

FCC Test Report

Report No: WD-RF-R-230316-A0

Product Name : Doorbell
Model Name : DR40
FCC ID : 2AZ3JDR40
Applicant : Rhombus Systems, Inc.
Received Date : Sep. 01, 2023
Tested Date : Sep. 11, 2023 ~ Oct. 16, 2023
Applicable Standard : 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247)
KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v05
ANSI C63.10 : 2013



Wendell Industrial Co., Ltd
Wendell EMC & RF Laboratory

Caution:

This report sets forth our findings solely with respect to the test samples identified herein. The results set forth in this report are not indicative or representative of the quality or characteristics of the lot from which a test sample was taken or any similar or identical product unless specifically and expressly noted.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration report of the equipment.

Please note that the measurement uncertainty are provided for informational purpose only and are not used in determining the Pass/Fail results.

This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by TAF or any agency of the government.

The test report shall not be reproduced without the written approval of Wendell Industrial Co., Ltd..

Test Report

Issued Date: October 16, 2023

Project No.: 22Q090502

Product Name	Doorbell
Trade Name	rhombus
Brand Trademark	 rhombus
Model Name	DR40
FCC ID	2AZ3JDR40
Applicant	Rhombus Systems, Inc.
Manufacturer	Dynacolor Inc.
EUT Rated Voltage	DC 12V ~ 28V 、 POE 42.5V ~ 57V
EUT Test Voltage	AC 120V / 60Hz
EUT Supports Radios Application	WLAN 802.11a/b/g 、 WLAN 802.11n (HT20/HT40) WLAN 802.11ac (VHT20/VHT40/VHT80) Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE 、 NFC 13.56 MHz
Applicable Standard	47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247) KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v05 ANSI C63.10 : 2013
Output Power	5.88 dBm
Test Result	Complied

Documented :



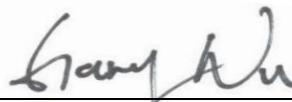
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Attachment 1: EUT Test Photographs		
Attachment 2: EUT Detailed Photographs		

Document Revision History

Report No.	Issue date	Description
WD-RF-R-230316-A0	October 16, 2023	Initial report

Summary of Test Result

Ref. Std. Clause	Test Items	Result
15.203 15.247(C)	Antenna Requirement	Pass
15.247(b)(1)	Peak Conducted Output Power	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Number of Hopping Frequency	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Hopping Channel Separation	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Dwell Time of Each Channel	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	20dB Bandwidth	Pass
15.247(d)	Conducted Band Edges and Conducted Spurious Emission	Pass
15.247(d)	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	Pass
15.207	AC Conducted Emission	Pass

1 Generation Information

1.1 Applicant

Rhombus Systems, Inc.
1920 20th St, Sacramento, CA 95811

1.2 Manufacturer

Dynacolor Inc.
NO. 116 JOU TZ STREET, NEIHU, TAIPEI 114, TAIWAN

1.3 Description of Equipment under Test

Product Name	Doorbell
Model No.	DR40
FCC ID	2AZ3JDR40
Frequency Range	2402~2480MHz
Number of Channels	79
Channel separation	1MHz
Type of Modulation	FHSS: GFSK(1Mbps) / π /4DQPSK(2Mbps) / 8DPSK(3Mbps)
Antenna Information	Refer to the table "Antenna List"
EUT Supports Radios Application	WLAN 802.11a/b/g WLAN 802.11n (HT20/HT40) WLAN 802.11ac (VHT20/VHT40/VHT80) Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC 13.56 MHz
EUT Rated Voltage	DC 12V ~ 28V 、POE 42.5V ~ 57V
EUT Test Voltage	AC 120V / 60Hz

Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Model No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	INPAQ	RFMTA211200NNLB001	Metal Antenna	3.51 dBi for 2.4GHz

Remark: The antenna of EUT is conforming to FCC 15.203

Channel List

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
00	2402	20	2422	40	2442	60	2462
01	2403	21	2423	41	2443	61	2463
02	2404	22	2424	42	2444	62	2464
03	2405	23	2425	43	2445	63	2465
04	2406	24	2426	44	2446	64	2466
05	2407	25	2427	45	2447	65	2467
06	2408	26	2428	46	2448	66	2468
07	2409	27	2429	47	2449	67	2469
08	2410	28	2430	48	2450	68	2470
09	2411	29	2431	49	2451	69	2471
10	2412	30	2432	50	2452	70	2472
11	2413	31	2433	51	2453	71	2473
12	2414	32	2434	52	2454	72	2474
13	2415	33	2435	53	2455	73	2475
14	2416	34	2436	54	2456	74	2476
15	2417	35	2437	55	2457	75	2477
16	2418	36	2438	56	2458	76	2478
17	2419	37	2439	57	2459	77	2479
18	2420	38	2440	58	2460	78	2480
19	2421	39	2441	59	2461	--	--

Test Frequencies in each operating band

Frequency range over which the device operates in each operating band (Note 1)	Number of test frequencies required	Location of test frequencies inside the operating frequency range (Note 1,2)
≤ 1 MHz	1	near center
> 1 MHz and ≤ 10 MHz	2	1 near high end, 1 near low end
> 10 MHz	3	1 near high end, 1 near center, and 1 near low end

Note 1: The frequency range over which the device operates in a given operating band is the difference between the highest and lowest frequencies on which the device can be tuned within that given operating band. The frequency range can be smaller than or equal to the operating band, but cannot be greater than the operating band.

Note 2: In the third column of table 1, “near” means as close as possible to or at the center / low end / high end of the frequency range over which the device operates.

Firmware / Software Version

1	Product Name	Doorbell
2	Model No.	DR40
3	Test SW Version	Putty_Ver.0.63
4	RF power setting in TEST SW	☐ RF power setting was not able to alter during testing. ☒ RF power setting was able to alter during testing. (See the following table)

Parameters of test software setting

Type of Modulation	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Set Value
BT(GFSK)	00	2402	0x09
	39	2441	0x09
	78	2480	0x09
BT($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	00	2402	0x09
	39	2441	0x09
	78	2480	0x09
BT(8DPSK)	00	2402	0x09
	39	2441	0x09
	78	2480	0x09

1.4 Description of the Frequency Hopping Systems

1.4.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hop sets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

1.4.2 Description of the systems

1. Pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence

Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. The transmitter is presented with a continuous data stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its 79 channels and over the minimum number of hopping channels (75 channels).

Bluetooth units which want to communicate with other units must be organized in a structure called piconet. This piconet consist of max. 8 Bluetooth units. One unit is the master the other seven are the slaves. The master co-ordinates frequency occupation in this piconet for all units. As the master hop sequence is derived from its BD address which is unique for each Bluetooth device, additional masters intending to establish new piconets will always use different hop sequences.

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode: 40, 21, 44, 23, 42, 53, 46, 55, 48, 33, 52, 35, 50, 65, 54, 67, 56, 37, 60, 39, 58, 69, 62, 71, 64, 25, 68, 27, 66, 57, 70, 59, 72, 29, 76, 31, 74, 61, 78, 63, 01, 41, 05, 43, 03, 73, 07, 75, 09, 45, 13, 47, 11, 77, 15, 00, 64, 49, 66, 53, 68, 02, 70, 06, 01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04

2. Equal hopping frequency use

All Bluetooth units participating in the piconet are time and hop-synchronized to the channel

3. System receiver input bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1MHz. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

1.5 Test Mode Applicability And Tested Channel Detail

1. This device is a Doorbell with a built-in Wi-Fi 、Bluetooth and NFC transceiver.
2. These tests were performed on a sample of equipment to demonstrate compliance with 47 CFR FCC Part 15, Subpart C (Section 15.247).
3. The EUT has been pre-tested under the following test modes, and test mode A was the worst case for final test. The EUT has the following different power supply. After laboratory evaluation, the worst mode must be found by pre-test results of radiation 30M-1GHz.

EUT Configure Mode	RE < 1G	RE ≥ 1G	ACM	ACP	Description
A	☒	☐	☐	☐	PoE Mode
B	☒	☐	☐	☐	DC Mode

4. Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates, XYZ axis and antenna ports.
5. The worst case was found when positioned on X axis for radiated emission. Following test modes were selected for the final test, and the final worst case is recorded in the report:

EUT Configure Mode	RE < 1G	RE ≥ 1G	ACM	ACP	Description
--	☒	☒	☒	☒	Transmit BT

Note : RE<1G: Radiated Emission below 1GHz RE≥1G: Radiated Emission above 1GHz
ACM: Antenna Port Conducted Measurement ACP: AC Power Line Conducted Emission

Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement(Below 1GHz):

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	39	GFSK	1

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement(Above 1GHz):

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 39, 78	GFSK	1
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 39, 78	8DPSK	3

Radiated Band Edge Emission Measurement(Above 1GHz):

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 78	GFSK	1
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 78	8DPSK	3

Peak Output Power, Hopping Channel Separation Measurement, 20dB Bandwidth, Conducted Spurious Emission:

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 39, 78	GFSK	1
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 39, 78	8DPSK	3

Number of Hopping Frequency, Dwell Time Measurement, Conducted Band Edges

EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	Hopping	GFSK	1
--	BT	0 ~ 78	Hopping	8DPSK	3

Conducted Band Edges

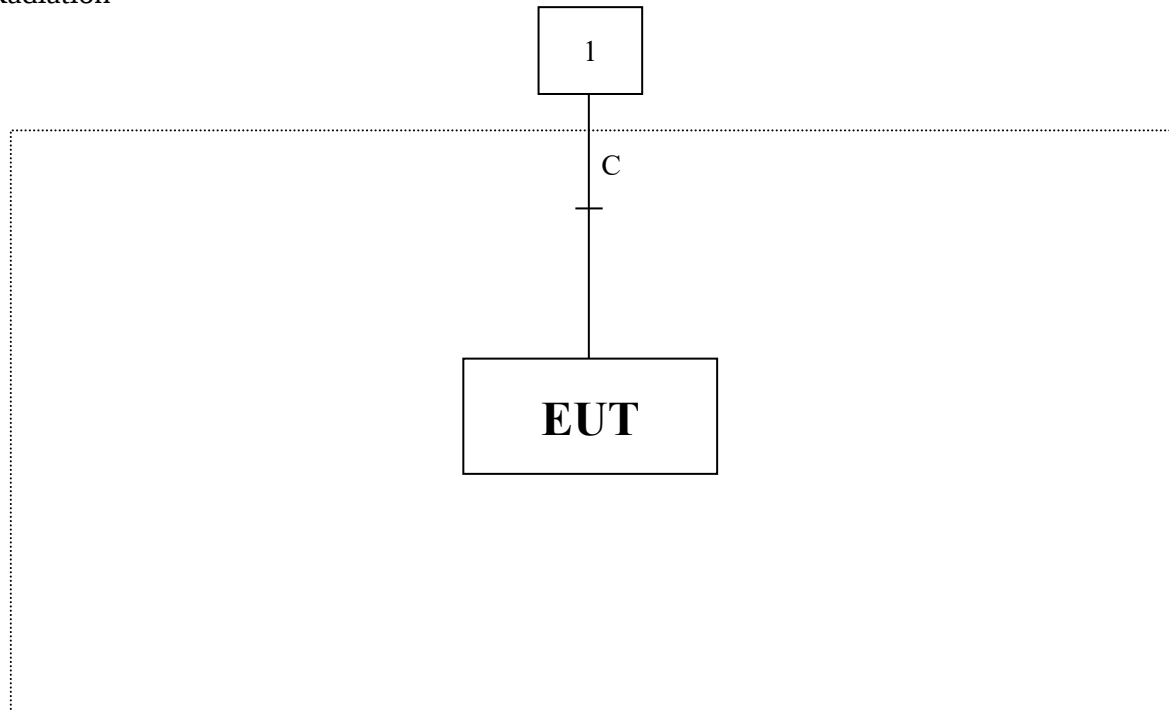
EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 78	GFSK	1
--	BT	0 ~ 78	0, 78	8DPSK	3

AC Conducted Emission:

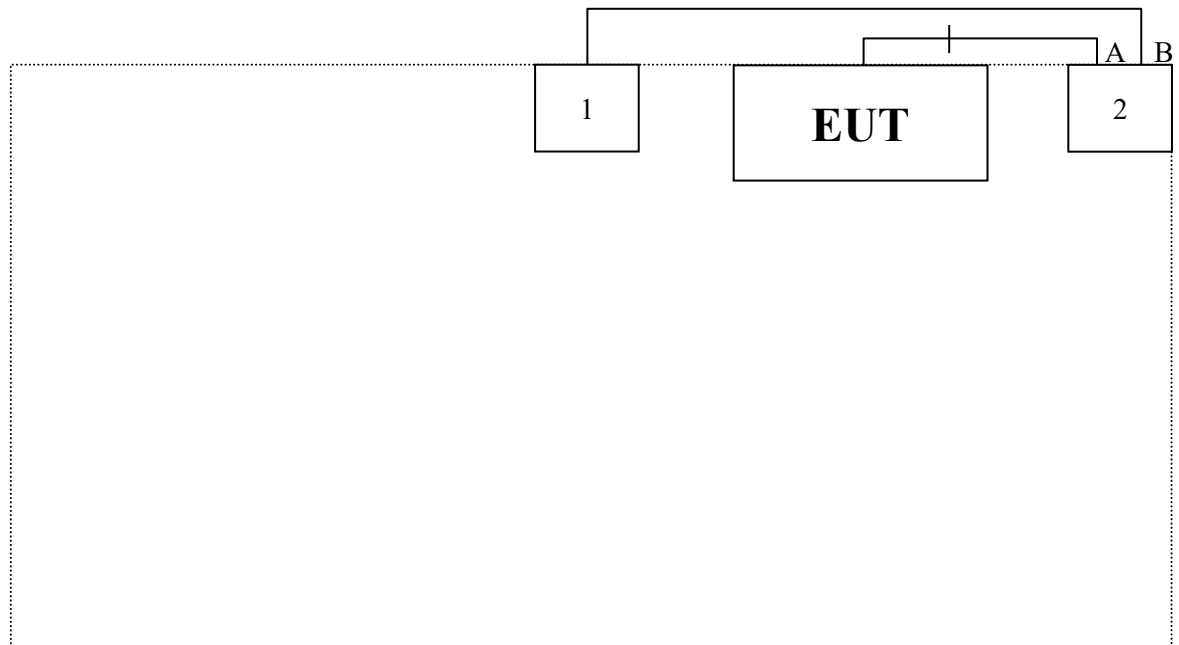
EUT Configure Mode	Mode	Available Channel	Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Data Rate (Mbps)
--	BT	0 ~ 78	Hopping	GFSK	1

1.6 Configuration of Tested System

Radiation



AC Conduction



Test Table

1.7 EUT Exercise Software

1. Setup the EUT as shown in Section 1.5
2. Execute software “Putty_Ver.0.63”.
3. Configure the test mode, the test channel, and the data rate.
4. Press “OK” to start the continuous transmit.
5. Verify that the EUT works properly.

