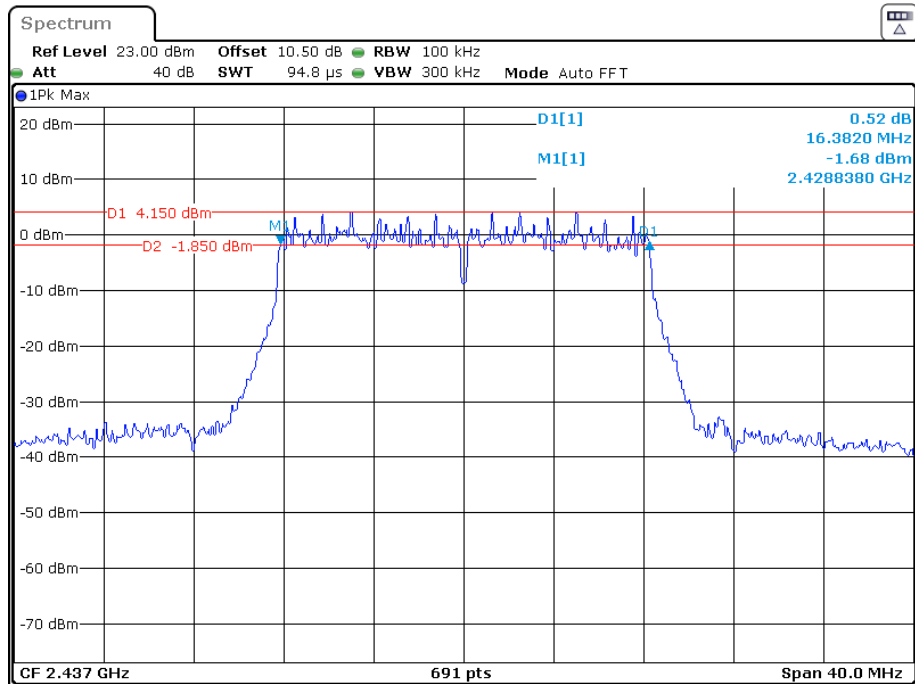
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:36:05

802.11g Low Channel



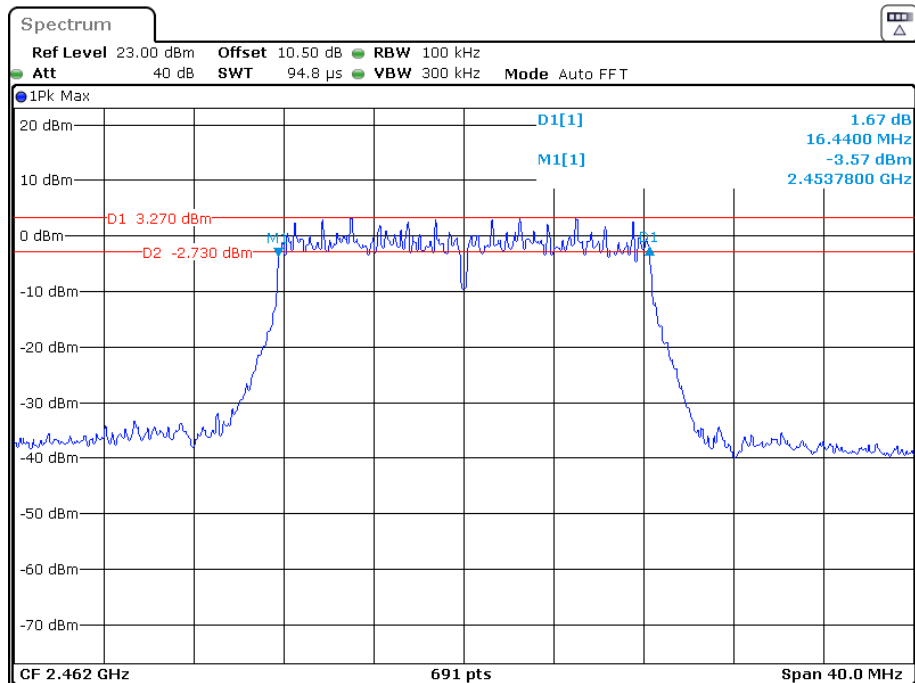
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:30:49

802.11g Middle Channel



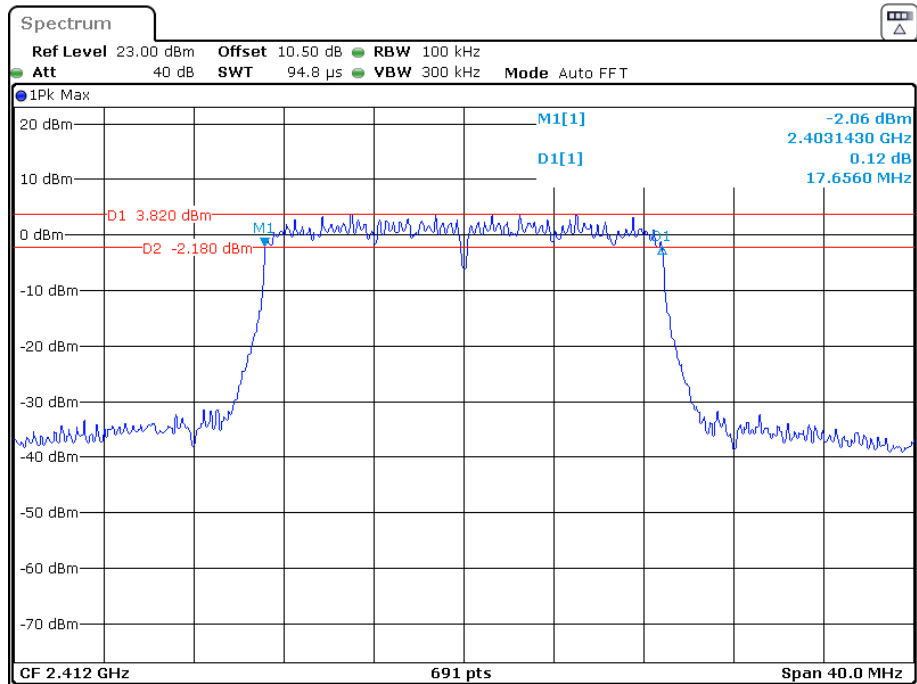
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:28:32

802.11g High Channel



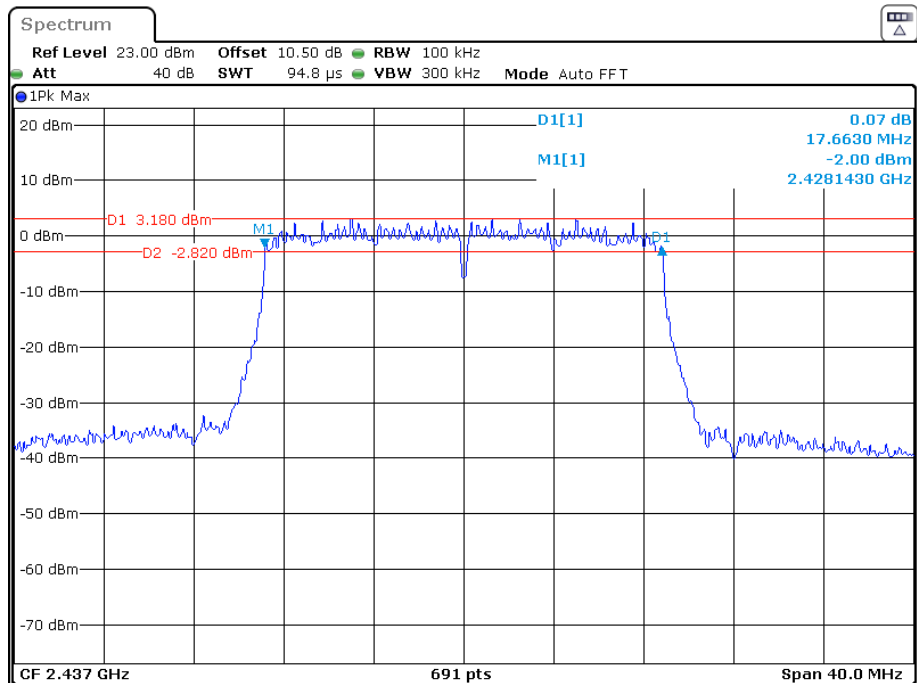
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:27:10

802.11n20 Low Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:21:53

802.11n20 Middle Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:23:15

Spectrum

Ref Level 23.00 dBm Offset 10.50 dB RBW 100 kHz

Att 40 dB SWT 1.1 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto FFT

1Pk Max

20 dBm

10 dBm

0 dBm

-10 dBm

-20 dBm

-30 dBm

-40 dBm

-50 dBm

-60 dBm

-70 dBm

D1 2.200 dBm

D2 -3.800 dBm

D1[1]

M1[1]

