

**P19 WCDMA IV\_RMC12.2K\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch1413\_Ant2**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750\_0908 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1733$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.395$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.523$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(9.05, 9.05, 9.05) @ 1732.6 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (71x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.830 W/kg

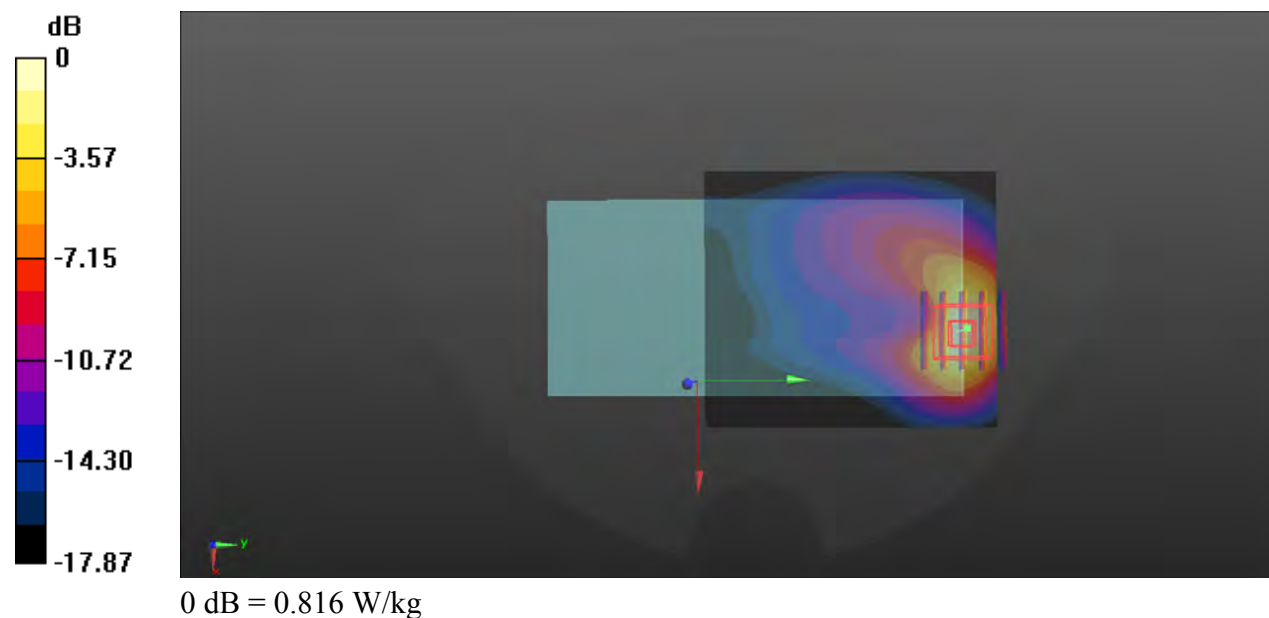
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.875 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.556 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.816 W/kg



**P20 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch4182\_Ant2**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835\_0907 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.899$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.072$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(10.88, 10.88, 10.88) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (71x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.570 W/kg

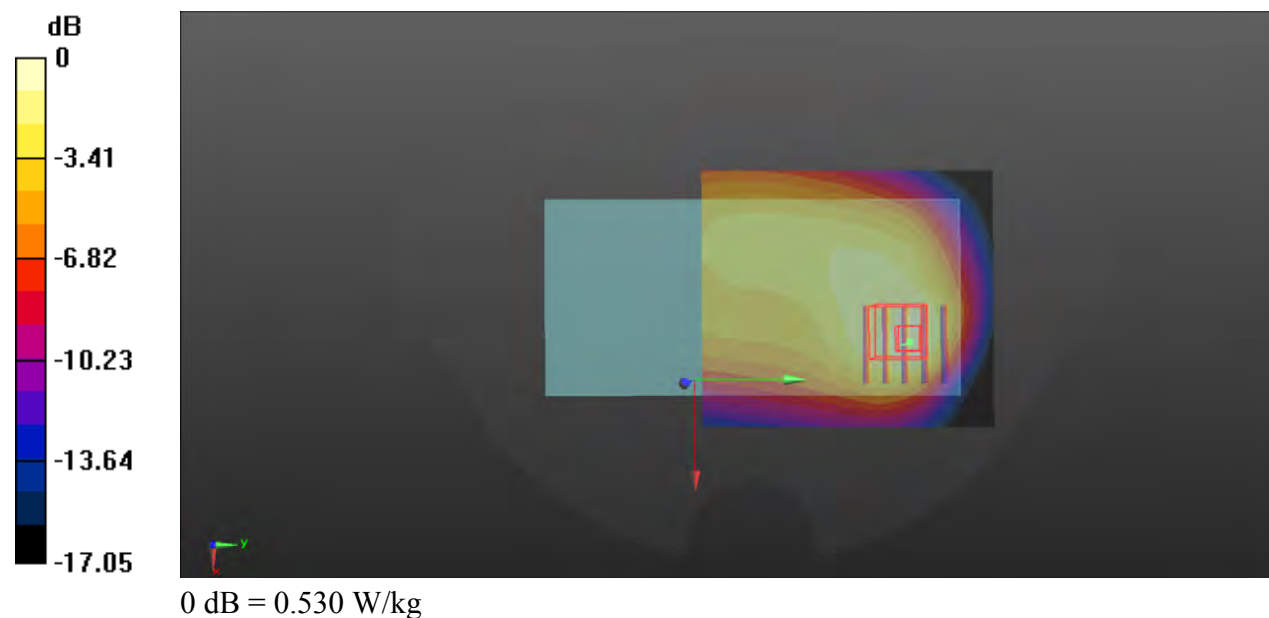
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.683 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.351 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.530 W/kg



**P21 LTE 2\_QPSK20M\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch18700\_50RB\_OS0\_Ant1**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900\_0909 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1860$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.356$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.299$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68) @ 1860 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.829 W/kg

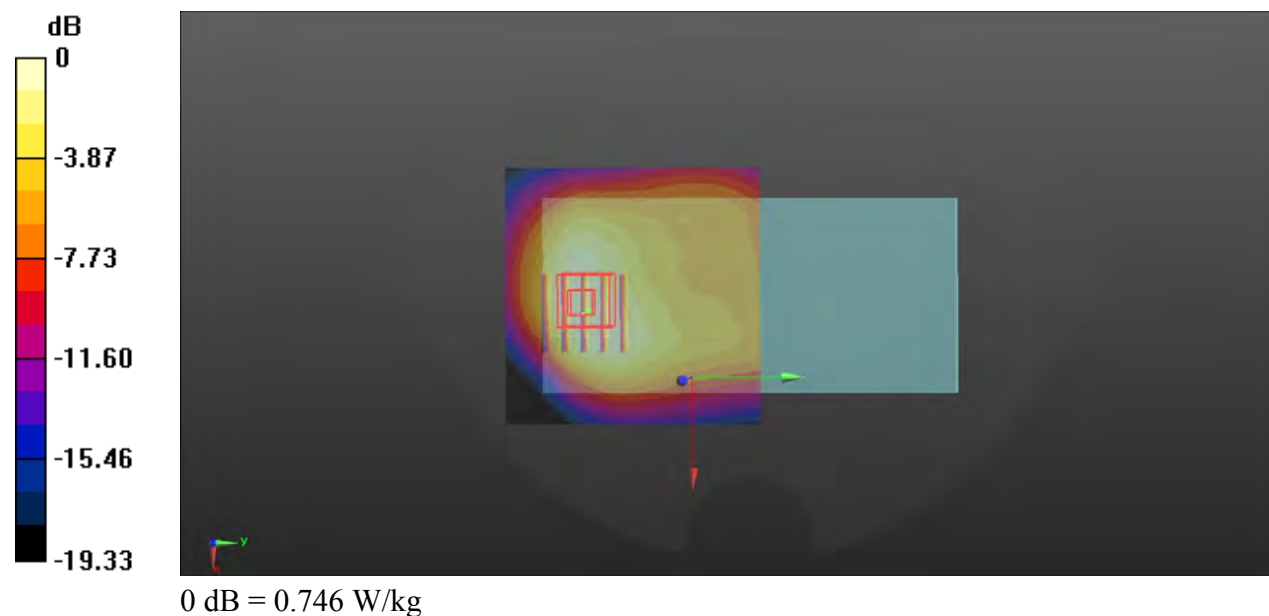
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.917 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.544 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.314 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.746 W/kg



**P22 LTE 5\_QPSK10M\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch20525\_1RB\_OS24\_Ant2**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835\_0907 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.899$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.071$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(10.88, 10.88, 10.88) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (81x71x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.502 W/kg

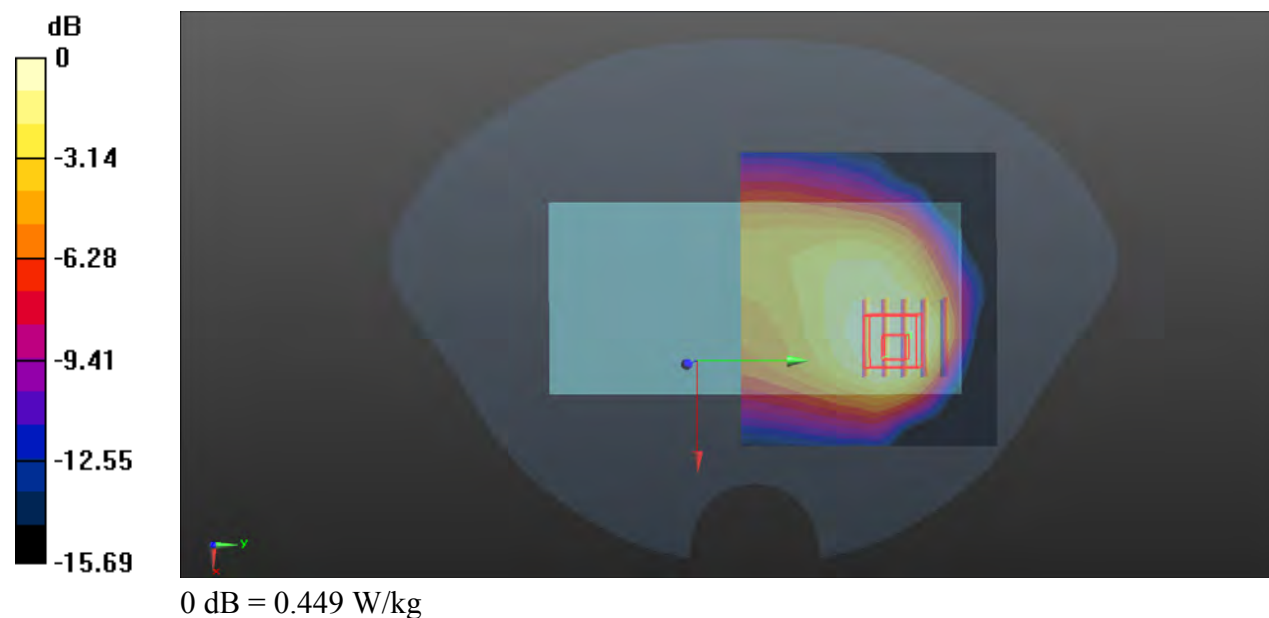
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.580 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.359 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.449 W/kg



**P23 LTE 7\_QPSK20M\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch21350\_50RB\_OS25\_Ant1**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600\_0911 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2560$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.87$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.425$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.2°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85) @ 2560 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

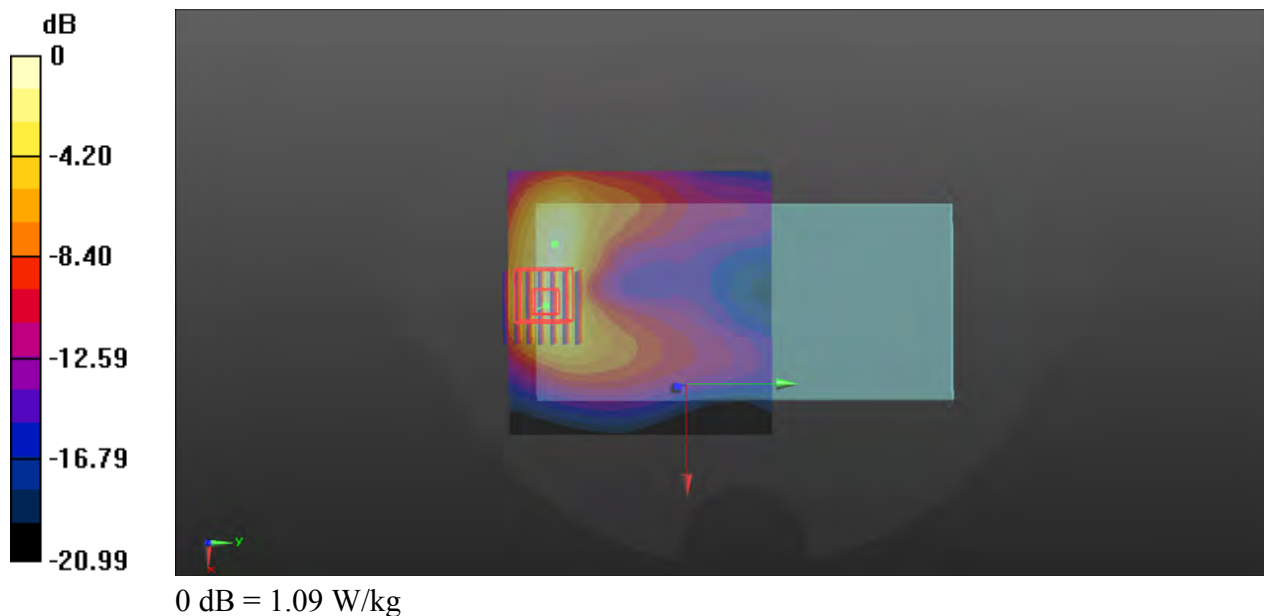
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.114 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.671 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 W/kg



**P24 LTE 41\_QPSK20M\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch39750\_50RB\_OS25\_Ant1**

Communication System: LTE TDD; Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: HSL2600\_0911 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2506$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.828$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.498$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.2°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85) @ 2506 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (101x71x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200$  mm,  $dy=1.200$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.553 W/kg

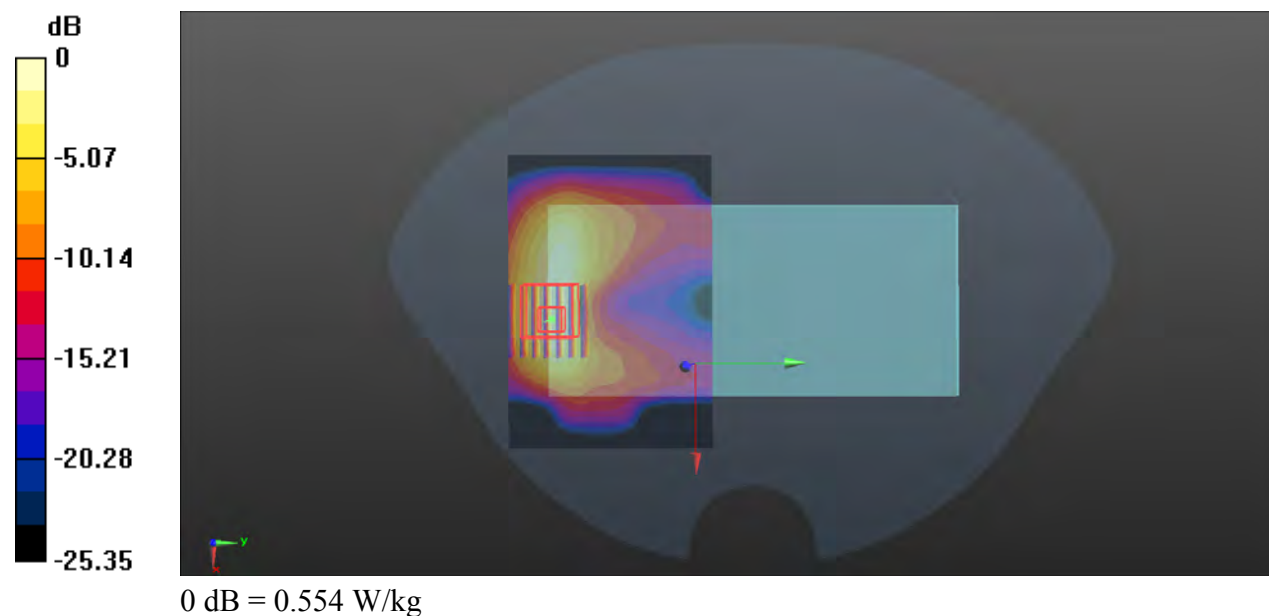
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 0.9050 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.721 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.370 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.554 W/kg



