FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

Product Name: Notebook

Trademark: Azeyou

Model Name: AL143UBU

Family Model: HA142

Report No.: S23082101103001

FCC ID: 2A27O-AL143U

Prepared for

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name Dongguan Lianzhou Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.

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GuangDong Province, China

Manufacturer's

Name Dongguan Lianzhou Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.

Building 1, No. 10, Feng Gang Technology Road, Feng Gang Town, DongGuan City, Address.....

GuangDong Province, China

Product description

Product name......Notebook

Trademark Azeyou

Model NameAL143UBU

Family Model..... HA142

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

Standards..... IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests ... Aug. 23, 2023~ Sep. 06, 2023

Date of Issue...... Sep. 12, 2023

Prepared By

(Test Engineer)

Approved By

(Lab Manager)



% % Revision History % %

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Sep. 12, 2023	Jack Li

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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body		Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles		
	0.4	8.0	20.0		

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
TRUNK LIMIT
1.6 W/kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT



1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for AL143UBU are as follows.

	Max Reported SAR Value(W/kg)			
Band	1-g Body			
	(Separation distance of 0mm)			
WLAN 2.4G	0.587			
WLAN 5.2G	0.100			
WLAN 5.3G	0.092			
WLAN 5.6G	0.087			
WLAN 5.8G	0.067			

Note: This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population / uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information					
Product Name	Notebook				
Trade Name	Azeyou				
Model Name	AL143UBU				
Family Model	HA142				
Model Difference	Appearance or color differen	ence, motherboard c	onfiguration is		
Model Dillerence	the same				
FCC ID	2A27O-AL143U				
Device Phase	Identical Prototype				
Exposure Category	General population / Uncontrolled environment				
Antenna	PIFA Antenna				
Battery Information	DC 11.4V, 4000mAh				
Hardware version	N14TB REV:3.1				
Software version	WINDOWS 11				
Device Operating Configurations					
Supporting Mode(s)	WLAN 2.4G/5G, Bluetooth				
Test Modulation	WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Blue	tooth(GFSK, π/4-De	QPSK, 8DPSK)		
Device Class	В				
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	WLAN 2.4G	LAN 2.4G 2412-2462			
	WLAN 5.2G	5180-5240			



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WLAN 5.3G	5260-5320
WLAN 5.6G	5500-5700
WLAN 5.8G	5745-5825
Bluetooth	2402-2480



1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets

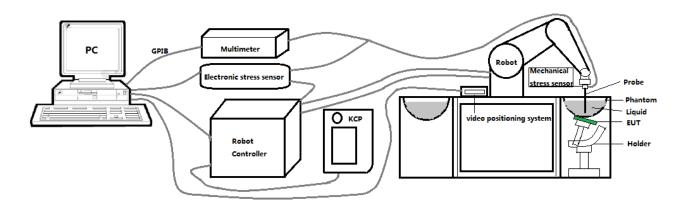
1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ±0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"





2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

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2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

Probe linearity: ±0.08 dBAxial isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Hemispherical Isotropy: ±0.01 dB

- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

- Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ±0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.





2.4. SAM phantoms

Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



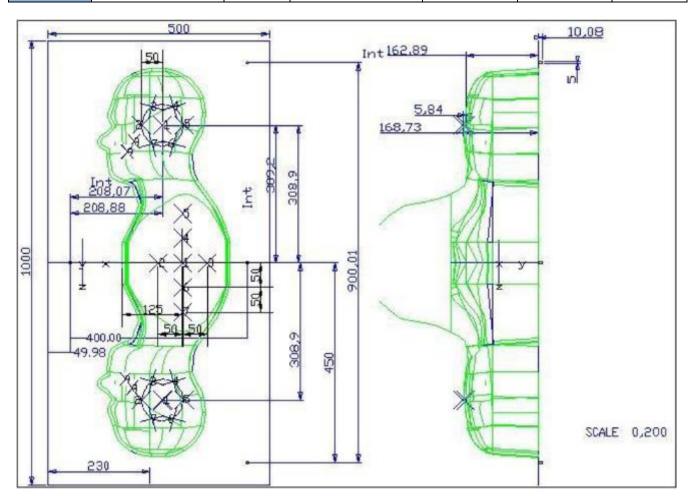
The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.





2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



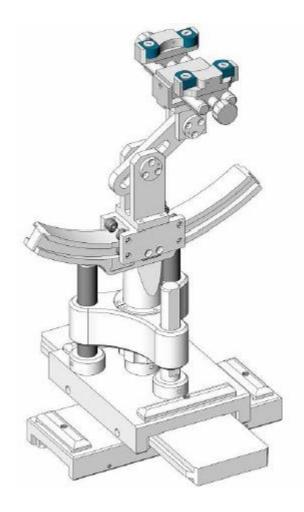
Serial Number	Left Head(mm)		Right Head(mm)		Flat Part(mm)	
	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
SN 16/15 SAM119	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 μ m.



2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005





2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked \boxtimes

MVG		Manufacturer	Name of	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
WWG E FIELD PROBE SSE2 SN 08/16 EPGC287 2023 2024 □ MVG 750 MHz Dipole SID750 SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355 Mar. 01, 2024 Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 835 MHz Dipole SID835 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, 5eb. 28, 2024 2024 □ MVG 900 MHz Dipole SID900 G990-348 2021 2024 □ MVG 1800 MHz Dipole SID1800 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, 5eb. 28, 16800-349 2021 2024 □ MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1900 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, 5eb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, 5eb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, 5eb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, 5eb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, 5eb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600		Manufacturer	Equipment	i ype/iviodei	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
MVG		MVC	E FIEI D DRORE	SSE2	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Jan. 10,	Jan. 09,
MVG		WVO	ETILLETTROBL	JOLZ	3N 00/10 E1 00207	2023	2024
MVG		MVG	750 MHz Dinole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG 835 MHz Dipole SID835 0G835-347 2021 2024 □ MVG 900 MHz Dipole SID900 SN 03/15 DIP 0G900-348 2021 2024 □ MVG 1800 MHz Dipole SID1800 SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349 2021 2024 □ MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1900 SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350 2021 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP 2G000-351 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/15 DIP 3G00-358 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP 3G00-358 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP 3G00-356 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, 4G00-436 Peb. 28, 2021 □ <t< td=""><td></td><td>WIVO</td><td>700 WI IZ BIPOIC</td><td>010700</td><td>0G750-355</td><td>2021</td><td>2024</td></t<>		WIVO	700 WI IZ BIPOIC	010700	0G750-355	2021	2024
MVG		MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG 900 MHz Dipole SID900 0G900-348 2021 2024 □ MVG 1800 MHz Dipole SID1800 SN 03/15 DIP (16800-349) Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1900 SN 03/15 DIP (16900-350) Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP (16900-351) Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP (16900-358) Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP (16900-358) Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP (16900-358) Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP (16900-358) Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Ampliffier <td></td> <td>10100</td> <td>000 WH 12 Bipolo</td> <td>CIDOOO</td> <td>0G835-347</td> <td>2021</td> <td>2024</td>		10100	000 WH 12 Bipolo	CIDOOO	0G835-347	2021	2024
MVG		MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
MVG		10100	000 WH 12 Bipolo	CIDOOO	0G900-348	2021	2024
MVG		MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG 1900 MHz Dipole SID1900 1G900-350 2021 2024 □ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2024 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR □ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 □			1000 WH 12 B 15010	012 1000	1G800-349	2021	2024
		MVG	1900 MHz Dinole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG 2000 MHz Dipole SID2000 2G000-351 2021 2024 □ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP 2G300-358 Mar. 01, 2024 Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356 Mar. 01, 2024 Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, 2024 Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR □ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 □ R&S Wideband radio communication tester CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 □ HP Network Analyzer		10100	1000 Wii 12 Bipolo	012 1000	1G900-350	2021	2024
MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 SN 03/16 DIP 2G300-358 2021 2024		MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG 2300 MHz Dipole SID2300 2G300-358 2021 2024 □ MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352 2021 2024 □ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356 Mar. 01, 2024 Feb. 28, 2024 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR □ KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR □ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, 2023 2024 □ R&S Wideband radio communication tester CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 □ HP Network Analyzer 8753D 3410J01136 May 29, May 28, 2024		WIVO	2000 Wil 12 Dipole	OIDZOOO	2G000-351	2021	2024
MVG	$ \Box $	MVG	2300 MHz Dipole	SID2300	SN 03/16 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
MVG 2450 MHz Dipole SID2450 2G450-352 2021 2024 MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, 2G600-356 2021 2024 MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, 2021 Feb. 28, 2024 MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR MKEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, 2023 May 28, 2024 MR Wideband radio communication tester CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2024 MR HP Network Analyzer 8753D 3410J01136 May 29, May 28, May 2		WIVO	2000 WI 12 Dipole	0102000	2G300-358	2021	2024
MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 SN 03/15 DIP Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, Feb. 28, 2021 2024 MVG Liquid Measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR R&S Communication CMU200 117858 May 29, 2023 2024 R&S Wideband radio CMW500 103917 May 29, 2023 2024 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024		MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
□ MVG 2600 MHz Dipole SID2600 2G600-356 2021 2024 □ MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, 2021 Feb. 28, 2021 2024 □ MVG Liquid measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR NCR □ MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR NCR □ KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR NCR □ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 □ R&S Wideband radio communication tester CMW500 103917 May 29, May 28, 2023 2024 □ HP Network Analyzer 8753D 3410J01136 May 29, May 28,		WIVO	2400 Wil IZ Dipole	OIDZ-100	2G450-352	2021	2024
MVG 5000 MHz Dipole SWG5500 SN 13/14 WGA 33 Mar. 01, 2024 Feb. 28, 2024 MVG Liquid measurement Kit measurement Kit SCLMP SN 21/15 OCPG 72 NCR NCR MVG Power Amplifier N.A AMPLISAR_28/14_003 NCR NCR KEITHLEY Millivoltmeter 2000 4072790 NCR NCR R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, 2023 May 28, 2024 R&S Wideband radio communication tester CMW500 103917 May 29, 2023 May 28, 2024 HP Network Analyzer 8753D 3410,J01136 May 29, May 28, May 28, 2024		MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
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MVG		MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Mar. 01,	Feb. 28,
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□ R&S Universal radio communication tester CMU200 117858 May 29, 2023 May 28, 2024 □ R&S Wideband radio communication tester CMW500 103917 May 29, 2023 May 28, 2024 □ HP Network Analyzer 8753D 3410J01136 May 29, May 28, 2024	-	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter				
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□ R&S Wideband radio communication tester CMW500 103917 May 29, 2023 May 28, 2024 □ HP Network Analyzer 8753D 3410J01136 May 29, May 28, 3410J01136			Oommaniod don			2023	2024
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\boxtimes	Agilent	MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182A	MY47070317	May 29, 2023	May 28, 2024
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	May 29, 2023	May 28, 2024
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	May 29, 2023	May 28, 2024
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	May 29, 2023	May 28, 2024
\boxtimes	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Jul. 04, 2023	Jul. 03, 2024
\boxtimes	N/A	Thermometer	N/A	LES-085	Mar. 27, 2023	Mar. 26, 2026
\boxtimes	MVG	SAM Phantom	SSM2	SN 16/15 SAM119	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	MVG	Device Holder	SMPPD	SN 16/15 MSH100	NCR	NCR





