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JQA File No. : KL80140003 Issue Date : April 25, 2014

# TEST REPORT (SAR EVALUATION)

Applicant : Sharp Corporation, Communication Systems Division

Address : 2-13-1, Iida, Hachihonmatsu, Higashi-Hiroshima City, Hiroshima,

739-0192, Japan

Products : Hand Held Mini Phablet

Model No. : SH-06F

 Serial No.
 : 004401115115202

 FCC ID
 : APYHRO00208

**Test Standard** : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 2

Test Results : Passed

**Date of Test** : April  $2 \sim 22$ , 2014



dem

Kousei Shibata

Manager

Japan Quality Assurance Organization

KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

SAITO EMC Branch

7-3-10, Saito-asagi, Ibaraki-shi, Osaka 567-0085, Japan

- The measurement values stated in Test Report was made with traceable to National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) of Japan, National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT) of Japan, and Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zürich, Switzerland.
- The applicable standard, testing condition and testing method which were used for the tests are based on the request of the applicant.
- The test results presented in this report relate only to the offered test sample.
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- This test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of JQA.
- VLAC does not approve, certify or warrant the product by this test report.



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### 1 Description of the Device Under Test (DUT)

1. Manufacturer : Sharp Corporation, Communication Systems Division

2-13-1, Iida, Hachihonmatsu, Higashi-Hiroshima City, Hiroshima,

739-0192, Japan

2. Products : Hand Held Mini Phablet

3. Model No. : SH-06F

4. Serial No. : 004401115115202
5. Product Type : Pre-production
6. Date of Manufacture : March, 2014

7. Transmitting Frequency : GSM 850 (824 MHz – 849 MHz)

PCS 1900 (1850 MHz – 1910 MHz) WCDMA Band V (824 MHz – 849 MHz)

WLAN 2.4 GHz (DTS: 2412 MHz – 2462 MHz) WLAN 5 GHz (U-NII 1: 5150 MHz – 5250 MHz) WLAN 5 GHz (U-NII 2A: 5250 MHz – 5350 MHz) WLAN 5 GHz (U-NII 2C: 5470 MHz – 5725 MHz)

Bluetooth (2402 MHz – 2480 MHz)

8. Battery Option : Lithium-ion Battery Pack UBATIA247AFZZ (4200mAh)

9. Power Rating : 4.0VDC

10. EUT Grounding : None

11. Device Category : Portable Device (§2.1093)

12. Exposure Category : General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

13. FCC Rule Part(s) : 22(H), 24(E), 15.247, 15.407

14. EUT Authorization : Certification15. Received Date of DUT : April 2, 2014



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#### 2 Summary of Test Results

Applied Standard : CFR 47 FCC Rules and Regulations Part 2 – Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations

The control of the co	Rep	T: :/(XX/II )		
Test Configuration	Licensed	DTS	U-NII	Limit (W/kg)
Head	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	
Body-worn Accessory	1.36	1.23	1.47	1.0
Tablet	1.34	1.20	1.47	1.6
Simultaneous Transmission	1.09	0.58	1.09	

The test results are passed for exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1–1991.

In the approval of test results,

- Determining compliance with the limits in this report was based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.
- No deviations were employed from the applied standard.
- No modifications were conducted by JQA to achieve compliance to the limitations.

Reviewed by:

Shigeru Kinoshita Deputy Manager

 ${\it JQA~KITA\text{-}KANSAI~Testing~Center}$ 

SAITO EMC Branch

Tested by:

Yasuhisa Sakai

Deputy Manager

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

SAITO EMC Branch



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#### **Test Procedure** 3

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with CFR 47 FCC Parts 1 and 2, IEEE Std.1528–2013 and the following KDB Procedures.

# 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11 a b g v01r02

# 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02

# 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r01

# 648474 D04 SAR Handset SAR v01r02

# 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

#865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

#941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02

# 941225 D02 HSPA and 1x Advanced v02r02

# 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01

#### **Test Location**

Japan Quality Assurance Organization (JQA) KITA-KANSAI Testing Center 7-7, Ishimaru, 1-chome, Minoh-shi, Osaka, 562-0027, Japan SAITO EMC Branch

7-3-10, Saito-asagi, Ibaraki-shi, Osaka 567-0085, Japan

### Recognition of Test Laboratory

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center SAITO EMC Branch is accredited under ISO/IEC 17025 by following accreditation bodies and the test facility is registered by the following bodies.

VLAC Accreditation No. : VLAC-001-2 (Expiry date : March 30, 2016) VCCI Registration No. : A-0002 (Expiry date : March 30, 2016)

BSMI Registration No. : SL2-IS-E-6006, SL2-IN-E-6006, SL2-R1/R2-E-6006, SL2-A1-E-6006

(Expiry date: September 14, 2016)

IC Registration No. : 2079E-3, 2079E-4 (Expiry date: July 20, 2014)

Accredited as conformity assessment body for Japan electrical appliances and material law by METI.

(Expiry date: February 22, 2016)



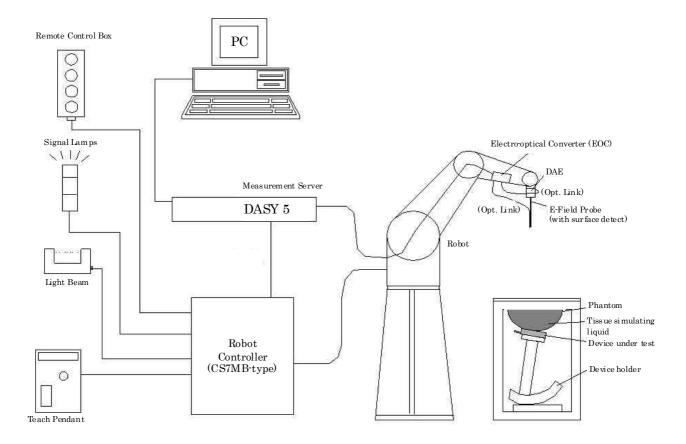
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### 6 Measurement System Diagram

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system (manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zürich, Switzerland). It consists of high precision robotics system, cell controller system, DASY5 measurement server, personal computer with DASY5 software, data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit, the Electro-optical converter (EOC), near-field probe, and the twin SAM phantom containing the equivalent tissue. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).

The Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. The DAE is connected to the EOC. The DAE performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the DASY5 measurement server.





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### 7 System Components

#### 7.1 Probe Specification ET3DV6

Construction : Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system

Built-in shielding against static changes

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration : In air form 10 MHz to 2.3 GHz

In head tissue simulating liquid (HSL) and

muscle tissue simulating liquid 835 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  12.0%; k=2) 900 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  12.0%; k=2) 1450 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  12.0%; k=2) 1750 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  12.0%; k=2) 1900 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  12.0%; k=2) 1950 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  12.0%; k=2)



Frequency : 10 MHz to 2.3 GHz

Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB (30 MHz to 2.3 GHz)

Directivity  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$  in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range :  $5 \mu W/g$  to >100 mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2 dB$ 

Surface Detection : ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces

Dimensions : Overall length 337 mm

Tip length 16 mm Body diameter 12 mm Tip diameter 6.8 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers 2.7 mm



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### 7.2 Probe Specification EX3DV4

Construction : Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in shielding against static changes

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration : In air form 10 MHz to 6 GHz

In head tissue simulating liquid (HSL) and

muscle tissue simulating liquid 2450 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  12.0%; k=2) 2600 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  12.0%; k=2) 5200 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  13.1%; k=2) 5300 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  13.1%; k=2) 5500 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  13.1%; k=2) 5600 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  13.1%; k=2) 5800 MHz (accuracy  $\pm$  13.1%; k=2)



Frequency : 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity  $\pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$  in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range :  $10 \mu \text{W/g}$  to >100 mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$  (noise: typically <  $1 \mu \text{W/g}$ )

Dimensions : Overall length 337 mm

Tip length 20 mm Body diameter 12 mm Tip diameter 2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers 1 mm



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#### 7.3 Twin SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.



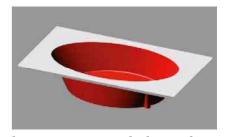
Shell Thickness :  $2 \pm 0.2$  mm; Center ear point:  $6 \pm 0.2$  mm

Filling Volume : Volume Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions :  $810 \times 1000 \times 500 \text{ mm} (H \times L \times W)$ 

#### 7.4 ELI4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of



the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

Shell Thickness :  $2 \pm 0.2$  mm (sagging: <1%)
Filling Volume : Volume Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions : Major ellipse axis : 600 mm
Minor axis : 400 mm

7.5 Mounting Device for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat point).





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#### 8 Measurement Process

#### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The power reference job measures the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface set to 4 mm for an ET3DV6 probe, or 2 mm for EX3DV4 probe. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### Step 2: Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations in relatively coarse grids. When an area scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. If only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maxima within 2 dB of the maximum SAR value are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

#### Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points specified in standards within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure.

### Step 4: Z Scan

The Z scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

#### Step 5: Power Drift Measurement

The power drift measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The power drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last power reference measurement. The power reference measurement and power drift measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process.