1.8 Tested System Details

The types for all equipment, plus descriptions of all cables used in the tested system (including inserted cards) are:

No.	Product	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Power Cord
1	Notebook PC	acer	N16Q1	NXVF4TA023742254147600	N/A
2	POE	CERIO	POE-S48V2	N/A	N/A

No.	Signal Cable Type	Signal cable Description
A	LAN Cable	Non-shielded, Non-Core, 1.5m
B	LAN Cable	Non-shielded, Non-Core, 1.6m

1.9 Test Facility

Items	Required (IEC 60068-1)
Temperature (°C)	15-35
Humidity (% RH)	25-75
Barometric pressure (mbar)	860-1060

Description: Accredited by TAF

Accredited Number: 2965

Issued by: Wendell Industrial Co., Ltd

Company Address: 6F/6F-1, No.188, Baoqiao Rd., Xindian Dist.,
New Taipei City 23145, Taiwan R.O.C

Test Lab: Wendell EMC & RF Laboratory

Lab Address: 5F-1, No.188, Baoqiao Rd., Xindian Dist.,
New Taipei City 23145, Taiwan R.O.C

Test Location: No. 119, Wugong 3rd Rd., Wugu Dist.,
New Taipei City 248, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Designation Number: TW0025

Test Firm Registration Number: 665221

1.10 Measurement Uncertainty

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence (level based on a coverage factor K=2)

Measurement Project	Condition	Expended Uncertainty
AC Conducted Emission	0.150 ~ 30 MHz	± 2.64 dB
Radiated Emission	0.009 ~ 30 MHz	± 3.7 dB
	30 ~ 1000 MHz	± 3.9 dB
	1000 ~ 18000 MHz	± 4.5 dB
	18000 ~ 40000 MHz	± 4.3 dB
RF Power, Conducted	Conducted Measuring	± 0.75 dB
Occupied Bandwidth	Conducted Measuring	± 2.4 %
Power Density	Conducted Measuring	± 1.2 dB
Duty Cycle and Dwell Time	Conducted Measuring	± 0.9 %
Conducted Unwanted Emission Strength	Conducted Measuring	± 1.4 dB
DC Power Supply	--	± 2.0 %
Temperature	--	± 0.55 °C
Humidity	--	± 3.1 %

Note: Please note that the measurement uncertainty are provided for informational purpose only and are not used in determining the Pass/Fail results.

1.11 List of Test Equipment

For Conducted measurements / W08-Conducted Measurement

	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
✓	Spectrum analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	SG50420005	2023/08/08	2024/08/07
✓	Wideband Peak Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1733007	2023/09/07	2024/09/06
✓	Pulse Power Sensor + Precision Adaptor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1726022	2023/09/07	2024/09/06
	Temperature Chamber	TAICHY	MHK-225LK	1061121	2023/04/24	2024/04/23
	Wireless Connectivity Tester	R&S	CMW270	101307	2023/05/29	2024/05/28
✓	Attenuator	MVE	MVE2211-10	CT-9-056	2022/08/10	2024/08/09
	Attenuator	MVE	MVE2211-20	CT-9-057	2022/08/10	2024/08/09
	Attenuator	MVE	MVE2211-30	CT-9-058	2022/08/10	2024/08/09
	Power Divider	MVE	MVE8546	170826003	2022/08/10	2024/08/09
	Power Splitter	MVE	MVE8547	170302047	2022/08/11	2024/08/10
	DC Power Supply	GW INSTEK	GPC-3060D	GER817636	2023/08/11	2024/08/10

Remark:

1. The equipments are calibrated every one year.
2. The Attenuator/ Divider/ Splitter are calibrated every two year.
3. The test instruments marked with “✓” are used to measure the final test results.

For AC Conduction measurements / W08-CE

	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
✓	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	102309	2023/06/19	2024/06/18
✓	2-Line V-Network LISN	R&S	ENV216	101185	2023/06/16	2024/06/15
✓	LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127RC	05028	2023/06/16	2024/06/15
✓	Transient Limiter	EM Electronics Corporation	EM-7600	857	2023/06/17	2024/06/16
✓	50ohm Cable	EMCI	EMCCFD300-BM-BM-5000	170612	2023/06/17	2024/06/16
✓	50 ohm terminal impedance	HUBER+SUHNER	50 ohm terminal impedance	CT-1-109-1	2023/06/16	2024/06/15

Remark:

1. All equipments are calibrated every one year.
2. The test instruments marked with “✓” are used to measure the final test results.
3. Test Software version: FARAD EZ-EMC Ver.EMC-CON 3A1

For Radiated measurements / W08-996-2

	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Due Date
✓	EMI Receiver	Keysight	N9038A	MY51210173	2023/08/18	2024/08/17
✓	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY52220228	2023/08/18	2024/08/17
✓	Active Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1513-60B	00033	2023/05/08	2024/05/07
✓	TRILOG super broad Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	VULB 9168-700 & 20E03	2023/07/31	2024/07/30
✓	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	01767	2023/08/17	2024/08/16
✓	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	703	2023/08/21	2024/08/20
✓	Pre-Amplifier	EMEC	EMC330	060774	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	Pre-Amplifier	EMEC	EM01G18G	060648	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	Pre-Amplifier	JPT	JPA0118-55-303K	1910001800055003	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	Pre-Amplifier	EMCI	EMC184045SE	980515	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	Cable	EMEC	EM-CB400	105060103	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	Cable	EMEC	EM-CB400	105060102	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	Cable	EMEC	EM-CB400	105060101	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	RF Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SF102	MY2752/2	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	RF Cable	MVE	280280.LL266.1200	B60028C	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	RF Cable	EMCI	EMC102-KM-KM-600	190646	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	RF Cable	MVE	140140.LL404.700	B90014C	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	RF Cable	MVE	140140.LL404.300	B90006C	2023/08/22	2024/08/21
✓	RF Filter	EMEC	BRF-2400-2500	002	2022/08/17	2024/08/16
	RF Filter	EMEC	BRF-5150-5350	104	2022/08/17	2024/08/16
	RF Filter	EMEC	BRF-5470-5725	092	2022/08/17	2024/08/16
	RF Filter	EMEC	BRF-5725-5875	091	2022/08/17	2024/08/16
✓	RF Filter	EMEC	HPF-2800	002	2022/08/17	2024/08/16
	RF Filter	EMEC	HPF-5850	059	2022/08/17	2024/08/16
	SMA Notch Filter	MVE	MFN-902.928.S1	190604001	2022/08/17	2024/08/16

Remark:

1. The equipments are calibrated every one year.
2. The Filter calibrated every two year.
3. The test instruments marked with “✓” are used to measure the final test results.
4. Test Software version: FARAD EZ-EMC Ver.WD-03A1-1

2 Test Result

2.1 Antenna Requirement

2.1.1 Applicable Standard

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than as furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are using the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi, for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 (c) requirements.

2.1.2 Antenna Connected Construction

Non-standard antenna connector is used.

2.1.3 Antenna Gain

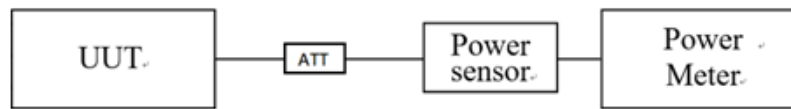
No.	Manufacturer	Model No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	INPAQ	RFMTA211200NNLB001	Metal Antenna	3.51 dBi for 2.4GHz

2.2 Peak Output Power Measurement

2.2.1 Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts.

2.2.2 Test Setup



2.2.3 Test Procedure

1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 11.9.1.3
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.

2.2.4 Test Result

Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	Peak Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Result
1 Mbps (GFSK)	00	2402	DH1	4.29	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	4.43	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	4.57	≤ 21	Pass
	39	2441	DH1	5.60	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	5.74	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	5.88	≤ 21	Pass
	78	2480	DH1	4.00	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	4.14	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	4.27	≤ 21	Pass
2 Mbps ($\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	00	2402	DH1	4.64	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	4.78	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	4.91	≤ 21	Pass
	39	2441	DH1	4.82	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	4.96	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	5.10	≤ 21	Pass
	78	2480	DH1	4.59	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	4.73	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	4.86	≤ 21	Pass
3 Mbps (8DPSK)	00	2402	DH1	5.13	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	5.25	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	5.39	≤ 21	Pass
	39	2441	DH1	5.17	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	5.31	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	5.46	≤ 21	Pass
	78	2480	DH1	5.09	≤ 21	Pass
			DH3	5.24	≤ 21	Pass
			DH5	5.38	≤ 21	Pass

Remark:

1. Peak Power = Reading value on power meter + cable loss
2. $10 \log(X/\text{mW}) = \text{dBm}$, $X=0.125$ watt (Limit)
0.125 watt = 21 dBm

2.3 Number of Hopping Frequency

2.3.1 Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

2.3.2 Test Setup

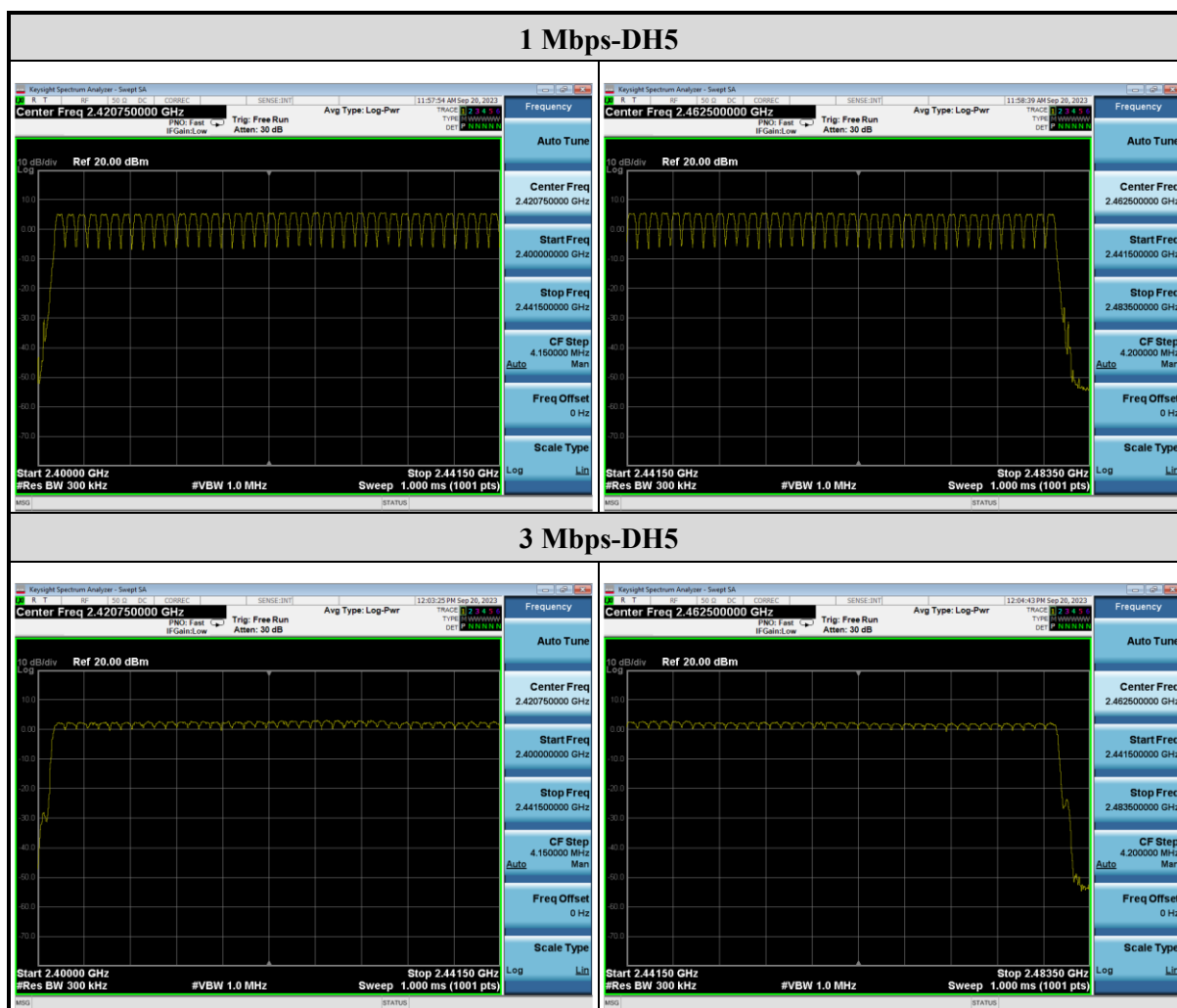


2.3.3 Test Procedure

1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 7.8.3
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Spectrum analyzer set:
 - a) Span = the frequency band of operation
 - b) RBW = (RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller)
 - c) VBW $\geq$ RBW
 - d) Sweep = auto
 - e) Detector function = peak
 - f) Trace = max hold.
4. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.

2.3.4 Test Result

Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measurement (Hopping Channel)	Required Limit (Hopping Channel)	Result
2402 ~ 2480	1	79	≥ 15	Pass
2402 ~ 2480	3	79	≥ 15	Pass



2.4 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

2.4.1 Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

2.4.2 Test Setup



2.4.3 Test Procedure

1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 7.8.2
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
2. Spectrum analyzer set:
 - a) Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
 - b) RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing
 - c) VBW $\geq$ RBW
 - d) Sweep = auto
 - e) Detector function = peak
 - f) Trace = max hold.