**P25 LTE 66\_QPSK20M\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch132322\_50RB\_OS25\_Ant2**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750\_0908 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1745$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.406$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.47$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(9.05, 9.05, 9.05) @ 1745 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.683 W/kg

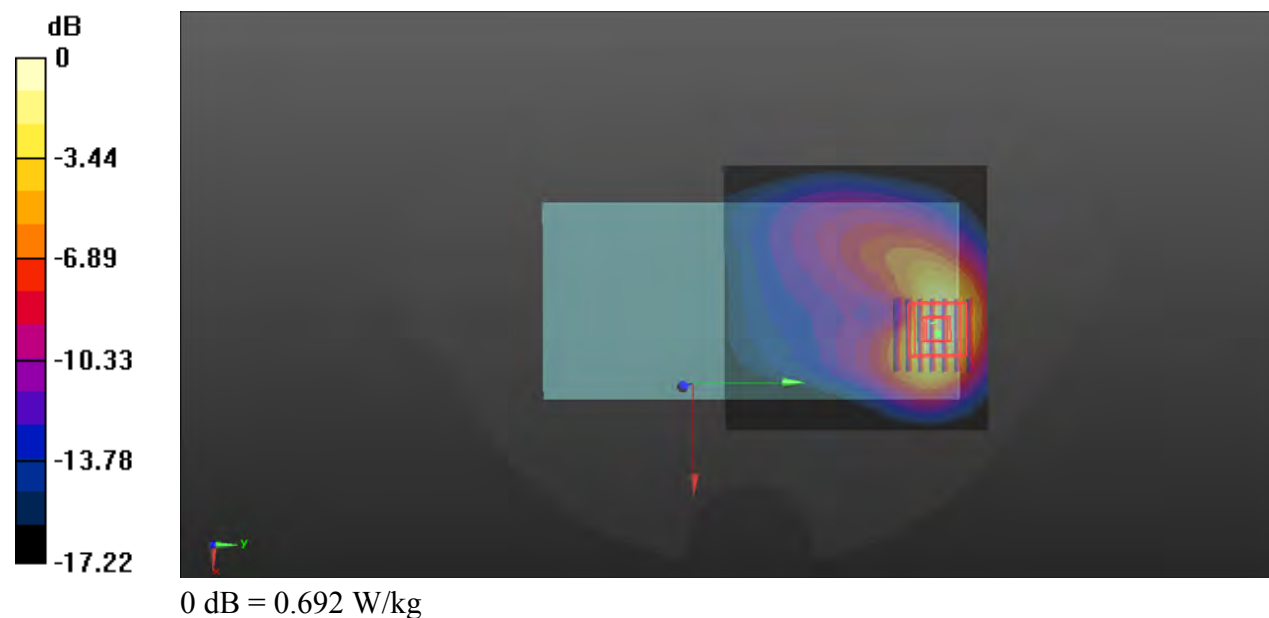
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.130 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.842 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.460 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.692 W/kg



**P26 WLAN2.4G\_802.11b\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch11\_Ant3**

Communication System: 802.11 b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.005

Medium: HSL2450\_0910 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.858$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.11, 8.11, 8.11) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.627 W/kg

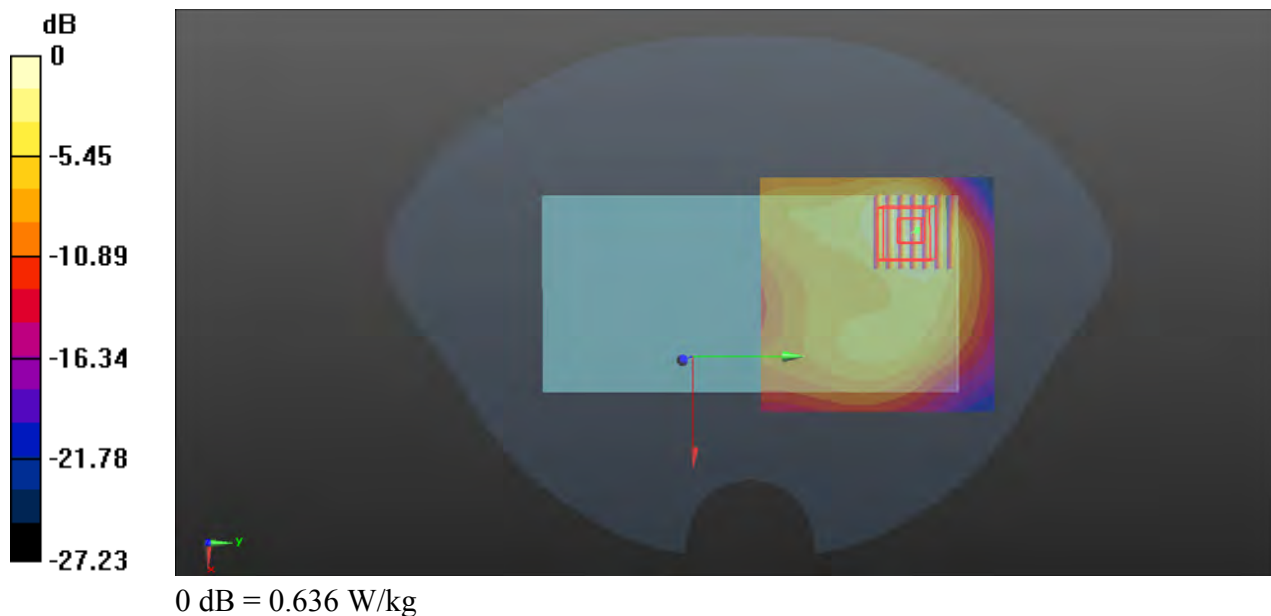
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.802 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.873 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.432 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.636 W/kg



**P27 WLAN5G\_802.11ac VHT80\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch58\_Ant3**

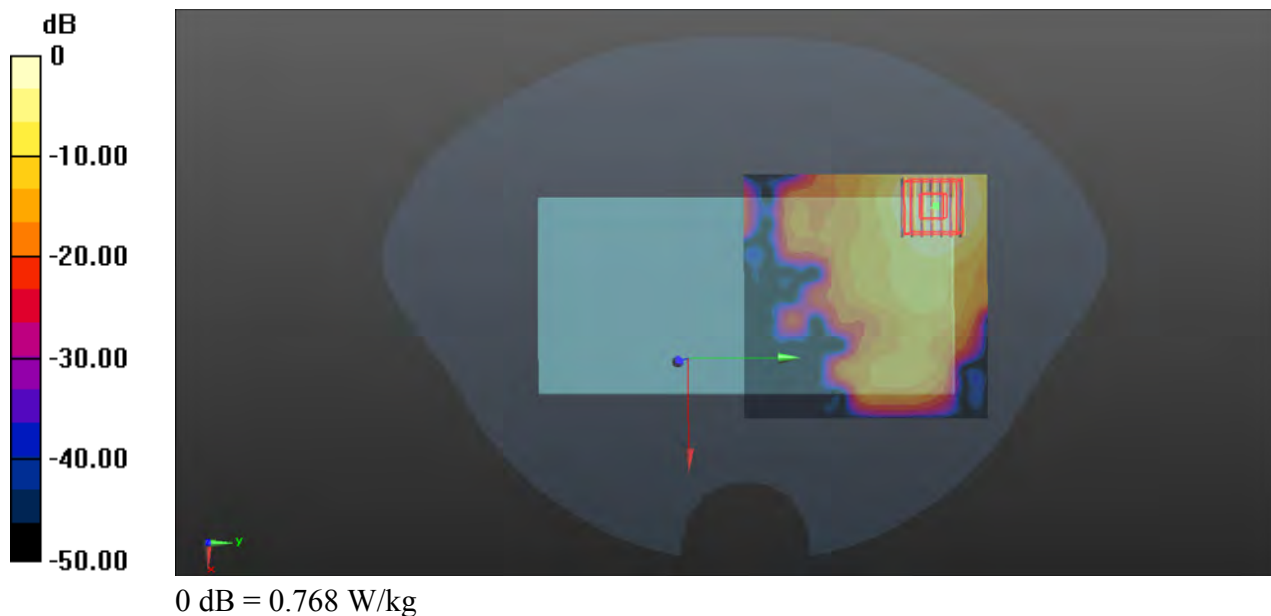
Communication System: 802.11ac\_VHT80; Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.156  
Medium: HSL5G\_0912 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5290$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.778$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.477$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7) @ 5290 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**- Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000$  mm,  $dy=1.000$  mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.775 W/kg

**- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm  
Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.398 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.768 W/kg



**P28 WLAN5G\_802.11a\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch116\_Ant3**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.036

Medium: HSL5G\_0912 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5580$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.126$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.957$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5580 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (101x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000$  mm,  $dy=1.000$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 W/kg

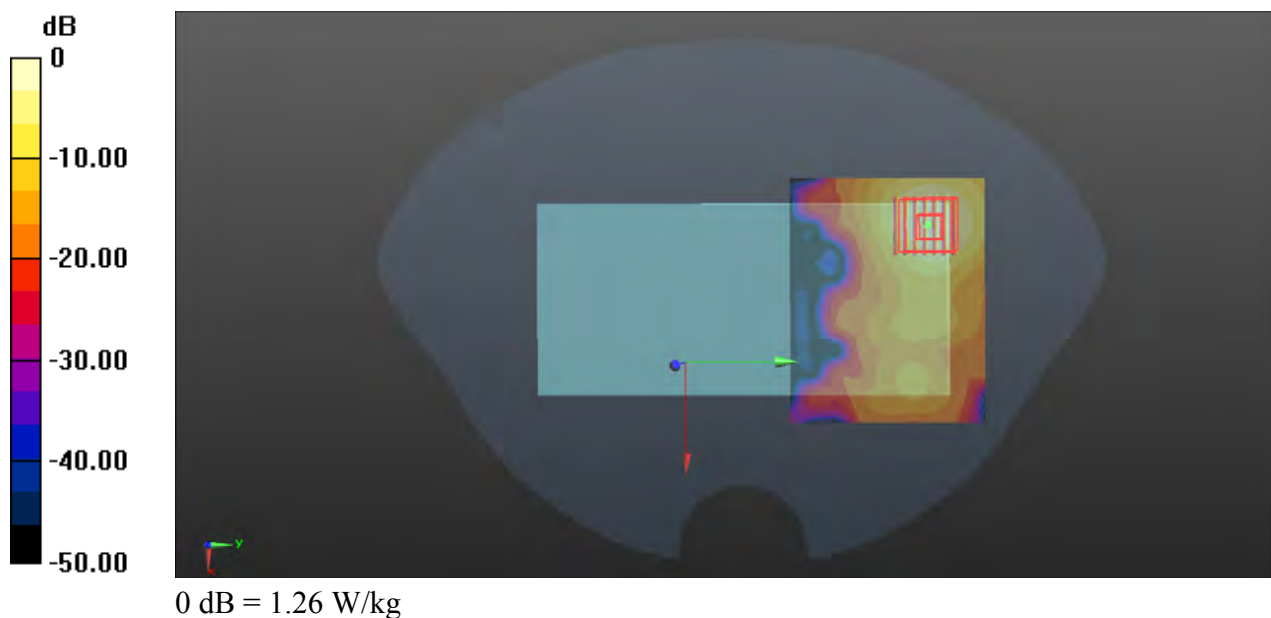
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 0.5360 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.44 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.536 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.209 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



**P29 WLAN5G\_802.11ac\_VHT80\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch155\_Ant3**

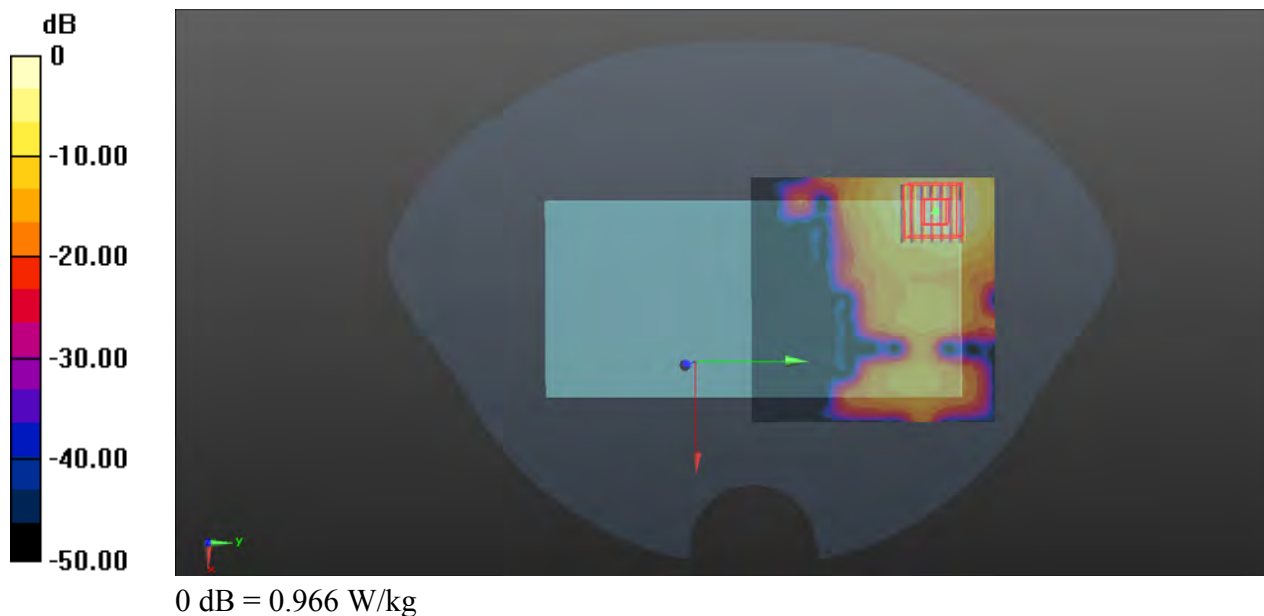
Communication System: 802.11ac\_VHT80; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.156  
Medium: HSL5G\_0912 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5775$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.357$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.611$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21) @ 5775 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**- Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.900 W/kg

**- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm  
Reference Value = 0.2600 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.93 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.454 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.966 W/kg



**P30 BT\_GFSK\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch39\_Ant3**

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.302

Medium: HSL2450\_0910 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2441$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.833$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.103$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.11, 8.11, 8.11) @ 2441 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200$  mm,  $dy=1.200$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00932 W/kg