3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.



Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 *30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

100 MHZ to 6 GHZ.					
			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro-			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
			When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test d measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding evice with at least one	
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform s	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.





4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)					Head	Tissue				
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23
Ingredients (% of weight)					Body ⁻	Tissue				
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	50.30	50.30	50.30	69.91	69.91	71.88	71.88	71.88	79.54	79.54
NaCl	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	49.10	49.10	49.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.99	9.99	19.97	19.97	19.97	11.24	11.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.97	19.97	7.99	7.99	7.99	9.22	9.22

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.









4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ±5% of the target values.

T :	Measured	Target T	issue	Measure	d Tissue	I dan dal	
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	εr	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date
Head 2450	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.13	1.85	21.2 °C	Aug. 31, 2023
Head 5200	5200	36.00 (34.20~37.80)	4.66 (4.43~4.89)	34.75	4.58	21.7 °C	Aug. 23, 2023
Head 5400	5400	35.80 (34.01~37.59)	4.86 (4.62~5.10)	35.35	4.98	21.4 °C	Sep. 06, 2023
Head 5600	5600	35.50 (33.73~37.28)	5.07 (4.82~5.32)	35.40	5.11	21.9 °C	Aug. 29, 2023
Head 5800	5800	35.30 (33.54~37.07)	5.27 (5.01~5.53)	35.45	5.21	21.3 °C	Aug. 30, 2023

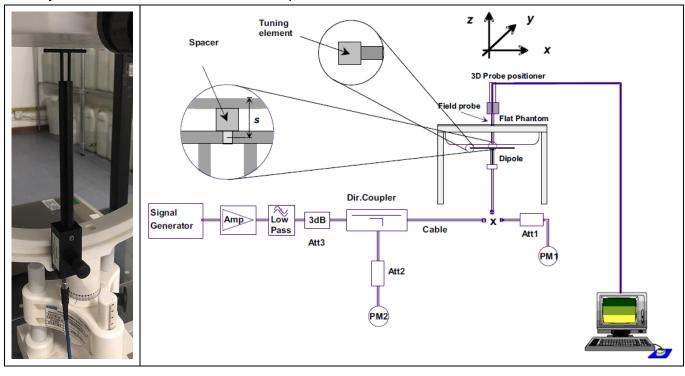
NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.



4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:







4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of ±10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

			· ·	·				
	Target S.	AR (1W)	Measured SAR			Delta (%)		
System	(±10	0%)	(Normaliz	ed to 1W)	Liquid			
Verification	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g	10-g	Temp.	1-g (±10%)	10-g (±10%)	Test Date
			(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)				
2450MHz	53.69	23.94	56.06	22.69	21.2 °C	4.41%	-3.65%	Aug. 31,
Z4JUIVII IZ	(48.33~59.05)	(21.55~26.33)						2023
5200MHz	162.34	55.42	159.70	54.61	21.7 °C	-1.63%	-1.46%	Aug. 23, 2023
	(146.11~178.57)	(49.88~60.96)						2020
5400MHz	168.48	57.03	183.24	60.50	21.4 °C	8.76%	6.08%	Sep. 06,
	(151.64~185.32)	(51.33~62.73)	100.21	00.00	2 0	0.70	0.0070	2023
5600MHz	174.92	58.63	165.26	62.25	21.9 °C	-5.52%	6.17%	Aug. 29,
	(157.43~192.41)	(52.77~64.49)	100.20	02.20	21.9 0	-5.52%	0.17%	2023
5800MHz	178.89	59.32	194.30	55.21	21.3 °C	8.61%	-6.93%	Aug. 30, 2023
	(161.01~196.77)	(53.39~65.25)						2020

5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Laptop host platform test requirements

The required minimum test separation distance for incorporating transmitters and antennas into laptop, notebook and netbook computer displays is determined with the display screen opened at an angle of 90° to the keyboard compartment. When antennas are incorporated in the keyboard section of a laptop computer, SAR is required for the bottom surface of the keyboard. Provided tablet use conditions are not supported by the laptop computer, SAR tests for bystander exposure from the edges of the keyboard and display screen of laptop computers are generally not required.

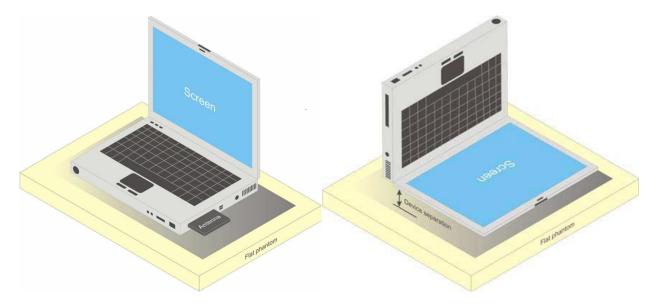


Figure 6.1 – Test positions for Laptop



7. RF Output Power

WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power 7.1.

