

MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC PART 15 Subpart E- WLAN 802.11a/n/ac

FCC ID: 2AZNT-IOT-800N

APPLICANT: ARBOR Technology Corp.

Application Type: Certification

Product: 8"Android Panel PC

Model No.: IoT-800N

Trademark: ARBOR

FCC Classification: Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)

FCC Rule Part(s): Part 15 Subpart E (Section 15.407)

Test Procedure(s): ANSI C63.10-2013

Received Date: March 12, 2021

Test Date: March 18~April 13, 2021

Tested By : Fran Chen

(Fran Chen)

Reviewed By : Paddy Chen

(Paddy Chen)

Approved By : Chenz Ker

(Chenz Ker)



The test results relate only to the tested samples.

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI C63.10 Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.

Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	Note
2103TWC101-U3	1.0	Original Report	2021-04-22	

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§2.1033 General Information

Applicant	ARBOR Technology Corp.
Applicant Address	10F., No.700, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235, Taiwan
Manufacturer	ARBOR Technology Corp.
Manufacturer Address	10F., No.700, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235, Taiwan
Test Site	MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd
Test Site Address	No. 38, Fuxing Second Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C)
MRT FCC Registration No.	291082
FCC Rule Part(s)	Part 15 Subpart E (Section 15.407)
Test Device Serial No.	#1 <input type="checkbox"/> Production <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Production <input type="checkbox"/> Engineering
FCC Classification	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)

Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at MRT Laboratory located in Fuxing Rd., Taoyuan, Taiwan (R.O.C)

- MRT facility is a FCC registered (Reg. No. 291082) test facility with the site description report on file and is designated by the FCC as an Accredited Test Firm.
- MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 21723) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF Cert. No. 3261) in EMC, Telecommunications and Radio testing for FCC (Designation Number: TW3261), Industry Taiwan, EU and TELEC Rules.

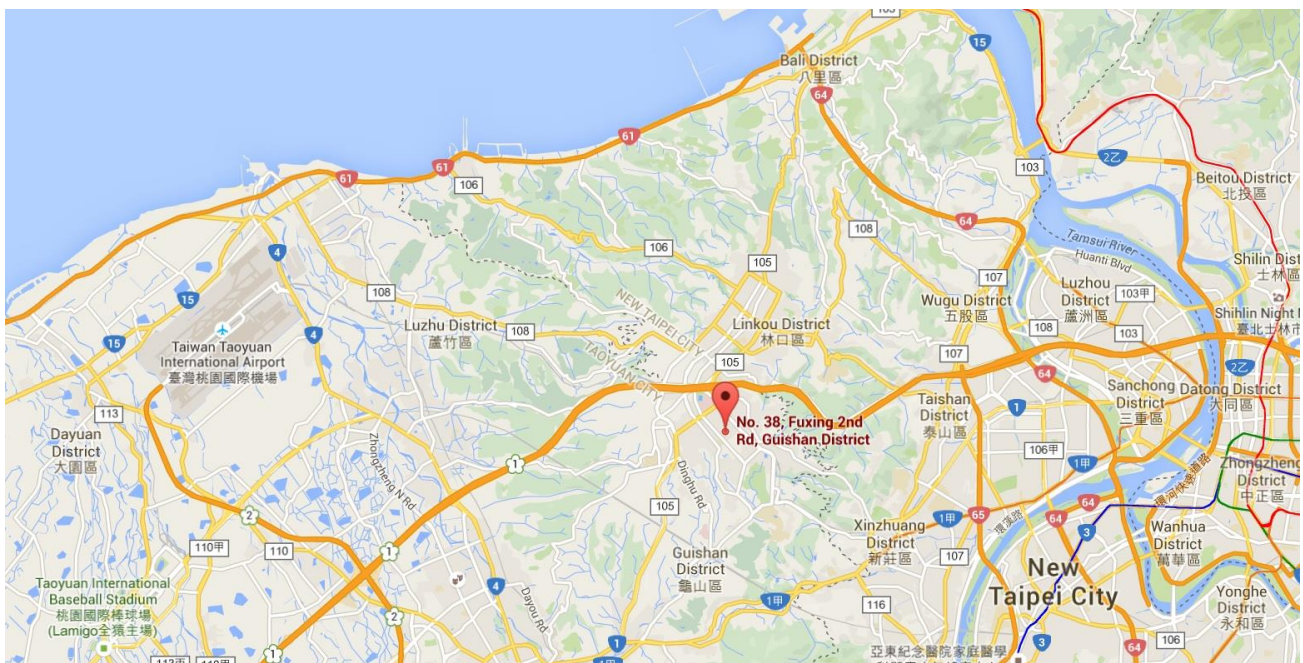
1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taoyuan City. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. Facility located at No.38, Fuxing 2nd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 33377, Taiwan (R.O.C).



2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1. Equipment Description

Product Name	8"Android Panel PC
Model No.	IoT-800N
Trademark	ARBOR
Supports Radios Spec.	2.4G: 802.11b/g/n-20/n-40 5G: 802.11a/n-20/ac-20n/n-40/ac-40/ac-80, Band 1, 4 Bluetooth Dual Mode: V4.2 NFC 13.56MHz
Wi-Fi Specification	802.11a/n/ac (1TX / 1RX)
Frequency Range	5GHz: For 802.11a/n-HT20/ac-VHT-20: 5180~5240MHz, 5745~5825MHz For 802.11n-HT40/ ac-VHT40: 5190~5230MHz, 5755~5795MHz For 802.11ac-VHT80: 5210MHz, 5775MHz
Maximum Output Power	802.11a: 15.91dBm 802.11n-HT20: 14.72dBm 802.11ac-VHT20: 14.70dBm 802.11n-HT40: 14.85dBm 802.11ac-VHT40: 14.75dBm 802.11ac-VHT80: 14.72dBm
Modulation Type	802.11a/n-20/ac-20/n-40/ac-40/ac-80: OFDM (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM,256QAM)
Adapter	MFR: EDACPOWER ELEC. Model No: EA1019BHUS-120 Input: AC 100-240V~0.8A, 50-60Hz Output: DC 12V, 1.66A Cable Out: Non-shielding, 1.5m with Core*1

2.2. Operation Frequencies and Channel List

802.11 n-HT20/ ac-VHT20

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180 MHz	40	5200 MHz	44	5220 MHz
48	5240 MHz	149	5745 MHz	153	5765 MHz
157	5785 MHz	161	5805 MHz	165	5825 MHz

802.11 n-HT40/ ac-VHT40

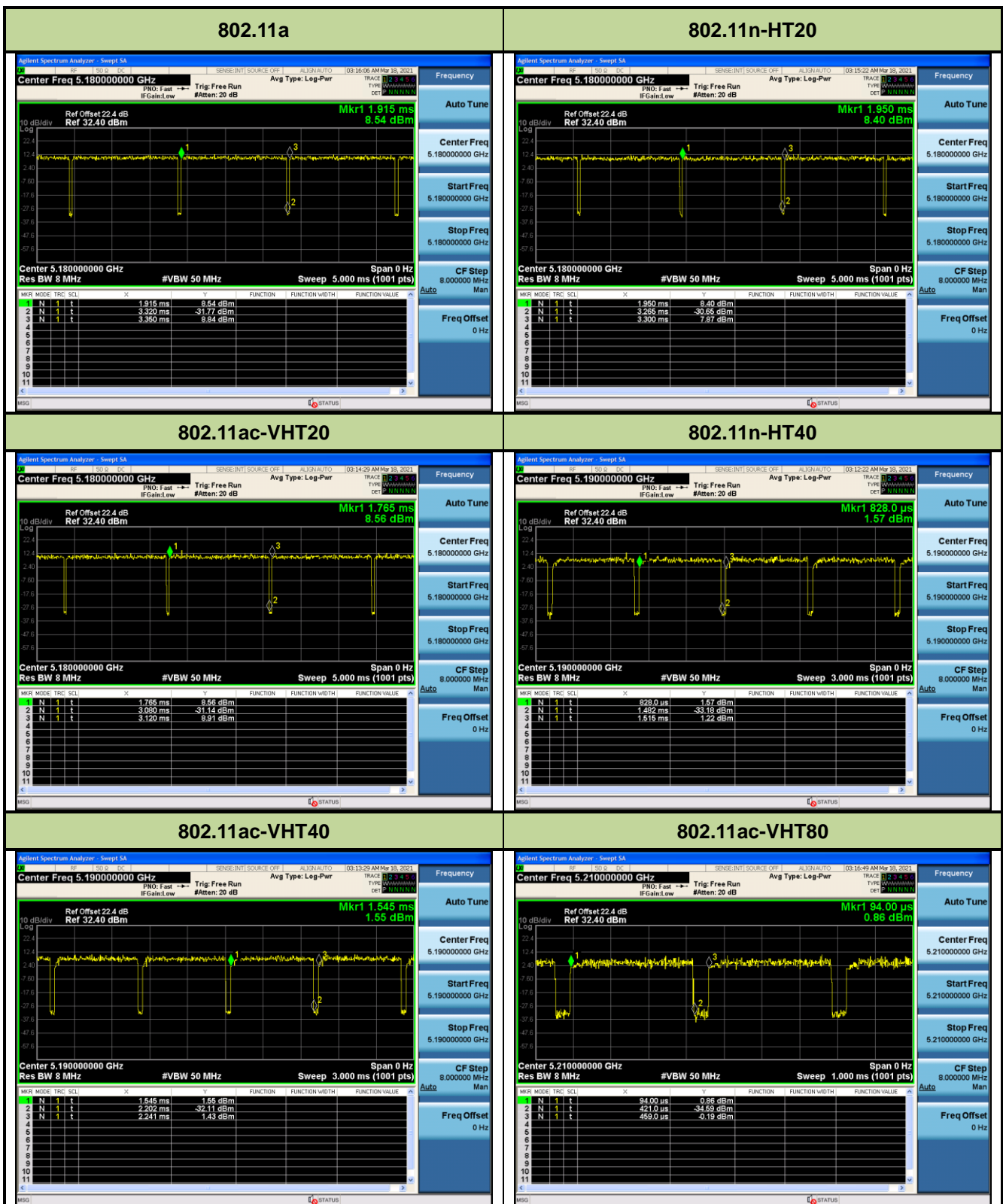
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190 MHz	46	5230 MHz	151	5755 MHz
159	5795 MHz	--	--	--	--

802.11ac-VHT80

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
42	5210 MHz	155	5775 MHz	--	--

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
802.11a	98%
802.11n-HT20	97%
802.11ac-VHT20	97%
802.11n-HT40	95%
802.11ac-VHT40	94%
802.11ac-VHT80	90%



2.3. Test Mode

Test Mode	Mode 1: Transmit by 802.11a
	Mode 2: Transmit by 802.11n-HT20
	Mode 3: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT20
	Mode 4: Transmit by 802.11n-HT40
	Mode 5: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT40
	Mode 6: Transmit by 802.11ac-VHT80

2.4. Test Software

The test utility software used during testing was “Ampak RF Test Tool VER: 5.4”.