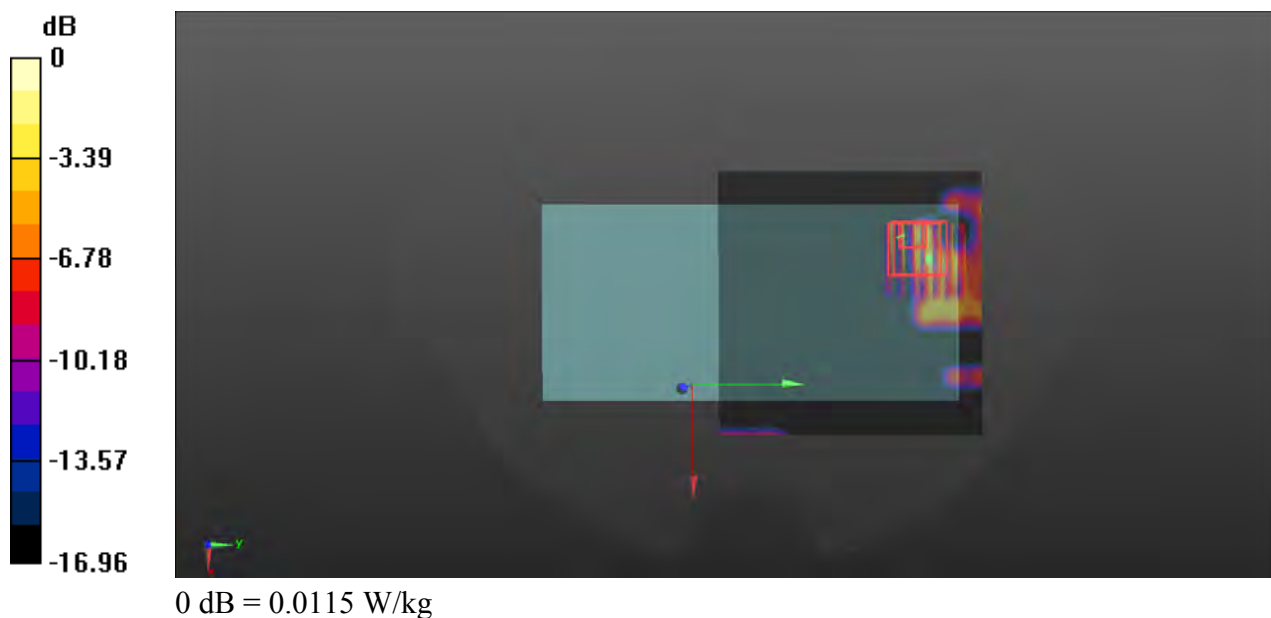
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0160 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.008 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0034 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0115 W/kg



**P31 GSM 850\_GPRS4Tx Slot\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch251\_Ant2**

Communication System: GPRS 4Tx-slot; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: HSL835\_0907 Medium parameters used:  $f = 849$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.911$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.926$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(10.88, 10.88, 10.88) @ 848.8 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.646 W/kg

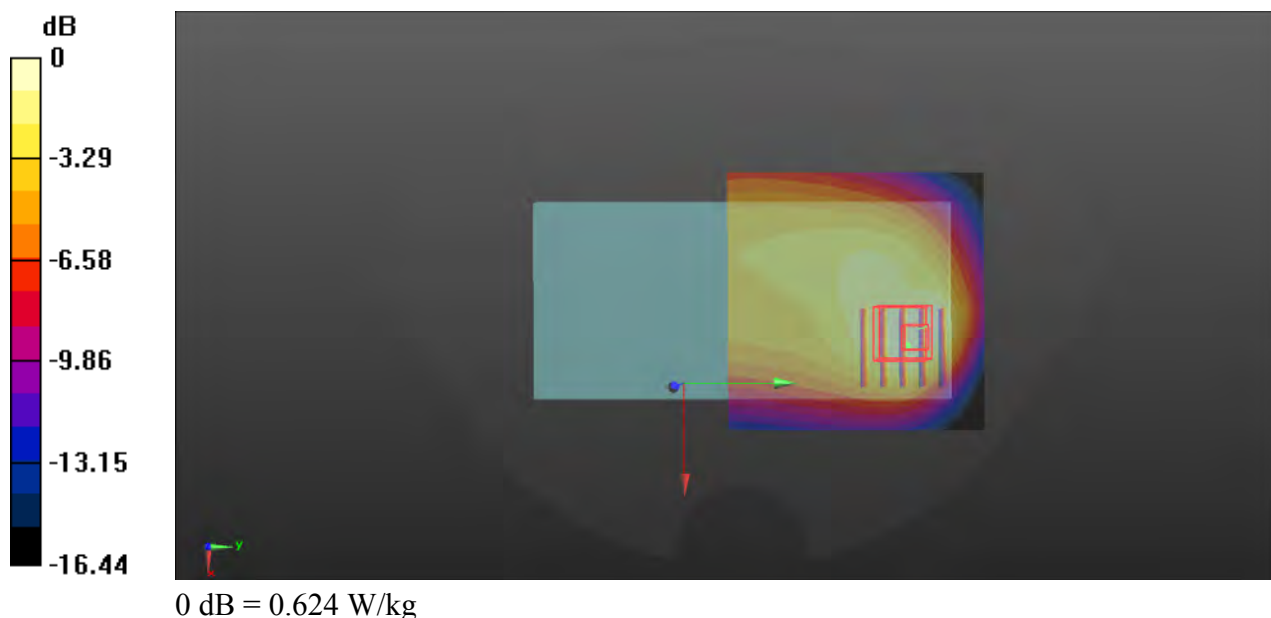
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 16.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.849 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.431 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.624 W/kg



**P32 GSM1900\_GPRS 4Tx Slot\_Top Side\_1cm\_Ch512\_Ant2**

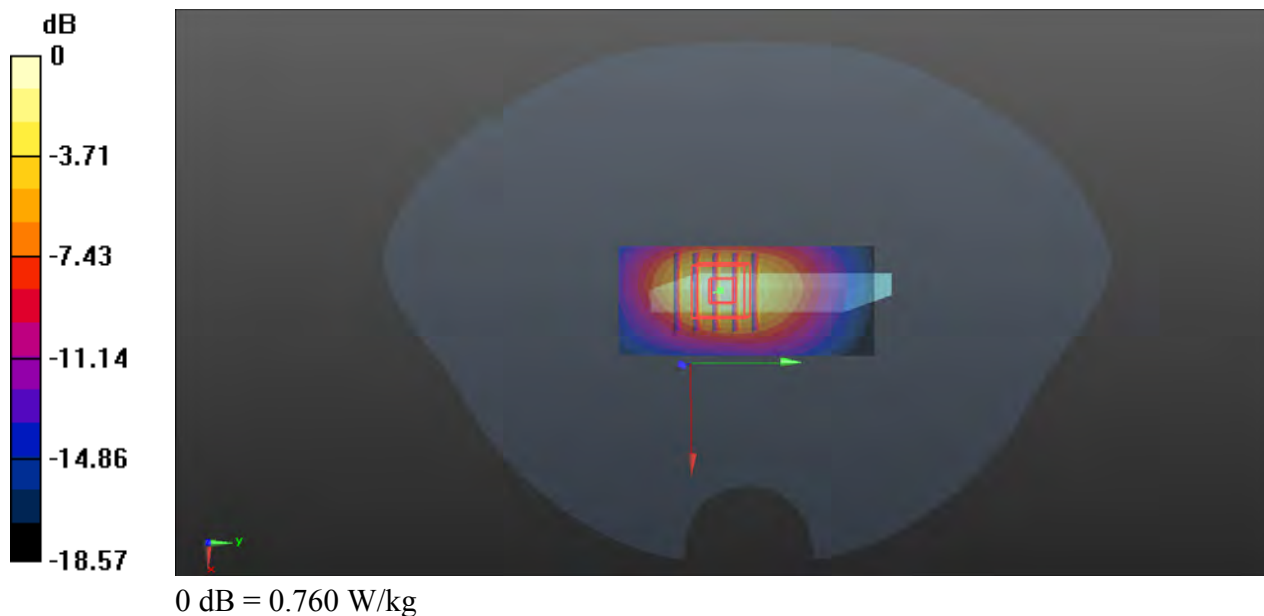
Communication System: GPRS 4Tx-slot; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08  
Medium: HSL1900\_0909 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.355$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.285$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68) @ 1850.2 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (31x71x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500$  mm,  $dy=1.500$  mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.724 W/kg

- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm  
Reference Value = 20.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.604 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.295 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.760 W/kg



**P33 WCDMA II\_RMC12.2K\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch9262\_Ant1**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900\_0909 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1852.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.355$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.289$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68) @ 1852.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (31x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.691 W/kg

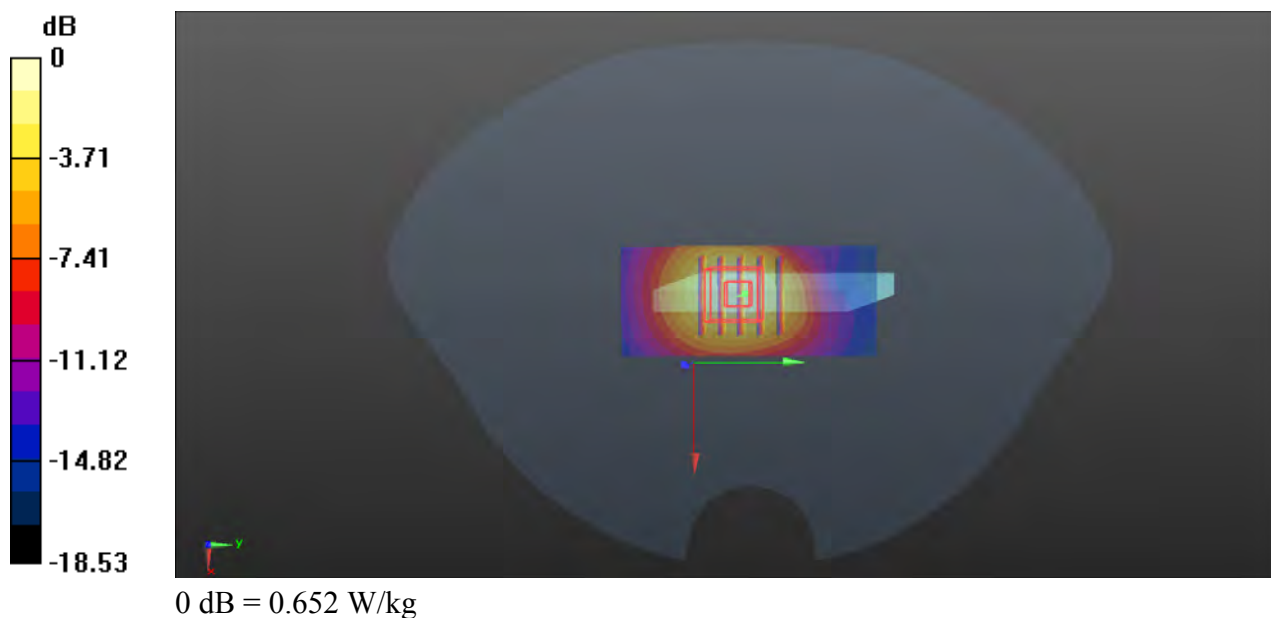
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.911 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.546 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.295 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.652 W/kg



**P34 WCDMA IV\_RMC12.2K\_Top Side\_1.9cm\_Ch1413\_Ant2**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750\_0908 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1733$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.395$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.523$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(9.05, 9.05, 9.05) @ 1732.6 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (31x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.988 W/kg

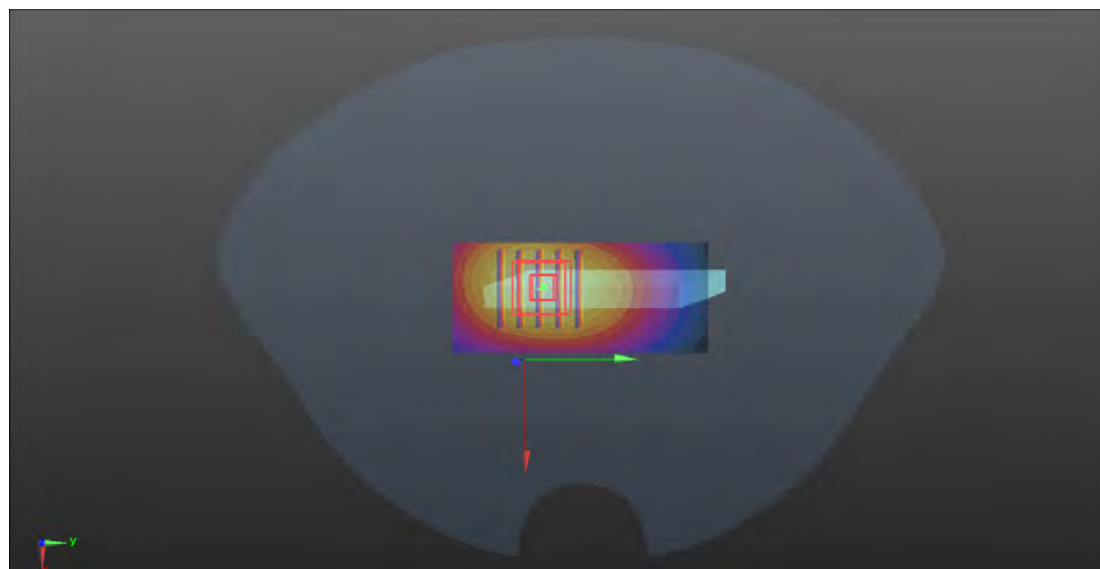
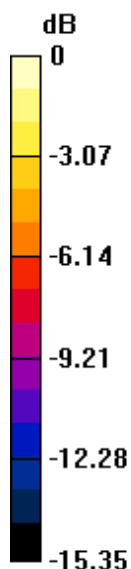
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.748 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.432 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.986 W/kg



0 dB = 0.986 W/kg

**P35 WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch4182\_Ant2**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835\_0907 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.899$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.072$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(10.88, 10.88, 10.88) @ 836.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (71x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.570 W/kg

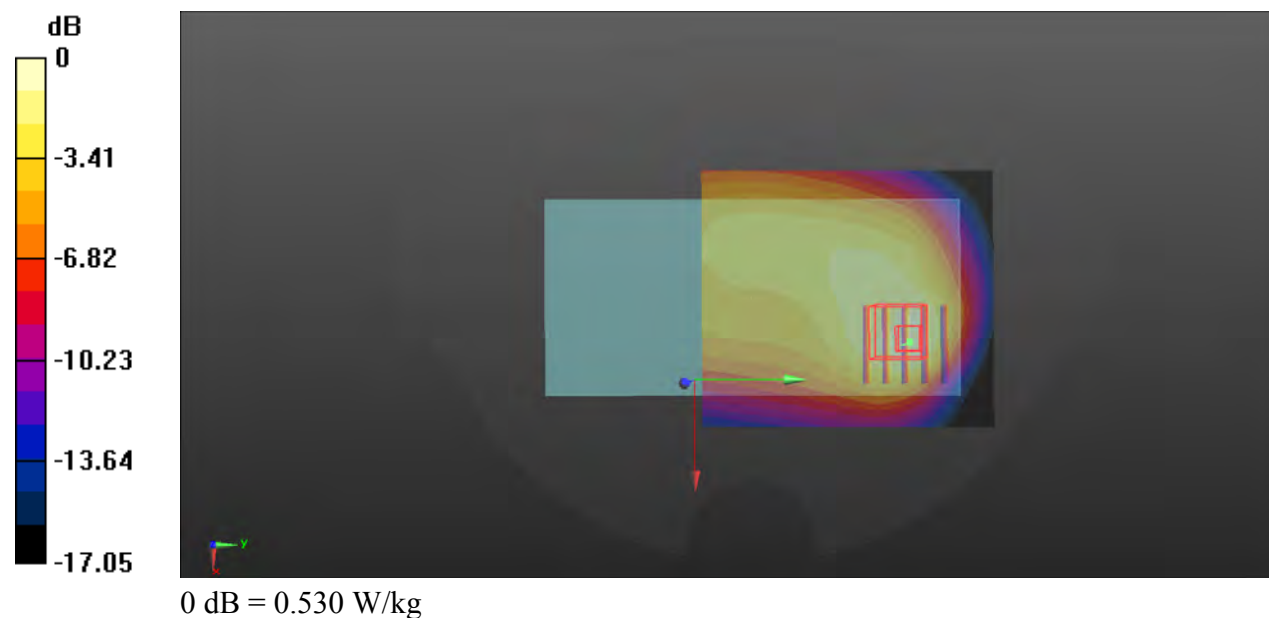
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.683 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.351 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.530 W/kg



**P36 LTE 2\_QPSK20M\_Top Side\_1cm\_Ch19100\_50RB\_OS0\_Ant2**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900\_0909 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.373$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.283$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (31x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.696 W/kg

