FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID : HD5-CT30PL0N Equipment : Mobile computer

Brand Name : Honeywell Model Name : CT30PL0N

Applicant : Honeywell International Inc.

9680 Old Bailes Road, Fort Mill, SC 29707 USA

Manufacturer : Honeywell International Inc.

9680 Old Bailes Road, Fort Mill, SC 29707 USA

Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

The product was received on Nov 18, 2021 and testing was started from Dec 01, 2021 and completed on Dec 20, 2021. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

lac-MRA Testin

Report No.: FA1N0506

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History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA1N0506	01	Initial issue of report	Jan. 05, 2022

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Honeywell International Inc., Mobile computer, CT30PL0N, are as follows.

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	nt Frequency Band			Highest SAR Summary	
Equipment Class			Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	Extremity (Separation 0mm)
			1g SAR	t (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.69	0.18	0.60
NII	VVLAIN	5GHz WLAN	0.79	1.07	1.44
DSS	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	0.11	0.03	0.14
Date of Testing:			2021/12/01 ~ 2021/12/20)	

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Carlie Tsai</u>

2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards, the below KDB standard may not including in the TAF code without accreditation.

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D07 UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02

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3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

Power Rating

3.1 General Information

hand strap to be tested.

Product Feature & Specification				
Equipment Name	Mobile computer			
Brand Name	Honeywell			
Model Name	CT30PL0N			
FCC ID	HD5-CT30PL0N			
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2 GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3 GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6 GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.6 GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8 GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz			
Mode	WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC: ASK, type A/B/F/V			
HW Version	EVT1.5			
SW Version	311.C0.00.0630-N-DEBUG			
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype			
Remark: 1. The device support hand	d strap, due to the hand strap can remove from the device, so the extremity SAR was remove			

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Li-ion

	Ac	cessories Information		
Hand strap	Brand Name	Honeywell	Model Name	CT30XP Hand strap
Patton	Manufacturer	Honeywell	PN	CT30P-BTSC
Battery	Dames Dating	2.07\/da 2.400 Ala	T	Lilian

3.87Vdc, 3400mAh

Туре

Accessories Information					
Holster1 Brand Name Honeywell Model Name CT60 Holster					
Holster2	Brand Name	Honeywell	Model Name	CT60 Pouch	

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4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

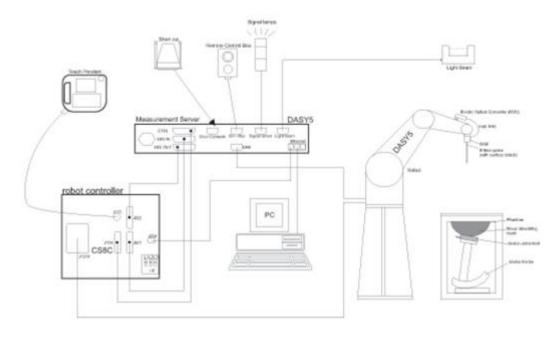
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.1 Test Site Location

The SAR measurement facilities used to collect data are within both Sporton Lab list below test site location are accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190 and 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 and TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Test Site	EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory		V	Vensan Laborato	ry
Test Site Location	TW1190 No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan			TW3786 75, Ln. 564, Wenl , Taoyuan City 33	
	SAR01-HY	SAR03-HY	SAR08-HY	SAR09-HY	SAR15-HY
Test Site No.	SAR04-HY	SAR05-HY	SAR11-HY	SAR12-HY	
	SAR06-HY	SAR10-HY	SAR13-HY	SAR14-HY	

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6.2 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK anglosure material (resistant to organic	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	



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<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core			
	Built-in shielding against static charges			
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic			
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)			
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz			
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)			
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)			
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)			
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g			
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)			
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)			
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)			
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1			
	mm			



6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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6.4 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

VEET I Halltonia		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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6.5 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one

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7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid Δz_{Zoom}	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8. Test Equipment List