2.5. Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

2.4GHz WLAN (DTS) and 5GHz WLAN (NII).

Note: 5GHz (NII) operation is possible in 20MHz, 40MHz and 80MHz channel bandwidths. The maximum achievable duty cycles for all modes were determined based on measurements performed on a spectrum analyzer in zero-span mode with RBW = 8MHz, VBW = 50MHz, and detector = average per the guidance of Section B)2)b) of KDB 789033 D02v02r01. The RBW and VBW were both greater than $50/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration, and the number of sweep points across T was greater than 100. The duty cycles are as follows:

2.6. Test Configuration

This device was tested per the guidance of KDB 789033 D02v02r01. ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

2.7. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.8. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5). Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.

3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST

3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013), and the guidance provided in KDB 789033 were used in the measurement of the device.

Deviation from measurement procedure.....None

3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an 9'x4'x3' shielded enclosure. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, 50Ω/50uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that that cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the receiver and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The receiver was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 9kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or data exchange speed, or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions are used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.

An extension cord was used to connect to a single LISN which powered by EUT. The extension cord was calibrated with LISN, the impedance and insertion loss are compliance with the requirements as stated in ANSI C63.10-2013.

Line conducted emissions test results are shown in Section 7.10.

3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remote controlled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An 80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable.

For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up for frequencies below 1GHz was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table; and test set-up for frequencies 1-40GHz was placed on top of the 1.5 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.

Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beam-Width of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.

4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

“An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.”

- The antenna of the **8”Android Panel PC**, is permanently attached.
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Conclusion:

The EUT unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	ARISTOTLE ENTERPRISES	RFA-25-C2M2-U-M70	Dipole	2.34dBi

5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

Conducted Emissions – SR2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	MRTTWA00019	1 year	2022/3/23
Cable	Rosnol	N1C50-RG400-B 1C50-500CM	MRTTWE00013	1 year	2021/6/21
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00009	1 year	2022/3/24

Radiated Emissions – AC1

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Broadband TRILOG Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9162	MRTTWA00001	1 year	2021/10/5
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	MRTTWA00009	1 year	2022/3/24
Active Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	MRTTWA00002	1 year	2021/4/27
Broadband Horn antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	MRTTWA00003	1 year	2021/4/24
Breitband Hornantenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	MRTTWA00004	1 year	2021/4/24
Broadband Amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9721	MRTTWA00006	1 year	2021/4/24
Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9718	MRTTWA00005	1 year	2021/4/24
Cable	HUBERSUHNER	SF106	MRTTWE00010	1 year	2021/6/16
Cable	Rosnol	K1K50-UP0264- K1K50-4M	MRTTWE00012	1 year	2021/6/21

Conducted Test Equipment – SR2

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Asset No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MRTTWA00012	1 year	2021/10/14
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MRTTWA00074	1 year	2021/7/14
USB Wideband Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2021XA	MRTTWA00015	1 year	2022/3/24

Test Software

Software	Version	Function
e3	9.160520a	EMI Test Software
EMI	V3	EMI Test Software

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k = 2$.

Conducted Emission- Power Line
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): 0.15MHz~30MHz: $\pm 2.53\text{dB}$
Radiated Spurious Emission
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): 9kHz~30MHz: $\pm 3.92\text{dB}$ 30MHz~1GHz: $\pm 4.25\text{dB}$ 1GHz~18GHz: $\pm 4.40\text{dB}$ 18GHz~40GHz: $\pm 4.45\text{dB}$
Frequency Error
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): $\pm 78.4\text{Hz}$
Conducted Power
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): $\pm 0.84\text{dB}$
Conducted Spurious Emission
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): $\pm 2.65\text{ dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): 3.3%
Temp. / Humidity
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): $\pm 0.82^\circ\text{C}/ \pm 3\%$
DC Voltage
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): $\pm 0.3\%$

7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

Company Name: 8"Android Panel PC
Model No.: IoT-800N
Data Rate(s) Tested: 6Mbps ~ 54Mbps (a);
6.5/7.2Mbps ~ 65/72.2Mbps (n-HT20);
13.5/15.0Mbps ~ 135/150Mbps (n-HT40);
6.5/7.2Mbps ~ 78/86.7Mbps (ac-VHT20MHz);
13.5/15.0Mbps ~ 180/200Mbps (ac-VHT40MHz);
29.3/32.5Mbps ~ 390/433.3Mbps (ac-VHT80MHz)

FCC Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
15.407(a)	26dB Bandwidth	N/A	Conducted	Pass	Section 7.2
15.407(e)	6dB Bandwidth	$\geq 500\text{kHz}$		Pass	Section 7.3
15.407(a)(1)(i), (2), (3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Refer to Section 7.5		Pass	Section 7.5
15.407(h)(1)	Transmit Power Control	$\leq 24\text{ dBm}$		N/A	Section 7.6
15.407(a)(1)(i), (2), (3), (5)	Power Spectral Density	Refer to Section 7.7		Pass	Section 7.7
15.407(b)(1), (4)	Undesirable Emissions	$\leq -27\text{dBm/MHz EIRP}$ $\leq -17\text{dBm/MHz EIRP}$	Radiated	Pass	Section 7.8 & 7.9
15.205, 15.209 15.407(b)(5), (6), (7)	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		Pass	
15.207	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz - 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	Line Conducted	Pass	Section 7.10

Notes:

- 1) Determining compliance is based on the test results met the regulation limits or requirements declared by clients, and the test results don't take into account the value of measurement uncertainty.
- 2) All channels, modes, and modulations/data rates were investigated among all UNII bands. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 3) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.

7.2. 26dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.2.1. Test Limit

N/A

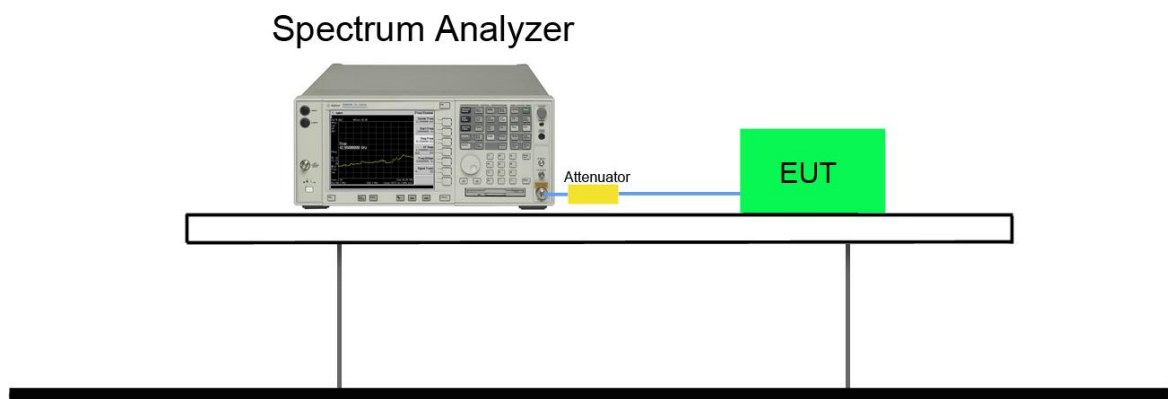
7.2.2. Test Procedure used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section C.1

7.2.3. Test Setting

1. The analyzers' automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 26dB bandwidth measurement. The "X" dB bandwidth parameter was set to $X = 26$. The automatic bandwidth measurement function also has the capability of simultaneously measuring the 99% occupied bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediated power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
3. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
4. Detector = Peak.
5. Trace mode = max hold.