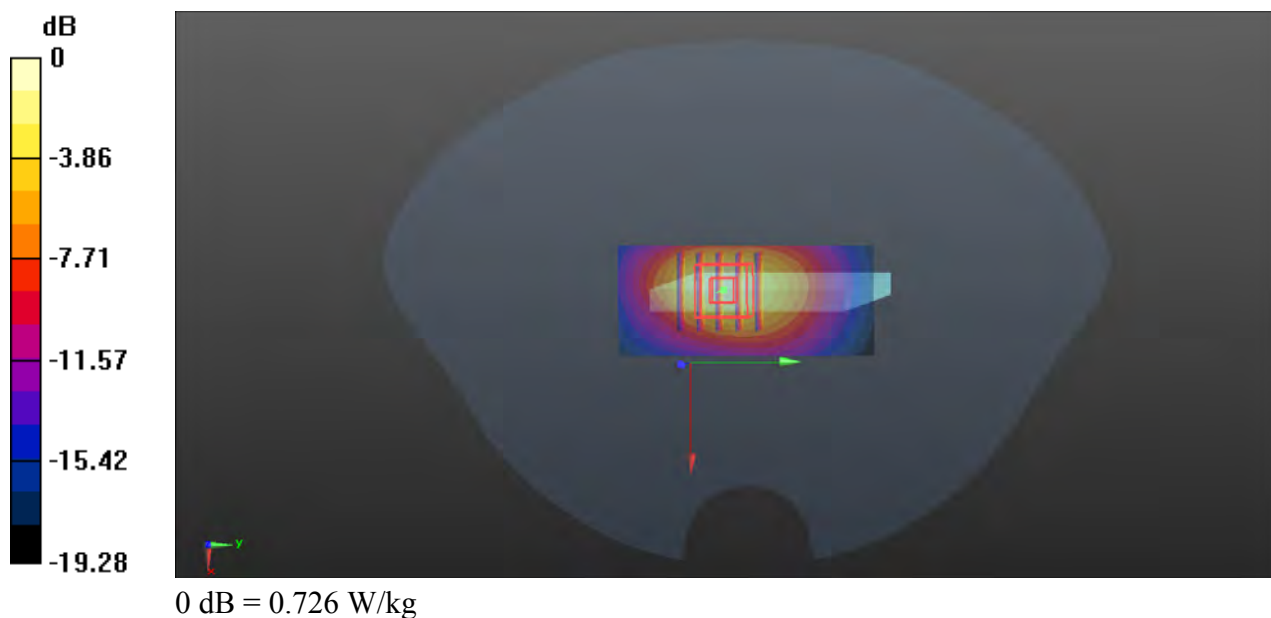
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.901 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.522 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.726 W/kg



**P37 LTE 5\_QPSK10M\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch20525\_1RB\_OS24\_Ant2**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835\_0907 Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.899$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.071$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(10.88, 10.88, 10.88) @ 836.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (81x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.502 W/kg

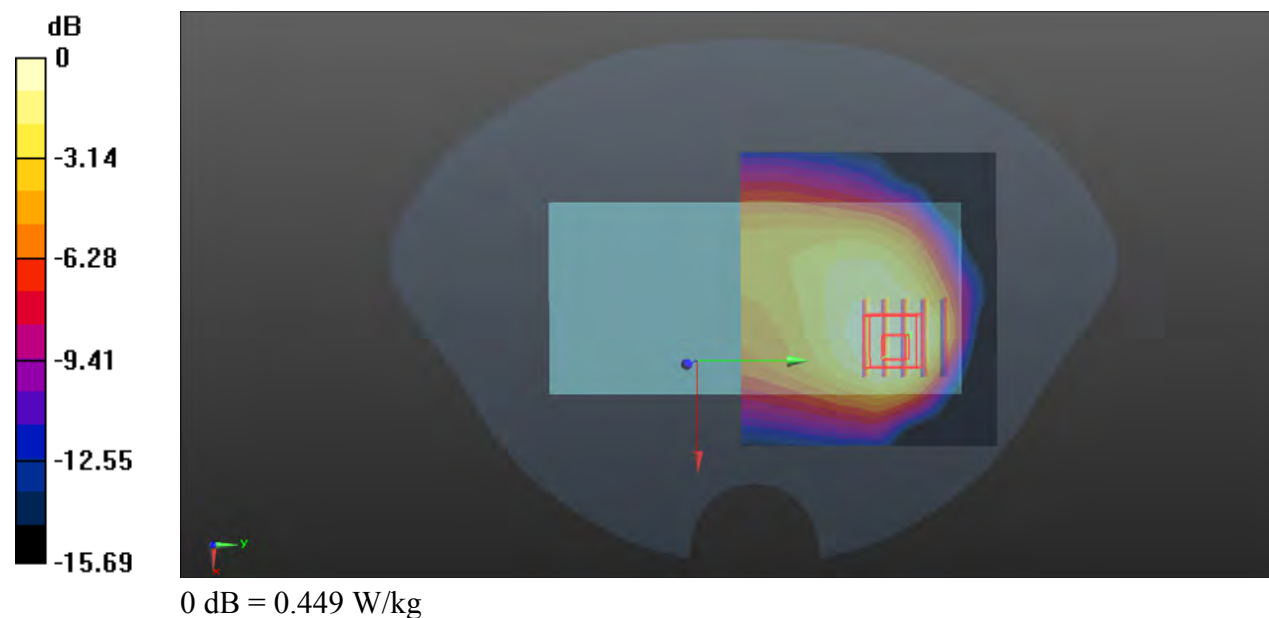
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.580 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.359 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.449 W/kg



**P38 LTE 7\_QPSK20M\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch21350\_50RB\_OS25\_Ant1**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600\_0911 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2560$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.87$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.425$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.2°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85) @ 2560 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (51x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

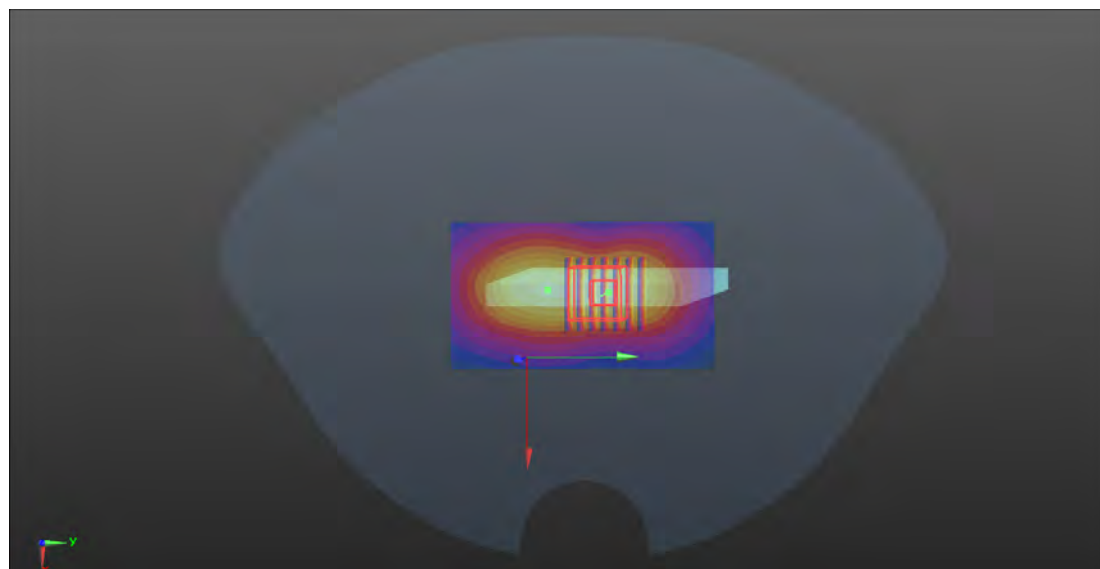
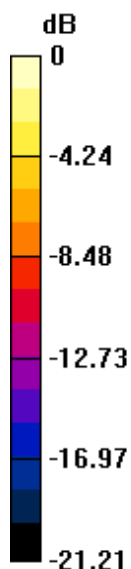
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.773 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.357 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



0 dB = 1.17 W/kg

**P39 LTE 41\_QPSK20M\_Bottom Side\_1cm\_Ch40185\_1RB\_OS50\_Ant1**

Communication System: LTE\_TDD; Frequency: 2549.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: HSL2600\_0911 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2549.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.861$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.444$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.2°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85) @ 2549.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (31x91x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200$  mm,  $dy=1.200$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 W/kg

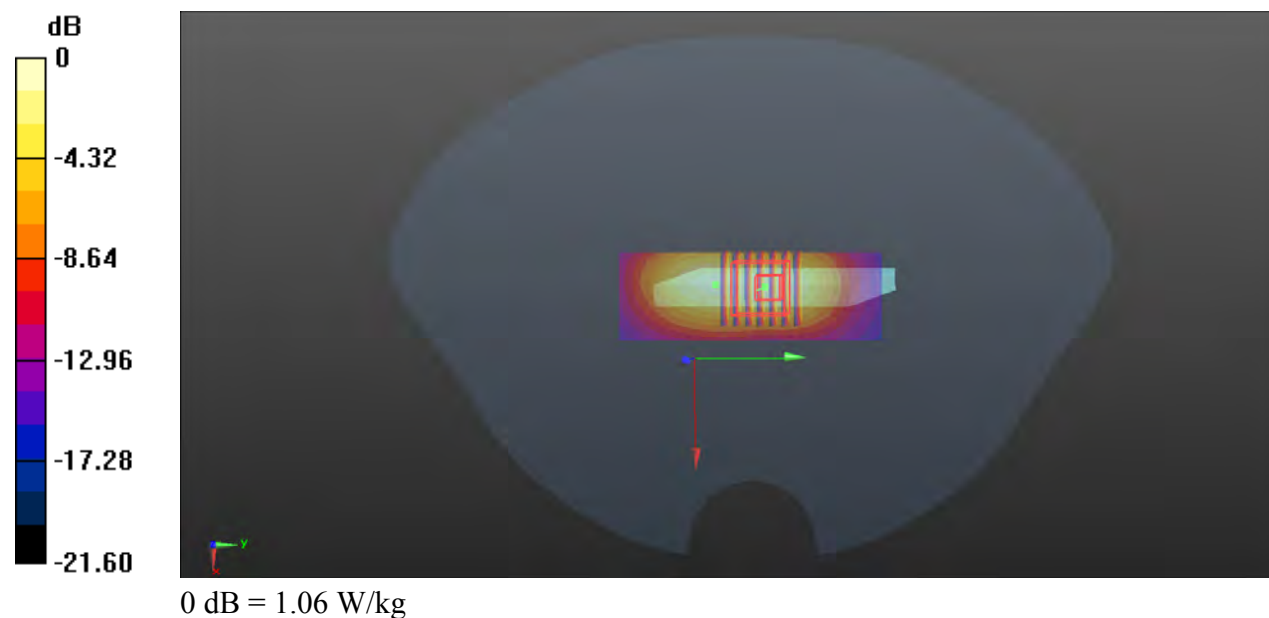
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 22.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.730 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.323 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



**P40 LTE 66\_QPSK20M\_Top Side\_1.9cm\_Ch132322\_1RB\_OS50\_Ant2**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750\_0908 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1745$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.406$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.47$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(9.05, 9.05, 9.05) @ 1745 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (31x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.753 W/kg

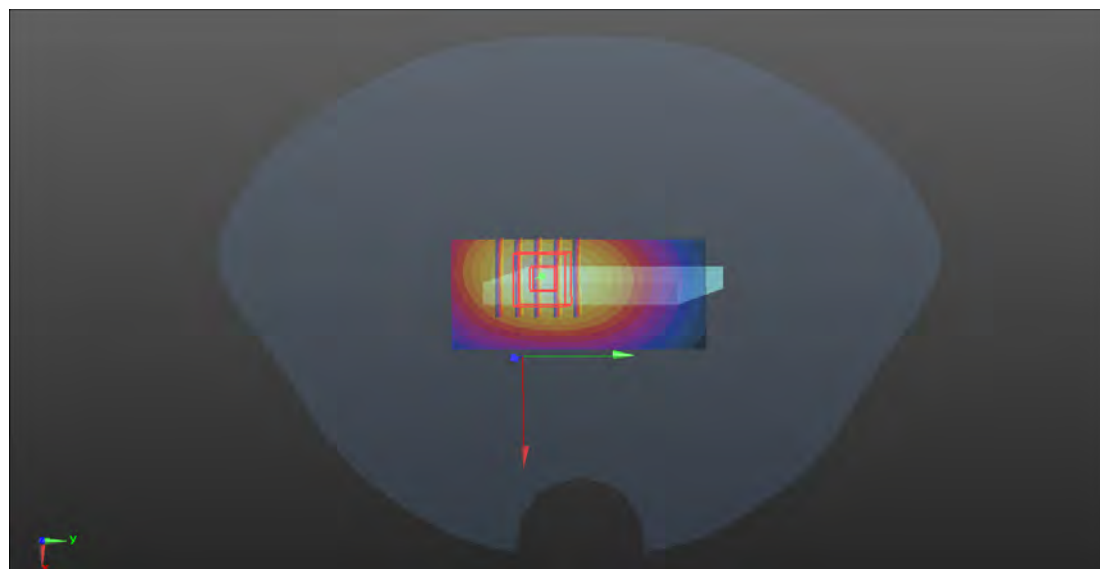
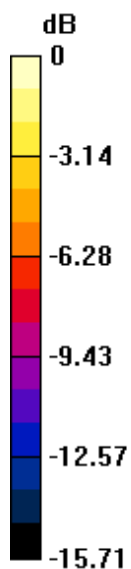
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.901 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.567 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.327 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.750 W/kg



0 dB = 0.750 W/kg

**P41 WLAN2.4G\_802.11b\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch11\_Ant3**

Communication System: 802.11 b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.005

Medium: HSL2450\_0910 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.858$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.11, 8.11, 8.11) @ 2462 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.627 W/kg

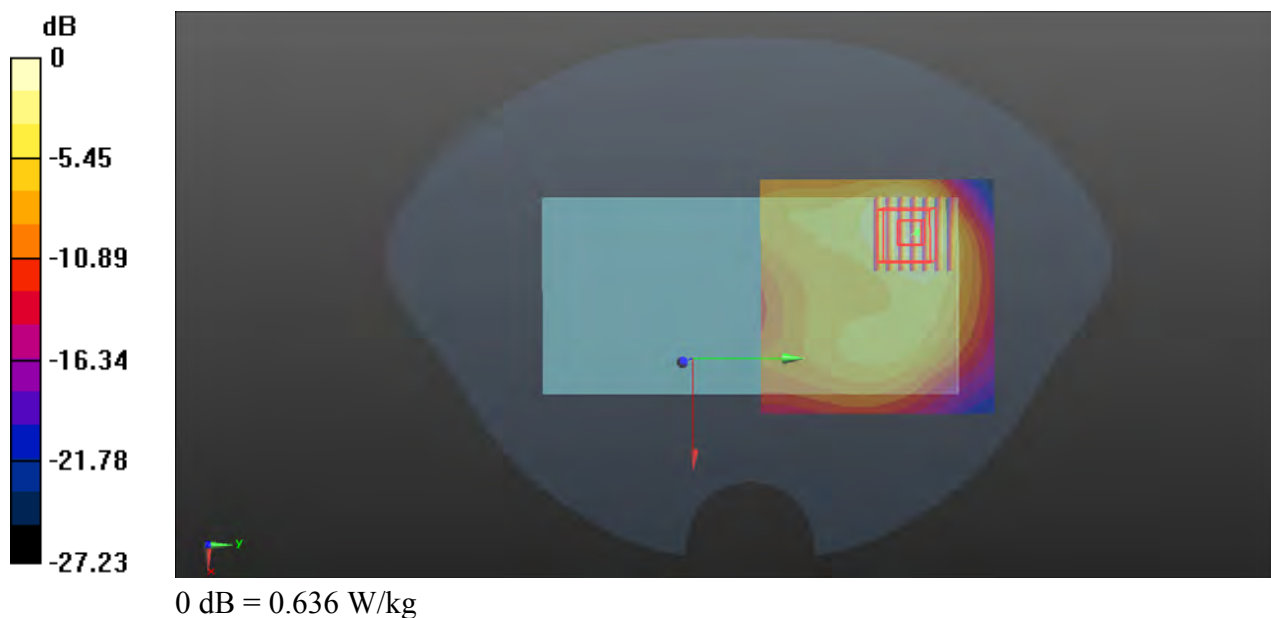
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.802 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.873 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.432 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.636 W/kg



