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June 16, 2015

The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation
1 Door Drive
Mt. Hope, Ohio 44660

Dear James Midyette,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation, ALDCM as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B for a Class B Digital Device, and FCC Part 15 Subpart C and for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Reference: (\\The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation\\EMC84481A-FCC247 Rev. 1)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

**The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation
ALDCM**

Tested under
the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B
for Class B Digital Devices
&
15.247 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC84481A-FCC247 Rev. 1

June 16, 2015

Prepared For:

**The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation
1 Door Drive
Mt. Hope, Ohio 44660**

Prepared By:
MET Laboratories, Inc.
914 W. Patapsco Ave.
Baltimore, MD 21230

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15.247 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators



Djed Mouada, Project Engineer
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 under normal use and maintenance.



Asad Bajwa,
Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	June 2, 2015	Initial Issue.
1	June 16, 2015	Engineer corrections.



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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
<i>d</i>	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dB μ A	Decibels above one microamp
dB μ V	Decibels above one microvolt
dB μ A/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dB μ V/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
<i>f</i>	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μ H	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μ s	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation ALDCM, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the ALDCM. The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the ALDCM, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation, quote number 1GEN0810. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	Description	Compliance
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	Peak Power Output	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 Compliance Testing



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation to perform testing on the ALDCM, under The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation's quote number 1GEN0810.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation, ALDCM.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	ALDCM		
Model(s) Covered:	ALDCM		
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: 120 VAC, 60 Hz		
	FCC ID: B8QALDCM		
	Type of Modulations:	CCK-OFDM	
	Equipment Code:	DTS	
	Peak RF Output Power:	17.89 dBm	
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	2412-2462MHz	
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.		
Environmental Test Conditions:	Temperature: 15-35° C		
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%		
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar		
Evaluated by:	Djed Mouada		
Report Date(s):	June 16, 2015		

Table 2. EUT Summary Table



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
ANSI C63.10-2009	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.



D. Description of Test Sample

The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation ALDCM, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is designed to mount to a wall and communicates wirelessly with the DPS and a wireless router using BLE and WLAN technology.

E. Mode of Operation

BLE and 802.11b,g,n

F. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

WLAN - All settings are adjusted in the RadioTool GUI. Once the radio starts transmitting, the signal can be observed using a spectrum analyzer.

BLE – Once the radio starts transmitting the signal can be observed by using a spectrum analyzer. The power levels cannot be adjusted.

G. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

H. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to The Genie Company a Division of Overhead Door Corporation upon completion of testing.



III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.107 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 4. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 4. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency range (MHz)	Class A Conducted Limits (dB μ V)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50
Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies. Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.				

Table 4. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b)

Test Procedures: The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing, test conditions, and test procedures of ANSI C63.4 were used. The EUT was powered through a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN. An EMI receiver, connected to the measurement port of the LISN, scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz in order to find the peak conducted emissions. All peak emissions within 6 dB of the limit were re-measured using a quasi-peak and/or average detector as appropriate.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

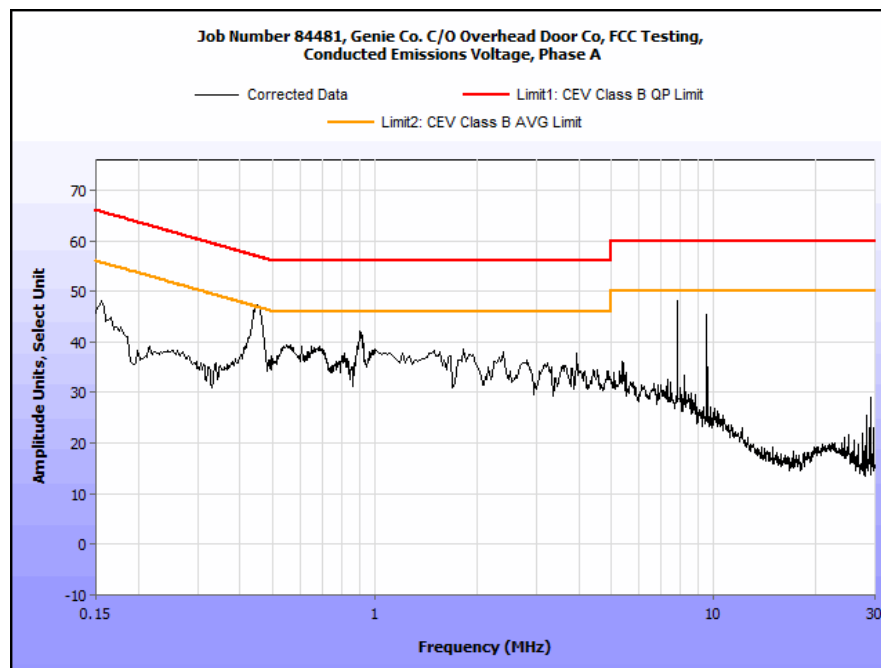
Test Date(s): 04/15/15



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBμV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBμV) QP	Limit (dBμV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBμV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBμV) AVG	Limit (dBμV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.2435	26.89	0	26.89	61.98	-35.09	16.81	0	16.81	51.98	-35.17
0.447	35.71	0	35.71	56.93	-21.22	25.45	0	25.45	46.93	-21.48
0.9125	39.41	0	39.41	56	-16.59	26.93	0	26.93	46	-19.07
1.045	37.64	0	37.64	56	-18.36	27.61	0	27.61	46	-18.39
10.22	20.99	0	20.99	60	-39.01	13.33	0	13.33	50	-36.67
23.27	17.25	0	17.25	60	-42.75	11.22	0	11.22	50	-38.78

Table 5. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)



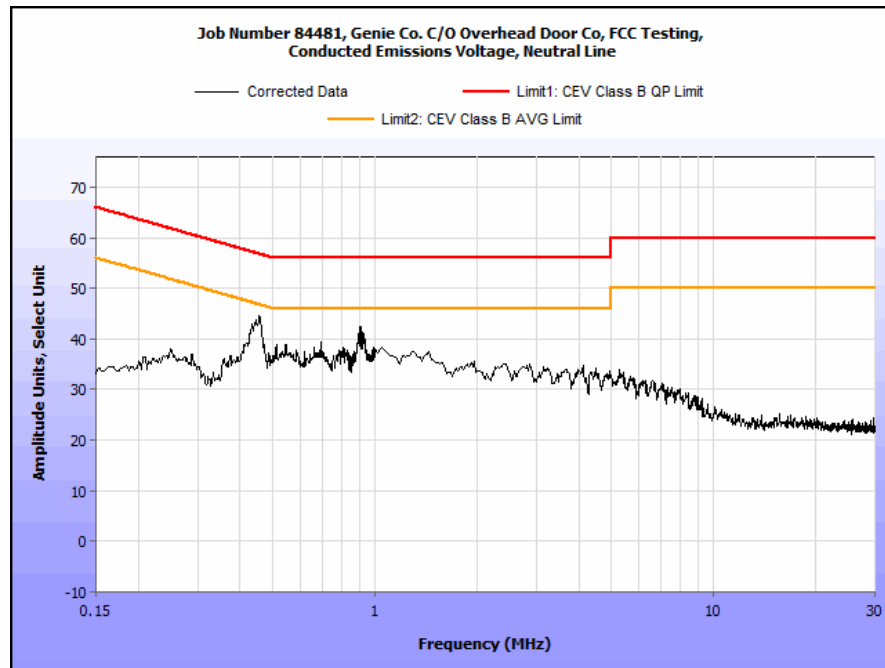
Plot 1. Conducted Emission, Phase Line Plot



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBμV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBμV) QP	Limit (dBμV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBμV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBμV) AVG	Limit (dBμV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.2445	32.11	0	32.11	61.94	-29.83	19.81	0	19.81	51.94	-32.13
0.4535	40.37	0	40.37	56.81	-16.44	27.51	0	27.51	46.81	-19.3
0.912	33.51	0	33.51	56	-22.49	20.98	0	20.98	46	-25.02
1.45	32.91	0	32.91	56	-23.09	25.34	0	25.34	46	-20.66
10.35	20.25	0	20.25	60	-39.75	12.99	0	12.99	50	-37.01
21.88	22.37	0	22.37	60	-37.63	11.34	0	11.34	50	-38.66

Table 6. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (120 VAC, 60 Hz)



Plot 2. Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plot

Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 1. Conducted Emissions, Test Setup



Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.109 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 7.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 7.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	
	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dB μ V) @ 10m	§15.109 (a), Class B Limit (dB μ V) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

Table 7. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures: The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table, 80 cm above the ground plane inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

Test Date(s): 04/17/15

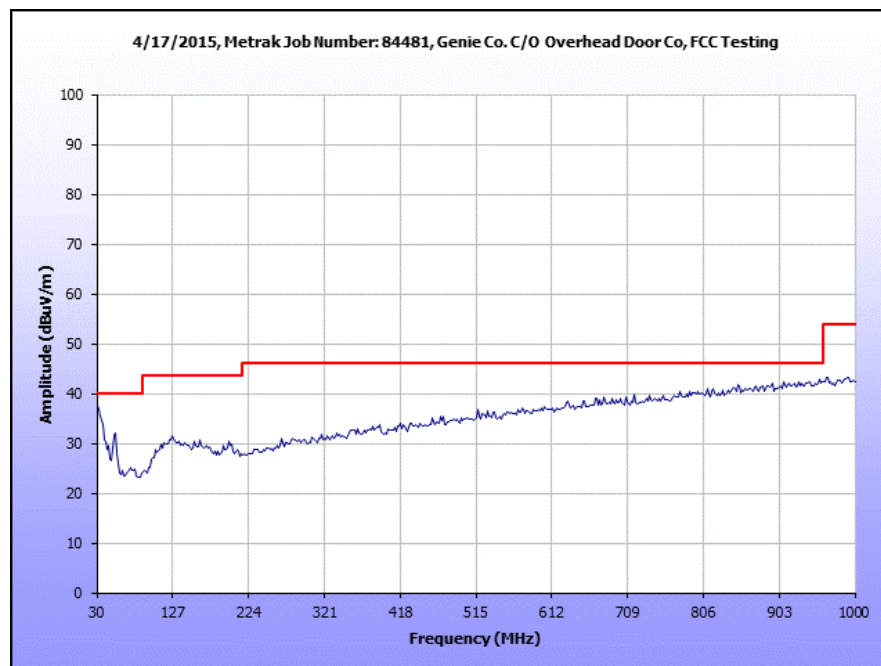


Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBμV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
51.4	20	H	1.21	17.10	8.44	0.75	0.00	26.29	40.00	-13.71
51.4	147	V	1.03	17.88	8.44	0.75	0.00	27.07	40.00	-12.93
127	11	H	1.58	17.30	14.20	1.23	0.00	32.73	43.50	-10.77
127	72	V	1.23	17.30	14.20	1.23	0.00	32.73	43.50	-10.77
417	79	H	1.27	13.68	16.54	2.14	0.00	32.36	46.00	-13.64
417	149	V	1.50	13.68	16.54	2.14	0.00	32.36	46.00	-13.64
681	131	H	1.38	15.80	20.80	2.56	0.00	39.16	46.00	-6.84
681	102	V	1.05	15.80	20.80	2.56	0.00	39.16	46.00	-6.84
860	284	H	1.20	17.10	22.70	2.78	0.00	42.58	46.00	-3.42
860	59	V	1.24	17.10	22.70	2.78	0.00	42.58	46.00	-3.42
905	259	H	1.02	17.05	22.70	2.78	0.00	42.53	46.00	-3.47
905	223	V	0.99	17.05	22.70	2.78	0.00	42.53	46.00	-3.47

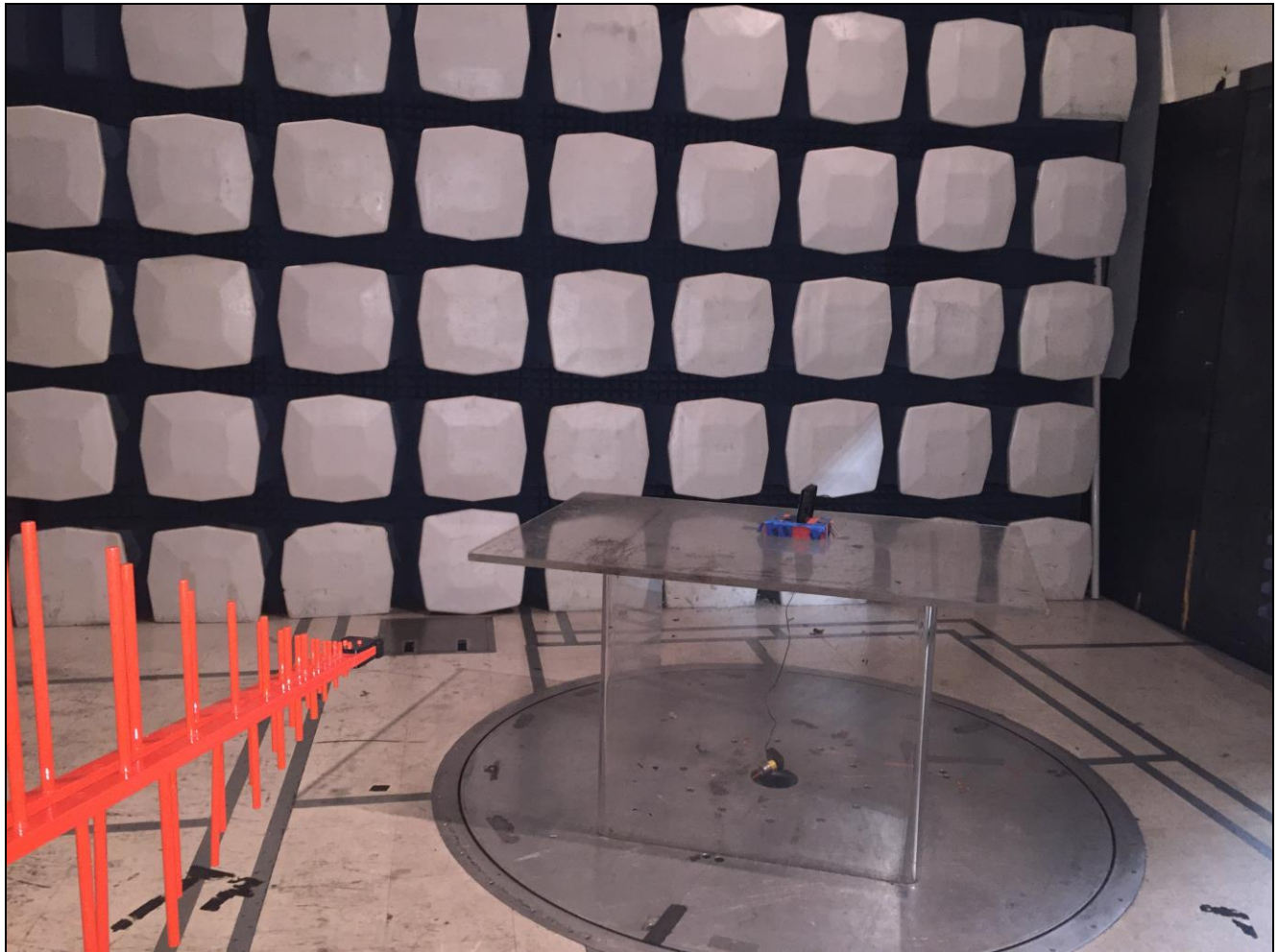
Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, FCC Limits

Note: The following sample calculation was used to correct the amplitude (Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)= Uncorrected Data+ACF+Cable Loss-Distance Correction Factor).