2.4.4 Test Result

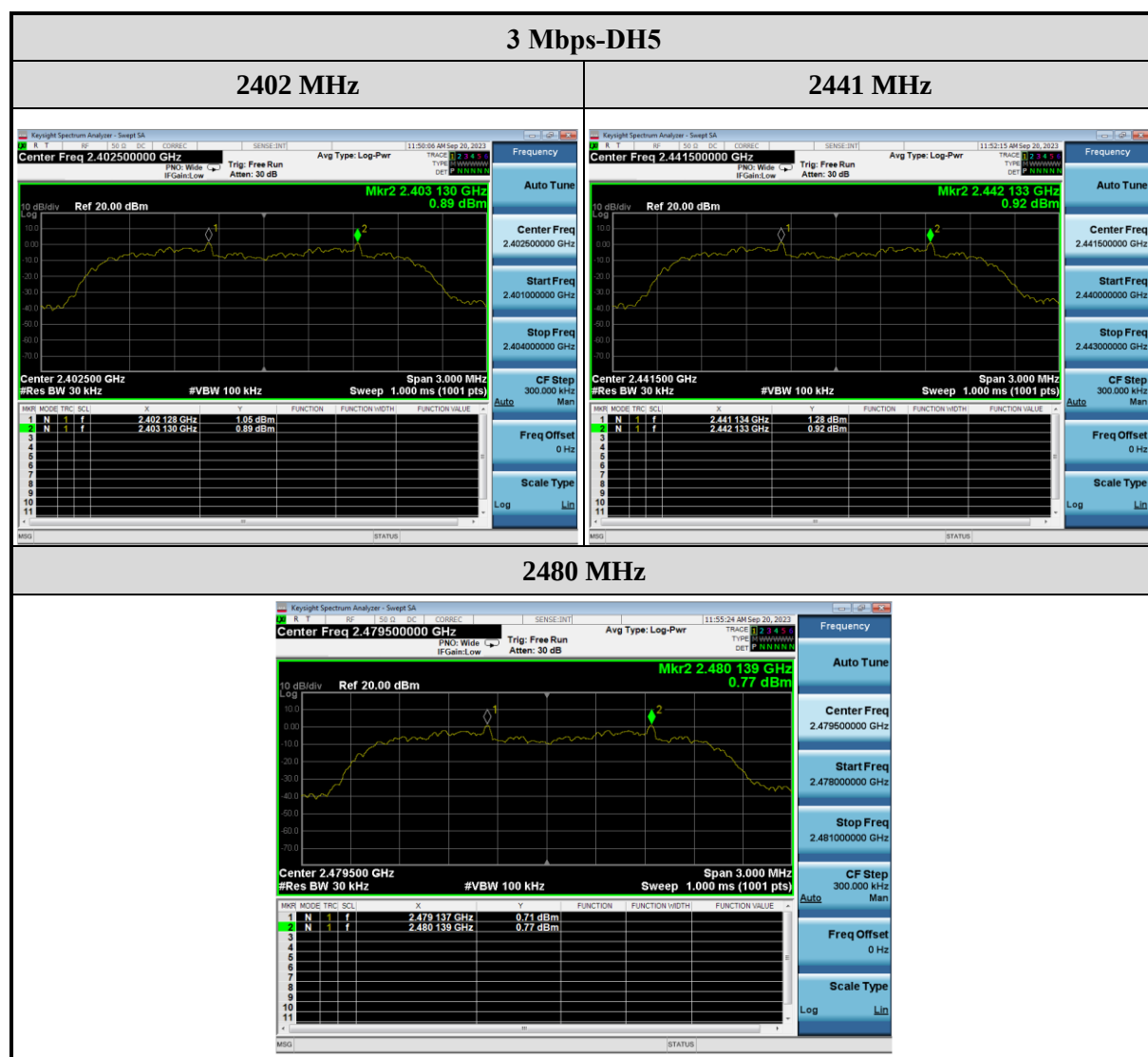
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measurement Level (MHz)	Limit of (2/3)*20dB (MHz)	Result
00	2402	1	0.999	≥ 0.707	Pass
39	2441	1	1.002	≥ 0.656	Pass
78	2480	1	1.002	≥ 0.666	Pass

Remark: 25kHz < two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth , whichever is two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth



Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measurement Level (MHz)	Limit of (2/3)*20dB (MHz)	Result
00	2402	3	1.002	≥ 0.873	Pass
39	2441	3	0.999	≥ 0.904	Pass
78	2480	3	1.002	≥ 0.893	Pass

Remark: 25kHz < two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth , whichever is two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth



2.5 Dwell Time Measurement

2.5.1 Limit

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

2.5.2 Test Setup



2.5.3 Test Procedure

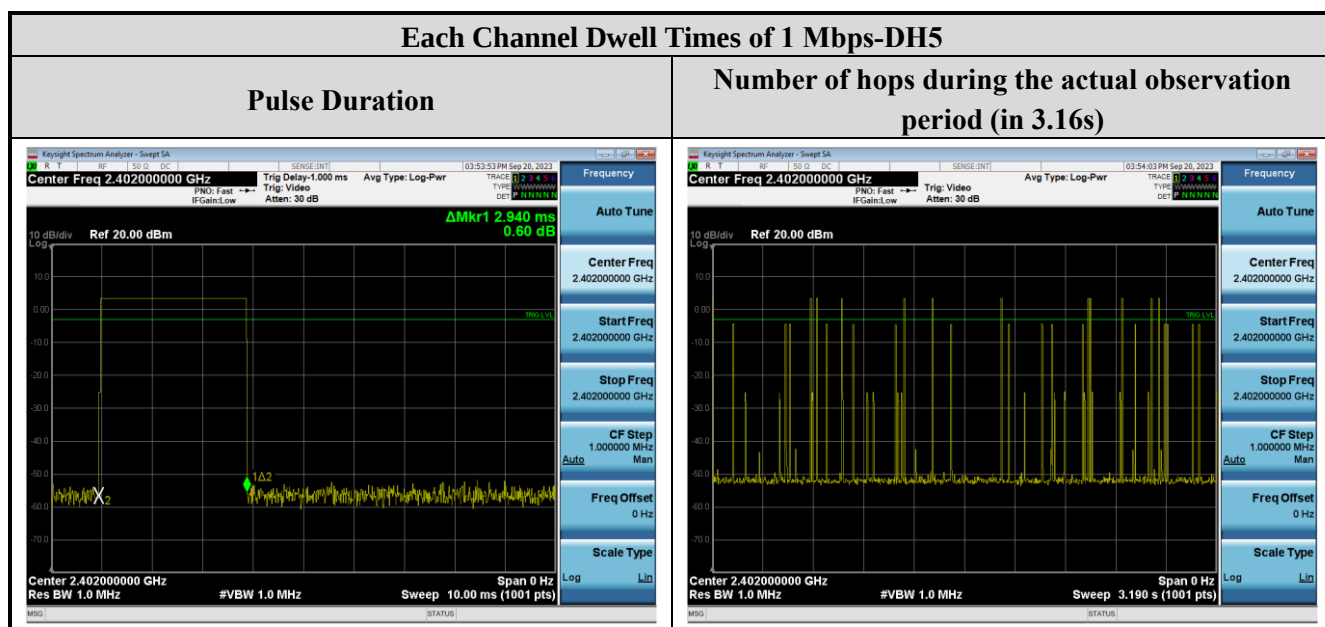
1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 7.8.4
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Spectrum analyzer set:
 - a) Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
 - b) RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel
 - c) VBW $\geq$ RBW
 - d) Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
 - e) Detector function = peak
 - f) Trace = max hold.

2.5.4 Test Result

Data Rate (Mbps)	Data Packet	Pulse Duration (ms)	Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s)	Average time of occupancy (s)	Limit (s)	Result
1	DH1	0.440	31	0.1364	≤ 0.4	Pass
1	DH3	1.700	14	0.2380	≤ 0.4	Pass
1	DH5	2.940	12	0.3528	≤ 0.4	Pass

Remark:

1. Number of frequency hopping = 79
2. Standard observation period = 31.6 s
3. Average time of occupancy = Pulse Duration × (Standard Observation period / Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s))



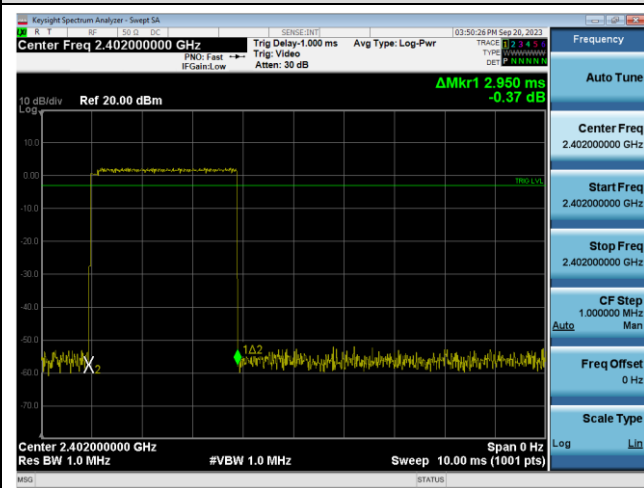
Data Rate (Mbps)	Data Packet	Pulse Duration (ms)	Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s)	Average time of occupancy (s)	Limit (s)	Result
3	DH1	0.450	32	0.1440	≤ 0.4	Pass
3	DH3	1.710	16	0.2736	≤ 0.4	Pass
3	DH5	2.950	12	0.3540	≤ 0.4	Pass

Remark:

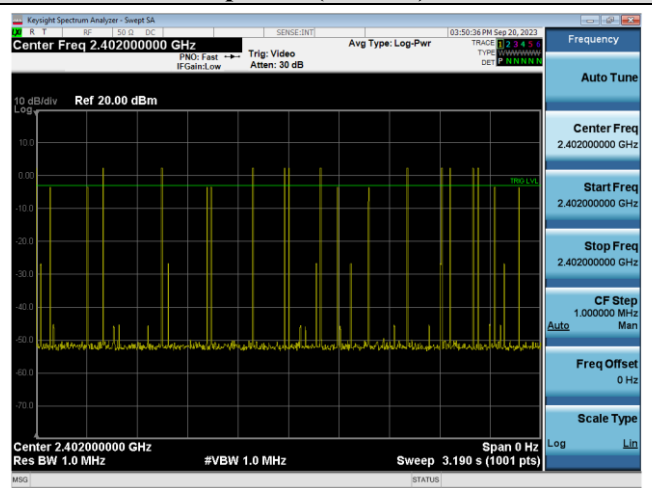
1. Number of frequency hopping = 79
2. Standard observation period = 31.6 s
3. Average time of occupancy = Pulse Duration × (Standard Observation period / Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s))

Each Channel Dwell Times of 3 Mbps-DH5

Pulse Duration



Number of hops during the actual observation period (in 3.16s)



2.6 20dB Bandwidth Measurement

2.6.1 Limit

None.

2.6.2 Test Setup

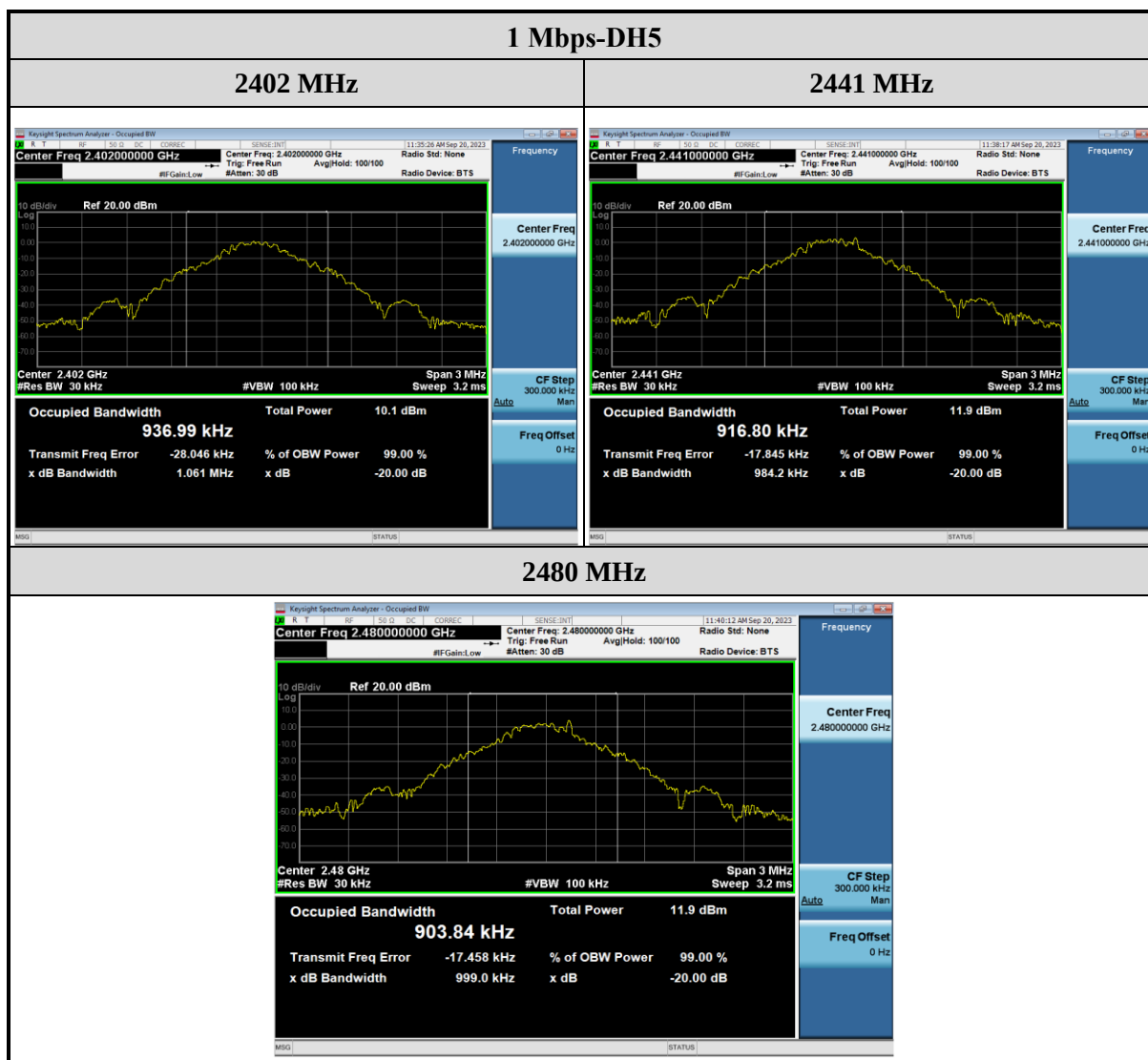


2.6.3 Test Procedure

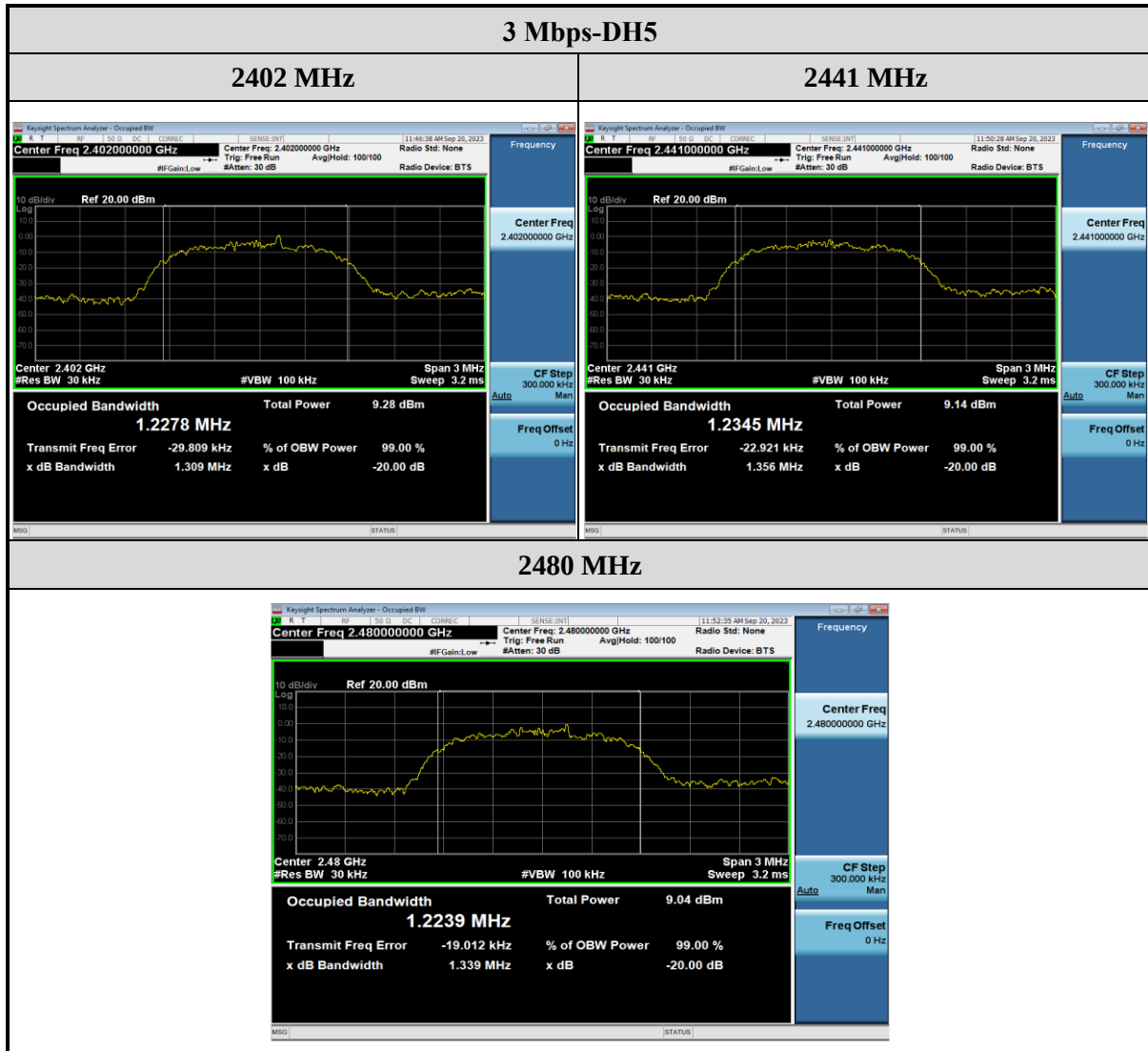
1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 6.9
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Spectrum analyzer set:
 - a) approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
 - b) RBW shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW
 - c) VBW shall be approximately three times RBW
 - d) Sweep time = auto
 - e) Detector function = peak
 - f) Trace mode = max hold.

