HYUNDAI CALIBRATION & CERTIFICATION TECH. CO., LTD.



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HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATE

PANTECH&CURITEL COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

110-1, ONGJEONG-RI, TONGJIN-EUP, GIMPO-SI, GYOUNGGI-DO, 415-865, KOREA

Date of Issue: October 17, 2006 Test Report No.: HCT-SAR06-1002 Test Site: HYUNDAI CALIBRATION & CERTIFICATIONTECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.

FCC ID: PP4PN-310

APPLICANT: PANTECH&CURITEL COMMUNICATION, INC.

Application Type: EUT Type: Tx Frequency:

Maximum Conducted Power (HAC): Trade Name/Model(s): FCC Classification: FCC Rule Part(s): HAC Standard: Certification Dual-Band CDMA Phone (CDMA/PCS)- Prototype 824.70 — 848.31 MHz (CDMA) 1851.25 — 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA) 0.316W CDMA (25.0dBm) 0.316W PCS CDMA (25.0dBm) PANTECH&CURITEL / PN-310 Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) §20.19 ANSI PC63.19-2006 V3.12

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19-2006 and had been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Hyundai C-Tech Co., Ltd. Certifies that no party to this application has been denied FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998, 21 U.S. C. 862

Ki SOO Kim

Report prepared by: Ki-Soo Kim

Manager of Product Compliance Team

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HAC MEASUREMENT REPORT

1. APPLICANT / EUT DESCRIPTION

1.1 Applicant

Company Name: Address:	PANTECH&CURITEL COMMUNICATION, INC. 110-1, ONGJEONG-RI, TONGJIN-EUP, GIMPO-SI, GYOUNGGI-DO, 415-865, KOREA
Attention:	Ki Yeoul, LEE
Tel. / Fax :	+82-31-999-8801 / +82-31-984-9771
E-Mail :	leekiyeoul@pantech.com

1.2 EUT Description

• EUT Type:	Dual-Band CDMA Phone (CDMA/PCS)- Prototype
 Trade Name: 	PANTECH&CURITEL
• Model(s):	PN-310
• FCC ID:	PP4PN-310
Serial Number(s):	PP4 PN310-20061001
 Tx Frequency: 	824.70 — 848.31 MHz (CDMA)
	1851.25 — 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
FCC Classification:	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
FCC Rule Part(s):	§2.1093; FCC/ OET Bulletin Supplement C [July 2001]
Modulation(s):	CDMA/ PCS CDMA
 Antenna Type: 	Retractable (Retracted/Extended)
 Date(s) of Tests: 	October 16, 2006
 Place of Tests: 	Hyundai C-Tech. EMC Lab.
	Icheon, Kyounki-Do, KOREA
Report Serial No.:	HCT-SAR06-1002
• Max E-Field Emission:	channel 600, 1880 MHz= 33.5 dBV/m (M4)
Max H-Field Emission:	channel 600, 1880 MHz= -23.0dBV/m (M4)

2. HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium IV computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements.

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Pentium IV 3.0 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

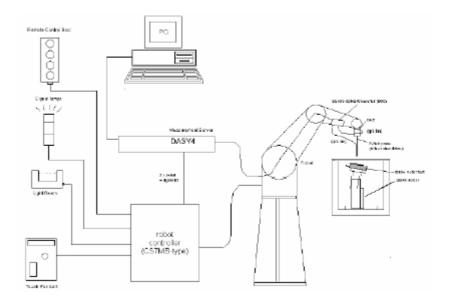


Figure 1. HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



3. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS 3.1 Probe

3.1.1 E-Field Probe Description

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges	
Calibration	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, k=2)	
Frequency	100 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: \pm 0.2dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)	
Directivity	\pm 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)	Me
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to > 1000 V/m (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)	
Linearity	±0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm	[E-Field Probe]

