## **MPE Calculations**

Systems operating under the provision of 47 CFR 1.1307(b)(1) shall be operated in a manor that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the FCC guidelines.

The EUT will only be used with a separation of 20 centimeters or greater between the antenna and the body of the user or nearby persons and can therefore be considered a mobile transmitter per 47 CFR 2.1091(b). The MPE calculation for this exposure is shown below.

## Using the Wanshih Antennas @ 2.4 GHz Range with highest output power:

The peak radiated output power (EIRP) is calculated as follows:

EIRP = P + G

EIRP = 16.50dBm + 2.15 dBi

EIRP = 18.65 dBm (73.28 mW)

Where

P = Power input to the antenna (mW).

G = Power gain of the antenna (dBi)

Power density at the specific separation:

 $S = PG/(4R^2\pi)$ 

 $S = (44.67x \ 1.64) / (4 x \ 20^2 x \pi)$ 

 $S = 0.015 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

Where

S = Maximum power density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

P = Power input to the antenna (mW).

G = Numeric power gain of the antenna

R = Distance to the center of the radiation of the antenna (20cm = limit for MPE)

The maximum permissible exposure (MPE) for the general population is 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

The power density at 20cm does not exceed the 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup> limit. Therefore, the exposure condition is compliant with FCC rules.

The numeric gain (G) of the antenna with a gain specified in dB is determined by:

 $G = Log^{-1} (dB \text{ antenna gain}/10)$ 

 $G = Log^{-1} (2.15 dBi/10)$ 

G = 1.64