2.6.4 Test Result

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measurement Level (MHz)	Required Limit (MHz)	Result
00	2402	1	1.061	None	N/A
39	2441	1	0.984	None	N/A
78	2480	1	0.999	None	N/A



Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measurement Level (MHz)	Required Limit (MHz)	Result
00	2402	3	1.309	None	N/A
39	2441	3	1.356	None	N/A
78	2480	3	1.339	None	N/A



2.7 Conducted Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

2.7.1 Limit

In any 100 KHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100KHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in must also comply with the radiated emission limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB

2.7.2 Test Setup

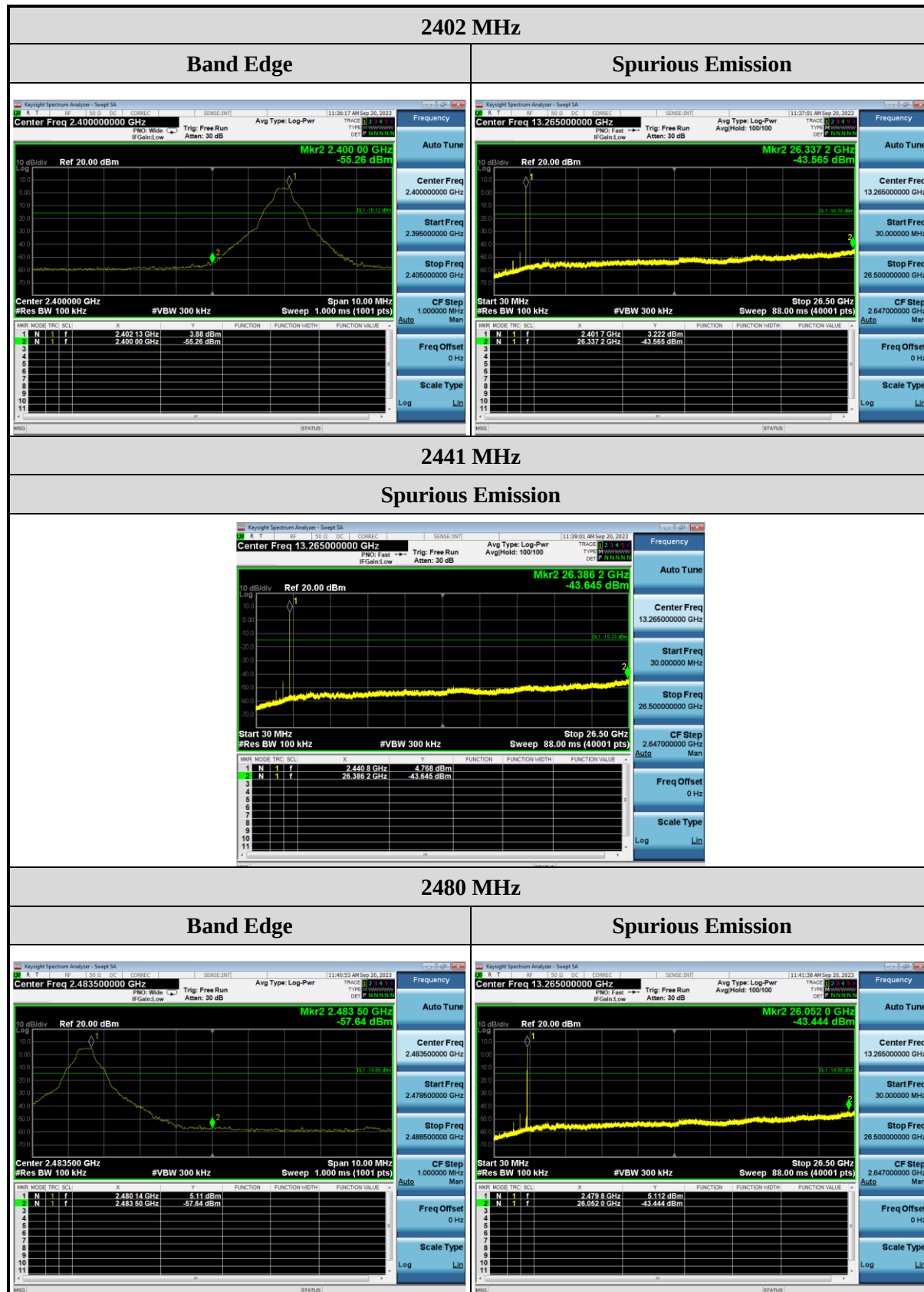


2.7.3 Test Procedure

1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 6.10
2. Enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Spectrum analyzer set :
 - a) RBW = 100 kHz
 - b) VBW = 300 kHz
 - c) Detector = peak
 - d) Sweep time = auto couple
 - e) Trace mode = max hold.

2.7.4 Test Result

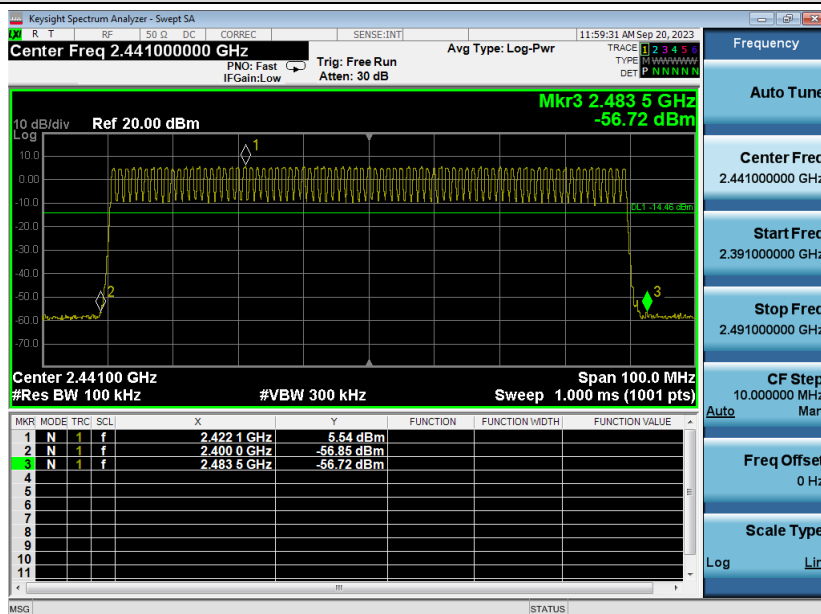
1 Mbps-DH5



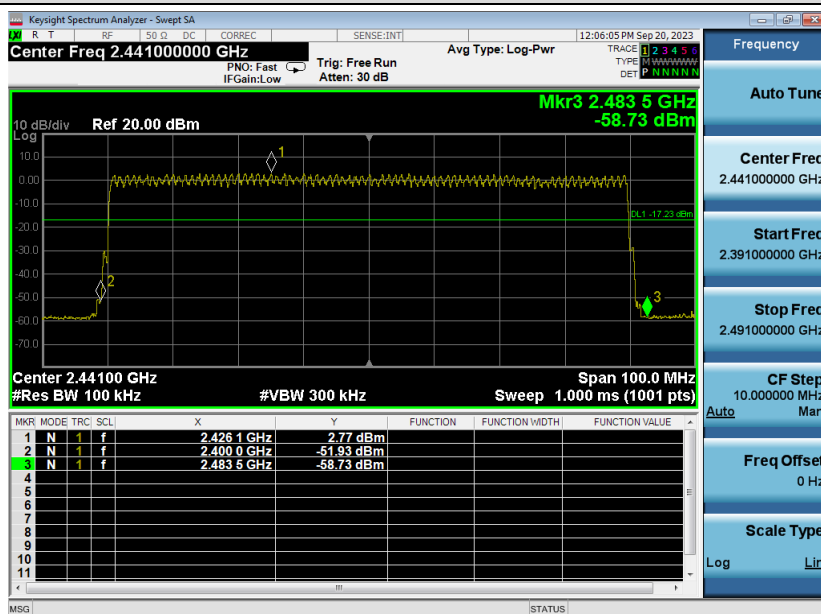
3 Mbps-DH5



1 Mbps-DH5 Hopping Band Edge



3 Mbps-DH5 Hopping Band Edge



2.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

2.8.1 Limit

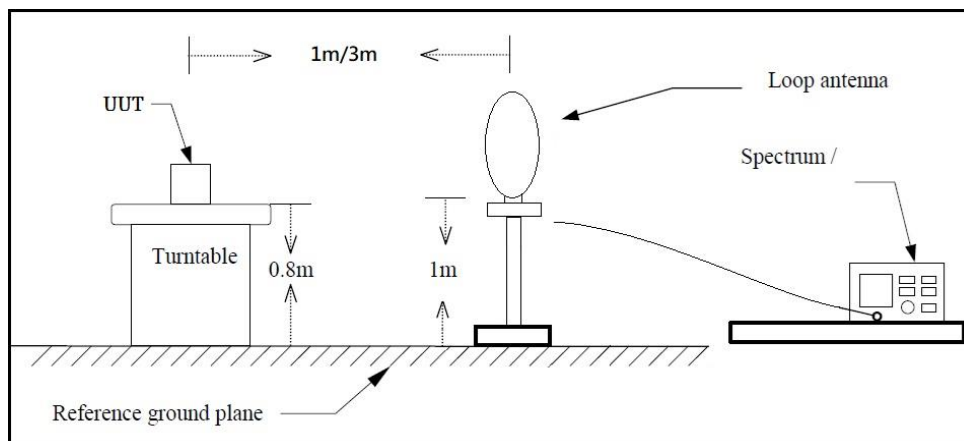
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Remarks:

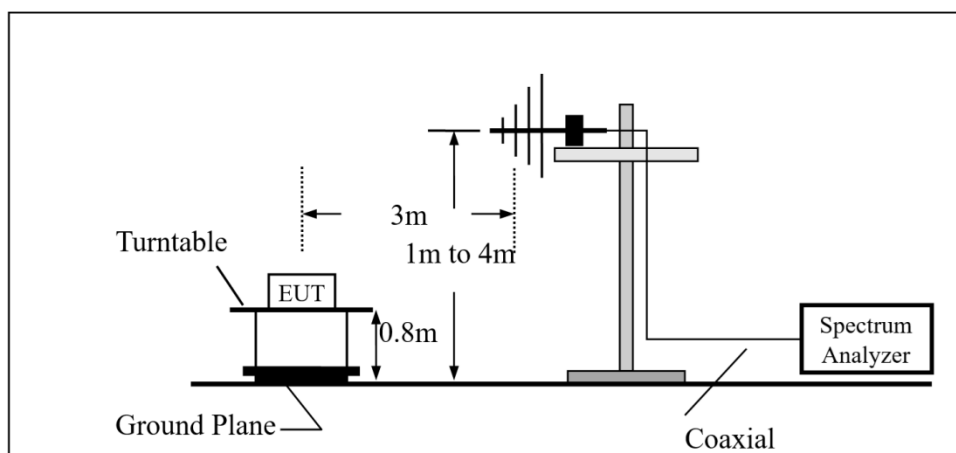
1. RF Voltage (dBuV) = $20 \log \text{RF Voltage}(\mu\text{V})$
2. In the Above Table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
3. Distance refers to the distance in meters between the measuring instrument antenna and the closed point of any part of the device or system

2.8.2 Test Setup

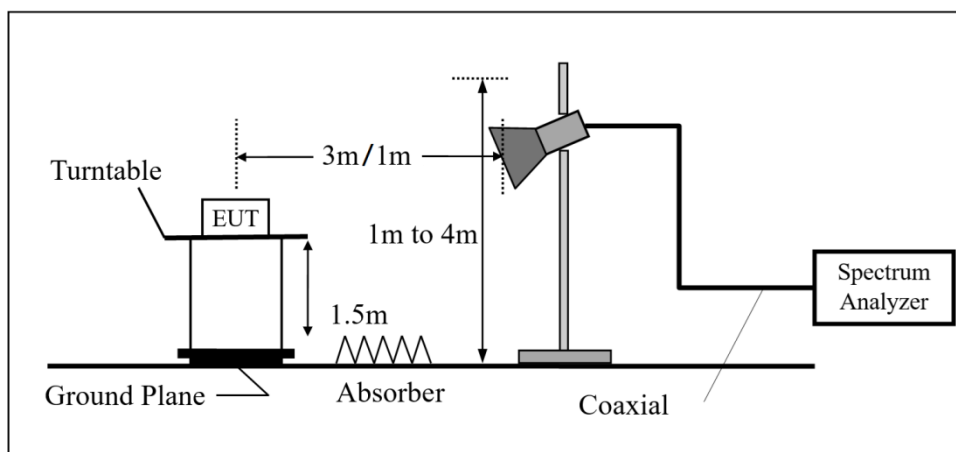
Below 30MHz



30MHz~1GHz



Above 1GHz



2.8.3 Test Procedure

The EUT was setup according to ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 6.4, 6.5, 6.6 and tested according test procedure of KDB 558074 for compliance to FCC 47CFR 15.247 requirements.