Manufacture	Name of Equipment	Towns (Manuful	Carried Normalism	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Aug. 17, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit ⁽²⁾	D5GHzV2	1128	Dec. 16, 2019	Dec. 14, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	376	Nov. 22, 2021	Nov. 21, 2022
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1311	Aug. 20, 2021	Aug. 19, 2022
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3124	Nov. 23, 2021	Nov. 22, 2022
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7306	Jul. 26, 2021	Jul. 25, 2022
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560-2	Oct. 28, 2021	Oct. 27, 2022
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT	100815	Feb. 19, 2021	Feb. 18, 2022
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3692A	212506	Jul. 20, 2021	Jul. 19, 2022
Keysight	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Jul. 22, 2021	Jul. 21, 2022
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1146	Jul. 14, 2021	Jul. 13, 2022
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	3252	Jul. 15, 2021	Jul. 14, 2022
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	Aug. 18, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911176	Aug. 18, 2021	Aug. 17, 2022
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2496A	2119003	Jun. 09, 2021	Jun. 08, 2022
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911334	Jun. 01, 2021	May. 31, 2022
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jul. 16, 2021	Jul. 15, 2022
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 19, 2021	Aug. 18, 2022
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	321501827	Sep. 06, 2021	Sep. 05, 2022
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	715701915	May. 11, 2021	May. 10, 2022
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
Warison	Directional Coupler	WCOU-10-50S-10	WR889BMC4B1	Note 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Not	e 1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Not	e 1
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Not	e 1

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General Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- 2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

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9. System Verification

9.1 Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of tissue-equivalent media used for SAR measurements must be characterized within a temperature range of 18° C to 25° C, measured with calibrated instruments and apparatuses, such as network analyzers and temperature probes. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium during SAR measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within \pm 2° C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The tissue dielectric measurement system must be calibrated before use. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements.

The liquid tissue depth was at least 15cm in the phantom for all SAR testing

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	22.5	1.761	38.535	1.80	39.20	-2.17	-1.70	±5	2021/12/7
2450	22.5	1.790	38.418	1.80	39.20	-0.56	-1.99	±5	2021/12/20
5250	22.5	4.821	35.139	4.71	35.95	2.36	-2.26	±5	2021/12/1
5600	22.5	5.197	34.589	5.07	35.50	2.50	-2.57	±5	2021/12/1
5750	22.5	5.368	34.462	5.22	35.35	2.84	-2.51	±5	2021/12/1

9.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Test Site	Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
SAR04	2021/12/7	2450	50	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN7306	DAE4 Sn1311	2.66	54.20	53.2	-1.85	1.28	25.30	25.6	1.19
SAR04	2021/12/20	2450	50	D2450V2-736	ES3DV3 - SN3124	DAE4 Sn376	2.68	54.20	53.6	-1.11	1.26	25.30	25.2	-0.40
SAR04	2021/12/1	5250	50	D5GHzV2-1128-5250	EX3DV4 - SN7306	DAE4 Sn1311	3.61	80.00	72.2	-9.75	1.05	22.90	21	-8.30
SAR04	2021/12/1	5600	50	D5GHzV2-1128-5600	EX3DV4 - SN7306	DAE4 Sn1311	3.94	82.40	78.8	-4.37	1.12	23.60	22.4	-5.08
SAR04	2021/12/1	5750	100	D5GHzV2-1128-5750	EX3DV4 - SN7306	DAE4 Sn1311	8.34	79.10	83.4	5.44	2.42	22.60	24.2	7.08

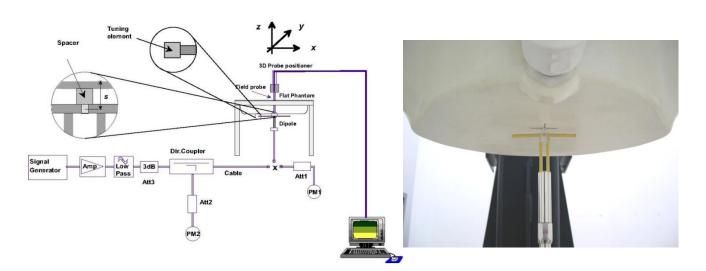


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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10. RF Exposure Positions

10.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

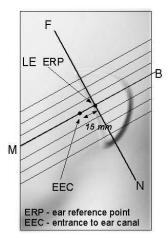
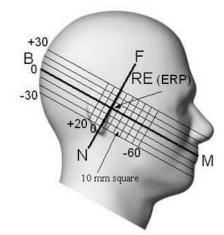


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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10.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the
 cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