Output Power Results Of WLAN 7.1.1.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	1	2412	16.50	16.17
802.11b	6	2437	16.50	16.27
	11	2462	16.50	15.99
	1	2412	13.50	13.01
802.11g	6	2437	13.50	13.19
	11	2462	13.50	13.14
000 44 =	1	2412	12.00	11.37
802.11n	6	2437	12.00	11.51
(HT20)	11	2462	12.00	11.43
000.44	3	2422	11.00	10.44
802.11n	6	2437	11.00	10.61
(HT40)	9	2452	11.00	10.50

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 2.4G.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	36	5180	11.00	10.95
802.11a	40	5200	11.00	10.80
	48	5240	11.00	10.76
	36	5180	11.00	10.83
802.11n HT20	40	5200	11.00	10.78
	48	5240	11.00	10.66
000 44 - 11740	38	5190	11.50	11.10
802.11n HT40	46	5230	11.50	11.05
	36	5180	11.00	10.75
802.11ac VHT20	40	5200	11.00	10.69
	48	5240	11.00	10.69
	38	5190	11.50	11.07
802.11ac VHT40	46	5230	11.50	10.95



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802.11ac VHT80 42 5210 11.50 11.02

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 5.2G.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)
	52	5260	11.50	10.58
802.11a	56	5280	11.50	10.80
	64	5320	11.50	11.07
	52	5260	11.50	10.54
802.11n HT20	56	5280	11.50	10.64
	64	5320	11.50	11.03
802.11n HT40	54	5270	11.50	10.97
002.111111140	62	5310	11.50	11.25
	52	5260	11.00	10.48
802.11ac VHT20	56	5280	11.00	10.66
	64	5320	11.00	11.00
802.11ac VHT40	54	5270	11.50	11.01
	62	5310	11.50	11.23
802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	11.00	10.95

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 5.3G.

		Fraguency	Tune-up	Output
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)		Power
		(IVIF1Z)	(dBm)	(dBm)
	100	5500	11.00	10.83
802.11a	120	5600	11.00	10.58
	140	5700	11.00	10.82
	100	5500	11.00	10.67
802.11n	120	5600	11.00	10.60
	140	5700	11.00	10.78
	102	5510	11.00	10.97
802.11n	118	5590	11.00	11.00
	134	5670	11.00	10.98
802.11ac	100	5500	11.00	10.70
	120	5600	11.00	10.53
(VHT20)	140	5700	11.00	10.79
802.11ac	102	5510	11.50	11.00
(VHT40)	118	5590	11.50	10.96





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	134	5670	11.50	11.02
802.11ac	106	5530	11.00	10.79
(VHT80)	122	5610	11.00	10.58

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 5.6G.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	149	5745	10.50	9.95
802.11a	157	5785	10.50	9.80
	165	5825	10.50	10.10
	149	5745	10.00	9.81
802.11n HT20	157	5785	10.00	9.89
	165	5825	10.00	9.98
000 44 11740	151	5755	10.50	10.38
802.11n HT40	159	5795	10.50	10.38
000.44	149	5745	10.00	9.81
802.11ac	157	5785	10.00	9.96
VHT20	165	5825	10.00	9.94
802.11ac	151	5755	10.50	10.34
VHT40	159	5795	10.50	10.39
802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	10.50	10.27

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 5.8G.

	Output Power (dBm)									
	Data Rates	Tune-up	Channel							
BR+EDR	Dala Rales	(dBm)	0CH	39CH	78CH					
DK+EDK	1M	7.00/5.00/5.00	6.62	4.91	4.99					
	2M	8.00/6.00/6.50	7.72	5.99	6.04					
	ЗМ	9.00/7.00/7.00	8.17	6.33	6.37					

	Observati	T	Output Power (dBm)			
	Channel	Tune-up	1M	2M		
BLE	0CH	7.00	6.25	6.29		
	19CH	8.00	7.04	7.06		
	39CH	8.00	7.35	7.30		

NOTE: Power measurement results of Bluetooth.

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8. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f_(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P _{max}	P _{max}	Distance f		Calculation	SAR Exclusion	SAR test
Mode	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(GHz)	Result	threshold	exclusion
Bluetooth	9.00	7.94	5	2.480	2.49	3.0	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth.

9. SAR Results

9.1. SAR measurement results

9.1.1. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position	Test	Mode		Value /kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR	Data	Plot
rest Position	/Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Piol
Bottom surface of the keyboard with 0mm	6/2437	802.11b	0.557	0.272	0.35	16.27	16.50	0.587	2023/8/31	5#

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

9.1.2. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.2G

Test Position	Test	Mode		Value /kg)	Power	Conducted Power	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR	Date	Plot
Test i Osition	/Freq.	Wiode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Tiot
Bottom surface of the keyboard with 0mm	38/5190	802.11n HT40	0.091	0.067	-3.15	11.10	11.50	0.100	2023/8/23	1#

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.2G





9.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.3G

Test Position	Test channel	est		SAR Value (W/kg) Power		Conducted Tune-u		Scaled SAR	Date	Plot
Test Fosition	/Freq.	Mode	1-g 10-g	Drift(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Dale	FIOL	
Bottom										
surface of the keyboard	62/5310	802.11n HT40	0.087	0.065	0.22	11.25	11.50	0.092	2023/9/06	2#
with 0mm										

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.3G

9.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.6G

	Test	Mada	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR	Date	Plot
Test Position	channel /Freq.	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	Date	PIOL
Bottom surface of the keyboard with 0mm	134/5670	802.11ac (VHT40)	0.078	0.057	-2.86	11.02	11.50	0.087	2023/8/29	3#

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.6G

9.1.5. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.8G

Test Position	Test channel	Mode		Value /kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up Power	Scaled SAR	Date	Plot
	/Freq.		1-g	10-g	Drift(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1-g (W/Kg)	- 200	
Bottom surface of the keyboard with 0mm	159/5795	802.11ac VHT40	0.065	0.052	-4.47	10.39	10.50	0.067	2023/8/30	4#

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.8G

9.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO simultaneous transmissions are possible for this device of Bluetooth, 2.4G Wi-Fi, and 5G Wi-Fi,

10. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR



11. Appendix B. System Check Plots

Table of contents
MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 2450MHz
MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - 5200MHz
MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - 5400MHz
MEASUREMENT 4 System Performance Check - 5600MHz
MEASUREMENT 5 System Performance Check - 5800MHz



MEASUREMENT 1

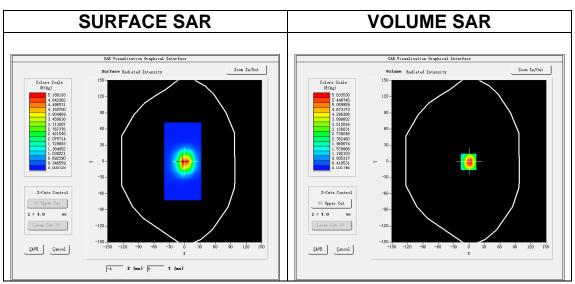
Date of measurement: 31/8/2023

A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti Exportinomai contamona	<u> </u>
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2450</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	1.98

B. SAR Measurement Results

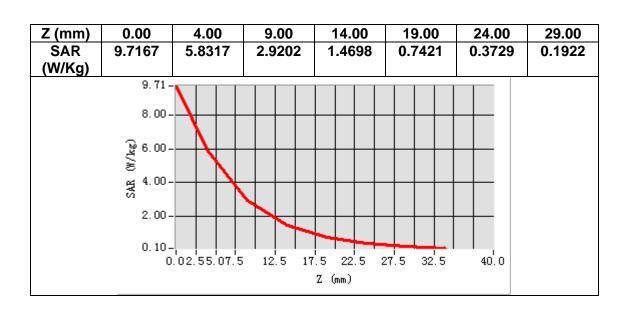
Alt Measurement Results	
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.131196
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.595063
Conductivity (S/m)	1.850439
Variation (%)	1.770000

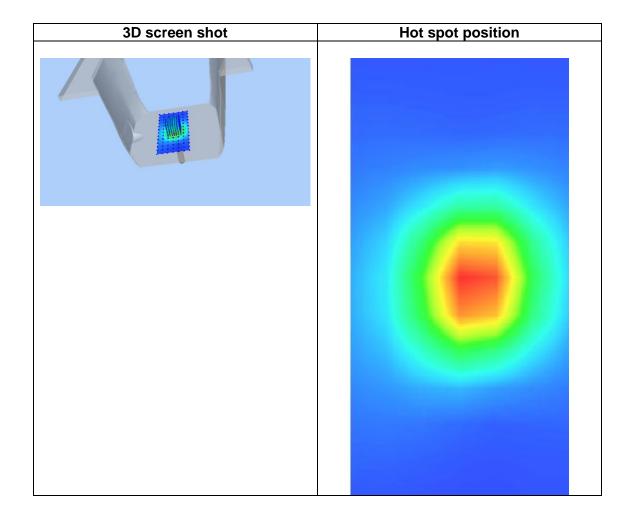


Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 9.83 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.269267
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.606338