- (1) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for below 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meters chamber room for the test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- (2) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, the height of the antenna is varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength.
- (3) Parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel orientations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- (4) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- (5) The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- (6) The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets the average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Remarks:

- (a) The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection at frequency below 1GHz.
- (b) The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for Peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.
- (c) The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is $\geq 1/T$ (Duty cycle < 98%) or 10Hz (Duty cycle > 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
- (d) All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

2.8.4 Duty Cycle

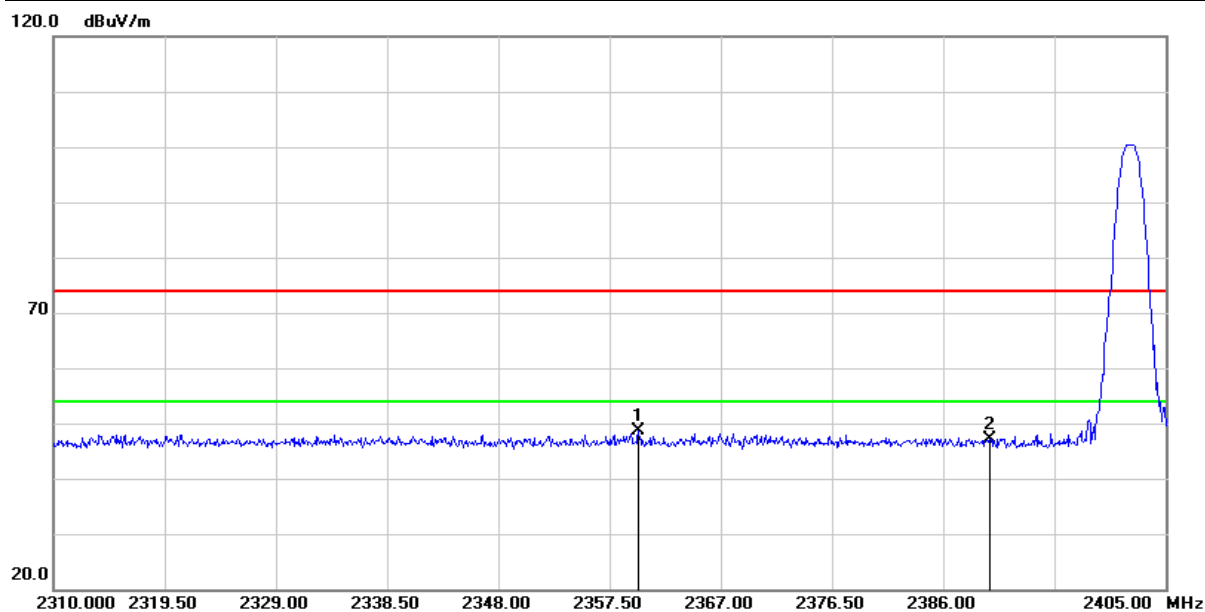
Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	on time (ms)	on+off time (ms)	Duty cycle	Duty Factor (dB)	1/T Minimum VBW (kHz)
BT	1	2.950	3.758	0.785	1.051	0.339
	3	2.950	3.750	0.787	1.042	0.339

2.8.5 Test Result of Radiated Band Edge Measurement

The following tables for radiated measurement, pre-scanned in three orthogonal panels, X, Y, Z. The worst cases (X axis) were recorded in this report.

Test Frequency	
RF	BT 1 Mbps / 3 Mbps
Tx	CH00 (2402 MHz)
	CH78 (2480 MHz)

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	51 %

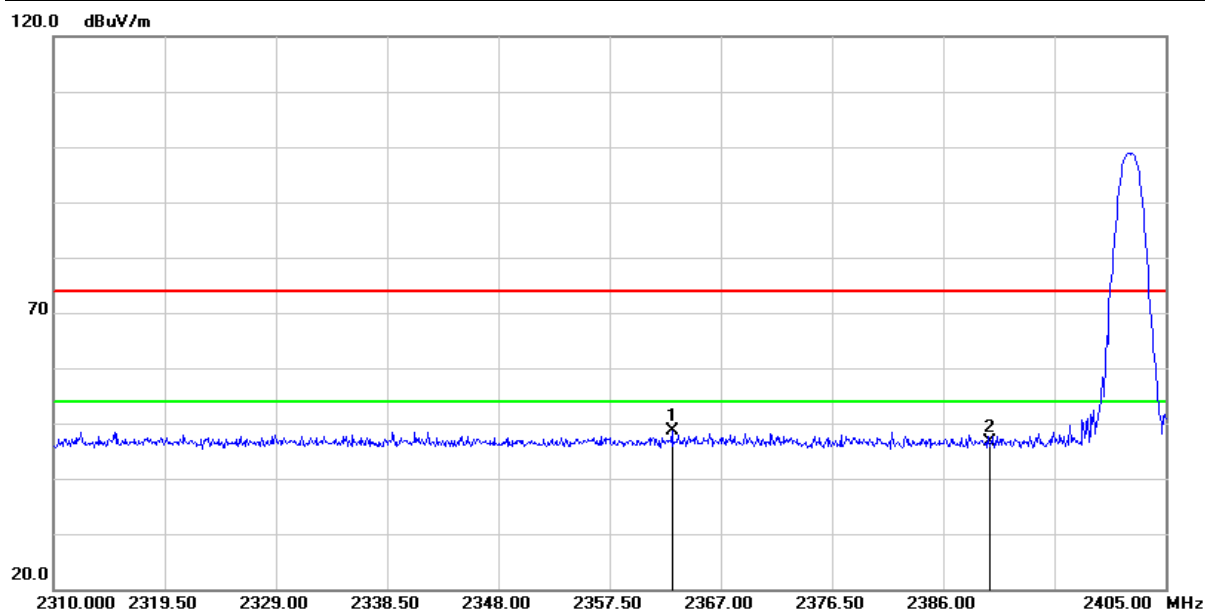


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2359.970	54.44	-5.70	48.74	74.00	-25.26	peak
2	2390.000	52.71	-5.69	47.02	74.00	-26.98	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	51 %



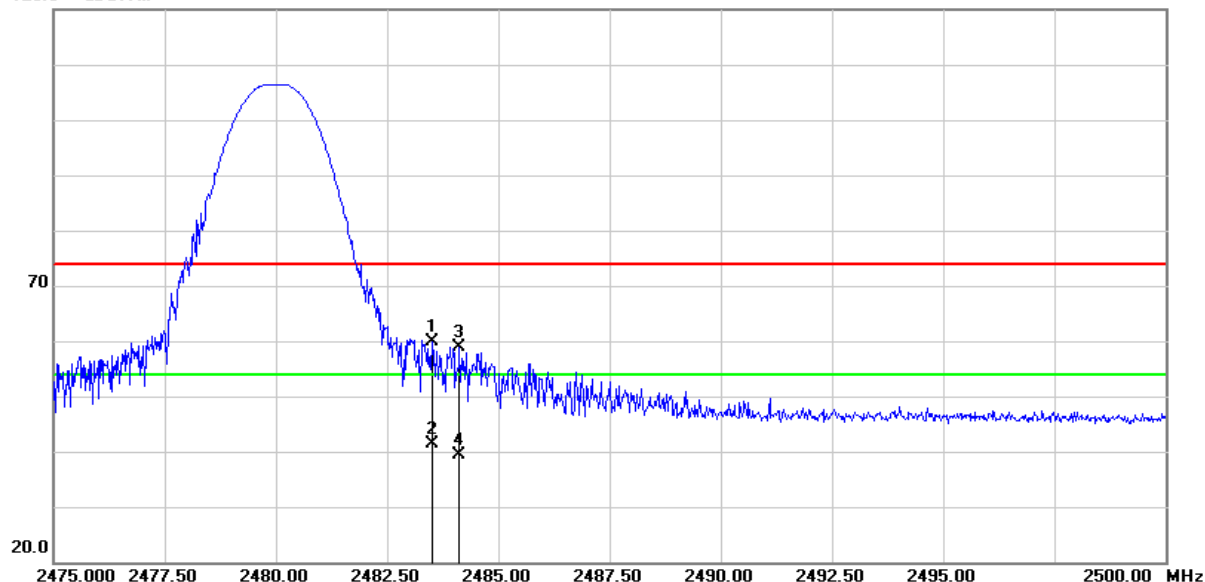
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2362.820	54.30	-5.70	48.60	74.00	-25.40	peak
2	2390.000	52.27	-5.69	46.58	74.00	-27.42	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	51 %

120.0 dBuV/m



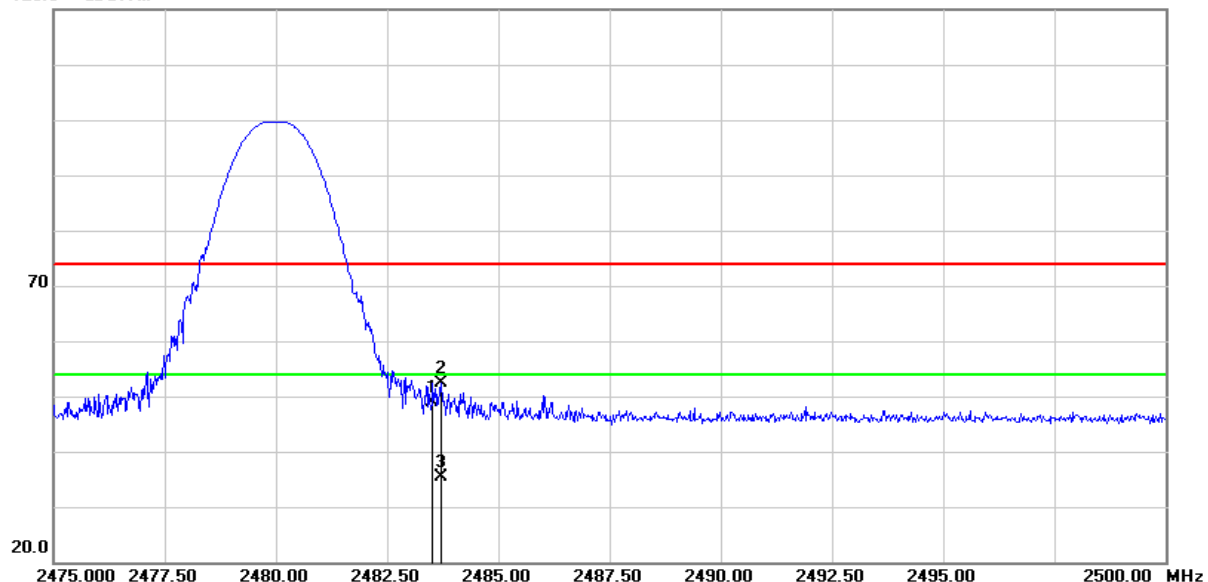
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2483.500	65.81	-5.81	60.00	74.00	-14.00	peak
2	2483.500	47.25	-5.81	41.44	54.00	-12.56	AVG
3	2484.125	64.74	-5.80	58.94	74.00	-15.06	peak
4	2484.125	45.17	-5.80	39.37	54.00	-14.63	AVG

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	51 %

120.0 dBuV/m

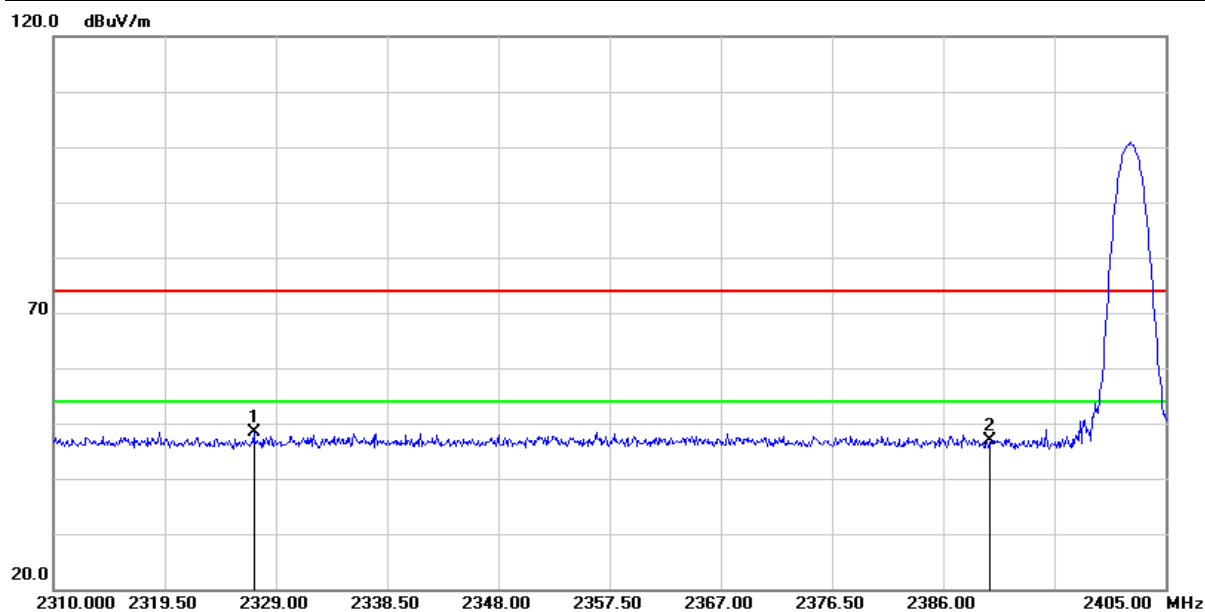


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2483.500	54.79	-5.81	48.98	74.00	-25.02	peak
2	2483.725	58.16	-5.81	52.35	74.00	-21.65	peak
3	2483.725	41.26	-5.81	35.45	54.00	-18.55	AVG

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	51 %

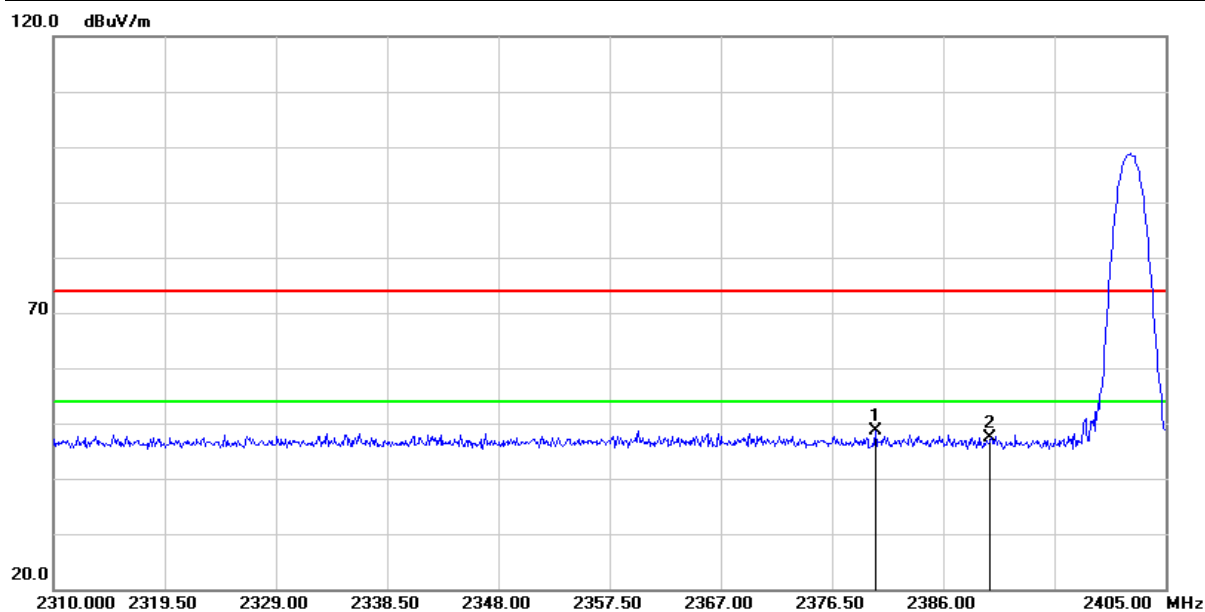


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2327.100	54.13	-5.74	48.39	74.00	-25.61	peak
2	2390.000	52.47	-5.69	46.78	74.00	-27.22	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	51 %