**P42 WLAN5G\_802.11n HT40\_Top Side\_1cm\_Ch38\_Ant3**

Communication System: 802.11n\_HT40; Frequency: 5190 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.062

Medium: HSL5G\_0912 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5190$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.656$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.627$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7) @ 5190 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**- Area Scan (41x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.770 W/kg

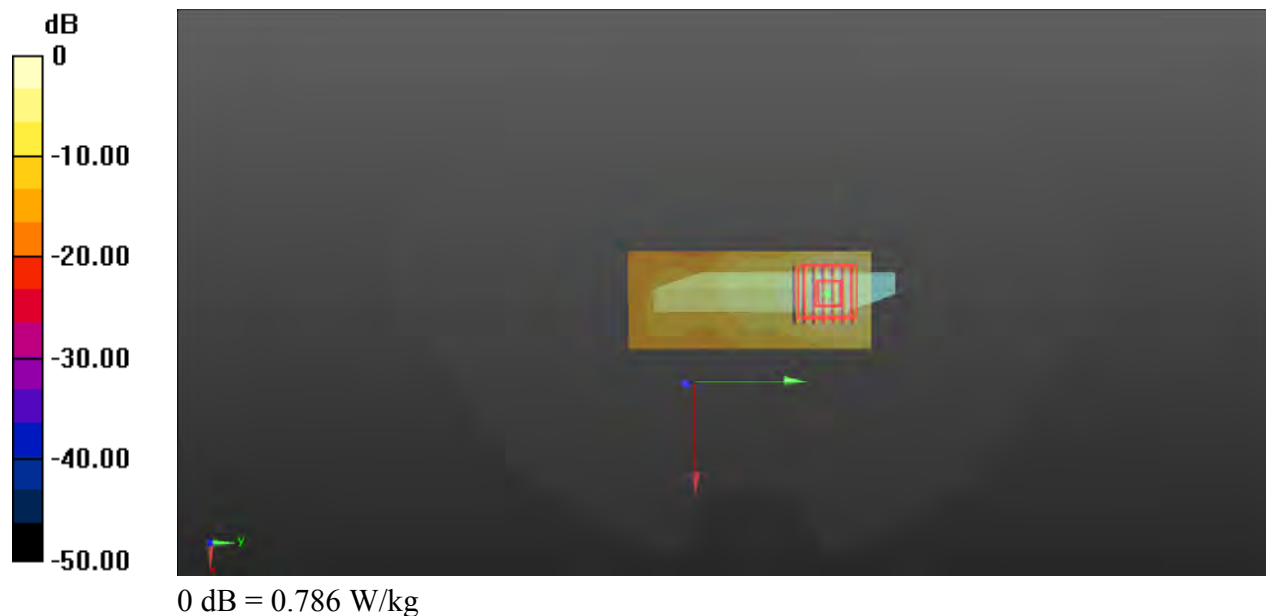
**- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 6.586 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.400 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.786 W/kg



**P43 WLAN5G\_802.11ac\_VHT80\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch155\_Ant3**

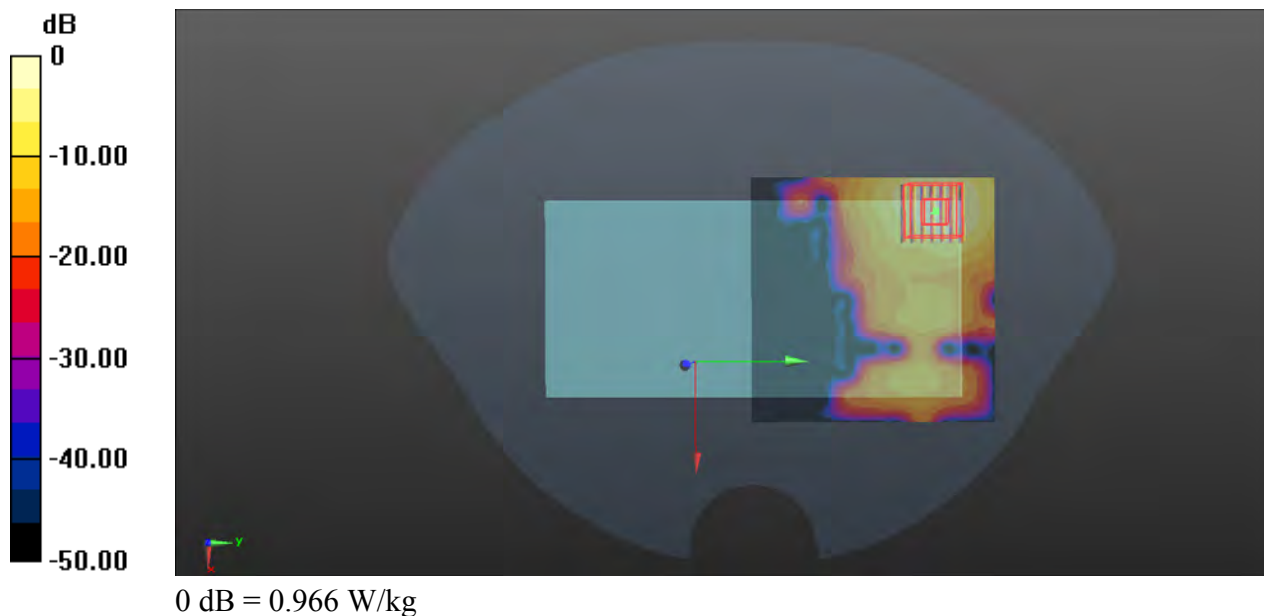
Communication System: 802.11ac\_VHT80; Frequency: 5775 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.156  
Medium: HSL5G\_0912 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5775$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.357$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.611$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.4°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21) @ 5775 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.900 W/kg

- **Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm  
Reference Value = 0.2600 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.93 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.454 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.966 W/kg



**P44 BT\_GFSK\_Rear Face\_1cm\_Ch39\_Ant3**

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.302

Medium: HSL2450\_0910 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2441$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.833$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.103$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.11, 8.11, 8.11) @ 2441 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (91x91x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200$  mm,  $dy=1.200$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00932 W/kg

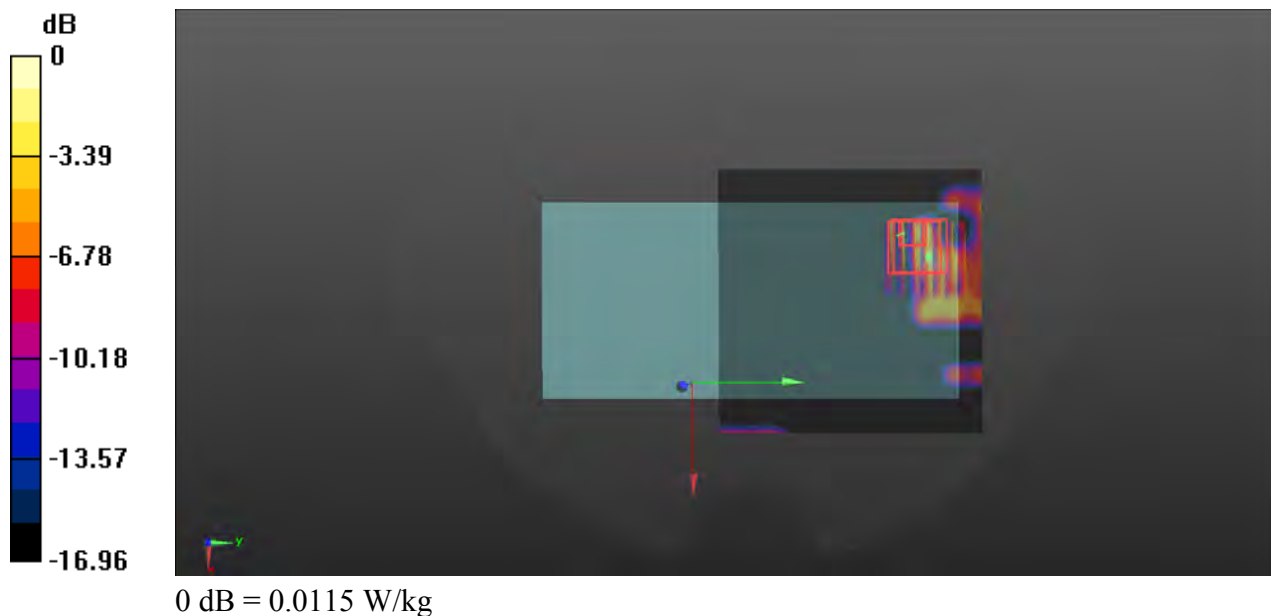
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0160 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.008 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0034 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0115 W/kg



**P45 GSM 1900\_GPRS 4Tx Slot\_Bottom Side\_0cm\_Ch512\_Ant1**

Communication System: GPRS 4Tx-slot; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: HSL1900\_0909 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.355$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.285$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68) @ 1850.2 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (31x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.13 W/kg

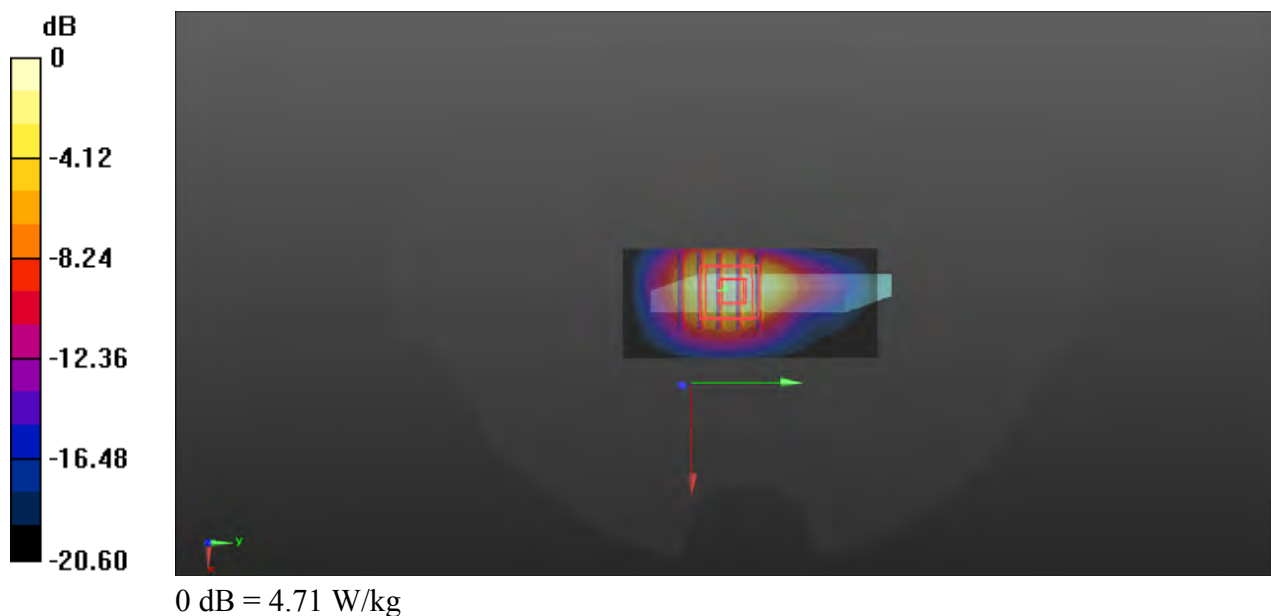
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.06 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.43 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.71 W/kg



**P46 WCDMA II\_RMC12.2K\_Top Side\_0cm\_Ch9400\_Ant2**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900\_0909 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.419$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.531$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.27 W/kg

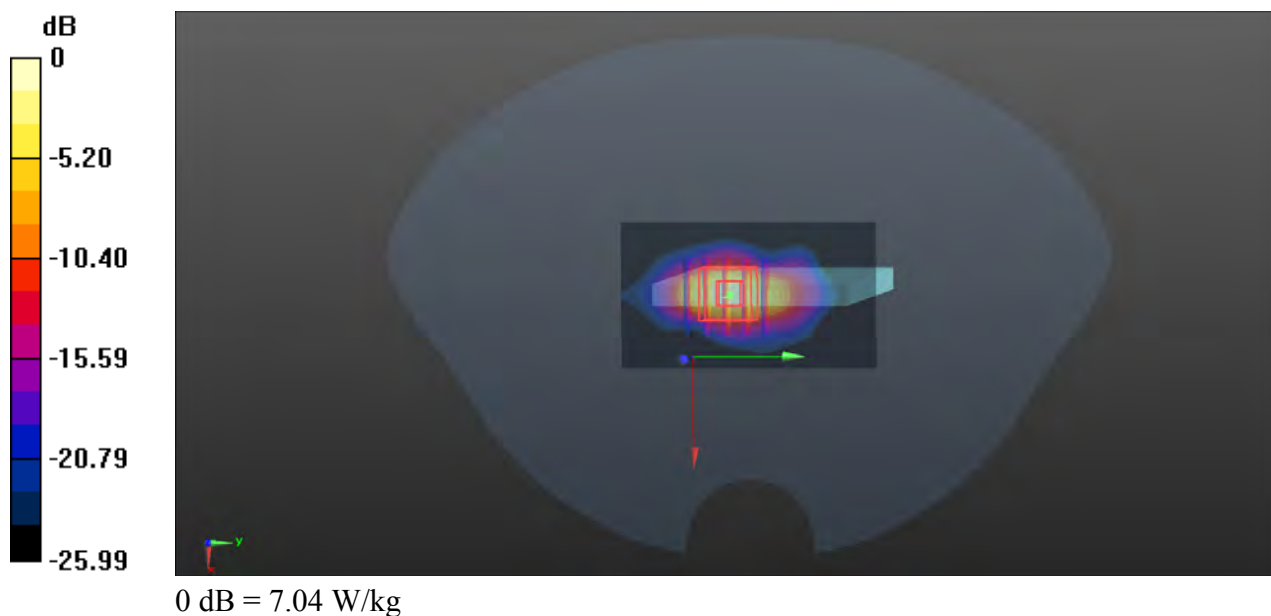
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 68.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.84 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.04 W/kg



**P47 WCDMA IV\_RMC12.2K\_Bottom Side\_0cm\_Ch1312\_Ant1**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750\_0908 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1712.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.375$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.606$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(9.05, 9.05, 9.05) @ 1712.4 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.59 W/kg

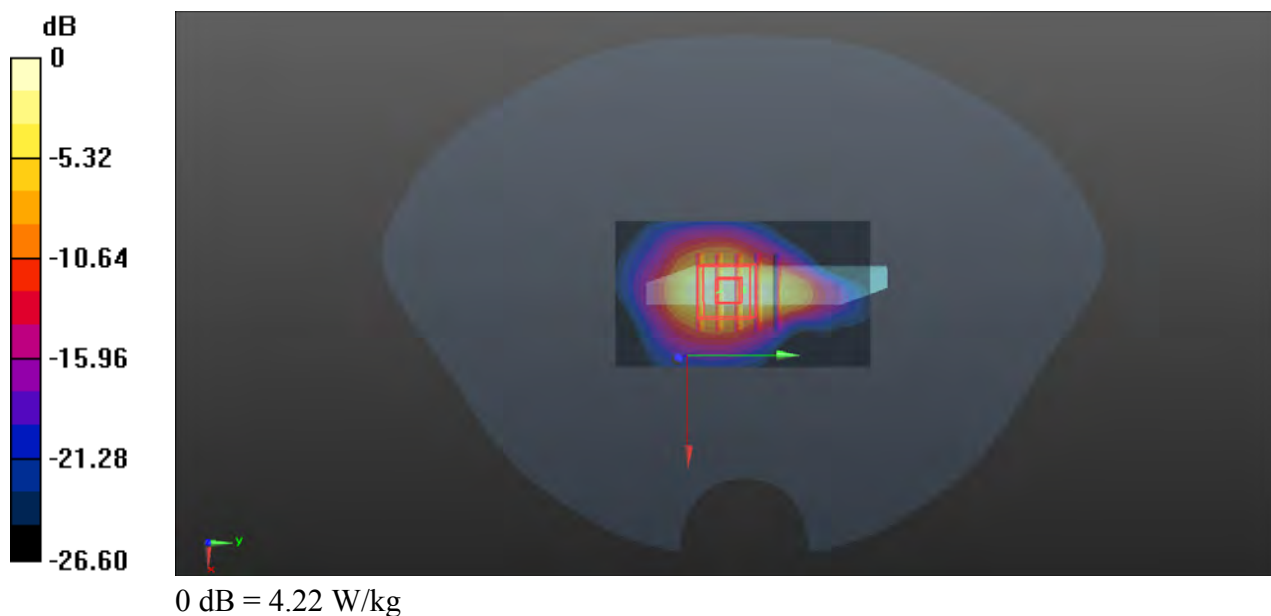
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.33 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.35 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.22 W/kg