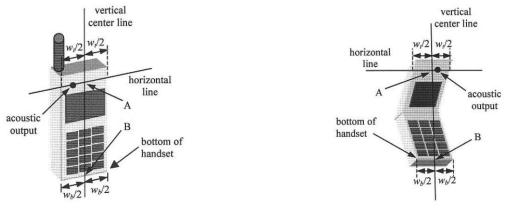


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

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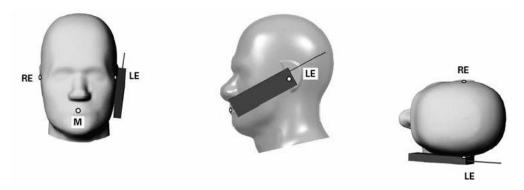


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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10.3 Definition of the tilt position

 Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

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- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

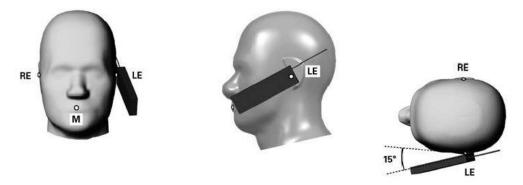


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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10.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

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Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

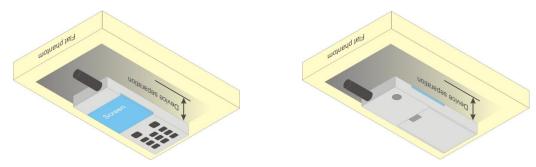


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

10.5 Extremity Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

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11. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple
 transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest
 order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency
 band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	2.4GHz WLA	N		Ant 2			
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		1	2412	17.30	17.50		
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	17.90	18.00	99.20	
		11	2462	17.50	17.50		
		1	2412	16.90	17.00		
	802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	18.10	18.50	98.30	
		11	2462	18.30	18.50		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	15.20	15.50		
2.4GHz WLAN		6	2437	18.40	18.50	98.30	
		11	2462	18.20	18.50		
		3	2422	13.00	13.00		
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	6	2437	17.80	18.00	95.00	
		9	2452	16.20	16.50		
		1	2412	15.10	15.50		
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	6	2437	18.30	18.50	98.20	
		11	2462	18.10	18.50		
		3	2422	12.90	13.00	95.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	6	2437	17.70	18.00		
		9	2452	16.10	16.50		

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<5GHz WLAN>

	5.2GHz WLAN	1		Ant 1			
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		36	5180	15.70	16.00		
	000 44 a CMbna	40	5200	15.60	16.00	98.30	
	802.11a 6Mbps	44	5220	15.90	16.00	96.30	
		48	5240	15.60	16.00		
		36	5180	15.90	16.00		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	40	5200	15.60	16.00	98.20	
5.2GHz WLAN		44	5220	15.70	16.00		
5.2GHZ WLAN		48	5240	15.70	16.00		
	000 44 - LIT 40 MCCO	38	5190	12.90	13.00	00.40	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	46	5230	18.40	18.50	96.40	
		36	5180	15.80	16.00		
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	40	5200	15.70	16.00	98.20	
	002.11ac-v1120 NC30	44	5220	15.60	16.00	90.20	
		48	5240	15.60	16.00		
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	12.80	13.00	00.40	
	602.11ac-VH140 MCS0	46	5230	18.30	18.50	96.40	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	12.20	13.50	92.80	

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	5.3GHz WLA	N		Ant 1			
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		52	5260	18.30	18.50		
	000 44 - 0145	56	5280	18.20	18.50	00.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	60	5300	18.40	18.50	98.30	
		64	5320	18.30	18.50		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	18.20	18.50		
		56	5280	18.20	18.50	98.20	
5.3GHz WLAN		60	5300	18.20	18.50		
5.3GHZ WLAN		64	5320	18.20	18.50		
	000 44° UT40 MCC0	54	5270	18.40	18.50	00.40	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	62	5310	15.90	16.00	96.40	
		52	5260	18.10	18.50		
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	56	5280	18.10	18.50	00.00	
	602.11ac-VH120 MCS0	60	5300	18.10	18.50	98.20	
-		64	5320	18.10	18.50		
	000 44 1/1/1740 M202	54	5270	18.30	18.50	00.40	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	62	5310	15.80	16.00	96.40	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	15.10	15.50	92.80	