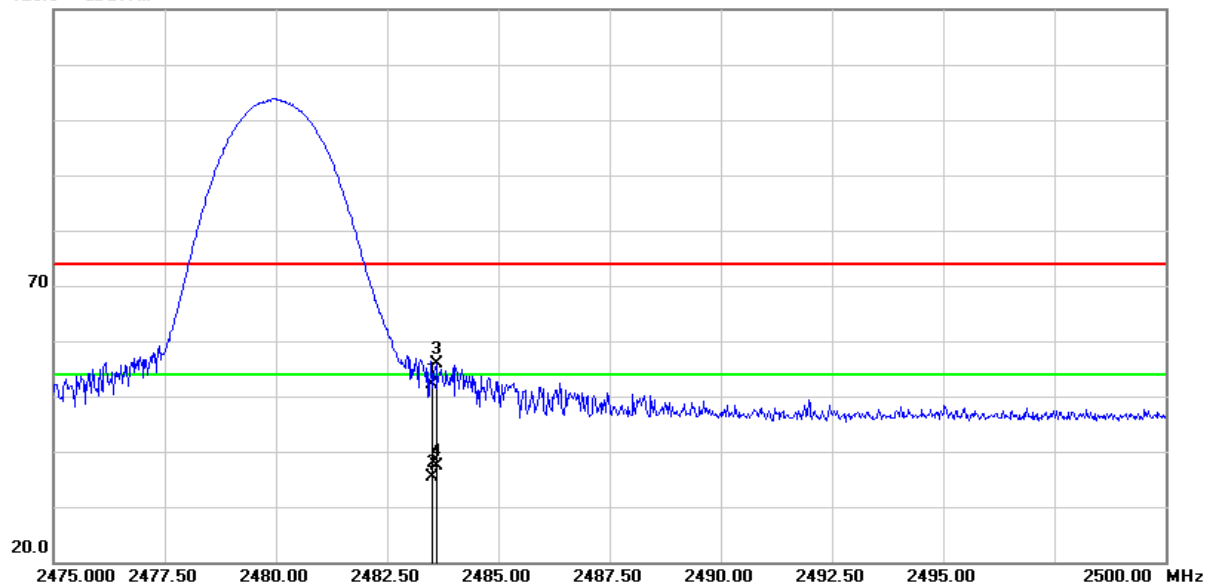
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2380.205	54.35	-5.69	48.66	74.00	-25.34	peak
2	2390.000	53.08	-5.69	47.39	74.00	-26.61	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	51 %

120.0 dBuV/m



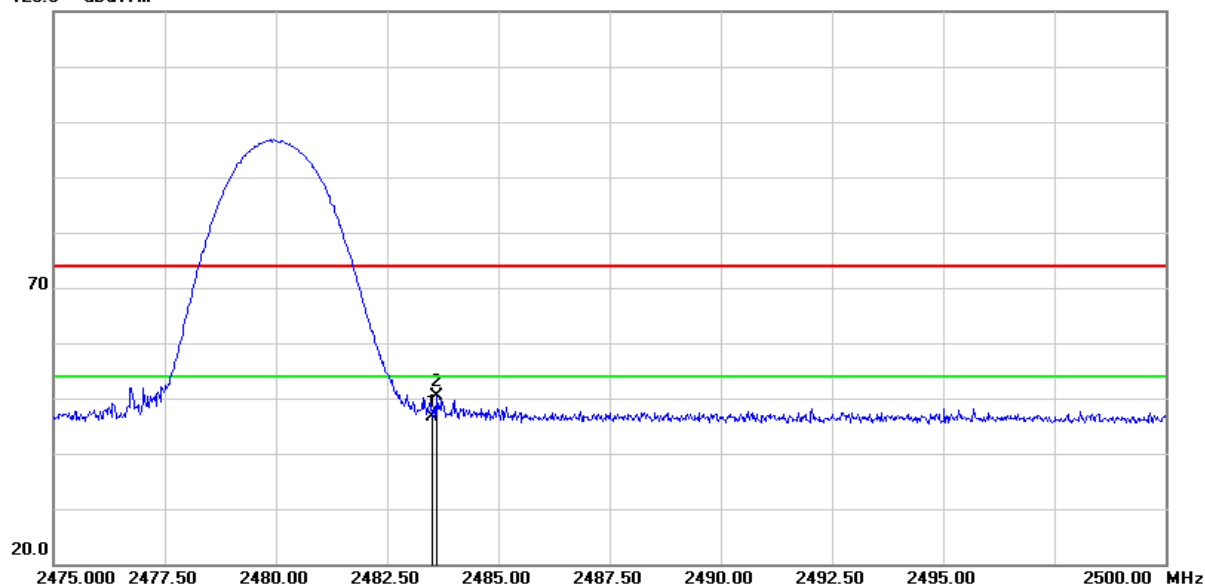
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2483.500	58.06	-5.81	52.25	74.00	-21.75	peak
2	2483.500	41.19	-5.81	35.38	54.00	-18.62	AVG
3	2483.600	61.69	-5.81	55.88	74.00	-18.12	peak
4	2483.600	43.24	-5.81	37.43	54.00	-16.57	AVG

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	51 %

120.0 dBuV/m



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2483.500	52.44	-5.81	46.63	74.00	-27.37	peak
2	2483.600	56.16	-5.81	50.35	74.00	-23.65	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

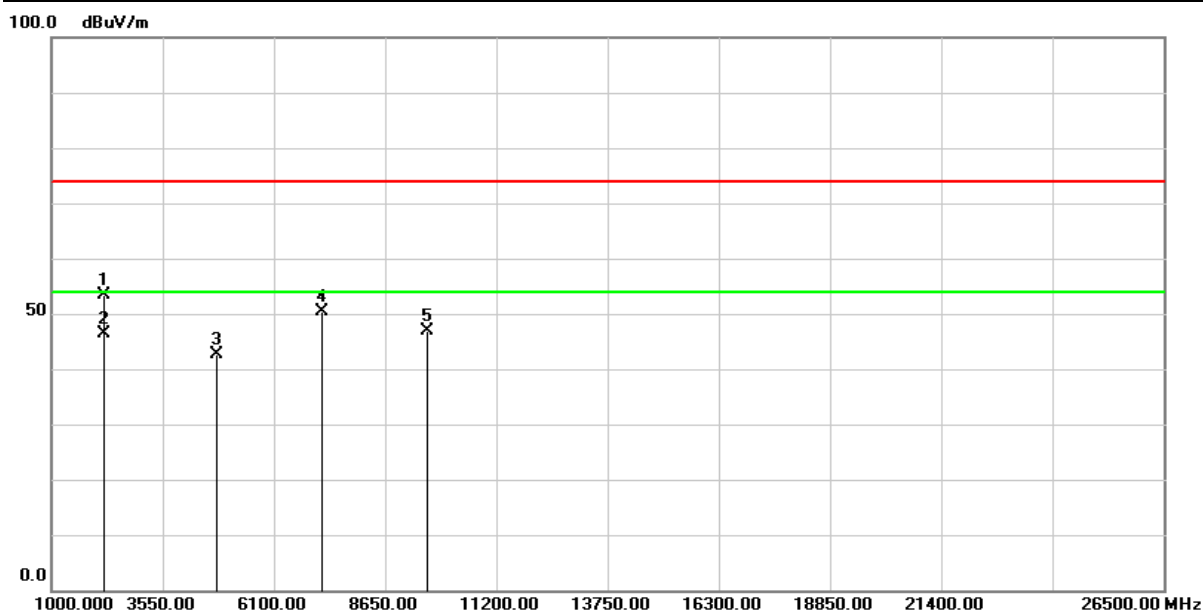
2.8.6 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement

- (1) The radiation measurement frequency is 9kHz ~ 30MHz. The interference value of this frequency range is less than the limit value of 20 dB. It is considered that the background noise value is not recorded.
- (2) The following table shows the radiation measurement frequency from 30MHz to 26.5GHz, pre-scanning in the X, Y and Z axes. The worst case (X-axis) is documented in this report.

Test Frequency	
RF	BT 1 Mbps / 3 Mbps
Tx	CH00 (2402 MHz)
	CH39 (2441 MHz)
	CH78 (2480 MHz)

Above 1GHz Data

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	51 %



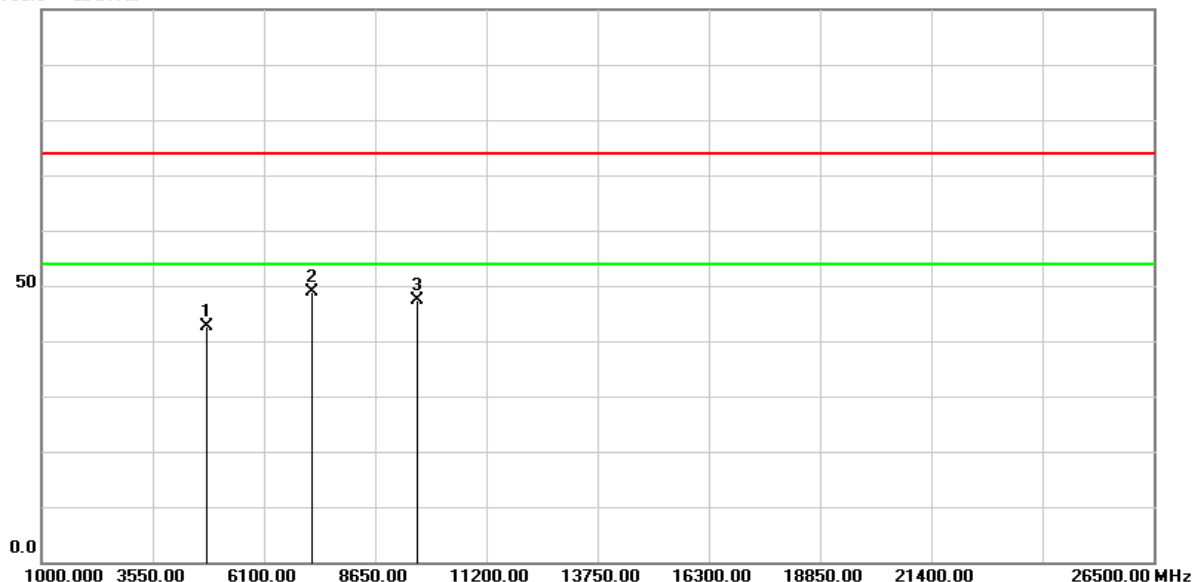
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2184.000	81.15	-27.74	53.41	74.00	-20.59	peak
2	2184.000	74.22	-27.74	46.48	54.00	-7.52	AVG
3	4804.000	61.62	-19.02	42.60	74.00	-31.40	peak
4	7206.000	63.53	-13.10	50.43	74.00	-23.57	peak
5	9608.000	55.92	-8.93	46.99	74.00	-27.01	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



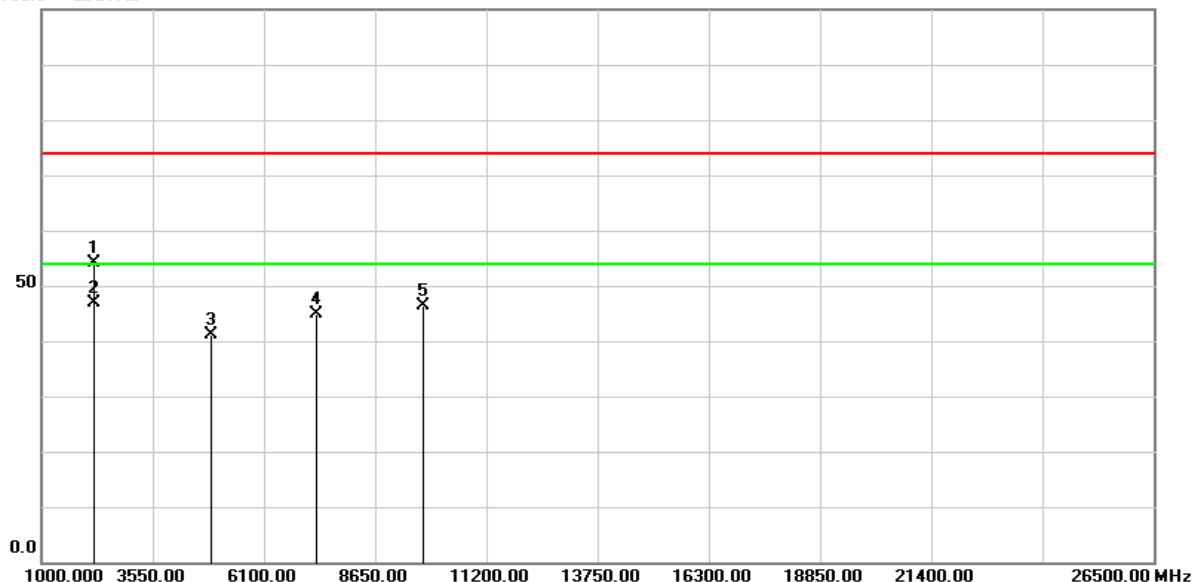
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4804.000	61.76	-19.02	42.74	74.00	-31.26	peak
2	7206.000	62.02	-13.10	48.92	74.00	-25.08	peak
3	9608.000	56.28	-8.93	47.35	74.00	-26.65	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



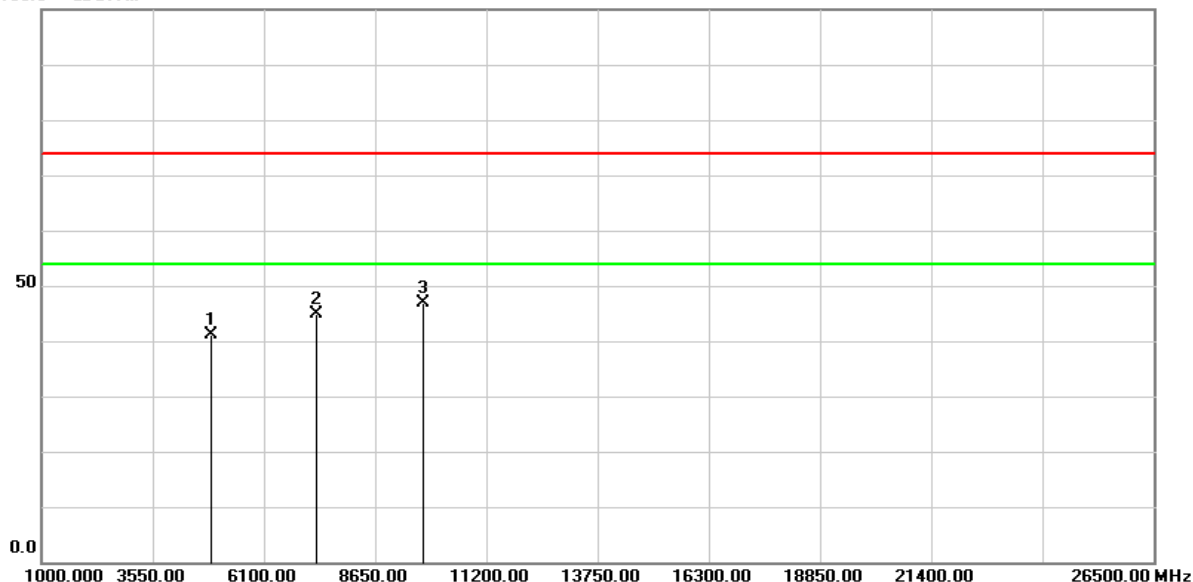
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2184.000	81.99	-27.74	54.25	74.00	-19.75	peak
2	2184.000	74.64	-27.74	46.90	54.00	-7.10	AVG
3	4882.000	60.21	-19.01	41.20	74.00	-32.80	peak
4	7323.000	57.27	-12.49	44.78	74.00	-29.22	peak
5	9764.000	55.09	-8.73	46.36	74.00	-27.64	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4882.000	60.06	-19.01	41.05	74.00	-32.95	peak
2	7323.000	57.37	-12.49	44.88	74.00	-29.12	peak
3	9764.000	55.58	-8.73	46.85	74.00	-27.15	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



