

SAR Test Report

Report No.: AGC14075240906FH01

FCC ID	:	2ADZC-6502PT
PRODUCT DESIGNATION	:	Wireless Microphone
BRAND NAME	:	N/A
MODEL NAME	:	LARK M1, LARK C1
APPLICANT	:	Shenzhen Hollyland Technology Co.,Ltd
DATE OF ISSUE	:	Nov. 05, 2024
STANDARD(S)	:	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47 CFR Part 2§2.1093 IEEE Std C95.1 ™-2005
REPORT VERSION	:	V1.1







Report Revise Record

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Oct. 23, 2024	Invalid	Initial Release
V1.1	1 st	Nov. 05, 2024	Valid	Removes Test Setup Photos and Presented in appendix



Test Report				
Applicant Name	Shenzhen Hollyland Technology Co.,Ltd			
Applicant Address	8F, Building 5D, Skyworth Innovation Valley, Tangtou Road. Shiyan Street, Baoan District Shenzhen, China			
Manufacturer Name	Shenzhen Hollyland Technology Co.,Ltd			
Manufacturer Address	8F, Building 5D, Skyworth Innovation Valley, Tangtou Road. Shiyan Street, Baoan District Shenzhen, China			
Factory Name	Shenzhen Hollyland Technology Co.,Ltd			
Factory Address	8F, Building 5D, Skyworth Innovation Valley, Tangtou Road. Shiyan Street, Baoan District Shenzhen, China			
Product Designation	Wireless Microphone			
Brand Name	N/A			
Test Model	LARK M1			
Series Models	LARK C1			
Declaration of Difference	All the same, except for the model name.			
EUT Voltage	DC 3.7V by battery			
Applicable Standard	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47 CFR Part 2§2.1093 IEEE Std C95.1 ™-2005			
Date of receipt of test item	Sep. 03, 2024			
Test Date	Sep. 19, 2024			
Report Template	AGCRT-US-4G/SAR (2021-04-20)			

Note: The results of testing in this report apply to the product/system which was tested only.

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1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EUT are as follows:

Frequency Band	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/kg) Body (with 5mm separation)	SAR Test Limit (W/kg)
SRD	0.787	1.6
SAR Test Result	PASS	

This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg) specified in IEEE Std. 1528:2013; FCC 47CFR § 2.1093; IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures:

• KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

• KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03

• KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04



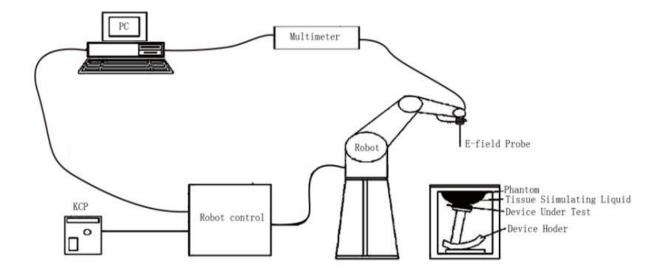
2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. EUT Description

General Information					
Product Designation	Wireless Microphone				
Test Model	LARK M1				
Sample ID	240926070				
Hardware Version	V48				
Software Version	V1.0.0.7				
Device Category	Portable				
RF Exposure Environme	nt Uncontrolled Environment General Population				
Antenna Type	Chip antenna				
SRD					
Operation Frequency	2402~2480MHz				
Type of modulation	⊠GFSK				
Max. Average Power	4.83dBm				
Antenna gain	2.71dBi				
Accessories					
	Brand name: N/A;				
Battery	oltage: DC 3.7V;				
	Capacitance: 140mAh;				
Note:1. The sample used for testing is end product.					
2. The test sample has no any deviation to the test method of standard mentioned in page 1.					
Product	Туре				
Product	Production unit Identical Prototype				



3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM



3.1. The SATIMO system used for performing compliance tests consists of following items

The COMOSAR system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- The PC. It controls most of the bench devices and stores measurement data. A computer running WinXP and the Opensar software.
- The E-Field probe. The probe is a 3-axis system made of 3 distinct dipoles. Each dipole returns a voltage in function of the ambient electric field.
- · The Keithley multimeter measures each probe dipole voltages.
- The SAM phantom simulates a human head. The measurement of the electric field is made inside the phantom.
- · The liquids simulate the dielectric properties of the human head tissues.
- · The network emulator controls the mobile phone under test.
- The validation dipoles are used to measure a reference SAR. They are used to periodically check the bench to make sure that there is no drift of the system characteristics over time.
- •The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



3.2. COMOSAR E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SATIMO. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SATIMO conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528 and relevant KDB files.) The calibration data are in Appendix D.

