FCC ID:2ASC7HD3X0002



RF Exposure Evaluation

According to KDB 447498 and part 2.1093, Unless specifically required by the *published RF exposure KDB procedures*, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding *SAR Test Exclusion Threshold* condition(s), listed below, is (are) satisfied.

For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances \leq 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

 $f_{(GHz)}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Here,

Tune-up Power

Modulation Type	Frequency (GHz)	Output Power to antenna (dBm)	Output Power to antenna (mW)	Tune-up Power(dBm) ±1	Max mun Tune-up Power(dBm)					
2.4G WIFI										
802.11b	2.412	6.66	4.63	7	8					

Mode	Frequency	Max Tune-up	Max Tune-up	Min.	Calc.	limit
	(GHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (mW)	distance(mm)	thresholds	
802.11n20	2.412	8	6.31	5	1.96	3.0

So a SAR test is not required

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