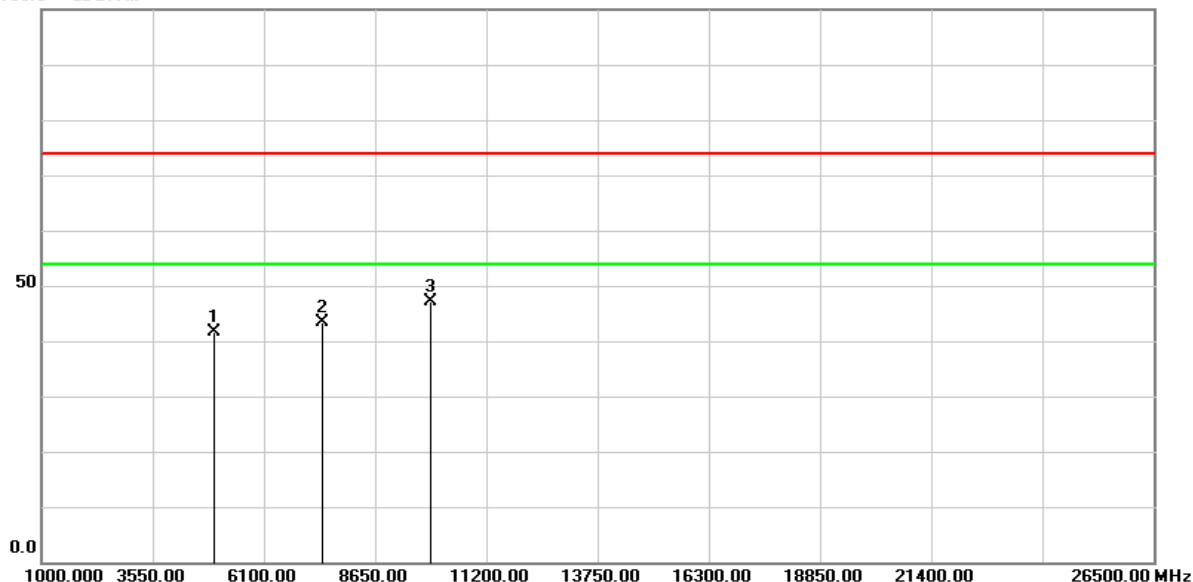
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2184.000	81.51	-27.74	53.77	74.00	-20.23	peak
2	2184.000	74.04	-27.74	46.30	54.00	-7.70	AVG
3	4960.000	59.96	-18.93	41.03	74.00	-32.97	peak
4	7440.000	57.08	-12.27	44.81	74.00	-29.19	peak
5	9920.000	55.47	-8.71	46.76	74.00	-27.24	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



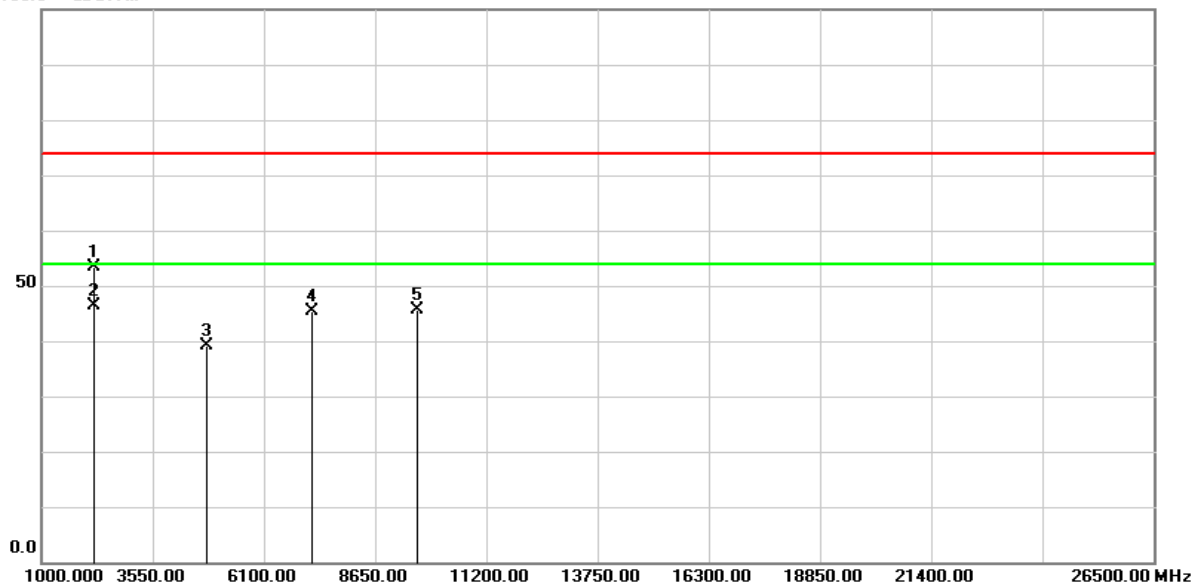
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4960.000	60.64	-18.93	41.71	74.00	-32.29	peak
2	7440.000	55.55	-12.27	43.28	74.00	-30.72	peak
3	9920.000	55.73	-8.71	47.02	74.00	-26.98	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



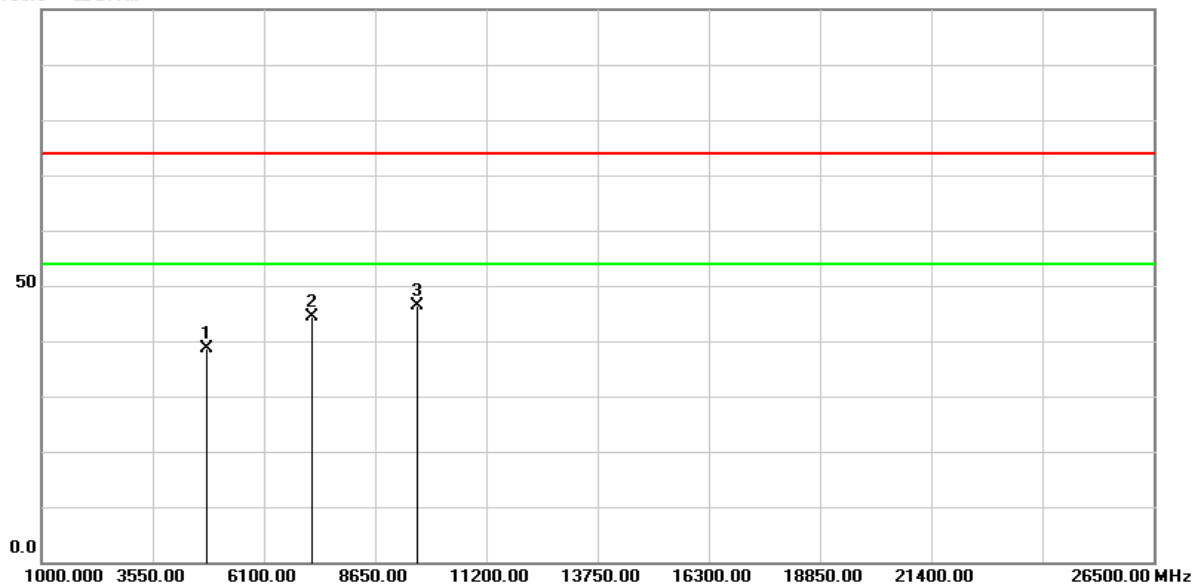
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2184.000	81.11	-27.74	53.37	74.00	-20.63	peak
2	2184.000	74.13	-27.74	46.39	54.00	-7.61	AVG
3	4804.000	58.27	-19.02	39.25	74.00	-34.75	peak
4	7206.000	58.59	-13.10	45.49	74.00	-28.51	peak
5	9608.000	54.60	-8.93	45.67	74.00	-28.33	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH00 (2402 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



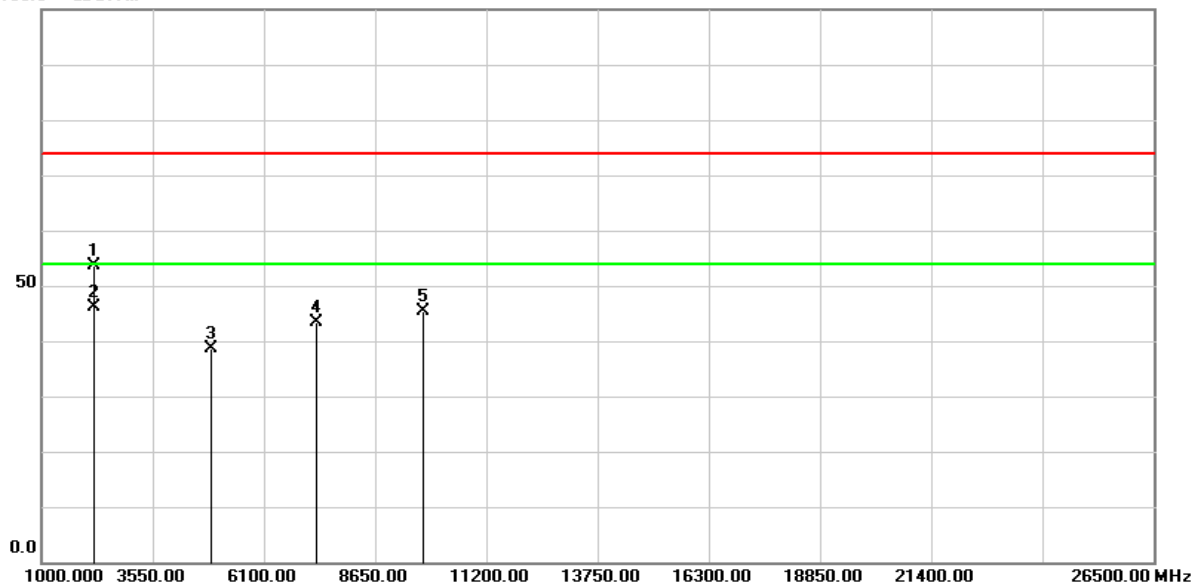
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4804.000	57.69	-19.02	38.67	74.00	-35.33	peak
2	7206.000	57.50	-13.10	44.40	74.00	-29.60	peak
3	9608.000	55.23	-8.93	46.30	74.00	-27.70	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



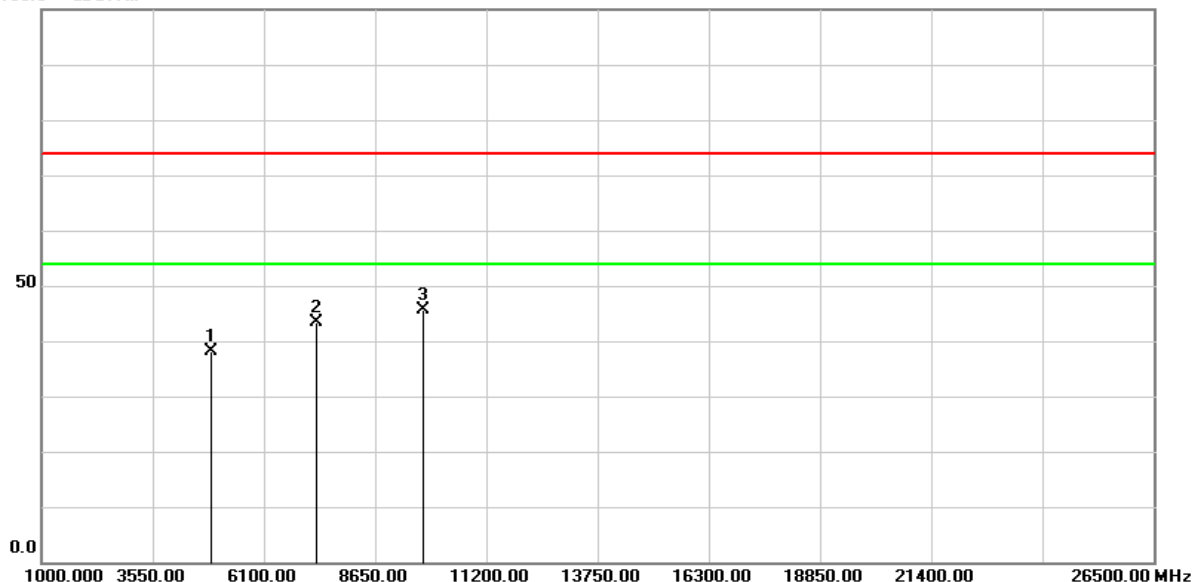
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2184.000	81.48	-27.74	53.74	74.00	-20.26	peak
2	2184.000	73.97	-27.74	46.23	54.00	-7.77	AVG
3	4882.000	57.56	-19.01	38.55	74.00	-35.45	peak
4	7323.000	55.94	-12.49	43.45	74.00	-30.55	peak
5	9764.000	54.23	-8.73	45.50	74.00	-28.50	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



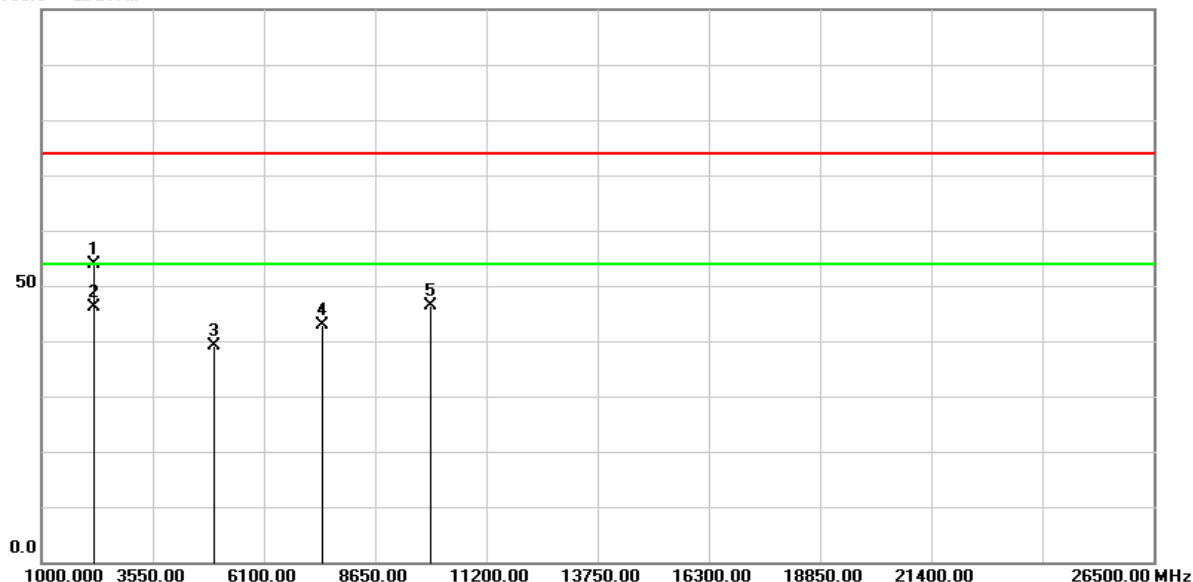
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4882.000	57.25	-19.01	38.24	74.00	-35.76	peak
2	7323.000	55.95	-12.49	43.46	74.00	-30.54	peak
3	9764.000	54.26	-8.73	45.53	74.00	-28.47	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