3.1.2 H-Field Probe Description

Construction	Three concentric loop sensors with 3.8 mm loop diameters resistively loaded detector diodes for linear response Built-in shielding against	
	static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents,	
	e.g., glycolether)	
Frequency	200 MHz to > 3 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, k=2); Output	1
	linearized	
Directivity	\pm 0.25 dB (spherical isotropy error)	17
Dynamic Range	10 mA/m to 2 A/m at 1 GHz	
E-Field Interference	< 10% at 3 GHz (for plane wave)	[H-Field Probe]
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 40mm)	
	Tip diameter: 6 mm (Body: 12 mm)	
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3 mm	
	The closest part of the sensor element is 1.9 mm closer to the tip	

 $5 \hspace{0.1in} \text{of} \hspace{0.1in} 32 \\$



3.2 Phantom & Device Holder



Figure 2. HAC Phantom & Device Holder

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatable positioned according to the FCC specifications.

3.3 Robotic System Specifications

Specifications	
POSITIONER:	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX90LB
Repeatability:	0.02 mm
No. of axis:	6
Data Acquisition Electronic (D	AE) System
Cell Controller	
Processor:	Pentium IV
Clock Speed:	3.0 GHz
Operating System:	Windows XP
Data Card:	DASY4 PC-Board
Data Converter	
Features:	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software:	DASY4 software
Connecting Lines:	Optical downlink for data and status info.
U	Optical uplink for commands and clock
PC Interface Card	
Function:	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing
	Link to DAE3
	16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system
	serial link to robot
	direct emergency stop output for robot

4. EUT ARRANGEMENT

4.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 3. Illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).
- The grid is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- The measurement plane is parallel to, and 1.0 cm in front of, the reference plane.

