

FCC Part 15.249
RSS-GEN ISSUE 5 February 2021 Amendment 2
RSS-210, ISSUE 10, April 2020 Amendment

TEST REPORT

For

DewertOkin Technology Group Co., Ltd.

Room 247, Floor 6, Jiaxing Photovoltaic Science and Innovation Park, 1288 Kanghe
Road, Xiuzhou District, Jiaxing City, Zhejiang Province, China

FCC ID: 2AVJ8-CB3443
IC: 25804-CB3443

Report Type:
Original Report

Product Type:
CONTROL BOX

Report Producer : Lynette Wen

Report Number : RXZ221117005RF01

Report Date : 2023-02-15

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Revision History

Revision	No.	Report Number	Issue Date	Description	Author/ Revised by
0.0	RXZ221117005	RXZ221117005RF01	2023-02-15	Original Report	Lynette Wen

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1 General Information

1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Manufacturer	DewertOkin Technology Group Co., Ltd.
	Room 247, Floor 6, Jiaxing Photovoltaic Science and Innovation Park, 1288 Kanghe Road, Xiuzhou District, Jiaxing City, Zhejiang Province, China
Brand Name	N/A
Product (Equipment)	CONTROL BOX
Main Model Name (HVIN)	CB3443
Frequency Range	2403-2480 MHz
Modulation Technique	GFSK
Power Operation	29Vdc from Power Supply
Received Date	2022/11/15
Date of Test	2022/11/21~2023/1/17

**All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: RXZ221117005-01 (Assigned by BACL, New Taipei Laboratory).*

1.2 Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *DewertOkin Technology Group Co., Ltd.* in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, and Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commission's rules, and RSS-210, Issue 10, December 2019, Amendment April 2020 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada, and RSS-Gen Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2, General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus.

1.3 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

N/A.

1.4 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices, and RSS-210, December 2019, Amendment April 2020 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada, and RSS-Gen Issue 5, February 2021 Amendment 2, General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus.

1.5 Statement

Decision Rule: No, (The test results do not include MU judgment)

It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (New Taipei Laboratory).

Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

The determination of the test results does not require consideration of the uncertainty of the measurement, unless the assessment is required by customer agreement, regulation or standard document specification.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (New Taipei Laboratory) is not responsible for the authenticity of the information provided by the applicant that affects the test results.

1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
AC Line Conduction Emissions		+/- 2.53 dB
Emissions Bandwidth		+/- 0.35 MHz
Unwanted Emissions, conducted		+/- 1.69 dBm
Emissions, radiated	30 MHz~1GHz	+/- 5.22 dB
	1 GHz~18 GHz	+/- 6.12 dB
	18 GHz~40 GHz	+/- 4.99 dB
Temperature		+/- 1.27 °C
Humidity		+/- 3 %

Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty

1.7 Environmental Conditions

Test Site	Test Date	Temperature (°C)	Relative Humidity (%)	ATM Pressure (hPa)	Test Engineer
AC Line Conducted Emissions	2023/1/13	25.5	54	1010	Andy Cheng
Radiation Spurious Emissions	2023/1/14~2023/1/17	23.6~23.7	68~57	1010	Jim Chen
Emission Bandwidth	2022/11/21	25.1	52	1010	Andy Cheng

1.8 Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (New Taipei Laboratory) to collect test data is located on

☒ 70, Lane 169, Sec. 2, Datong Road, Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 22183, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (New Taipei Laboratory) is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 3732) and the FCC designation No.TW3732 under the Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC Test.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: TW3732.

2 System Test Configuration

2.1 Description of Test Configuration

The device employs 78 Channels as below table:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2403	40	2442
2	2404	...	...
...	...	...	...
38	2440	77	2479
39	2441	78	2480

Tested with channel 1, 40 and 78.

2.2 Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT.

2.3 EUT Exercise Software

Use the buttons on the control box to switch the test channel.

Test Frequency	Low	Mid	High
Power Level Setting	Default	Default	Default

The system was configured for testing in an engineering mode, which was provided by manufacturer.

The engineering mode was configured the system transmitting with maximum power.

2.4 Support Equipment List and Details

No.	Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	FCC	S/N
A	Power Supply	KPTEC	K65D290200E2	DOC	680029024G2147105166
B	Control Box	OKIN	CB2442	N/A	CB244201022873710073
C	USB Outlet	OKIN	JLDP.44.01.01	N/A	Q22013714 00039
D	USB Outlet	OKIN	JLDP.05.066.000	N/A	Q2201371800035
E	USB Outlet	OKIN	JLDP.15.104.103	N/A	6800220515K218100008
F	LED*2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
G	DC Motor*3	OKIN	ALPHADRIIVE 5 ADZ5	N/A	Q0226170194
H	6 Pin cable	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
I	USB Flash*2	Transcend	8GB	N/A	N/A
J	NB	DELL	E6410	DOC	8N7PXN1

2.5 External Cable List and Details

No.	Description	Length	From	To
1	Power Cable	1.8m	EUT	Power Supply
2	8-Pin Data Cable	0.8m	EUT	Control Box
3	4-Pin Data Cable *2	0.5m	EUT	LED*2
4	RJ-11 Cable	4m	EUT	NB
5	3-Pin Data Cable*3	1.5m	EUT	DC Motor*3
6	6-Pin Data Cable	1 m	EUT	N/A
7	6-Pin Data Cable	1.2m	EUT	USB Outlet
8	6-Pin Data Cable	0.3m	EUT	USB Outlet
9	6-Pin Data Cable	1.2m	EUT	USB Outlet

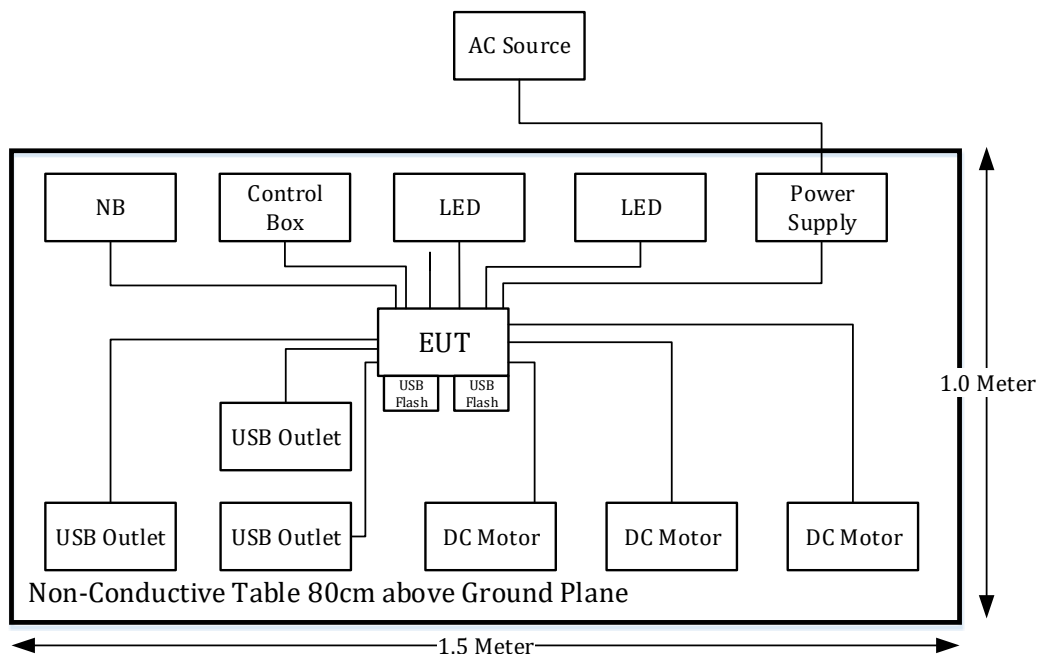
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(New Taipei Laboratory)