Plot 3. Radiated Emissions, Pre-Scan

Radiated Emissions Limits Test Setup



Photograph 2. Radiated Emissions, Test Setup



IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement: § 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The EUT has an integral antenna.

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

Test Date(s): 04/14/15



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): § 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 9. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure: The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with *ANSI C63.4-2003 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz"*. The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with this requirement.

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

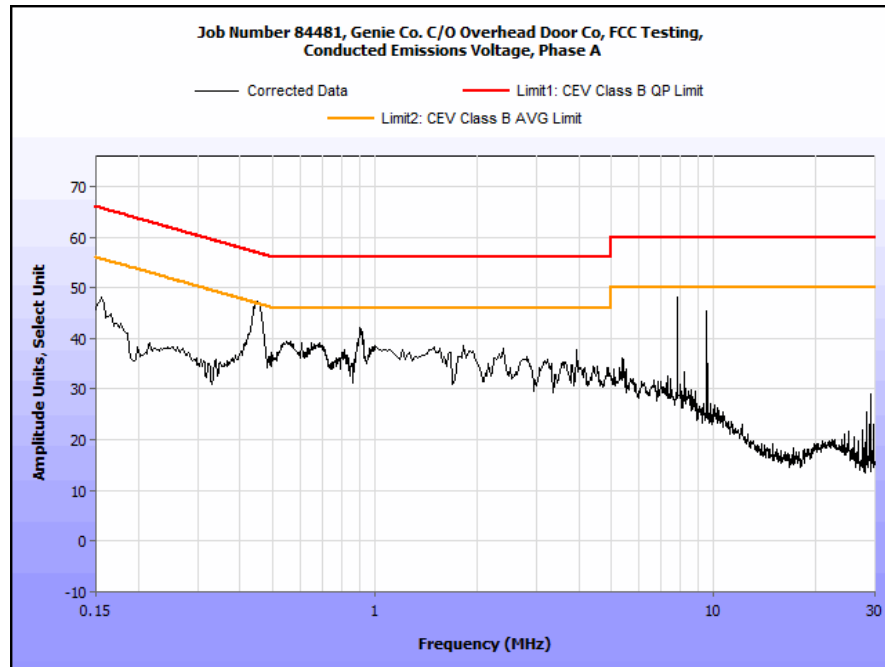
Test Date(s): 04/16/15



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBμV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBμV) QP	Limit (dBμV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBμV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBμV) AVG	Limit (dBμV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.2435	26.89	0	26.89	61.98	-35.09	16.81	0	16.81	51.98	-35.17
0.447	35.71	0	35.71	56.93	-21.22	25.45	0	25.45	46.93	-21.48
0.9125	39.41	0	39.41	56	-16.59	26.93	0	26.93	46	-19.07
1.045	37.64	0	37.64	56	-18.36	27.61	0	27.61	46	-18.39
10.22	20.99	0	20.99	60	-39.01	13.33	0	13.33	50	-36.67
23.27	17.25	0	17.25	60	-42.75	11.22	0	11.22	50	-38.78

Table 10. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line, Test Results



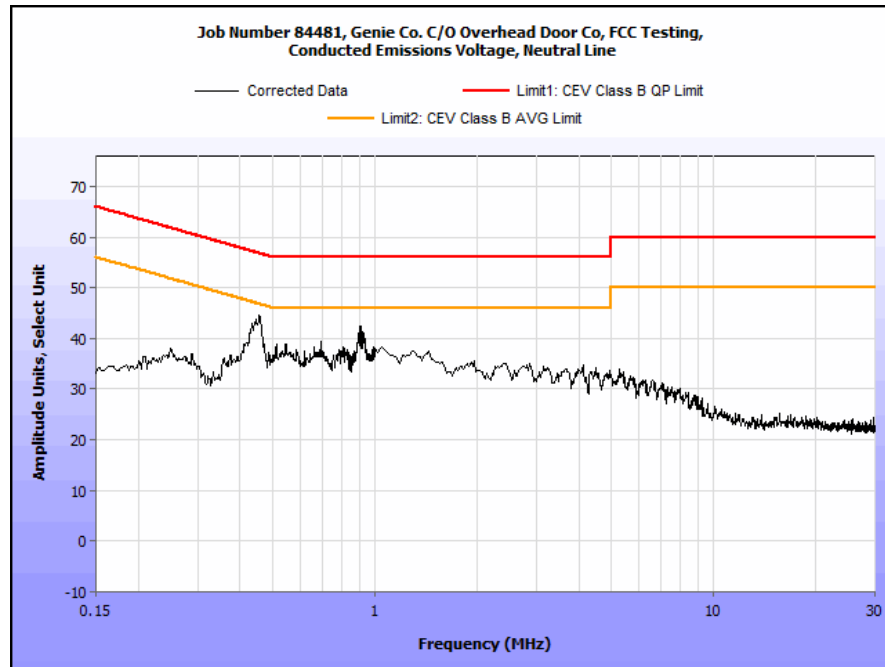
Plot 4. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Results

Frequency (MHz)	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBμV) QP	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBμV) QP	Limit (dBμV) QP	Margin (dB) QP	Uncorrected Meter Reading (dBμV) Avg.	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Measurement (dBμV) AVG	Limit (dBμV) AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.2445	32.11	0	32.11	61.94	-29.83	19.81	0	19.81	51.94	-32.13
0.4535	40.37	0	40.37	56.81	-16.44	27.51	0	27.51	46.81	-19.3
0.912	33.51	0	33.51	56	-22.49	20.98	0	20.98	46	-25.02
1.45	32.91	0	32.91	56	-23.09	25.34	0	25.34	46	-20.66
10.35	20.25	0	20.25	60	-39.75	12.99	0	12.99	50	-37.01
21.88	22.37	0	22.37	60	-37.63	11.34	0	11.34	50	-38.66

Table 11. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line, Test Results



Plot 5. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line



15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Test Setup Photo



Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a)(2): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

Test Date(s): 04/14/15

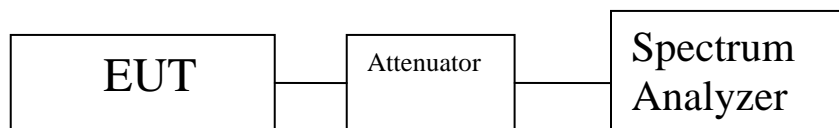


Figure 1. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup



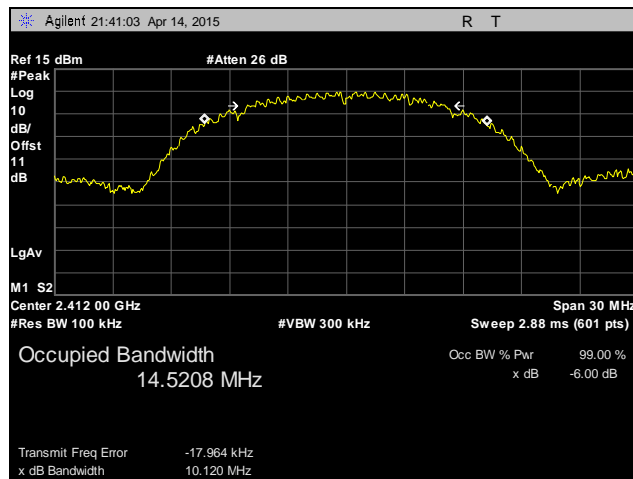
Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

Occupied Bandwidth			
	Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11b	Low	2412	10.120
	Mid	2437	10.136
	High	2462	10.140
802.11g	Low	2412	15.154
	Mid	2437	15.146
	High	2462	15.133
802.11n	Low	2412	15.153
	Mid	2437	15.140
	High	2462	15.155

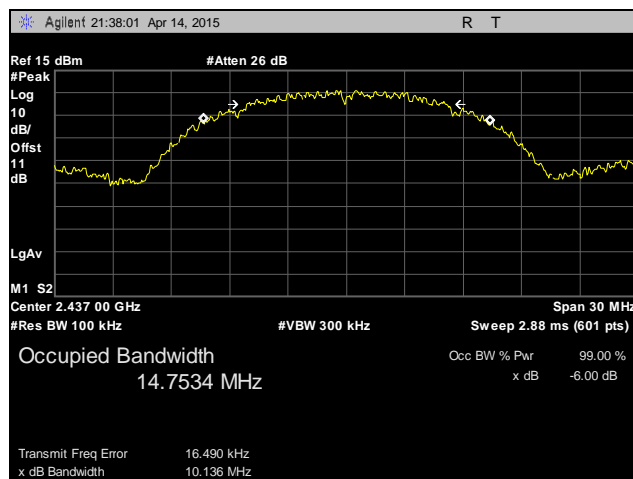
Table 12. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results



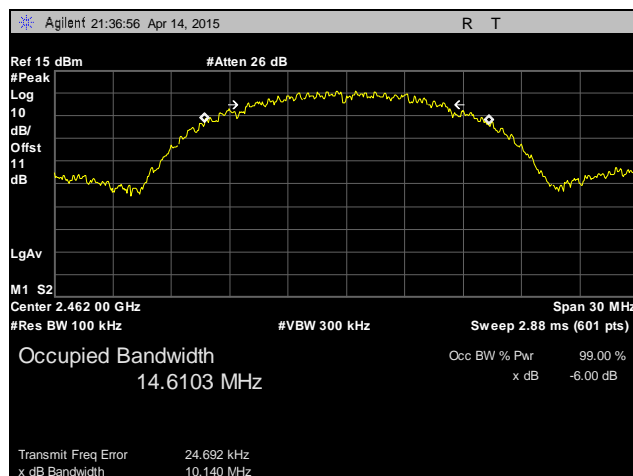
6 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



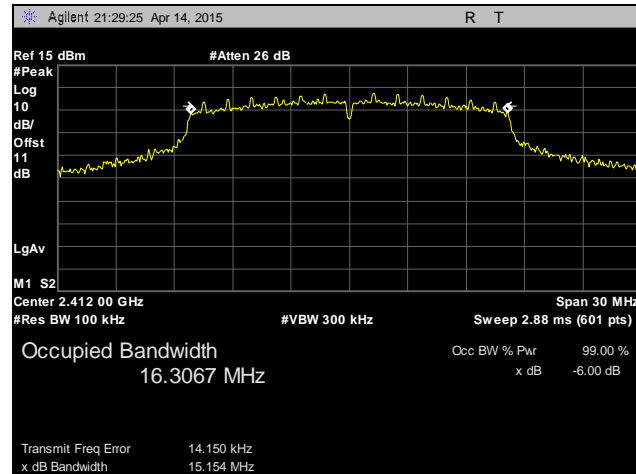
Plot 6. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11b



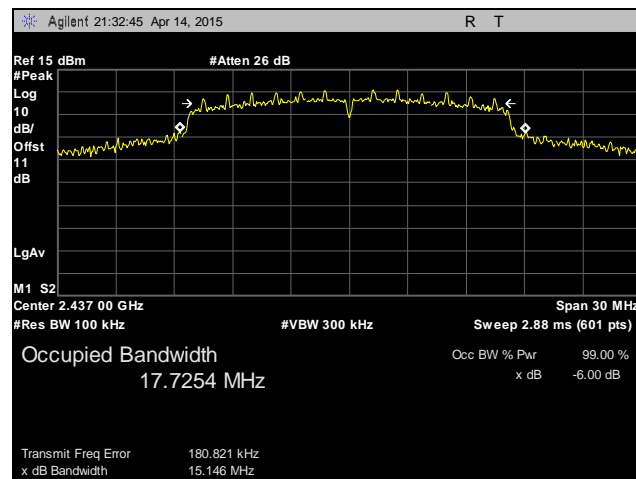
Plot 7. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11b



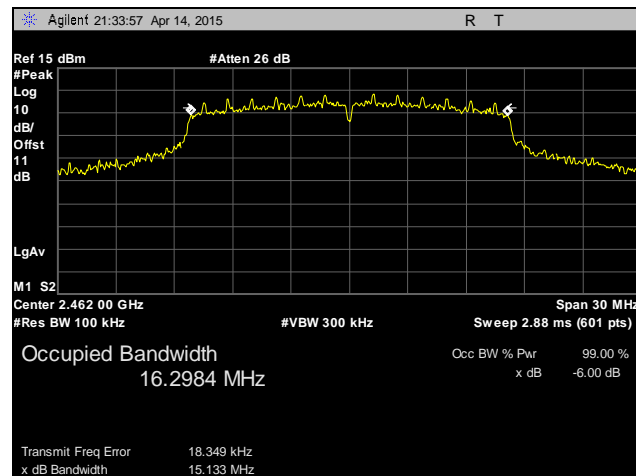
Plot 8. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11b



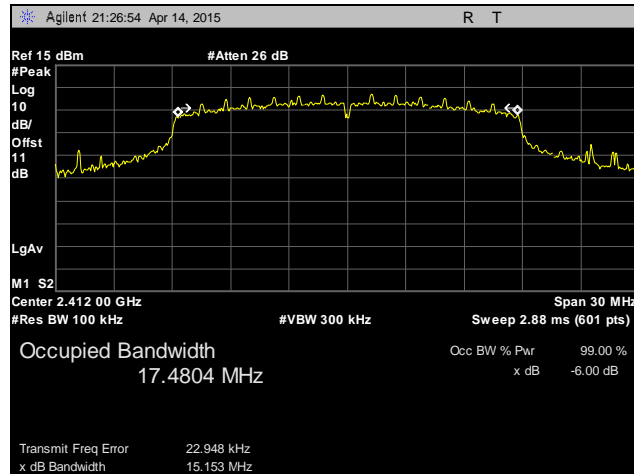
Plot 9. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11g