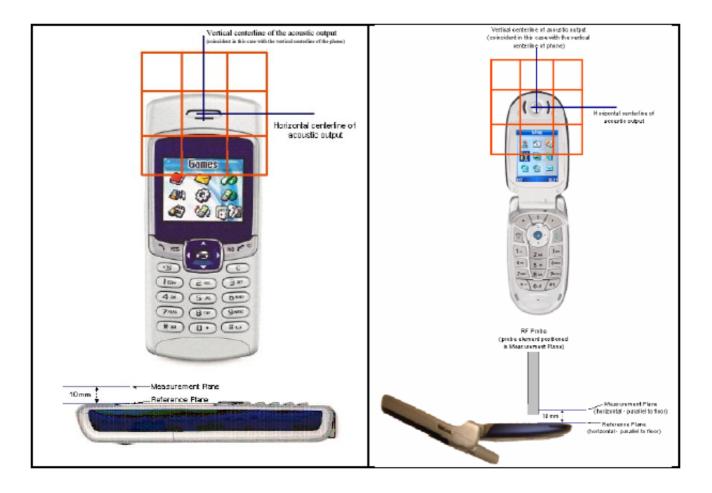


Figure 3. WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements



5. TEST SET-UP PHOTOGRAPHS

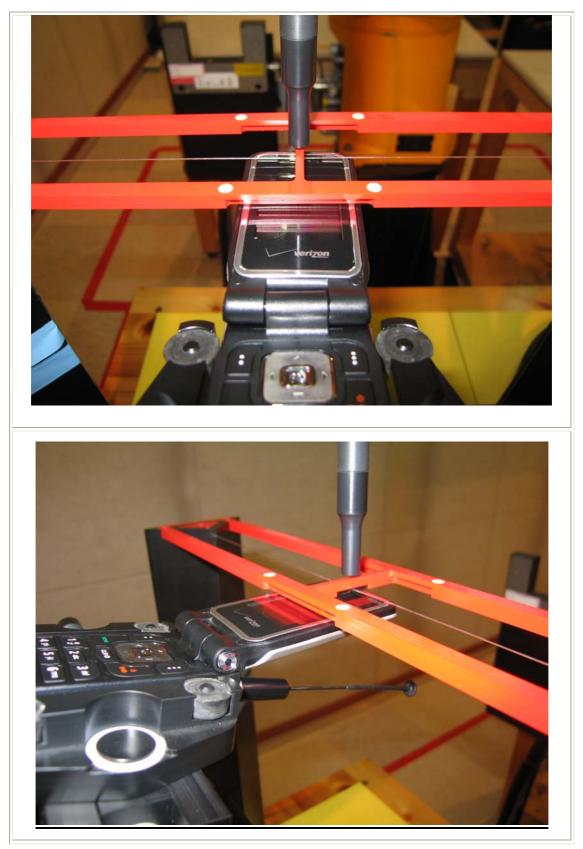


Figure 4. Test Set-up Photo

6. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The test setup was validated when configured and verified periodically thereafter to ensure proper function. The procedure is a validation procedure using dipole antennas for which the field levels were computed by FDTD modeling.

6.1 Validation Procedure

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI-PC63.19 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical and magnetic output. Position the E-field and H-field probes so that:

- the probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- the probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions; and
- the probes are 10 mm from the surface of the dipole elements.

Scan the length of the dipole with both E-field and H-field probes and record the maximum values for each. Compare the readings to expected values.

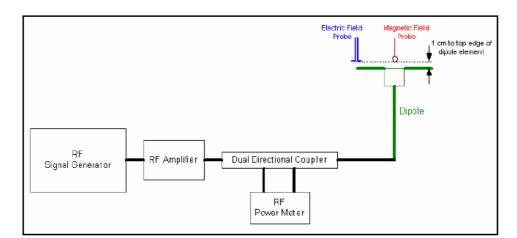
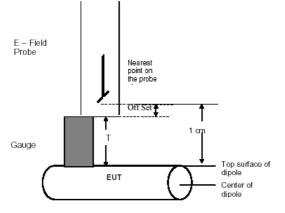


Figure 5. WD dipole calibration procedure



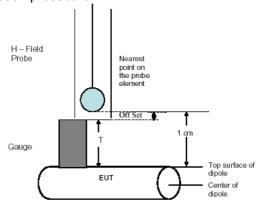


Figure 6. Gauge Block with E-Field Probe

Figure 7. Gauge Block with H-Field Probe



6.2 Validation Result

6.2.1 E-Field Scan

Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Input Power (dBm)	Measured Value (V/m)	Target Value (V/m) SPEAG	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
CW	835	20	187.25	163.3	+14.67	±25
CW	1880	20	156.2	138.9	+12.46	±25

6.2.2 H-Field Scan

Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Input Power (dBm)	Value (A/m)		Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
CW	835	20	0.507	0.453	+11.92	±25
CW	1880	20	0.483	0.462	+4.55	±25

Notes:

- Deviation (%) = 100 * (Measured value minus Target value) divided by Target value. ANSI-PC63.19 requires values to be within 25% of their targets. 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty.
- 2) The maximum E-field or H-field were evaluated and compared to the target values provided by SPEAD in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.
- 3) Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plot.



7. Probe Modulation Factor

A calibration was made of the modulation response of the probe and its instrumentation chain. This calibration was performed with the field probe, attached to its instrumentation. The response of the probe system to a CW field at the frequency of interest is compared to its response to a modulated signal with equal peak amplitude to that of a CW signal. The field level of the test signals are ensured to be more than 10 dB above the ambient level and the noise floor of the instrumentation being used. The ratio of the CW reading to that taken with a modulated reading was applied to the DUT measurements.

All voice modes for this device have been investigated in this section of the report. According to the FCC 3G Measurement Procedures, May 2006 for RF Emissions, variations in peak field and power readings.

This was done using the following procedure:

1. The probe was illuminated with a CW signal at the intended measurement frequency and wireless device power.

2. The probe was positioned at the field maxima over the dipole antenna (determined after an area scan over the dipole) illuminated with the CW signal.