-0.53 dBm

17.7130 MHz

-3.40 dBm

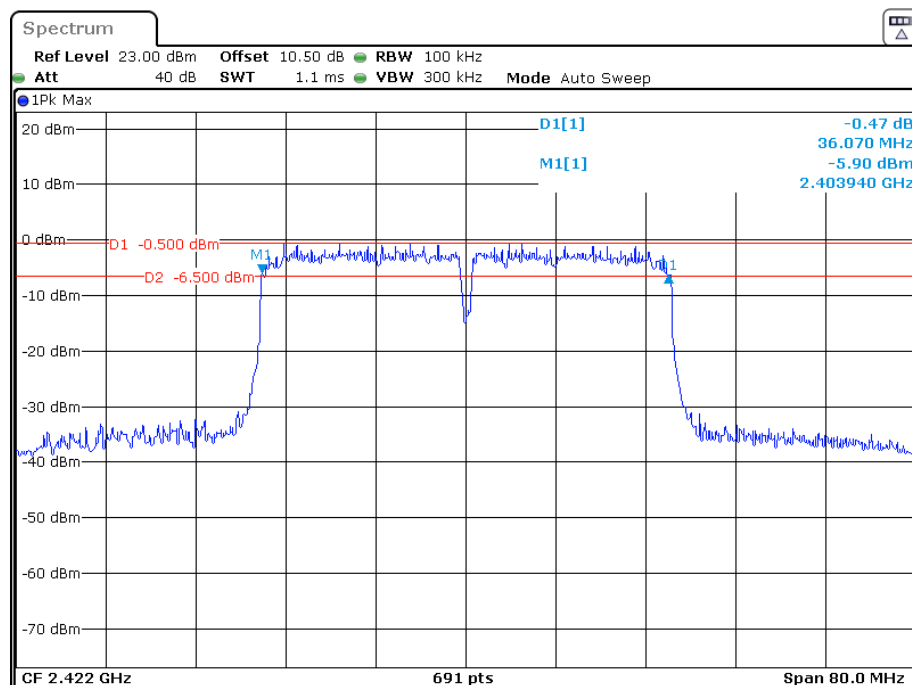
2.4531430 GHz

CF 2.462 GHz

691 pts

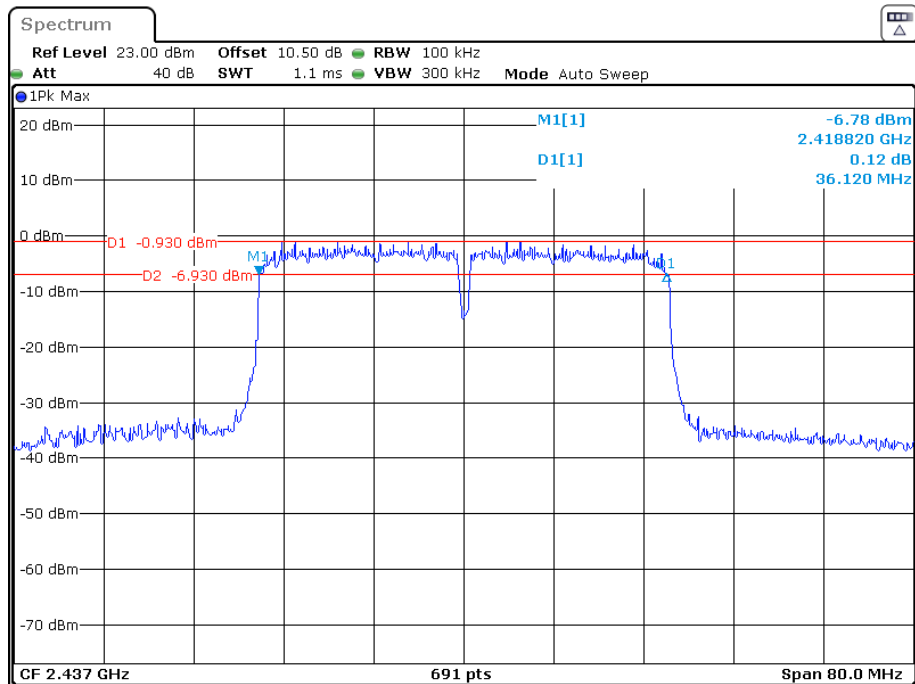
Span 40.0 MHz

802.11n40 Low Channel



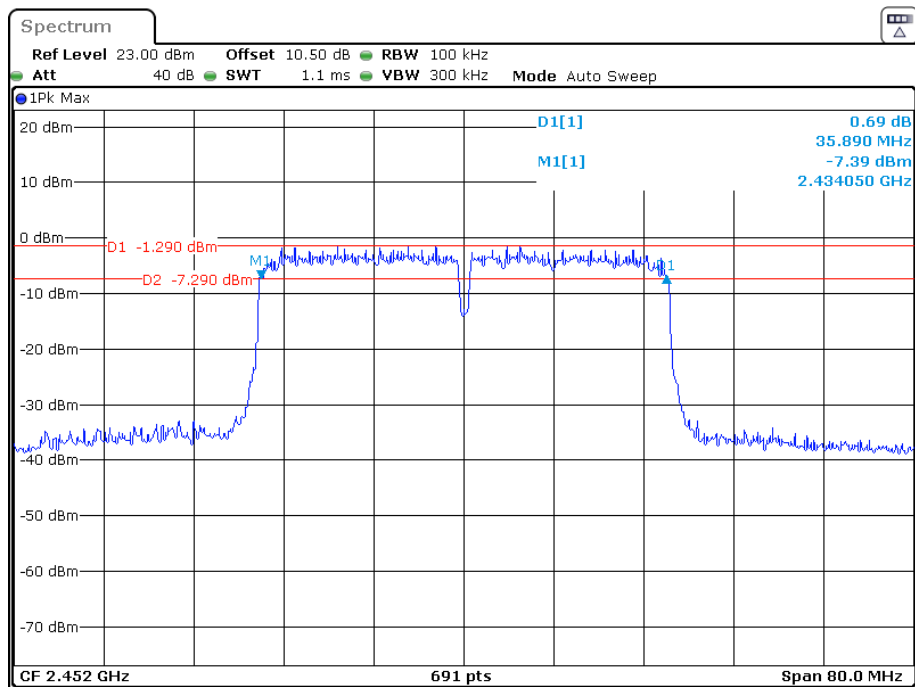
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:19:56

802.11n40 Middle Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:15:20

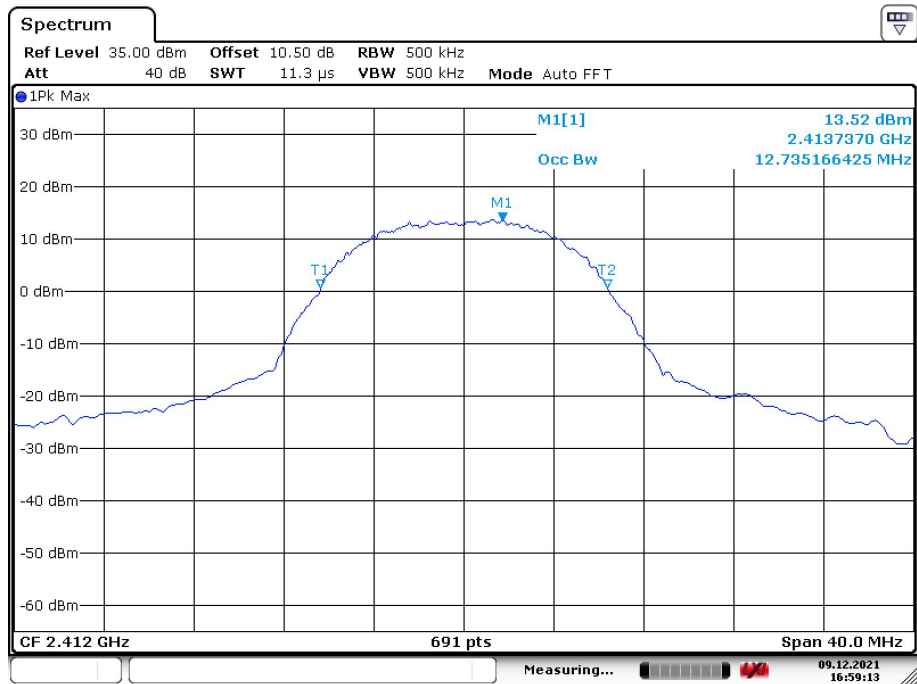
802.11n40 High Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:41:38