I		
Model	SSE2	
Manufacture	MVG	
Identification No.	2023-EPGO-414	
Frequency	0.15GHz-7.5GHz Linearity:±0.09dB(0.15GHz-7.5GHz)	
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg-100W/kg Linearity:±0.09dB	
Dimensions	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:24.5mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:2.55mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:12.7mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measureme (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only compliance testing for frequencies up 30%.	probe which enables

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

3.3. Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the KUKA robot from SATIMO SA (France).For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from SATIMO is used. The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application: High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm) High reliability (industrial design) Jerk-free straight movements Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields) 6-axis controller

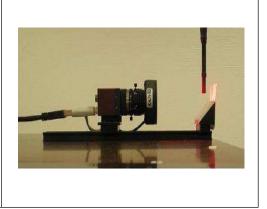


3.4. Video Positioning System

The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to

the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

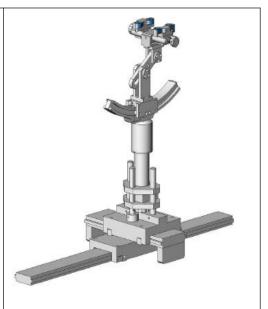


3.5. Device Holder

The COMOSAR device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The COMOSAR device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity

 ϵr =3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.





3.6. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

Left head Right head Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

ELLI39 Phantom

The Flat phantom is a fiberglass shellphantom with 2mm+/- 0.2 mm shell thickness. It has only one measurement area for Flat phantom





4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

4.1. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and occupational/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element(dv) of given mass density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR can be obtained using either of the following equations:

F

ρ

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$SAR = c_h \frac{dT}{dt}_{t=0}$$

Where

SAR is the specific absorption rate in watts per kilogram;

- is the r.m.s. value of the electric field strength in the tissue in volts per meter; σ is the conductivity of the tissue in siemens per metre;
 - is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre;
- ch is the heat capacity of the tissue in joules per kilogram and Kelvin;

 $\frac{dT}{dt}$ | t = 0 is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue in kelvins per second



4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.7mm This distance cannot be smaller than the distance os sensor calibration points to probe tip as `defined in the probe properties,

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in SATIMO software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in db) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2db range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 standards, whereby 3db is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan) If one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximum are detected, the number of Zoom Scan has to be increased accordingly.

	\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scan are used to assess the peak spatial SAR value within a cubic average volume containing 1g abd 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points(refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1g and 10g and displays these values next to the job's label.



$\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
nm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
nm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
າກາ	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
1	mm ne tissue medium; s n based 1-g SAR est resolution may be a	

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB865664 d01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the same settings. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.



4.3. RF Exposure Conditions

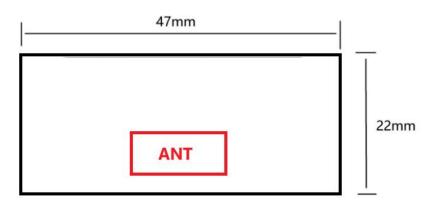
Test Configuration and setting:

The EUT is a model of Portable Mobile Station (MS).

The EUT have only one Antenna and It supports SRD function.

For SRD testing, the EUT is configured with the SRD continuous TX tool through engineering command.

Antenna Location: (The Front View)



As shown above: The EUT antenna is less than 50mm away from each face.

Therefore the (A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Vertical-Front, (D) Vertical-Back and Tip of EUT was tested.

	EUT Sides for SAR Testing							
Mode	Exposure Condition	Horizontal-Up	Horizontal-Down	Vertical-Front	Vertical-Back	Тор		
SRD	Body	Body Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes						



5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 10% are listed in 6.2

5.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient (% Weight) Frequency (MHz)	Water	Nacl	Polysorbate 20	DGBE	1,2- Propanediol	Triton X-100	Diethylen glycol monohex ylether
2450 Head	71.88	0.16	0.0	7.99	0.0	19.97	0.0



5.2. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head and body tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE Std. 1528 have been incorporated in the following table.