2.6 Block Diagram of Test Setup

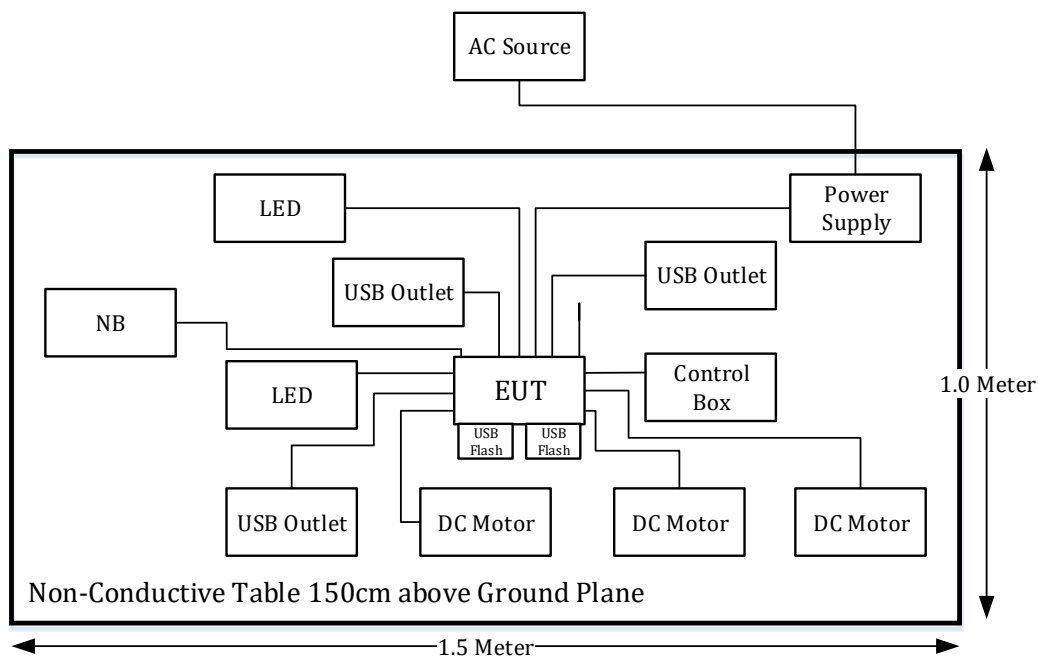
See test photographs attached in setup photos for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

Radiation:

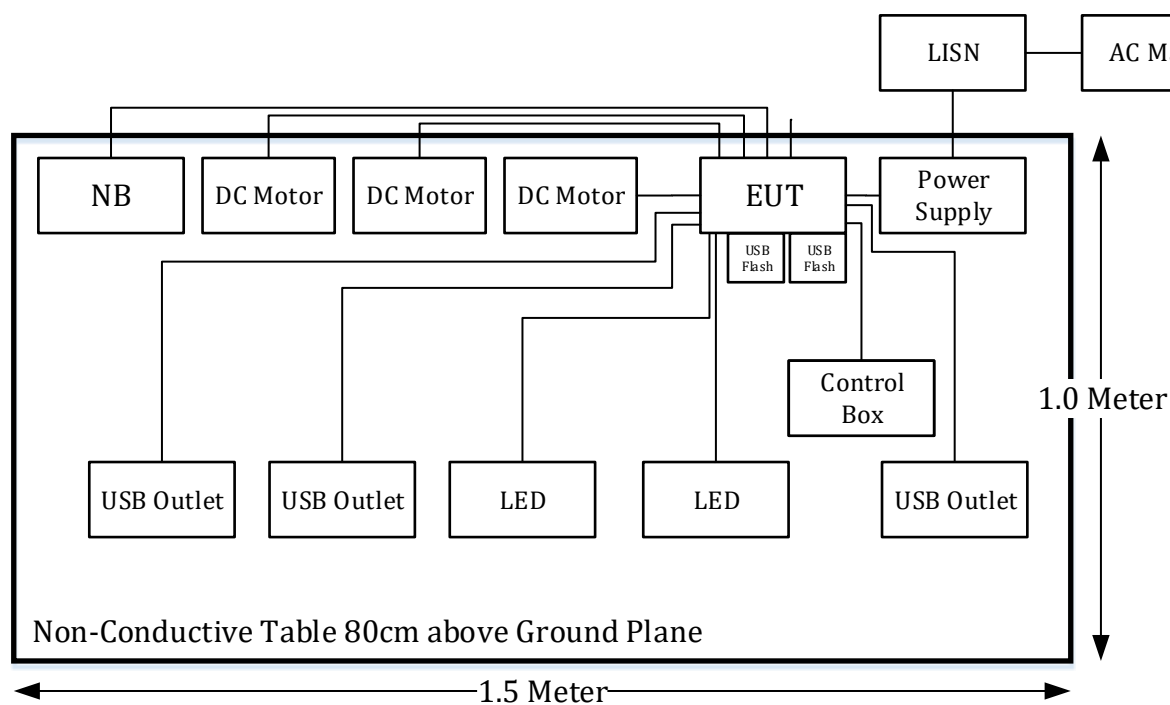
Below 1GHz:



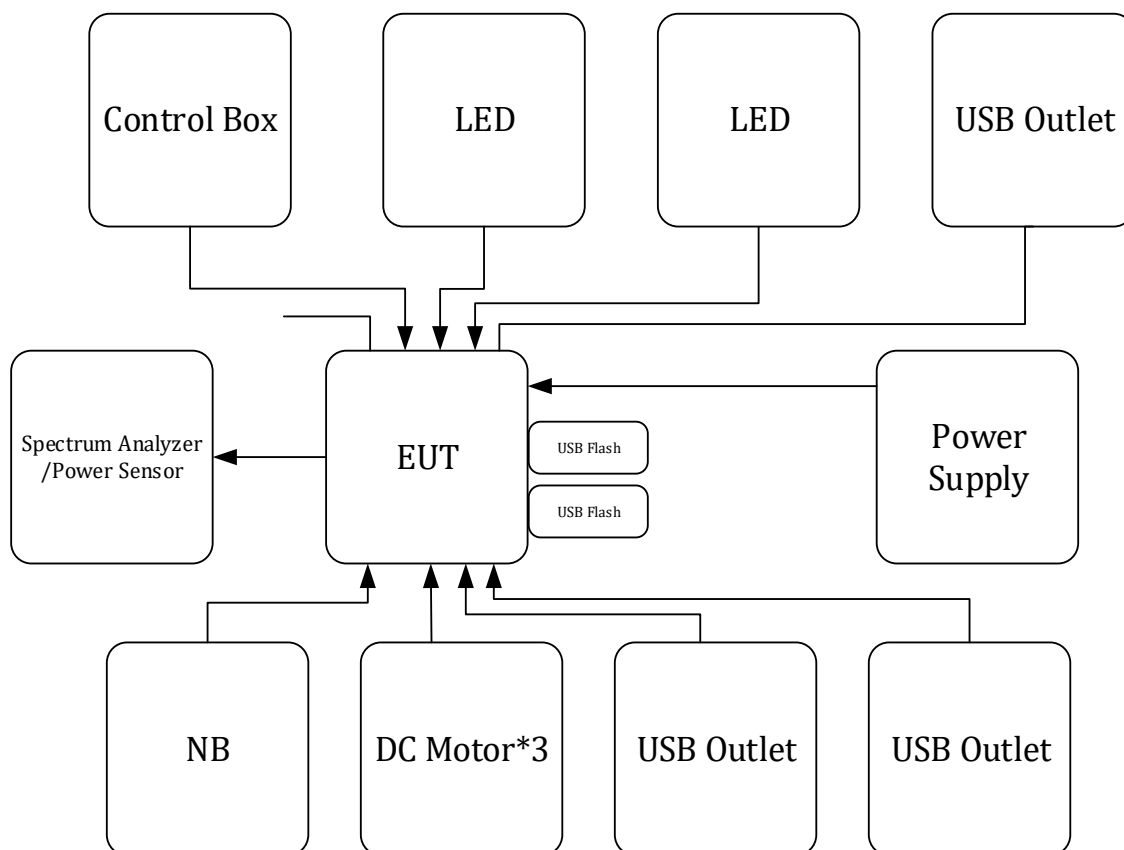
Above 1GHz:



Conduction:



Conducted:



3 Summary of Test Results

Rules	Description of Test	Results
§1.1307(b)(3)(i)	RF Exposure	Compliance
§RSS-102 Clause 2.5.2	Exemption Limits From Routine Evaluation- RF Exposure Evaluation	Compliance
§15.203 RSS-GEN Clause 6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.207 (a) RSS-Gen Clause 8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209, §15.249 RSS-210 Annex B.10 RSS-Gen Clause 8.10	Radiated Emissions	Compliance
§15.215 (c) RSS-Gen Clause 6.7	20 dB Emission Bandwidth 99% Occupied Bandwidth	Compliance

4 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
AC Line Conduction Room (CON-A)					
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101248	2022/6/22	2023/6/21
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR3	102099	2022/6/16	2023/6/15
Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3Z2	TXZEM104	2022/7/19	2023/7/18
RF Cable	EMEC	EM-CB5D	1	2022/6/7	2023/6/6
Software	AUDIX	E3	V9.150826k	N.C.R	N.C.R
Radiation 3M Room (966-A)					
Bilog Antenna with 6 dB Attenuator	SUNOL SCIENCES & MINI-CIRCUITS	JB6/UNAT-6+	A050115/1554 2_01	2022/2/14	2023/2/13
Horn Antenna	EMCO	SAS-571	1020	2022/5/25	2023/5/24
Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3116	62638	2022/8/18	2023/8/17
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR7	101419	2022/11/2	2023/11/1
Preamplifier	Sonoma	310N	130602	2022/6/16	2023/6/15
Preamplifier	A.H. system Inc.	PAM-0118P	470	2022/3/28	2023/3/27
Microwave Preamplifier	EM Electronics Corporation	EM18G40G	60656	2023/01/06	2024/01/05
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101941	2022/12/29	2023/12/28
Micro flex Cable	UTIFLEX	UFB197C-1-236 2-70U-70U	225757-001	2022/1/24	2023/1/23
Coaxial Cable	COMMATE	PEWC	8Dr	2022/12/24	2023/12/23
Coaxial Cable	UTIFLEX	UFB311A-Q-144 0-300300	220490-006	2022/1/24	2023/1/23
Coaxial Cable	JUNFLON	J12J102248-00-B-5	AUG-07-15-04 4	2022/12/24	2023/12/23
Cable	EMC	EMC105-SM-S M-10000	201003	2022/1/24	2023/1/23
Coaxial Cable	ROSNOL	K1K50-UP0264-K1K50-450CM	160309-1	2022/1/24	2023/1/23
Microflex Cable	ROSNOL	K1K50-UP0264-K1K50-80CM	160309-2	2022/1/24	2023/1/23
Software	Audix	e3	18621a bacl	N.C.R	N.C.R
Conducted Room					
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	101140	2022/2/18	2023/2/17
Cable	UTIFLEX	UFA210A	9435	2022/10/3	2023/10/2
Attenuator	MINI-CIRCUITS	BW-S10W5+	1419	2022/2/11	2023/2/10

***Statement of Traceability:** BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to the SI System of Units via the R.O.C. Center for Measurement Standards of the Electronics Testing Center, Taiwan (ETC) or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the current Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF) requirements

5 FCC §1.1307(b)(3)(i) – RF EXPOSURE

5.1 Applicable Standard

According to subpart 15.247(i) and subpart §1.1307(b)(3)(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission’s guidelines.

For single RF sources (*i.e.*, any single fixed RF source, mobile device, or portable device, as defined in paragraph (b)(2) of this section): A single RF source is exempt if:

(A) The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1 mW, regardless of separation distance. This exemption may not be used in conjunction with other exemption criteria other than those in paragraph (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this section. Medical implant devices may only use this exemption and that in paragraph (b)(3)(ii)(A);

(B) Or the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold P_{th} (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). P_{th} is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

(C) Or using Table 1 and the minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. For the exemption in Table 1 to apply, R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. If the ERP of a single RF source is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used in lieu of ERP if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of $\lambda/4$ or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole (1.64 linear value).

Table 1 to § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) - Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$.
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$.
30-300	$3.83 R^2$.
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2 f$.
1,500-100,000	$19.2 R^2$.

5.2 RF Exposure Evaluation Result

Calculate the EIRP from the radiated field strength in the far field using Equation

$$\text{EIRP} = E_{\text{Meas}} + 20 \log(d_{\text{Meas}}) - 104.7$$

$$\text{EIRP} = 85.10 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m} - 95.2 = -10.10 \text{ dBm}$$

$$\text{EIRP Tune-up power} = -10.00 \text{ dBm}$$

Project info

Band	Freq (MHz)	EIRP Turn-up (dBm)	Distances (mm)	EIRP Turn-up (mW)	ERP (dBm)	ERP (mW)
SRD 2.4G	2403	-10.00	200	0.10	-12.15	0.06

Option A

The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1 mW

Band	Freq (MHz)	Result Option A
SRD 2.4G	2403	exempt

Result: The device meets the exemption requirement.

6 RSS-102 § 2.5.2 – EXEMPTION LIMITS FROM ROUTINE EVALUATION - RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

6.1 Applicable Standard

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $4.49/f^{0.5}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

6.2 RF Exposure Evaluation Result

EIRP = 85.10 dBμV/m -95.2 = -10.10 dBm

Tune-up power = -10.00 dBm = 0.10 mW

Exemption from Routine Evaluation Limit is:

$$1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 1.31 \times 10^{-2} \times 2403^{0.6834} = 2.67\text{W} > 0.10\text{mW}$$

Result: The device meets the exemption requirement.

7 FCC §15.203 & RSS-GEN CLAUSE 6.8 – Antenna Requirements

7.1 Applicable Standard

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used.

According to RSS-Gen §6.8, The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer. The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested. For licence-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter [enter the device's ISED certification number] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

7.2 Antenna Information

Model	Type	Antenna Gain	Input impedance
RF24G	PCB Antenna	1.225 dBi	50Ω

Result: Compliance.