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### 9 Measurement Uncertainties

### 9.1 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(1g)	(10g)	Std. Unc. (± %)		v i	
	(± /0)	Dist		(1g)	(10g)	1g 10g			
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	$\infty$	
Axial isotropy	4.7	R	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	×	
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	×	
Boundary effects	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	× ×	
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	×	
System detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	×	
Modulation response	2.4	R	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	×	
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	$\infty$	
Response time	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	$\infty$	
Integration time	2.6	R	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	× ×	
RF ambient conditions – noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	× ×	
RF ambient conditions – reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	×	
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	×	
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	×	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	$\infty$	
algorithms for max. SAR evaluation									
Test Sample Related									
Device holder uncertainty	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	5	
Test sample positioning	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	23	
Output power variation – SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	×	
Power Scaling	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	×	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom uncertainty	6.1	R	√3	1	1	3.5	3.5	- oo	
Algorithms for correcting SAR for deviations	1.9	R	√3	1	0.84	1.1	0.9	∞	
Liquid Conductivity – measurement uncertainty	3.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.5	2.3	5	
Liquid Permittivity – measurement uncertainty	3.0	N	1	0.26	0.26	0.8	0.8	5	
Liquid Conductivity – temperature uncertainty	5.2	R	√3	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.1	∞	
Liquid Permittivity – temperature uncertainty	0.8	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	∞	
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				11.5	11.4		
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)		k=2				22.9	22.7		

#### NOTES

Tol.: tolerance in influence quantity
 Prob. Dist.: probability distributions

3. N, R : normal, rectanglar

4. Div. : divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty

5.  $c_{\,i}$  : sensitivity coefficient

 $6.\ \mathrm{Std}.\ \mathrm{Unc.}$  : standard uncertainty

7. Measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std.1528 and IEC 62209-1.



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### 9.2 3 GHz to 6 GHz

Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(1g)	c <sub>i</sub> (10g)	Std. Uno	c. (± %)	v <sub>i</sub>
	(± /0)	Dist		(1g)	(10g)	1g	10g	
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.6	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	8
Axial isotropy	4.7	R	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	8
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	×
Boundary effects	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	$\infty$
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	$\infty$
System detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	$\infty$
Modulation response	2.4	R	√3	1	1	1.4	1.4	$\infty$
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	$\infty$
Response time	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	$\infty$
Integration time	2.6	R	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	$\infty$
RF ambient conditions – noise	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	$\infty$
RF ambient conditions – reflections	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	$\infty$
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	$\infty$
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	$\infty$
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	$\infty$
algorithms for max. SAR evaluation								
Test Sample Related								
Device holder uncertainty	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	5
Test sample positioning	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	23
Output power variation – SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	$\infty$
Power Scaling	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	$\infty$
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom uncertainty	6.6	R	√3	1	1	3.8	3.8	$\infty$
Algorithms for correcting SAR for deviations	1.9	R	√3	1	0.84	1.1	0.9	$\infty$
Liquid Conductivity – measurement uncertainty	3.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.5	2.3	5
Liquid Permittivity – measurement uncertainty	3.0	N	1	0.26	0.26	0.8	0.8	5
Liquid Conductivity – temperature uncertainty	3.4	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	$\infty$
Liquid Permittivity – temperature uncertainty	0.4	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	$\infty$
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				12.5	12.4	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)		k=2				24.9	24.8	1

#### NOTES

1. Tol.  $\vdots$  tolerance in influence quantity 2. Prob. Dist.  $\vdots$  probability distributions

3. N, R: normal, rectanglar

4. Div. : divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty

5.  $c_i$ : sensitivity coefficient

6. Std. Unc.: standard uncertainty

7. Measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std.1528 and IEC 62209-1.



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Horizontal

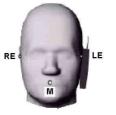
Mobile phone box

#### 10 Test Arrangement

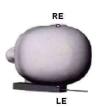
#### 10.1 Head Exposure Conditions

#### 10.1.1 Cheek-Touch Position

- 1. Position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center of the ear piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 2. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference points (M, RE and LE) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 3. Translate the mobile phone box towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line RE-LE until the phone touches the ear.
- 4. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the box until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.







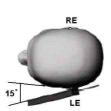
Vertical

#### 10.1.2 Ear-Tilt Position

- 1. Position the device in the "Cheek-Touch Position".
- 2. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and pivoting against the ear, move it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.









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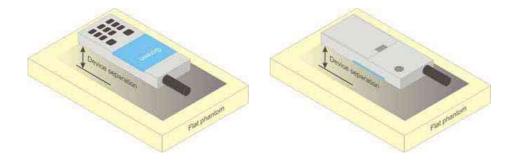
### 10.2 Body-worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Both the physical spacing to the body of the user as dictated by the accessory and the materials used in an accessory affect the SAR produced by the transmitting device. For purpose of determining test requirements, accessories may be divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do.

When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the surface of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



### 10.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Conditions

For cell phones that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm × 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



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### 10.4 RF Exposure Conditions

Handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations according to the procedures described in KDB 648474 D04.

### 10.4.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Test Position	SAR Required	Note
Left Touch	YES	
Left Tilt (15°)	YES	
Right Touch	YES	
Right Tilt (15°)	YES	

### 10.4.2 Body-worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Test Position	SAR Required	Note
Rear	YES	Tablet mode SAR data (0mm separation distance) is used to support SAR compliance.
Front	YES	

#### 10.4.3 Phablet SAR test considerations

The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets are applied. The normal tablet procedures in KDB 616217 are required because the over diagonal dimension of the device is > 20.0 cm. Therefore, hotspot mode SAR is not required. Extremity 10-g SAR is also not required for the front surface.



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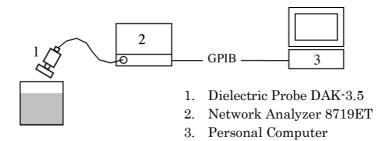
#### 11 Tissue Verification

#### 11.1 Tissue Verification Measurement Condition

The tissue dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use, or earlier if dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must be within 18°C to 25°C and within  $\pm$  2°C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

It is verified by using the dielectric probe and the network analyzer.



#### 11.2 Tissue Dielectric Properties

The tissue dielectric properties are specified in KDB 865664 D01.

Target Frequency	Н	ead	В	ody
[MHz]	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity (o)	Permittivity (e <sub>r</sub> )	Conductivity (o)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 - 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

For tissue dielectric properties at other frequencies within the range, a linear interpolation method shall be used.



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### 11.3 Composition of Ingredients for the Tissue Material Used in the SAR Tests

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

T 1'	Frequency (MHz)											
Ingredients (% by weight)	450		835		915		1900		2450			
(% by weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body		
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.40	41.05	56.00	54.9	40.40	62.70	73.20		
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.40	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.50	0.50	0.04		
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.00	45.00	56.50	41.76	0.00	58.00	0.00	0.00		
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.21	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00		
Bactericide	0.19	0.04	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.27	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00		
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	36.80	0.00		
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	44.92	0.00	0.00	26.70		

Salt : 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar : 98+% Pure Sucrose Water : De-ionized,  $16 \text{ M}\Omega^+$  resistivity HEC : Hydroxyethyl Cellulose DGBE : 99+% Di (ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbuthyl)phenyl]ether

HBBL 3500-5800 (Head Liquids for 3-6 GHz)

IIDDII 0000 0000 (IIOdd I	214 4140 101 0 0 0122/
Item	Head Broad Band Tissue Simulation Liquids HBBL 3500-5800
Water	50 - 65 %
Mineral oil	10 – 30 %
Emulsifiers	8-25~%
Sodium salt	0 - 1.5 %
Safety relevant ingredie	nts according to EU directives:
EINECS-No 203-489-0	1.0-2.8% 2-Methyl-pentane-2,4-diol (Hexylene Glycol):
CAS-No 107-41-5	(Xi irritant, R36/38 irritant for eyes and skin)

MBBL 3500-5800 (Body Liquids for 3 – 6 GHz)

ADDI 9900 9000 (Dody Liquids for 9 – 0 GHz)							
Item	Muscle Broad Band Tissue Simulation Liquids MBBL 3500-5800						
Water	60 – 80 %						
Esters, Emulsifiers,	20 - 40 %						
Inhibitors							
Sodium salt	0-1.5~%						
Safety relevant ingredier	nts according to EU directives: none						
Safety relevant ingredier	nts according to other directives:						
CAS-No 26399-02-0	10 – 28 % Oleic acid, alkylester						



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### 11.4 Tissue Verification Results

Tissue dielectric parameters are measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

Date	Liquid	Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]	
		1050	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	53.3	52.28	-1.91	± 5	
		1850	Conductivity (o)	1.52	1.514	-0.39	± 5	
4/3/2014	D. J.	1000	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	53.3	52.13	-2.20	± 5	
	Body	1900	Conductivity (o)	1.52	1.570	+3.29	± 5	
		1010	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	53.3	52.11	-2.23	± 5	
		1910	Conductivity (o)	1.52	1.581	+4.01	± 5	
		1050	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	40.0	39.55	-1.13	± 5	
		1850	Conductivity (o)	1.40	1.385	-1.07	± 5	
4/0/0014	Head	1900	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	40.0	39.35	-1.63	± 5	
4/8/2014	пеаа	1900	Conductivity (o)	1.40	1.436	+2.57	± 5	
		1910	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	40.0	39.32	-1.70	± 5	
		1910	Conductivity (o)	1.40	1.446	+3.29	± 5	
	Body	1050	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	53.3	52.29	-1.89	± 5	
		1850	Conductivity (o)	1.52	1.512	-0.53	± 5	
4/8/2014		1900	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	53.3	52.18	-2.10	± 5	
4/0/2014		1900	Conductivity (o)	1.52	1.565	+2.96	± 5	
		1910	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	53.3	52.15	-2.16	± 5	
			Conductivity (o)	1.52	1.577	+3.75	± 5	
	III		890	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	41.6	42.10	+1.20	± 5
		820	Conductivity (o)	0.90	0.915	+1.67	± 5	
4/10/2014		Head	225	Permittivity (e <sub>r</sub> )	41.5	41.94	+1.06	± 5
4/10/2014	Heau	835	Conductivity (o)	0.90	0.928	+3.11	± 5	
		850	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	41.5	41.80	+0.72	± 5	
		650	Conductivity (o)	0.92	0.944	+2.61	± 5	
		820	Permittivity (e <sub>r</sub> )	55.3	55.00	-0.54	± 5	
		820	Conductivity (o)	0.97	0.987	+1.75	± 5	
4/10/2014	Body	835	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	55.2	54.89	-0.56	± 5	
4/10/2014	Douy	655	Conductivity (o)	0.97	1.002	+3.30	± 5	
		850	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	55.2	54.81	-0.71	± 5	
		850	Conductivity (o)	0.99	1.018	+2.83	± 5	
		820	Permittivity (e <sub>r</sub> )	55.3	55.12	-0.33	± 5	
		020	Conductivity (o)	0.97	0.986	+1.65	± 5	
4/11/2014	Body	835	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	55.2	54.99	-0.38	± 5	
4/11/2014	Douy	099	Conductivity (o)	0.97	1.001	+3.20	± 5	
		850	Permittivity (e <sub>r</sub> )	55.2	54.85	-0.63	± 5	
		000	Conductivity (o)	0.99	1.018	+2.83	$\pm 5$	



