

PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc.

6660-B Dobbin Road • Columbia, MD 21045 • U.S.A.
TEL (410) 290-6652 • FAX (410) 290-6654
www.pctestlab.com



CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE FCC Part 22 Certification

NOKIA Mobile Phones, Inc. 12278 Scripps Summit Drive San Diego, California 92131

Attn: Dan Laramie, Senior EMC Engineer

Dates of Tests: November 6-14, 2000 Test Report S/N: 22.201106551.GML Test Site:PCTEST Lab, Columbia MD USA

FCC ID GMLNSD-3GW

APPLICANT NOKIA MOBILE PHONES INC.

Classification: Licensed Non-Broadcast Transmitter held to ear (TNE)

FCC Rule Part(s): §22(H), §22.901(d), §2

EUT Type: Dual-Mode Cellular Phone (AMPS/CDMA)

Trade Name/Model(s): NOKIA 6180i

Tx Frequency Range: 824.04 ~ 848.97MHz (AMPS) / 824.70 ~ 848.31 MHz (CDMA)

Rx Frequency Range: 869.04 ~ 893.97MHz (AMPS) / 869.70 ~ 893.31 MHz (CDMA)

Max. RF Output Power: 0.6 W ERP AMPS (27.82 dBm) / 0.369W ERP CDMA (25.67 dBm)

Frequency Tolerance: 0.00025% (2.5 ppm)

Emission Designators: 40K0F8W, 40K0F1D, 1M25F9W

This equipment has been shown to be in compliant with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in §2.947.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.

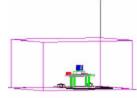
201016511. GML

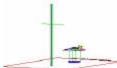
Randy Ortanez President & Chief Engineer

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ATTACHMENT A: COVER LETTER(S)	
ATTACHMENT B: ATTESTATION STATEMENT(S)	
ATTACHMENT C: TEST REPORT	
1.1 SCOPE	1
2.1 INTRODUCTION	2
3.1 INSTERTS PER §2.1033(d)	3
4.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS	4-6
5.1 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER OUTPUT	7-8
6.1 RADIATED MEASUREMENTS	9-14
7.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY	15-16
8.1 PLOTS OF EMISSIONS	17
9.1 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT	18
10.1 SAMPLE CALCULATIONS	19
11.1 CONCLUSION	20
ATTACHMENT D: TEST PLOTS	
ATTACHMENT E: FCC ID LABEL & LOCATION	
ATTACHMENT F: TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS	
ATTACHMENT G: EXTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS	
ATTACHMENT H: INTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS	
ATTACHMENT I: BLCK DIAGRAM(S)	
ATTACHMENT J: CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS	
ATTACHMENT K: PARTS LIST/TUNE UP PROCEDURE	
ATTACHMENT L: OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION	
ATTACHMENT M: USER'S MANUAL	
ATTACHMENT N: SAR MEASUREMENT REPORT	
ATTACHMENT O: SAR TEST DATA	
ATTACHMENT P. SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS	

MEASUREMENT REPORT





1.1 Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EME) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission.

General Information

Applicant: NOKIA MOBILE PHONES, INC.

Address: 12278 Scripps Summit Drive San Diego, California 92131

Attention: Dan Laramie, Senior EMC Engineer

FCC ID: GMLNSD-3GW

Trade Name(s): NOKIA
 Model(s): 6180i

Emission Designator: 40K0F8W, 40K0F1D, 1M25F9W

Tx Freq. Range: 824.04 – 848.97 MHz (AMPS) / 824.70 ~ 848.31 (CDMA)
 Rx Freq. Range: 869.04 – 893.97 MHz (AMPS) / 869.70 ~ 893.31 (CDMA)

• Equipment Class: Non-Broadcast Transmitter Held to Ear (TNE)

• Equipment Type: Dual-Mode Cellular Phone

Modulation(s):
 AMPS / CDMA

• Frequency Tolerance: ± 0.00025% (2.5 ppm)

Max. RF Output Power: 0.6W ERP AMPS (27.82 dBm) / 0.369W ERP CDMA (25.67 dBm)

FCC Rule Part(s): §22(H), §22.901(d), §2

Battery Pack: 3.6 VDC Li-lon

Dates of Tests: November 6-14, 2000

Place of Tests:
 PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD U.S.A.