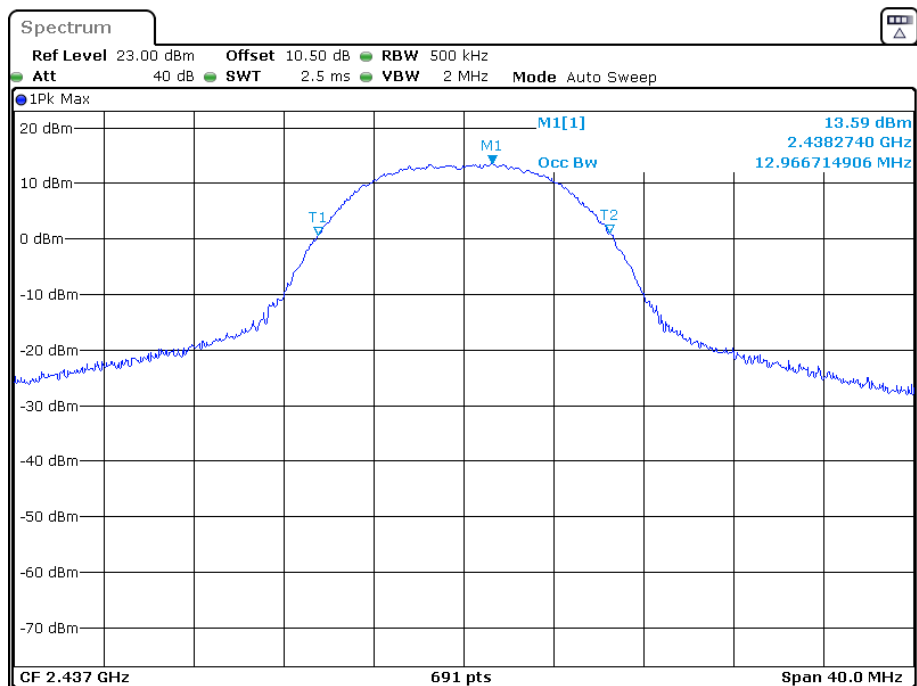
OBW

802.11b Low Channel



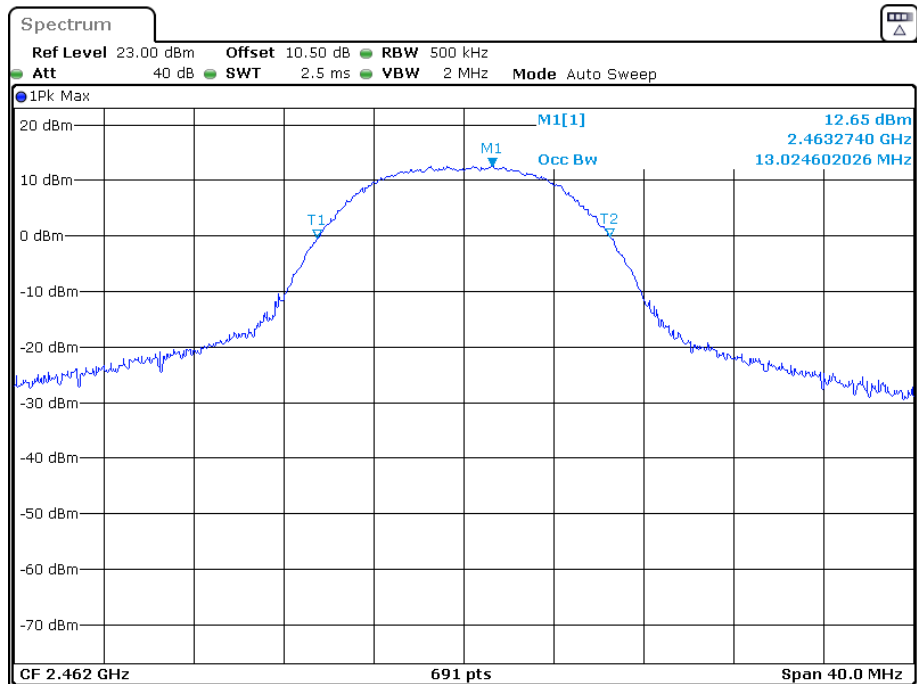
Date: 9.DEC.2021 16:59:13

802.11b Middle Channel



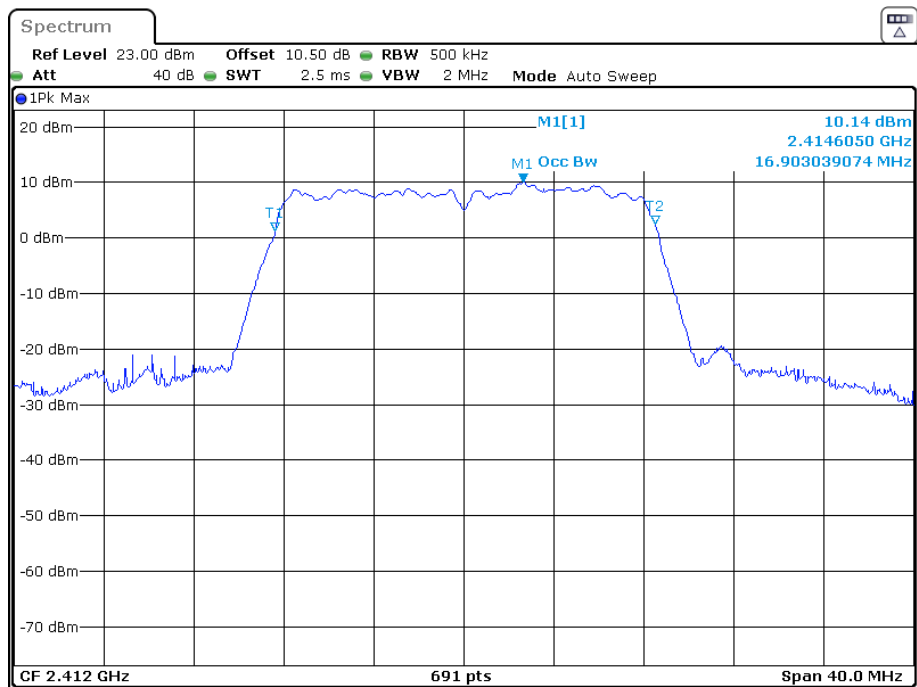
Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:15:57

802.11b High Channel



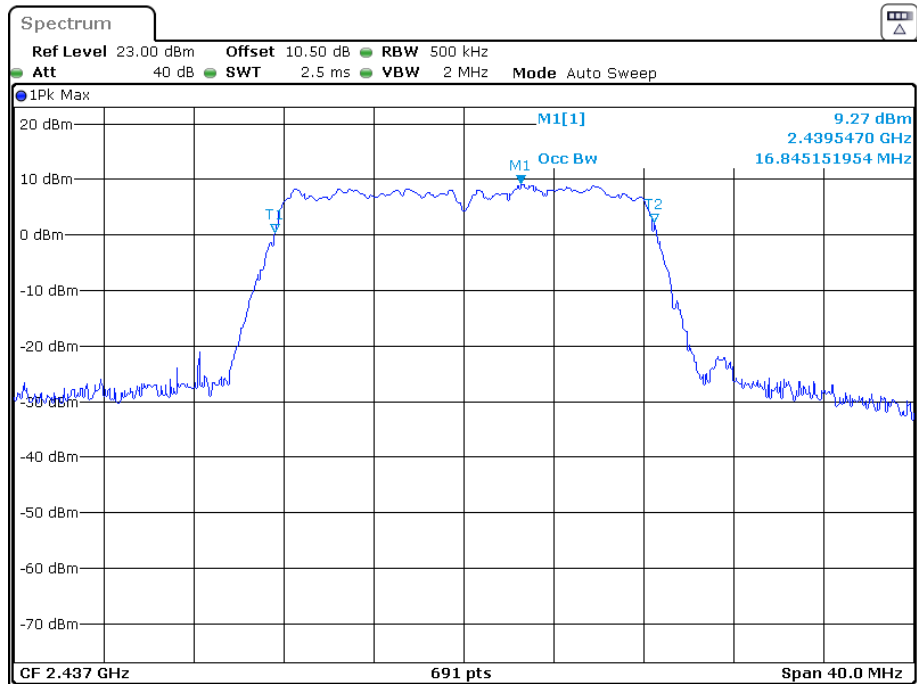
Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:14:52

802.11g Low Channel



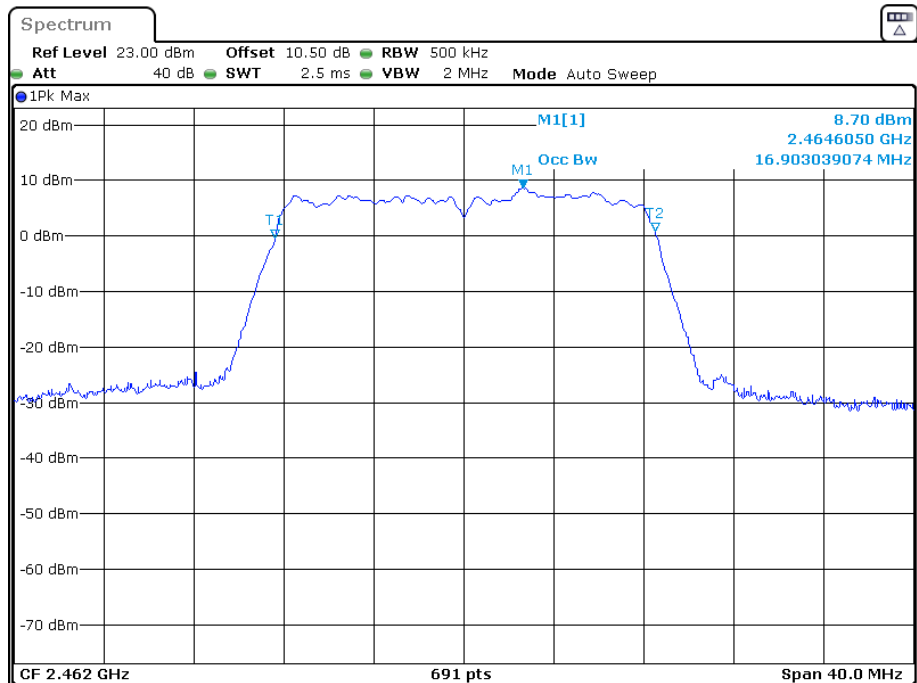
Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:09:02

802.11g Middle Channel



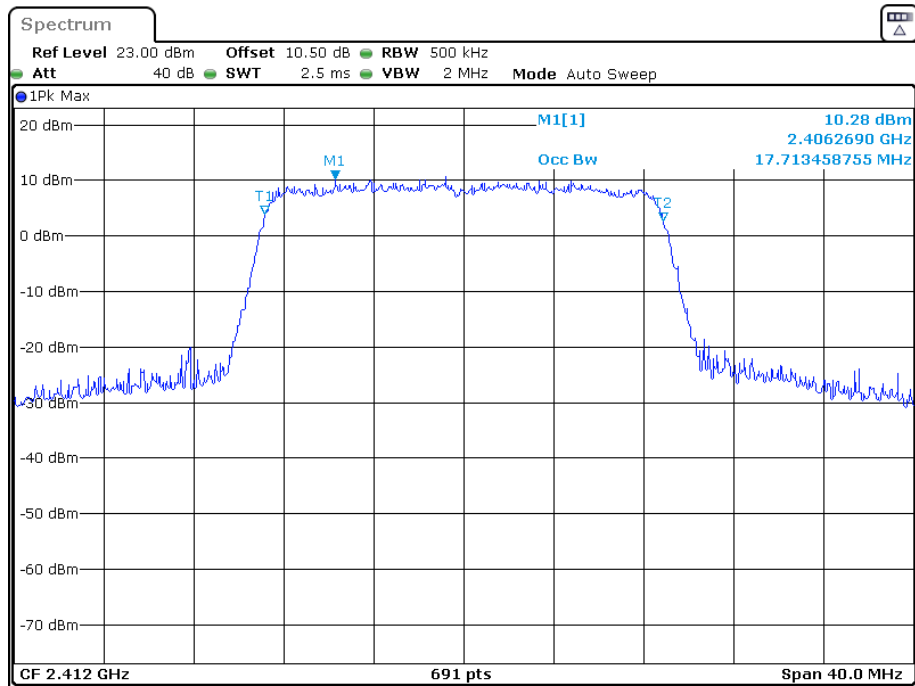
Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:10:05

802.11g High Channel



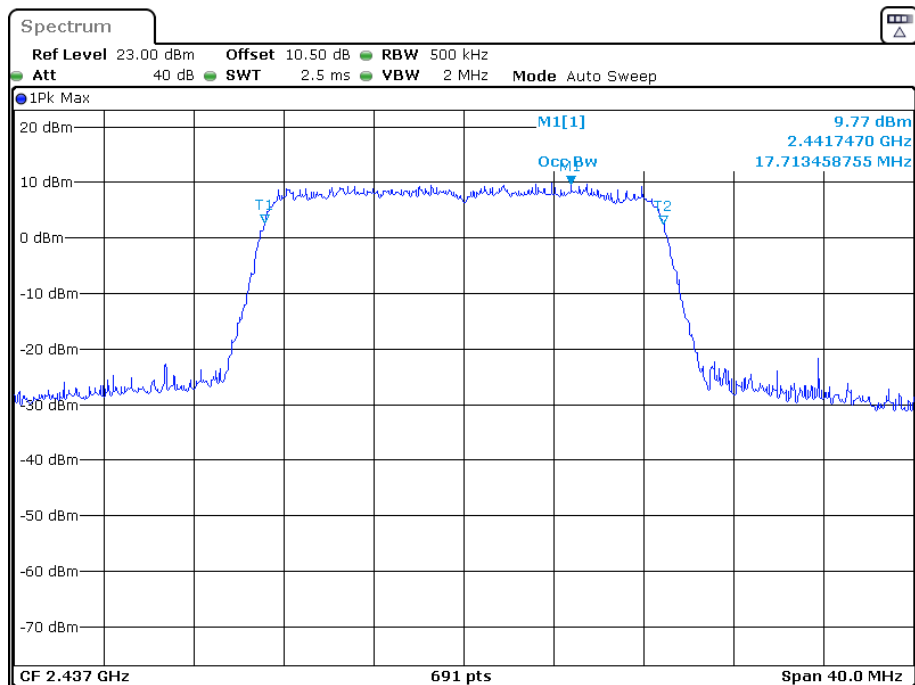
Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:14:04