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### Tissue Verification Results (continued)

Date	Liquid	Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]		
4/13/2014		000	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	41.6	42.61	+2.43	± 5		
		820	Conductivity (o)	0.90	0.906	+0.67	± 5		
	Hand	005	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	41.5	42.43	+2.24	± 5		
4/13/2014	Head	835	Conductivity (o)	0.90	0.922	+2.44	± 5		
		950	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	41.5	42.26	+1.83	± 5		
		850	Conductivity (o)	0.92	0.935	+1.63	± 5		
		0.410	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	52.8	51.65	-2.18	± 5		
		2410	Conductivity (o)	1.91	1.881	-1.52	± 5		
4/15/0014	D. J.	9.450	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	52.7	51.51	-2.26	± 5		
4/15/2014	Body	2450	Conductivity (o)	1.95	1.934	-0.82	± 5		
		9465	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	52.7	51.46	-2.35	± 5		
		2465	Conductivity (o)	1.97	1.957	-0.66	± 5		
	Head	0.410	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	39.3	38.67	-1.60	± 5		
		2410	Conductivity (o)	1.76	1.820	+3.41	± 5		
4/15/0014		9450	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	39.2	38.49	-1.81	± 5		
4/15/2014		2450	Conductivity (o)	1.80	1.865	+3.61	± 5		
		2465	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	39.2	38.44	-1.94	± 5		
			Conductivity (o)	1.82	1.886	+3.63	± 5		
	D 1			<b>E100</b>	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	49.0	48.25	-1.53	± 5
		5180	Conductivity (o)	5.28	5.401	+2.29	± 5		
4/16/2014		<b>E</b> 000	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	49.0	48.19	-1.65	± 5		
4/16/2014	Body	5200	Conductivity (o)	5.30	5.418	+2.23	± 5		
		<b>7</b> 9.40	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	49.0	48.15	-1.73	± 5		
				5240	Conductivity (o)	5.35	5.470	+2.24	± 5
		5260	Permittivity $(\epsilon_r)$	48.9	48.08	-1.68	$\pm 5$		
		9260	Conductivity (o)	5.37	5.488	+2.20	± 5		
4/17/2014	Dode	5300	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	48.9	48.05	-1.74	± 5		
4/17/2014	Body	5500	Conductivity (o)	5.42	5.512	+1.70	± 5		
		<b>7</b> 990	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	48.9	48.00	-1.84	± 5		
		5320	Conductivity (o)	5.44	5.525	+1.56	± 5		
		EE00	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	48.6	47.65	-1.95	± 5		
		5500	Conductivity (o)	5.65	5.802	+2.69	± 5		
4/17/9014	Dodes	FC00	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	48.5	47.50	-2.06	± 5		
4/17/2014	Body	5600	Conductivity (o)	5.77	5.937	+2.89	± 5		
		E700	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	48.3	47.33	-2.01	± 5		
		5700	Conductivity (o)	5.88	6.073	+3.28	± 5		



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### Tissue Verification Results (continued)

Date	Liquid	Frequency [MHz]	Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]		
		<b>FF00</b>	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	48.6	47.44	-2.39	± 5		
		5500	Conductivity (o)	5.65	5.837	+3.31	± 5		
4/10/0014	D. J.	<b>7</b> 000	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	48.5	47.26	-2.56	± 5		
4/18/2014	Body	5600	Conductivity (o)	5.77	5.970	+3.47	± 5		
		<b>5</b> 700	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	48.3	47.09	-2.51	± 5		
		5700	Conductivity (o)	5.88	6.100	+3.74	± 5		
		<b>E100</b>	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	36.0	36.53	+1.47	± 5		
		5180	Conductivity (o)	4.63	4.501	-2.79	± 5		
4/10/9014	TT J	<b>7</b> 000	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	36.0	36.48	+1.33	± 5		
4/19/2014	Head	5200	Conductivity (o)	4.66	4.524	-2.92	± 5		
		5240	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	35.9	36.46	+1.56	± 5		
		5240	Conductivity (o)	4.70	4.535	-3.51	± 5		
		5260	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	35.9	36.31	+1.14	$\pm 5$		
		9260	Conductivity (o)	4.72	4.561	-3.37	± 5		
4/19/2014	Head	Hond	Hond	5300	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	35.9	36.28	+1.06	$\pm 5$
4/19/2014		5500	Conductivity (o)	4.76	4.576	-3.87	± 5		
					5320	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	35.8	36.28	+1.34
		99 <u>7</u> 0	Conductivity (o)	4.78	4.603	-3.70	± 5		
		5500	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	35.6	35.39	-0.59	± 5		
		5500	Conductivity (o)	4.96	4.761	-4.01	± 5		
4/20/2014	Head	5600	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	35.5	35.27	-0.65	± 5		
4/20/2014	Heau	5600	Conductivity (o)	5.07	4.864	-4.06	± 5		
		5700	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	35.4	35.13	-0.76	± 5		
		5700	Conductivity (o)	5.17	4.971	-3.85	$\pm 5$		
		1850	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	40.0	39.02	-2.45	± 5		
		1650	Conductivity (o)	1.40	1.369	-2.21	± 5		
4/22/2014	Head	1900	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	40.0	38.79	-3.03	± 5		
4/22/2014	Heau	1900	Conductivity (o)	1.40	1.420	+1.43	± 5		
		1910	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	40.0	38.74	-3.15	± 5		
		1910	Conductivity (o)	1.40	1.430	+2.14	± 5		



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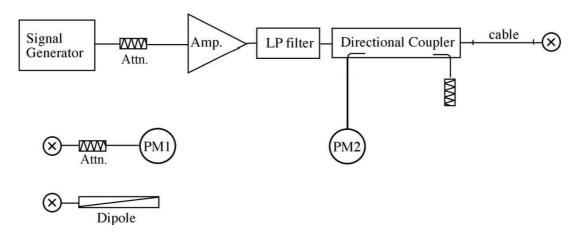
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### 12 System Performance Check

#### 12.1 System Performance Check Measurement Condition

The power meter PM1 (including Attenuator) measures the forward power at the location of the validation dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for 250 mW at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

The dipole antenna is matched to be used near flat phantom filled with tissue simulating solution. A specific distance holder is used in the positioning of the antenna to ensure correct spacing between the phantom and the dipole.



#### 12.2 Target SAR Values for System Performance Check

The target SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles.

System	System Dipole		Frequency	Targ	get SAR Value	s [W/kg]					
Type	Serial	Cal. Date	[MHz]	1g/10g	Head	Body					
D835V2	4d081	8/15/2013	835	1g	9.48	9.40					
D650 V Z	40001	0/10/2010	000	10g	6.16	6.20					
D1000V9	5d112	8/22/2013	1000	1g	40.6	41.1					
D1900V2	90112	8/42/2013	1900	10g	21.3	21.8					
D0450V0		11/14/2013	9450	1g	52.8	49.8					
D2450V2	714		11/14/2015	2450	10g	24.6	23.3				
			<b>7</b> 000	1g	78.8	74.2					
			5200	10g	22.4	20.8					
D5GHzV2	1111	0/10/0010	0/10/0019	0/10/9019	0/10/9019	0/10/0010	0/10/9019	<b>5</b> 200	1g	81.6	76.4
D9GHZV2	1111	9/19/2013	5300	10g	23.3	21.4					
			5600	1g	80.1	79.4					
				10g	22.8	22.0					



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### 12.3 System Performance Check Results

The SAR measured with a system validation dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10 % of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