7.2.4. Test Setup



7.2.5. Test Result

Product	8"Android Panel PC	Test Engineer	Eric
Test Site	SR2	Test Date	2021/4/12
Test Item	26dB Bandwidth		

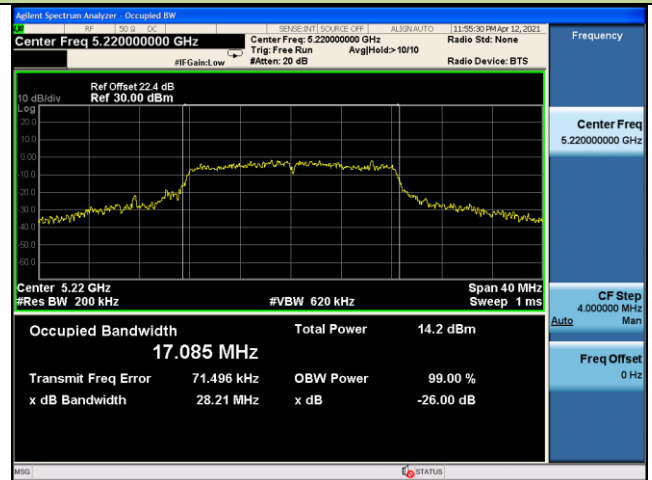
Test Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11a	36	5180	27.250	16.925
802.11a	44	5220	28.210	17.085
802.11a	48	5240	23.420	16.821
802.11a	149	5745	28.400	17.241
802.11a	157	5785	28.430	16.879
802.11a	165	5825	27.790	16.972
802.11n-HT20	36	5180	26.730	18.055
802.11n-HT20	44	5220	25.450	17.962
802.11n-HT20	48	5240	27.240	17.968
802.11n-HT20	149	5745	36.710	19.902
802.11n-HT20	157	5785	30.760	18.345
802.11n-HT20	165	5825	32.850	18.172
802.11n-HT40	38	5190	39.650	36.286
802.11n-HT40	46	5230	44.580	36.289
802.11n-HT40	151	5755	52.850	36.340
802.11n-HT40	159	5795	52.100	36.342
802.11ac-VHT80	42	5210	81.220	75.624
802.11ac-VHT80	155	5775	108.900	75.702

802.11a 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

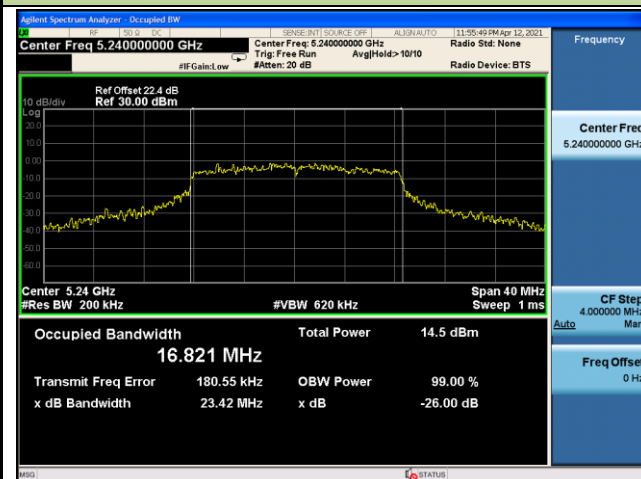
Channel 36 (5180MHz)



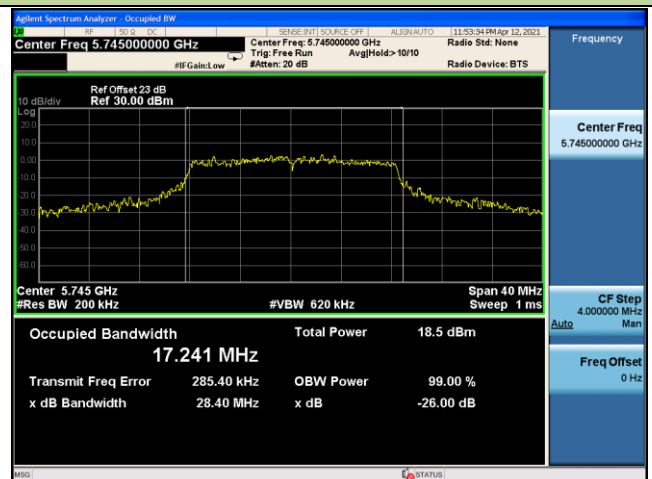
Channel 44 (5220MHz)



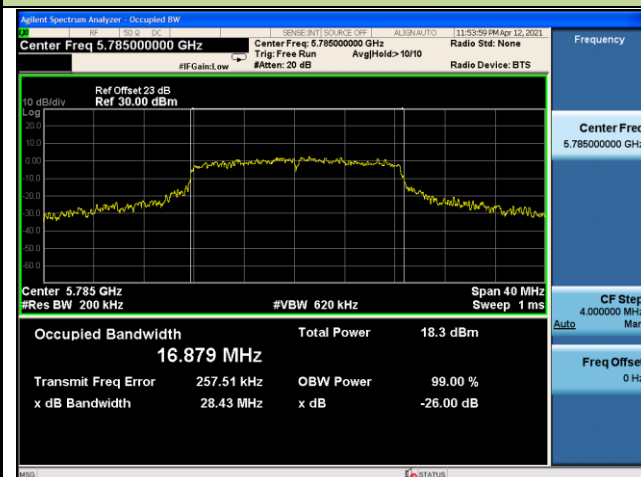
Channel 48 (5240MHz)



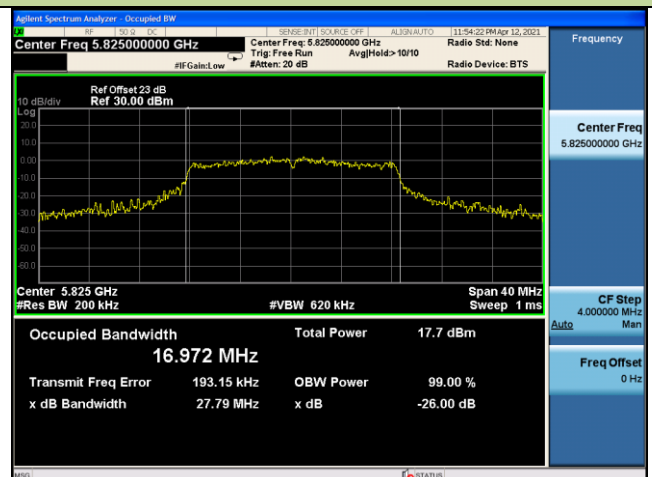
Channel 149 (5745MHz)



Channel 157 (5785MHz)



Channel 165 (5825MHz)

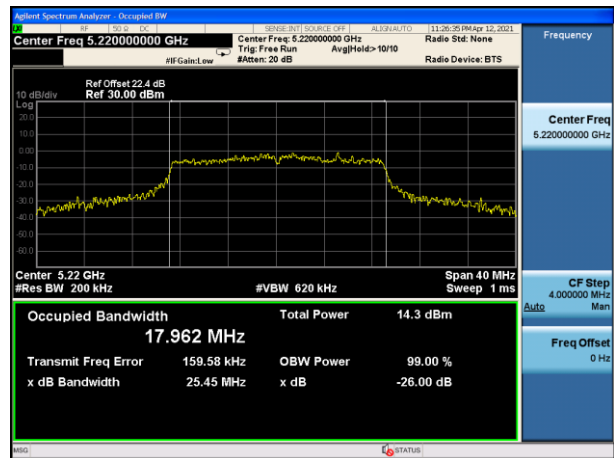


802.11n-HT20 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

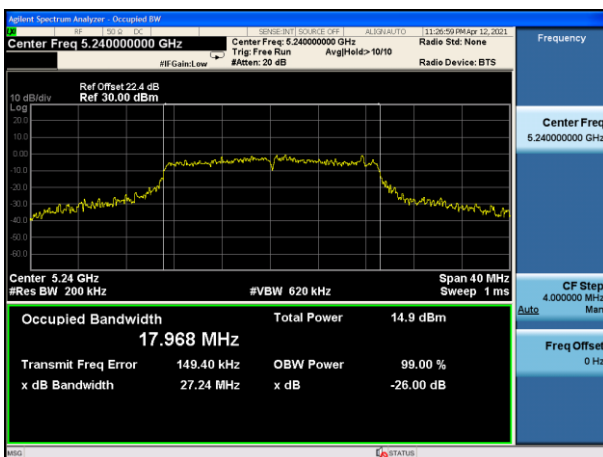
Channel 36 (5180MHz)



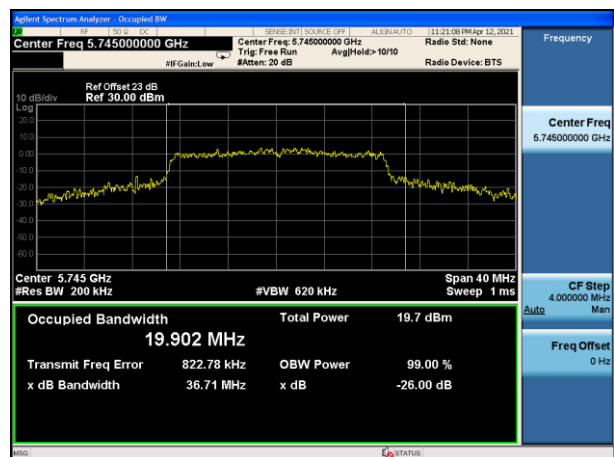
Channel 44 (5220MHz)



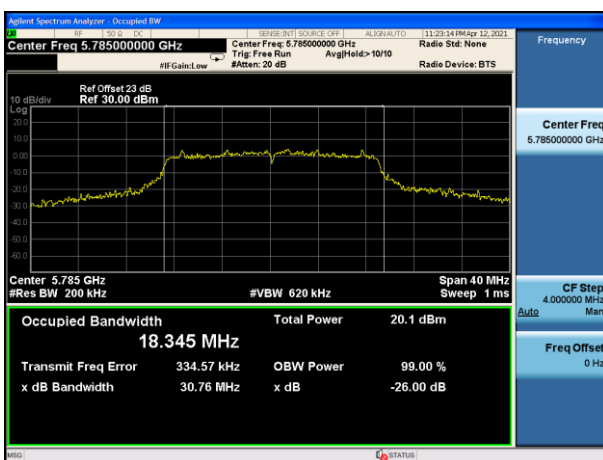
Channel 48 (5240MHz)



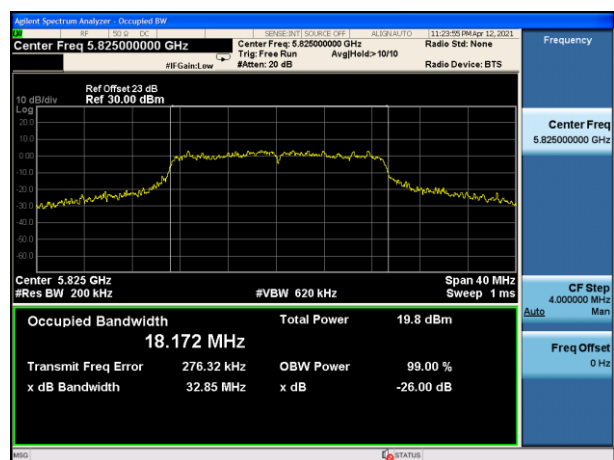
Channel 149 (5745MHz)