802.11n20 Low Channel



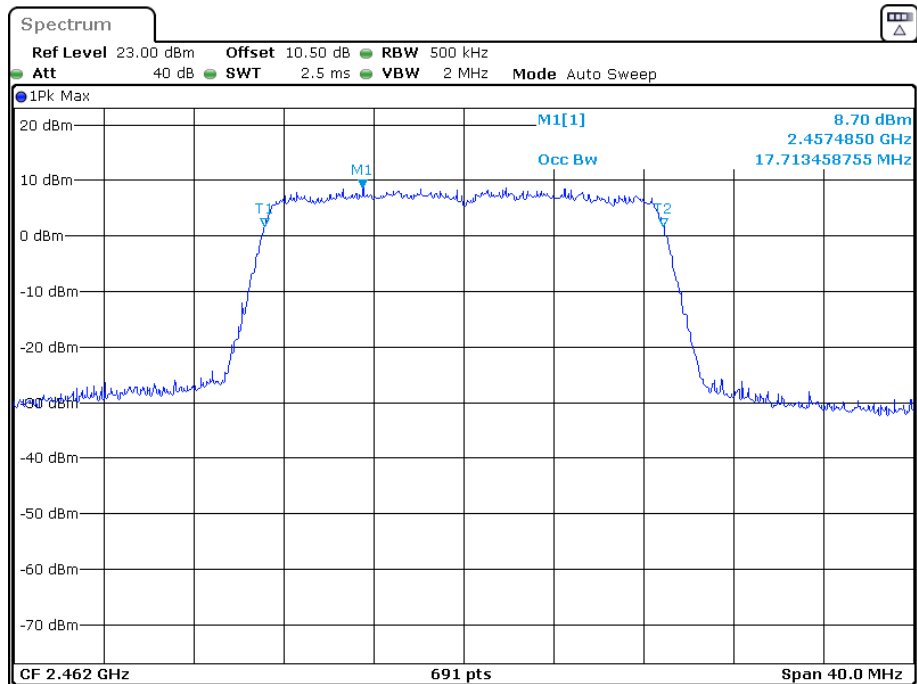
Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:08:12

802.11n20 Middle Channel



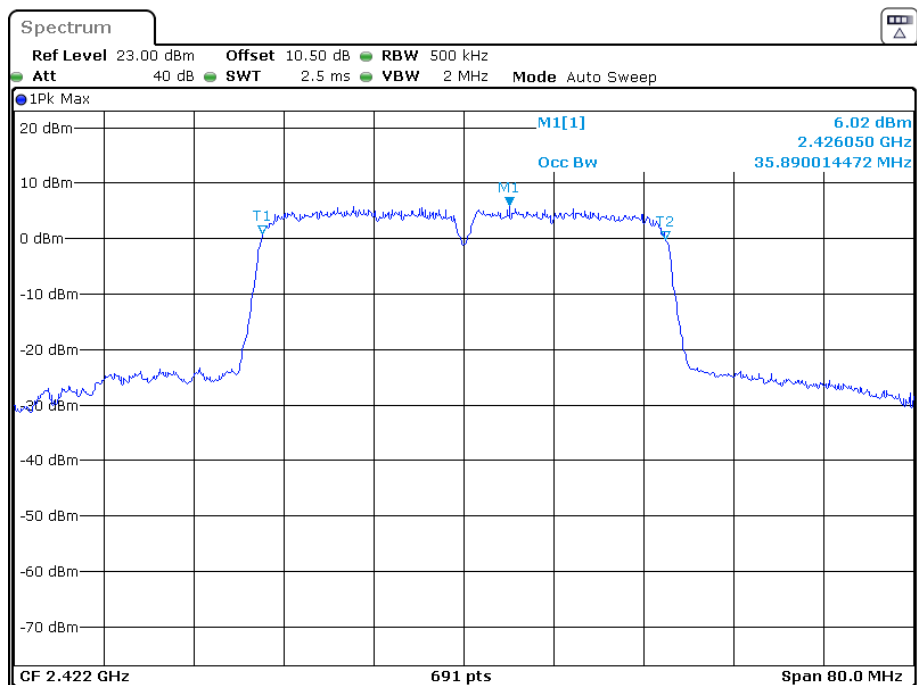
Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:06:18

802.11n20 High Channel



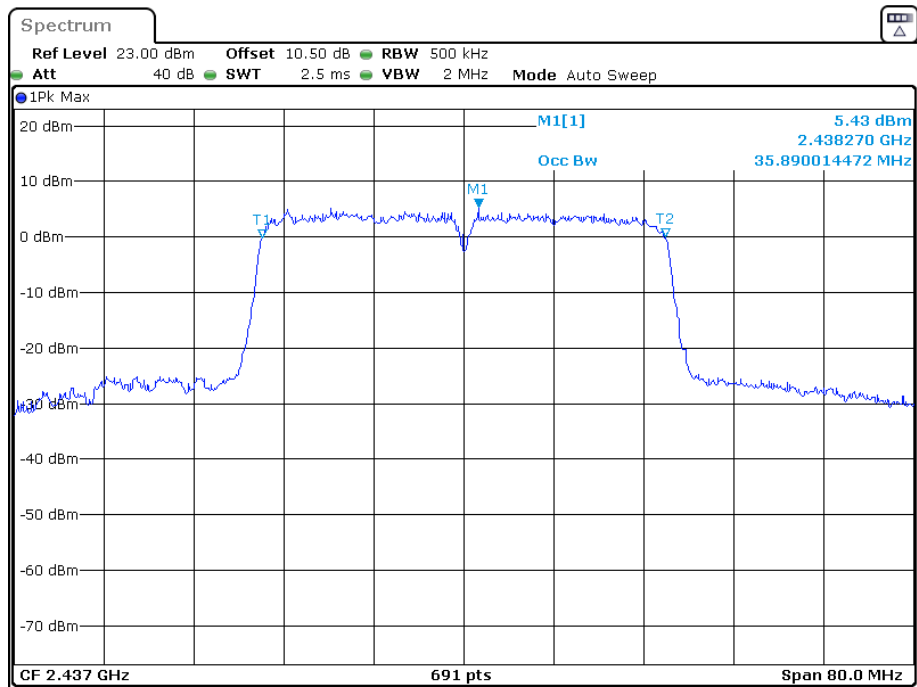
Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:05:23

802.11n40 Low Channel



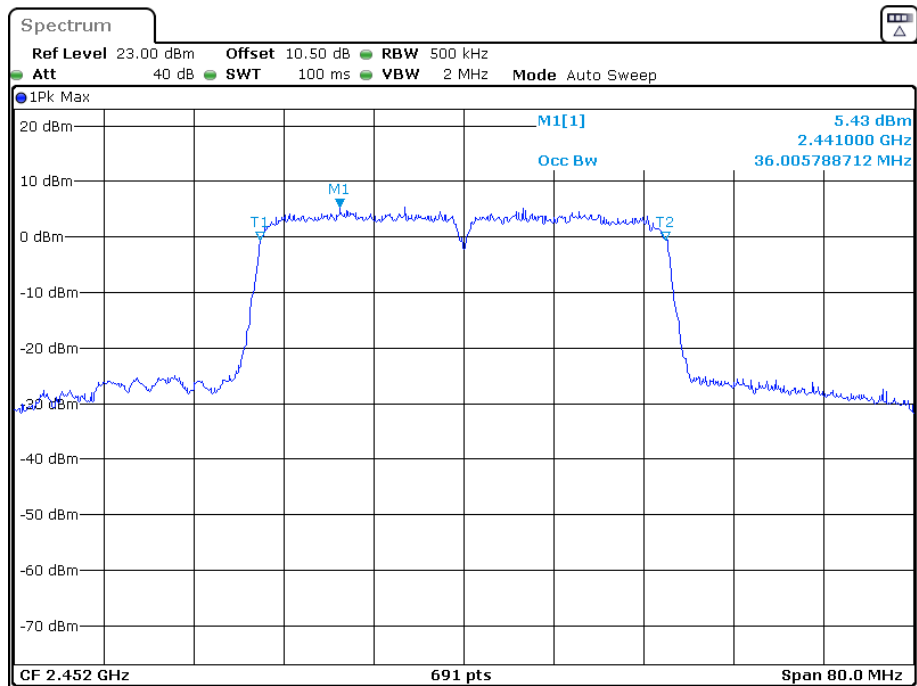
Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:01:31

802.11n40 Middle Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:02:45

802.11n40 High Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:39:21

§15.247(b)(3) & RSS-247 § 5.4(d) MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Applicable Standard

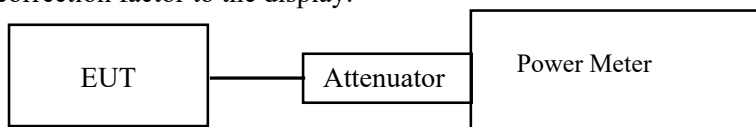
According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

Test Procedure

1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
3. Add a correction factor to the display.



Test Data**Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	27 °C
Relative Humidity:	54 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Paul liu on 2021-09-29.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Wi-Fi mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	EIRP Power (dBm)	EIRP Limit For ISDC (dBm)
802.11b mode					
Low	2412	25.06	30	25.06	36
Middle	2437	24.25	30	24.25	36
High	2462	23.41	30	23.41	36
802.11g mode					
Low	2412	23.82	30	23.82	36
Middle	2437	23.46	30	23.46	36
High	2462	22.50	30	22.50	36
802.11n HT20 mode					
Low	2412	23.98	30	23.98	36
Middle	2437	23.22	30	23.22	36
High	2462	22.53	30	22.53	36
802.11n HT40 mode					
Low	2422	22.60	30	22.60	36
Middle	2437	22.25	30	22.25	36
High	2452	21.61	30	21.61	36

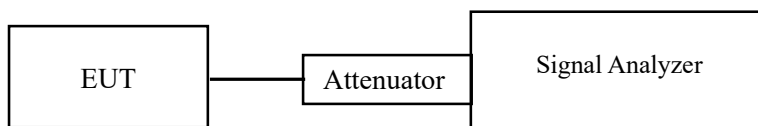
§ 15.247(d) & RSS-247 § 5.5 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE

Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

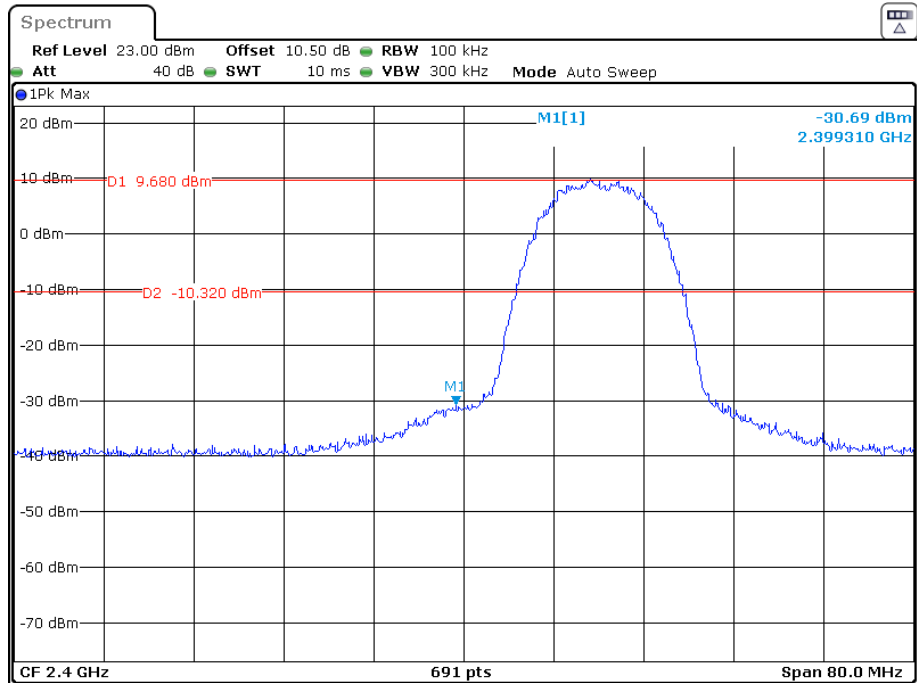
Temperature:	27 °C
Relative Humidity:	54 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Paul liu on 2021-09-29.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

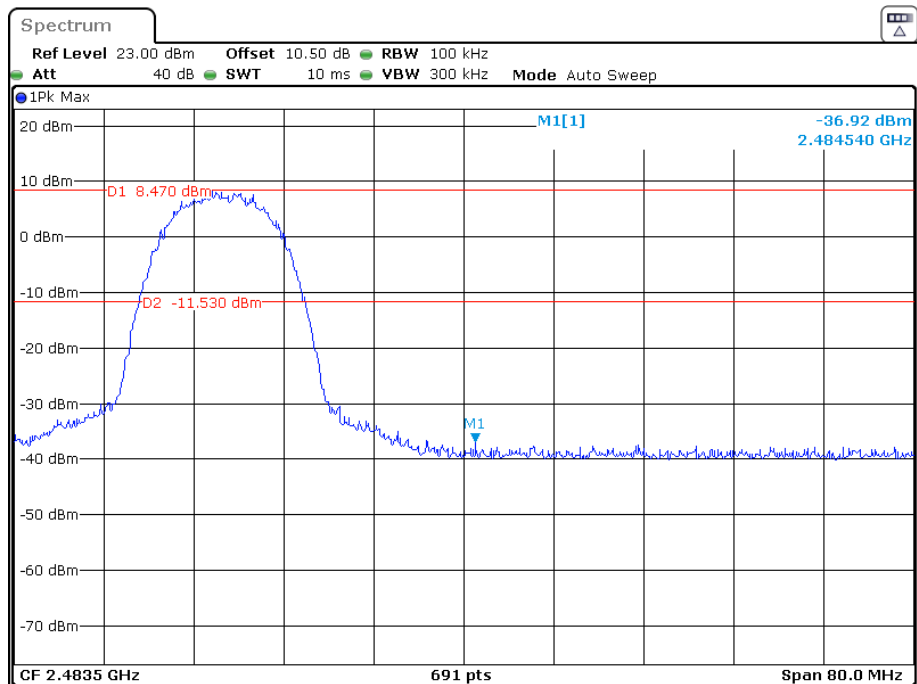
Please refer to the following plots.

802.11b: Band Edge, Left Side



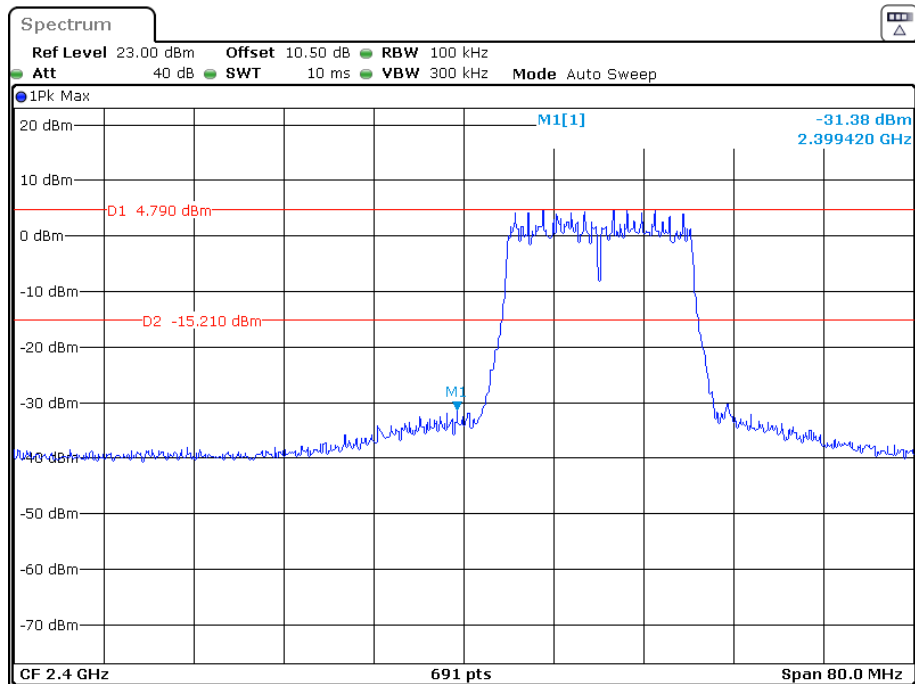
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:43:16

802.11b: Band Edge, Right Side



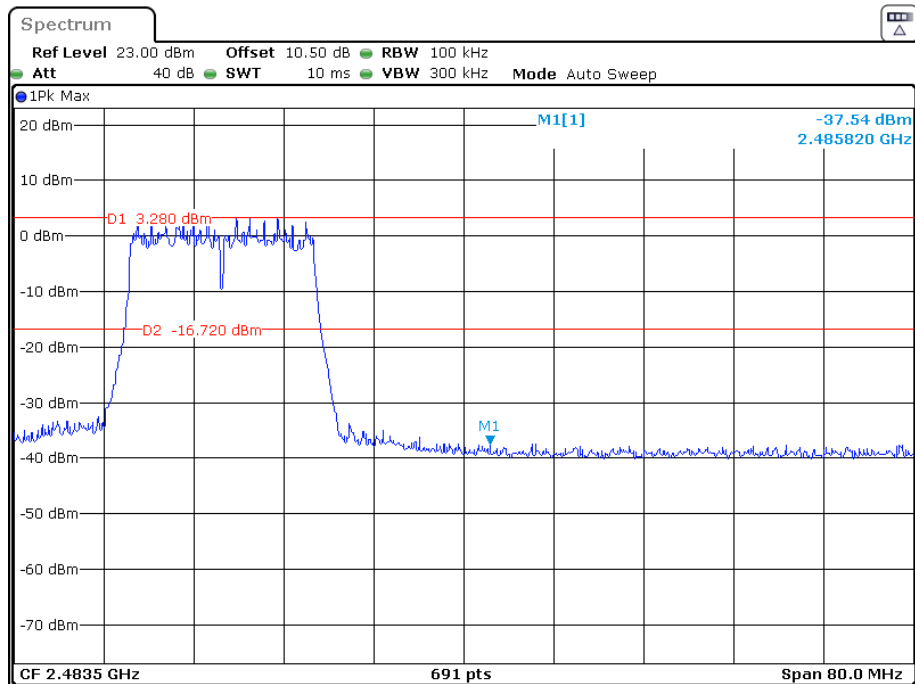
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:39:55

802.11g: Band Edge, Left Side



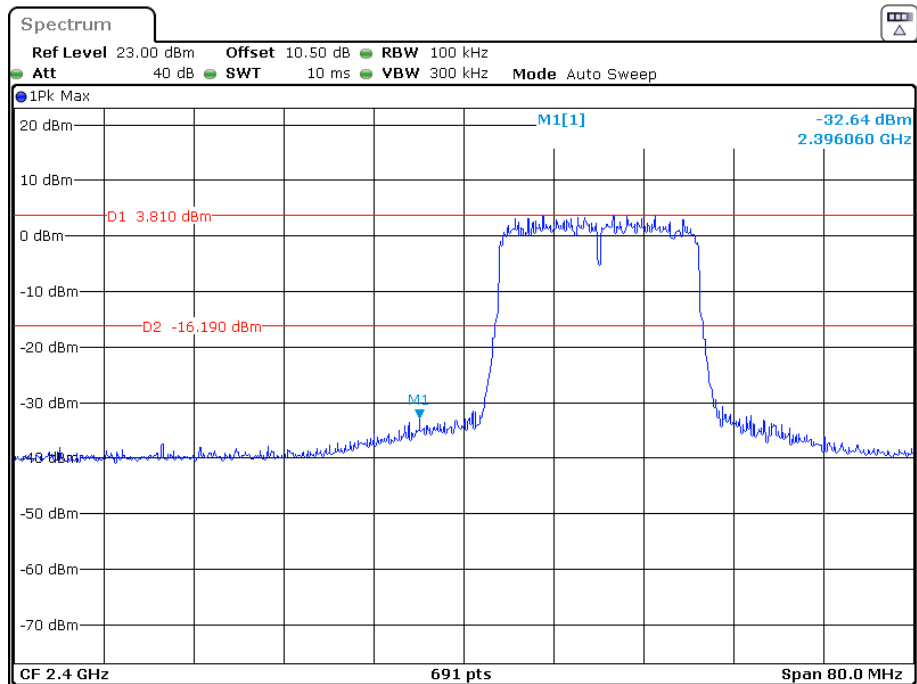
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:44:53