Date	System I	Dipole	Liquid	Measu	red SAR [W/kg]	Target	Deviation	Limit
Date	Type	Serial	Liquid	(Norn	nalized to 1 W)	Target	[%]	[%]
4/3/2014	D1900V2	5d112	Body	1 g	37.92	41.1	-7.74	± 10
4/3/2014	D1900V2	5u112	Douy	10 g	20.36	21.8	-6.61	± 10
4/8/2014	D1900V2	5d112	Head	1 g	38.84	40.6	-4.33	± 10
4/0/2014	D1900V2	5u112	Heau	10 g	20.60	21.3	-3.29	± 10
4/8/2014	D1900V2	5d112	Body	1 g	38.84	41.1	-5.50	± 10
4/0/2014	D1900V2	5u112	Douy	10 g	20.88	21.8	-4.22	± 10
4/10/9014	DoogWo	4d081	Поод	1 g	9.96	9.48	+5.06	± 10
4/10/2014	D835V2	40001	Head	10 g	6.52	6.16	+5.84	± 10
4/10/9014	Deserve	4d081	Dode	1 g	10.24	9.40	+8.94	± 10
4/10/2014	D835V2	40081	Body	10 g	6.76	6.20	+9.03	± 10
4/11/0014	Doorwo	4-1001	D. J.	1 g	10.20	9.40	+8.51	± 10
4/11/2014	D835V2	4d081	Body	10 g	6.76	6.20	+9.03	± 10
4/19/9014	Doorwo	4-1001	111	1 g	9.68	9.48	+2.11	± 10
4/13/2014	D835V2	4d081	Head	10 g	6.32	6.16	+2.60	± 10
4/15/0014	D0450V0	714	D. J.	1 g	51.60	49.8	+3.61	± 10
4/15/2014	D2450V2	714	Body	10 g	24.40	23.3	+4.72	± 10
4/15/0014	D0450V9	714	Haad	1 g	52.80	52.8	+0.00	± 10
4/15/2014	D2450V2	714	Head	10 g	24.28	24.6	-1.30	± 10
4/1.0/001.4	D5GHzV2	1111	Dode	1 g	79.20	74.2	+6.74	± 10
4/16/2014	(5.2GHz)	1111	Body	10 g	22.36	20.8	+7.50	± 10
4/17/9014	D5GHzV2	1111	Body	1 g	77.60	76.4	+1.57	± 10
4/17/2014	(5.3GHz)	1111	Боау	10 g	22.28	21.4	+4.11	± 10
4/17/0014	D5GHzV2	1111	D. J.	1 g	81.20	79.4	+2.27	± 10
4/17/2014	(5.6GHz)	1111	Body	10 g	22.56	22.0	+2.55	± 10
4/18/2014	D5GHzV2	1111	Dode	1 g	84.00	79.4	+5.79	± 10
4/18/2014	(5.6GHz)	1111	Body	10 g	23.28	22.0	+5.82	± 10
4/10/0014	D5GHzV2	1111	TT J	1 g	73.60	78.8	-6.60	± 10
4/19/2014	(5.2GHz)	1111	Head	10 g	21.40	22.4	-4.46	± 10
4/10/9014	D5GHzV2	1111	II 1	1 g	78.00	81.6	-4.41	± 10
4/19/2014	(5.3GHz)	1111	Head	10 g	22.24	23.3	-4.55	± 10
4/90/9014	D5GHzV2	1111	TT 1	1 g	79.60	80.1	-0.62	± 10
4/20/2014	(5.6GHz)	1111	Head	10 g	22.52	22.8	-1.23	± 10
4/99/9014	D1000V0	#J110	Поля	1 g	38.84	40.6	-4.33	± 10
4/22/2014	D1900V2	5d112	Head	10 g	20.64	21.3	-3.10	± 10



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### 13 RF Output Power Measurements

#### 13.1 GSM

Settings	Mode	Parameter		
Q 1 Q - 44 '	Band Indicator	GSM 850	PCS 1900	
General Settings	Power Control Level	5 (33 dBm)	0 (30 dBm)	
CDDC C :C	Connection Type	Test Mode A		
GPRS Specific	Multi Slot Class	12 (4 down / 4 up / 5 sum)		
Settings	Coding Scheme	CS1 (GMSK)		

#### 13.1.1 GSM 850

Mode		Conducted Average Power (dBm)						
		128 ch			ch ch	251 ch		
1410	Acc	(824.2	MHz)	(836.4	MHz)	(848.8	MHz)	
			Frame	Burst	Frame	Burst	Frame	
GSM	Voice	26.69	17.66	26.75	17.72	26.77	17.74	
	1 slot	26.69	17.66	26.75	17.72	26.77	17.74	
CDDC	2 slots	24.52	18.50	24.57	18.55	24.75	18.73	
GPRS	3slots	23.01	18.75	23.26	19.00	23.33	19.07	
	4 slots	22.23	19.22	22.10	19.09	22.35	19.34	

#### Note(s):

KDB 941225 D03 – The worst-case configuration for SAR testing is determined to be as follows.

1. Body : GPRS mode with 4 time slots, based on the output power above

2. Head : Same mode as Body SAR testing (VoIP applicable using GPRS multi-slot)

#### 13.1.2 PCS 1900

Mode		Conducted Average Power (dBm)							
		512 ch (1850.2 MHz)		661 ch (1880.0 MHz)		810 ch (1909.8 MHz)			
		Burst	Frame	Burst	Frame	Burst	Frame		
GSM	Voice	21.54	12.51	21.45	12.42	21.31	12.28		
	1 slot	21.54	12.51	21.45	12.42	21.31	12.28		
CDDC	2 slots	19.03	13.01	18.84	12.82	19.04	13.02		
GPRS	3slots	17.60	13.34	17.56	13.30	17.62	13.36		
	4 slots	16.73	13.72	16.66	13.65	16.67	13.66		

### Note(s):

 $KDB\ 941225\ D03$  – The worst-case configuration for SAR testing is determined to be as follows.

1. Body : GPRS mode with 4 time slots, based on the output power above

2. Head: Same mode as Body SAR testing (VoIP applicable using GPRS multi-slot)



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### 13.2 WCDMA

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

Release 99 WCDMA

Settings	Release 99	
Loopback Mode	Mode 1	OFF
Channel Coding	12.2k / 64k / 144k / 384kbps RMC	Voice AMR
TPC Bit Pattern	All 1	
Power Tolerance (dB)	+1.7/-3.7	

**HSDPA** 

порга							
Settings	Release 8 HSDPA						
Sub-test	1	1 2 3 4					
Loopback Mode	Mode 1						
Channel Coding	Fixed Referen	ice Channel (QPSK	()				
TPC Algorithm	2						
TPC Bit Pattern	All 1						
Beta C	2	11	15	15			
Beta D	15	15	8	4			
Delta ACK	8						
Delta NACK	8						
Delta CQI	8						
CQI Feedback Cycle	4 ms						
Ack-Nack Repetition Factor	3						
CQI Repetition Factor	2						
MPR (dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5			
Power Tolerance (dB)	+1.7/-3.7	+1.7/-3.7	+2.7/-3.7	+3.7/-3.7			

HSPA (HSDPA & HSUPA)

Settings	Release 8 H	Release 8 HSPA					
Sub-test	1	2	3	4	5		
Loopback Mode	Mode 1						
Channel Coding	E-DCH RF	Test with TTI 10	Oms (QPSK)				
TPC Algorithm	2				1		
TPC Bit Pattern	Inner Loop	Power Control			All 1		
Beta C	10	6	15	2	15		
Beta D	15	15	9	15	0		
Delta ACK	8				0		
Delta NACK	8				0		
Delta CQI	8				0		
CQI Feedback Cycle	4 ms						
Ack-Nack Repetition Factor	3						
CQI Repetition Factor	2						
Delta E-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	0		
Absolute Grant Value	20	12	15	17	12		
E-TFCI	75	67	92	71	67		
MPR (dB)	0	2	1	2	0		
Power Tolerance (dB)	+1.7/-6.7	+3.7/-5.2	+2.7/-5.2	+3.7/-5.2	+1.7/-3.7		



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#### Band V

		Conducted Average Power (dBm)				
	Mode		4182 ch (836.4 MHz)	4233 ch (846.6 MHz)		
	12.2 kbps RMC	17.58	17.54	17.46		
	64 kbps RMC	17.58	17.54	17.46		
WCDMA	144 kbps RMC	17.57	17.53	17.45		
	384 kbps RMC	17.57	17.53	17.45		
	Voice AMR	17.58	17.54	17.45		
	Sub-test 1	16.65	16.34	16.49		
HCDDA	Sub-test 2	16.66	16.35	16.45		
HSDPA	Sub-test 3	16.08	15.85	15.96		
	Sub-test 4	16.07	15.86	15.96		
	Sub-test 1	16.41	16.28	16.38		
	Sub-test 2	15.43	15.31	15.28		
HSPA	Sub-test 3	14.93	14.78	14.87		
	Sub-test 4	16.15	15.90	15.98		
	Sub-test 5	16.66	16.33	16.50		

- 1. KDB 941225 D01 SAR in voice and data modes is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC. SAR in voice AMR configurations and for other spreading codes are not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01 Body SAR for HSDPA is not required when the maximum average output with HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75% of the SAR limit.
- 3. KDB 941225 D01 Body SAR for HSPA (HSDPA/HSUPA) is not required when the maximum average output with HSPA active is less than  $^{1}$ 4 dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is  $\leq$  75% of the SAR limit.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01 Head SAR for HSPA (VoIP applicable) is not required when the maximum average output with HSPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC.



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### 13.3 WLAN (DTS Band)

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		1	2412	13.36
	802.11b	6	2437	12.88
		11	2462	13.37
0.4.011-		1	2412	13.25
2.4 GHz (DTS)	802.11g	6	2437	13.04
(D18)		11	2462	13.33
		1	2412	13.46
	802.11n [HT20]	6	2437	12.98
		11	2462	13.45

#### Note(s):

KDB 248227~D01-SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than  $^{1}\!\!/~dB$  higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.