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	5.5GHz WLA	N			Ant 1	
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		100	5500	18.40	18.50	
		116	5580	18.10	18.50	
	000 44 - 014	124	5620	18.30	18.50	00.00
	802.11a 6Mbps	132	5660	18.20	18.50	98.30
		140	5700	18.40	18.50	
		144	5720	18.40	18.50	
		100	5500	18.20	18.50	
		116	5580	18.20	18.50	
		124	5620	18.30	18.50	1
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	132	5660	18.20	18.50	98.20
		140	5700	16.30	16.50	
		144	5720	18.30	18.50	
		102	5510	17.70	18.00	96.40
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	110	5550	18.30	18.50	
5.5GHz WLAN		126	5630	18.20	18.50	
		134	5670	18.40	18.50	
		142	5710	18.20	18.50	
		100	5500	18.10	18.50	
		116	5580	18.10	18.50	
	000 44 VIJT00 MO00	124	5620	18.20	18.50	00.00
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	132	5660	18.10	18.50	98.20
		140	5700	16.20	16.50	
		144	5720	18.20	18.50	
		102	5510	17.60	18.00	
		110	5550	18.20	18.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	126	5630	18.10	18.50	96.40
		134	5670	18.30	18.50	
		142	5710	18.10	18.50	
		106	5530	15.20	15.50	

	5.8GHz WLA	N		Ant 1			
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		149	5745	18.40	18.50		
	802.11a 6Mbps	157	5785	18.40	18.50	98.30	
		165	5825	18.20	18.50		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	18.20	18.50		
		157	5785	18.20	18.50	98.20	
5.8GHz WLAN		165	5825	18.40	18.50		
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	18.20	18.50	00.40	
	802.1111-H140 MCS0	159	5795	18.30	18.50	96.40	
		149	5745	18.10	18.50		
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	157	5785	18.10	18.50	98.20	
		165	5825	18.30	18.50		
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	18.10	18.50	96.40	
	802.11ac-VH140 MCS0	159	5795	18.20	18.50	90.40	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	18.30	18.50	92.80	

5610

5690

18.20

18.10

18.50

18.50

92.80

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802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0

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<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

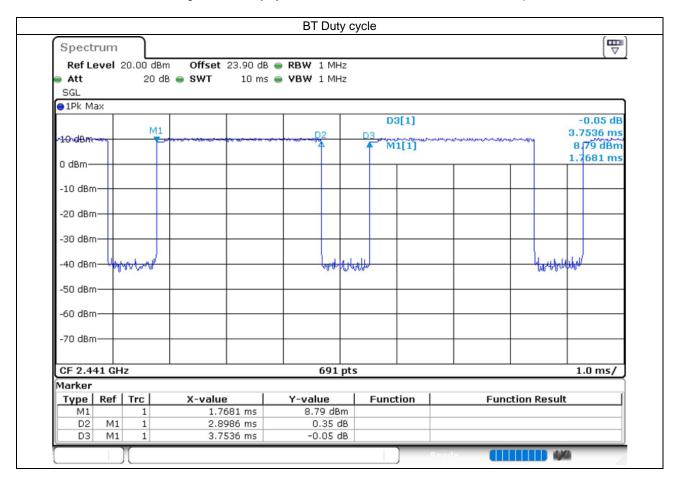
Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)				
	Chamei	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps		
	CH 00	2402	5.65	5.57	5.61		
BR / EDR	CH 39	2441	4.52	5.02	5.08		
	CH 78	2480	5.43	5.07	5.22		
Tune-up Limit			6.5	6.5	6.5		

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)					
Mode	Chamei	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps				
	CH 00	2402	6.10	6.00				
LE	CH 19	2440	4.90	4.80				
	CH 39	2480	6.10	6.00				
	Tune-up Limit	6.5	6.5					

General Note:

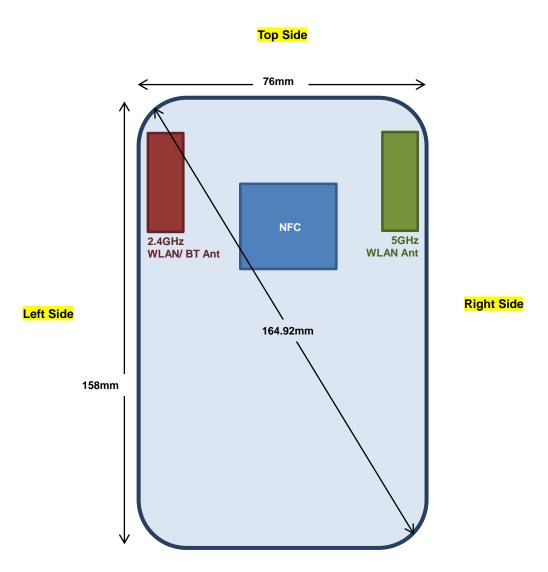
1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps due to its highest average power and duty cycle is 77.22% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.