802.11g: Band Edge, Right Side



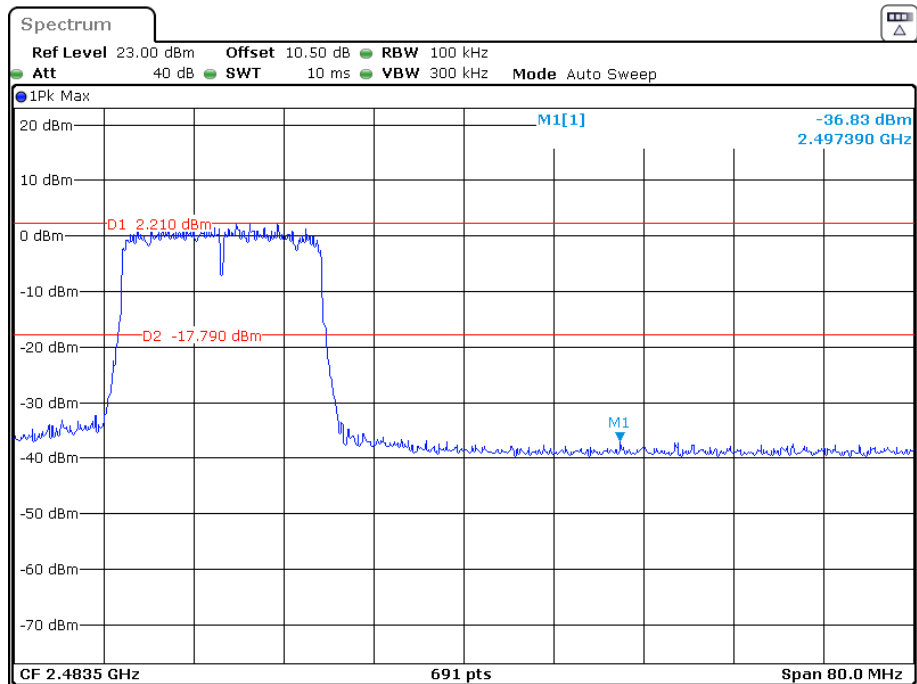
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:46:23

802.11n20: Band Edge, Left Side



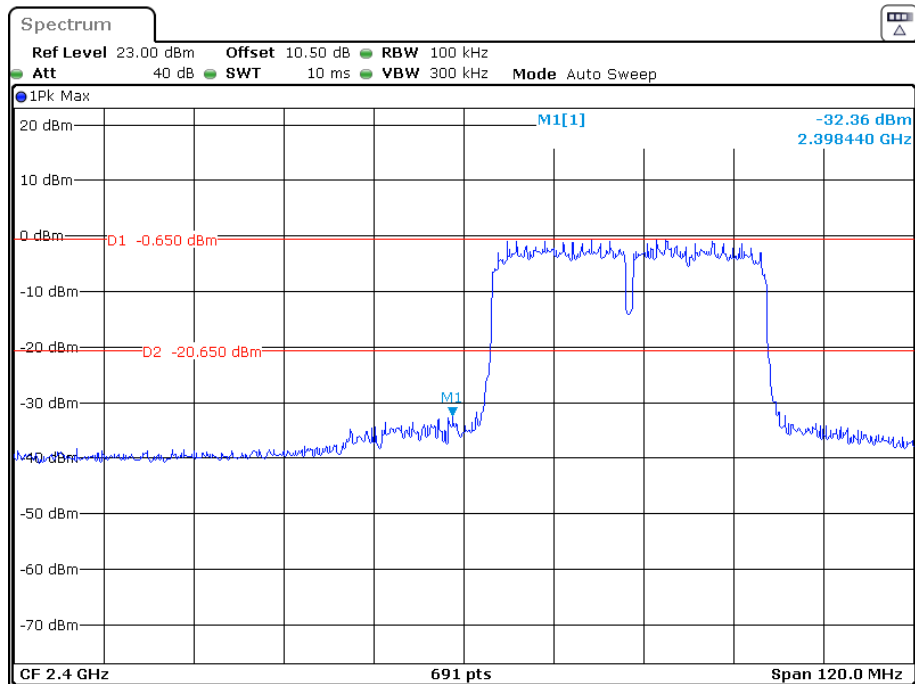
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:49:48

802.11n20: Band Edge, Right Side



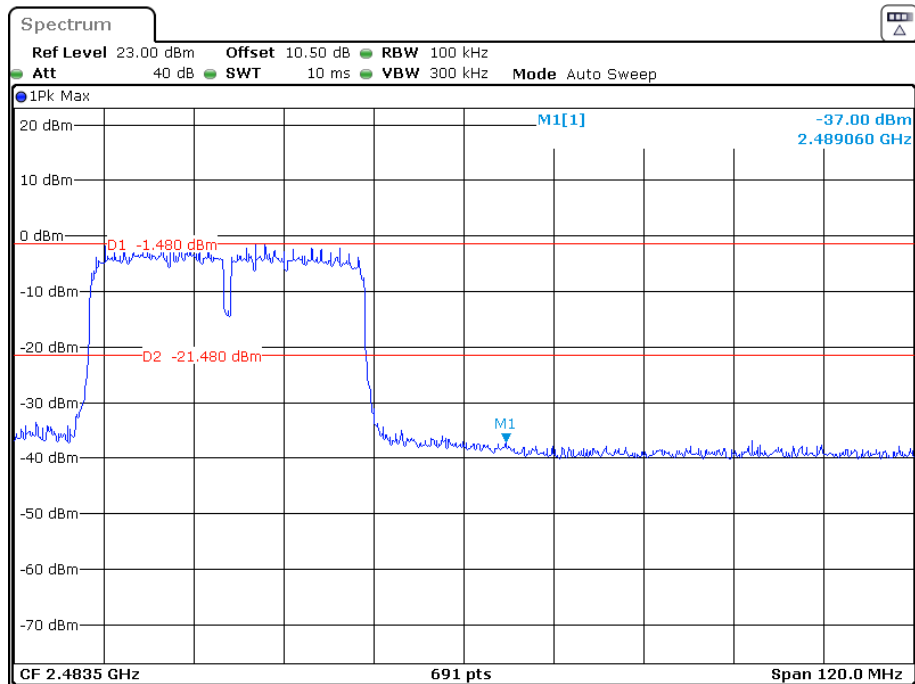
Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:53:59

802.11n40: Band Edge, Left Side



Date: 29.SEP.2021 14:59:16

802.11n40: Band Edge, Right Side



Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:47:34

§15.247(e) & RSS-247 § 5.2 (b) POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

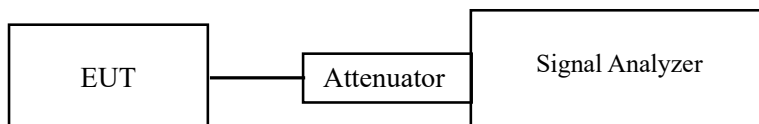
Applicable Standard

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

Test Procedure

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW to: $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{ kHz}$.
3. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	27 °C
Relative Humidity:	54 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

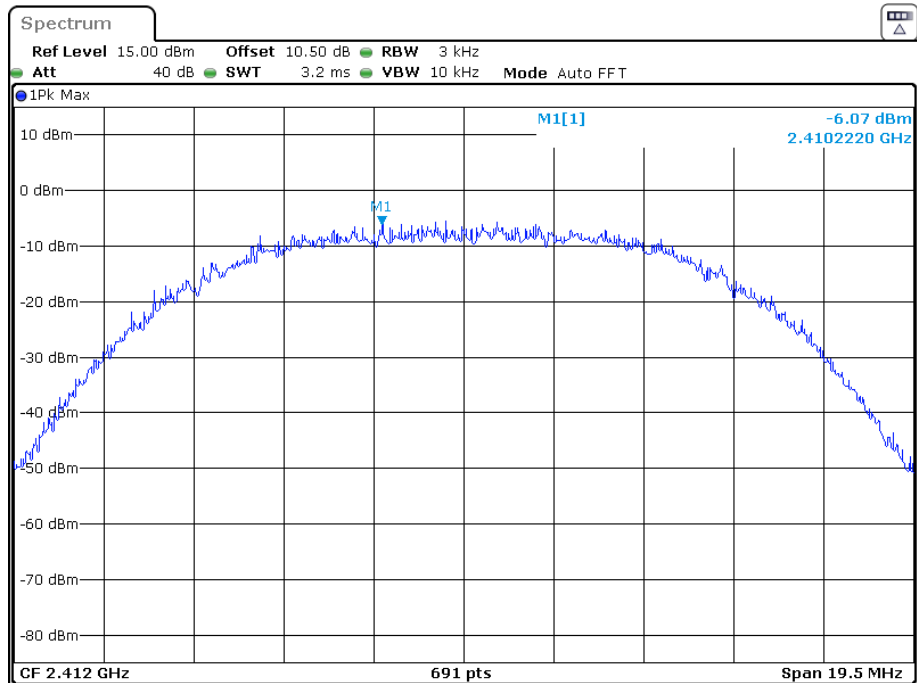
The testing was performed by Paul liu on 2021-09-29.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Pass

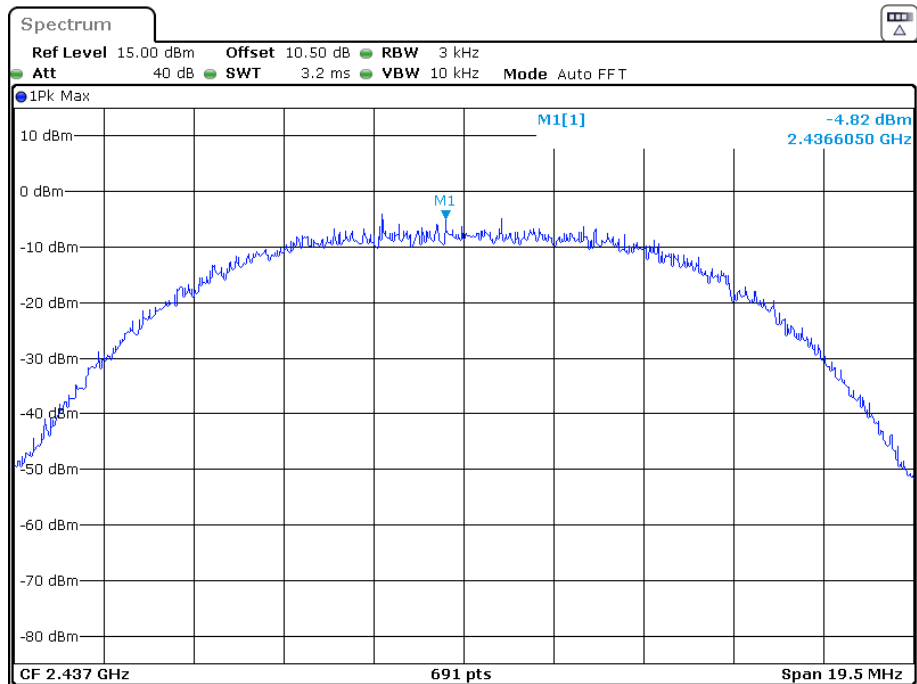
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
802.11b mode			
Low	2412	-6.07	≤ 8
Middle	2437	-4.82	≤ 8
High	2462	-5.59	≤ 8
802.11g mode			
Low	2412	-10.27	≤ 8
Middle	2437	-11.07	≤ 8
High	2462	-12.06	≤ 8
802.11n-HT20 mode			
Low	2412	-8.90	≤ 8
Middle	2437	-10.13	≤ 8
High	2462	-10.30	≤ 8
802.11n-HT40 mode			
Low	2422	-13.68	≤ 8
Middle	2437	-15.38	≤ 8
High	2452	-15.10	≤ 8