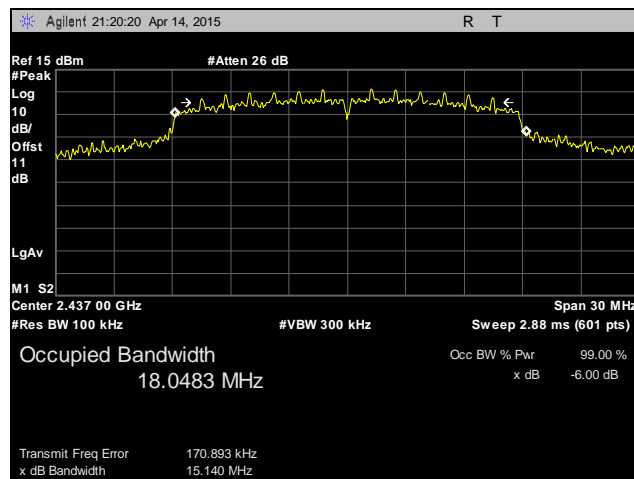
Plot 10. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11g



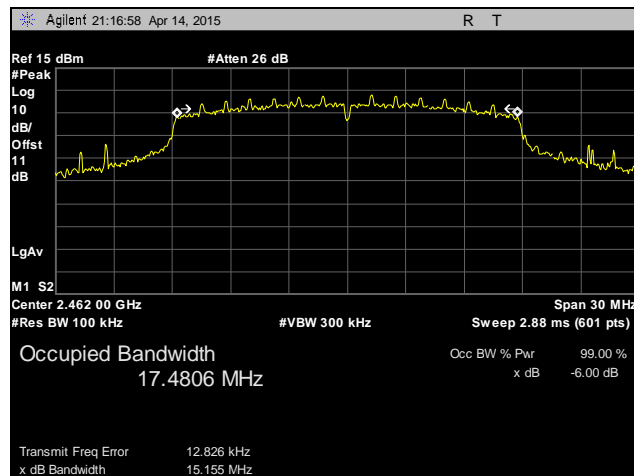
Plot 11. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11g



Plot 12. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11n



Plot 13. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11n



Plot 14. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11n



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements: §15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400-2483.5	1.000
5725- 5850	1.000

Table 13. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)

§15.247(b)(4): The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

Test Date(s): 04/14/15



Figure 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup



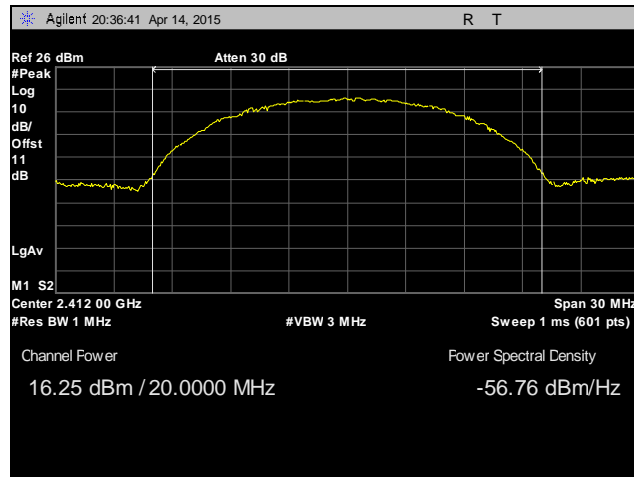
Peak Power Output Test Results

Peak Conducted Output Power			
	Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power dBm
802.11b	Low	2412	16.25
	Mid	2437	17.18
	High	2462	17.89
802.11g	Low	2412	12.95
	Mid	2437	16.18
	High	2462	12.70
802.11n	Low	2412	12.37
	Mid	2437	16.23
	High	2462	13.20

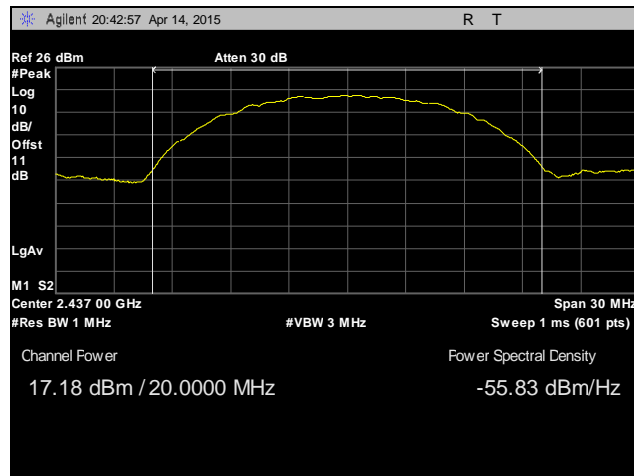
Table 14. Peak Power Output, Test Results



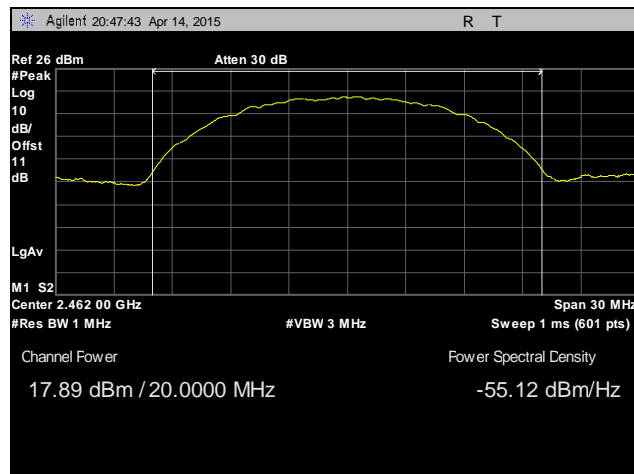
Peak Power Output Test Results



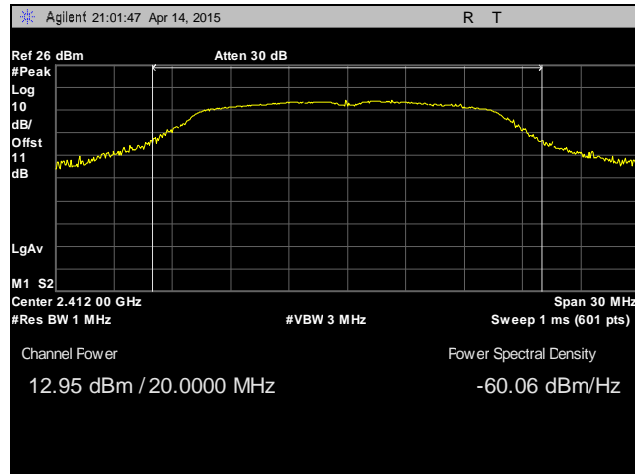
Plot 15. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11b



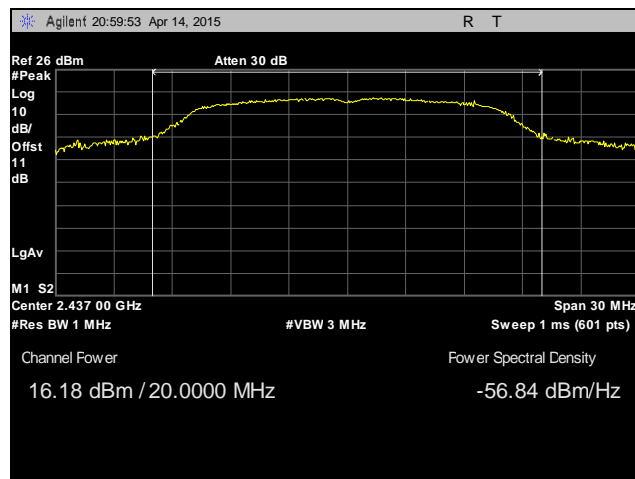
Plot 16. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11b



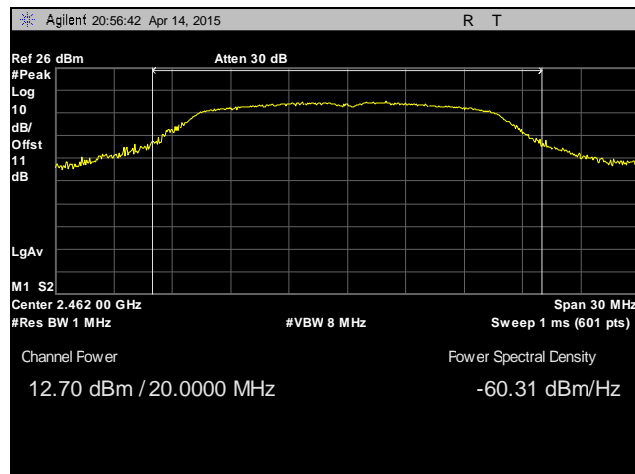
Plot 17. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11b



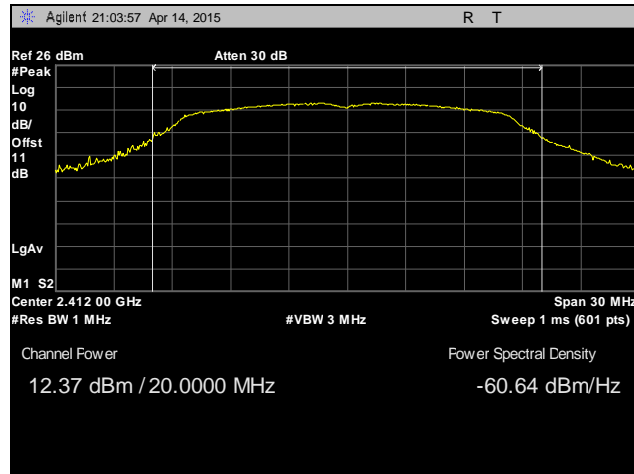
Plot 18. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11g



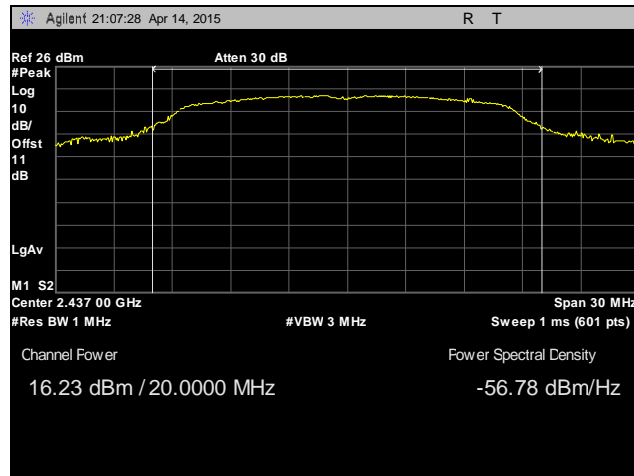
Plot 19. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11g



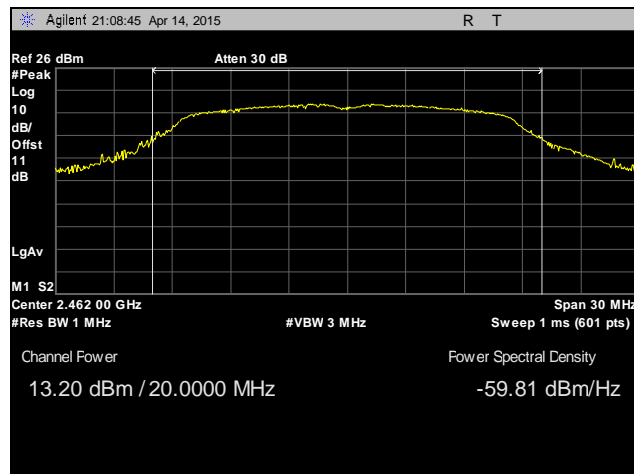
Plot 20. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11g



Plot 21. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11n



Plot 22. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11n



Plot 23. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11n



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110-----	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
¹ 0.495–0.505-----	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905-----	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128-----	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775-----	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775-----	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218-----	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825-----	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225-----	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294-----	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366-----	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675-----	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475-----	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293-----	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025-----	240–285	3345.8–3358.36	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725-----	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)

Table 15. Restricted Bands of Operation

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6



Test Requirement(s): § 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 16.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a), Radiated Emission Limits (dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 16. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line. Only noise floor was measured above 18 GHz.