3. The reading of the probe measurement system of the CW signal at the maximum point was recorded.

4. Using a Spectrum Analyzer, the modulated signal adjusted with the same peak level of the CW signal was determined.

5. The probe measurement system reading was recorded with the modulated signal. The appropriate system crest factors for the modulation type were configured in the software to the system measurements.

6. The ratio of the CW reading to modulated signal reading is the probe modulation factor (PMF) for the modulation and field probe combination. This was repeated for 80% AM.

7. Steps 1-6 were repeated at all frequency bands and for both E and H field probes.

The modulation factors obtained were applied to readings taken of the actual wireless device, in order to obtain an accurate peak field reading using the formula:

$Peak = 20 \cdot log (Raw \cdot PMF)$

This method correlates well with the modulation using the DUT in the alternative substitution method. See below for correlation of signal:

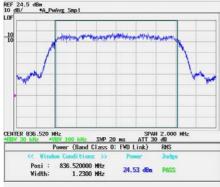


Figure 19

PEF 40.0 dbin DL 24.5 dbin WOR 3.840 mm 24.53 dbin UF UF 40.0 dbin DL 24.5 dbin WOR 24.53 dbin 24.53 dbin UF UF 40.0 dbin DL 24.5 dbin DL 24.53 dbin UF 40.0 dbin DL 24.5 dbin DL 24.5 dbin DL 24.53 dbin DL 24.5 dbi

Signal Generator Modulated Signal





7.2 Modulation Factor

7.2.1 E-Field

Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Input Power (dB)	E-Field measured value (V/m)	Probe Modulation Factor
CW		24.5	345.8	-
80% AM	835	24.5	214.45	1.61
CDMA (Full Rate)	000	24.5	358.15	0.97
CDMA (1/8 Rate)		24.5	110.1	3.14
CW		24.5	287.9	-
80% AM	1880	24.5	177.75	1.62
CDMA (Full Rate)	1000	24.5	269.4	1.07
CDMA (1/8 Rate)		24.5	92.9	3.10

7.2.2 H-Field

Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Input Power (dB)	H-Field measured value (A/m)	Probe Modulation Factor
CW		24.5	0.821	
80% AM	835	24.5	0.531	1.56
CDMA (Full Rate)		24.5	0.874	0.94
CW		24.5	0.778	
80% AM	1880	24.5	0.502	1.55
CDMA (Full Rate)		24.5	0.997	0.78

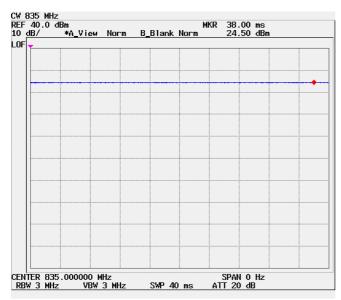
Notes:

1) Modulation Factor =CW / WD_CDMA

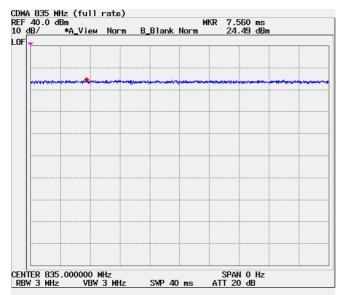


7.2.3 PMF Peak Power Measurement Plots

Probe Modulation Factor (CW)



Probe Modulation Factor (CDMA: full rate)

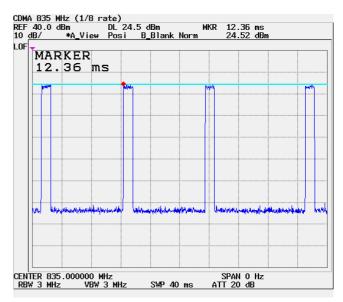


AM 80% 835 MHz REF 40.0 dBm MKR 16.96 ms 10 dB/ *A_View Norm B_Blank Norm 24.55 dBm LOF CENTER 835.000000 MHz SPAN 0 Hz