Power Spectral Density, 802.11b Low Channel

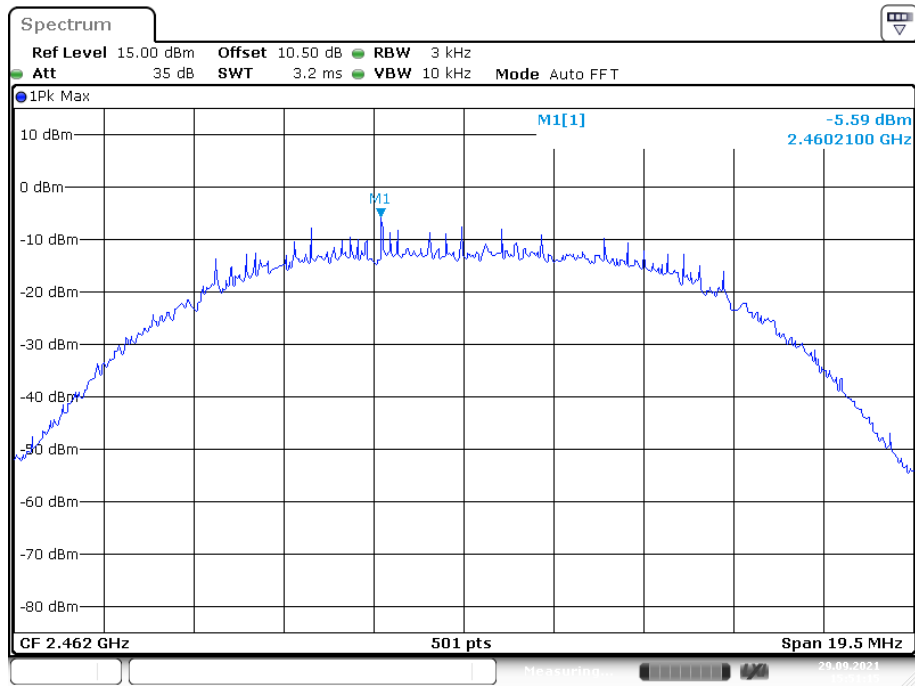


Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:56:03

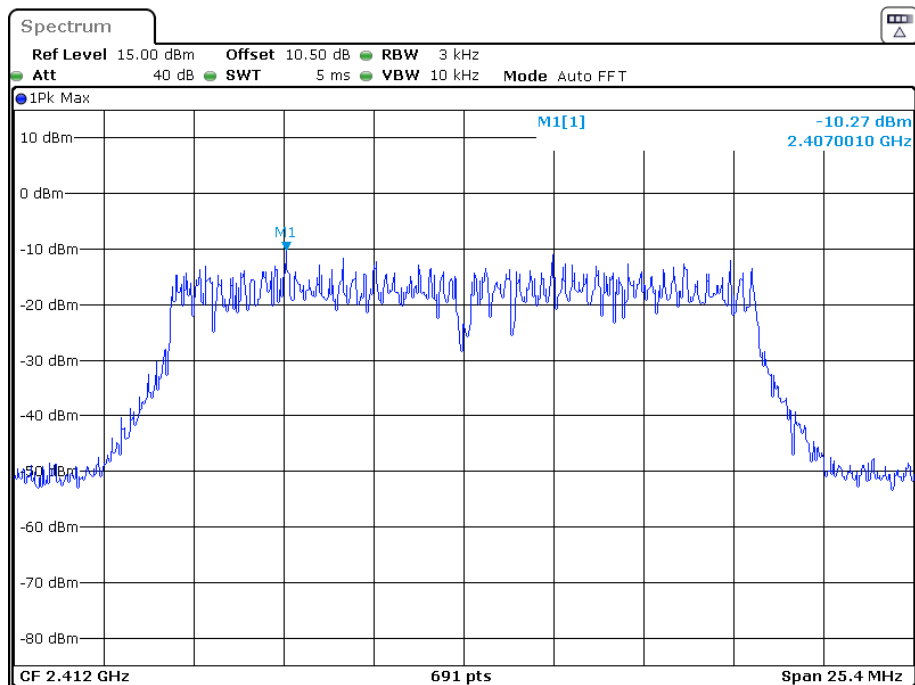
Power Spectral Density, 802.11b Middle Channel



Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:56:52

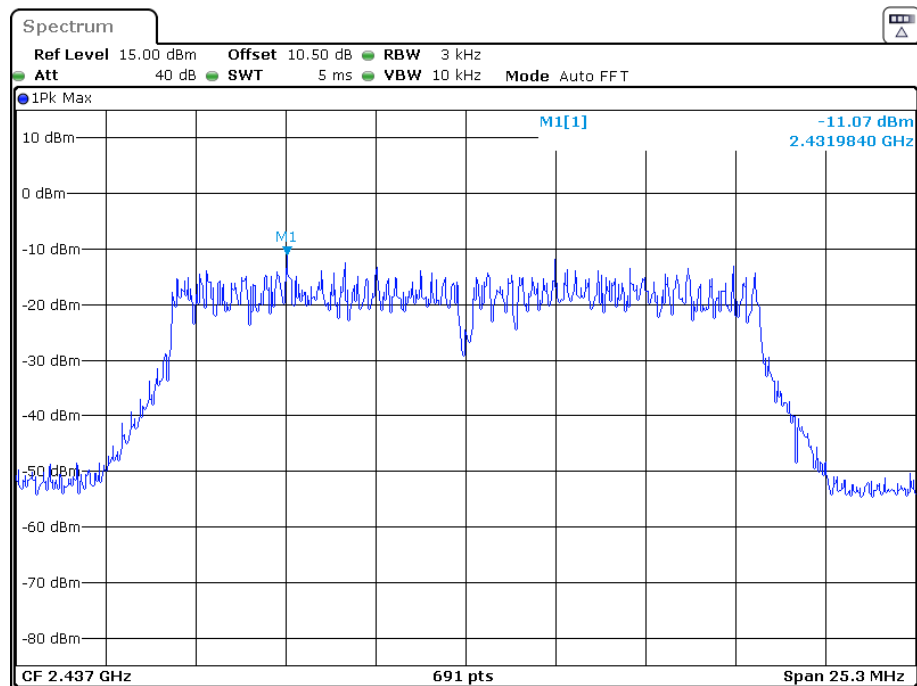
Power Spectral Density, 802.11b High Channel

Date: 29.SEP.2021 15:51:15

Power Spectral Density, 802.11g Low Channel

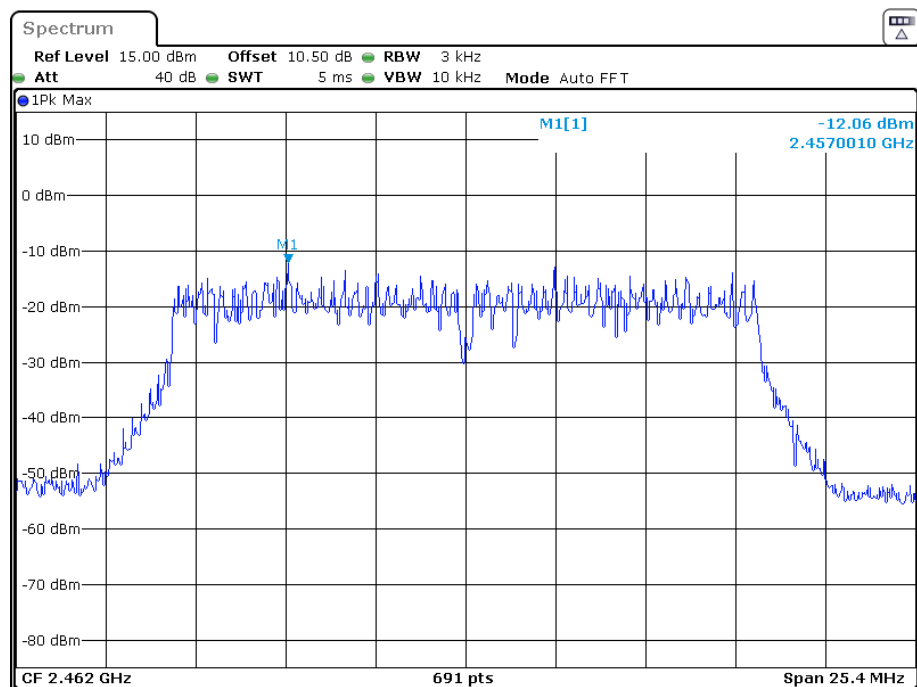
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Power Spectral Density, 802.11g Middle Channel



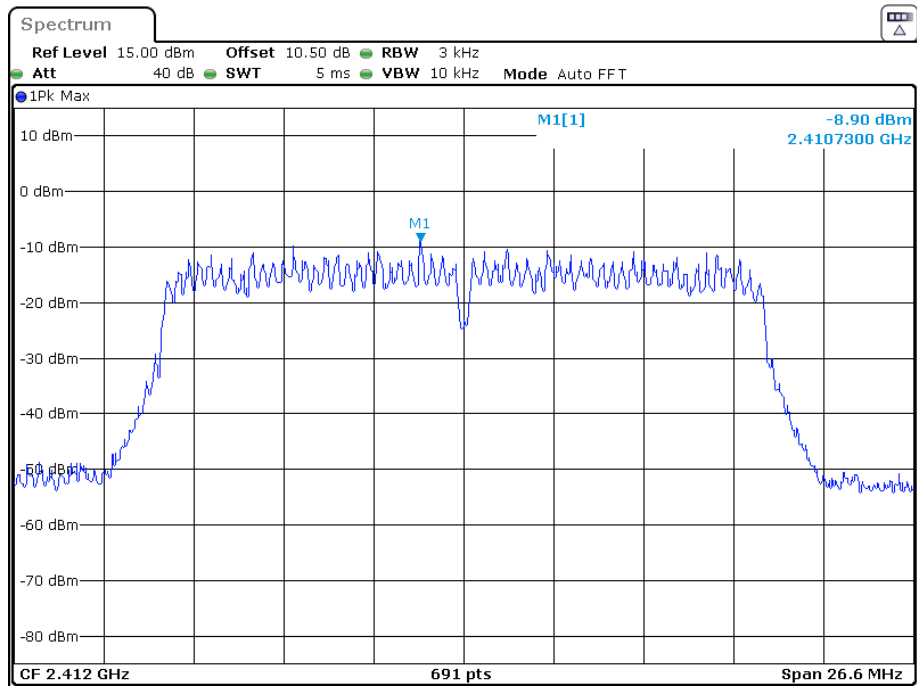
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Power Spectral Density, 802.11g High Channel