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### 13.4 WLAN (U-NII Band)

## 5.2 GHz Band (U-NII 1)

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		36	5180	9.00
	000.11	40	5200	8.97
	802.11a	44	5220	8.88
		48	5240	8.93
$5.2~\mathrm{GHz}$		36	5180	9.00
(U-NII 1)	802.11n [HT20]	44	5220	8.93
		48	5240	8.94
	802.11n [HT40]	38	5190	8.78
	802.11n [ff140]	46	5230	8.81
	802.11ac [VHT80]	42	5210	8.99

### 5.3 GHz Band (U-NII 2A)

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		52	5260	8.83
	000 11-	56	5280	8.99
	802.11a	60	5300	9.07
		64	5320	9.06
$5.3~\mathrm{GHz}$		52	5260	9.03
(U-NII 2A)	802.11n [HT20]	60	5300	8.87
		64	5320	9.02
	000 11 [[[7]	54	5270	8.86
	802.11n [HT40]	62	5310	9.05
	802.11ac [VHT80]	58	5290	9.02



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### 5.6 GHz Band (U-NII 2C)

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		100	5500	8.91
		104	5520	8.93
		108	5540	9.04
		112	5560	8.93
		116	5580	9.08
	802.11a	120	5600	9.06
		124	5620	9.01
		128	5640	8.87
5.6 GHz		132	5660	9.07
(U-NII 2C)		136	5680	8.90
(U NII 2C)		140	5700	9.06
		100	5500	9.06
	802.11n [HT20]	120	5600	9.09
		140	5700	8.98
		102	5510	9.07
	802.11n [HT40]	118	5590	8.92
		134	5670	9.11
	802.11ac [VHT80]	106	5530	8.99
	802.11ac [VH180]	122	5610	9.16

### Note(s):

KDB  $248227\ D01$  – SAR is not required for 802.11n/ac channels when the maximum average output power is less than  $^{1}\!\!/$  dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11a channels.



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#### 13.5 Bluetooth

Maximum tune-up tolerance limit is 7.0 dBm from the rated nominal maximum output power. This power level qualifies for exclusion of SAR testing.

### 13.6 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations (KDB 447498 D01)

#### 13.6.1 SAR Test Exclusion for antenna ≤ 50 mm from the user

The 1 g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by;

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] · [ $\sqrt{f}$  (GHz)]  $\leq 3.0$ , where

- $f_{(GHz)}$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- When the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied.

### Phone mode

D I	Frequency	Max. Power		Test	Distance	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	Test
Band	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Position	(mm)	Threshold	Exclusion
WI AN O A CII	0.400	140	05	Head	< 5	7.8	NO
WLAN 2.4 GHz	2462	14.0	25	Body	10	3.9	NO
WILLIAM & CHI	<b>F</b> F00	10.0	10	Head	< 5	4.8	NO
WLAN 5 GHz	5700			Body	10	2.4	YES
TD1	2400	7.0	_	Head	< 5	1.6	YES
Bluetooth	2480	7.0	5	Body	10	0.8	YES

### Tablet mode for WWAN

D 1	Frequency	Max.	Power	Test	Distance	m 1 11	Test
Band	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Position	(mm)	Threshold	Exclusion
				Rear	< 5	33.5	NO
GSM 850 (GPRS 4slots)	0.40.0	20.0	100	Bottom	< 5	33.5	NO
	848.8	22.6	182	Left	32	5.2	NO
				Right	22	7.6	NO
	1909.8	17.8	60	Rear	< 5	16.6	NO
PCS 1900				Bottom	< 5	16.6	NO
(GPRS 4slots)				Left	32	2.6	YES
				Right	22	3.8	NO
				Rear	< 5	13.1	NO
MCDMAD 117	0.40.0	10 5	7.1	Bottom	< 5	13.1	NO
WCDMA Band V	846.6	18.5	71	Left	32	2.0	YES
				Right	22	3.0	NO



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### Tablet mode for WLAN and Bluetooth

D J	Frequency	Max.	Power	Test	Distance	m1 1 1.1	Test
Band	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Position	(mm)	Threshold	Exclusion
WLAN 2.4 GHz				Rear	< 5	7.8	NO
	2462	14.0	25	Top	25	1.6	YES
				Right	< 5	7.8	NO
	5700	10.0	10	Rear	< 5	4.8	NO
WLAN 5 GHz				Top	25	1.0	YES
				Right	< 5	4.8	NO
				Rear	< 5	1.6	YES
Bluetooth	2480	7.0	5	Top	25	0.3	YES
				Right	< 5	1.6	YES

#### 13.6.2 SAR Test Exclusion for antenna > 50 mm from the user

At  $100~\mathrm{MHz}$  to  $6~\mathrm{GHz}$  and for test separation  $distances > 50~\mathrm{mm}$ , the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following;

[(Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm) + (test separation distance – 50 mm)  $\cdot$  (f  $_{(MHz)}/150$ )] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

[(Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm) + (test separation distance – 50 mm)  $\cdot$  10] mW, at > 1500 MHz and  $\leq$  6 GHz

#### Tablet mode for WWAN

Band	Frequency	Max. Power		Test	Distance	Threshold	Test				
Danu	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Position	(mm)	(mW)	Exclusion				
GSM 850 (GPRS 4slots)	848.8	22.6	182	Тор	167	825	YES				
PCS 1900 (GPRS 4slots)	1909.8	17.8	60	Тор	167	1279	YES				
WCDMA Band V	846.6	18.5	71	Top	167	823	YES				

### Tablet mode for WLAN and Bluetooth

D J	Frequency	Max. Power		Test	Distance	Threshold	Test
Band	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Position	(mm)	(mW)	Exclusion
WI AN O 4 CH	0.460	140	05	Bottom	128	876	YES
WLAN 2.4 GHz	2462	14.0	25	Left	100	596	YES
WI AN FOIL	5700	10.0	10	Bottom	128	843	YES
WLAN 5 GHz				Left	100	563	YES
D1 + +1	2400	<b>5</b> 0	_	Bottom	128	875	YES
Bluetooth	2480	7.0	5	Left	100	595	YES



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#### 14 SAR Measurements

### 14.1 GSM 850

#### Head

GPRS 4 slots (CS1) – Duty	GPRS 4 slots (CS1) – Duty Cycle 48.0%											
		TO.	Power	[dBm]	1 g SAF	DI 4						
Test Position	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.					
Left Touch	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	0.049	0.055	1					
Left Tilt	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	0.020	0.022						
Right Touch	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	0.029	0.033						
Right Tilt	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	0.021	0.024						

#### Body-worn Accessory & Tablet mode

GPRS 4 slots (CS1)	– Duty (	Cycle 48.0%						
	D: 4		TO.	Power	[dBm]	1 g SAF	DI 4	
Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.
		128	824.2	22.6	22.23	1.110	1.209	
Rear	0	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	1.190	1.335	2
		251	848.8	22.6	22.35	1.160	1.229	
Rear w/headset	0	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	1.210	1.358	3
Rear w/headset (repeat #1)	0	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	1.180	1.324	
Front	10	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	0.196	0.220	
Bottom Edge	0	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	0.589	0.661	
Left Edge	0	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	0.091	0.102	
Right Edge	0	189	836.4	22.6	22.10	0.070	0.079	

- 1. KDB 447498 D01 Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1 g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\leq 0.8$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
  - $\bullet$   $\leq 0.6$  W/kg when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - $\leq 0.4$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz
- 2. KDB 648474 D04 When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band is repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



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### 14.2 PCS 1900

#### Head

GPRS 4 slots (CS1) – Duty	GPRS 4 slots (CS1) – Duty Cycle 48.0%											
		TO.	Power	[dBm]	1 g SAF	DI 4						
Test Position	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.					
Left Touch	661	1880.0	17.8	16.66	0.006	0.008	4					
Left Tilt	661	1880.0	17.8	16.66	0.003	0.004						
Right Touch	661	1880.0	17.8	16.66	0.004	0.005						
Right Tilt	661	1880.0	17.8	16.66	0.003	0.004						

### Body-worn Accessory & Tablet mode

GPRS 4 slots (CS1)	Duty	Cycle 48.0%						
	D: 4		TD.	Power	[dBm]	1 g SAF	DI (	
Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.
		512	1850.2	17.8	16.73	0.654	0.837	5
Rear	0	661	1880.0	17.8	16.66	0.613	0.808	
		810	1909.8	17.8	16.67	0.603	0.782	
Front	10	661	1880.0	17.8	16.66	0.088	0.116	
		512	1850.2	17.8	16.73	0.935	1.196	
Bottom Edge	0	661	1880.0	17.8	16.66	0.893	1.161	
		810	1909.8	17.8	16.67	0.908	1.178	
Bottom Edge (repeat #1)	0	512	1850.2	17.8	16.73	0.958	1.226	6
Right Edge	0	661	1880.0	17.8	16.66	0.010	0.013	

- 1. KDB 447498 D01 Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1 g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\leq 0.8$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
  - $\bullet$   $\leq 0.6$  W/kg when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - $\leq 0.4$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz



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### 14.3 WCDMA Band V

#### Head

R99 12.2kbps RMC – Duty	R99 12.2kbps RMC – Duty Cycle 100%											
		TO.	Power	[dBm]	1 g SAI	DI (						
Test Position	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.					
Left Touch	4182	836.4	18.5	17.54	0.049	0.061	7					
Left Tilt	4182	836.4	18.5	17.54	0.021	0.026						
Right Touch	4182	836.4	18.5	17.54	0.029	0.036						
Right Tilt	4182	836.4	18.5	17.54	0.019	0.024						

### Body-worn Accessory & Tablet mode

R99 12.2kbps RMC – Duty Cycle 100%										
Test Position	D:.4	Dist. [mm] Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]				
	r 1			Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.		
		4132	826.4	18.5	17.58	0.903	1.116			
Rear	0	4182	836.4	18.5	17.54	0.945	1.179	8		
		4233	846.6	18.5	17.46	0.916	1.164			
Front	10	4182	836.4	18.5	17.54	0.208	0.259			
Bottom Edge	0	4182	836.4	18.5	17.54	0.576	0.718			
Right Edge	0	4182	836.4	18.5	17.54	0.077	0.096			