MEASUREMENT 2

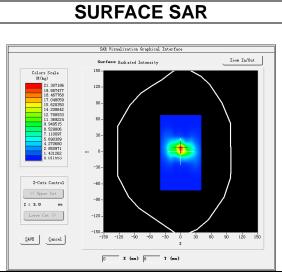
Date of measurement: 23/8/2023

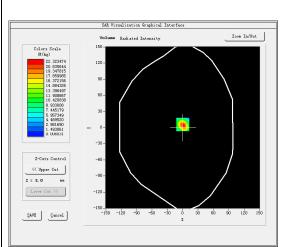
A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti Experimental conditions	<u>91</u>
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW5200</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	1.80

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.747545
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.846034
Conductivity (S/m)	4.577743
Variation (%)	1.750000





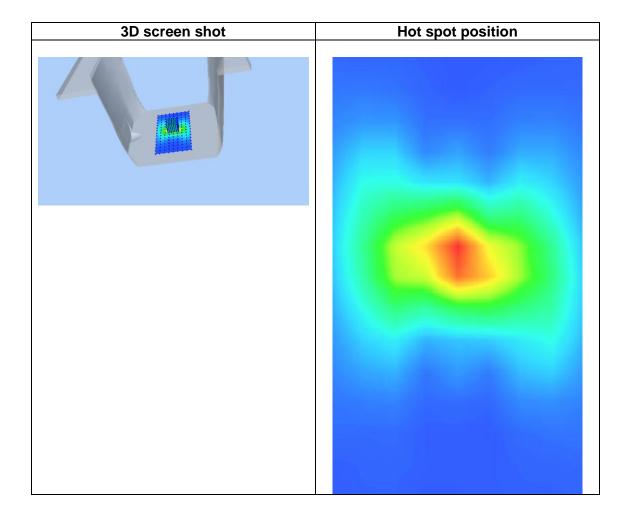
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 40.06 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.461331
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	15.970173

0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 Ζ (m 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 m) 0.05 37.8 22.3 11.3 5.66 2.82 1.40 0.71 0.10 SA 0.36 0.18 0.03 82 35 32 56 10 14 97 06 R 68 64 34 56 (W/ Kg) 37.84 30.00 25.00 · ¥¥ 20.00 · ¥5 10.00 · 25.00 10.00 5.00-0.02-12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 10

Z (mm)







MEASUREMENT 3

Report No.: S23082101103001

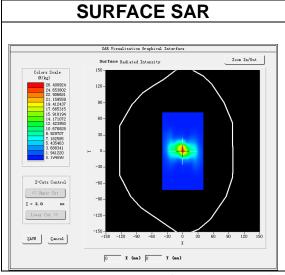
Date of measurement: 6/9/2023

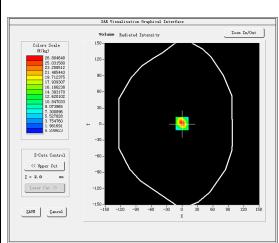
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	CW5400
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.05</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5400.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.354163
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.600161
Conductivity (S/m)	4.980048
Variation (%)	-0.700000





VOLUME SAR

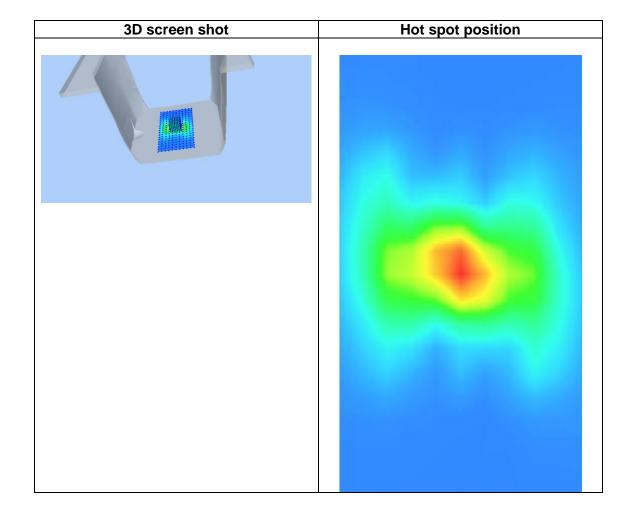
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 46.18 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.050369
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	18.324356





0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 Ζ 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 m) SA 44.0 26.8 14.6 7.81 4.22 2.32 1.32 0.78 0.50 0.37 0.28 0.26 **74** 13 R **75** 12 09 26 38 37 13 04 45 03 (W/ Kg) 44.1-40.0-30.0 SAR (W/kg) 20.0 10.0 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 Z (mm)







MEASUREMENT 4

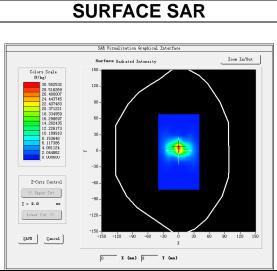
Date of measurement: 29/8/2023

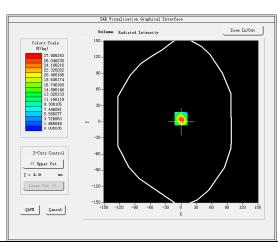
A. Experimental conditions.

- ti =2tp-0:::::0:::ta:	
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW5600</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.16</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5600.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.404460
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.412161
Conductivity (S/m)	5.106006
Variation (%)	-2.480000





VOLUME SAR

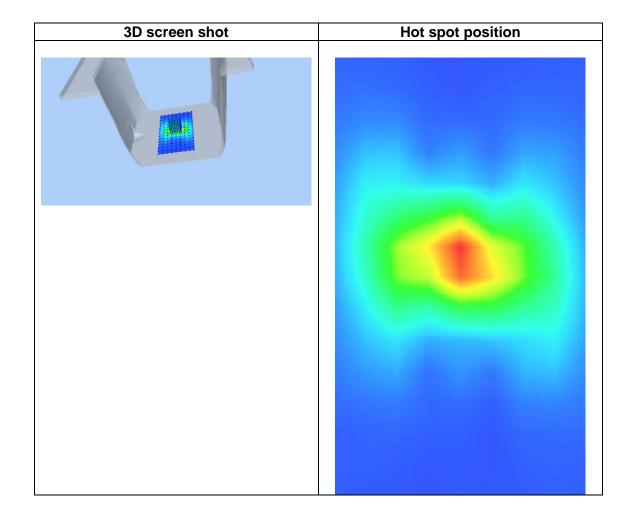
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 51.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.225030
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	16.526274





0.00 Z 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 0 0 0 0 0 (m 0 0 m) 54.1 31.9 16.3 8.17 4.08 3.81 1.03 0.46 0.27 0.13 0.07 0.05 SA 93 65 67 25 55 24 39 55 40 31 61 R **77** (W/ Kg) 54.1-40.0 SAR (#/kg) 10.0 0.0-12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 10 Z (mm)







MEASUREMENT 5

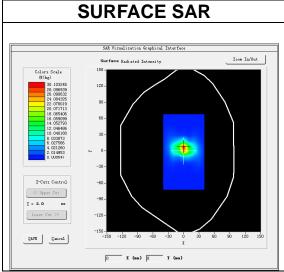
Date of measurement: 30/8/2023

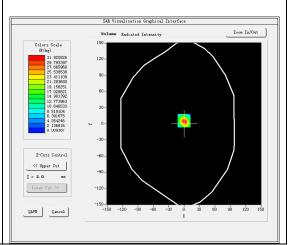
A. Experimental conditions.