2.1 INTRODUCTION

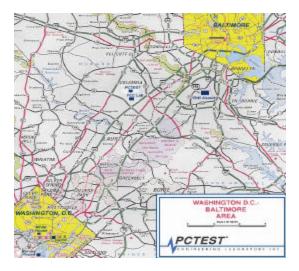


Figure 1. Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area.

These measurement tests were conducted at **PCTEST Engineering Laboratory**, **Inc.** facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49'38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles North of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on October 19, 1992.

Measurement Procedure

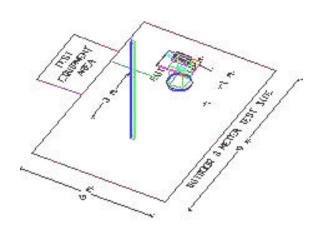


Figure 2. 3-meter Outdoor Test Site

The radiated and spurious measurements were made outdoors at a 3-meter test range (see Figure2). The equipment under testing was placed on a wooden turntable, 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotations was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This level was recorded.

For readings above 1 GHZ, the above procedure would be repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

3.1 DESCRIPTION OF INSERTS

Function of Active Devices (Confidential)

The Function of active devices are shown in Attachment L.

Block/Circuit Diagrams (Confidential)

The circuit diagrams are shown in Attachment J, and the block diagrams are shown in Attachment I.

Operating Instructions

The instruction manual is shown in Attachment M.

Parts List & Tune-Up Procedure

The parts list & tune-up procedure are shown in Attachment K.

Description of Freq. Stabilization Circuit (Confidential)

The description of frequency stabilization circuit is shown in Attachment L.

<u>Description for Suppression of Spurious Radiation, for Limiting Modulation, and Harmonic Suppression Circuits (Confidential)</u>

The description of suppression stabilization circuits are shown in Attachment L.

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

4.2 Transmitter Audio Frequency Response

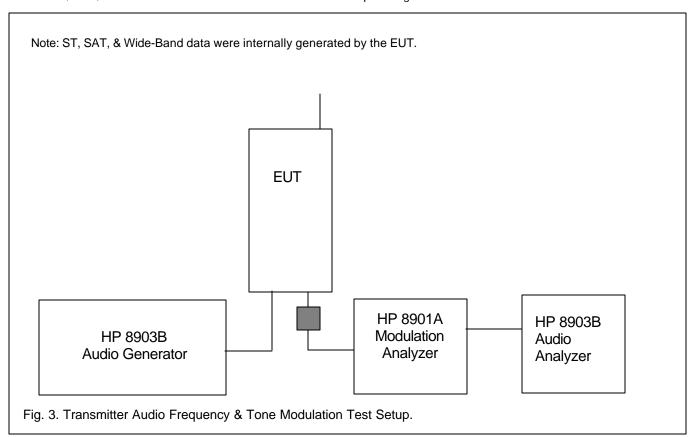
The frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over the frequency range 100 – 5000 Hz is measured. The audio signal generator is connected to the audio input circuit/microphone of the EUT. The audio signal input is adjusted to obtain 50% modulation at 1kHz and this point is taken as the 0dB reference. With the input held constant and below the limit at all frequencies, the audio signal generator is varied from 100 to 50 kHz.

4.3 Audio Low Pass Filter Frequency Response

The response in dB relative to 1kHz is measured using the HP8901 a Modulation Analyzer. For the frequency response of the audio low-pass filter, the audio input is connected at the input to the modulation limiter and the modulated stage. The audio output is connected at the output of the modulated stage. The corresponding plots are shown herein.

4.4 Modulation Limiting

The audio signal generator is connected to the audio input circuit/microphone of the EUT. The modulation response is measured for each of the three modulating frequencies (300Hz, 1000 Hz, and 3000Hz), and the input voltage is varied from 30% modulation (±3.6kHz deviation) to at least 20dB higher than the saturation point. Measurements of modulation and the plots are attached herein. Measurements were performed for ST, SAT, and wide-band data modulations. The corresponding results are shown herein.



4.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS (CONTINUED)

4.5 Occupied Bandwidth

The audio signal generator is adjusted to 1kHz. The output level is set to +/- 6kHz deviation. With the level constant, the freq. Is set to 2,500Hz. Then the audio signal level is increased by 16dB. The occupied bandwidth data is obtained for the SAT (Supervisory Audio Tone), ST (Signaling Tone), WBD (Wideband Data), and DTMF (Dual Tone Multi Frequencies). The results are shown on the attached graphs.