Channel 157 (5785MHz)

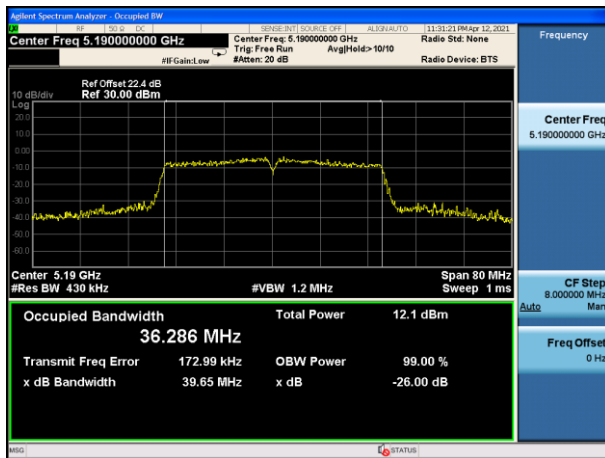


Channel 165 (5825MHz)

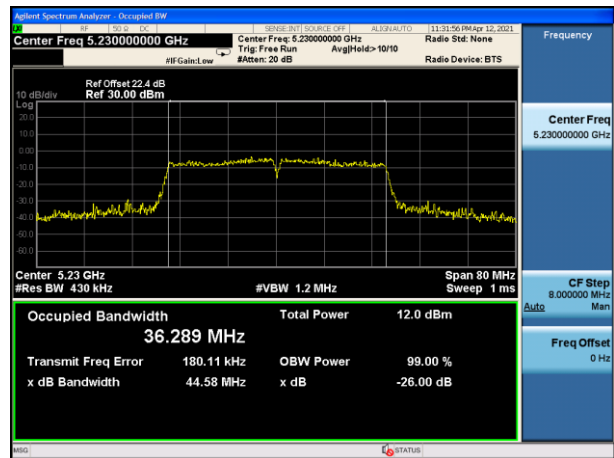


802.11n-HT40 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

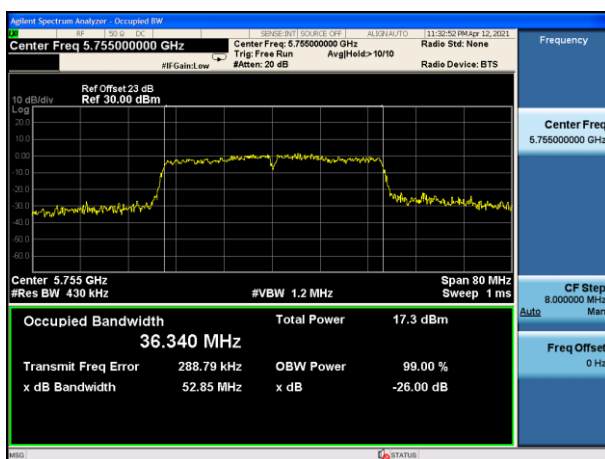
Channel 38 (5190MHz)



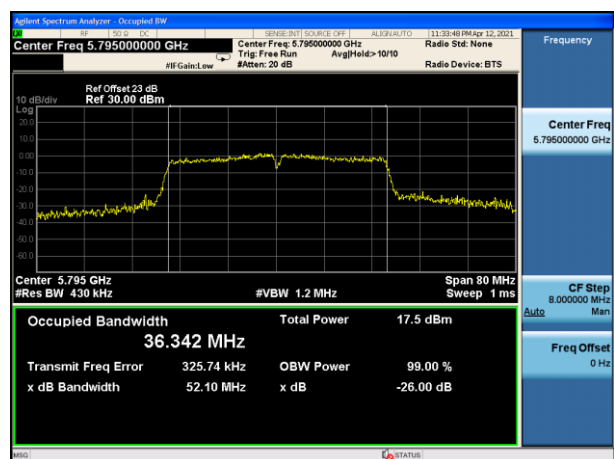
Channel 46 (5230MHz)



Channel 151 (5755MHz)

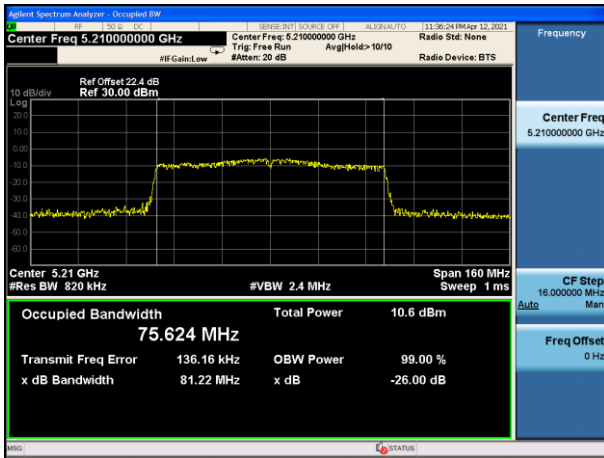


Channel 159 (5795MHz)

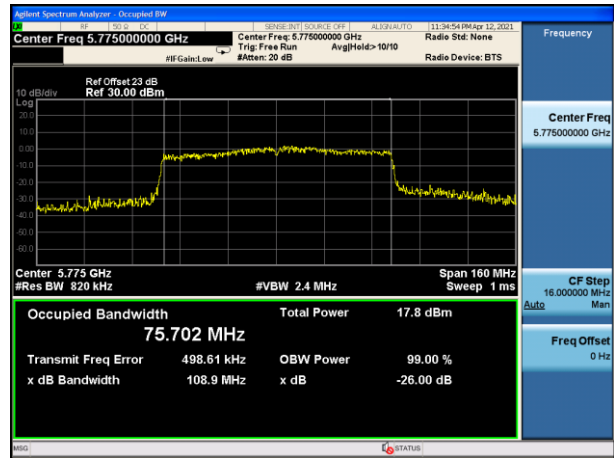


802.11ac-VHT80 26dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

Channel 42 (5210MHz)



Channel 155 (5775MHz)



7.3. 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.3.1. Test Limit

The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

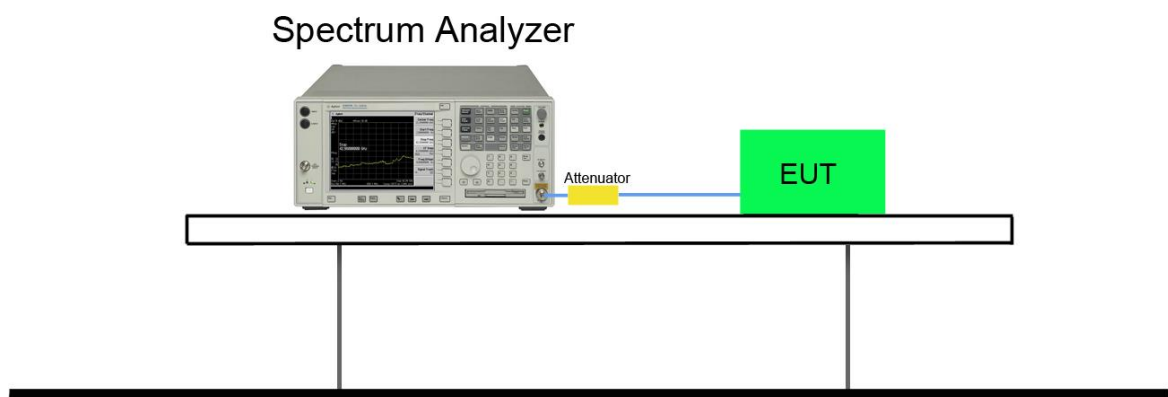
7.3.2. Test Procedure used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section C.2

7.3.3. Test Setting

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
2. RBW = 100 kHz.
3. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
4. Detector = Peak.
5. Trace mode = max hold.
6. Sweep = auto couple.
7. Allow the trace to stabilize.
8. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

7.3.4. Test Setup



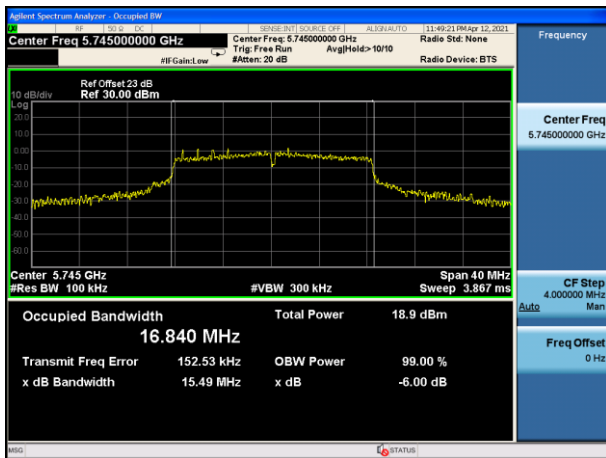
7.3.5. Test Result

Product	8"Android Panel PC	Test Engineer	Eric
Test Site	SR2	Test Date	2021/4/12
Test Item	6dB Bandwidth		