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12. Antenna Location



<u>Back View</u>

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The separation distance for antenna to edge:

Antenna	To Top Side (mm)	To Bottom Side (mm)	To Left Side (mm)	To Right Side (mm)
2.4GHz WLAN/BT Antenna	4.13	106.16	4.13	52.08
5GHz WLAN Antenna	4.21	113.52	60.7	4.13

Bottom Side

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13. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.

WLAN Note:

- 1. The 11b mode tune-up limit is 18dBm and adjust to 11g mode tune-up limit 18.5dBm that the adjust 1g SAR is 0.773 for head, 0.197 for body-worn, according KDB 248227 which adjust is < 1.2W/kg, ODFM mode is not necessary.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, WLAN5.2GHz SAR testing is not required when the WLAN5.3GHz band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for WLAN5.2GHz band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested
- 5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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13.1 Head SAR

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Scanner	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.09	0.348	0.359
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	-0.12	0.353	0.364
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.02	0.668	0.689
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	1	2412	S0703	17.3	17.5	1.047	99.2	1.008	0.07	0.539	0.569
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	11	2462	S0703	17.5	17.5	1.000	99.2	1.008	-0.03	0.588	0.593
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.01	0.290	0.299
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	6	2437	1	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.08	0.642	0.662
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	0.1	0.393	0.417
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	62	5310	S0703	15.9	16	1.023	96.4	1.037	0	0.185	0.196
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.18	0.271	0.288
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.08	0.102	0.109
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.1	0.166	0.176
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	54	5270	-	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.18	0.255	0.270
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.05	0.566	0.654
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	106	5530	S0703	15.2	15.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.07	0.604	0.697
03	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	138	5690	S0703	18.1	18.5	1.096	92.8	1.078	-0.03	0.667	0.788
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.16	0.559	0.646
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	-0.12	0.190	0.220
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	-0.19	0.255	0.294
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	138	5690	-	18.1	18.5	1.096	92.8	1.078	-0.04	0.382	0.452
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	-0.07	0.695	0.785
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Tilted	0mm	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	0.12	0.573	0.647
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Cheek	0mm	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	0.04	0.140	0.158
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Left Tilted	0mm	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	0.07	0.328	0.371
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right Cheek	0mm	155	5775	-	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	-0.04	0.515	0.582

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<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Scanner	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	0mm	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	-0.18	0.046	0.053
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	0mm	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	0.19	0.049	0.057
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	0.15	0.079	0.092
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	39	2441	S0703	4.52	6.50	1.407	77.22	1.079	-0.19	0.047	0.071
05	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	78	2480	S0703	5.43	6.50	1.141	77.22	1.079	-0.05	0.088	0.108
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	0mm	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	-0.01	0.075	0.087
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0mm	78	2480	-	5.43	6.50	1.141	77.22	1.079	0.07	0.070	0.087

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13.2 <u>Body Worn Accessory SAR</u> <<u>WLAN SAR></u>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Holster	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Scanner	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	15mm	-	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.01	0.138	0.142
06	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15mm	-	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.02	0.170	0.175
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster 1	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	-0.03	0.157	0.162
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster 2	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.12	0.167	0.172
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15mm	-	1	2412	S0703	17.3	17.5	1.047	99.2	1.008	0.06	0.139	0.147
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15mm	-	11	2462	S0703	17.5	17.5	1.000	99.2	1.008	-0.09	0.170	0.171
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15mm	-	6	2437	-	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.12	0.154	0.159
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	15mm	-	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.03	0.070	0.074
07	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	15mm	-	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	0.01	0.454	0.482
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	Holster 1	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.03	0.167	0.177
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	Holster 2	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.19	0.403	0.428
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	15mm	-	62	5310	S0703	15.9	16	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.03	0.254	0.270
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	15mm	-	54	5270	-	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.13	0.352	0.374
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	15mm	-	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	-0.03	0.173	0.200
08	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	-	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.07	0.929	1.073
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	Holster 1	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	-0.05	0.274	0.316
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	Holster 2	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.04	0.630	0.728
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	-	106	5530	S0703	15.2	15.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.03	0.819	0.946
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	-	138	5690	S0703	18.1	18.5	1.096	92.8	1.078	-0.11	0.847	1.001
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	-	122	5610	-	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	-0.11	0.768	0.887
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	15mm	-	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	-0.1	0.226	0.255
09	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	-	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	0.11	0.773	0.873
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	15mm	-	159	5795	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	96.4	1.037	0.11	0.721	0.783
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	Holster 1	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	0.08	0.207	0.234
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	Holster 2	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	-0.04	0.541	0.611
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	-	155	5775	-	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	0.18	0.665	0.751