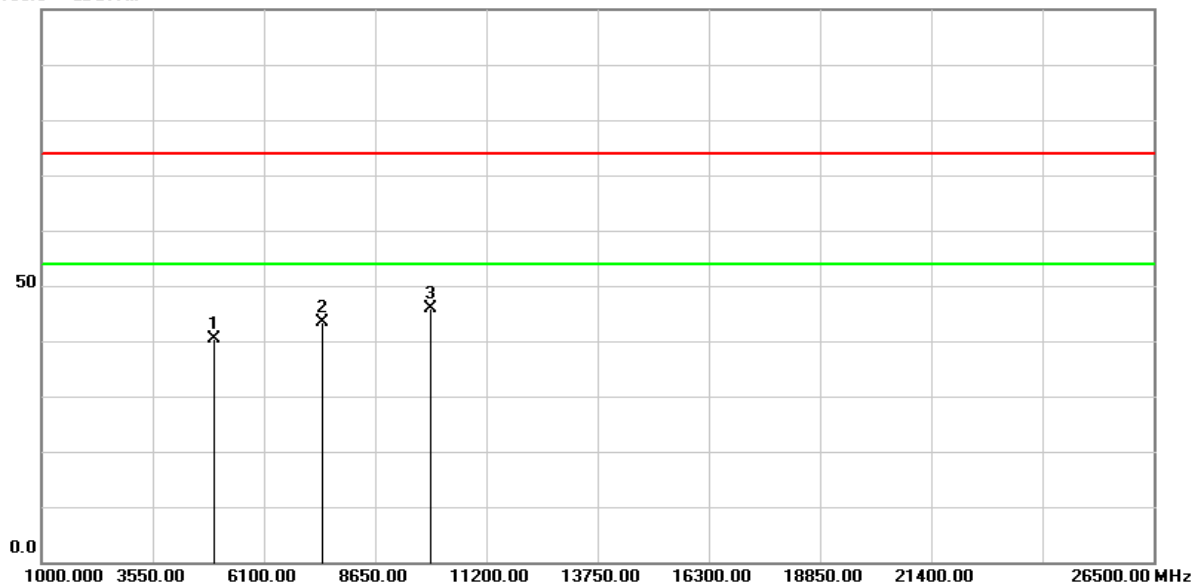
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2184.000	81.53	-27.74	53.79	74.00	-20.21	peak
2	2184.000	73.96	-27.74	46.22	54.00	-7.78	AVG
3	4960.000	57.98	-18.93	39.05	74.00	-34.95	peak
4	7440.000	55.05	-12.27	42.78	74.00	-31.22	peak
5	9920.000	55.00	-8.71	46.29	74.00	-27.71	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT-EDR(3Mbps)	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH78 (2480 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	51 %

100.0 dBuV/m



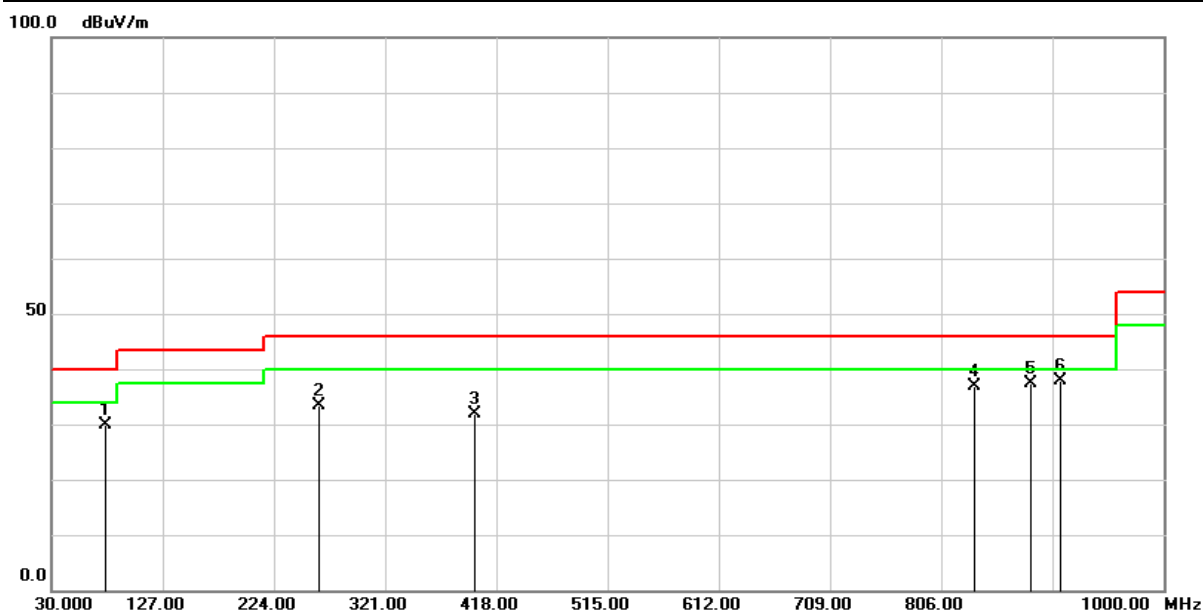
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4960.000	59.35	-18.93	40.42	74.00	-33.58	peak
2	7440.000	55.65	-12.27	43.38	74.00	-30.62	peak
3	9920.000	54.64	-8.71	45.93	74.00	-28.07	peak

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Below 1GHz Data

Test Mode :	Transmit BT	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Horizontal	Relative Humidity :	43.1 %



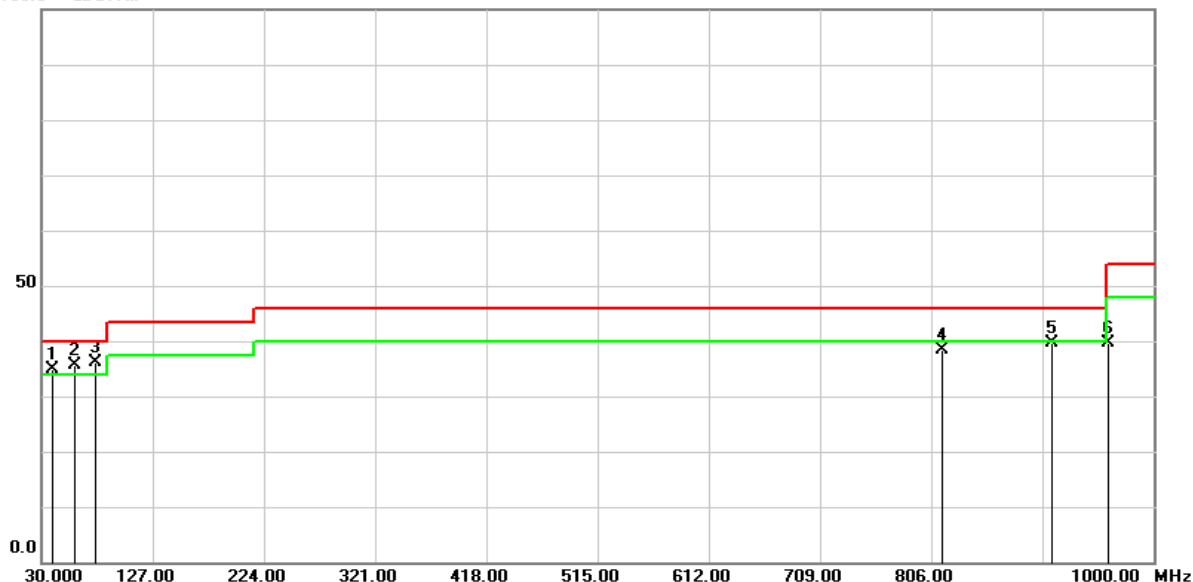
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	77.5300	45.03	-15.15	29.88	40.00	-10.12	QP
2	263.7700	44.81	-11.49	33.32	46.00	-12.68	QP
3	398.6000	39.18	-7.28	31.90	46.00	-14.10	QP
4	835.1000	34.73	2.25	36.98	46.00	-9.02	QP
5	884.5700	34.59	2.81	37.40	46.00	-8.60	QP
6	909.7900	34.40	3.52	37.92	46.00	-8.08	QP

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

Test Mode :	Transmit BT	Test Date :	2023/09/14
Test Channel	CH39 (2441 MHz)	Temperature :	24.3 °C
Polarization :	Vertical	Relative Humidity :	43.1 %

100.0 dBuV/m



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	39.4950	47.15	-12.28	34.87	40.00	-5.13	QP
2	58.7350	46.83	-11.10	35.73	40.00	-4.27	QP
3	77.2090	51.24	-15.02	36.22	40.00	-3.78	QP
4	815.7000	36.39	1.92	38.31	46.00	-7.69	QP
5	911.7300	36.16	3.57	39.73	46.00	-6.27	QP
6	960.2300	34.97	4.58	39.55	53.90	-14.35	QP

Remark :

1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss – Amplifier gain
2. Result Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
3. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value
4. The other emission levels were very low against the limit

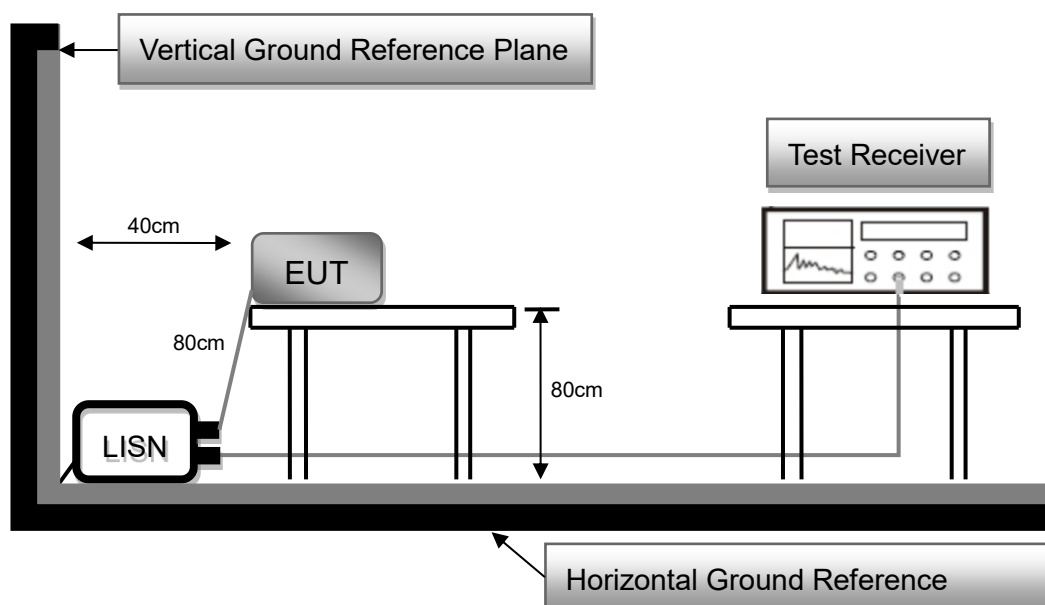
2.9 AC Conducted Emissions Measurement

2.9.1 Limit

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Part 15 Subpart C Paragraph 15.207 (dB μ V) Limit	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5.0	56	46
5.0 to 30.0	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

2.9.2 Test Setup



2.9.3 Test Procedure

1. Reference ANSI C63.10 : 2013 chapter 6.2
2. The EUT was placed 0.8 meter height wooden table from the horizontal ground plane with EUT being connected to power source through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). The LISN at least be 80 cm from nearest chassis of EUT.
3. The line impedance stabilization network (LISN) provides 50 ohm/50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument. All other support equipments powered from additional LISN(s).
4. Interrelating cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical usage.
5. All I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundle in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.
6. The EMI test receiver connected to LISN powering the EUT. The actual test configuration, please refer to EUT test photos.
7. The receiver scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of test modes. Conducted emissions were invested over the frequency range from 0.15MHz to 30MHz using a receiver bandwidth of 9kHz. A scan was taken on both power lines, Line and Neutral, recording at least six highest emissions.
8. The EUT and cable configuration of the above highest emission levels were recorded. The test data of the worst case was recorded.

2.9.4 Test Result

Test Voltage :	120Vac, 60Hz	Frequency Range:	0.15-30 MHz
Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	6dB Bandwidth :	9 kHz
Test Date :	2023/09/11	Phase :	L
Temperature :	25.2°C	Humidity :	43 %



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Measurement (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.1703	42.32	9.84	52.16	64.95	-12.79	QP
2	0.1703	23	9.84	32.84	54.95	-22.11	AVG
3	0.177	41.56	9.82	51.38	64.63	-13.25	QP
4	0.177	21.26	9.82	31.08	54.63	-23.55	AVG
5	0.1948	39.23	9.82	49.05	63.83	-14.78	QP
6	0.1948	20.24	9.82	30.06	53.83	-23.77	AVG
7	0.21	36.67	9.82	46.49	63.21	-16.72	QP
8	0.21	17.5	9.82	27.32	53.21	-25.89	AVG
9	0.4307	34.33	9.84	44.17	57.24	-13.07	QP
10	0.4307	26.36	9.84	36.2	47.24	-11.04	AVG
11	0.4775	37.3	9.84	47.14	56.38	-9.24	QP
12	0.4775	29.43	9.84	39.27	46.38	-7.11	AVG

Remark:

1. QP = Quasi Peak, AVG = Average
2. Correction Factor = Insertion loss of LISN + Cable loss
3. Measurement Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
4. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value

Test Voltage :	120Vac, 60Hz	Frequency Range:	0.15-30 MHz
Test Mode :	Transmit BT-BR(1Mbps)	6dB Bandwidth :	9 kHz
Test Date :	2023/09/11	Phase :	N
Temperature :	25.2°C	Humidity :	43 %



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Measurement (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.1544	44.5	9.84	54.34	65.76	-11.42	QP
2	0.1544	22.91	9.84	32.75	55.76	-23.01	AVG
3	0.168	42.36	9.84	52.2	65.06	-12.86	QP
4	0.168	22.28	9.84	32.12	55.06	-22.94	AVG
5	0.1956	39.24	9.83	49.07	63.8	-14.73	QP
6	0.1956	20.53	9.83	30.36	53.8	-23.44	AVG
7	0.2217	36.57	9.83	46.4	62.75	-16.35	QP
8	0.2217	20.21	9.83	30.04	52.75	-22.71	AVG
9	0.4218	34.68	9.84	44.52	57.41	-12.89	QP
10	0.4218	27.15	9.84	36.99	47.41	-10.42	AVG
11	0.4777	37.55	9.84	47.39	56.38	-8.99	QP
12	0.4777	29.48	9.84	39.32	46.38	-7.06	AVG

Remark:

1. QP = Quasi Peak, AVG = Average
2. Correction Factor = Insertion loss of LISN + Cable loss
3. Measurement Value = Reading Level + Correct Factor
4. Margin Level = Result Value – Limit Value

--- END ---