8 FCC §15.207(a) & RSS-GEN CLAUSE 8.8 – AC Line Conducted Emissions

8.1 Applicable Standard

According to §15.207 for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

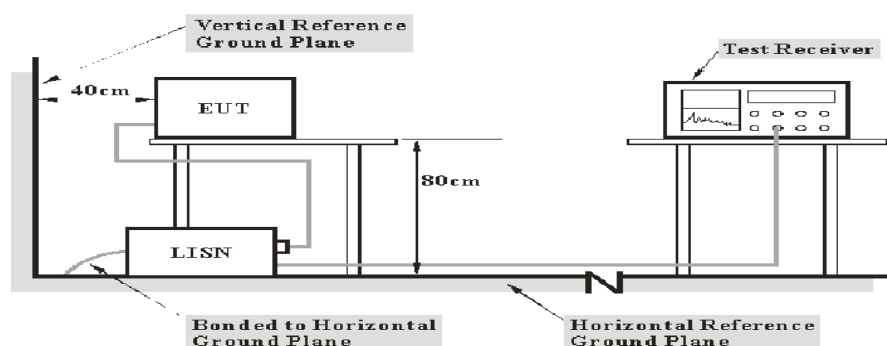
Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table 4, as measured using a 50 μ H / 50 Ω line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT.

For an EUT that connects to the AC power lines indirectly, through another device, the requirement for compliance with the limits in table 4 shall apply at the terminals of the AC power-line mains cable of a representative support device, while it provides power to the EUT. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges. The device used to power the EUT shall be representative of typical applications.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 ^{Note 1}	56 to 46 ^{Note 1}
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Note 1: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

8.2 EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.
2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 and RSS-GEN limits.

8.3 EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150kHz to 30MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150kHz – 30MHz	9kHz

8.4 Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the outlet of the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

8.5 Factor & Over Limit

The factor is calculated by adding LISN/ISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor), Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Factor} = \text{LISN VDF} + \text{Cable Loss} + \text{Transient Limiter Attenuation}$$

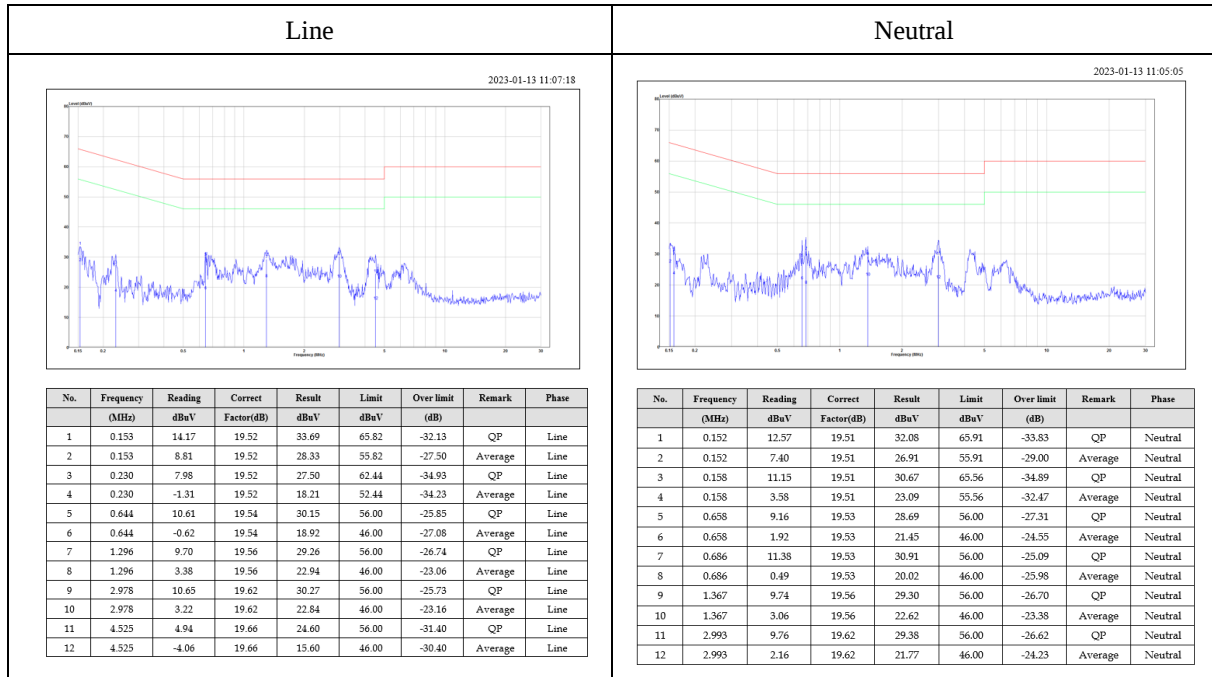
The “Over Limit” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit line. For example, an over limit of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit line. The equation for Over Limit calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Over Limit} = \text{Level} - \text{Limit Line}$$

8.6 Test Results

Test Mode: Transmitting

AC120 V, 60 Hz



Note:

Level = Read Level + Factor

Over Limit = Level - Limit Line

Factor = (LISN, ISN, PLC or current probe) Factor + Cable Loss + Attenuator

9 FCC §15.209, §15.205 , §15.249 & RSS-210 ANNEX B.10, RSS-GEN CLAUSE 8.10 - Radiated Emissions

9.1 Applicable Standard

As per FCC§15.249 (a), except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated within these frequency bands shall comply with the following:

Fundamental frequency	Field strength of fundamental (millivolts/meter)	Field strength of harmonics (microvolts/meter)
920-928 MHz	50	500
2400-2483.5 MHz	50	500
5725-5875 MHz	50	500
24.0-24.25 GHz	250	2500

As per FCC§15.249 (c), Field strength limits are specified at a distance of 3 meters.

(d) Emissions radiated outside of the specified frequency bands, except for harmonics, shall be attenuated by at least 50 dB below the level of the fundamental or to the general radiated emission limits in §15.209, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

According to RSS-210 Issue 10 Clause Annex B B.10 (a): The field strength of fundamental and harmonic emissions, measured at 3 m, shall not exceed 50 mV/m and 0.5 mV/m respectively.

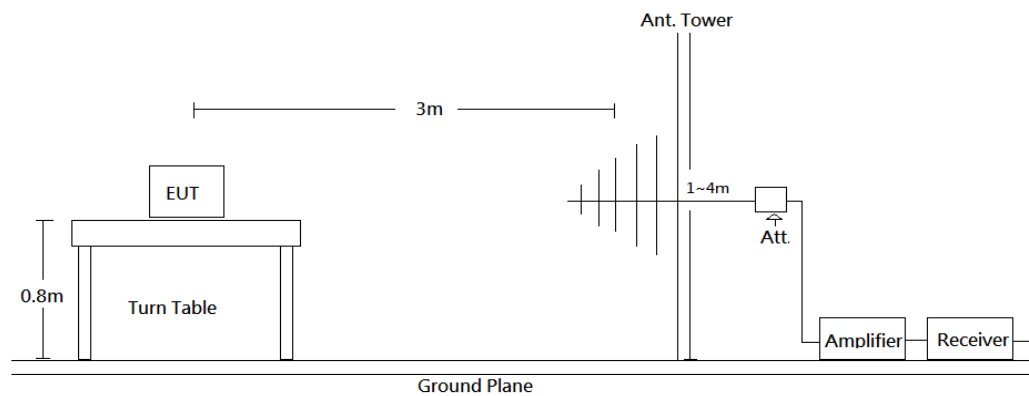
According to RSS-210 Issue 10 Clause Annex B B.10 (b): Emissions radiated outside of the specified frequency bands, except for harmonic emissions, shall be attenuated by at least 50 dB below the level of the fundamental emissions or to the general field strength limits listed in RSS-GEN Issue 5, whichever is less stringent.