- 1. KDB 447498 D01 Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1 g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\bullet \quad \leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$  when the transmission band is  $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$
  - $\bullet \quad \leq 0.6$  W/kg when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - $\bullet \quad \leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$  when the transmission band is  $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$



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#### 14.4 WLAN (DTS Band)

#### Head

802.11b (1 Mbps) – Duty Cycle 100%									
			Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]		DI 4		
Test Position	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.		
Left Touch	11	2462	14.0	13.37	0.036	0.042	9		
Left Tilt	11	2462	14.0	13.37	0.027	0.031			
Right Touch	11	2462	14.0	13.37	0.013	0.015			
Right Tilt	11	2462	14.0	13.37	0.010	0.012			

### Body-worn Accessory & Tablet mode

802.11b (1 Mbps) – Duty Cycle 100%										
Test Position Dist. [mm]			T.	Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]		D1 +		
	. Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.			
Rear	0	1	2412	14.0	13.36	0.997	1.155			
		6	2437	14.0	12.88	0.894	1.157			
		11	2462	14.0	13.37	1.030	1.191			
Rear (repeat #1)	0	11	2462	14.0	13.37	1.040	1.202	10		
Rear w/headset	0	11	2462	14.0	13.37	1.060	1.225	11		
Front	10	11	2462	14.0	13.37	0.012	0.014			
Right Edge	0	11	2462	14.0	13.37	0.415	0.480			

- 1. KDB  $447498 \, D01 Testing$  of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1 g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\leq 0.8$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
  - $\leq 0.6$  W/kg when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - $\leq 0.4$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz
- 2. KDB 648474 D04 When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band is repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



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### 14.5 WLAN (U-NII Band)

### 14.5.1 5.2 GHz Band (U-NII 1)

#### Head

802.11a (6 Mbps) – Duty Cycle 100%									
		-	Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]		771		
Test Position	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.		
Left Touch	36	5180	10.0	9.00	< 0.001	< 0.001			
Left Tilt	36	5180	10.0	9.00	< 0.001	< 0.001			
Right Touch	36	5180	10.0	9.00	< 0.001	< 0.001			
Right Tilt	36	5180	10.0	9.00	< 0.001	< 0.001			

### Body-worn Accessory & Tablet mode

802.11a (6 Mbps) – Duty Cycle 100%									
Test Position Dist. [mm]	<b>5.</b>		Freq. [MHz]	Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]		DL.	
	г 1	Ch#		Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.	
		36	5180	10.0	9.00	0.935	1.177	12	
Rear	0	48	5240	10.0	8.93	0.721	0.922		
Rear (repeat #1)	0	36	5180	10.0	9.00	0.872	1.098		
Right Edge	0	36	5180	10.0	9.00	0.298	0.375		

- 1. KDB 447498 D01 Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1 g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\leq 0.8$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
  - $\bullet$   $\leq 0.6$  W/kg when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - $\bullet \quad \leq 0.4$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz



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### 14.5.2 5.3 GHz Band (U-NII 2A)

#### Head

802.11a (6 Mbps) – Duty Cycle 100%									
		T.	Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]		DI 4		
Test Position	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.		
Left Touch	60	5300	10.0	9.07	< 0.001	< 0.001			
Left Tilt	60	5300	10.0	9.07	< 0.001	< 0.001			
Right Touch	60	5300	10.0	9.07	< 0.001	< 0.001			
Right Tilt	60	5300	10.0	9.07	< 0.001	< 0.001			

### Body-worn Accessory & Tablet mode

802.11a (6 Mbps) – Duty Cycle 100%										
	D'			Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]		D1 .		
Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.		
_	0	52	5260	10.0	8.83	1.090	1.427			
Rear		60	5300	10.0	9.07	0.990	1.226			
Rear w/headset	0	52	5260	10.0	8.83	1.070	1.401			
Rear (repeat #1)	0	52	5260	10.0	8.83	1.120	1.466	13		
Right Edge	0	60	5300	10.0	9.07	0.352	0.436			

- 1. KDB 447498 D01 Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1 g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\leq 0.8$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
  - $\leq 0.6$  W/kg when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - $\leq 0.4$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz
- 2. KDB 648474 D04 When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band is repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



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## 14.5.3 5.6 GHz Band (U-NII 2C)

#### Head

802.11a (6 Mbps) – Duty Cycle 100%							
		77	Power	[dBm] 1 g s		R [W/kg]	DI (
Test Position	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.
Left Touch	116	5580	10.0	9.08	< 0.001	< 0.001	
Left Tilt	116	5580	10.0	9.08	< 0.001	< 0.001	
Right Touch	116	5580	10.0	9.08	< 0.001	< 0.001	
Right Tilt	116	5580	10.0	9.08	< 0.001	< 0.001	

# Body-worn Accessory & Tablet mode

802.11a (6 Mbps) –	· Duty Cy	rcle 100%						
	D: +		TD.	Power	Power [dBm]		1 g SAR [W/kg]	
Test Position	Dist. [mm]	Ch#	Freq. [MHz]	Tune-up Limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Plot No.
		104	5520	10.0	8.93	0.978	1.251	14
Dans	0	116	5580	10.0	9.08	0.603	0.745	
Rear	0	124	5620	10.0	9.01	0.706	0.887	
		136	5680	10.0	8.90	0.409	0.527	
Rear w/headset	0	104	5520	10.0	8.93	1.010	1.292	15
Rear w/headset (repeat #1)	0	104	5520	10.0	8.93	0.986	1.261	
		104	5520	10.0	8.93	0.775	0.992	
D. 1 . D.1		116	5580	10.0	9.08	0.616	0.761	
Right Edge	0	124	5620	10.0	9.01	0.573	0.720	
		136	5680	10.0	8.90	0.448	0.577	

## Note(s):

- 1. KDB 447498 D01 Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1 g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - $\leq 0.8$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
  - $\bullet$   $\leq 0.6$  W/kg when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
  - $\leq 0.4$  W/kg when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz
- 2. KDB 648474 D04 When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band is repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



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## 14.6 SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with the KDB 865664 D01, these additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The DUT should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a 2nd repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a 3rd repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

#### 14.6.1 Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

E D I[MII]	A: T , C	Standalone	SAR [W/kg]
Frequency Band [MHz]	Air Interface	Head	Body
050	GSM 850	0.049	1.210
850	WCDMA Band V	0.049	0.945
1900	PCS 1900	0.006	0.935
2450	WLAN 802.11b	0.036	1.030
5200	WLAN 802.11a		0.935
5300	WLAN 802.11a		1.090
5600	WLAN 802.11a		1.010

## 14.6.2 Repeated SAR Measurement Results

	Band Test Position Ch# Freque		E	Measured S	SAR [W/kg]	Largest to
Band			[MHz]	01	December	Smallest SAR
			[MIZ]	Original	Repeated	Ratio
GSM 850	Rear	189	836.4	1.210	1.180	1.03
PCS 1900	Bottom Edge	512	1850.2	0.935	0.958	1.02
WLAN 2.4 GHz	Rear	11	2462	1.030	1.040	1.01
WLAN 5.2 GHz	Rear	36	5180	0.935	0.872	1.07
WLAN 5.3 GHz	Rear	52	5260	1.090	1.120	1.03
WLAN 5.6 GHz	Rear	104	5520	1.010	0.986	1.02



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## 14.7 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis (KDB 447498 D01)

#### 14.7.1 Simultaneous Transmission Condition

WWAN can transmit simultaneously with WLAN/Bluetooth.

WLAN in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands cannot transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth.

N	G W	Pho	one	Tablet	
No.	Conditions	Head	Body	Tablet	
1	GSM 850 + WLAN 2.4 GHz	YES	YES	YES	
2	PCS 1900 + WLAN 2.4 GHz	YES	YES	YES	
3	WCDMA Band V + WLAN 2.4 GHz	YES	YES	YES	
4	GSM 850 + WLAN 5 GHz	YES	YES	YES	
5	PCS 1900 + WLAN 5 GHz	YES	YES	YES	
6	WCDMA Band V + WLAN 5 GHz	YES	YES	YES	
7	GSM 850 + Bluetooth	YES	YES	YES	
8	PCS 1900 + Bluetooth	YES	YES	YES	
9	WCDMA Band V + Bluetooth	YES	YES	YES	

#### 14.7.2 Standalone SAR Estimation

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}/7.5]$  W/kg for 1 g SAR, test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm, or

0.4 W/kg for 1 g SAR, test separation distances > 50 mm

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied.

#### Phone mode

Band	Frequency	Max. Power		Test	Distance	Estimated SAR
Danu	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Position	(mm)	(W/kg)
WLAN 5 GHz	5700	10.0	10	Body	10	0.318
T01	2.400		_	Head	< 5	0.210
Bluetooth	2480	7.0	5	Body	10	0.105



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## Tablet mode (WWAN)

Band	Frequency	Max. Power		Test	Distance	Estimated SAR
Danu	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Position	(mm)	(W/kg)
GSM 850 (GPRS 4slots)	848.8	22.6	182	Тор	167	0.400
PCS 1900	1000.0	17.0	00	Тор	167	0.400
(GPRS 4slots)	1909.8	17.8	60	Left	32	0.345
WCDMA D 1 V	0.40.0	10.5	7.1	Тор	167	0.400
WCDMA Band V	846.6	18.5	71	Left	32	0.272

#### Tablet mode (WLAN and Bluetooth)

D 1	Frequency	Max. Power		Test	Distance	Estimated SAR
Band	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Position	(mm)	(W/kg)
				Тор	25	0.209
WLAN 2.4 GHz	2462	14.0	25	Bottom	128	0.400
				Left	100	0.400
				Top	25	0.127
WLAN 5 GHz	5700	10.0	10	Bottom	128	0.400
				Left	100	0.400
				Тор	25	0.042
Bluetooth	2480	7.0	5	Bottom	128	0.400
				Left	100	0.400

The test positions for Top edge and Left edge (except for GSM 850 band) are inherently compliant as it consists of only estimated SAR values for all applicable transmitters and consequently will always have sum of SAR values < 1.2 W/kg.