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<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Holster	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Scanner	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cyclo	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	15mm	-	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	0.06	0.005	0.006
10	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	15mm	-	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	-0.19	0.029	0.034
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	15mm	-	39	2441	S0703	4.52	6.50	1.407	77.22	1.079	-0.11	0.018	0.027
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	15mm	-	78	2480	S0703	5.43	6.50	1.141	77.22	1.079	0.02	0.021	0.026
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster 1	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	-0.07	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	0mm	Holster 2	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	0	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	15mm	-	00	2402	-	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	-0.05	0.023	0.027

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13.3 Extremity SAR

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Scanner	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	0mm	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.1	0.406	0.419
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.11	0.499	0.515
11	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	1	2412	S0703	17.3	17.5	1.047	99.2	1.008	-0.12	0.570	0.602
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	11	2462	S0703	17.5	17.5	1.000	99.2	1.008	-0.09	0.421	0.424
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left side	0mm	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.03	0.296	0.305
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top side	0mm	6	2437	S0703	17.9	18	1.023	99.2	1.008	0.08	0.362	0.373
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	0mm	1	2412	-	17.3	17.5	1.047	99.2	1.008	0.09	0.491	0.518
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Front	0mm	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	0.08	0.218	0.231
12	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	0.09	0.666	0.707
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	62	5310	S0703	15.9	16	1.023	96.4	1.037	0.14	0.265	0.281
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Right side	0mm	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	0.08	0.279	0.296
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Top side	0mm	54	5270	S0703	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.19	0.242	0.256
	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	0mm	54	5270	-	18.4	18.5	1.023	96.4	1.037	-0.1	0.513	0.544
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	0mm	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.18	0.284	0.329
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	-0.19	0.843	0.974
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	106	5530	S0703	15.2	15.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0	0.614	0.709
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	138	5690	S0703	18.1	18.5	1.096	92.8	1.078	-0.11	1.120	1.324
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right side	0mm	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.1	1.000	1.155
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top side	0mm	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	-0.08	0.768	0.887
13	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	122	5610	-	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.08	1.250	1.444
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	106	5530	-	15.2	15.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	-0.12	1.191	1.375
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	138	5690	-	18.1	18.5	1.096	92.8	1.078	-0.1	1.130	1.336
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Front	0mm	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	-0.19	0.331	0.374
14	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	0.03	0.847	0.956
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Right side	0mm	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	-0.17	0.636	0.718
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Top side	0mm	155	5775	S0703	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	0.14	0.611	0.690
	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	0mm	155	5775	-	18.3	18.5	1.047	92.8	1.078	0.04	0.811	0.915

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Scanner	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	0mm	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	0.07	0.109	0.127
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	0mm	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	-0.18	0.110	0.129
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	0mm	39	2441	S0703	4.52	6.50	1.407	77.22	1.079	0.06	0.077	0.117
15	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	0mm	78	2480	S0703	5.43	6.50	1.141	77.22	1.079	-0.07	0.113	0.139
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left side	0mm	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	0.12	0.082	0.096
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top side	0mm	00	2402	S0703	5.65	6.50	1.084	77.22	1.079	0.04	0.078	0.091
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	0mm	78	2480	-	5.43	6.50	1.141	77.22	1.079	-0.08	0.096	0.118

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13.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

Plo No	Rand	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Scanner	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor			Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1s	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.07	0.929	-	1.073
2nd	WLAN5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	Back	15mm	122	5610	S0703	18.2	18.5	1.072	92.8	1.078	0.01	0.905	1.03	1.045

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General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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14. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\le 30\%$, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

15. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D07 v01r02, " SAR Evaluation Procedures for UMPC Mini-Tablet Devices", Oct 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [10] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.

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