<u> </u>	=
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW5800</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.07

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.452416
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.176229
Conductivity (S/m)	5.212340
Variation (%)	-0.630000





VOLUME SAR

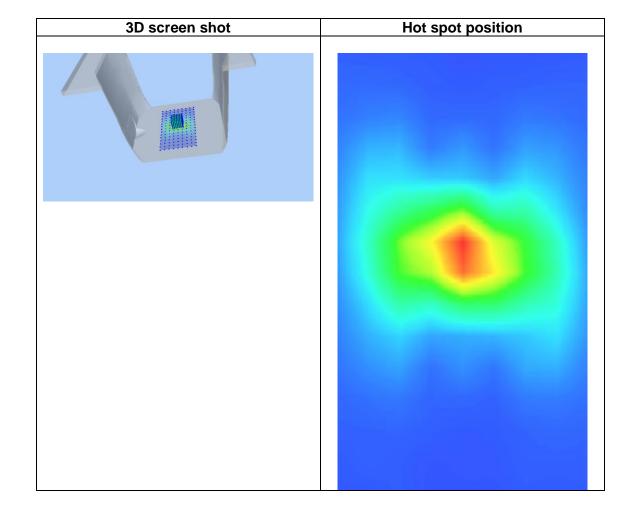
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 57.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.521102
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	19.430336





Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 0 0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 m) 54.0 31.9 16.1 8.17 4.08 2.05 1.03 0.51 0.27 0.15 0.07 0.04 SA 37 20 80 47 **78** 24 88 44 32 85 56 07 R (W/ Kg) 54.0-40.0-30.0 뙻 20.0· 10.0-0.0-14 16 18 20 22 12 Z (mm)





12. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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MEASUREMENT 1 WLAN 5.2G Body	
MEASUREMENT 2 WLAN 5.3G Body	
MEASUREMENT 3 WLAN 5.6G Body	
MEASUREMENT 4 WLAN 5.8G Body	
MEASUREMENT 5 WLAN 2.4G Body	



MEASUREMENT 1

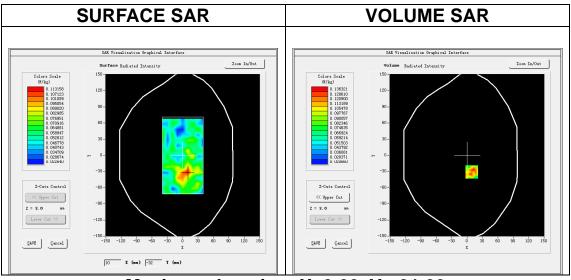
Date of measurement: 23/8/2023

A. Experimental conditions.

ti Experimental certainer	<u>0.</u>
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
ZoomScan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11n U-NII</u>
Channels	<u>Low</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11n (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	1.80

B. SAR Measurement Results

WY INCOCAL CITICING IXCOCALIC	
Frequency (MHz)	5190.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.661843
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.652457
Conductivity (S/m)	4.513125
Variation (%)	-3.150000

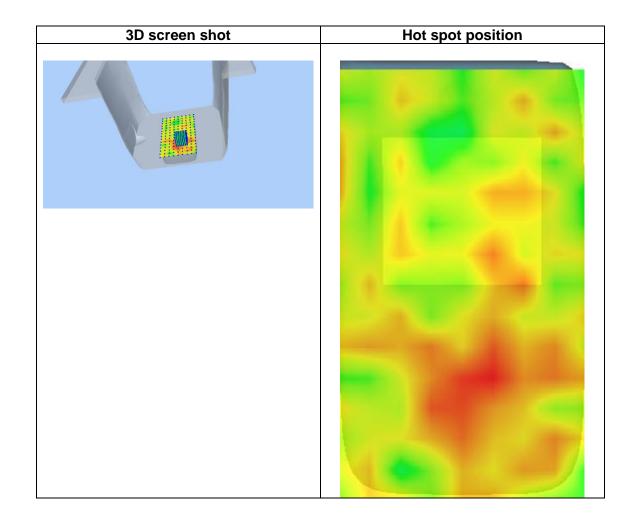


Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=-31.00 SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.067318
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.090801



Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 m) 0.21 0.13 0.06 80.0 0.07 0.06 0.07 0.07 0.07 0.02 0.06 0.03 SA 83 59 02 22 45 R 63 27 42 67 55 45 30 (W/ Kg) 0.218-0.200 -0.175 0.150 0. 150 0. 125 꽃 0.100· 0.075 0.050 0.023 Z (mm)







MEASUREMENT 2

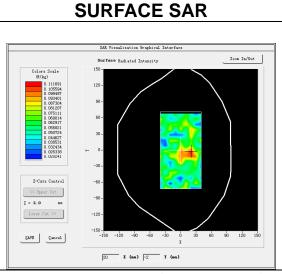
Date of measurement: 6/9/2023

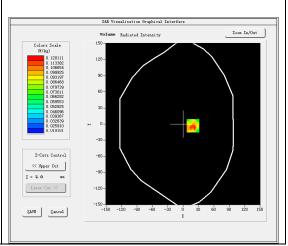
A. Experimental conditions.

11 = 21 0 1111 0 1101 0 1101 11	
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11n U-NII</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11n (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.05</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5310.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.620910
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.469065
Conductivity (S/m)	4.858374
Variation (%)	0.220000

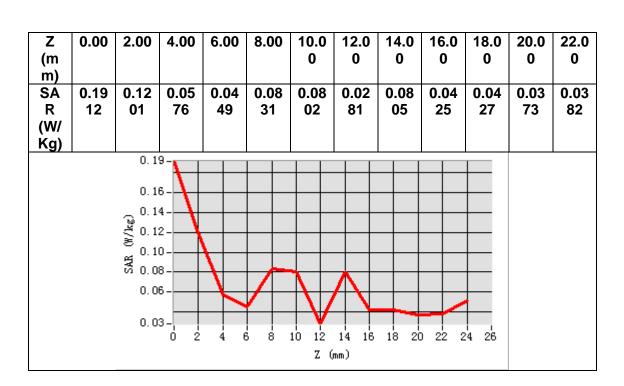


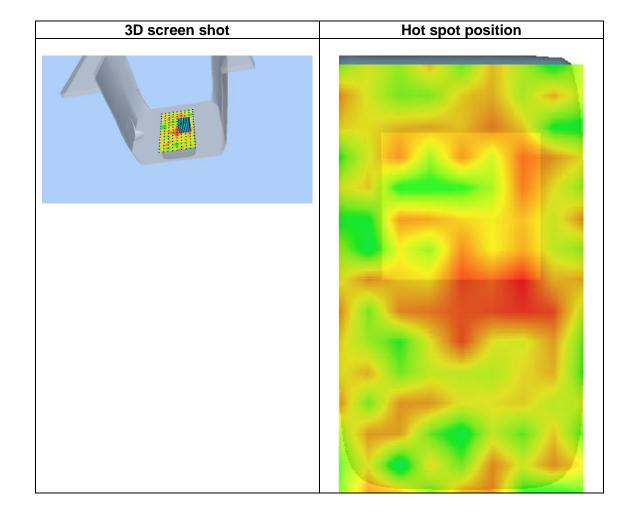


VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=19.00, Y=-3.00 SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.064577
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.087179







MEASUREMENT 3

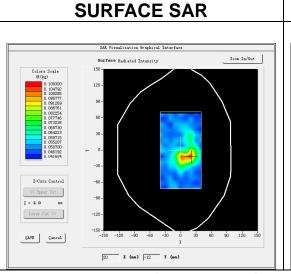
Date of measurement: 29/8/2023

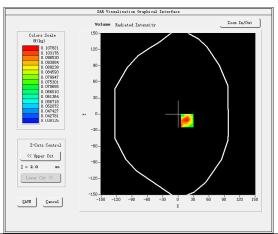
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	IEEE 802.11ac U-NII
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11ac (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>2.16</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5670.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.277949
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.489211
Conductivity (S/m)	5.194101
Variation (%)	-2.860000





VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=18.00, Y=-12.00

SAR Peak: 0.18 W/kg

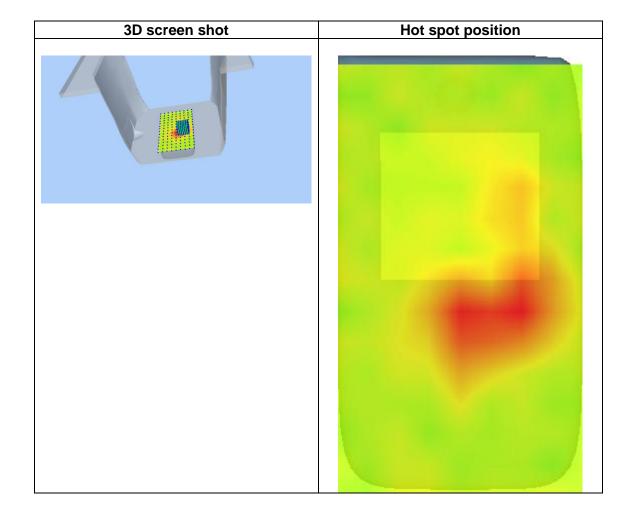
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.057362
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.078378





Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 m) 0.16 0.10 0.07 0.05 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.03 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04 SA 16 **78** 16 33 31 12 97 55 07 **76** 14 R 53 (W/ Kg) 0.16-0.14 0.12-器 0.08 0.06 0.04-14 16 18 20 22 24

Z (mm)







MEASUREMENT 4

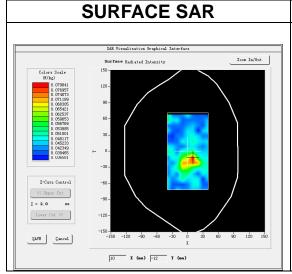
Date of measurement: 30/8/2023

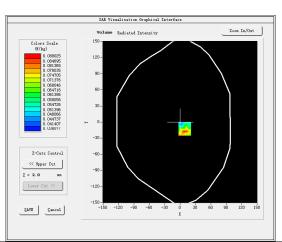
A. Experimental conditions.