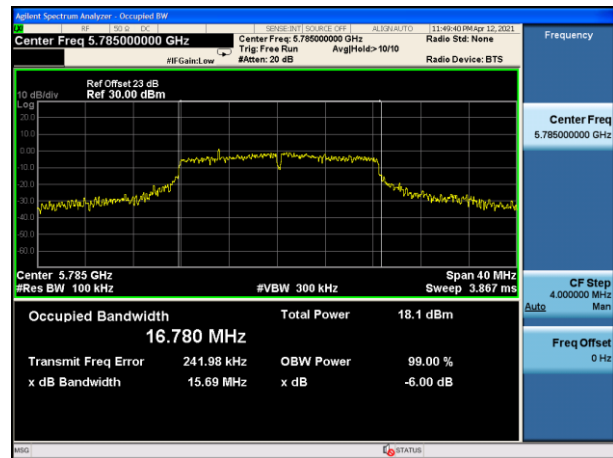
Test Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
802.11a	149	5745	15.490	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11a	157	5785	15.690	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11a	165	5825	16.370	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	149	5745	14.780	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	157	5785	15.710	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	165	5825	17.010	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	151	5755	35.320	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	159	5795	35.520	≥ 0.5	Pass
802.11ac-VHT80	155	5775	75.380	≥ 0.5	Pass

802.11a 6dB Bandwidth

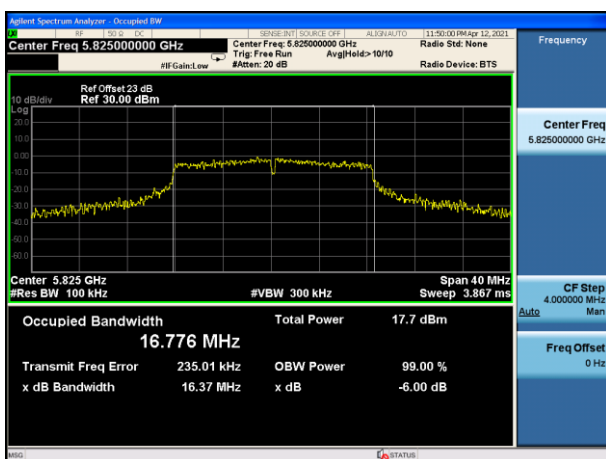
Channel 149 (5745MHz)



Channel 157 (5785MHz)

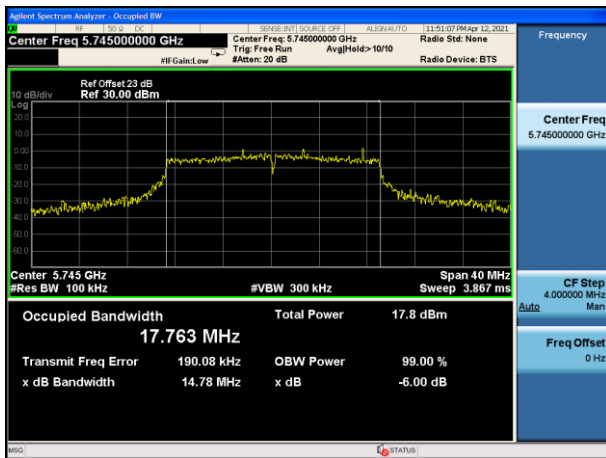


Channel 165 (5825MHz)

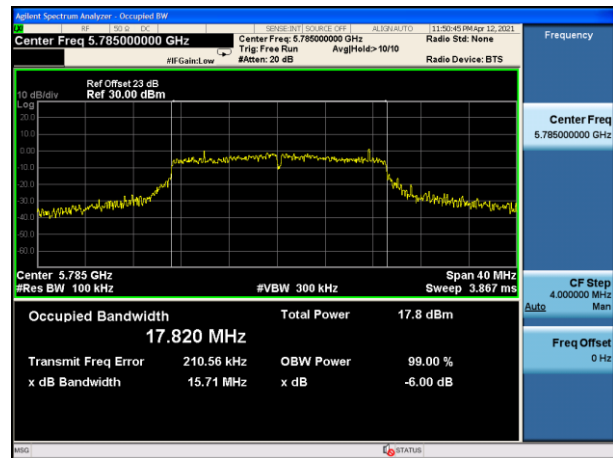


802.11n-HT20 6dB Bandwidth

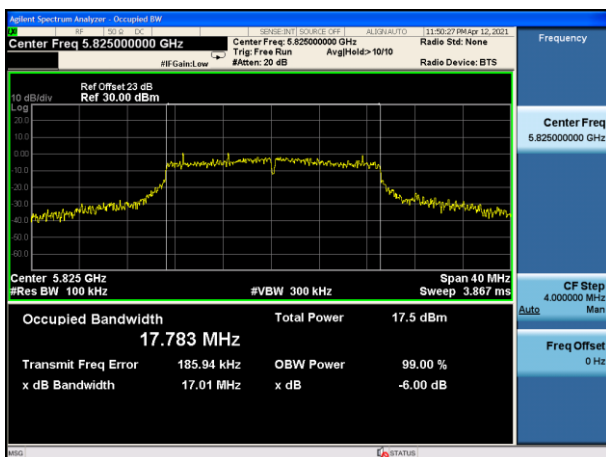
Channel 149 (5745MHz)



Channel 157 (5785MHz)

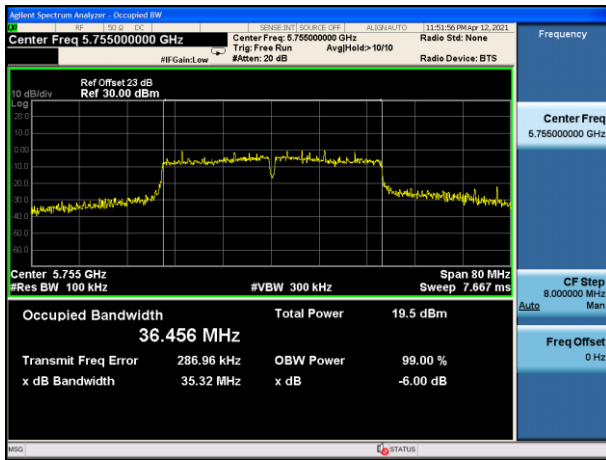


Channel 165 (5825MHz)

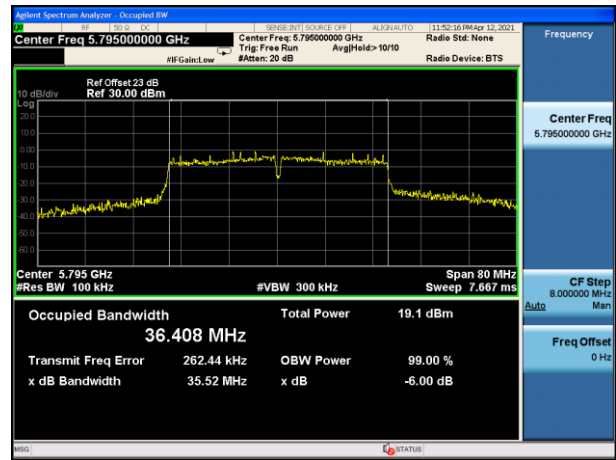


802.11n-HT40 6dB Bandwidth

Channel 151 (5755MHz)

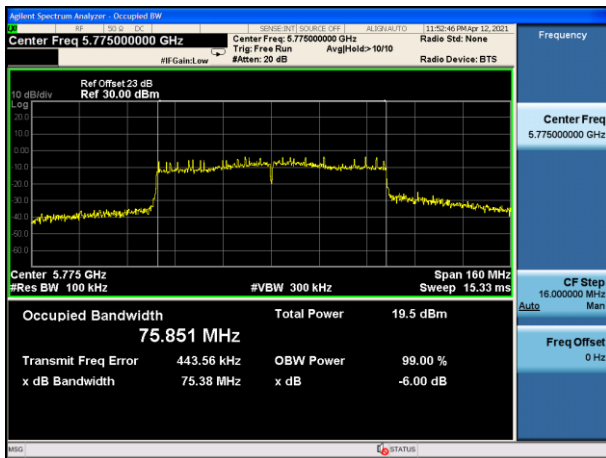


Channel 159 (5795MHz)



802.11ac-VHT80 6dB Bandwidth

Channel 155 (5775MHz)



7.4. Output Power Measurement

7.4.1. Test Limit

For FCC Power Measurement Limit

For client operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250mW.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW (23.98dBm) or $11\text{dBm} + 10 \log(26\text{dB BW})$.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W (30dBm).

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

For IC Power Measurement Limit

For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW (23.01dBm) or $10 + 10 \cdot \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW (23.98dBm) or $11 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever power is less. The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W (30dBm) or $17 + 10 \log_{10} B$, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz.

For the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

Max Conducted Output Power Limit Calculation as below:

For U-NII-1 (5150-5250MHz)
24dBm for Client Device

For U-NII-3 (5725-5850MHz)
30dBm for Client Device

EIRP Limit Calculation as below:

For U-NII-1 (5150-5250MHz)
36dBm with 6dBi Antenna Gain

For U-NII-3 (5725-5850MHz)
36dBm with 6dBi Antenna Gain

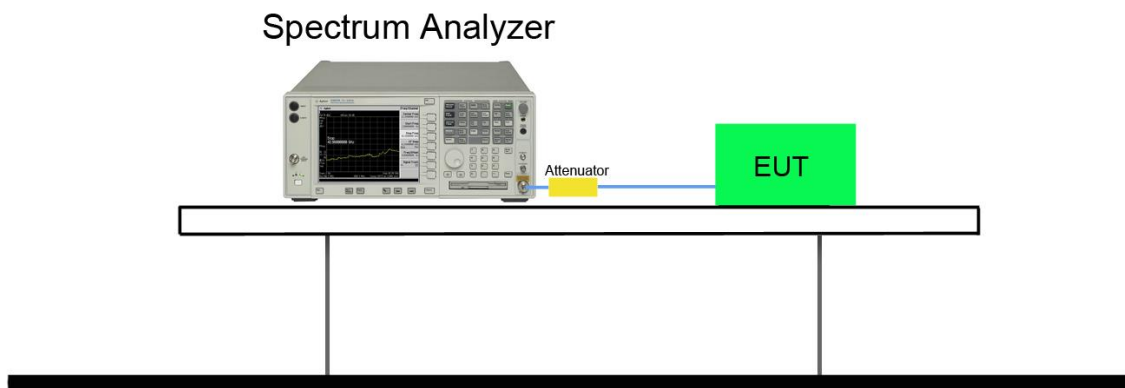
7.4.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section E) 3) b) Method PM-G

7.4.3. Test Setting

Average power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter. The trace was averaged over 100 traces to obtain the final measured average power.