Field strength limits at various frequencies		
Fundamental frequency	Field strength (mV/m)	
	Fundamental emissions	Harmonic emissions
920-928 MHz	50	0.5
2400-2483.5 MHz	50	0.5
5725-5875 MHz	50	0.5
24.0-24.25 GHz	250	2.5

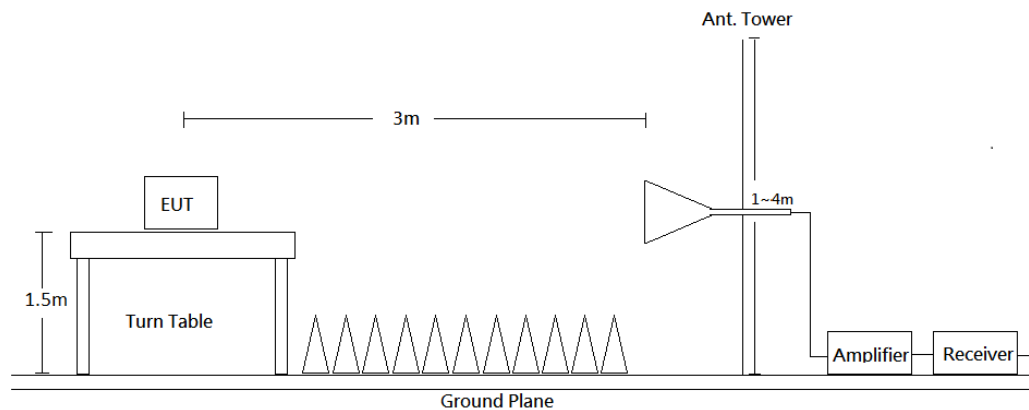
As per RSS-210 Issue 10 Clause Annex B B.10, Field strength limits are specified at a distance of 3 meters.

9.2 EUT Setup

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1 GHz:



Radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters chamber test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.205, FCC 15.209, FCC 15.249 and RSS-GEN, RSS-210 limits.

9.3 EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 26.5 GHz. During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	VBW	Measurement method
30-1000 MHz	120 kHz	300 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	PK
Above 1 GHz	1 MHz	10 Hz	AVG

9.4 Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

All data was recorded in the Quasi-peak detector mode from 30 MHz to 1 GHz and PK and average detector modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

9.5 Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Correct Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Correct Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Result} - \text{Limit}$$

9.6 Test Results Summary

According to the data in the following table, the EUT complied with the FCC 15.205, FCC 15.209, FCC 15.249 and RSS-210, RSS-Gen.

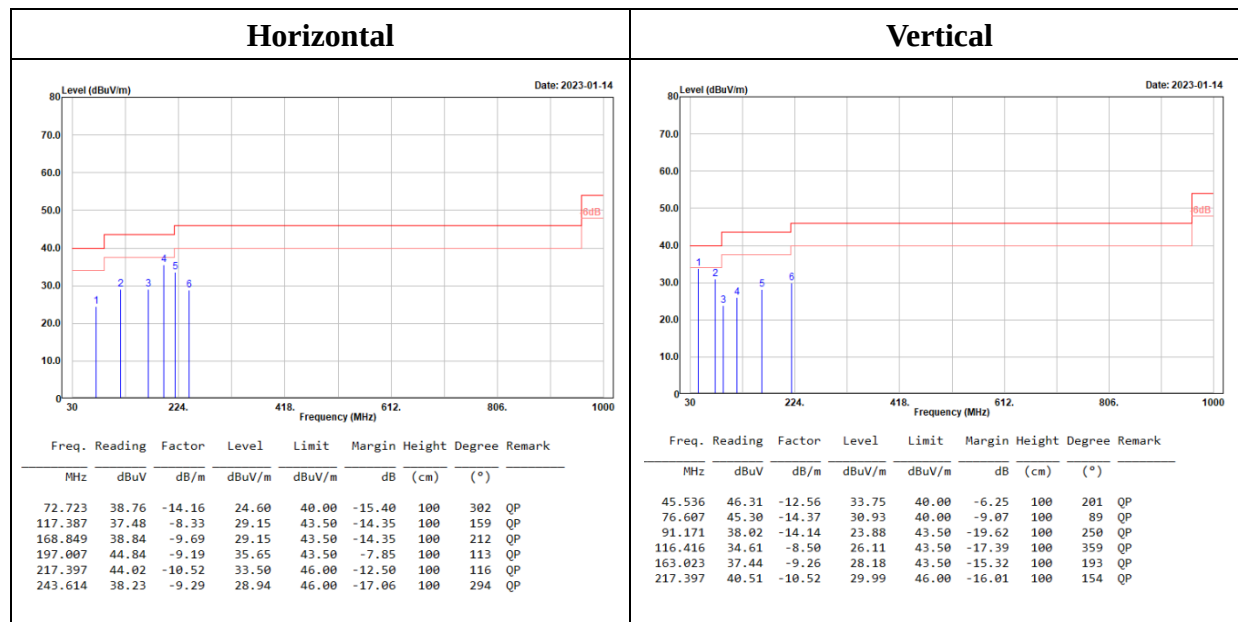
9.7 Test Results

Test Mode: Transmitting

(Pre-scan with three orthogonal axis, and worse case as Z axis.)

(worst case is Low channel)

30MHz-1GHz:



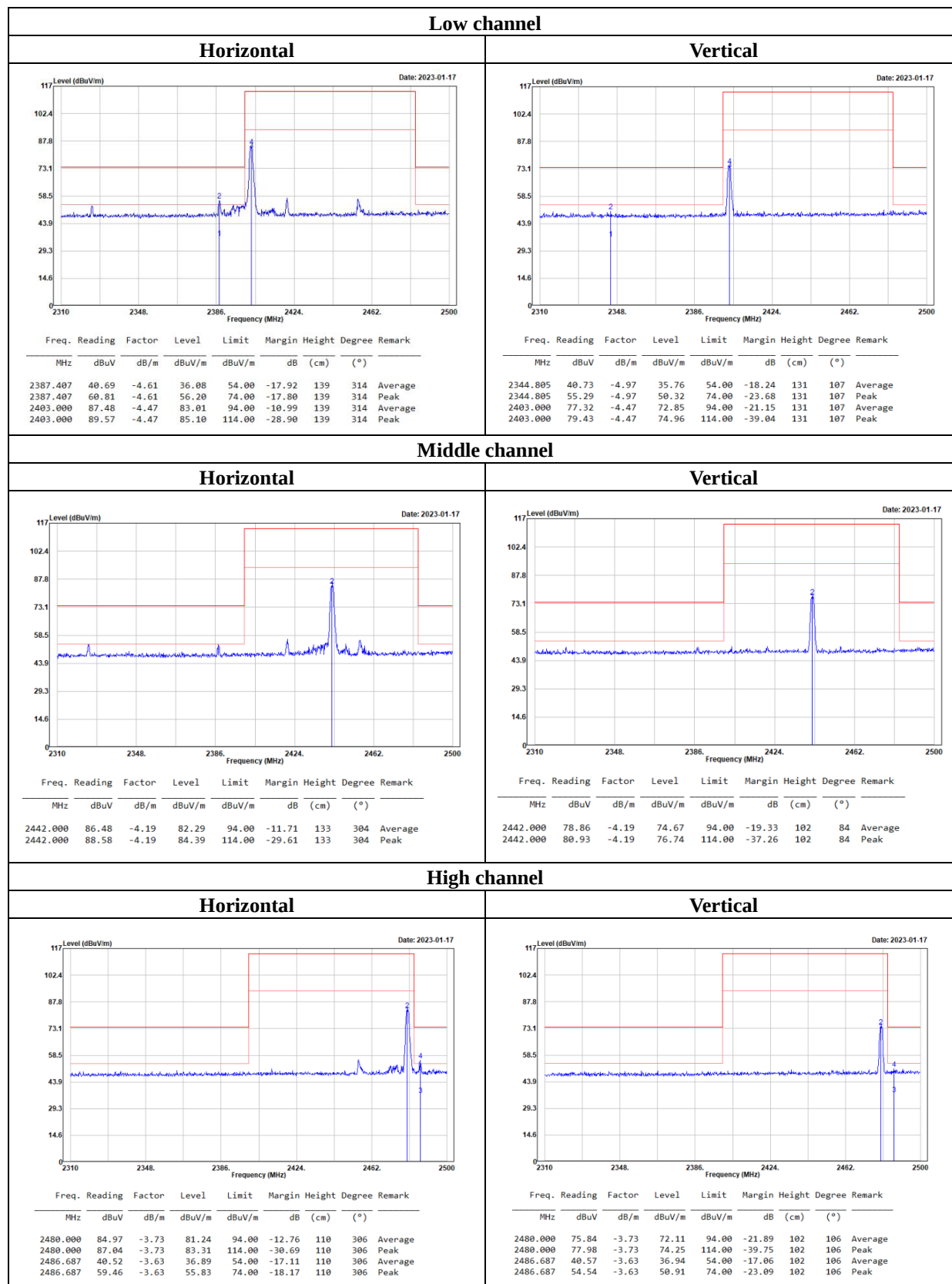
Level (Result) = Reading + Factor.