11 = 21 0 11 11 11 11 11 11	
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	IEEE 802.11ac U-NII
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11ac (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.07

B. SAR Measurement Results

<u> </u>	
Frequency (MHz)	5795.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.442624
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.222905
Conductivity (S/m)	5.222874
Variation (%)	-4.470000





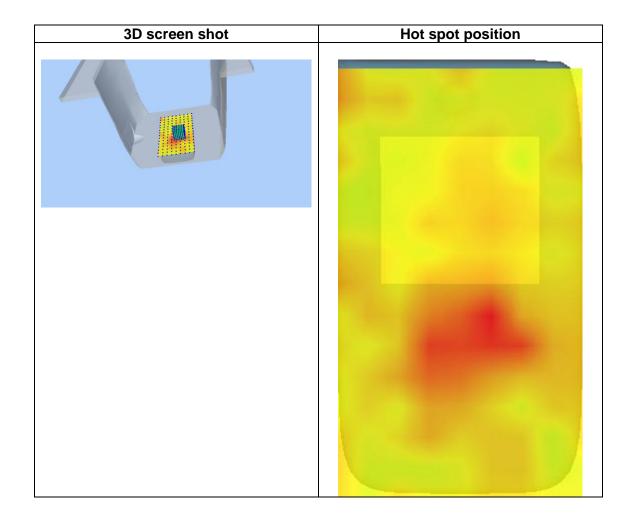
VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=-13.00 SAR Peak: 0.13 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.051809
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.064885



Z 0.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.0 12.0 14.0 16.0 18.0 20.0 22.0 (m 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 m) 0.12 0.08 0.05 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.03 0.04 0.04 0.04 0.04 SA 23 80 02 91 16 15 28 24 78 **72** R 81 87 (W/ Kg) 0.12-0.11 0.10-(№ 0.09-(€ 0.08-뚫 0.07-0.06 0.05-0.04-Z (mm)





MEASUREMENT 5

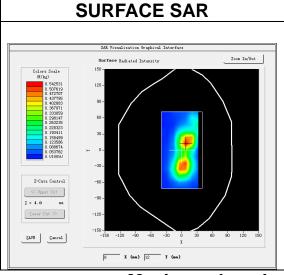
Date of measurement: 31/8/2023

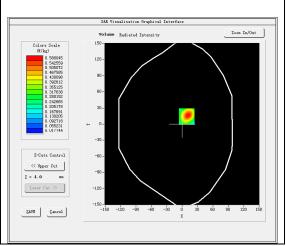
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	<u>1.98</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.183296
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.513563
Conductivity (S/m)	1.829586
Variation (%)	0.350000

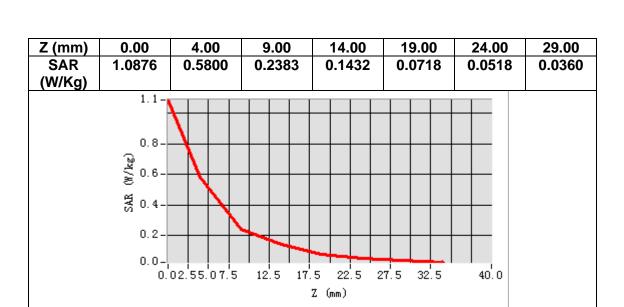


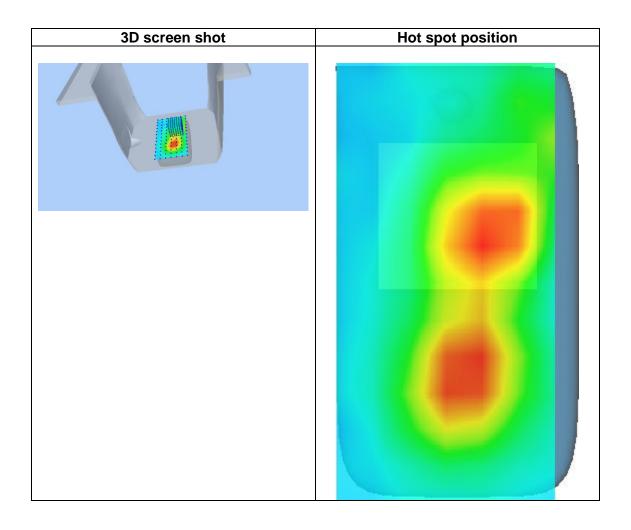


VOLUME SAR

Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=14.00 SAR Peak: 0.98 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.271928
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.556758







13. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents
E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352
5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 13/14 WGA 33
Extended Calibration Certificate







COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPGO287

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 01/10/2023



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).







COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	1/10/2023	JE
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	1/10/2023	JS
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	1/10/2023	Gann Toutain

Mode d'emplei 2023.01.10 11:27:33 +01'00'

	Customer Name
	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING
Distribution :	TECHNOLOGY
	CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	1/10/2023	Initial release





Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

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mvg





Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.211 MΩ	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ	

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°-180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°-360°).

BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and d_{be} + d_{step} along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$\mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{uncertainty}} \left[\%\right] = \delta \mathrm{SAR}_{\mathrm{be}} \, \frac{\left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right)^2}{2d_{\mathrm{step}}} \frac{\left(e^{-d_{\mathrm{be}}/(\delta \beta)}\right)}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } \left(d_{\mathrm{be}} + d_{\mathrm{step}}\right) < 10 \; \mathrm{mm}$$

where

is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect SARuncertainty

is the distance between the surface and the closest zoom-scan measurement d_{be}

point, in millimetre

is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that Δ_{step}

are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect

at the second location is negligible

δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent

liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

⊿SAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the

distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.









Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe cal	libration in wave	guide			
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

SENSITIVITY IN AIR

		Normz dipole
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
0.72	0.66	0.77

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
107	110	110

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{{E_1}^2 + {E_2}^2 + {E_3}^2}$$

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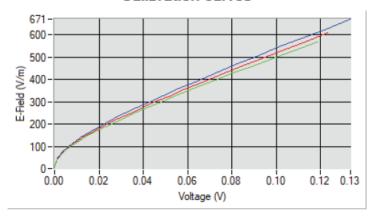




Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

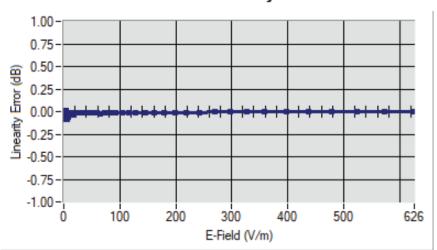
Calibration curves



Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity:+/-1.90% (+/-0.08dB)







Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID 5.3

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	<u>ConvF</u>
HL750	750	1.49
HL850	835	1.50
HL900	900	1.61
HL1800	1800	1.73
HL1900	1900	1.91
HL2000	2000	1.97
HL2300	2300	1.92
HL2450	2450	1.98
HL2600	2600	1.87
HL3300	3300	1.79
HL3500	3500	1.85
HL3700	3700	1.79
HL3900	3900	2.07
HL4200	4200	2.21
HL4600	4600	2.25
HL4900	4900	2.05
HL5200	5200	1.80
HL5400	5400	2.05
HL5600	5600	2.16
HL5800	5800	2.07

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg



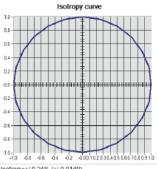


Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

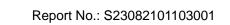
Report No.: S23082101103001

5.4 ISOTROPY

HL1800 MHz









Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Manufacturer / Identifica		Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2022	05/2025	
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2022	05/2025	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2022	02/2025	
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2022	04/2025	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2022	05/2025	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023	





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).





SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JE
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	JE
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain
	•		•	2021.03.01

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	Customer Name
	SHENZHEN NTEK
Distribution :	TESTING
Distribution:	TECHNOLOGY
	CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme LE GALL	3/1/2021	Initial release



Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

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Ref: ACR.60.8.21 MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

DEVICE UNDER TEST 2

Device Under Test		
Device Type COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SID2450	
Serial Number	SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

GENERAL INFORMATION 3.1

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole





Ref: ACR 60 8 21 MVGB A

Report No.: S23082101103001

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
0 - 300	0.20 mm
300 - 450	0.44 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
-------------	----------------------

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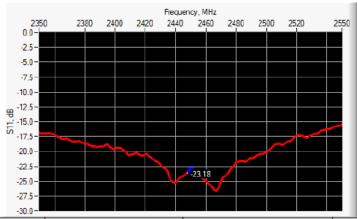
Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-23.18	-20	56.3 Ω - 2.9 jΩ

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	-	30.4 ±1 %.	-	3.6 ±1 %.	-

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Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

2600	48.5 ±1 %.	28.8 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.	25.0 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.	26.4 ±1 %.	3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 41.9 sigma: 1.88
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	24502450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε_r')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
450	43.5 ±10 %		0.87 ±10 %	
750	41.9 ±10 %		0.89 ±10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 ±10 %	
900	41.5 ±10 %		0.97 ±10 %	
1450	40.5 ±10 %		1.20 ±10 %	
1500	40.4 ±10 %		1.23 ±10 %	
1640	40.2 ±10 %		1.31 ±10 %	
1750	40.1 ±10 %		1.37 ±10 %	
1800	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1900	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
1950	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	

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Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

2100	39.8 ±10 %		1.49 ±10 %	
2300	39.5 ±10 %		1.67 ±10 %	
2450	39.2 ±10 %	41.9	1.80 ±10 %	1.88
2600	39.0 ±10 %		1.96 ±10 %	
3000	38.5 ±10 %		2.40 ±10 %	
3500	37.9 ±10 %		2.91 ±10 %	

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	53.69 (5.37)	24	23.94 (2.39)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





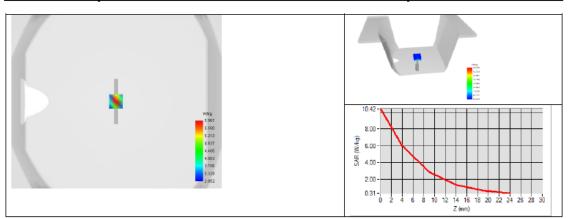




SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001









SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet							
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date			
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA		Validated. No cal required.			
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022			
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022			
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022			
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021			
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023			
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022			
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022			
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023			





SAR Reference Waveguide Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE

> FREQUENCY: 5000-6000 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 13/14 WGA33

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 03/01/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference waveguide calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



mvg





SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Checked by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	3/1/2021	Jes
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	3/1/2021	Gann Toutain
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Customer Name SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING Distribution: TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	3/1/2021	Initial release





Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

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Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference waveguides used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

	Device Under Test
Device Type	COMOSAR 5000-6000 MHz REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SWG5500
Serial Number	SN 13/14 WGA33
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Waveguides are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference waveguides used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREME</u>NTS

The waveguide used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -8 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed with matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical dimensions of the validation waveguide, the specified dimensions are as shown in Section 6.2. Figure 1 shows how the dimensions relate to the physical construction of the waveguide. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.







Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss	
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN	

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length	
0 - 300	0.20 mm	

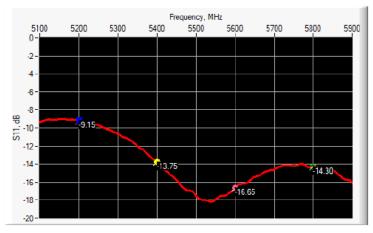
VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS



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Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
5200	-9.15	-8	$21.17 \Omega + 13.26 j\Omega$
5400	-13.75	-8	$68.57 \Omega + 6.68 j\Omega$
5600	-16.65	-8	35.76 Ω - 2.15 jΩ
5800	-14.30	-8	$54.74 \Omega + 18.27 j\Omega$

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency	L (1	mm)	W(mm)	Lf (mm)	Wf (mm)
(MHz)	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured
5800	40.39 ± 0.13	. s	20.19 ± 0.13	-	81.03 ± 0.13	1978	61.98 ± 0.13	8

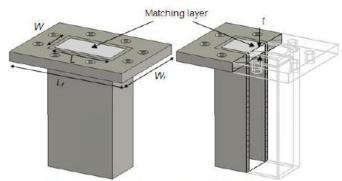


Figure 1: Validation Waveguide Dimensions

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference waveguide meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed with the matching layer placed in the open end of the waveguide, with the waveguide and matching layer in direct contact with the phantom shell.









Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

Measurement Condition

Weastrement Condition	
Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values 5200 MHz: eps':34.06 sigma: 4.70
	Head Liquid Values 5400 MHz: eps' :33.39 sigma : 4.91 Head Liquid Values 5600 MHz: eps' :32.77 sigma : 5.13 Head Liquid Values 5800 MHz: eps' :32.40 sigma : 5.34
Distance between dipole waveguide and liquid	0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=4mm/dy=4m/dz=2mm
Frequency	5200 MHz 5400 MHz 5600 MHz 5800 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %







Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε _r ')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
5000	36.2 ±10 %		4.45 ±10 %	
5100	36.1 ±10 %		4.56 ±10 %	
5200	36.0 ±10 %	34.06	4.66 ±10 %	4.70
5300	35.9 ±10 %		4.76 ±10 %	
5400	35.8 ±10 %	33.39	4.86 ±10 %	4.91
5500	35.6 ±10 %		4.97 ±10 %	
5600	35.5 ±10 %	32.77	5.07 ±10 %	5.13
5700	35.4 ±10 %		5.17 ±10 %	
5800	35.3 ±10 %	32.40	5.27 ±10 %	5.34
5900	35.2 ±10 %		5.38 ±10 %	
6000	35.1 ±10 %		5.48 ±10 %	

7.2 MEASUREMENT RESULT

At those frequencies, the target SAR value can not be generic. Hereunder is the target SAR value defined by Satimo, within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W net power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/kg)		10 g SAR (W/kg)			
	required	measured	required	measured		
5200	159.00	162.34 (16.23)	56.90	55.42 (5.54)		
5400	166.40	168.48 (16.85)	58.43	57.03 (5.70)		
5600	173.80	174.92 (17.49)	59.97	58.63 (5.86)		
5800	181.20	178.89 (17.89)	61.50	59.32 (5.93)		

mvg

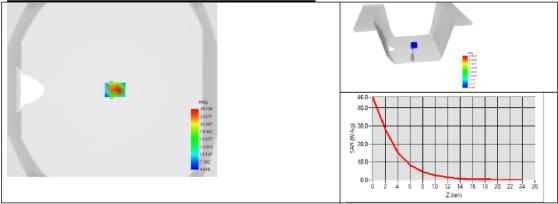


SAR REFERENCE WAVEGUIDE CALIBRATION REPORT

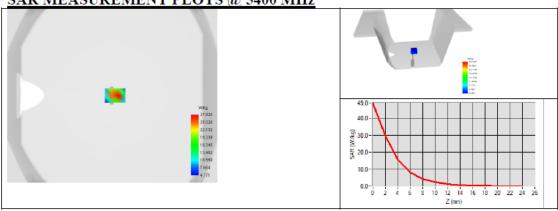
Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

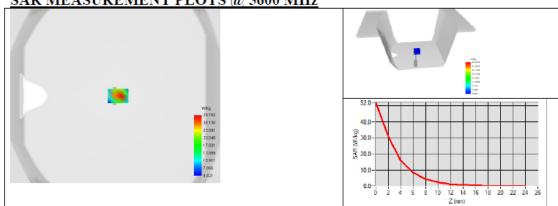




SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5400 MHz



SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS @ 5600 MHz



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Template_ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE_SAR Reference Waveguide vG

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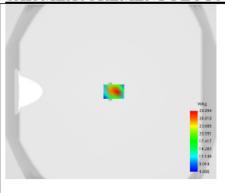


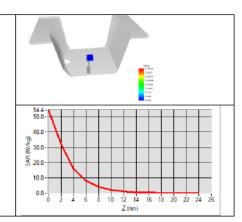


Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001













Ref: ACR.60.10.21.MVGB.A

Report No.: S23082101103001

LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet							
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date			
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-13/09-SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.			
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	05/2019	05/2022			
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022			
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022			
Reference Probe	MVG	EPGO333 SN 41/18	05/2020	05/2021			
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023			
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2019	04/2022			
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	05/2019	05/2022			
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.			
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44220687	05/2020	05/2023			