Target Frequency	he	ad	body		
(MHz)	٤r	σ (S/m)	٤r	σ (S/m)	
300	45.3	0.87	45.3	0.87	
450	43.5	0.87	43.5	0.87	
750	41.9	0.89	41.9	0.89	
835	41.5	0.90	41.5	0.90	
900	41.5	0.97	41.5	0.97	
915	41.5	1.01	41.5	1.01	
1450	40.5	1.20	40.5	1.20	
1610	40.3	1.29	40.3	1.29	
1750	40.1	1.37	40.1	1.37	
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	40.0	1.40	
2300	39.5	1.67	39.5	1.67	
2450	39.2	1.80	39.2	1.80	
2600	39.0	1.96	39.0	1.96	
3000	38.5	2.40	38.5	2.40	
5200	36.0	4.66	36.0	4.66	
5300	35.9	4.76	35.9	4.76	
5600	35.5	5.07	35.5	5.07	
5800	35.3	5.27	35.3	5.27	

(ϵr = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3



5.3. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using SATIMO Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6.

	Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2450MHz							
	Fr.	Dielectric Para	Dielectric Parameters (±10%)					
	(MHz)	εr39.2(35.28-43.12)	δ[s/m]1.80(1.62-1.98)	− Temp [ºC]	Test time			
Head	2402	39.58	1.72					
	2440	39.43	1.80	22.5	Sep. 19, 2024			
	2450	39.36	1.82	22.3	2024			
	2480	39.31	1.92					



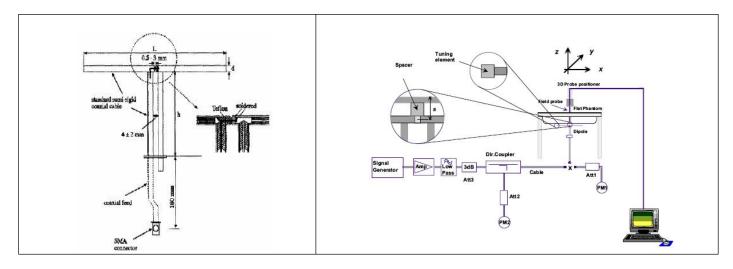
6. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

6.1. SAR System Check Procedures

SAR system check is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are remeasured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system check kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

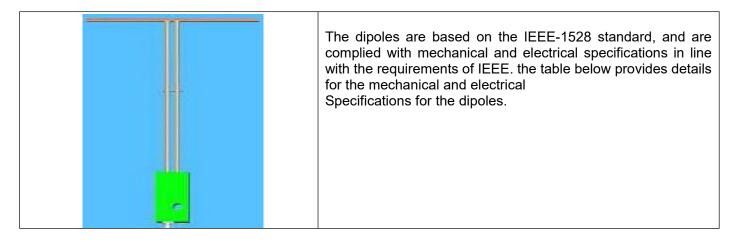
The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system check setup is shown as below.





6.2. SAR System Check

6.2.1. Dipoles



Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6



6.2.2. System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz for Head								
Validation Kit: SN 29/15 DIP 2G450-393								
Frequency		get (W/kg)		ce Result 0%)	Tested Value(W/kg)		Tissue Temp.	Test time
[MHz]	1g	10g	1g	1g 10g		10g	[°Cj	
2450	54.32	24.25	48.888-59.752 21.825-26.675		54.32	25.25	22.5	Sep. 19, 2024

Note:

(1) We use a CW signal of 18dBm for system check, and then all SAR value are normalized to 1W forward power. The result must be within $\pm 10\%$ of target value.



7. EUT TEST POSITION

- (1) This device will be connected the host computer when in use.
- (2) Test all USB orientations see figure below: (A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Vertical-Front, and (D) Vertical-Back and Top with a device-to-phantom separation distance of 5 mm.

7.1. Test Position

- (1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
- (2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
- (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom.



(A)

Horizontal-Up



(B) Horizontal-Down



(C)

Vertical-Front



(D) Vertical-Back

Figure 1: Test position for Dongle devices



8. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit (W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR (Whole body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR (Limbs)	4.0



9. TEST FACILITY

Test Site	Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Location	1-2/F, Building 19, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Designation Number	CN1259
FCC Test Firm Registration Number	975832
A2LA Cert. No.	5054.02
Description	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is accredited by A2LA



10. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment description	Manufacturer/ Model	Identification No.	Software version	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	MVG	2023-EPGO-414	N/A	Apr 30, 2024	Apr 29, 2025
Phantom	SATIMO	SN_4511_SAM90	N/A	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid	SATIMO	N/A	N/A	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Comm Tester	Agilent-8960	GB46310822	A.13.07	Jun. 03, 2024	Jun. 02, 2025
Comm Tester	R&S- CMW500	121209	V3.7.40	Jun. 01, 2024	May 31, 2025
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4114939	N/A	Jun. 01, 2024	May 31, 2025
SAR Software	MVG-OpenSAR	N/A	OpenSAR V4_02_35	N/A	N/A
Dipole	SATIMO SID2450	SN 29/15 DIP 2G450-393	N/A	Apr. 28, 2022	Apr. 27, 2025
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4438C	US41461365	V5.03	Jun. 01, 2024	May 31, 2025
Vector Analyzer	Agilent / E4440A	MY44303916	N/A	Jun. 01, 2024	May 31, 2025
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVL6	SN101443	3.2	Jul. 24, 2024	Jul. 23, 2025
Amplifier	AS0104-55_55	1004793	N/A	N/A	N/A
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C5571-10	SN99463	N/A	Feb. 01, 2024	Jan. 31, 2025
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C6026-10	SN99482	N/A	Feb. 01, 2024	Jan. 31, 2025
Power Sensor	NRP-Z21	1137.6000.02	N/A	Sep. 05, 2024	Sep. 04, 2025
Power Viewer	R&S	V2.3.1.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Calibration standard parts for network sub - port	R&S/ ZV-Z132	N/A	V2.3.1.0	Nov. 11, 2023	Nov. 10, 2024

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;

2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;

3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;

4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement.



11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

SATIMO Uncertainty- 2023-EPGO-414 Measurement uncertainty for DUT averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.									
		Tol	Prob.				1g Ui	10g Ui	
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	(+- %)	Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	(+-%)	(+-%)	vi
Measurement System				1		1	1		1
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.000	N	1	1	1	7.000	7.000	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	1.695	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	0.692	0.692	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.695	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	0.692	0.692	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	1.732	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	2.250	R	1.732	1	1	1.299	1.299	×
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.000	R	1.732	1	1	0.577	0.577	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.000	R	1.732	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1	1	1	0.021	0.021	8
Response Time	E.2.7	0.000	R	1.732	1	1	0.000	0.000	8
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.400	R	1.732	1	1	0.808	0.808	8
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.000	R	1.732	1	1	1.732	1.732	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.000	R	1.732	1	1	1.732	1.732	×
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.400	R	1.732	1	1	0.808	0.808	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.400	R	1.732	1	1	0.808	0.808	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.300	R	1.732	1	1	1.328	1.328	∞
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	8
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	8
Output power variation—SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	5	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
SAR scaling	E.6.5	5	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Phantom and tissue parameter	rs			•			•		
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	1.732	1	1	2.309	2.309	8
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.900	1.596	~
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.120	2.840	М
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.150	1.300	М
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.126	1.025	ø
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.332	0.375	8
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.616	10.432	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				21.232	20.865	



System		ATIMO Und uncertainty				n / 10 gram			
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System	1		1	1		1			
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.000	N	1	1	1	7.000	7.000	8
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	1.695	R	1.732	1.000	1.000	0.979	0.979	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.695	R	1.732	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	1.732	1.000	1.000	0.577	0.577	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	2.250	R	1.732	1.000	1.000	1.299	1.299	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.000	R	1.732	1.000	1.000	0.577	0.577	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Modulation response	E2.5	3.000	R	1.732	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.021	0.021	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.000	R	1.732	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.400	R	1.732	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	∞
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.000	R	1.732	1.000	1.000	1.732	1.732	∞
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.000	R	1.732	1.000	1.000	1.732	1.732	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.400	R	1.732	1.000	1.000	0.808	0.808	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.400	R	1.732	1.000	1.000	0.808	0.808	ø
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.300	R	1.732	1.000	1.000	1.328	1.328	ø
System validation source				•					
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5	N	1	1	1	5	5	~
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5	R	1.732	1	1	2.887	2.887	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2	R	1.732	1	1	1.155	1.155	8
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	1.732	1	1	2.309	2.309	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.596	∞
Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	8
Liquid conductivity (measured)	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.3	М
Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	E.3.4	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.126	1.025	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	E.3.4	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.332	0.375	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.572	10.387	+
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				21.143	20.775	1