Specified Limits:

- (a) On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 20kHz, up to and including 45kHz, the sideband is at least 26dB below the carrier.
- (b) On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 45kHz, up to and including 90kHz, the sideband is at least 45dB below the carrier.
- (c) On any frequency removed from the assigned carrier frequency by more than 90kHz, up to the first multiple of the carrier frequency, the sideband is at least 60dB below the carrier of 40 + log₁₀ (mean power output in Watts) dB, whichever is the smaller attenuation.

4.6 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to 10 GHz. The transmitter is modulated with a 2500Hz tone at a level of 16dB greater than that required to provided 50% modulation.

At the input terminals of the spectrum analyzer, an isolator (RF circulator with on port terminated with 50 ohms) and an 870 MHz to 890 MHz bandpass filter is connected between the test transceiver (for conducted tests) or the receive antenna (for radiated tests) and the analyzer. The rejection of the bandpass filter to signals in the 825 – 845 MHz range is adequate to limit the transmit energy from the test transceiver which appears to a level which will allow the analyzer to measure signals less than –90dBm. Calibration of the test receiver is performed in the 870 – 890 MHz range to insure accuracy to allow variation in the bandpass filter insertion loss to be calibrated.

4.7 Radiation Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Radiation and harmonic emissions above 1 GHz is measured at out 3-meter outdoor site. The EUT is placed on the turntable using the intended power source. A receiving antenna located 3 meters from the turntable receives any signal radiated from the transmitter and its operating accessories. The antenna is varied from 1 to 4 meters and the polarization is varied (horizontal and vertical) to determine the worst-case emission level. To obtain actual radiated signal strength, a signal generator is adjusted in output until a reading identical to that obtained with the actual transmitter is obtained at the receiver. Signal strength is read directly from the generator and recorded on the attached table.

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS (CONTINUED)

4.8 Frequency Stability/Temperature Variation

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature:** The temperature is varied from -30°C to +60°C using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the voltage normally at the input to the device or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally supplied.

Specification – The minimum frequency stability shall be +/- 0.00025% at any time during normal operation.

Time Period and Procedure:

- 1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature (25°C to 27°C to provide a reference).
- 2. The equipment is subjected to an overnight "soak" at -30°C without any power applied.
- 3. After the overnight "soak" at 30°C (usually 14-16 hours), the equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is made within a three minute interval after applying power to the transmitter.
- 4. Frequency measurements is made at 10°C interval up to room temperature. At least a period of one and one half hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.
- 5. Again the transmitter carrier frequency and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature to begin measurement of the upper temperature levels.
- 6. Frequency were made at 10 intervals starting at 30°C up to +50°C allowing at least two hours at each temperature for stabilization. In all measurements the frequency is measured within three minutes after applying power to the transmitter.
- 7. The artificial load is mounted external to the temperature chamber.

NOTE: The EUT is tested down to the battery endpoint.

4.1 Test Data

4.2 § 22.913 Effective Radiated Power Output

A POWER: Low (Analog Mode)

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H / V)	ERP	ERP (dBm)
8 2 4 . 0 4	- 3 3 . 9 6 8	Н	0.00539	7 . 3 0 5
8 3 6 . 4 9	- 3 3 . 6 2 8	Н	0.00604	7.801
848.97	- 3 4 . 0 2 8	Н	0.00571	7.557

A POWER: High (Analog Mode)

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)	BATTERY
8 2 4 . 0 4	-13.918	Н	0.54391	27.355	Standard
836.49	- 1 3 . 6 2 8	Н	0.60268	27.801	Standard
8 4 8 . 9 7	- 1 4 . 0 2 8	Н	0.56976	27.557	Standard

NOTES:

ERP Measurements by Substitution Method:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This ERP level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

Test Report S/N: 22.201106551.GML Dates of Tests: November 6-14, 2000

4.1 Test Data (Continued)

4.3 § 22.913 Effective Radiated Power Output

A POWER: High (CDMA Mode)

Freq. Tuned	LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)	BATTERY
8 2 4 . 7 0	- 15.630	Н	0.36741	25.652	Standard
8 3 6 . 4 9	- 1 5 . 7 6 3	Н	0.36863	25.666	Standard
8 4 8 . 3 1	-16.018	Н	0.35964	25.559	Standard

NOTES:

ERP Measurements by Substitution Method:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This ERP level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

