

# FCC RF EXPOSURE REPORT

## FCC ID: TE7C80

**Project No.** : 1907C038  
**Equipment** : AC1900 MU-MIMO Wi-Fi Router  
**Brand Name** : tp-link  
**Test Model** : Archer C80  
**Series Model** : N/A  
**Applicant** : TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.  
**Address** : Building 24(floors1,3,4,5) and 28(floors1-4) Central Science and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China  
**Manufacturer** : TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.  
**Address** : Building 24(floors1,3,4,5) and 28(floors1-4) Central Science and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China  
**Date of Receipt** : Jul. 03, 2019  
**Date of Test** : Jul. 05, 2019 ~ Aug. 21, 2019  
**Issued Date** : Oct. 29, 2019  
**Report Version** : R00  
**Test Sample** : Engineering Sample No.: DG190703116  
**Standard(s)** : FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure IEEE C95.1 & FCC Part 2.1091  
FCC Title 47 Part 2.1091, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc.

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**REPORT ISSUED HISTORY**

Report Version	Description	Issued Date
R00	Original Issue	Oct. 29, 2019

## 1. MPE CALCULATION METHOD

Calculation Method of RF Safety Distance:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi r^2}$$

where:

S = power density

P = power input to the antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

Table for Filed Antenna:

For 2.4GHz:

Ant.	Brand	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	N/A	N/A	Dipole	N/A	3
2	N/A	N/A	Dipole	N/A	3
3	N/A	N/A	Dipole	N/A	3

Note:

This EUT supports CDD, and all antennas have the same gain, Directional gain =  $G_{ANT}$ +Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows:

(1) Non Beamforming Function,

For power spectral density measurements,  $N_{ANT} = 3$ ,  $N_{SS} = 1$ . So Directional gain =  $G_{ANT}$  + Array Gain =  $10\log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS})$  dB =  $3+10\log(3/1)$  dBi = 7.77. Then, the power density limit is  $8-(7.77-6)=6.23$ .

For power measurements, Array Gain = 0 dB ( $N_{ANT} \leq 4$ ), so the Directional gain = 3.

(2) Beamforming Function, Beamforming Gain: 4.77 dB. So Directional gain =  $4.77+3=7.77$ . Then, the average output power limit is  $30-(7.77-6)=28.23$ . The power density limit is  $8-(7.77-6)=6.23$ .

For 5GHz:

Ant.	Brand	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	N/A	N/A	Dipole	N/A	3
2	N/A	N/A	Dipole	N/A	3
3	N/A	N/A	Dipole	N/A	3

Note:

This EUT supports CDD, and all antennas have the same gain, Directional gain =  $G_{ANT}$ +Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows:

(1) Non Beamforming Function,

For power spectral density measurements,  $N_{ANT} = 3$ ,  $N_{SS} = 1$ . So Directional gain =  $G_{ANT}$  + Array Gain =  $10\log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS})$  dB =  $3+10\log(3/1)$  dBi = 7.77.

Then, the UNII-1 power spectral density limit is  $17-(7.77-6)=15.23$ , the UNII-3 power density limit is  $30-(7.77-6)=28.23$ .

For power measurements, Array Gain = 0 dB ( $N_{ANT} \leq 4$ ), so the Directional gain = 3.

(2) Beamforming Function, Beamforming Gain: 4.77 dB. So Directional gain =  $4.77+3=7.77$ .

Then, the UNII-1 and UNII-3 output power limit is  $30-(7.77-6)=28.23$ ; the UNII-1 power density limit is  $17-(7.77-6)=15.23$ , the UNII-3 power density limit is  $30-(7.77-6)=28.23$ .

## 2. TEST RESULTS

For 2.4GHz Non Beamforming:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Average Output Power (dBm)	Max. Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
3.00	1.9953	28.49	706.3176	0.16598	1	Complies

For 2.4GHz With Beamforming:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Average Output Power (dBm)	Max. Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
7.77	5.9841	28.13	650.1297	0.45821	1	Complies

For 5GHz UNII-1 Non Beamforming:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
3.00	1.9953	27.07	509.3309	0.11969	1	Complies

For 5GHz UNII-3 Non Beamforming:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
3.00	1.9953	28.60	724.4360	0.17024	1	Complies

For 5GHz UNII-1 With Beamforming:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
7.77	5.9841	26.96	496.5923	0.35000	1	Complies

For 5GHz UNII-3 With Beamforming:

Directional Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
7.77	5.9841	28.38	688.6523	0.48536	1	Complies

**For the max simultaneous transmission MPE:**

Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Total	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
2.4GHz	5GHz			
0.45821	0.48536	0.94357	1	Complies

Note: The calculated distance is 26 cm.  
Output power including tune up tolerance.

**End of Test Report**