**P48 LTE 2\_QPSK20M\_Top Side\_0cm\_Ch19100\_50RB\_OS0\_Ant2**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900\_0909 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.439$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.46$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(8.68, 8.68, 8.68) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.69 W/kg

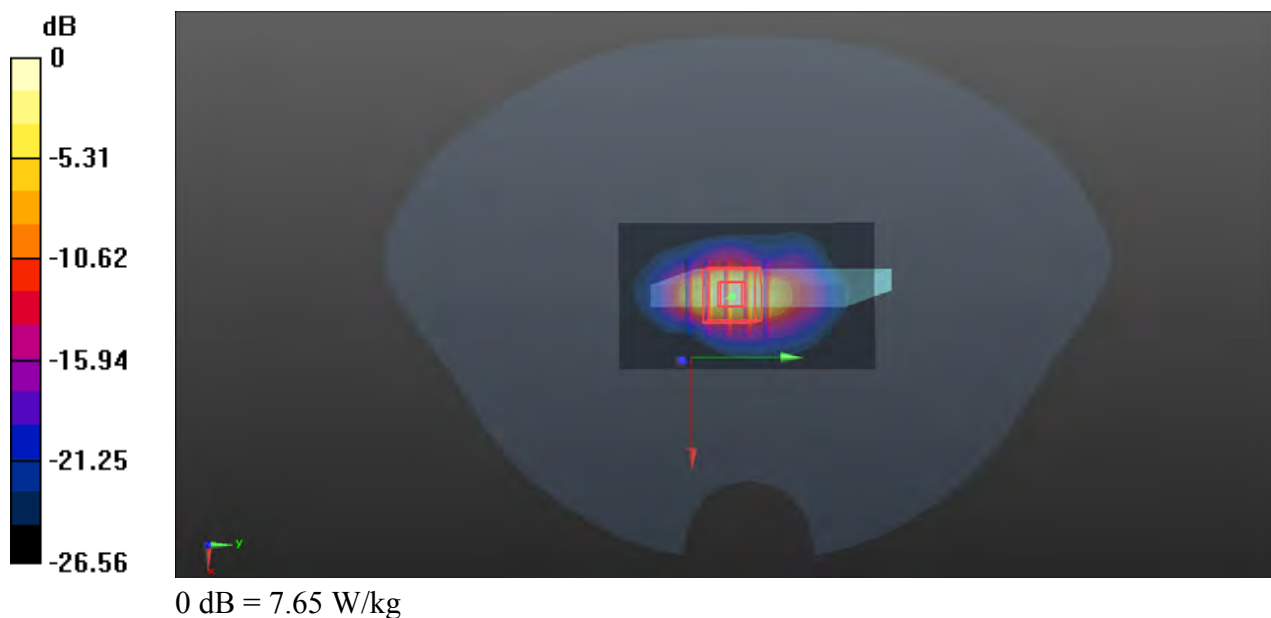
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 71.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.70 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.65 W/kg



**P49 LTE 7\_QPSK20M\_Bottom Side\_0cm\_Ch20850\_50RB\_OS25\_Ant1**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600\_0911 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2510$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.831$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.494$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.2°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85) @ 2510 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (51x91x1)**: Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200$  mm,  $dy=1.200$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.89 W/kg

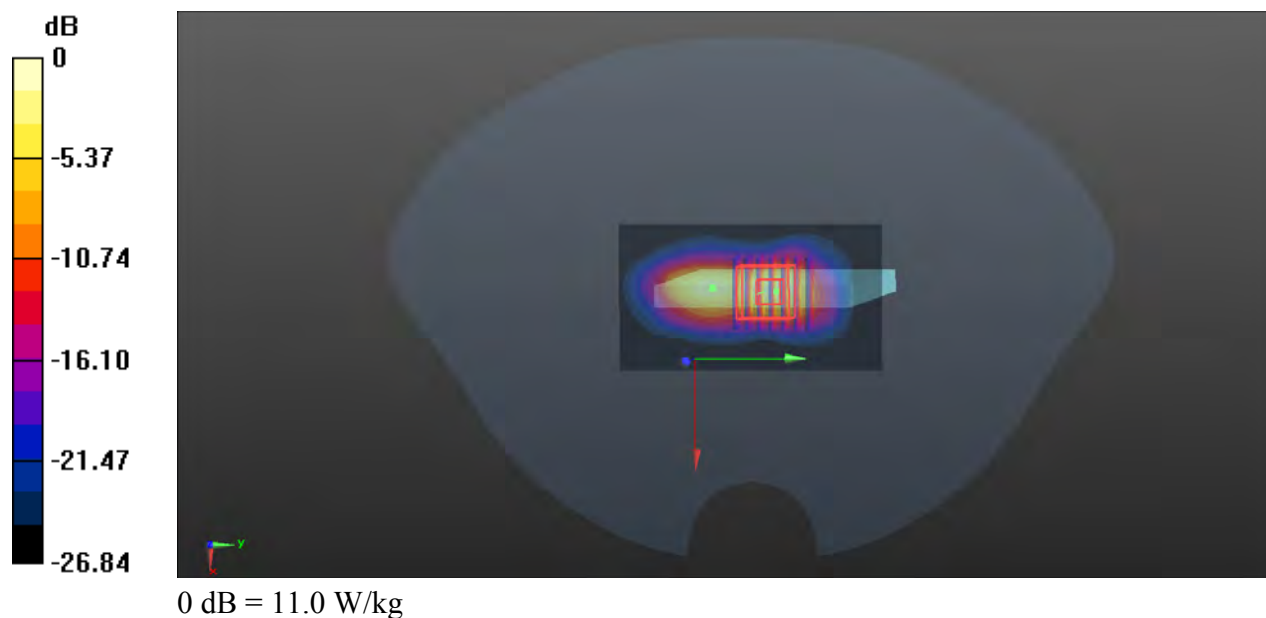
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0**: Measurement grid:  $dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 65.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 5.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.74 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 W/kg



**P50 LTE 41\_QPSK20M\_Bottom Side\_0cm\_Ch39750\_50RB\_OS25\_Ant1**

Communication System: LTE TDD; Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59

Medium: HSL2600\_0911 Medium parameters used:  $f = 2506$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.828$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.498$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.2°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85) @ 2506 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (51x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.87 W/kg

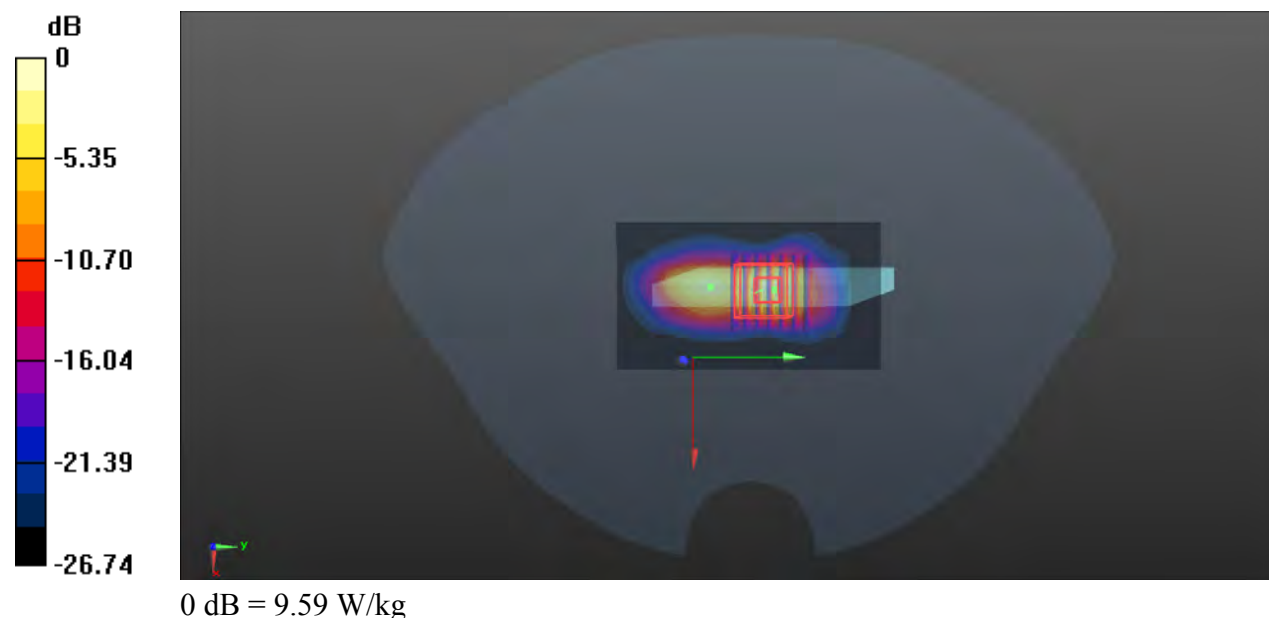
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 60.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.59 W/kg



**P51 LTE 66\_QPSK20M\_Bottom Side\_0cm\_Ch132322\_50RB\_OS25\_Ant1**

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750\_0908 Medium parameters used:  $f = 1745$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.406$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.47$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(9.05, 9.05, 9.05) @ 1745 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (41x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.67 W/kg

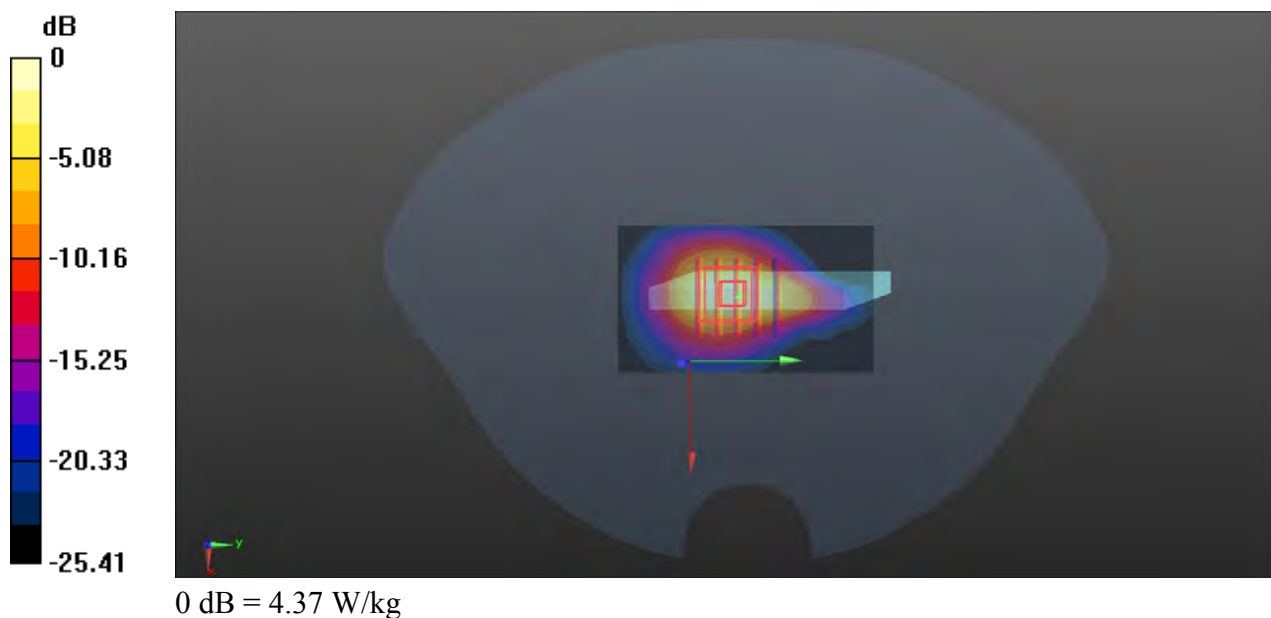
- **Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.63 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.37 W/kg



**P52 WLAN5G\_802.11ac VHT80\_Top Side\_0cm\_Ch58\_Ant3**

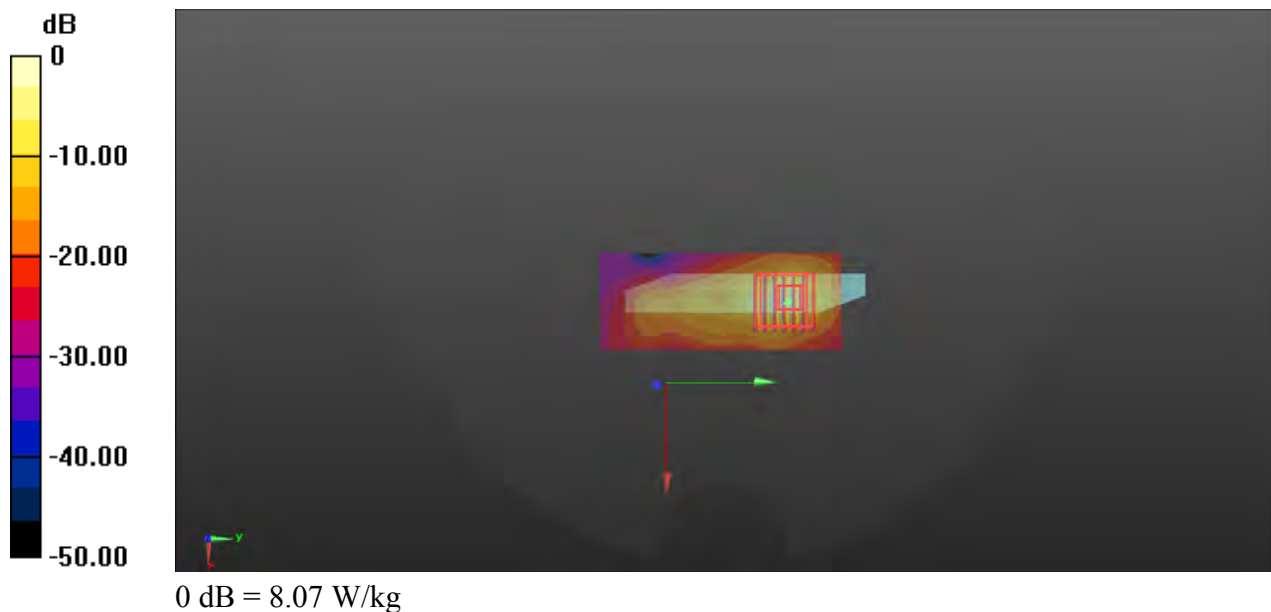
Communication System: 802.11ac\_VHT80; Frequency: 5290 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.156  
Medium: HSL5G\_0912 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5290$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.778$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.477$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Ambient Temperature : 23.5°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.3°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7) @ 5290 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**- Area Scan (41x101x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000$  mm,  $dy=1.000$  mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.44 W/kg

**- Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm  
Reference Value = 9.388 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.5 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 3.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.750 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.07 W/kg



**P53 WLAN5G\_802.11a\_Top Side\_0cm\_Ch116\_Ant3**

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.036

Medium: HSL5G\_0912 Medium parameters used:  $f = 5580$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.126$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.957$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 23.6°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7612; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) @ 5580 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/02/28
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1633; Calibrated: 2023/02/08
- Phantom: Twin-SAM; Type: QD 000 P41 Ax; Serial: 2018
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

- **Area Scan (51x101x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000$  mm,  $dy=1.000$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.27 W/kg

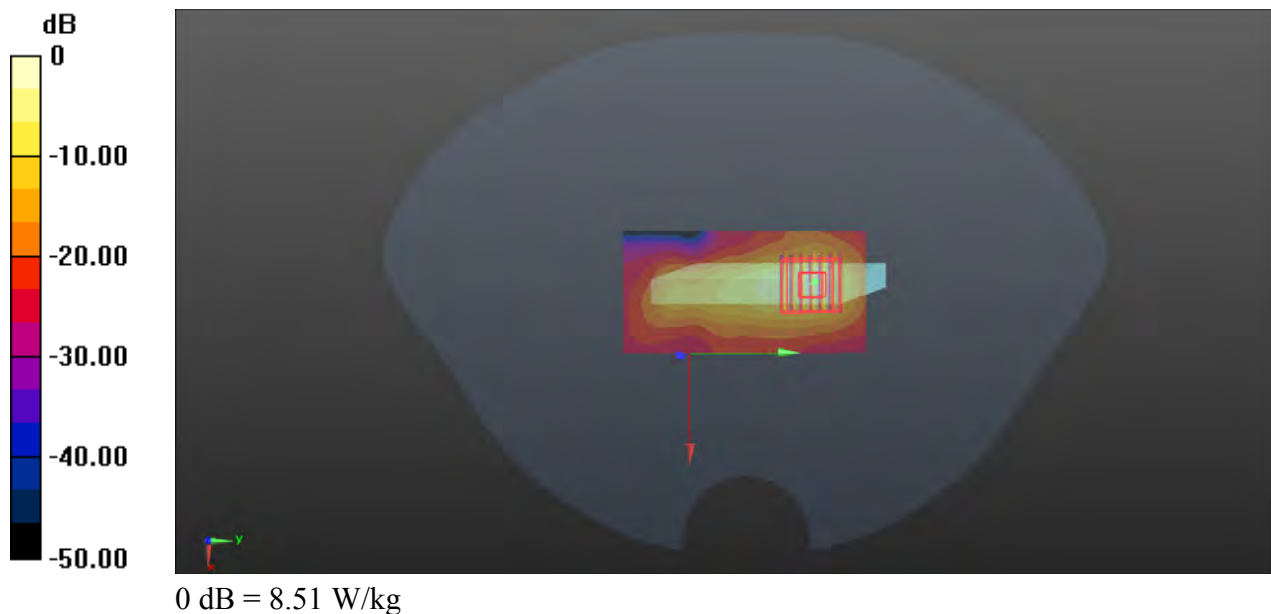
- **Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4$ mm,  $dy=4$ mm,  $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 16.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 3.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.800 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.51 W/kg



## Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.