7.4.4. Test Setup



7.4.5. Test Result

Product	8"Android Panel PC	Test Engineer	Eric
Test Site	SR2	Test Date	2021/4/12
Test Item	Output Power		

802.11a										
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power								Required Limit (dBm)
		For different Data Rate (Mbps)								
		6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54	
36	5180	10.37	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 24
44	5220	10.58	10.53	10.47	10.33	10.25	9.98	9.81	9.70	≤ 24
48	5240	10.72	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 24
149	5745	15.59	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 30
157	5785	14.57	14.52	14.46	14.41	14.35	14.17	14.04	13.90	≤ 30
165	5825	15.91	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 30

802.11n-20M										
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power								Required Limit (dBm)
		For different Data Rate (Mbps)								
		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	
36	5180	8.71	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 24
44	5220	8.75	8.68	8.57	8.45	8.33	8.21	8.04	7.94	≤ 24
48	5240	9.15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 24
149	5745	14.71	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 30
157	5785	14.72	14.65	14.56	14.43	14.33	14.22	14.07	14.00	≤ 30
165	5825	14.70	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 30

802.11ac-20M												
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power										Required Limit (dBm)
		For different Data Rate (Mbps)										
		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	
36	5180	8.66	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 24
44	5220	8.70	8.55	8.49	8.35	8.28	8.16	8.05	7.99	7.89	7.85	≤ 24
48	5240	9.08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 24
149	5745	14.49	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 30
157	5785	14.56	14.51	14.44	14.38	14.34	14.21	14.15	14.11	14.08	14.04	≤ 30
165	5825	14.70	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 30

802.11n-40M										
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power								Required Limit (dBm)
		For different Data Rate (Mbps)								
		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	
38	5190	6.07	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 24
46	5230	6.29	6.16	5.85	5.60	5.44	5.32	5.16	5.08	≤ 24
151	5755	14.85	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 30
159	5795	13.81	13.76	13.69	13.61	13.58	13.40	13.25	13.20	≤ 30

802.11ac-40M												
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power										Required Limit (dBm)
		For different Data Rate (Mbps)										
		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	
38	5190	6.01	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 24
46	5230	6.28	6.07	5.82	5.57	5.38	5.22	5.03	4.91	4.83	4.79	≤ 24
151	5755	14.75	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	≤ 30
159	5795	13.33	13.26	13.10	12.99	12.88	12.83	12.68	12.50	12.36	12.30	≤ 30

802.11ac-80M												
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power										Required Limit (dBm)
		For different Data Rate (Mbps)										
		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	MCS8	MCS9	
42	5210	4.02	3.76	3.43	2.93	2.70	2.60	2.53	2.46	2.34	2.23	≤ 24
155	5775	14.72	14.43	14.23	13.83	13.56	13.43	13.33	13.22	13.16	13.08	≤ 30

Note: Output power =Reading value on Spectrum Analyzer + duty cycle factor + cable loss °

E.I.R.P Power

Test Mode	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Average Power Limit (dBm)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP Limit (dBm)	Result
11a	36	5180	10.28	10.37	≤ 24	12.71	≤ 30	Pass
11a	44	5220	10.49	10.58	≤ 24	12.92	≤ 30	Pass
11a	48	5240	10.63	10.72	≤ 24	13.06	≤ 30	Pass
11a	149	5745	15.50	15.59	≤ 30	17.93	≤ 36	Pass
11a	157	5785	14.48	14.57	≤ 30	16.91	≤ 36	Pass
11a	165	5825	15.82	15.91	≤ 30	18.25	≤ 36	Pass
11n-HT20	36	5180	8.60	8.71	≤ 24	11.05	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	44	5220	8.64	8.75	≤ 24	11.09	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	48	5240	9.04	9.15	≤ 24	11.49	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	149	5745	14.60	14.71	≤ 30	17.05	≤ 36	Pass
11n-HT20	157	5785	14.61	14.72	≤ 30	17.06	≤ 36	Pass
11n-HT20	165	5825	14.59	14.70	≤ 30	17.04	≤ 36	Pass
11ac-VHT20	36	5180	8.53	8.66	≤ 24	11.00	≤ 30	Pass
11ac-VHT20	44	5220	8.57	8.70	≤ 24	11.04	≤ 30	Pass
11ac-VHT20	48	5240	8.95	9.08	≤ 24	11.42	≤ 30	Pass
11ac-VHT20	149	5745	14.36	14.49	≤ 30	16.83	≤ 36	Pass
11ac-VHT20	157	5785	14.43	14.56	≤ 30	16.90	≤ 36	Pass
11ac-VHT20	165	5825	14.57	14.70	≤ 30	17.04	≤ 36	Pass
11n-HT40	38	5190	5.86	6.07	≤ 24	8.41	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT40	46	5230	6.08	6.29	≤ 24	8.63	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT40	151	5755	14.64	14.85	≤ 30	17.19	≤ 36	Pass
11n-HT40	159	5795	13.60	13.81	≤ 30	16.15	≤ 36	Pass
11ac-VHT40	38	5190	5.76	6.01	≤ 24	8.35	≤ 30	Pass
11ac-VHT40	46	5230	6.03	6.28	≤ 24	8.62	≤ 30	Pass
11ac-VHT40	151	5755	14.50	14.75	≤ 30	17.09	≤ 36	Pass
11ac-VHT40	159	5795	13.08	13.33	≤ 30	15.67	≤ 36	Pass
11ac-VHT80	42	5210	3.54	4.02	≤ 24	6.36	≤ 30	Pass
11ac-VHT80	155	5775	14.24	14.72	≤ 30	17.06	≤ 36	Pass

Note1: Average power = Reading value on Spectrum Analyzer + duty cycle factor + cable loss.

Note2: E.I.R.P Power = Total Average Power (dBm) + Antenna Gain (dBi).

Note3: Antenna Gain: 2.34dBi.

7.5. Transmit Power Control

7.5.1. Test Limit

The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm.

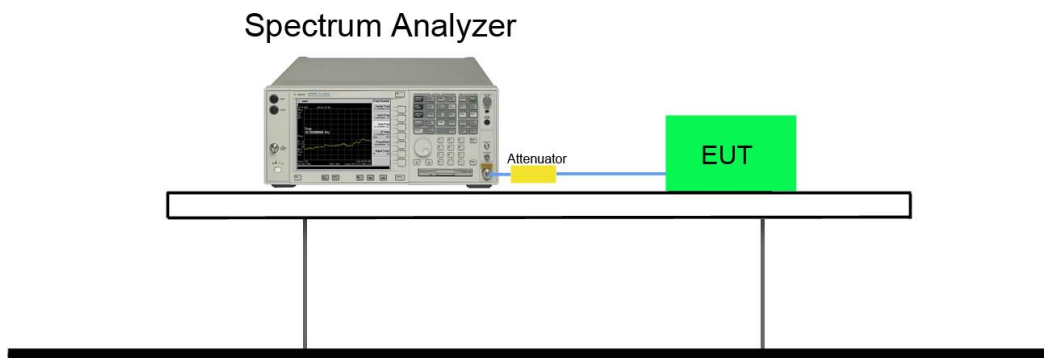
7.5.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section E) 3) b) Method PM-G

7.5.3. Test Setting

Average power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The power meter implemented triggering and gating capabilities which were set up such that power measurements were recorded only during the ON time of the transmitter. The trace was averaged over 100 traces to obtain the final measured average power.

7.5.4. Test Setup



7.5.5. Test Result

Note: TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW.

7.6. Power Spectral Density Measurement

7.6.1. Test Limit

For FCC Power Spectral Density Limit

For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

For IC Power Spectral Density Limit

For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.

For the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band.

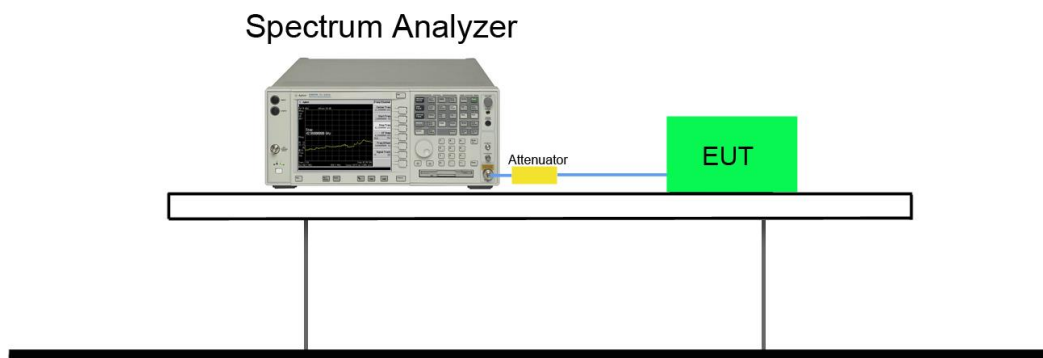
7.6.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 - Section F

7.6.3. Test Setting

1. Analyzer was set to the center frequency of the UNII channel under investigation
2. Span was set to encompass the entire 26dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1MHz, if measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz,
4. RBW = 100 kHz
5. VBW = 3MHz
6. Number of sweep points $\geq 2 \times (\text{span} / \text{RBW})$
7. Detector = power averaging (Average)
8. Sweep time = auto
9. Trigger = free run
10. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
11. Add $10 \cdot \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add $10 \cdot \log(1/0.25) = 6$ dB if the duty cycle is 25 percent.
12. When the measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add a constant factor $10 \cdot \log(500\text{kHz}/100\text{kHz}) = 7$ dB to the measured result

7.6.4. Test Setup



7.6.5. Test Result

Product	8"Android Panel PC	Test Engineer	Eric
Test Site	SR2	Test Date	2021/4/12
Test Item	Power Spectral Density		

For FCC bands (UNII-1)

Test Mode	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD (dBm/ MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Total PSD (dBm/ MHz)	PSD Limit (dBm /MHz)	Result
11a	36	5180	1.532	98%	1.624	≤ 11	Pass
11a	44	5220	1.351	98%	1.443	≤ 11	Pass
11a	48	5240	2.034	98%	2.126	≤ 11	Pass
11n-HT20	36	5180	-0.006	97%	0.108	≤ 11	Pass
11n-HT20	44	5220	-0.453	97%	-0.339	≤ 11	Pass
11n-HT20	48	5240	-0.458	97%	-0.344	≤ 11	Pass
11n-HT40	38	5190	-5.872	95%	-5.658	≤ 11	Pass
11n-HT40	46	5230	-5.602	95%	-5.388	≤ 11	Pass
11ac-VHT80	42	5210	-10.875	90%	-10.398	≤ 11	Pass

Note: Total PSD (dBm/MHz) = PSD (dBm/MHz) + 10*log(1/duty cycle).