Simultaneous transmission SAR analysis was therefore not performed for this test position.

#### 14.7.3 SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR) Calculation

When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio. The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination must be considered one pair at a time to determine the SAR to peak location separation ratio to qualify for test exclusion. The ratio is determined by  $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i$ , rounded to two decimal digits, and must be  $\leq 0.04$  for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion. When 10-g SAR applies, the ratio must be  $\leq 0.10$ . SAR<sub>1</sub> and SAR<sub>2</sub> are the highest reported or estimated SAR for each antenna in the pair, and  $R_i$  is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.



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## 14.7.4 Sum of the SAR for GSM 850 + WLAN & Bluetooth

## 14.7.4.1 Head

	S	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario							
Test Position	GSM 850	WLAN DTS Band	WLAN U-NII Band	Bluetooth	Σ1 g SAR (W/kg)				
	0.055	0.042			0.097				
Left Touch	0.055		0.000		0.055				
	0.055			0.210	0.265				
	0.022	0.031			0.053				
Left Tilt	0.022		0.000		0.022				
	0.022			0.210	0.232				
	0.033	0.015			0.048				
Right Touch	0.033		0.000		0.033				
	0.033			0.210	0.243				
	0.024	0.012			0.036				
Right Tilt	0.024		0.000		0.024				
	0.024			0.210	0.234				

# SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the sum of the 1 g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

## Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the sum of the 1 g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg.



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# 14.7.4.2 Body-worn Accessory and Tablet mode

	S	imultaneous Trai	nsmission Scenar	io	N.1. CAD
Test Position	GSM 850	WLAN DTS Band	WLAN U-NII Band	Bluetooth	Σ 1 g SAR (W/kg)
	1.358	1.225			2.583
Rear	1.358		1.466		2.824
	1.358			0.210	1.568
	0.220	0.014			0.234
Front	0.220		0.318		0.538
	0.220			0.105	0.325
	0.661	0.400			1.061
Bottom Edge	0.661		0.400		1.061
	0.661			0.400	1.061
	0.102	0.400			0.502
Left Edge	0.102		0.400		0.502
	0.102			0.400	0.502
	0.079	0.480			0.559
Right Edge	0.079		0.992		1.071
	0.079			0.210	0.289

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

STATE OF I CALL LICENSTOLL REPAIR AND								
	Worst-case combination			D1 CAD	D: +		т.	
Test Position	GSM 850	WLAN DTS	WLAN U-NII	Bluetooth	Σ1 g SAR (W/kg)	Distance [mm]	SPLSR	Fig. No.
D	1.358	1.225			2.583	151.4	0.028	1
Rear	1.358		1.466		2.824	148.3	0.032	2

# **Conclusion:**

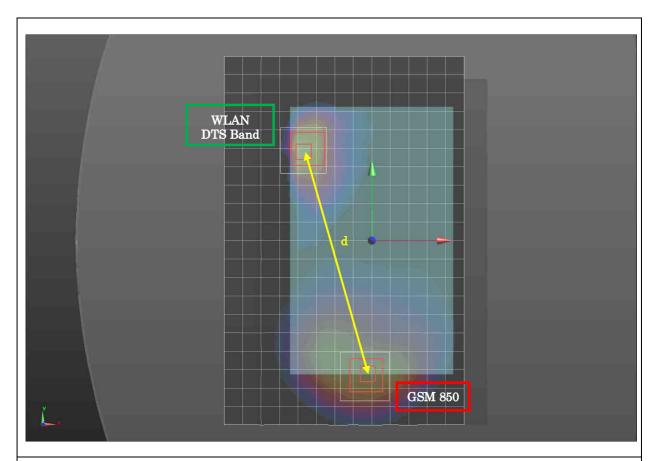
Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1 g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.



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Figure 1



Band	x (m)	y (m)	z (m)
GSM 850	0.0067	-0.0837	-0.0003
WLAN DTS Band	-0.0444	0.0588	0.0002

Calculated Distance : d (mm)	151.4

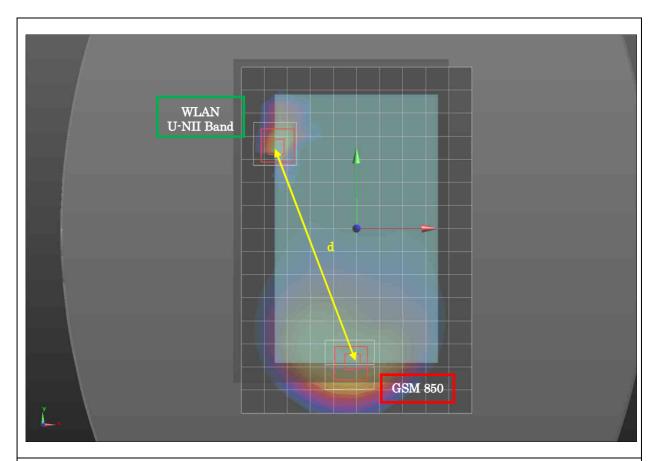
## Note(s):



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Figure 2



Band	x (m)	y (m)	z (m)
GSM 850	0.0067	-0.0837	-0.0003
WLAN U-NII Band	-0.0526	0.0522	0.0004

Calculated Distance: d (mm) 148.3
-----------------------------------

## Note(s):



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## 14.7.5 Sum of the SAR for PCS 1900 + WLAN & Bluetooth

## 14.7.5.1 Head

	S	imultaneous Trai	nsmission Scenar	io	E1 CAD
Test Position	PCS 1900	WLAN DTS Band	WLAN U-NII Band	Bluetooth	Σ1 g SAR (W/kg)
	0.009	0.042			0.051
Left Touch	0.009		0.000		0.009
	0.009			0.210	0.219
	0.004	0.031			0.035
Left Tilt	0.004		0.000		0.004
	0.004			0.210	0.214
	0.005	0.015			0.020
Right Touch	0.005		0.000		0.005
	0.005			0.210	0.215
	0.004	0.012			0.016
Right Tilt	0.004		0.000		0.004
	0.004			0.210	0.214

# SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the sum of the 1 g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

## Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the sum of the  $1\,\mathrm{g}$  SAR is  $< 1.6\,\mathrm{W/kg}$ .



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# 14.7.5.2 Body-worn Accessory and Tablet mode

	S	imultaneous Trai	nsmission Scenar	io	Σ 1 ~ CAD
Test Position	PCS 1900	WLAN DTS Band	WLAN U-NII Band	Bluetooth	Σ1 g SAR (W/kg)
	0.837	1.225			2.062
Rear	0.837		1.466		2.303
	0.837			0.210	1.047
	0.116	0.014			0.130
Front	0.116		0.318		0.434
	0.116			0.105	0.221
	1.226	0.400			1.626
Bottom Edge	1.226		0.400		1.626
	1.226			0.400	1.626
	0.013	0.480			0.493
Right Edge	0.013		0.992		1.005
	0.013			0.210	0.223

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

SIEV to I can Elec			combination		D1 CAD	D: 4		17.
Test Position	PCS 1900	WLAN DTS	WLAN U-NII	Bluetooth	$\Sigma$ 1 g SAR (W/kg)	Distance [mm]	SPLSR	Fig. No.
D	0.837	1.225			2.062	152.0	0.020	1
Rear	0.837		1.466		2.303	148.6	0.024	2
	1.226	0.400			1.626	146.0	0.014	
Bottom Edge	1.226		0.400		1.626	146.0	0.014	3
	1.226			0.400	1.626	146.0	0.014	

## Conclusion:

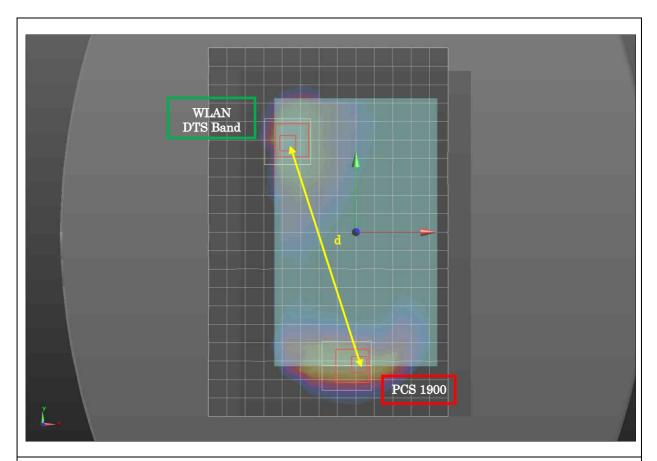
Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1 g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.