S	stem Check	SATIMO Un				/ 10 gram			
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	vi
Measurement System	-								
Probe calibration drift	E.2.1.3	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.5	0.5	8
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	1.695	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.695	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	8
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.000	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	8
Linearity	E.2.4	2.250	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	8
System detection limits	E.2.4	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	8
Modulation response	E2.5	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	8
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.021	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	8
Response Time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	8
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	8
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	8
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0	0.00	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
System check source (dipole)			_						
Deviation of experimental dipoles	E.6.4	2	N	1	1	1	2	2	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2	R	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	8
Phantom and tissue parameter	rs	_	_	1			1		
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1.000	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	N	1.000	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	∞
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1.000	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	М
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	∞
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	М
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				5.562	5.203	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				11.124	10.406	



12. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

SRD

		Max Avera	ge Power(dBm)	
SRD	Max.	Max. CH0 CH1		CH39
	Tune up	2402MHz	2440MHz	2480MHz
SRD(1M)	5	4.55	3.79	4.83
SRD(2M)	5	4.30	3.59	4.63

Note:

1) The tested channel results are marks in bold.



13. TEST RESULTS

13.1. SAR Test Results Summary

13.1.1. Test position and configuration

(A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Vertical-Front, and (D) Vertical-Back and Top was performed test at 5 mm with the device.

13.1.2. Operation Mode

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 ,for each exposure position, if the highest 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04,for each frequency band, if the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg, testing for repeated SAR measurement is required , that the highest measured SAR is only to be tested. When the SAR results are near the limit, the following procedures are required for each device to verify these types of SAR measurement related variation concerns by repeating the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band.
 - (1) When the original highest measured SAR is $\geq 0.8W/kg$, repeat that measurement once.
 - (2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \ge 1.45 W/kg.
 - (3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second measurement is ≥ 1.20.
- 3. Maximum Scaling SAR in order to calculate the Maximum SAR values to test under the standard Peak Power, Calculation method is as follows:

Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) ×[maximum turn-up power (mw)/ maximum measurement output power(mw)]



13.1.3. Test Result

SRD	SRD							
SAR MEASUREN	IENT							
Depth of Liquid (cr	m):>15		Relative H	umidity (%)	: 54.1			
Product: Wireless	Microphone							
Test Mode: SRD								
Position	Mode	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±5%)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power(dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Horizontal-Up	SRD(1M)	2480	0.04	0.519	5	4.83	0.540	1.6
Horizontal-Down	SRD(1M)	2480	0.05	0.261	5	4.83	0.271	1.6
Vertical-Front	SRD(1M)	2480	0.01	0.366	5	4.83	0.381	1.6
Vertical-Back	SRD(1M)	2480	0.01	0.343	5	4.83	0.357	1.6
Тор	SRD(1M)	2480	0.07	0.049	5	4.83	0.051	1.6
Horizontal-Up	SRD(1M)	2402	0.01	0.551	5	4.55	0.611	1.6
Horizontal-Up	SRD(1M)	2440	0.03	0.596	5	3.79	0.787	1.6

Note:

• When the 1-g Reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.

• The test separation for SAR is 5mm of all above table.

· Plots are only shown for the bold markered worst case SAR results.



Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

This device have only one antenna, don't contain multiple transmitters that operate simultaneously, and therefore simultaneous transmission analysis are not requires.

Value of the SAR for SRD:

	Test position	Max 1g-SAR (W/kg)
		SRD
	Horizontal-Up	0.787
	Horizontal-Down	0.271
Body	Vertical-Front	0.381
	Vertical-Back	0.357
	Тор	0.051
	Limit	1.6 W/kg



APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM CHECK DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Head 2450 MHz

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450

Date: Sep. 19, 2024

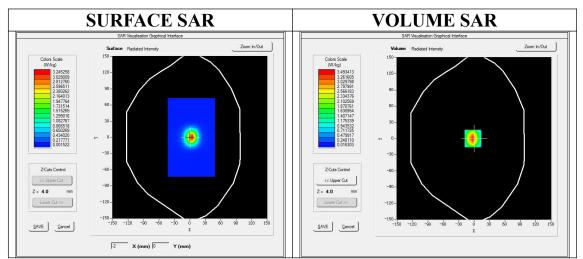
Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=2.16 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ =1.82 mho/m; ϵ r =39.36; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm Ambient temperature (°C):23.2, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.5

SATIMO Configuration

- Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr 30, 2024; Serial No.: 2023-EPGO-414
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Head/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm **Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Head/Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm

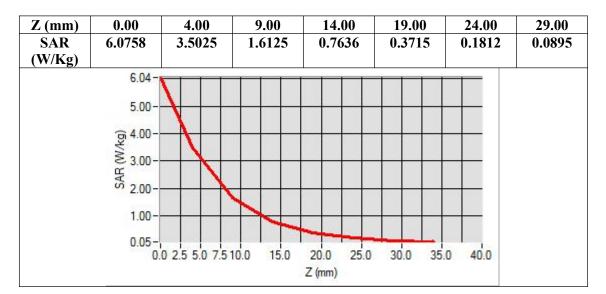
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	SAM twin phantom
Device Position	Flat
Band	CW 2450
Channels	Middle
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0

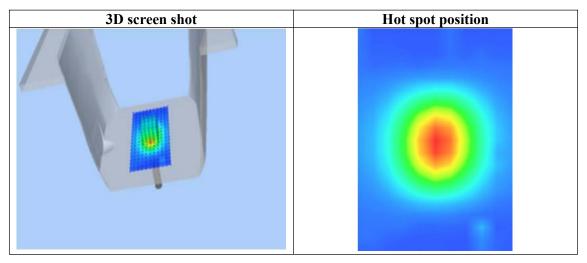


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 6.01 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.593212
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.415262









APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

Date: Sep. 19, 2024

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab SRD Mid-Horizontal-Up DUT: Wireless Microphone; Type: LARK M1

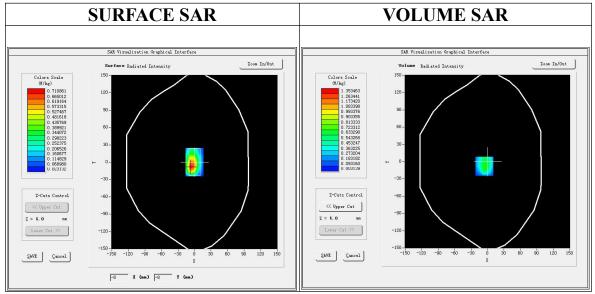
Communication System: SRD; Communication System Band: SRD; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=2.16; Frequency: 2440 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ =1.80 mho/m; ϵ r =39.43; ρ = 1000 kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient temperature (°C):23.2, Liquid temperature (°C): 22.5

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE2; Calibrated: Apr 30, 2024; Serial No.: 2023-EPGO-414
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/SRD Mid-Horizontal-Up /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm **Configuration/SRD Mid-Horizontal-Up /Zoom Scan:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

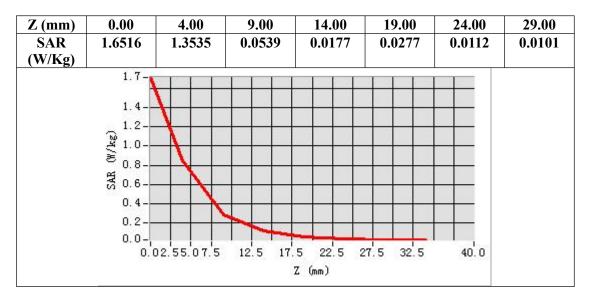
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Horizontal-Up
Band	SRD
Channels	Middle
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0



Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=-8.00 SAR Peak: 1.738 W/kg



SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.276073
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.595635



3D screen shot	Hot spot position



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APPENDIX C. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Refer to Attached files.

APPENDIX D. CALIBRATION DATA

Refer to Attached files.

----END OF REPORT----



Conditions of Issuance of Test Reports

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3. The Company shall not be called or be liable to be called to give evidence or testimony on the Report in a court of law without its prior written consent, unless required by the relevant governmental authorities, laws or court orders.

4. In the event of the improper use of the report as determined by the Company, the Company reserves the right to withdraw it, and to adopt any other additional remedies which may be appropriate.

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8. The Company is not responsible for recalling the electronic version of the original report when any revision is made to them. The Client assumes the responsibility to providing the revised version to any interested party who uses them.

9. Subject to the variable length of retention time for test data and report stored hereinto as otherwise specifically required by individual accreditation authorities, the Company will only keep the supporting test data and information of the test report for a period of six years. The data and information will be disposed of after the aforementioned retention period has elapsed. Under no circumstances shall we provide any data and information which has been disposed of after retention period. Under no circumstances shall we be liable for damage of any kind, including (but not limited to) compensatory damages, lost profits, lost data, or any form of special, incidental, indirect, consequential or punitive damages of any kind, whether based on breach of contract of warranty, tort (including negligence), product liability or otherwise, even if we are informed in advance of the possibility of such damages.