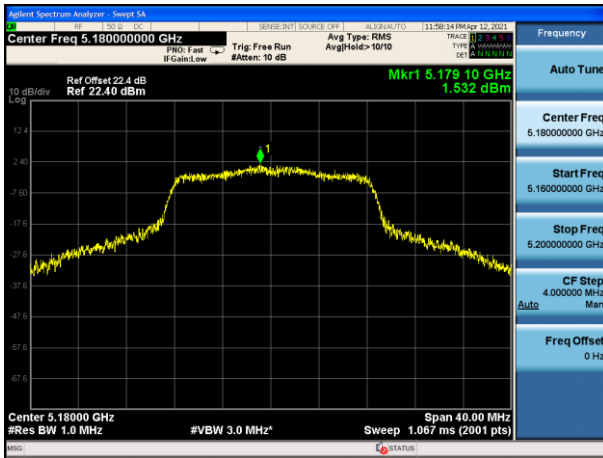
For FCC bands (UNII-4)

Test Mode	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	PSD (dBm/500kHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Total PSD (dBm/500kHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/500kHz)	Result
11a	149	5745	3.326	98%	3.418	≤ 30	Pass
11a	157	5785	5.629	98%	5.721	≤ 30	Pass
11a	165	5825	5.107	98%	5.199	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	149	5745	2.592	97%	2.706	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	157	5785	5.159	97%	5.273	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT20	165	5825	3.591	97%	3.705	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT40	151	5755	0.234	95%	0.448	≤ 30	Pass
11n-HT40	159	5795	1.325	95%	1.539	≤ 30	Pass
11ac-VHT80	155	5775	-2.788	90%	-2.311	≤ 30	Pass

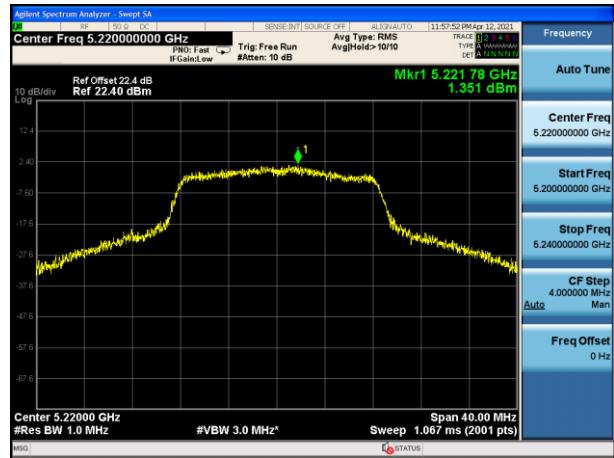
Note: Total PSD (dBm/500kHz) = PSD (dBm/500kHz) + 10*log(1/duty cycle).

802.11a Power Spectral Density

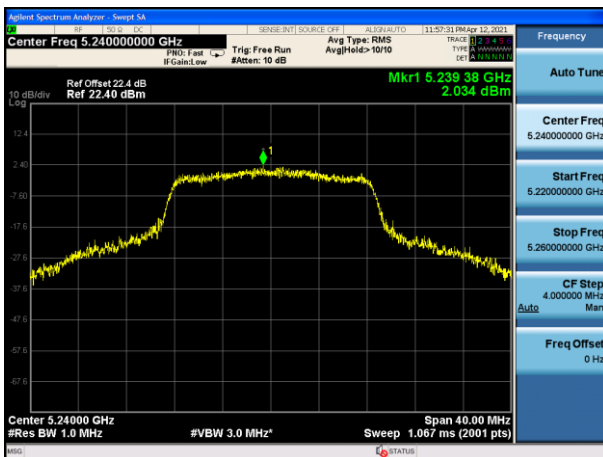
Channel 36 (5180MHz)



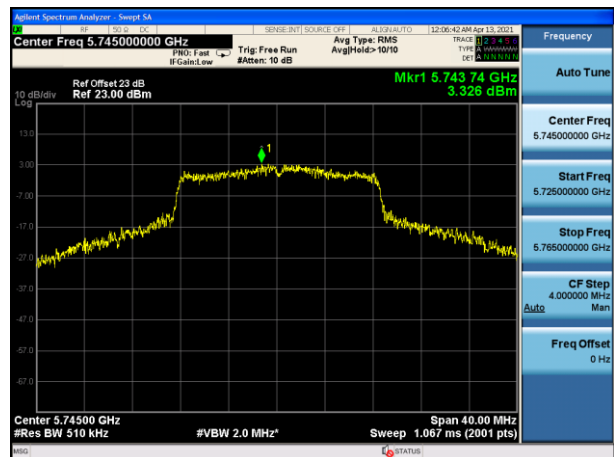
Channel 44 (5220MHz)



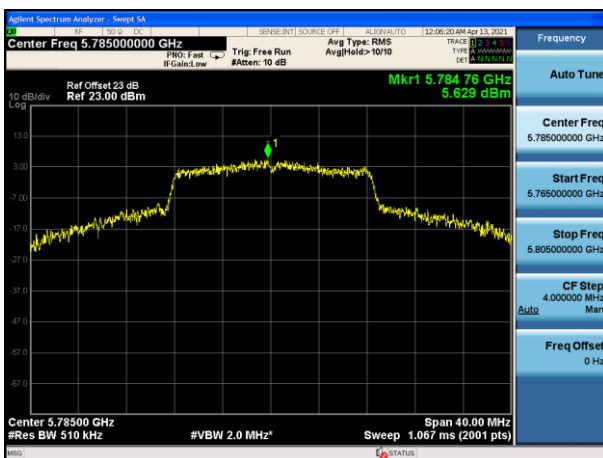
Channel 48 (5240MHz)



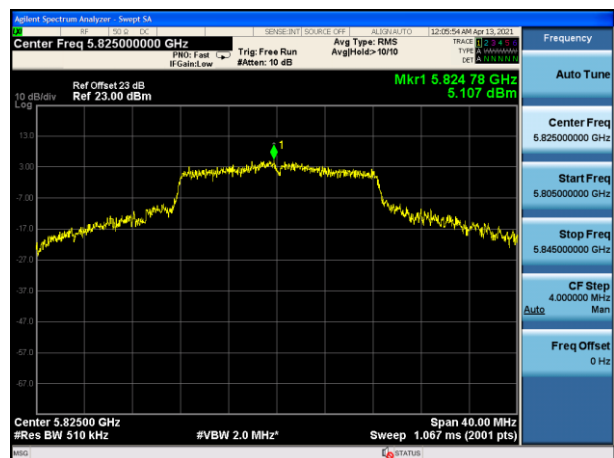
Channel 149 (5745MHz)



Channel 157 (5785MHz)

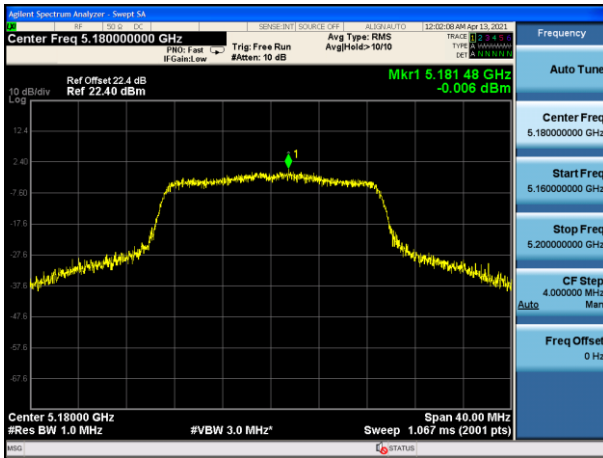


Channel 165 (5825MHz)

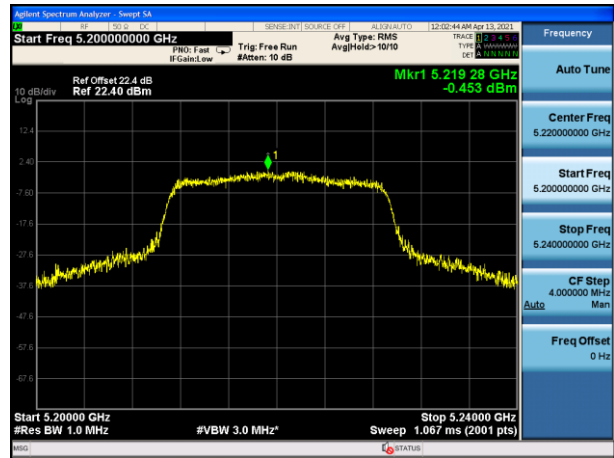


802.11n-HT20 Power Spectral Density

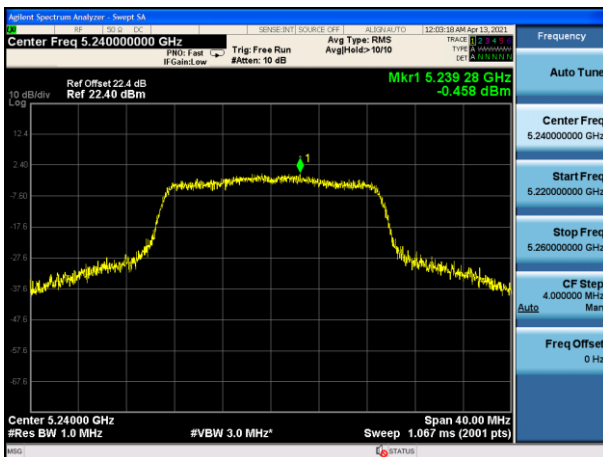
Channel 36 (5180MHz)



