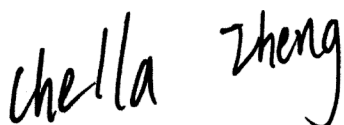


FCC RF EXPOSURE REPORT

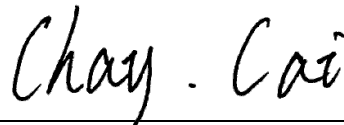
FCC ID: 2AXJ4WA3001

Project No. : 2112C158
Equipment : AX3000 Gigabit Wi-Fi 6 Access Point
Brand Name : tp-link
Test Model : TL-WA3001
Series Model : N/A
Applicant : TP-Link Corporation Limited
Address : Room 901, 9/F. , New East Ocean Centre, 9 Science Museum Road,
Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Manufacturer : TP-Link Corporation Limited
Address : Room 901, 9/F. , New East Ocean Centre, 9 Science Museum Road,
Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Date of Receipt : Dec. 30, 2021
Date of Test : Jan. 04, 2022 ~ Feb. 17, 2022
Issued Date : Apr. 01, 2022
Report Version : R00
Test Sample : Engineering Sample No.: DG2021123040
Standard(s) : FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure IEEE C95.1 & FCC Part 2.1091
FCC Title 47 Part 2.1091

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc.



Prepared by : Chella Zheng



Approved by : Chay Cai



TESTING CERT #5123.02

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REPORT ISSUED HISTORY

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date	Note
BTL-FCCP-4-2112C158	R00	Original Report	Apr. 01, 2022	Valid

1. TEST FACILITY

The test facilities used to collect the test data in this report is at the location of No. 3 Jinshagang 1st Rd. Shixia, Dalang Town Dongguan City, Guangdong 523792 People's Republic of China.
BTL's Registration Number for FCC: 357015
BTL's Designation Number for FCC: CN1240

2. MPE CALCULATION METHOD

Calculation Method of RF Safety Distance:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi r^2}$$

where:

S = power density

P = power input to the antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

For 2.4GHz:

Antenna Specification:

Ant.	Brand	P/N	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	tp-link	3101504476	Dipole	Weld	1.58
2	tp-link	3101504477	Dipole	Weld	1.58

Note:

- This EUT supports CDD, and all antennas have the same gain, Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain}$.
For power measurements, Array Gain=0dB ($N_{ANT} \leq 4$), so the Directional gain=1.58 dBi.
For power spectral density measurements, $N_{ANT}=2$, $N_{SS} = 1$.
So the Directional gain= $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain} = G_{ANT} + 10\log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS})\text{dBi} = 1.58 + 10\log(2/1)\text{dBi} = 4.59 \text{ dBi}$.
- Beamforming Gain: 3 dB. So the Directional gain= $3 + 1.58 = 4.58 \text{ dBi}$.
- The antenna gain and beamforming gain are provided by the manufacturer.

Table for Antenna Configuration:

For Non Beamforming:

Operating Mode	TX Mode	2TX
IEEE 802.11b		V(Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11g		V(Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11n(HT20)		V(Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11n(HT40)		V(Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE20)		V(Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE40)		V(Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)

For Beamforming:

Operating Mode	TX Mode	2TX
IEEE 802.11ax(HE20)		V(Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE40)		V(Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)

For 5GHz:

Antenna Specification:

Ant.	Brand	P/N	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	tp-link	3101504478	Dipole	Weld	2.46
2	tp-link	3101504479	Dipole	Weld	2.46

Note:

- 1) This EUT supports CDD, and all antennas have the same gain, Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain}$.
For power measurements, Array Gain=0dB ($N_{ANT} \leq 4$), so the Directional gain=2.46 dBi.
For power spectral density measurements, $N_{ANT}=2$, $N_{SS} = 1$.
So the Directional gain= $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain} = G_{ANT} + 10\log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS})\text{dBi} = 2.46 + 10\log(2/1)\text{dBi} = 5.47 \text{ dBi}$.
- 2) Beamforming Gain: 3 dB. So the Directional gain= $3 + 2.46 = 5.46 \text{ dBi}$.
- 3) The antenna gain and beamforming gain are provided by the manufacturer.

For Non Beamforming:

Operating Mode	TX Mode	2TX
IEEE 802.11a		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11n(HT20)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11n(HT40)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT20)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT40)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT160)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE20)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE40)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE80)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE160)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)

For Beamforming:

Operating Mode	TX Mode	2TX
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT20)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT40)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT160)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE20)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE40)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE80)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE160)		V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)

3. TEST RESULTS

For 2.4GHz Non Beamforming:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Average Output Power (dBm)	Max. Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
1.58	1.4388	26.41	437.5221	0.12530	1	Complies

For 2.4GHz Beamforming:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Average Output Power (dBm)	Max. Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
4.58	2.8708	25.52	356.4511	0.20368	1	Complies

For 5GHz Non Beamforming:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
2.46	1.7620	25.66	368.1290	0.12911	1	Complies

For 5GHz Beamforming:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
5.46	3.5156	25.48	353.1832	0.24714	1	Complies

For the max simultaneous transmission MPE:

Ratio		Total	Limit of Ratio	Test Result
2.4GHz	5GHz			
0.20368	0.24714	0.45082	1	Complies

Note: The calculated distance is 20 cm.
Output power including tune up tolerance.

End of Test Report