Margin = Level – Limit.

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Amplifier Gain.

Spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the limit were not reported.

Fundamental:



Level (Result) = Reading + Factor.

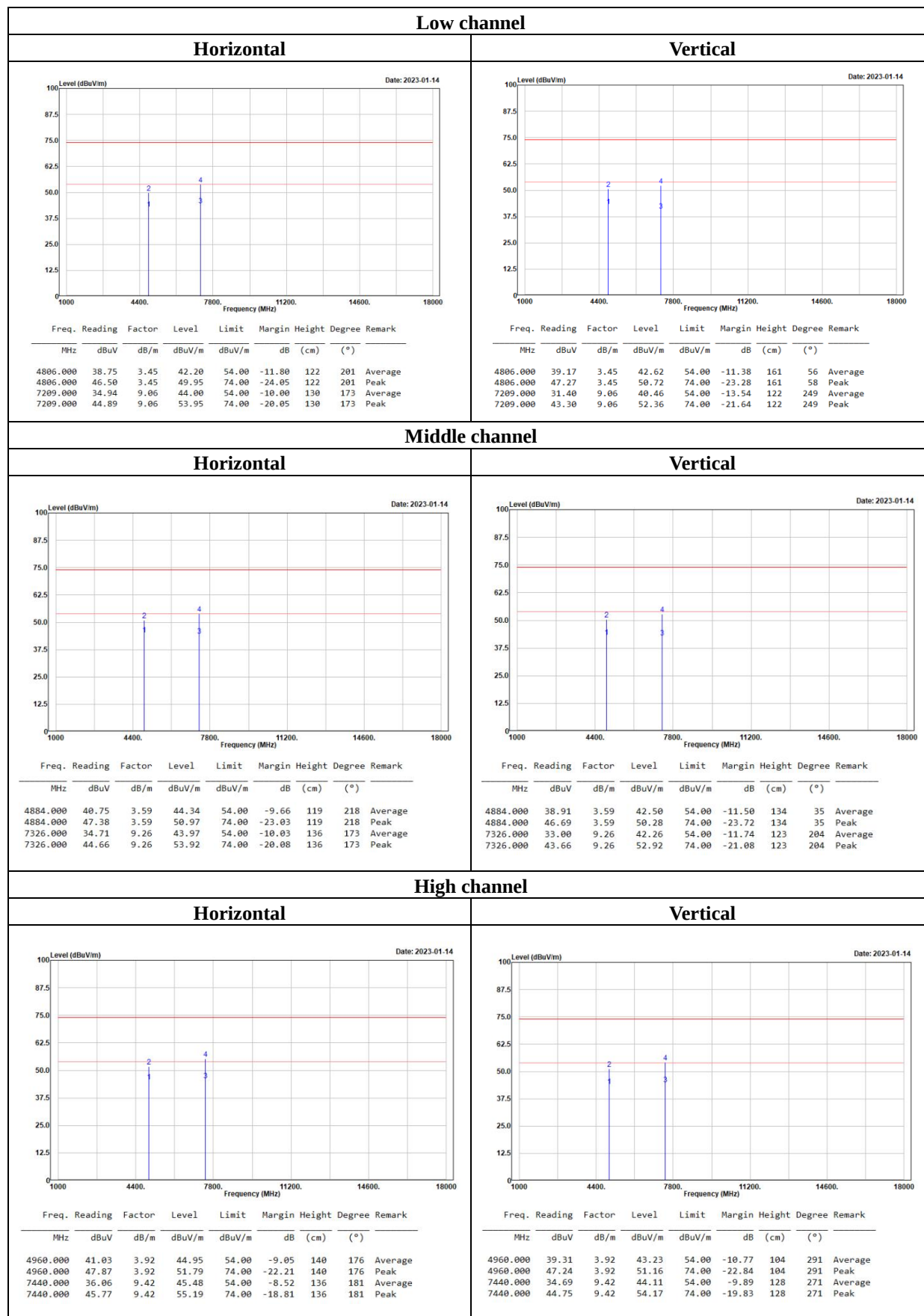
Margin = Level – Limit.

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Amplifier Gain.

Spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the limit were not reported.

Note: It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (New Taipei Laboratory)

1GHz-18GHz:



Level (Result) = Reading + Factor.

Margin = Level – Limit.

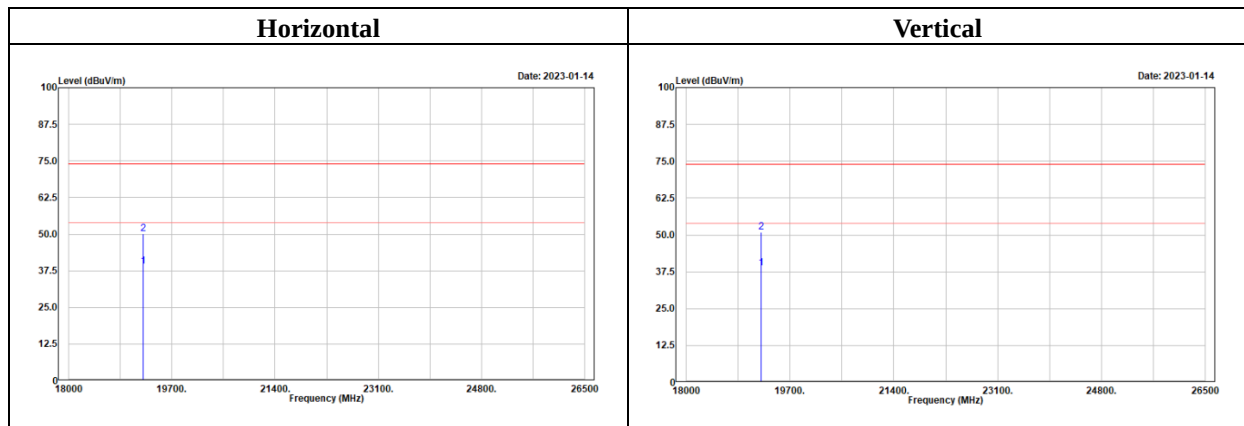
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Amplifier Gain.

Spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the limit were not reported.

Note: It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

(New Taipei Laboratory)

18GHz-26.5GHz:



Level (Result) = Reading + Factor.

Margin = Level – Limit.

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Amplifier Gain.

Spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the limit were not reported.

10 FCC §15.215(c) & RSS-GEN CLAUSE 6.7 – 20 dB Bandwidth Testing and 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

10.1 Applicable Standard

Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in § 15.217 through 15.257 and in Subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.

According to RSS-Gen Clause 6.7:

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “x dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum inband power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth: The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.

The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span. The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample” .

However, a peak, or peak hold,

may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

10.2 Test Procedure

20dB bandwidth test:

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

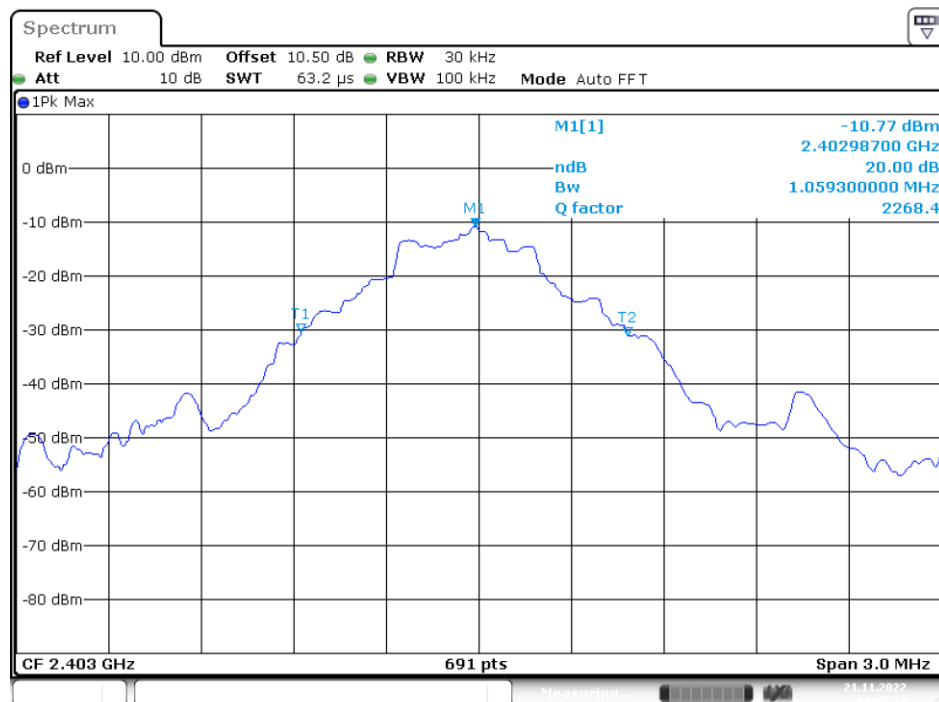
10.3 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2403	1.059	1.057
Mid	2442	1.041	1.047
High	2480	1.037	1.032

Please refer to the following plots

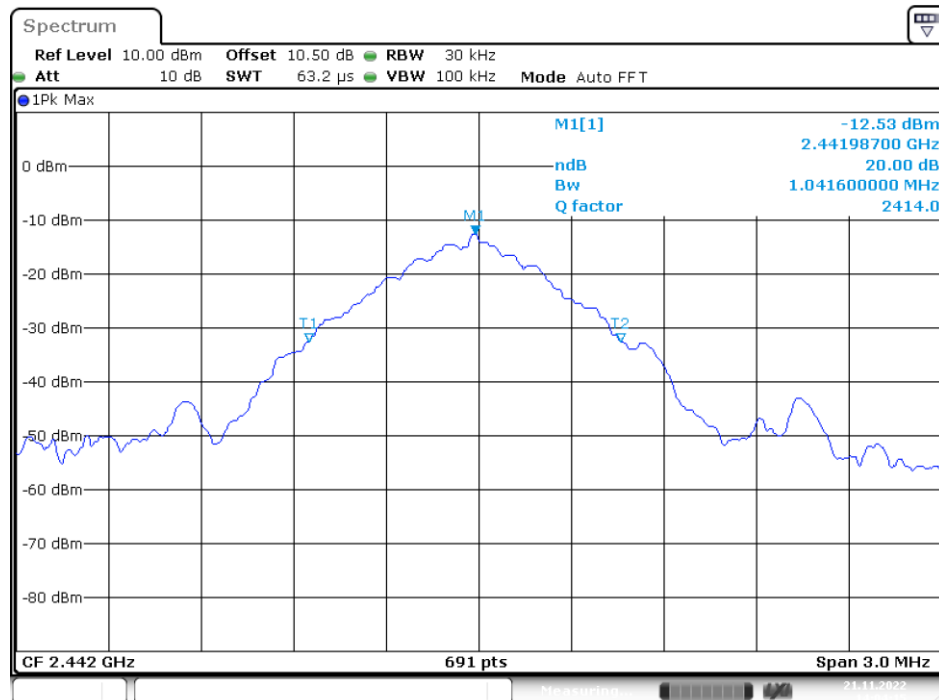
20 dB Emission Bandwidth

Low Channel



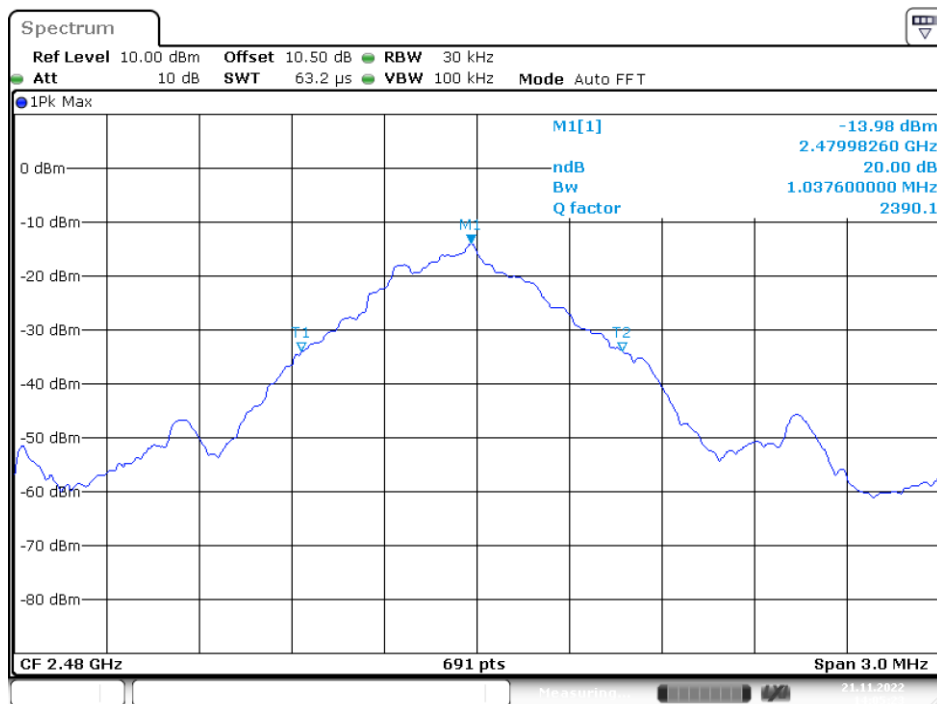
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Middle Channel