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Figure 1



Band	x (m)	y (m)	z (m)
PCS 1900	0.0036	-0.0854	0.0010
WLAN DTS Band	-0.0444	0.0588	0.0002

Calculated Distance : d (mm)	152.0
Calculated Distance 'a (mm)	102.0

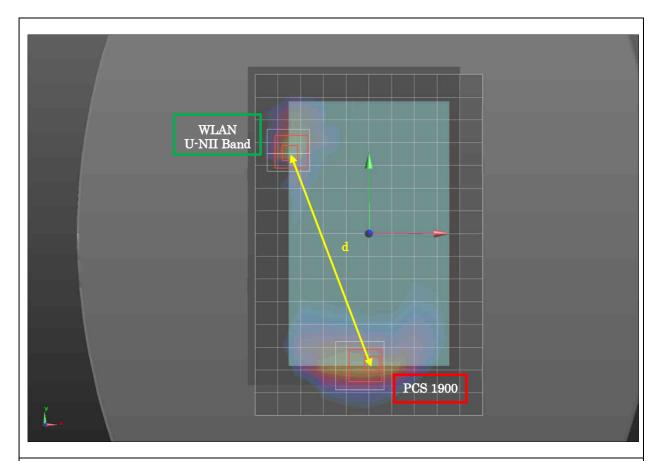
## Note(s):



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Figure 2



Band	x (m)	y (m)	z (m)
PCS 1900	0.0036	-0.0854	0.0010
WLAN U-NII Band	-0.0526	0.0522	0.0004

Calculated Distance: d (mm) 148.6
-----------------------------------

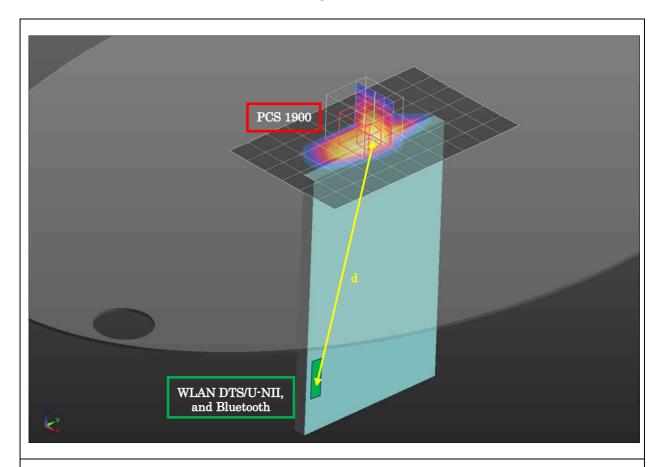
## Note(s):



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# Figure 3



Band	x (m)	y (m)	z (m)
PCS 1900	-0.0030	0.0004	-0.0007
WLAN DTS/U-NII Band, and Bluetooth	-0.0021	-0.0485	-0.1383

Calculated Distance: d (mm)
-----------------------------

#### Note(s):

The peak location separation distance is computed by the square root of  $[(x_1-x_2)^2+(y_1-y_2)^2+(z_1-z_2)^2]$ . When SAR is estimated, the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna.



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## 14.7.6 Sum of the SAR for WCDMA Band V + WLAN & Bluetooth

## 14.7.6.1 Head

Test Position	WCDMA Band V	imultaneous Trai WLAN DTS Band	nsmission Scenar WLAN U-NII Band	io Bluetooth	Σ1g SAR (W/kg)
	0.061	0.042			0.103
Left Touch	0.061		0.000		0.061
	0.061			0.210	0.271
	0.026	0.031			0.057
Left Tilt	0.026		0.000		0.026
	0.026			0.210	0.236
	0.036	0.015			0.051
Right Touch	0.036		0.000		0.036
	0.036			0.210	0.246
	0.024	0.012			0.036
Right Tilt	0.024		0.000		0.024
	0.024			0.210	0.234

# SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

As the sum of the 1 g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

## Conclusion:

Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the sum of the  $1\,\mathrm{g}$  SAR is  $< 1.6\,\mathrm{W/kg}$ .



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# 14.7.6.2 Body-worn Accessory and Tablet mode

Test Position	WCDMA Band V	imultaneous Trai WLAN DTS Band	nsmission Scenar WLAN U-NII Band	io Bluetooth	Σ1 g SAR (W/kg)
	1.179	1.225			2.404
Rear	1.179		1.466		2.645
	1.179			0.210	1.389
	0.259	0.014			0.273
Front	0.259		0.318		0.577
	0.259			0.105	0.364
	0.718	0.400			1.118
Bottom Edge	0.718		0.400		1.118
	0.718			0.400	1.118
	0.096	0.480			0.576
Right Edge	0.096		0.992		1.088
	0.096			0.210	0.306

SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio (SPLSR)

	Worst-case combination				T1 CAD	Distance		D'
Test Position	WCDMA Band V	WLAN DTS	WLAN U-NII	Bluetooth	$\Sigma 1 \text{ g SAR}$ (W/kg)	Distance [mm]	SPLSR	Fig. No.
D	1.179	1.225			2.404	150.0	0.025	1
Rear	1.179		1.466		2.645	146.6	0.029	2

## **Conclusion:**

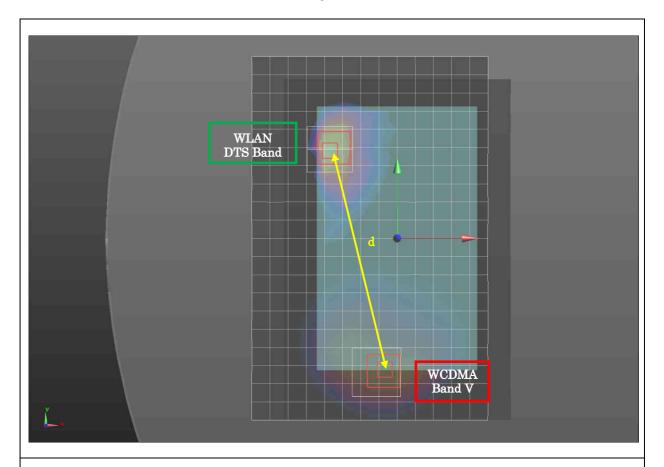
Simultaneous transmission SAR measurement (Volume Scan) is not required because the either sum of the 1 g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg or the SPLSR is < 0.04 for all circumstances that require SPLSR calculation.



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Figure 1



Band	x (m)	y (m)	z (m)
WCDMA Band V	0.0025	-0.0837	-0.0003
WLAN DTS Band	-0.0444	0.0588	0.0002

Calculated Distance : d (mm)	150.0
Calculated Distance · d (IIIII)	150.0

## Note(s):

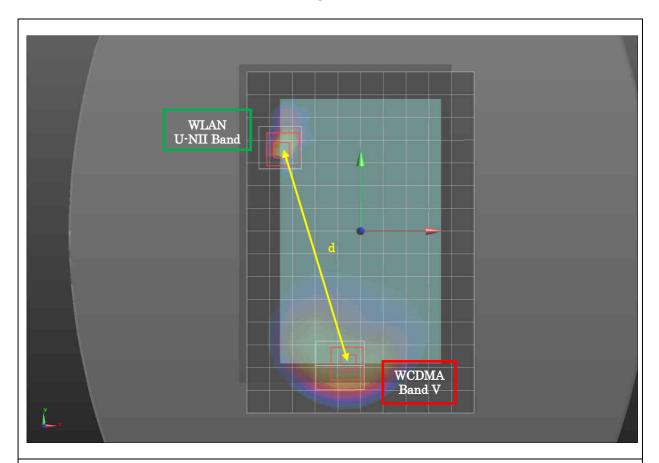


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Figure 2



Band	x (m)	y (m)	z (m)
WCDMA Band V	0.0025	-0.0837	-0.0003
WLAN U-NII Band	-0.0526	0.0522	0.0004

Calculated Distance: d (mm) 146.6
-----------------------------------

## Note(s):



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# 16 Test Instruments

Shielded Room S3						
Туре	Model	Manufacturer	ID No.	Last Cal.	Interval	
E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	SPEAG	S-2	2013/8	1 Year	
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	SPEAG	S-17	2013/9	1 Year	
DAE	DAE4	SPEAG	S-3	2013/11	1 Year	
Robot	RX60L	Stäubli	S-7		N/A	
Probe Alignment Unit	LB5/80	SPEAG	S-13		N/A	
Network Analyzer	8719ET	Agilent	B-53	2013/9	1 Year	
Dielectric Probe	DAK-3.5	SPEAG	S-32	2013/7	1 Year	
835MHz Dipole	D835V2	SPEAG	S-23	2013/8	1 Year	
1900MHz Dipole	D1900V2	SPEAG	S-25	2013/8	1 Year	
2450MHz Dipole	D2450V2	SPEAG	S-6	2013/11	1 Year	
5GHz Dipole	D5GHzV2	SPEAG	S-31	2013/9	1 Year	
Signal Generator	MG3681A	Anritsu	B-3	2013/9	1 Year	
Signal Generator	MG3710A	Anritsu	B-41	2013/9	1 Year	
RF Power Amplifier	CGA020M602-2633R	R&K	A-51		N/A	
Directional Coupler	4226-20	Narda	D-87		N/A	
Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	Anritsu	B-5	2014/2	1 Year	
Power Meter	E4417A	Agilent	B-51	2013/11	1 Year	
Power Sensor	E9323A	Agilent	B-59	2013/6	1 Year	
Power Meter	N1911A	Agilent	B-63	2013/7	1 Year	
Power Sensor	N1921A	Agilent	B-64	2013/7	1 Year	
Attenuator	54A-10	Weinschel	D-28	2013/10	1 Year	
Attenuator	2-20	Weinschel	D-36	2013/10	1 Year	



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# 17 Appendix

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

Appendix 1 – System Performance Check Plots

Appendix 2 – Highest SAR Test Plots

Appendix 3 – Dosimetric E-Field Probe Calibration Data

Appendix 4 – System Validation Dipole Calibration Data