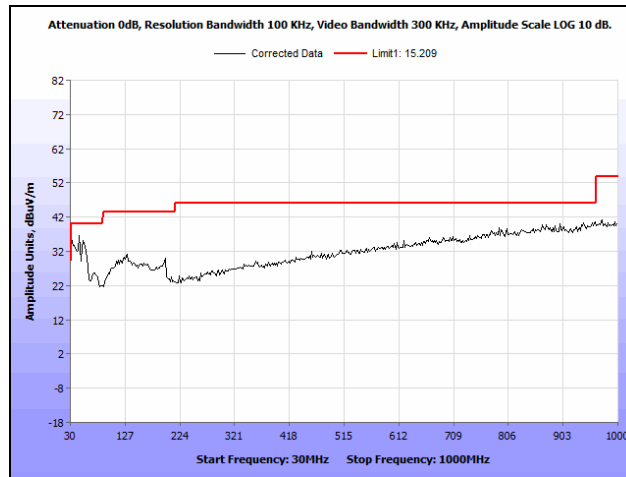
Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

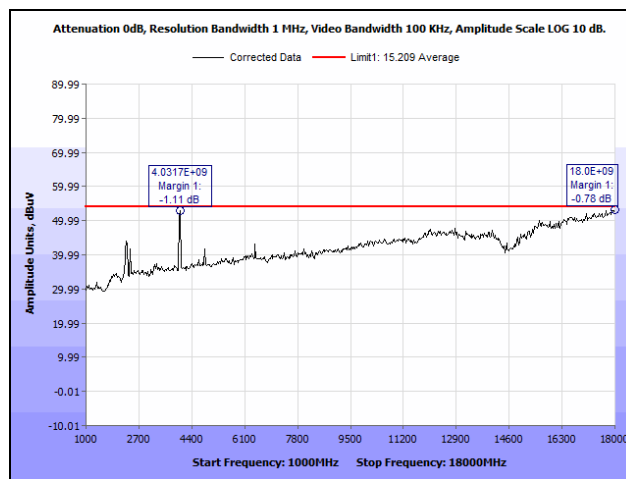
Test Date(s): 04/14/15



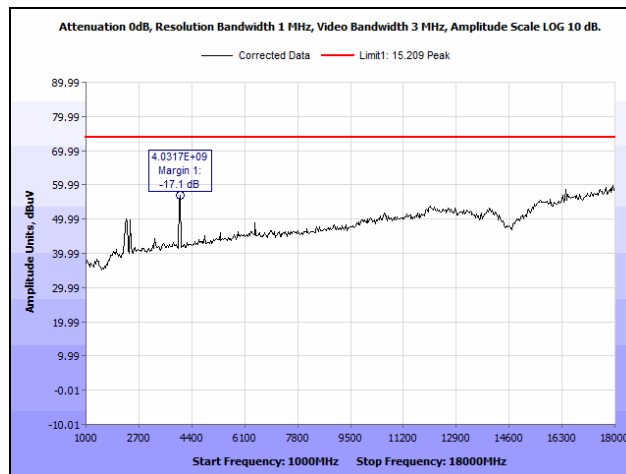
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



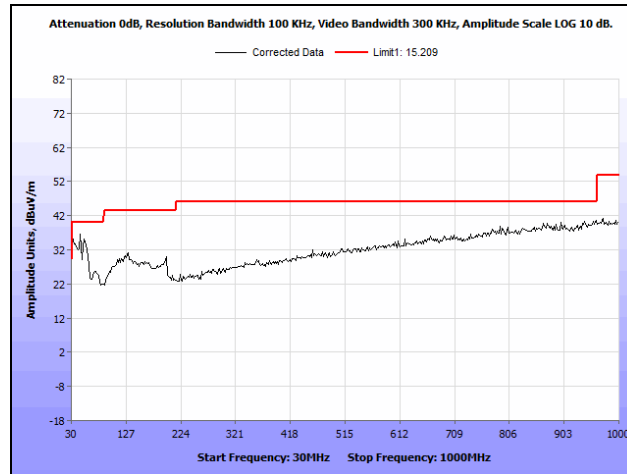
Plot 24. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



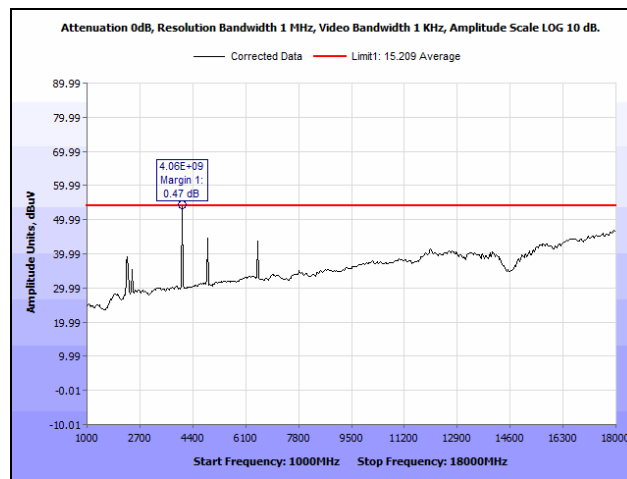
Plot 25. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



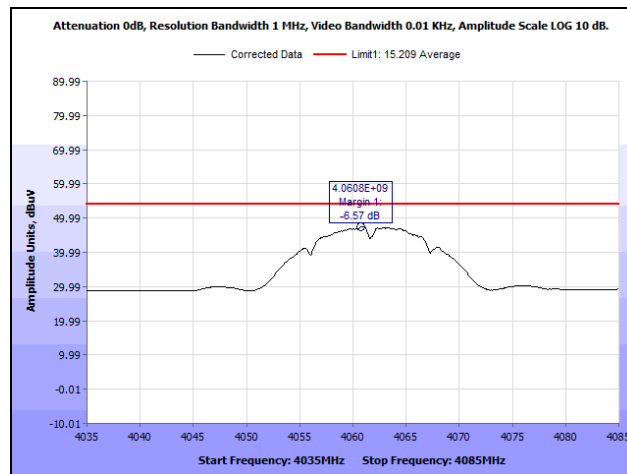
Plot 26. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak



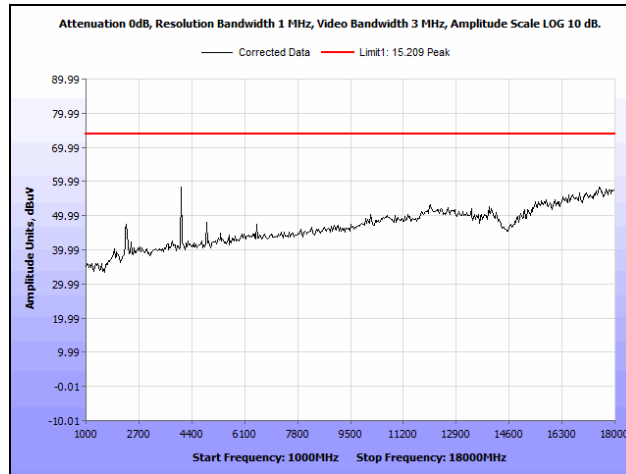
Plot 27. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



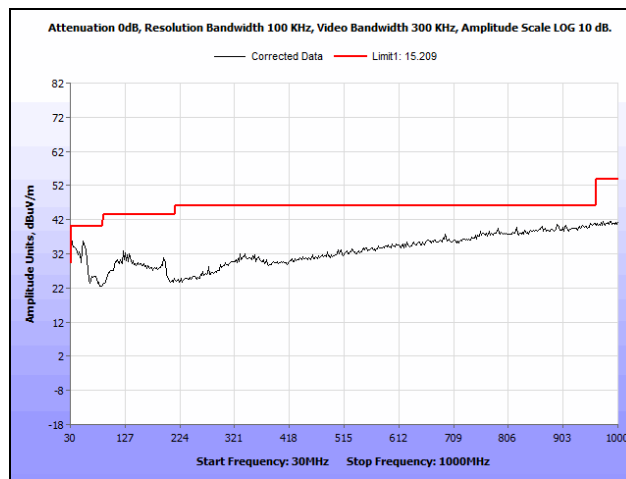
Plot 28. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



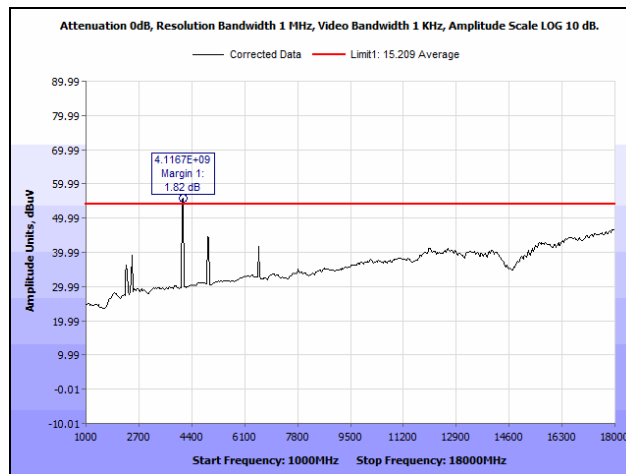
Plot 29. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average, 4.06 GHz, Zoomed



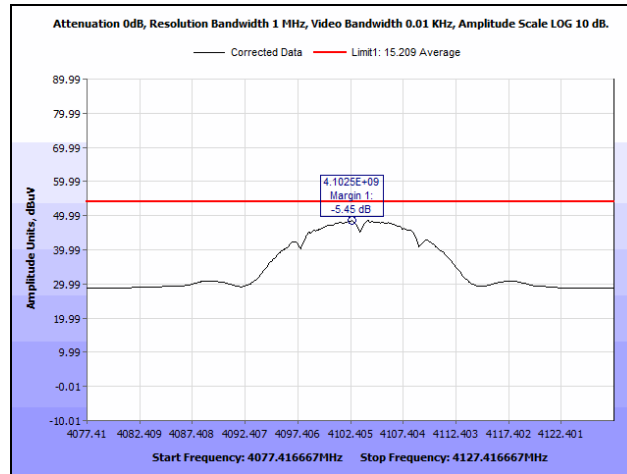
Plot 30. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak



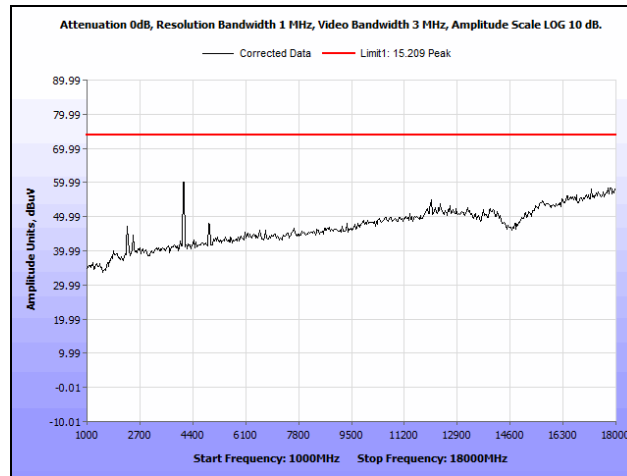
Plot 31. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



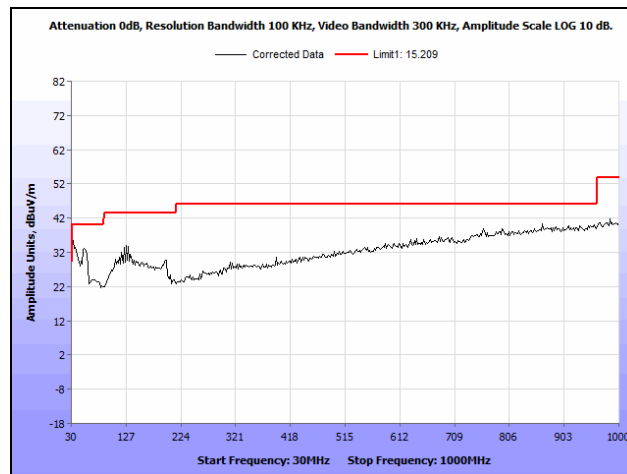
Plot 32. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



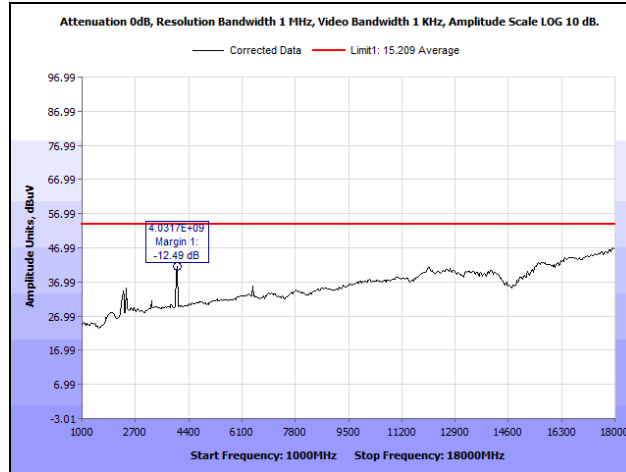
Plot 33. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average, 4.14 GHz, Zoomed



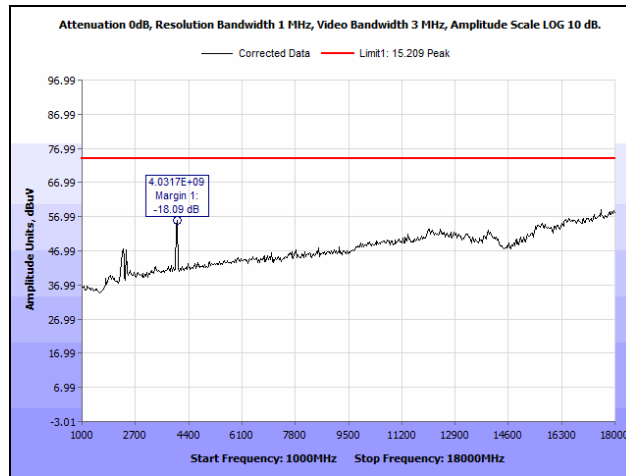
Plot 34. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak



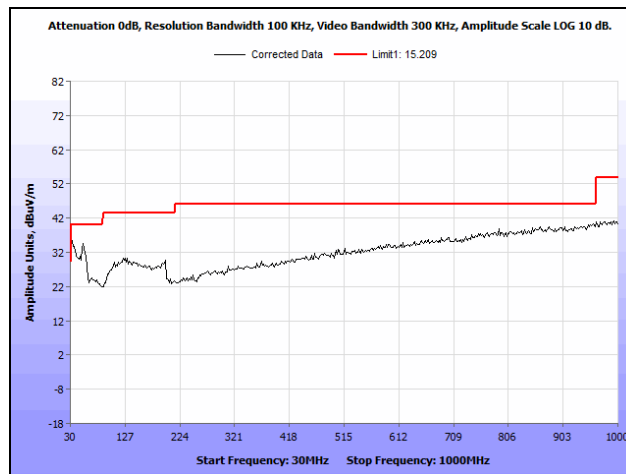
Plot 35. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



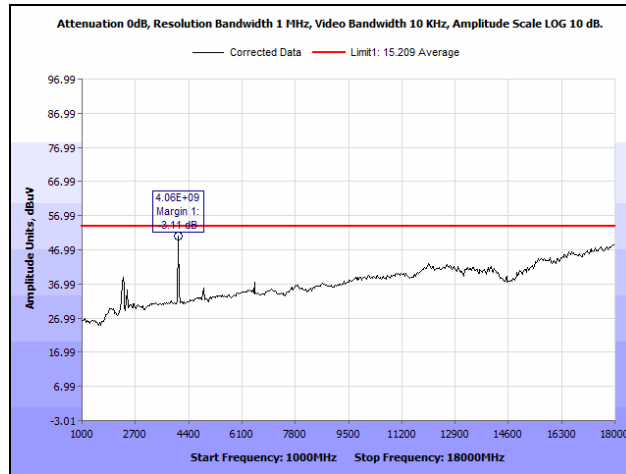
Plot 36. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