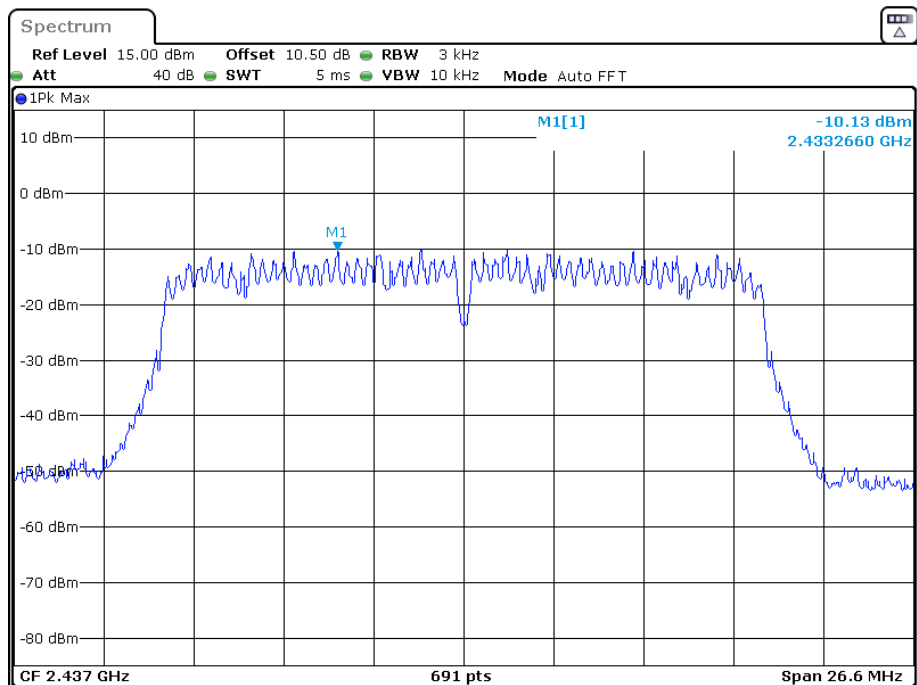
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Power Spectral Density, 802.11n20 Low Channel

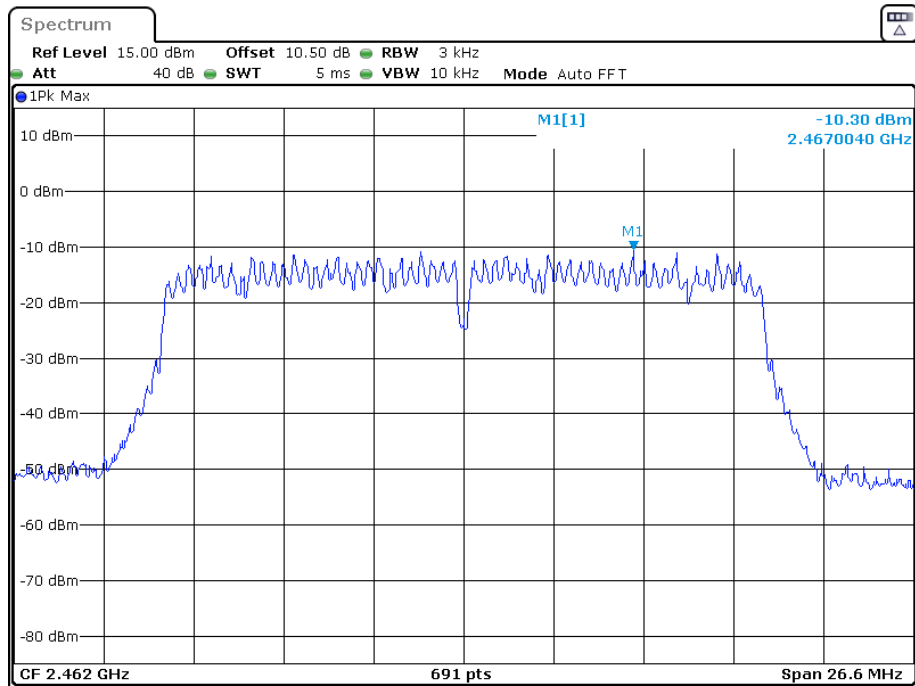


Date: 29.SEP.2021 16:03:56

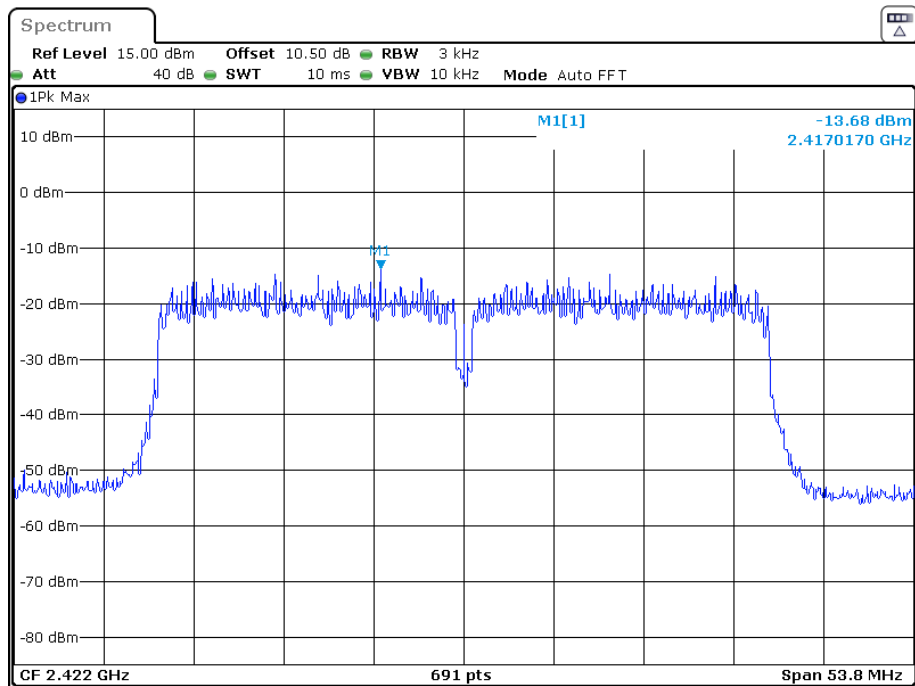
Power Spectral Density, 802.11n20 Middle Channel



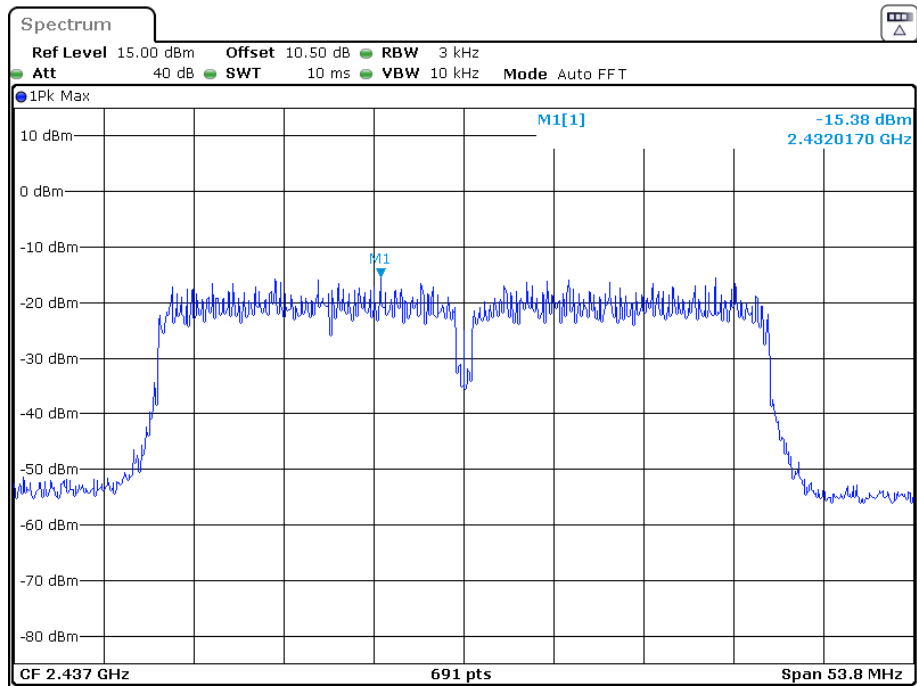
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Power Spectral Density, 802.11n20 High Channel

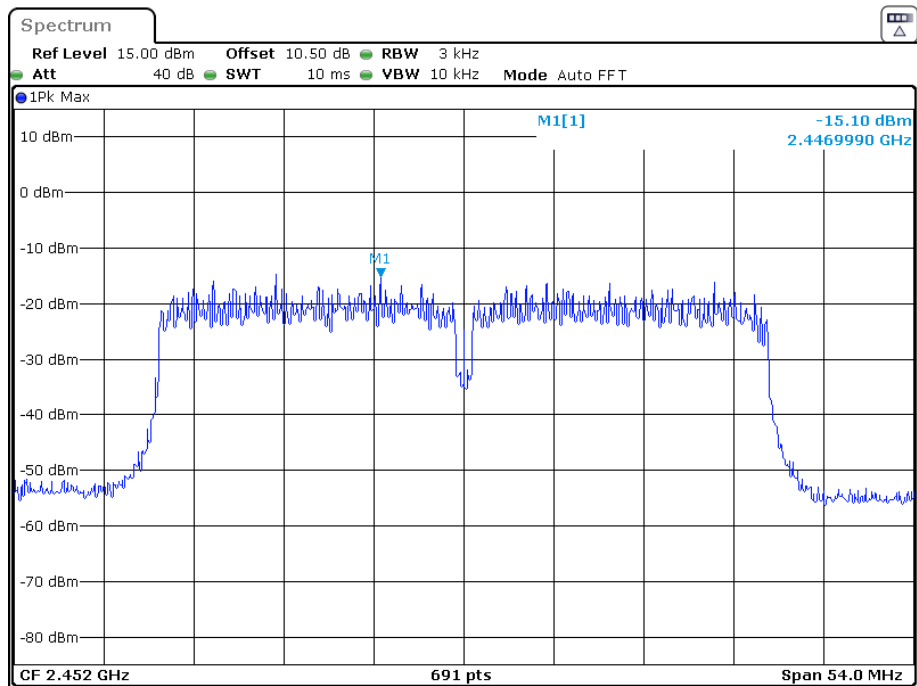
Date: 29.SEP.2021 16:07:18

Power Spectral Density, 802.11n40 Low Channel

Date: 29.SEP.2021 16:09:18

Power Spectral Density, 802.11n40 Middle Channel

Date: 29.SEP.2021 16:10:01

Power Spectral Density, 802.11n40 High Channel

Date: 29.SEP.2021 16:11:10

******* END OF REPORT *******