<Justification of the extended calibration>

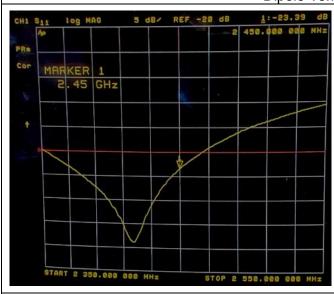
If dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration for below 3GHz, and <-8dB, within 20% of prior calibration for 5GHz to 6GHz), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

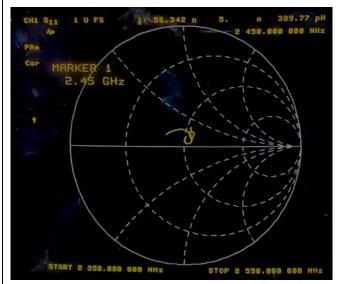
<Head 2450MHz>

Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta(ohm)	Date of Measurement
-23.18	-	56.30	-	Mar. 01, 2021
-23.39	0.91	56.342	0.042	Feb. 28, 2022
-26.296	13.44	54.99	1.310	Feb. 20, 2023

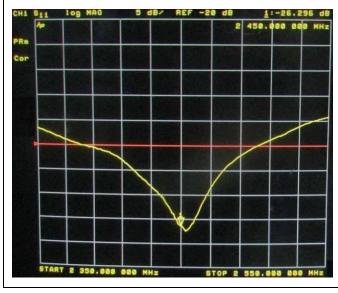
The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

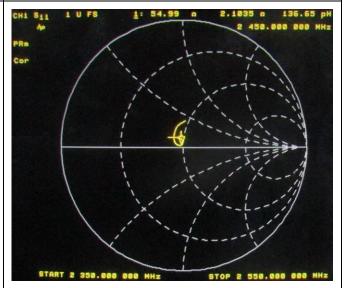
Dipole Verification Data





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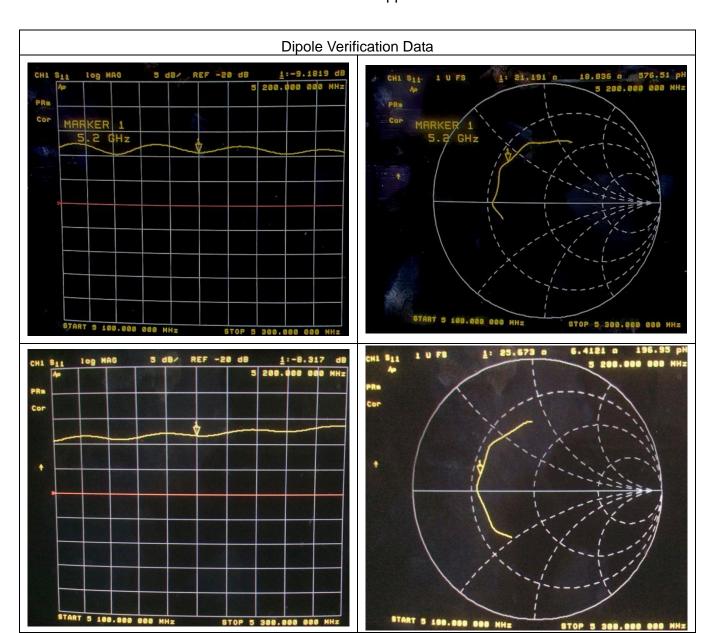




<Head 5200MHz>

Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta(ohm)	Date of Measurement
-9.15	-	21.17	-	Mar. 01, 2021
-9.1819	0.35	21.191	0.021	Feb. 28, 2022
-8.317	9.10	25.673	4.503	Feb. 20, 2023

The return loss is <-8dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.







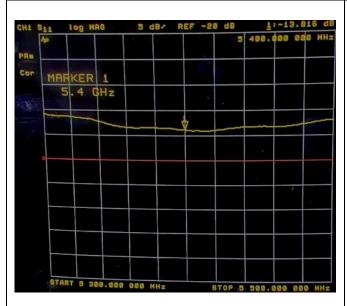
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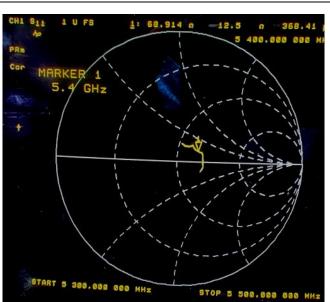
<Head 5400MHz>

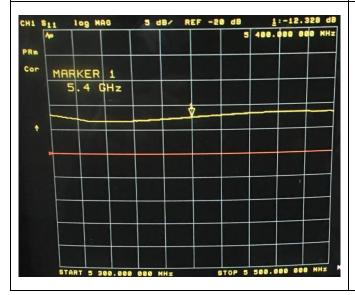
Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta(ohm)	Date of Measurement
-13.75	-	68.57	-	Mar. 01, 2021
-13.816	0.48	68.914	0.344	Feb. 28, 2022
-12.328	10.34	73.094	4.524	Feb. 20, 2023

The return loss is <-8dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.











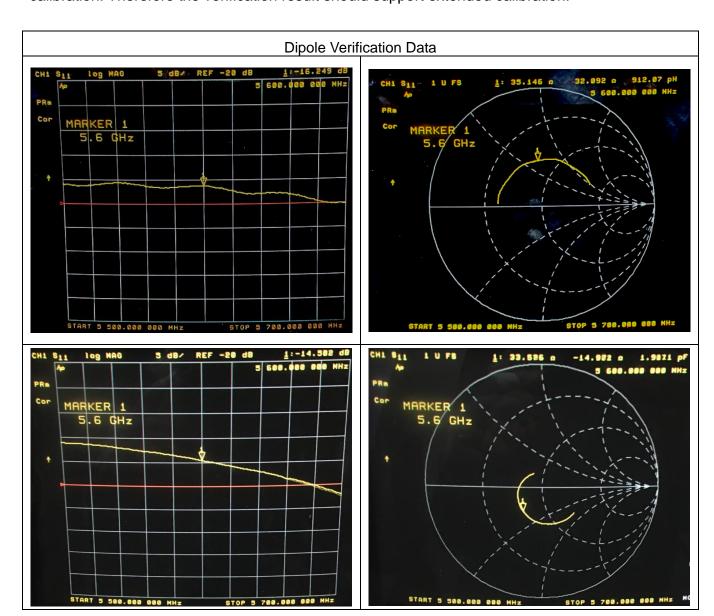




<Head 5600MHz>

Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta(ohm)	Date of Measurement
-16.65	-	35.76	-	Mar. 01, 2021
-16.249	2.41	35.146	0.614	Feb. 28, 2022
-14.502	12.9	33.526	2.234	Feb. 20, 2023

The return loss is <-8dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



Report No.: S23082101103001

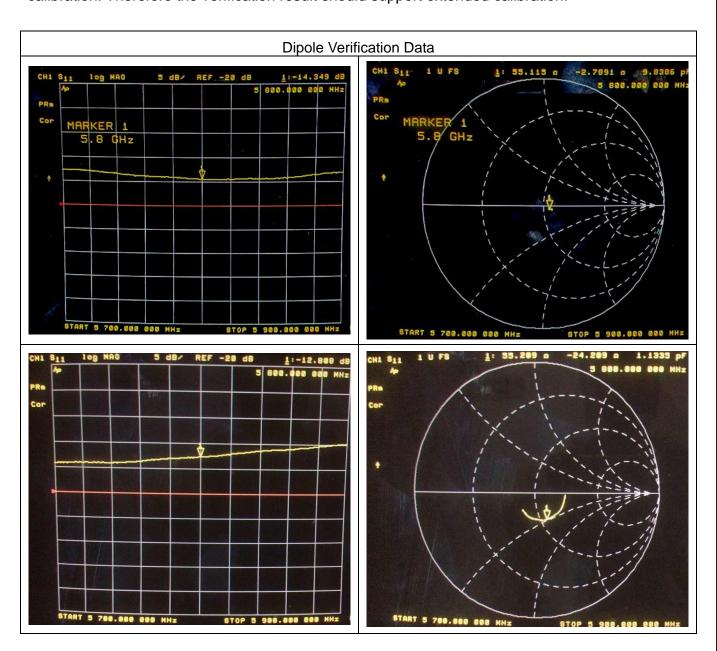




<Head 5800MHz>

Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance	Delta(ohm)	Date of Measurement
-14.30	-	54.74	-	Mar. 01, 2021
-14.349	0.34	55.115	0.375	Feb. 28, 2022
-12.808	10.43	55.289	0.549	Feb. 27, 2023

The return loss is <-8dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.



END