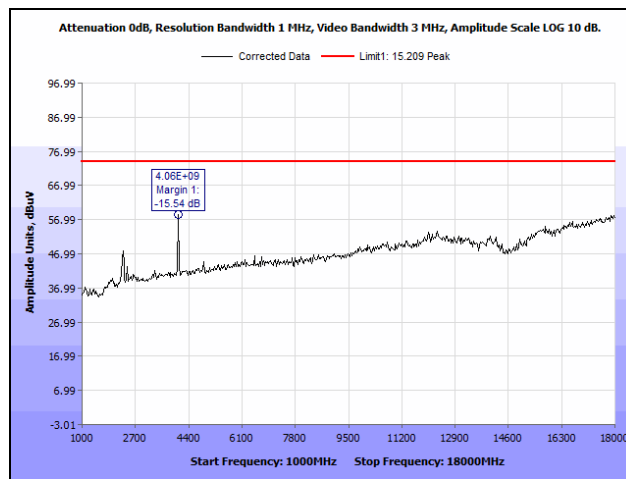
Plot 37. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak



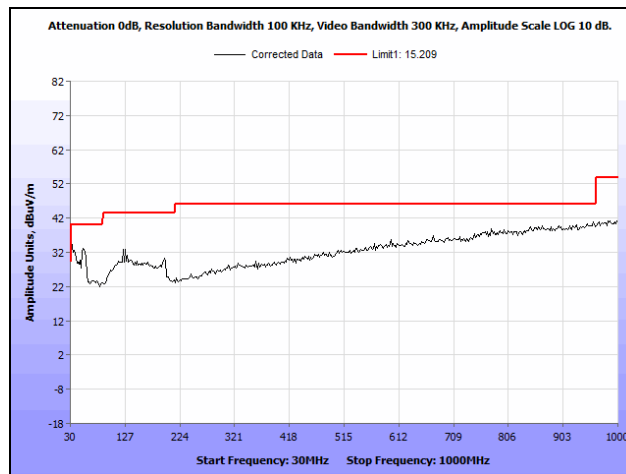
Plot 38. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



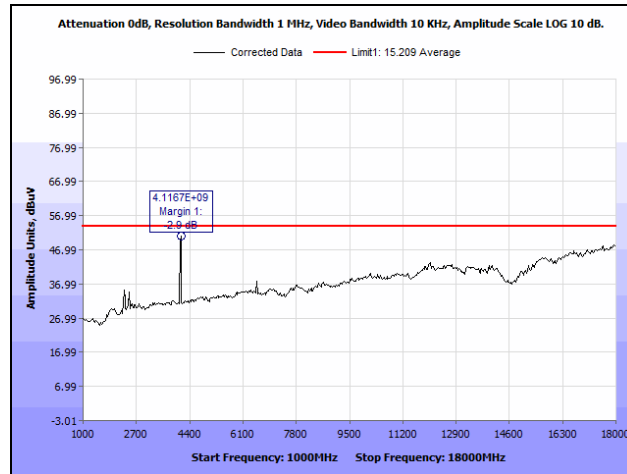
Plot 39. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



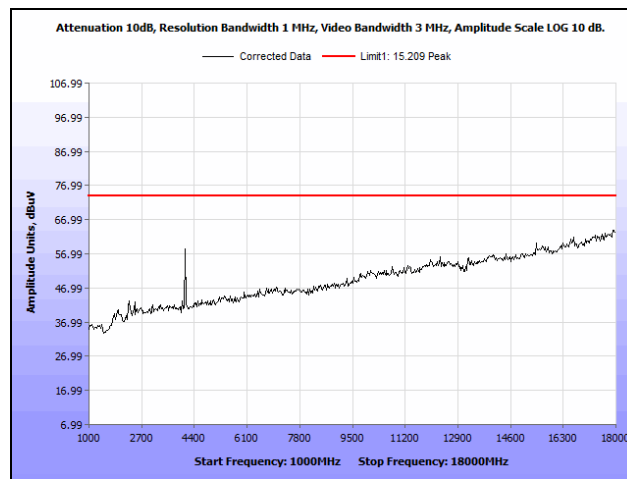
Plot 40. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak



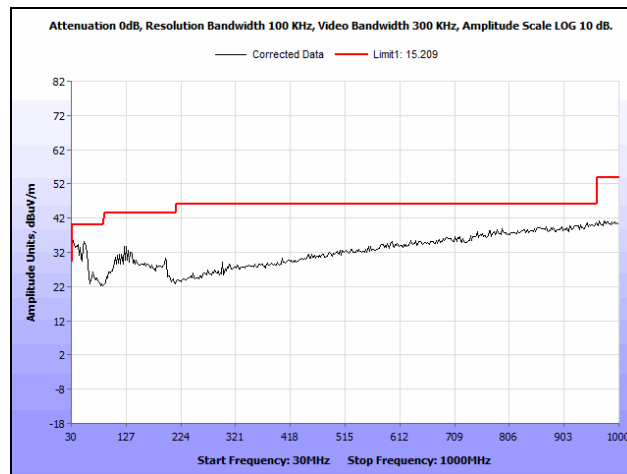
Plot 41. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



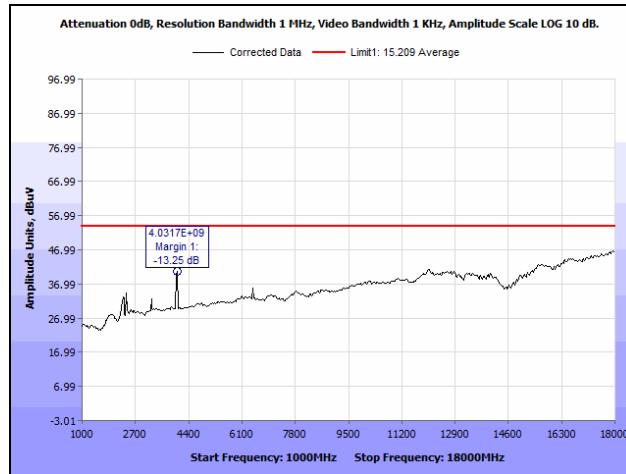
Plot 42. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



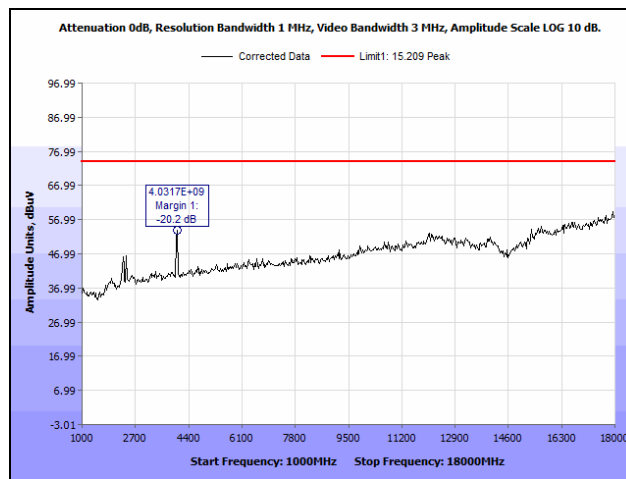
Plot 43. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak



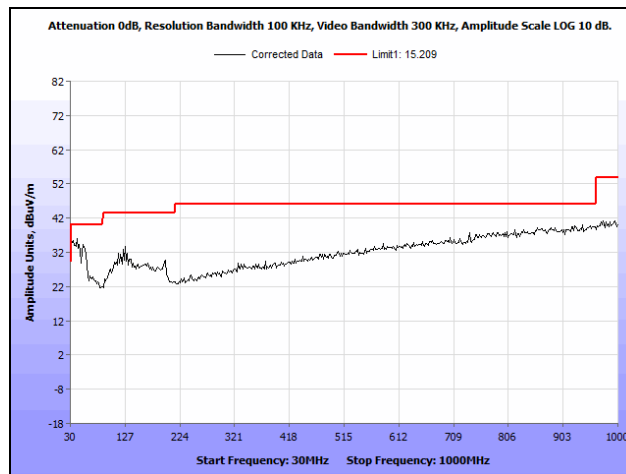
Plot 44. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11n, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



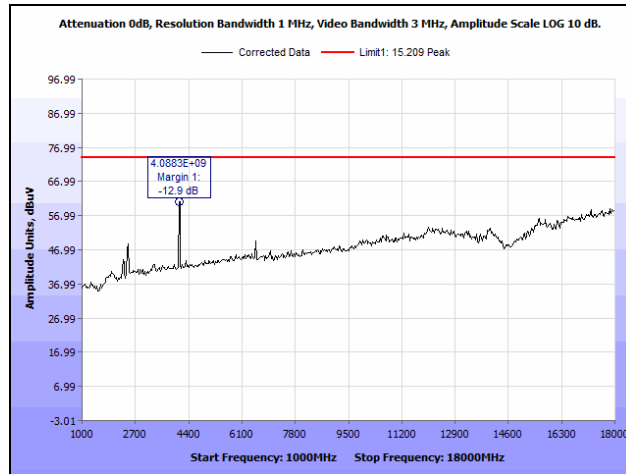
Plot 45. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11n, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



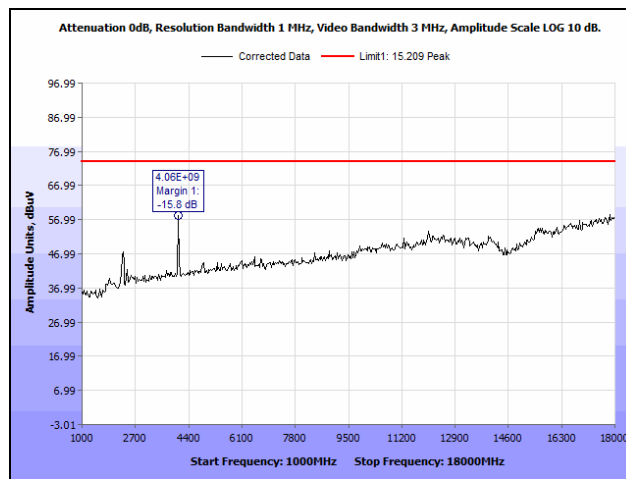
Plot 46. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11n, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak



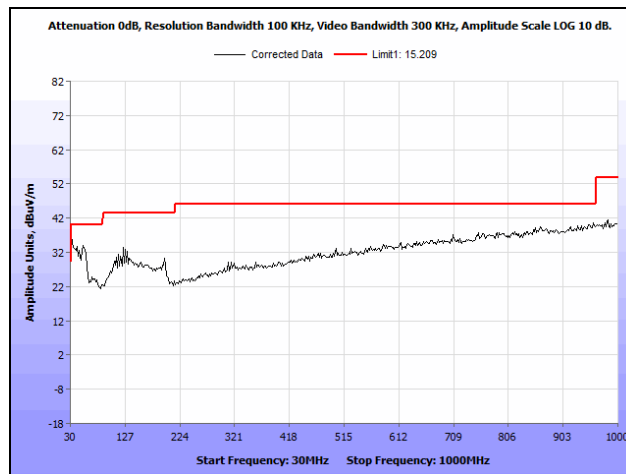
Plot 47. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11n, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



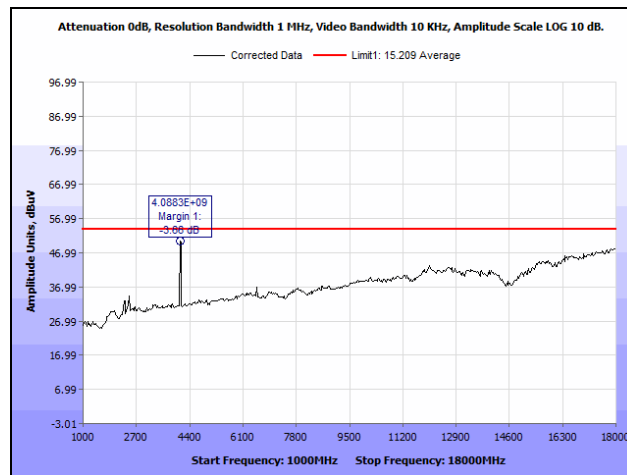
Plot 48. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11n, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



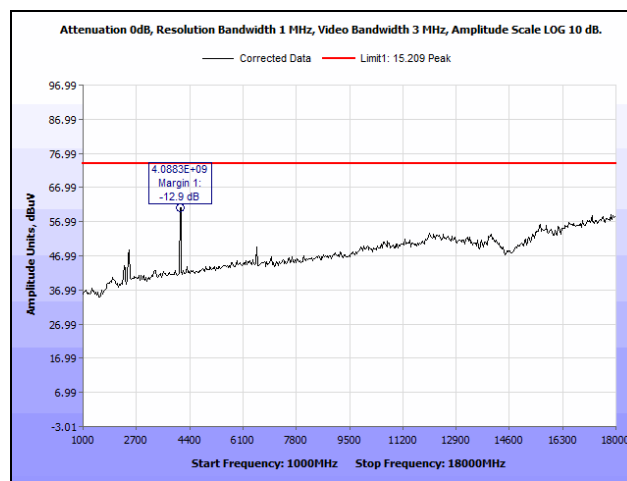
Plot 49. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11n, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak



Plot 50. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11n, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Plot 51. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11n, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Average



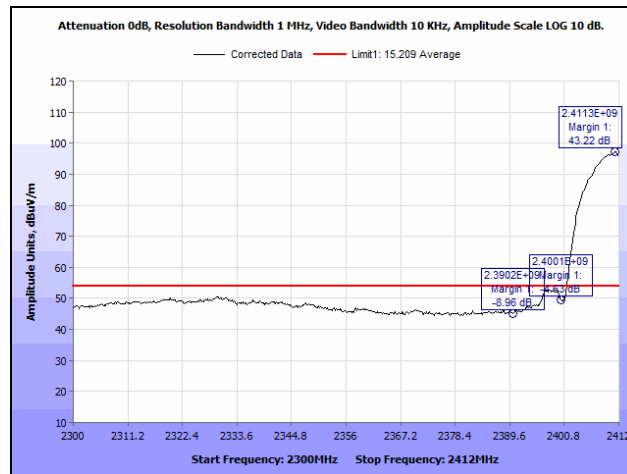
Plot 52. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11n, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, Peak



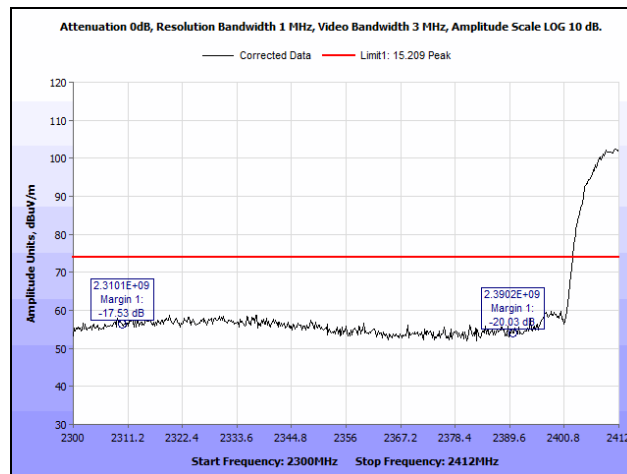
Radiated Band Edge Measurements

Test Procedures:

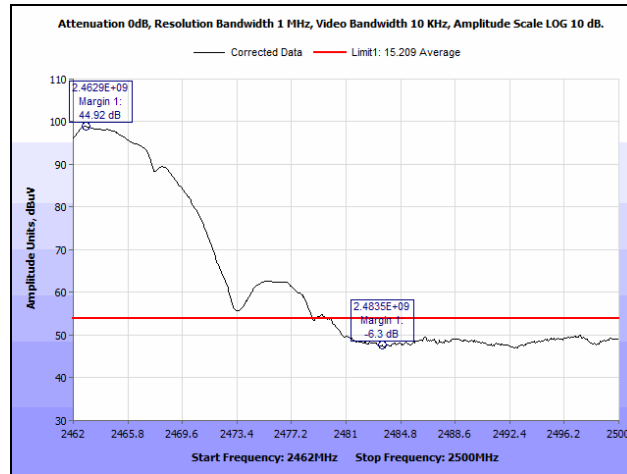
The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed of the low and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit line.



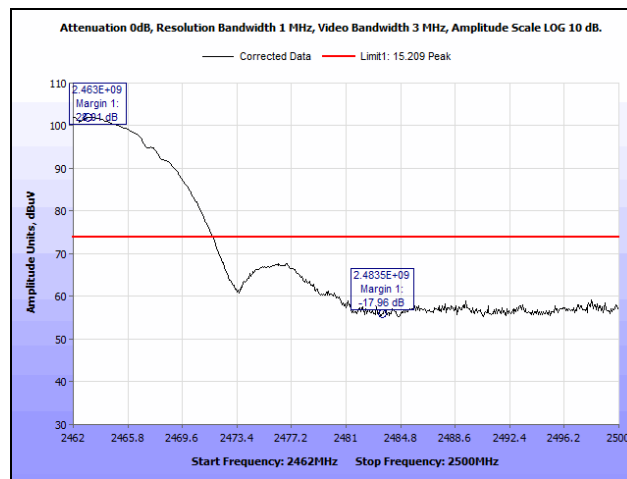
Plot 53. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Average, 802.11b



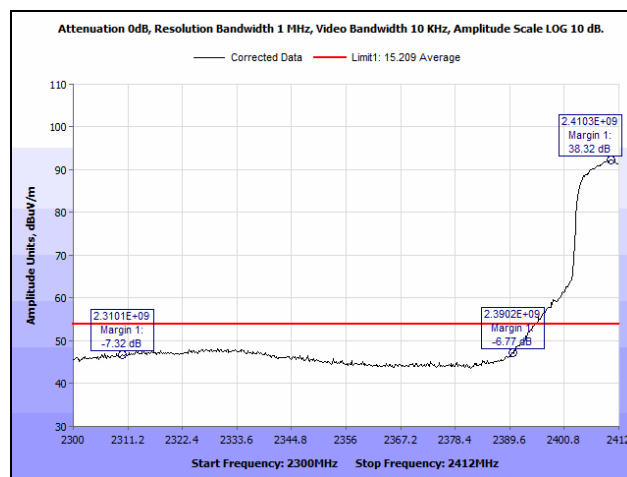
Plot 54. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Peak, 802.11b



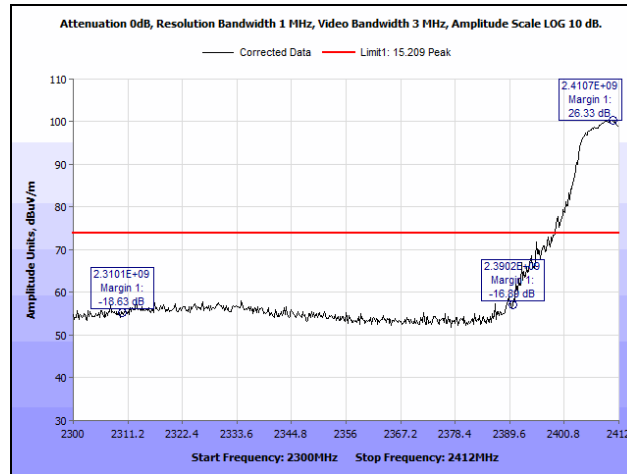
Plot 55. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Average, 802.11b



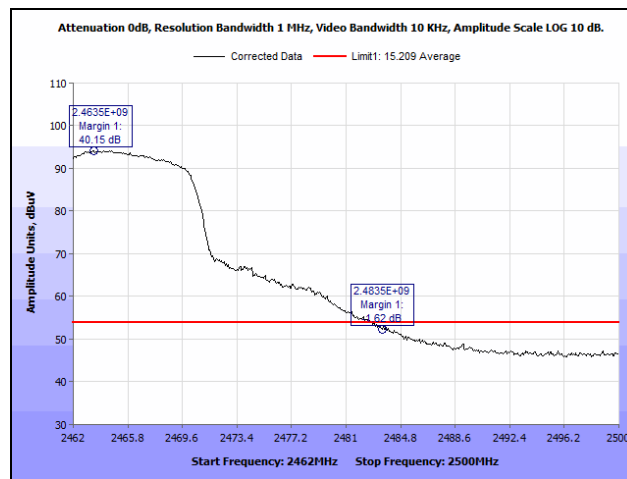
Plot 56. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Peak, 802.11b



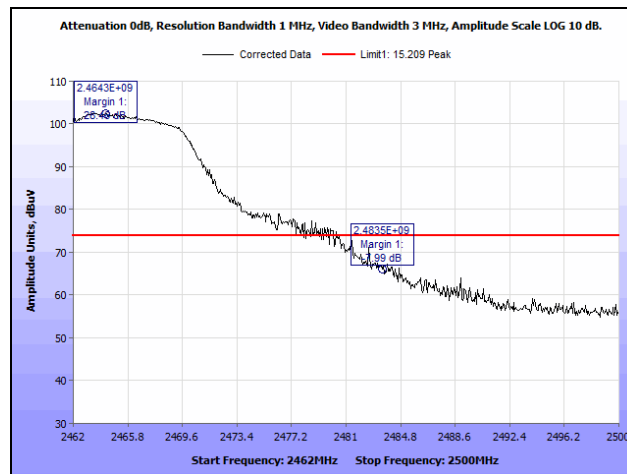
Plot 57. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Average, 802.11g



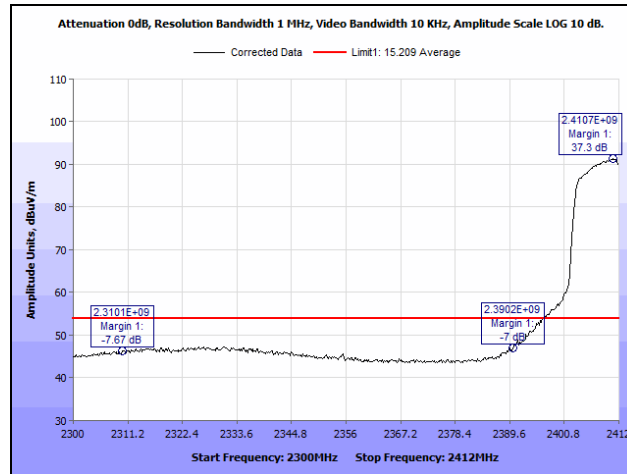
Plot 58. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Peak, 802.11g



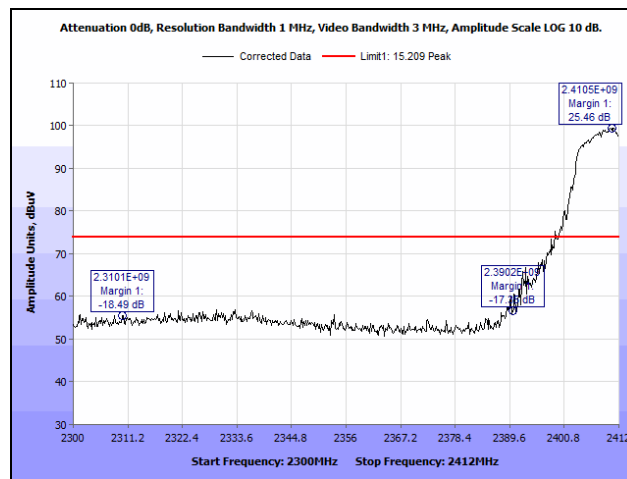
Plot 59. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Average, 802.11g



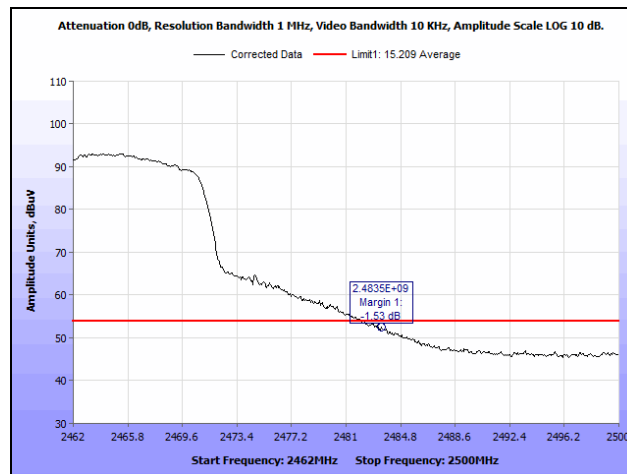
Plot 60. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Peak, 802.11g



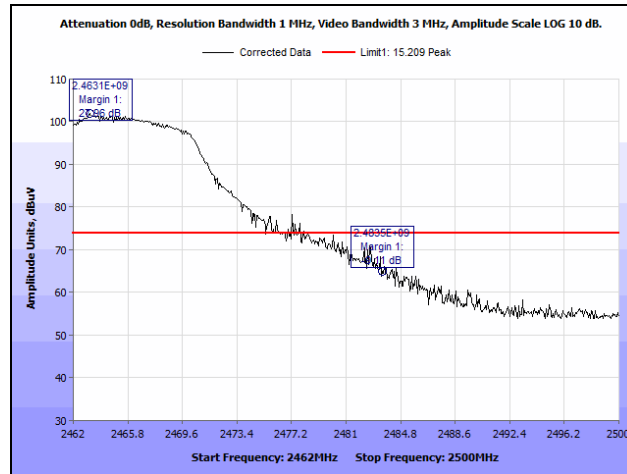
Plot 61. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Average, 802.11n



Plot 62. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Low Channel, Peak, 802.11n



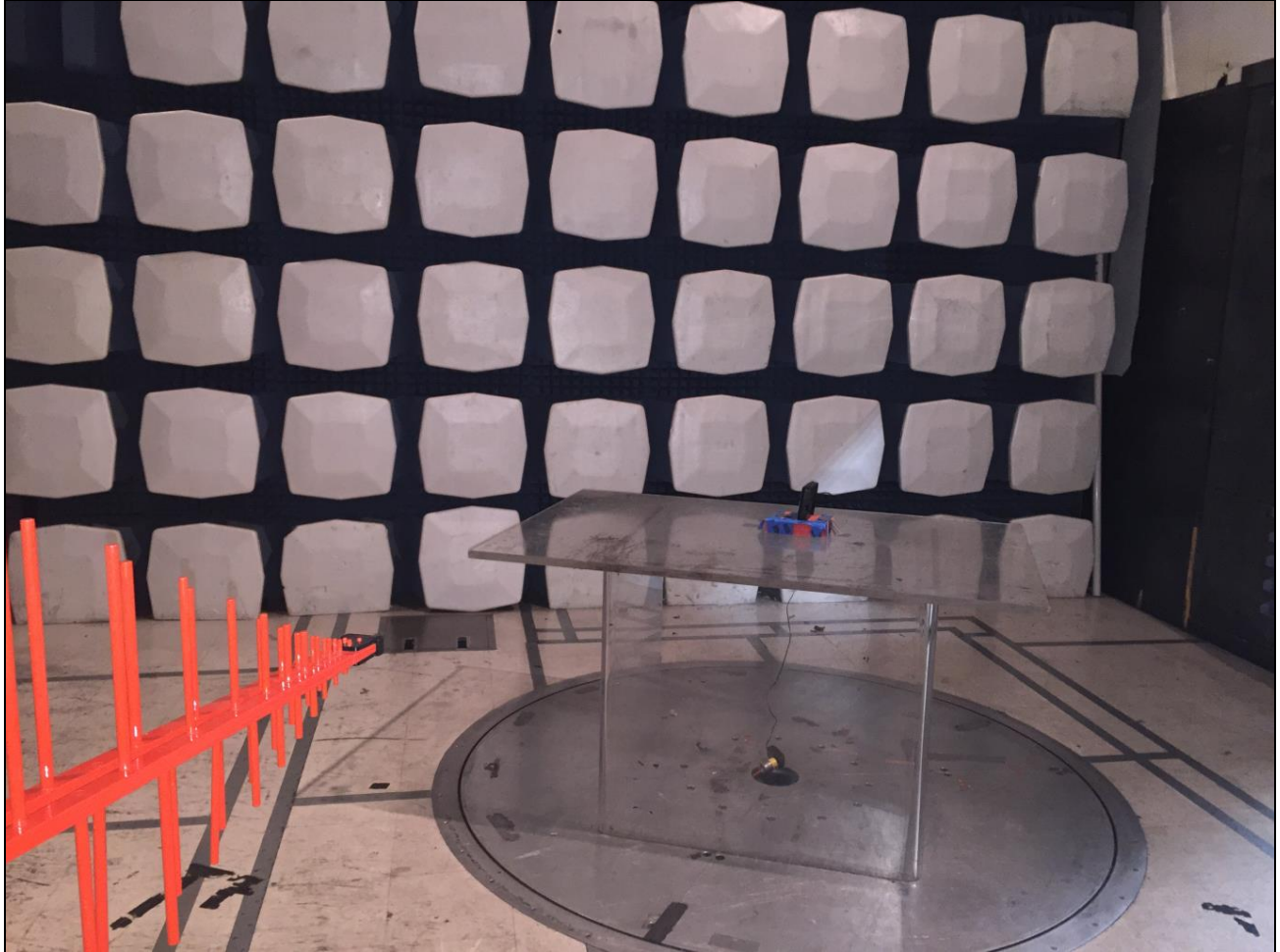
Plot 63. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Average, 802.11n



Plot 64. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, High Channel, Peak, 802.11n



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Photograph 4. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement: **15.247(d)** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Procedure: For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Since the EUT was provided with a conducted RF port, conducted spurious emissions were recorded using an RF cable, Attenuator and spectrum analyzer. The plots were corrected for both attenuator and cable loss.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

Test Date(s): 04/14/15

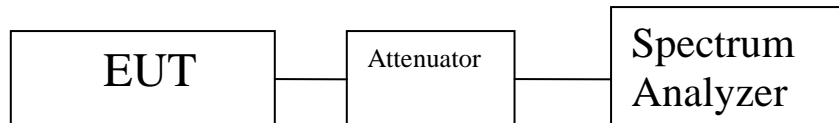
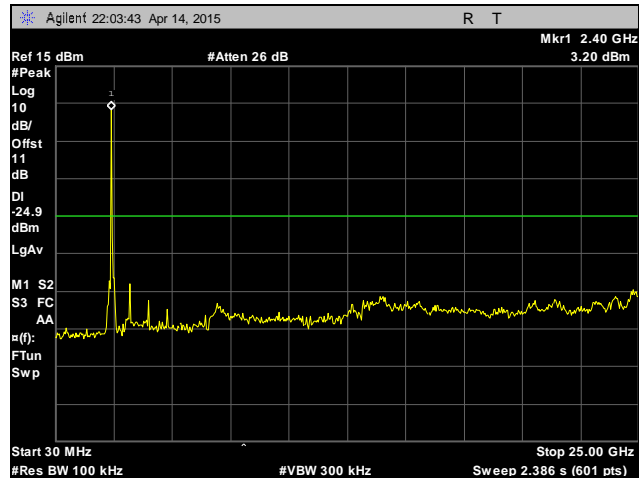


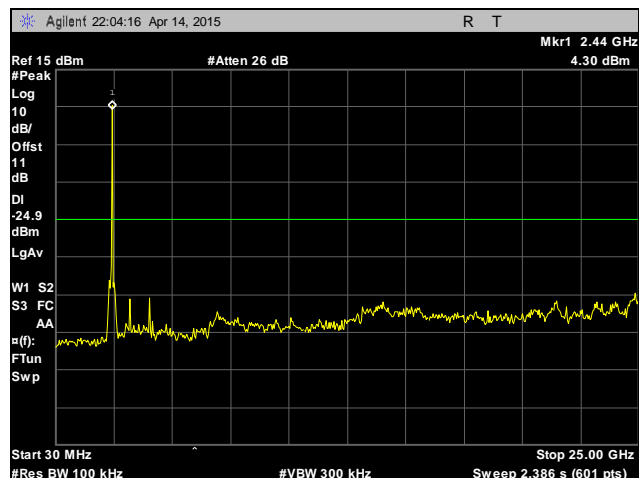
Figure 3. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup



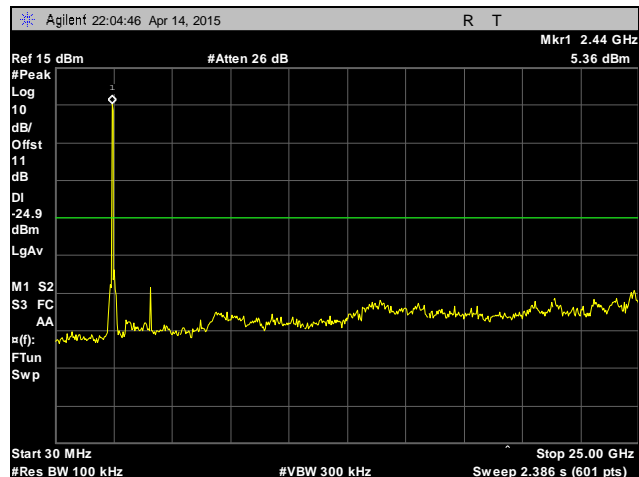
Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results



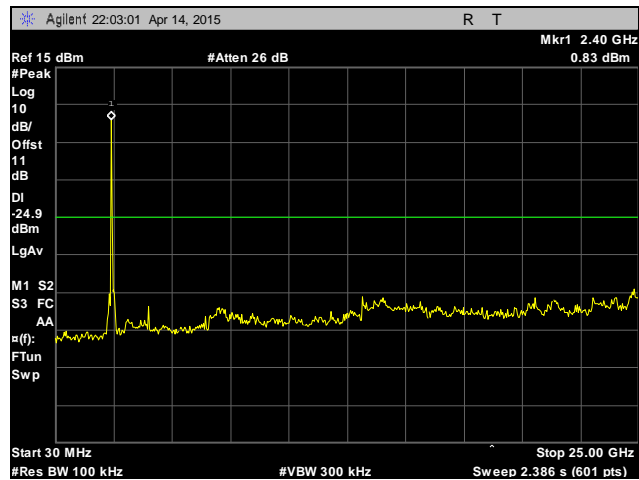
Plot 65. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz – 25 GHz



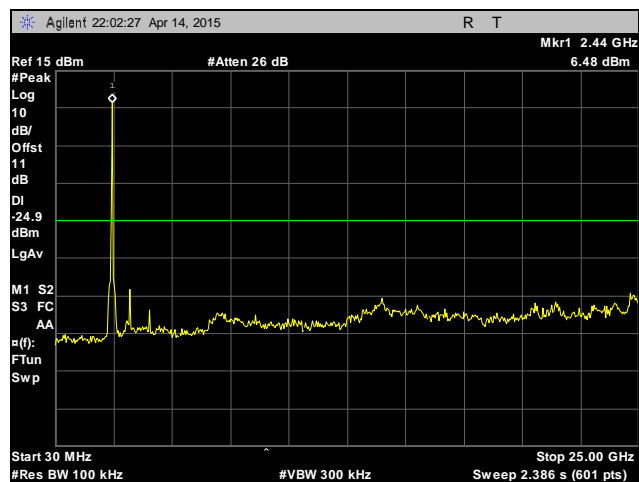
Plot 66. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz – 25 GHz



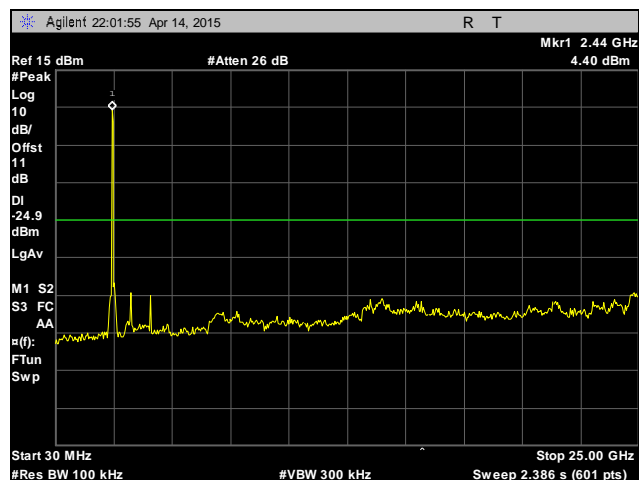
Plot 67. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11b, 30 MHz – 25 GHz



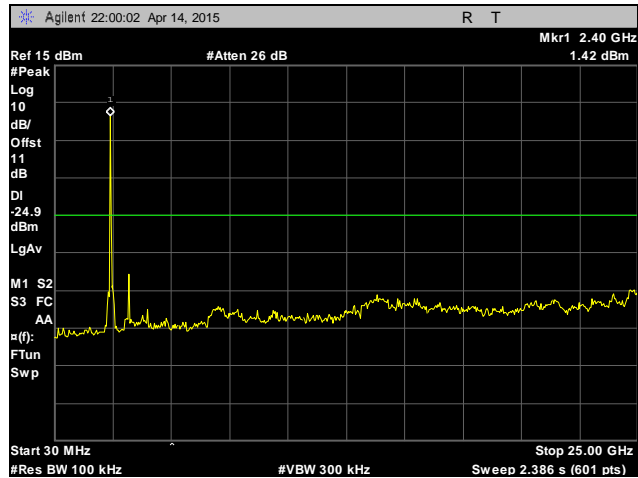
Plot 68. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 25 GHz



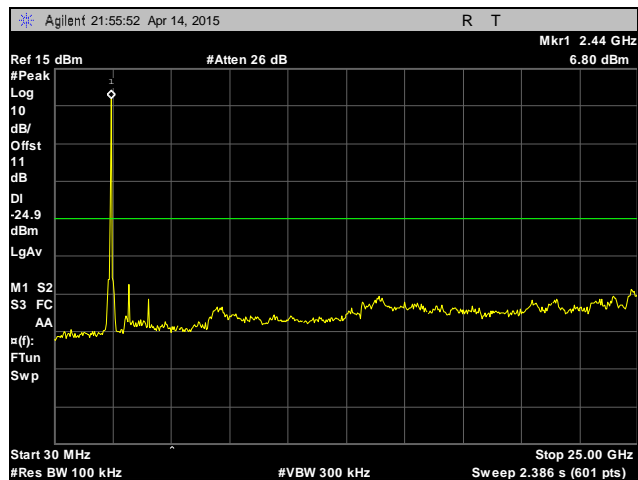
Plot 69. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 25 GHz



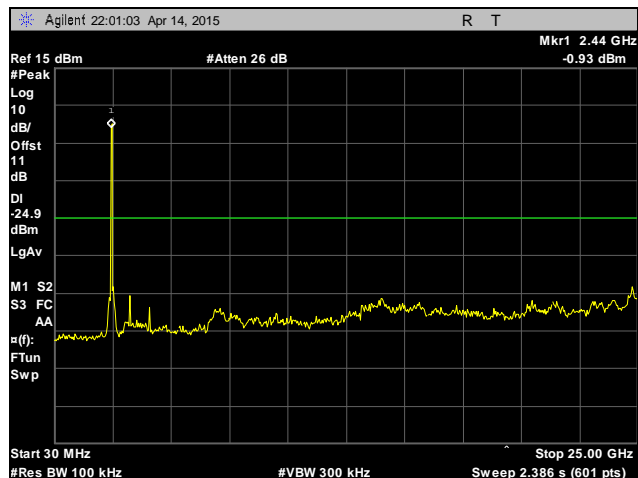
Plot 70. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11g, 30 MHz – 25 GHz



Plot 71. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 802.11n, 30 MHz – 25 GHz



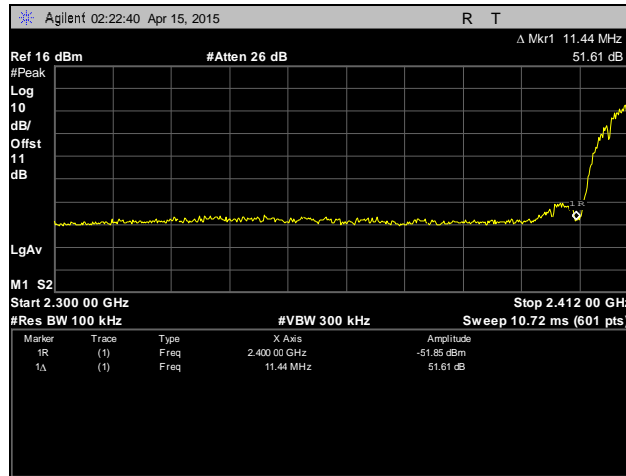
Plot 72. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 802.11n, 30 MHz – 25 GHz



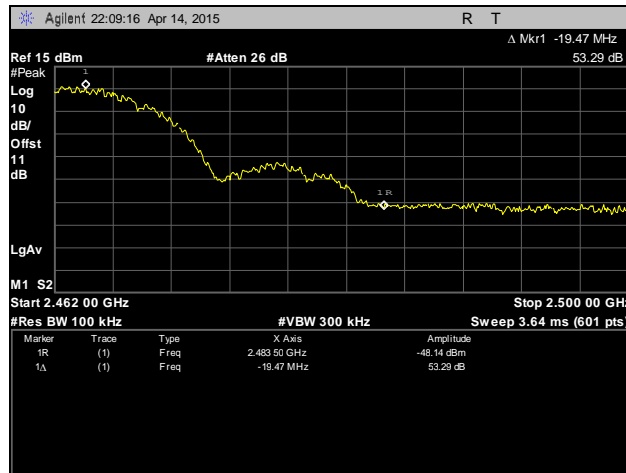
Plot 73. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 802.11n, 30 MHz – 25 GHz



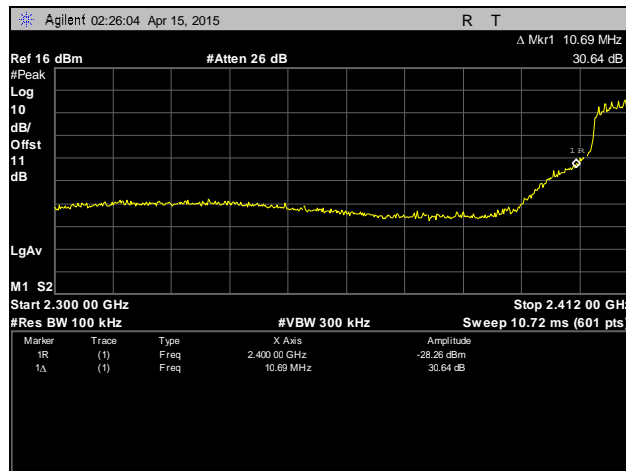
Conducted Band Edge Test Results



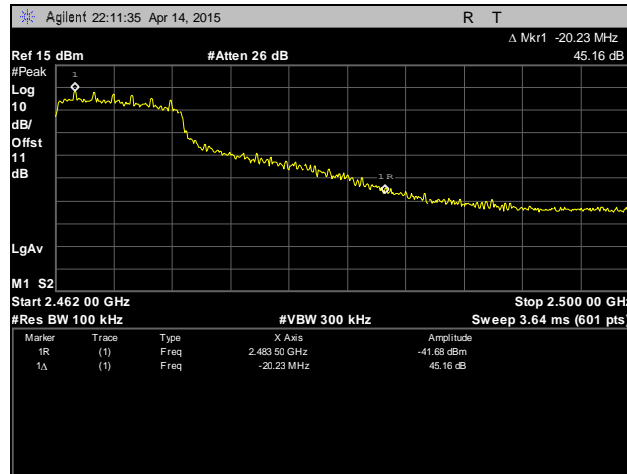
Plot 74. Conducted Band Edge, Low, Channel, 802.11b



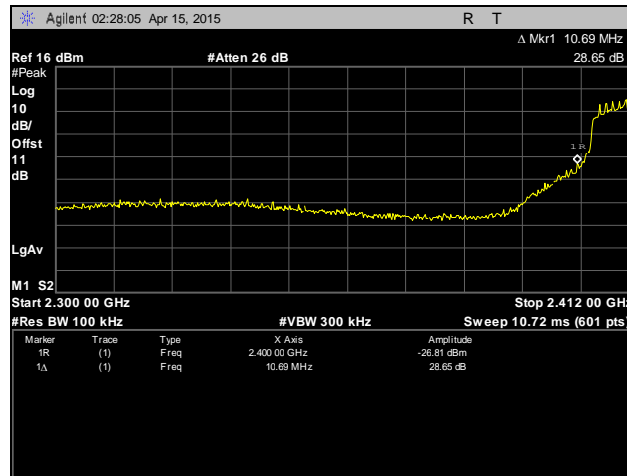
Plot 75. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11b



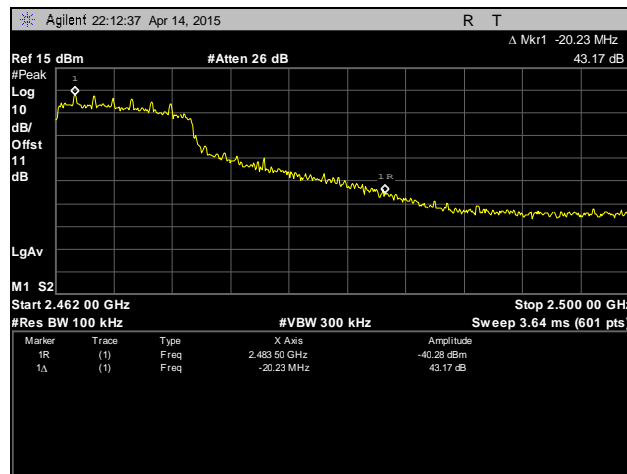
Plot 76. Conducted Band Edge, Low, Channel, 802.11g



Plot 77. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11g



Plot 78. Conducted Band Edge, Low, Channel, 802.11n



Plot 79. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11n

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level. The RBW was set to 3 kHz and a VBW set to 9 kHz or greater. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e).
The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer: Djed Mouada

Test Date: 04/14/15

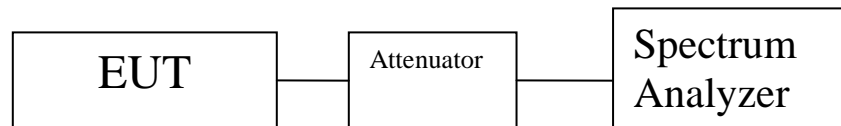
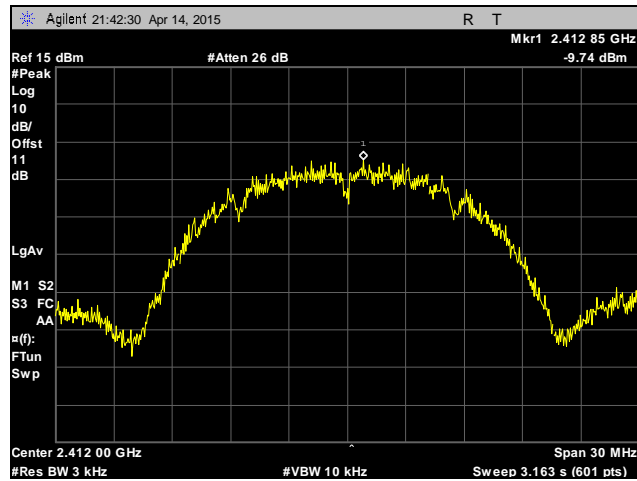


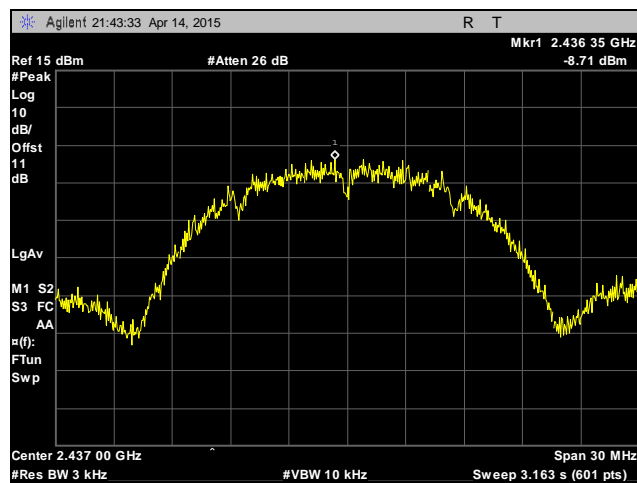
Figure 4. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup



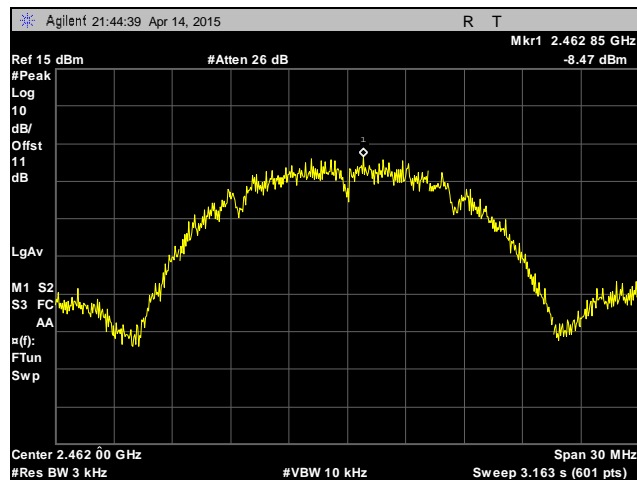
Peak Power Spectral Density



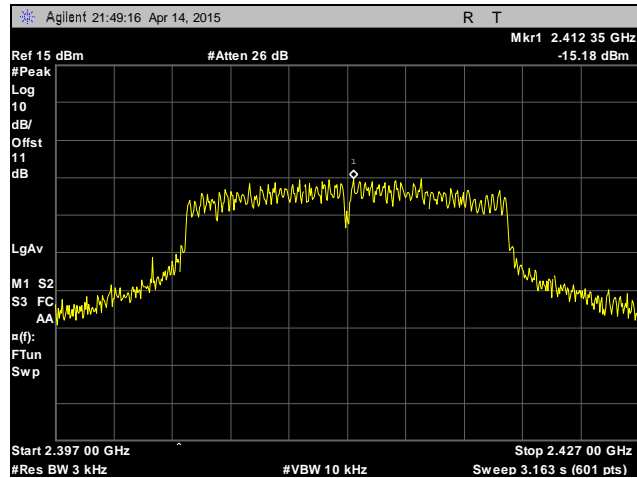
Plot 80. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11b



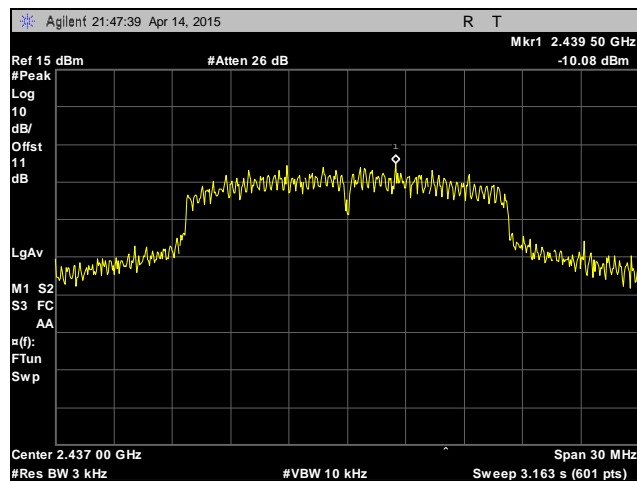
Plot 81. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11b



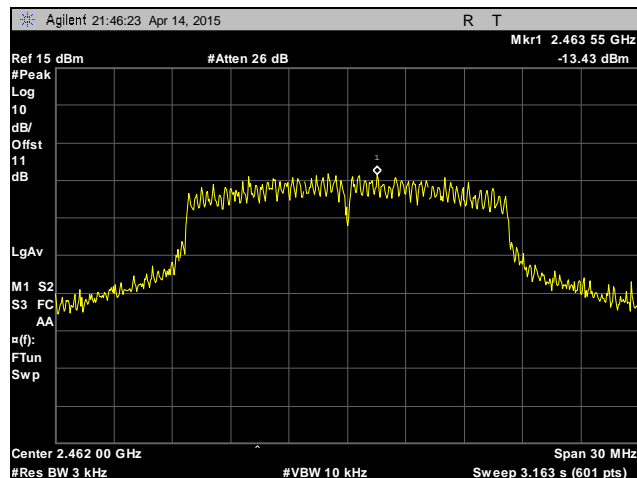
Plot 82. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11b



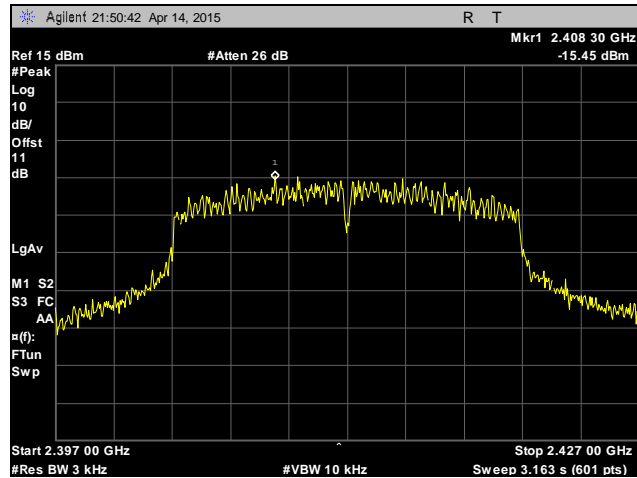
Plot 83. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11g



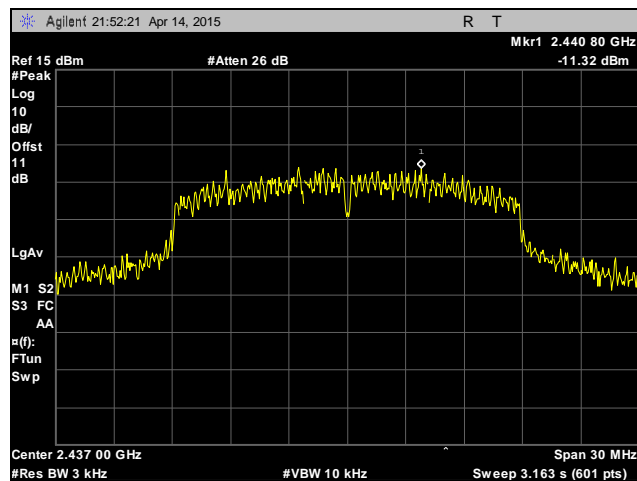
Plot 84. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11g



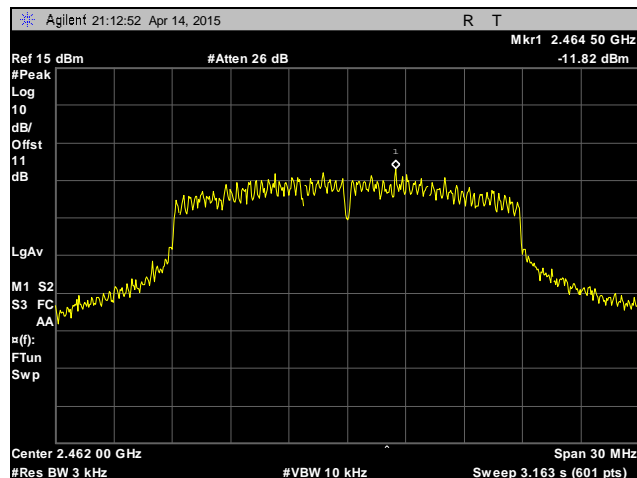
Plot 85. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11g



Plot 86. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, 802.11n



Plot 87. Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel, 802.11n



Plot 88. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, 802.11n



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 2400-2483.5 MHz; highest conducted power = 61.51 mW (i.e. 17.89 dBm) (peak) therefore, Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²

EUT maximum antenna gain = 3.3 dBi.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG / 4\pi R^2$$

where, S = Power Density (1 mW/cm²)

P = Power Input to antenna (61.51 mW)

G = Antenna Gain (2.13 numeric)

R = Distance to the center of Radiation of the antenna

P = 61.51 mW

R = 20 cm

G = 2.13

$$S = 61.51 * 2.13 / 4(3.1416)(20)^2$$

$$S = 0.026 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

Therefore, EUT meets the Uncontrolled Exposure limit at 20cm



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	10/29/2014	10/29/2016
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	7/29/2014	1/29/2016
1T4771	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	11/25/2014	11/25/2015
1T4745	ANTENNA, HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3116	11/14/2013	5/14/2015
1T4612	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4407B	7/25/2014	7/25/2015
1T4483	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	2/28/2014	8/28/2015
1T2665	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	4/3/2014	10/3/2015
1T4565	LISN (24 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS	9252-50-R-24-BNC	6/26/2014	12/26/2015

Table 17. Test Equipment List



V. Certification & User's Manual Information

Certification & User's Manual Information

A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) *The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.*
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
- (i) *Compliance testing*;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.*
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.

Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) *If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.*
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

Certification & User's Manual Information

1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) *In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:*

- (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

- (2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

- (3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

- (a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

- (b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



End of Report