5.1 Test Data

5.2 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 824.70 MHz

CHANNEL: 1013 (Low)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.666 dBm = 0.369 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT: 43 + 10 log₁₀ (W) = 38.67 dE

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S (μV/m)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1649.40	- 91.3	34.6	Н	3 2 7 . 3	- 47.08	72.74
2474.10	- 1 0 4 . 5	38.8	Н	116.1	-56.08	81.74
3298.80	- 1 1 3 . 7	42.6	Н	62.4	-61.48	87.14
4123.50	-116.9	46.2	Н	65.3	-61.08	86.74
4948.20	- 1 1 8 . 1	48.0	Н	70.0	-60.48	86.14

NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log }_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^3))$

ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log}_{10} [(3 \text{ x FS/1 x } 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \text{ x } 1000]$

5.3 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 836.49 MHz

CHANNEL: 383 (middle)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.666 dBm = 0.369 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT: 43 + 10 log₁₀ (W) _____38.67____ dBo

FREQ.	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S (μV/m)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1672.98	- 91.9	3 4 . 8	Н	3 1 2 . 6	- 47.48	73.14
2509.47	- 1 0 3 . 4	39.0	Н	134.9	- 5 4 . 7 8	80.44
3345.96	-114.3	42.8	Н	59.6	- 61.88	87.54
4182.45	-116.0	46.2	Н	72.4	-60.18	85.84
5018.94	-117.2	48.5	Н	82.2	- 5 9 . 0 8	84.74

NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log }_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^{6})^{2} / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$

ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log }_{10} [(3 \text{ x FS/1 x } 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \text{ x } 1000]$

5.4 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (CDMA)

 OPERATING FREQUENCY:
 848.31
 MHz

 CHANNEL:
 777 (high)

 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER:
 25.666 dBm = 0.369
 W

 MODULATION SIGNAL:
 CDMA (Internal)
 meters

 LIMIT:
 43 + 10 log₁₀ (W)
 38.67
 dBc

FREQ.	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S (μV/m)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1696.62	- 93.7	34.9	Н	257.0	- 49.18	74.84
2544.93	- 1 0 2 . 5	39.3	Н	154.9	-53.58	79.24
3 3 9 3 . 2 4	-112.6	42.9	Н	73.3	-60.08	85.74
4241.55	-116.2	46.1	н	70.0	-60.48	86.14
5089.86	-118.0	48.4	Н	74.1	-59.98	85.64

NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.91 / (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:
 - ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log }_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$ ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log }_{10} [(3 \times FS/1 \times 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \times 1000]$
 - ERP (Watts) = ${(3 \times FS)/1 \times 10^6}^2 / 49.2$

5.5 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (Analog)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 824.04 MHz

CHANNEL: 991 (Low)

MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 27.801 dBm = 0.604 W

MODULATION SIGNAL: ST (Signalling Tone)

DISTANCE: 3 meters

LIMIT: 43 + 10 log 10 (W) 40.81 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S (μV/m)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1648.08	-86.0	3 4 . 5	Н	595.7	- 41.88	69.68
2472.12	- 9 6 . 1	38.8	Н	305.5	- 47.68	75.48
3296.16	- 1 0 7 . 7	42.5	Н	123.0	- 5 5 . 5 8	83.38
4120.20	-116.2	46.1	Н	70.0	-60.48	88.28
4944.24	-126.1	48.0	Н	27.9	- 68.48	96.28
5768.28	- 1 2 8 . 4	50.1	Н	27.4	-68.64	96.44

NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- 5. The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) = 10 Log₁₀ ((($r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6$)² / 49.2/1 x 10⁻³) ERP (dBm) = 10 Log₁₀ [(3 x FS/1 x 10⁶)² / (49.2) x 1000]

5.6 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (Analog)

 OPERATING FREQUENCY:
 836.49
 MHz

 CHANNEL:
 383 (Middle)

 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER:
 27.801 dBm = 0.604
 W

 MODULATION SIGNAL:
 ST (Signalling Tone)

 DISTANCE:
 3 meters

 LIMIT:
 43 + 10 log 10 (W) 40.81
 dE

FREQ.	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S (μV/m)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1672.98	- 8 9 . 2	3 4 . 5	Н	4 1 2 . 1	- 45.08	72.88
2509.47	- 93.9	39.0	Н	402.7	- 4 5 . 2 8	73.08
3345.96	- 1 0 4 . 8	42.7	Н	175.8	- 5 2 . 4 8	80.28
4182.45	-112.7	46.2	Н	105.9	-56.88	84.68
5018.94	- 1 2 0 . 0	48.5	Н	59.6	- 61.88	89.68
5855.43	- 1 2 7 . 1	50.2	Н	32.0	-67.28	95.08

NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log}_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^{-3}))$ ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log}_{10} [(3 \times FS/1 \times 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \times 1000]$

5.7 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation (Analog)

 OPERATING FREQUENCY:
 848.97
 MHZ

 CHANNEL:
 799 (High)

 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER:
 27.801 dBm = 0.604
 W

 MODULATION SIGNAL:
 ST (Signalling Tone)

 DISTANCE:
 3 meters

 LIMIT:
 43 + 10 log₁₀ (W) 40.81
 dE

FREQ.	LEVEL (dBm)	AFCL (dB)	POL (H/V)	F/S (μV/m)	ERP (dBm)	(dBc)
1697.94	- 8 9 . 7	34.9	Н	407.4	- 4 5 . 1 8	72.98
2546.91	- 9 5 . 3	39.2	Н	350.8	-46.48	74.28
3395.88	-105.8	42.9	Н	160.3	- 5 3 . 2 8	81.08
4244.85	-115.2	46.1	Н	78.5	- 5 9 . 4 8	87.28
5093.82	-123.7	48.4	Н	38.5	-65.68	93.48
5942.79	- 1 2 8 . 6	50.2	Н	26.9	-68.78	96.58

NOTES:

- 1. The bandwidth is set per §22.917 (RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz).
- 2. The spectrum was checked from 25 MHz up to the 10th harmonic.
- 3. All emissions not listed were found to be more than 20dB below the limit.
- 4. < -130dBm is below the floor of the spectrum analyzer.
- The EUT is manipulated through 3 orthogonal axis and the worst-case are reported.
- 6. The EUT is placed 3m. away from the receiving antenna and the ERP is calculated using the formula:

ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log }_{10} (((r(mV/m)/1 \times 10^6)^2 / 49.2/1 \times 10^3))$ ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log }_{10} [(3 \times FS/1 \times 10^6)^2 / (49.2) \times 1000]$

7.1 Test Data

7.2 § 2.995 FREQUENCY STABILITY

 OPERATING FREQUENCY:
 836,490,000
 Hz

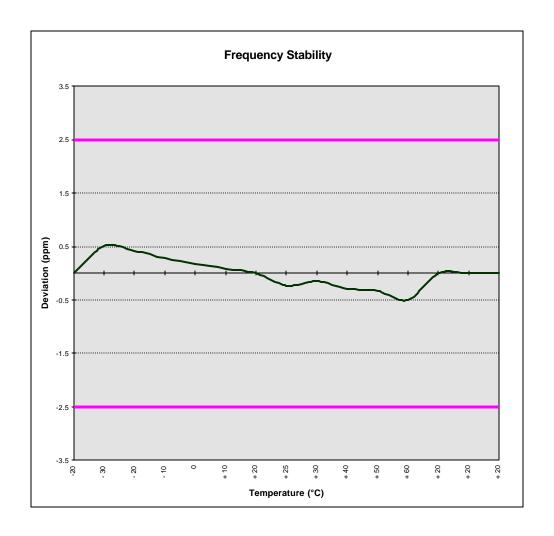
 CHANNEL:
 383

 REFERENCE VOLTAGE:
 3.6
 VDC

 DEVIATION LIMIT:
 ± 0.00025 % or 2.5 ppm

VOLTAGE	POWER	TEMP	FREQ.	Deviation
(%)	(VDC)	(°C)	(Hz)	(%)
100 %	3.60	+ 20 (Ref)	836,490,000	0.00000
100 %		- 30	836,489,573	0.000051
100 %		- 20	836,489,649	0.000042
100 %		- 10	836,489,766	0.000028
100 %		0	836,489,858	0.000017
100 %		+ 10	836,489,925	0.00009
100 %		+ 20	836,490,000	0.00000
100 %		+ 25	836,490,192	-0.000023
100 %		+ 30	836,490,125	-0.000015
100 %		+ 40	836,490,243	-0.000029
100 %		+ 50	836,490,276	-0.000033
100 %		+ 60	836,490,418	-0.000050
85 %	3.06	+ 20	836,490,000	0.00000
115 %	4 . 1 4	+ 20	836,490,000	0.00000
BATT. ENDPOINT	4.98	+ 20	836,490,000	0.00000