Date: 21.NOV.2022 14:04:15

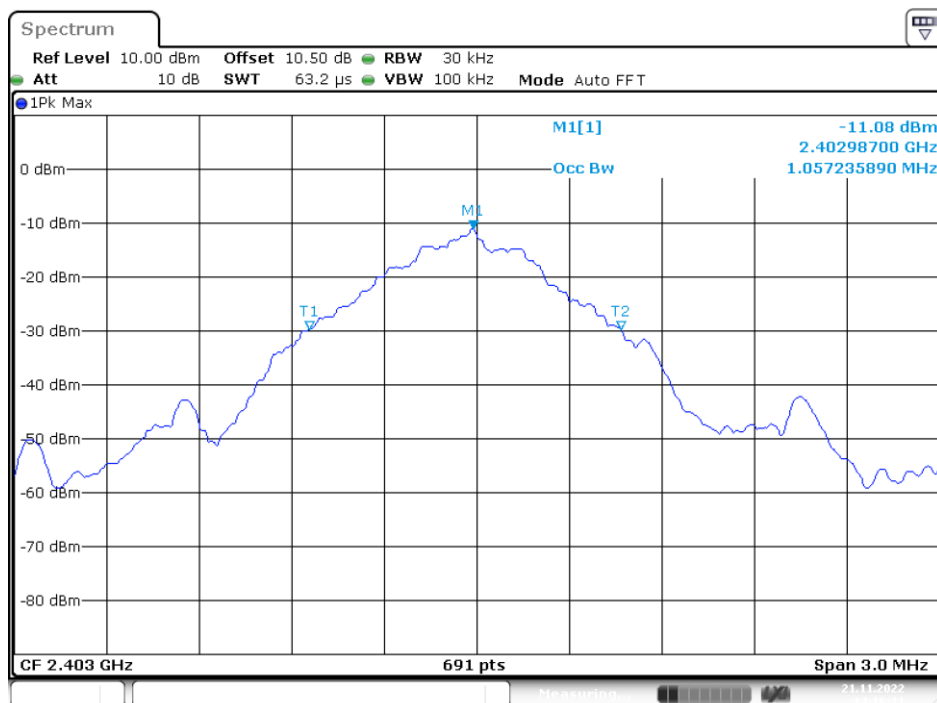
High Channel



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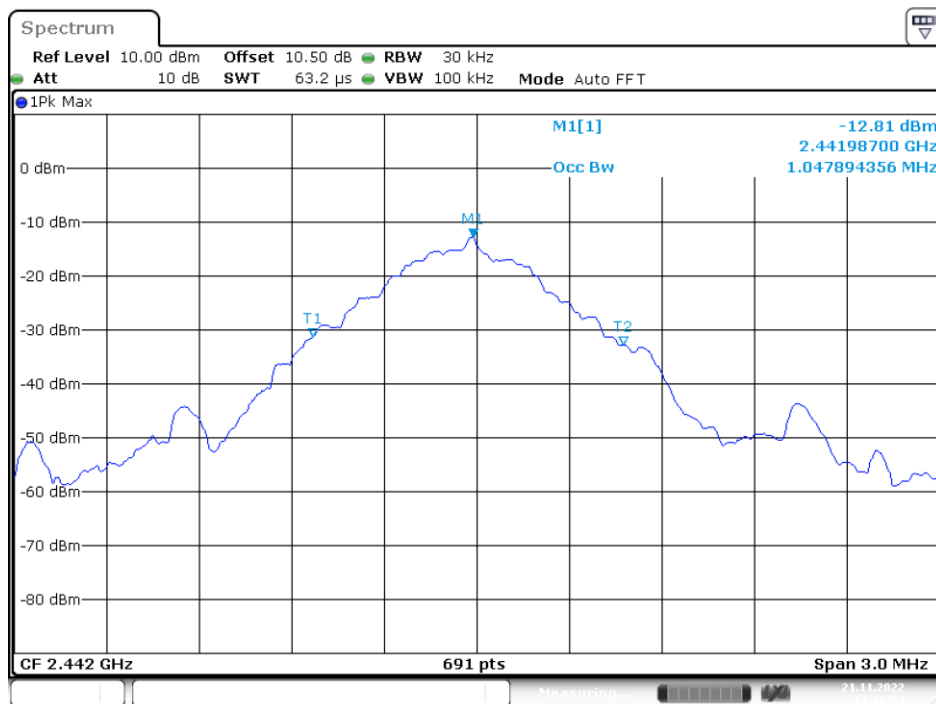
99% Occupied Bandwidth

Low Channel



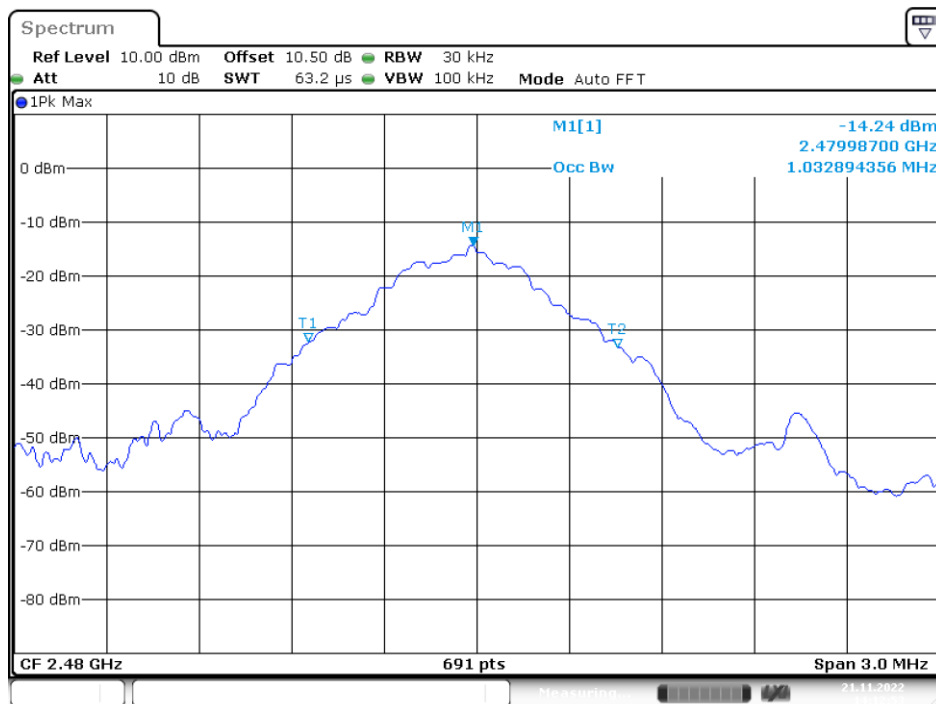
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Middle Channel



Date: 21.NOV.2022 14:10:54

High Channel



Date: 21.NOV.2022 14:12:53

***** END OF REPORT *****