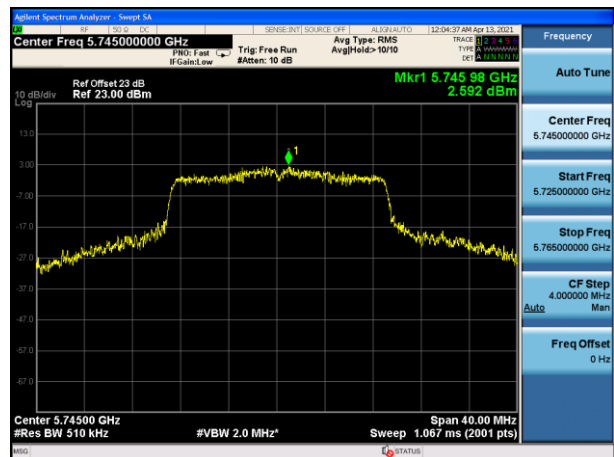
Channel 44 (5220MHz)



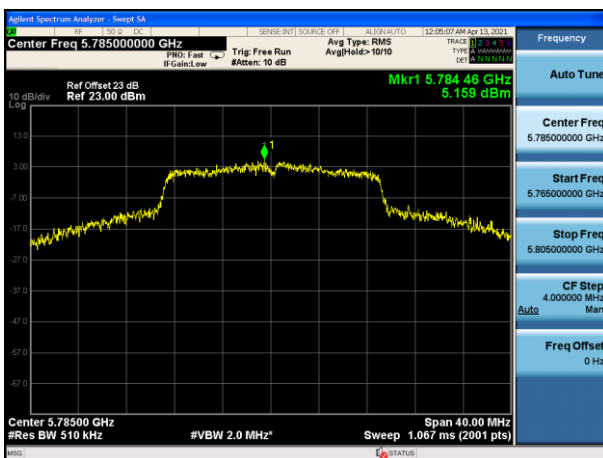
Channel 48 (5240MHz)



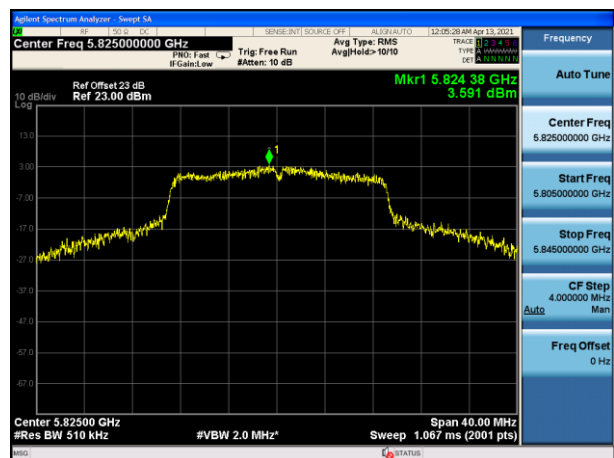
Channel 149 (5745MHz)



Channel 157 (5785MHz)

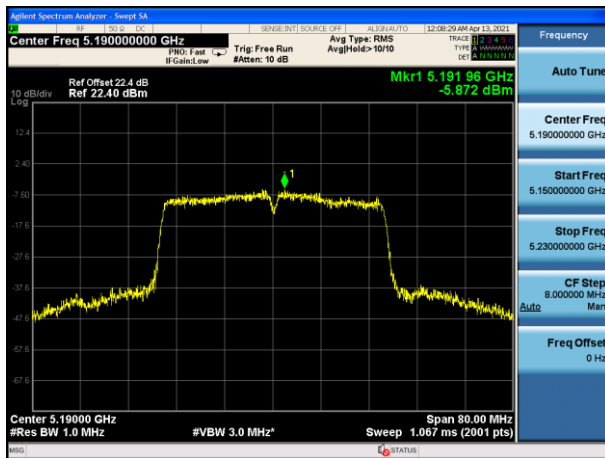


Channel 165 (5825MHz)

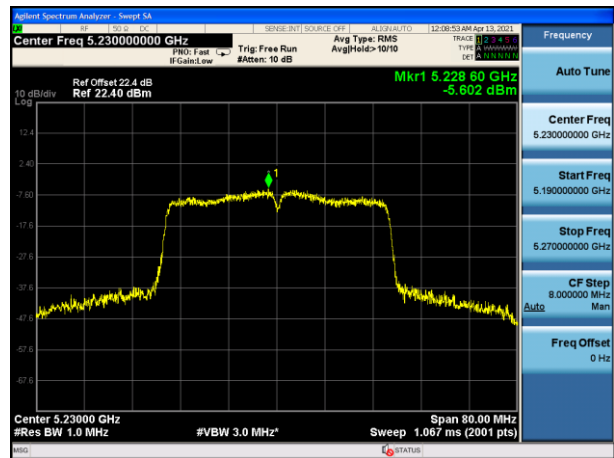


802.11n-HT40 Power Spectral Density

Channel 38 (5190MHz)



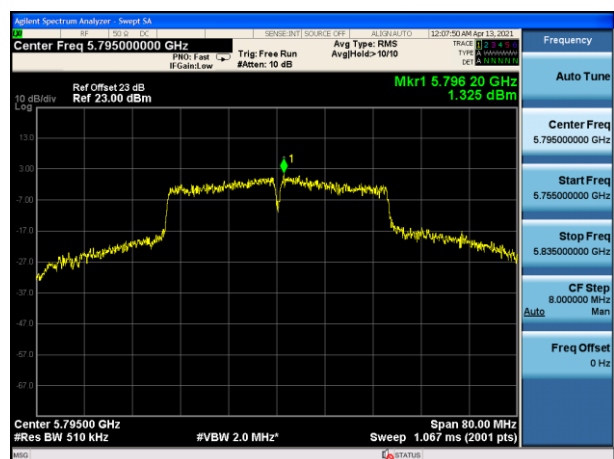
Channel 46 (5230MHz)



Channel 151 (5755MHz)



Channel 159 (5795MHz)



802.11ac-VHT80 Power Spectral Density

Channel 42 (5210MHz)



Channel 155 (5775MHz)



7.7. Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement

7.7.1. Test Limit

All out of band emissions appearing in a restricted band as specified in Section 15.205 of the Title 47 CFR must not exceed the limits shown in Table per Section 15.209.

FCC Part 15 Subpart C Paragraph 15.209		
Frequency [MHz]	Field Strength [V/m]	Measured Distance [Meters]
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1.705 - 30	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

7.7.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 789033 D02v02r01 – Section G

7.7.3. Test Setting

Peak Measurements above 1GHz

1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = 1MHz
3. VBW = 3MHz
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto couple
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Trace was allowed to stabilize

Quasi-Peak Measurements below 1GHz

1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. Span was set greater than 1MHz
3. RBW = 120 kHz
4. Detector = CISPR quasi-peak
5. Sweep time = auto couple
6. Trace was allowed to stabilize

Average Measurements above 1GHz (Method AD)

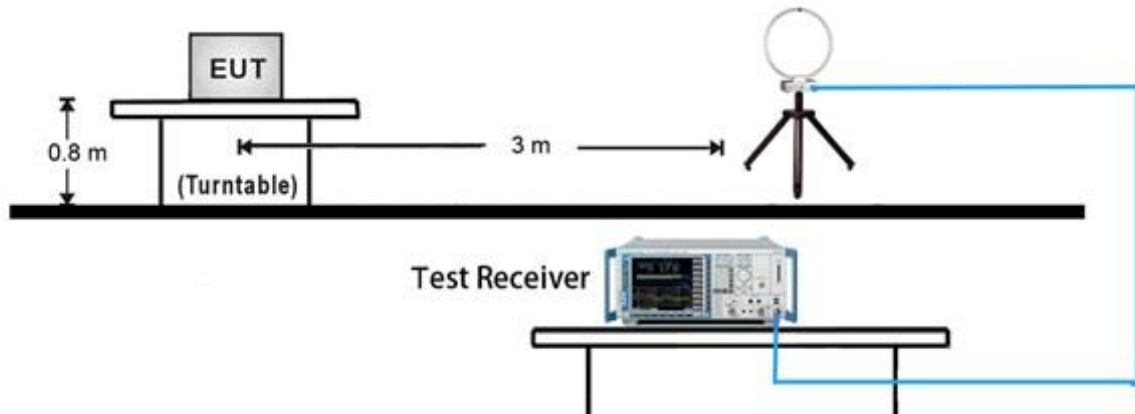
1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = 1MHz
3. VBW = 3MHz
4. Detector = power average (Average)
5. Number of measurement points = 1001 (Number of points must be $> 2 \times \text{span/RBW}$)
6. Sweep time = auto
7. Trace was averaged over at 100 sweeps

Quasi-Peak & Average Measurements below 30MHz

1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. Span was set greater than 1MHz
3. RBW = 200Hz for 9kHz to 150kHz frequency; RBW = 9kHz for 0.15MHz to 30MHz frequency
4. Detector = CISPR quasi-peak or power average (Average)
5. Sweep time = auto couple
6. Trace was allowed to stabilize

7.7.4. Test Setup

9kHz ~ 30MHz Test Setup:



30MHz ~ 1GHz Test Setup:

