

	Panasonic Corpo	ration of North America	
FCC ID:	ACJ-V2CA		
KDB 996369 D01 and	l Part 15.212 Modu	lar Transmitters	
Request for Modular	pproval		
Items to be covered by ${f S}$	ingle modular tra	nsmitters.	Answer from applicant
1. The modular transmitter must have its own RF shielding.			YES Please refer to External Photos.
2. The modular transmitter must have buffered modulation/data inputs (if such inputs are provided) to ensure that the module will comply with Part 15 requirements under conditions of excessive data rates or over-modulation.			YES RTL8720CM is used for the function.
3. The modular transmi	tter must have its own	power supply regulation.	YES The modular has its own power supply regulation.
15.203 and 15.204	(b)(c). The antenna r antenna coupler (at all	ith the antenna requirements of Section nust either be permanently attached or connections between the module and the	YES, it is Printed antenna.
The modular transmitter must be tested in a stand-alone configuration, i.e., the module must not be inside another device during testing. This is intended to demonstrate that the module is capable of complying with Part 15 emission limits regardless of the device into which it is eventually installed.			Yes, The module is tested in a stand-alone configuration as the test photos show.
The modular transmitter must be equipped with either a permanently affixed label or must be capable of electronically displaying its FCC identification number in accordance with 15.212 (a)(1)(vi)(A) / (B).			YES, Please refer to the exhibition label sample for this module.
requirements applie adequate instruction copy of these inst authorization. For requirements that m Section 15.231. Fo under Section 15.2.2	cable to the transmitt as along with the mode ructions must be incl example, there are ust be met before a transmission r instance, data transmission (e), in which case the	ly with any specific rule or operating er and the manufacturer must provide ule to explain any such requirements. A luded in the application for equipment e very strict operational and timing insmitter is authorized for operation under tission is prohibited, except for operation here are separate field strength level and ese requirements must be assured.	YES, Please refer to the user manual.
requirements. For specific Sections of 15.255(g), require t perform routine en compliance. In add 15.247 are required approved under oth address certain RF	example, FCC Rules i f Part 15, including 15 that Unlicensed PCS, I vironmental evaluation lition, spread spectrum I to address RF Exposu- ter Sections of Part 15 Exposure concerns, ty	with any applicable RF exposure n Sections 1.1310, 2.1091, 2.1093, and .319(i), 15.407(f), 15.253(f) and UNII and millimeter wave devices n for RF Exposure to demonstrate n transmitters operating under Section ure compliance. Modular transmitters , when necessary, may also need to pically by providing specific users, installers and other interested	YES, RF exposure statement is attached in the user manual.



Iter	ns to be covered by Split modular transmitters.	
1.	The modular transmitter must comply with all requirements of a single modular transmitter except for items (1) & (5) of the above single modular approval requirements.	
2.	Only the radio front end must be shielded. The physical crystal and tuning capacitors may be located external to the shielded radio elements. The interface between the split sections of the modular system must be digital with a minimum signalling amplitude of 150 mV peak-to-peak.	
3.	Control information and other data may be exchanged between the transmitter control elements and radio front end.	
4.	The sections of a split modular transmitter must be tested installed in a host device(s) similar to that which is representative of the platform(s) intended for use.	
5.	Manufacturers must ensure that only transmitter control elements and radio front end components that have been approved together are capable of operating together. The transmitter module must not operate unless it has verified that the installed transmitter control elements and radio front end have been authorized together. Manufacturers may use means including, but not limited to, coding in hardware and electronic signatures in software to meet these requirements, and must describe the methods in their application for equipment authorization.	

Sincerely,

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Ben Botros Manager – Regulatory & Compliance Panasonic Corporation of North America