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Client **7layers**

Certificate No: **Z21-60421**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d265**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**  
**Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **October 18, 2021**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 106277     | 24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)            | Sep-22                |
| Power sensor NRP8S      | 104291     | 24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)            | Sep-22                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7517    | 03-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z21-60001)        | Feb-22                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1556    | 15-Jan-21(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Jan21)       | Jan-22                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593)            | Jan-22                |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C  | MY46110673 | 14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232)            | Jan-22                |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: October 24, 2021

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### Glossary:

|       |                                            |
|-------|--------------------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                          |             |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY52                   | V52.10.4    |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation   |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 15 mm                    | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz      |             |

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | <b>Temperature</b>  | <b>Permittivity</b> | <b>Conductivity</b>  |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 41.5                | 0.90 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 40.9 $\pm$ 6 %      | 0.89 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | <1.0 °C             | ----                | ----                 |

**SAR result with Head TSL**

|                                                               |                    |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>   | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 2.38 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>9.60 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 18.8 % (k=2)</b> |
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 1.55 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>6.25 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 18.7 % (k=2)</b> |



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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.9Ω- 2.16jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 32.6dB      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.304 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
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## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.18.2021

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d265**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.886$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517; ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-02-03
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2021-01-15
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

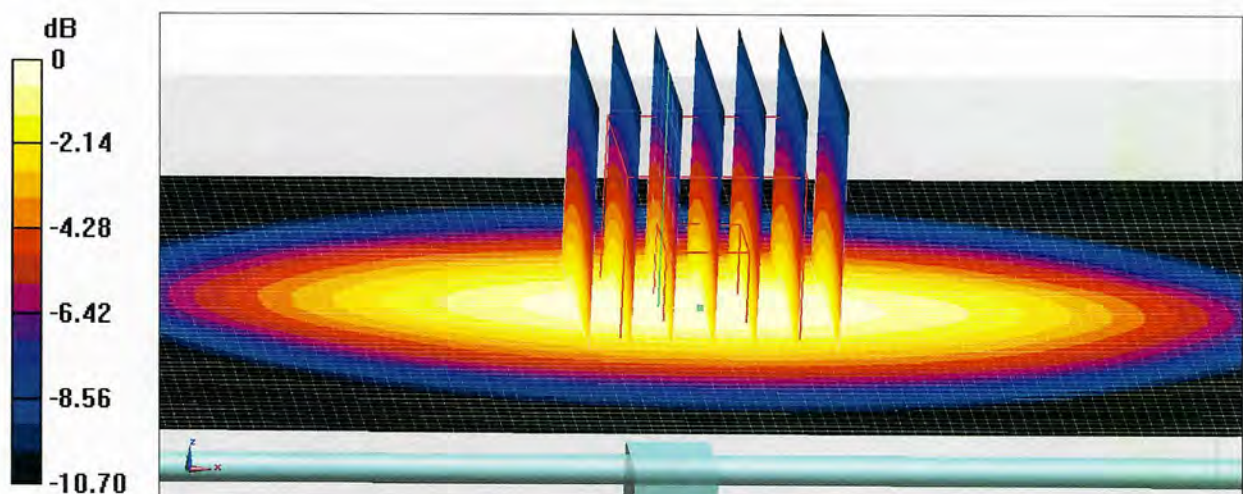
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.66 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 19.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.7%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.21 W/kg



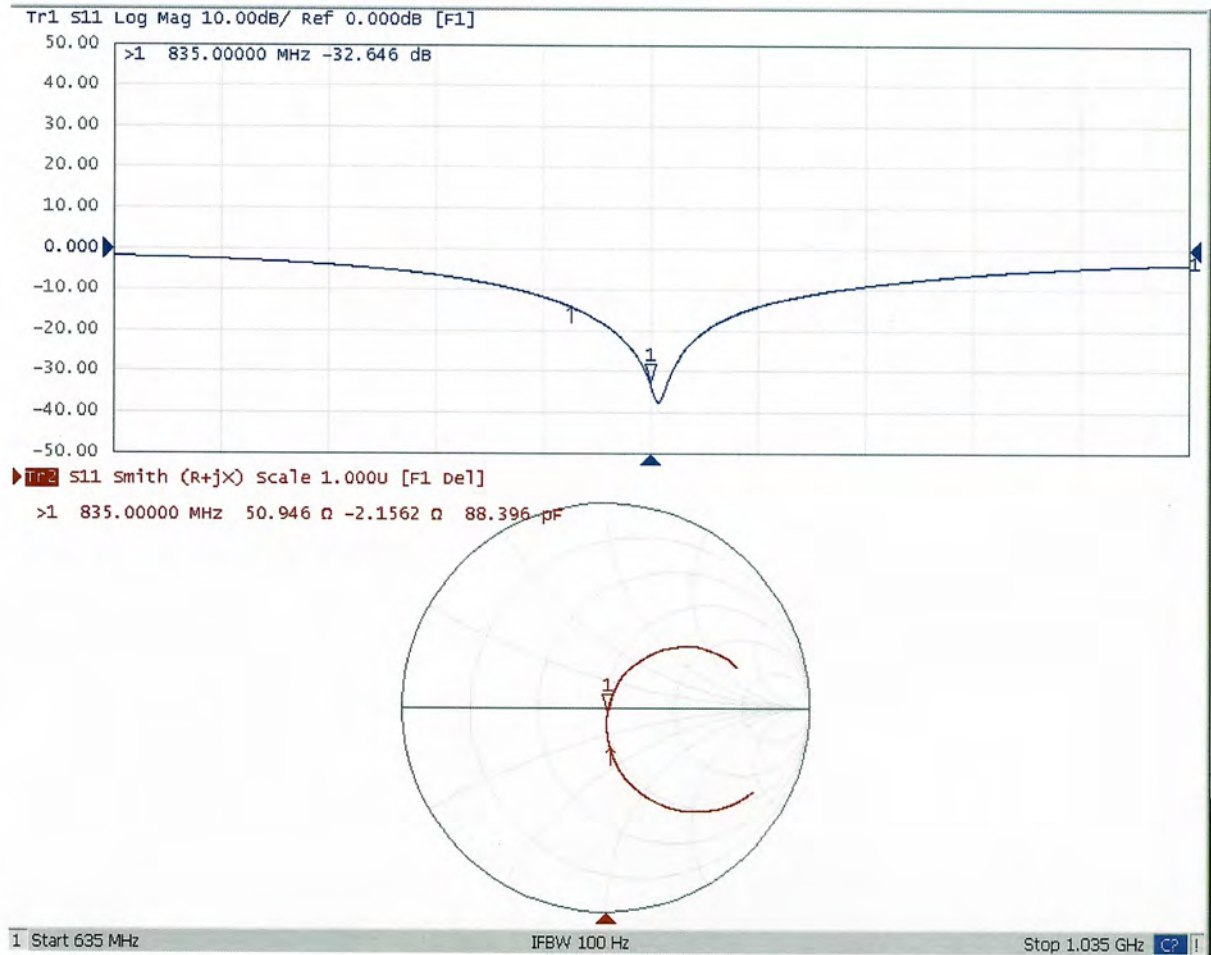
**0 dB = 3.21 W/kg = 5.07 dBW/kg**



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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## D835V2 - SN: 4d265 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss ( $< -20\text{dB}$ , within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

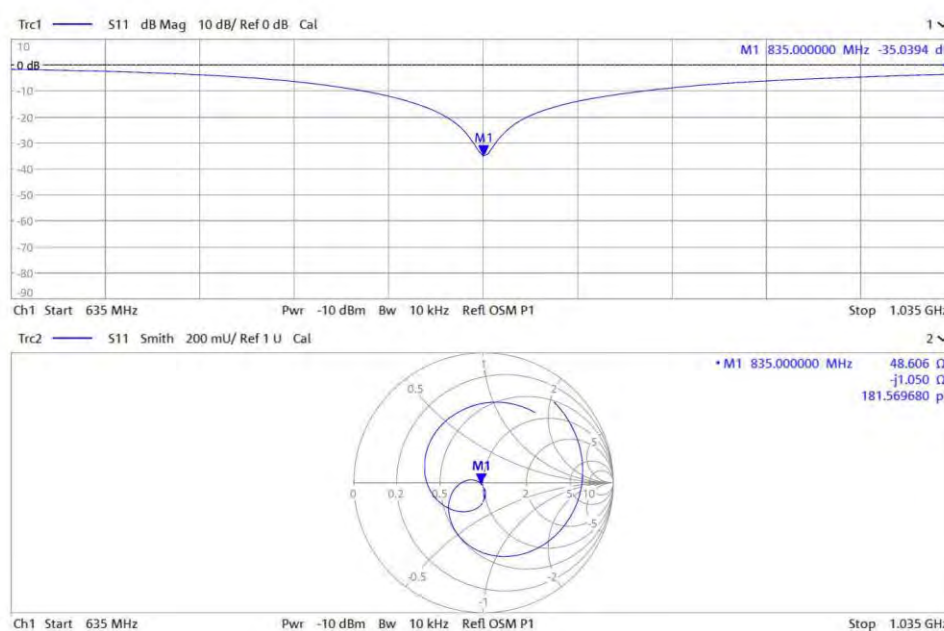
| D835V2 - SN: 4d265  |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 835MHz Head         |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 10.18.2021          | -32.6            |           | 50.9                 |             | -2.16                     |             |
| 10.17.2022          | -35.0            | 7.48      | 48.6                 | -2.29       | -1.1                      | 1.11        |
|                     |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|                     |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |

### <Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is  $< -20\text{dB}$ , within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

### <Dipole Verification Data>

Head 835MHz \_2022.10.17





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Client **7layers**

Certificate No: **Z21-60422**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1750V2 - SN: 1176**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**  
**Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **October 19, 2021**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 106277     | 24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)            | Sep-22                |
| Power sensor NRP8S      | 104291     | 24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)            | Sep-22                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7517    | 03-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z21-60001)        | Feb-22                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1556    | 15-Jan-21(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Jan21)       | Jan-22                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593)            | Jan-22                |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C  | MY46110673 | 14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232)            | Jan-22                |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: October 24 2021

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### Glossary:

|       |                                            |
|-------|--------------------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                          |             |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY52                   | V52.10.4    |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation   |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 10 mm                    | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 1750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz     |             |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 40.1           | 1.37 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 39.8 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.38 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL

|                                                               |                    |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>   | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 9.21 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>36.6 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 18.8 % (k=2)</b> |
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 4.83 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>19.2 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 18.7 % (k=2)</b> |



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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.0Ω- 2.09jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 33.6 dB     |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.129 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|



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## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.19.2021

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1176**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.382$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517; ConvF(8.22, 8.22, 8.22) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-02-03
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2021-01-15
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

**System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

$dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 97.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

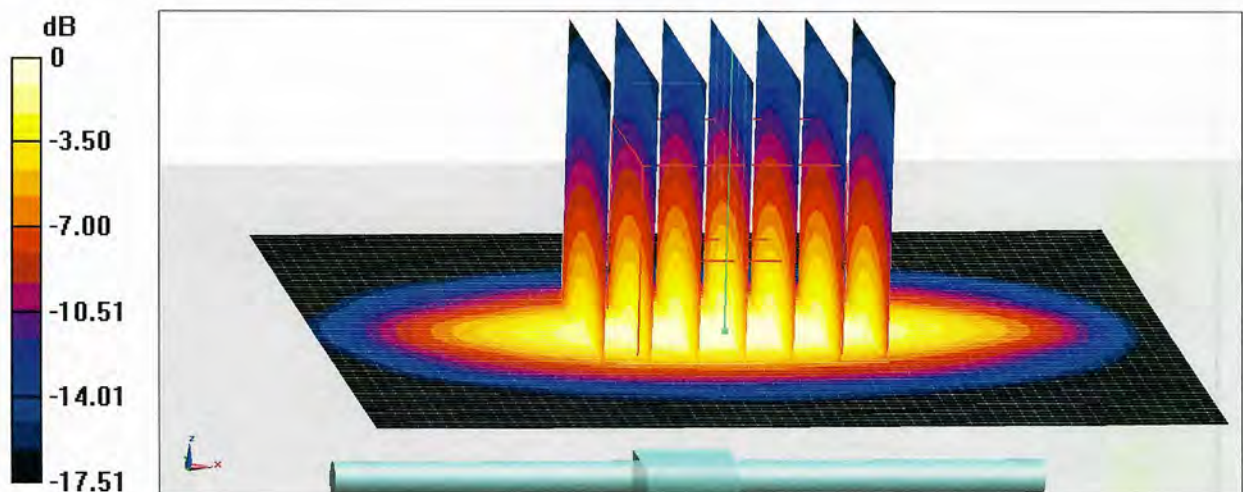
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.83 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 W/kg