7.3 § 2.995 FREQUENCY STABILITY



7.1 PLOT(S) OF EMISSIONS

SEE ATTACHMENT B

8.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

8.2 Type	Model	Cal. Due D	ate S/N
Microwave Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8566B (100Hz-22GHz)	12/05/00	3638A08713Microwave
Spectrum Analyzer HP 856	6B (100Hz-22GHz) 04/17/01	2542A118	² 98
Spectrum Analyzer/Tracking Gen.	HP 8591A (9kHz-1.8GHz)	06/02/01	3144A02458
Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8591A (9kHz-1.8GHz)	10/15/01	3108A02053
Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8594A (9kHz-2.9GHz)	11/02/01	3051A00187
	OB (500Hz-1GHz)	06/02/01	2232A19558
	OB (500Hz-1GHz)	06/02/01	1851A09816
•	Schwarz (0.1-1000MHz)	09/11/01	894215/012
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 37/57A-SL (30-1000MHz	04/12/01	0792-03271
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 37/57A (30-1000MHz)	03/11/01	0805-03334
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 17/27A (O.1-32MHz)	09/17/01	0608-03241
Quasi-Peak Adapter	HP 85650A	08/09/01	
Ailtech/Eaton Adapter	CCA-7 CISPR/ANSI QP Adapte		0194-04082
RG58 Coax Test Cable	No.167		n/a
Harmonic/Flicker Test System	HP 6841A (IEC 555-2/3)		3531A00115
Broadband Amplifier (2)	HP 8447D		1145A00470,1937A033
Broadband Amplifier	HP 8447F		2443A03784
Transient Limiter	HP 11947A (9kHz-200MHz)		2820A00300
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3115 (1-18GHz)		9704-5182
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3115 (1-18GHz)		9205-3874
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3116 (18-40GHz)		9203-2178
Biconical Antenna (4)	Eaton 94455/Eaton 94455-1/S	Singer 94455-1/Complia	
Log-Spiral Antenna (3)	Ailtech/Eaton 93490-1	go.	0608, 1103, 1104
Roberts Dipoles	Compliance Design (1 set) A100		5118
Ailtech Dipoles	DM-105A (1 set)		33448-111
EMCOLISN (2)	3816/2		1077, 1079
EMCO LISN	3725/2		2009
Microwave Preamplifier 40dB Gain	HP 83017A (0.5-26.5GHz)		3123A00181
•	ax (1.0-26.5GHz)		0.20.100.0.
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM37/57A-SL		0792-03271
Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8591A		3034A01395
Modulation Analyzer	HP 8901A		2432A03467
NTSC Pattern Generator	Leader 408		0377433
Noise Figure Meter	HP 8970B		3106A02189
Noise Figure Meter	Ailtech 7510		TE31700
Noise Generator	Ailtech 7010		1473
Microwave Survey Meter	Holaday Model 1501 (2.450GH.	7)	80931
Digital Thermometer	Extech Instruments 421305	7	426966
Attenuator	HP 8495A (0-70dB) DC-4GHz		120,000
Bi-Directional Coax Coupler	Narda 3020A (50-1000MHz)		
Shielded Screen Room	RF Lindgren Model 26-2/2-0		6710 (PCT270)
Shielded Semi-Anechoic Chamber	Ray Proof Model S81		R2437 (PCT278)
Environmental Chamber	Associated Systems Model 102		

^{*} Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

9.1 SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

A. ERP Calculation

Level
$$\mu$$
/Vm @ 3 meters = Log $_{10}^{-1}$ (dBm + 107 + AFCL)

$$Log_{10}^{-1} \left(-\frac{14 + 107 + 31.7}{20} \right)$$

1717908.4 μ/Vm @ 3 meters

Sample Calculation (relative to a dipole)

ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log}_{10}(((r(\mu V/m)1x10^6)^2/49.2/1x10^{-3}))$

ERP (dBm) = $10 \text{ Log}_{10}(((3(1717908.4)1x10^6)^2/49.2/1x10^{-3}))$

ERP (dBm) = 28.95

B. Emission Designator

CDMA Sample

2M + 2DK

CDMA BW = 1.25 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Info

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

Emission Designator = 1M25F9W

10.1 CONCLUSION

The data collected shows that the **NOKIA Dual-Mode Cellular Phone FCC ID: GMLNSD-3GW** complies with all the requirements of Parts 2 and 22 of the FCC rules.