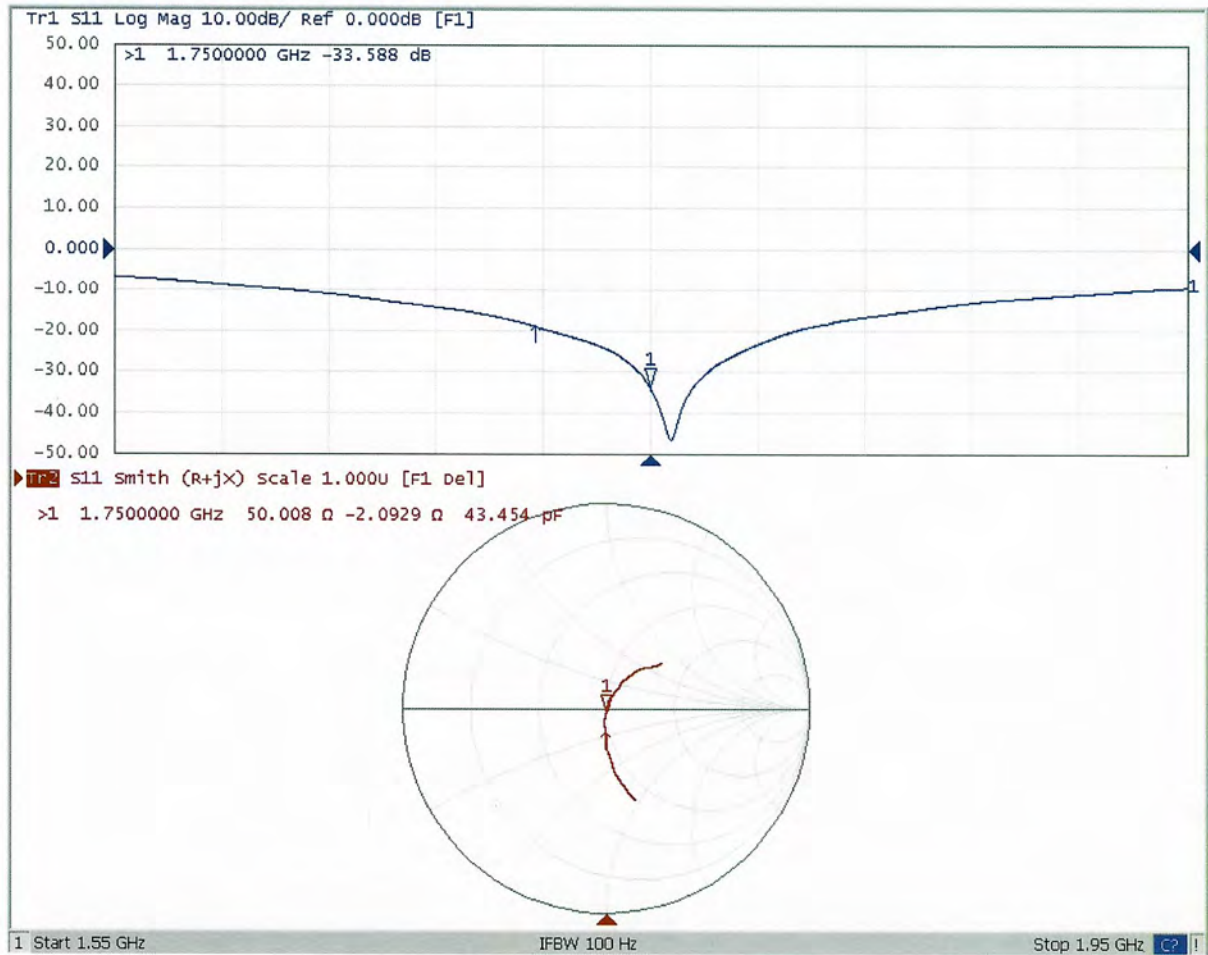
0 dB = 14.4 W/kg = 11.58 dBW/kg



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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## D1750V2 - SN: 1176 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss ( $< -20\text{dB}$ , within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

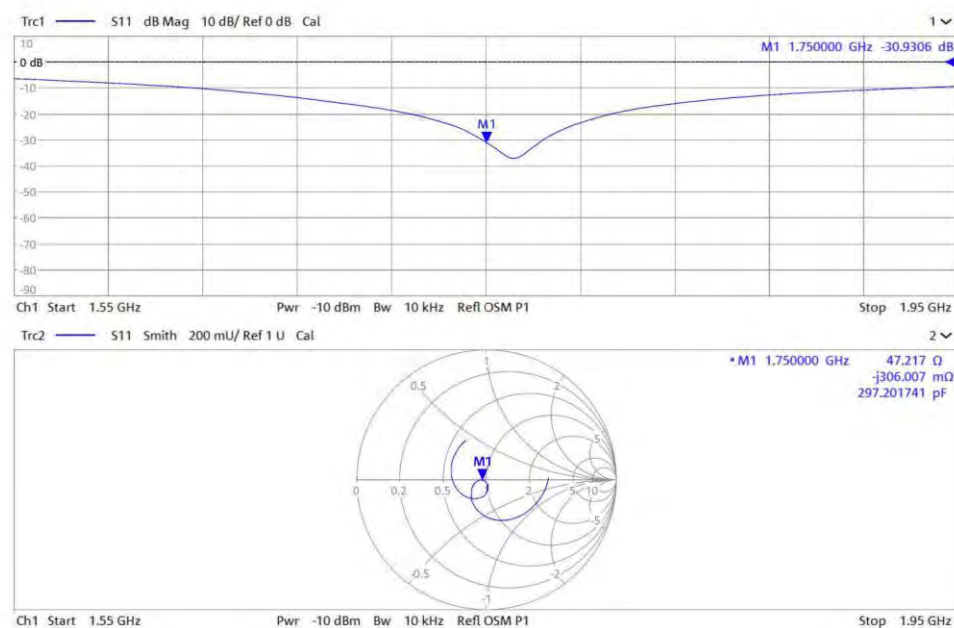
| D1750V2 - SN: 1176  |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 1750MHz Head        |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 10.19.2021          | -33.6            |           | 50                   |             | -2.09                     |             |
| 10.18.2022          | -30.9            | -7.94     | 47.2                 | -2.78       | -0.3                      | 1.78        |
|                     |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|                     |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |

### <Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is  $< -20\text{dB}$ , within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

### <Dipole Verification Data>

Head 1750MHz \_2022.10.18





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Client **7layers**

Certificate No: **Z21-60423**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1950V3 - SN: 1229**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**  
**Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **October 28, 2021**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22\pm3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $<70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 106277     | 24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)            | Sep-22                |
| Power sensor NRP8S      | 104291     | 24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)            | Sep-22                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7517    | 03-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z21-60001)        | Feb-22                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1556    | 15-Jan-21(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Jan21)       | Jan-22                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593)            | Jan-22                |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C  | MY46110673 | 14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232)            | Jan-22                |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: October 31, 2021

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#### **Glossary:**

|       |                                            |
|-------|--------------------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

#### **Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### **Additional Documentation:**

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                                     |                          |             |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| <b>DASY Version</b>                 | DASY52                   | V52.10.4    |
| <b>Extrapolation</b>                | Advanced Extrapolation   |             |
| <b>Phantom</b>                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |             |
| <b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b> | 10 mm                    | with Spacer |
| <b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |             |
| <b>Frequency</b>                    | 1950 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz     |             |

**Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                                | <b>Temperature</b>  | <b>Permittivity</b> | <b>Conductivity</b>  |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>             | 22.0 °C             | 40.0                | 1.40 mho/m           |
| <b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 38.9 $\pm$ 6 %      | 1.39 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| <b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b> | <1.0 °C             | ----                | ----                 |

**SAR result with Head TSL**

|                                                               |                    |                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>   | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 10.1 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>40.3 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 18.8 % (k=2)</b> |
| <b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b> | Condition          |                                                |
| SAR measured                                                  | 250 mW input power | 5.08 W/kg                                      |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                           | normalized to 1W   | <b>20.3 W/kg <math>\pm</math> 18.7 % (k=2)</b> |



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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                            |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | $50.5\Omega + 2.19j\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 33.0dB                   |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.102 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|



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## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.28.2021

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 1950 MHz; Type: D1950V3; Serial: D1950V3 - SN: 1229**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1950 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1950$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.86$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7517; ConvF(7.81, 7.81, 7.81) @ 1950 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-02-03
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2021-01-15
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

**System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

$dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 103.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

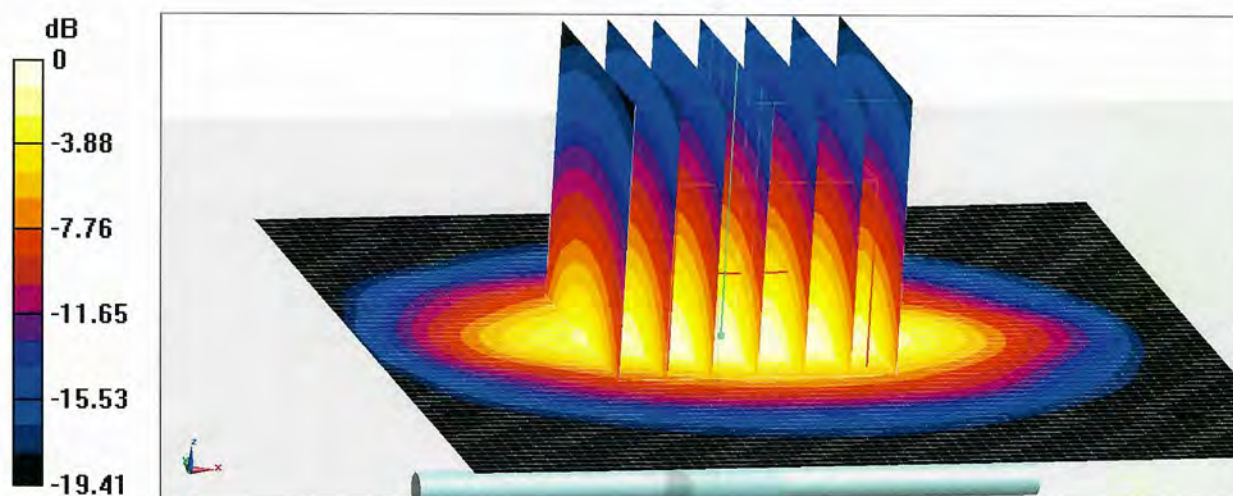
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 10 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 50.6%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 W/kg



**0 dB = 16.3 W/kg = 12.12 dBW/kg**

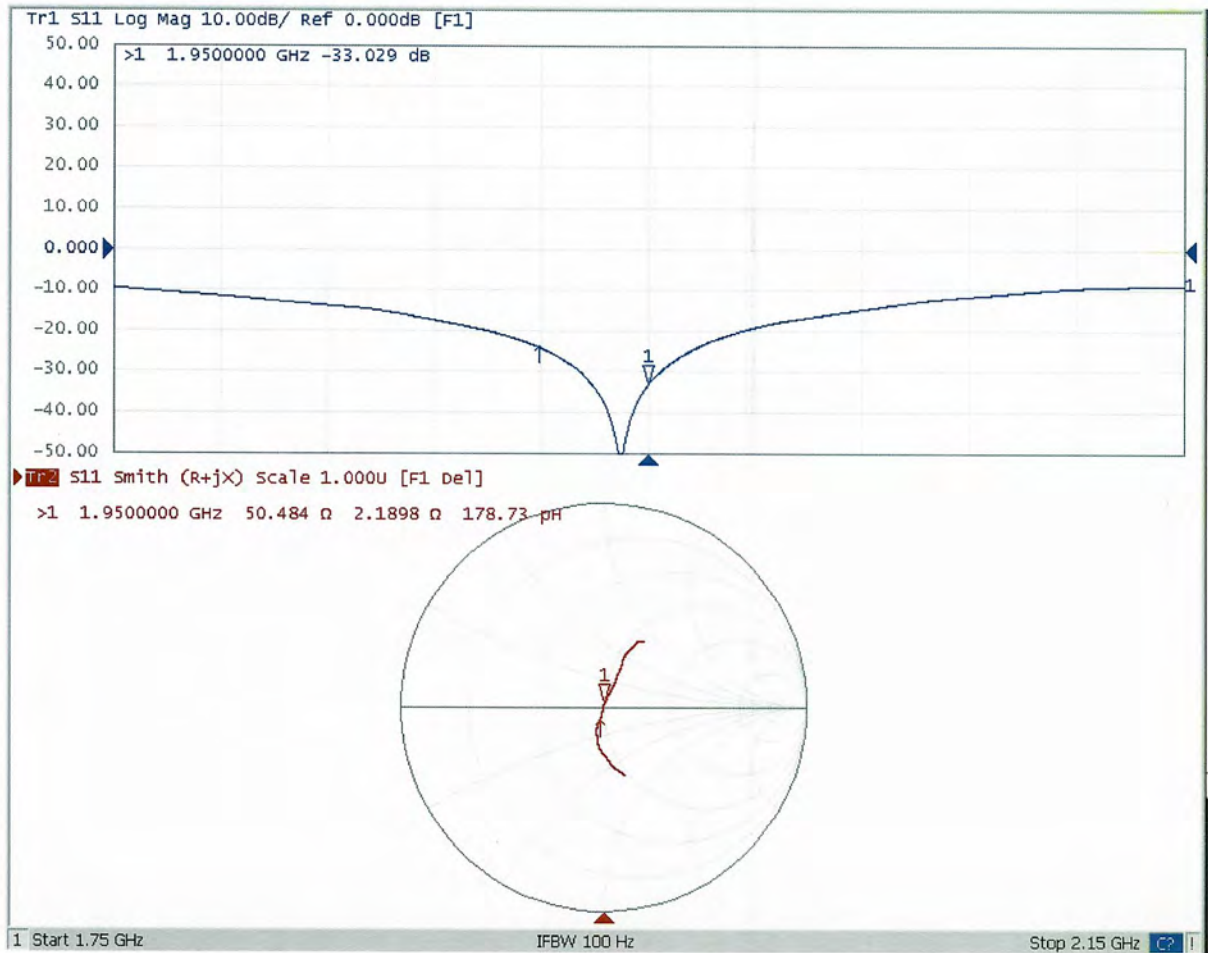


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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## D1950V3 - SN: 1229 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

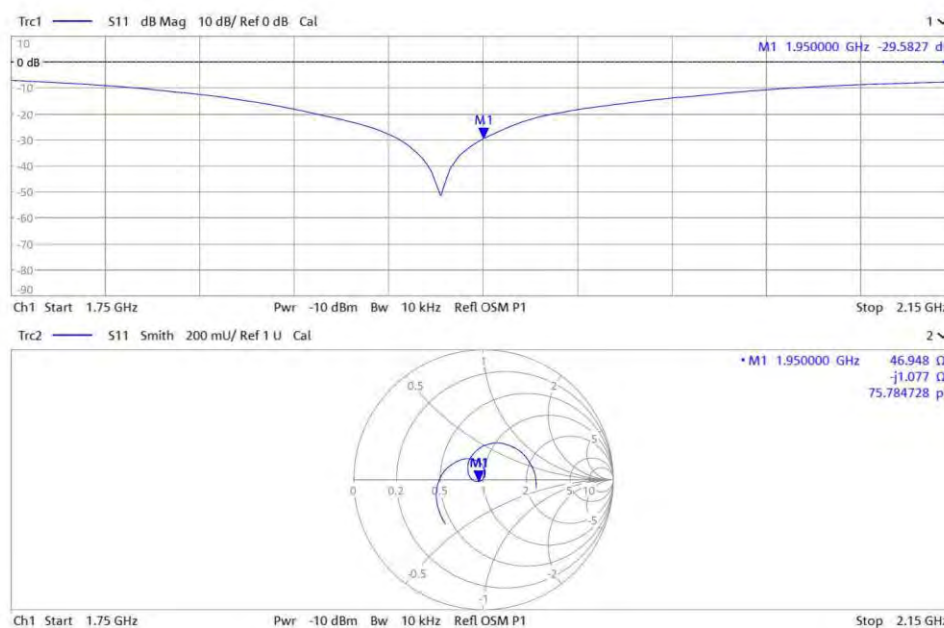
| D1950V3 - SN: 1229  |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 1950MHz Head        |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
| Date of Measurement | Return-Loss (dB) | Delta (%) | Real Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) | Imaginary Impedance (ohm) | Delta (ohm) |
| 10.28.2021          | -33              |           | 50.5                 |             | 2.19                      |             |
| 10.27.2022          | -29.6            | -10.36    | 46.9                 | -3.55       | -1.1                      | -3.27       |
|                     |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |
|                     |                  |           |                      |             |                           |             |

### <Justification of the extended calibration>

The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

### <Dipole Verification Data>

Head 1950MHz \_2022.10.27





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Client

7layers

Certificate No: Z21-60425

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 1048

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01  
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: October 21, 2021

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22\pm3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $<70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 106277     | 24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)            | Sep-22                |
| Power sensor NRP8S      | 104291     | 24-Sep-21 (CTTL, No.J21X08326)            | Sep-22                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7517    | 03-Feb-21(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z21-60001)        | Feb-22                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1556    | 15-Jan-21(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Jan21)       | Jan-22                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 01-Feb-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00593)            | Jan-22                |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C  | MY46110673 | 14-Jan-21 (CTTL, No.J21X00232)            | Jan-22                |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: October 27, 2021

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