Probe Modulation Factor (AM 80%)

RBW 3 MHz VBW 3 MHz SWP 40 ms ATT 20 dB

Probe Modulation Factor (CDMA: full rate)



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8. FCC 3G MEASUREMENTS – MAY / JUNE 2006

Sample pre-testing of the various modes were performed at the worst case probe location as part of subset testing justification. See below for measured conducted power for applicable device modes:

8.1 Handset Measured Conducted Powers

Band Ch	Channel	SO2	SO2	SO55	SO55	TDSO SO32	1xEvDO Rev.0	1xEvDO Rev.0
		RC1/1	RC3/3	RC1/1	RC3/3	RC3/3	(FTAP)	(RTAP)
	1013	24.09	25.02	25.08	24.98	24.96	-	-
CDMA	384	25.06	24.93	25.04	24.95	24.95	-	-
	777	24.96	24.85	24.76	24.86	24.90	-	-
	25	25.03	24.95	25.04	24.97	24.98	-	-
PCS	600	24.87	24.85	24.89	24.88	24.89	-	-
	1175	24.86	24.75	24.78	24.77	24.78	-	-

FCC 3G Maximum Measured Conducted Powers for FCC ID: PP4PN-310

8.2 Worst-Case Probe Location Measurements

Below are RC/SO mode investigation results of the device at the worst-case (maximum) field point

location. The worst-case RC/SO was used for T-coil testing.

Mode	Channel	SO	Antenna	Conducted	Time Avg.	Peak Field	FCC Limit	FCC	RESULT
				Power	Field (A/m)	(dBV/m)	(dBV/m)	MARGIN	
				(dBm)				(dB)	
PCS	600	SO55/RC3	Intenna	43.7	33.4	41	-7.60	43.7	M4
PCS	600	SO3/RC1	Intenna	17.8	34.8	41	-6.16	17.8	M4
PCS	600	SO55/RC1	Intenna	43.3	33.3	41	-7.68	43.3	M4
PCS	600	SO2/RC1	Intenna	43.1	33.3	41	-7.72	43.1	M4
PCS	600	SO2/RC3	Intenna	42.9	33.2	41	-7.76	42.9	M4



8. TEST PROCEDURE

Test Instructions

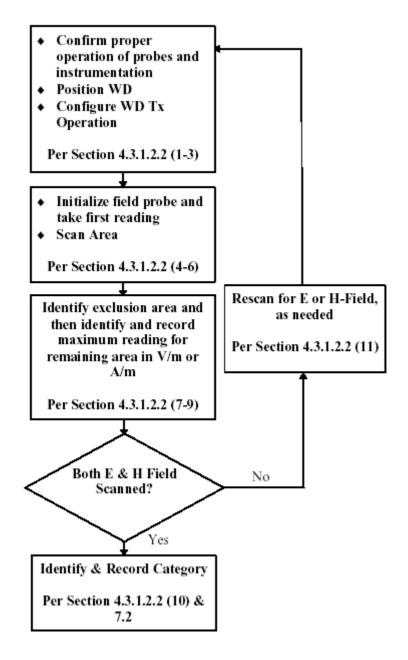


Figure 9. WD near-field emission automated test flowchart

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- 1. Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- 2. Position the WD in its intended test position. The gauge block, depicted in Section A.2.1, can simplify this positioning. Note that a separate E- and H-field gauge block will be needed if the edges of the probe sensors are at different distances from the tip of the probe.
- 3. Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters, (e.g. test mode) as intended for the test.
- 4. The center sub-grid shall be centered on the center of the WD output (acoustic or T-Coil output), as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 5 x 5 cm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane.
- 5. Record the reading.
- 6. Scan the entire 5 x 5 cm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the peak reading.
- 7. Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid with the lowest maximum field strength readings. Thus the 6 areas to be used to determine the WD's peak emissions are identified and outlined for the final manual scan. Please note that a maximum of five blocks can be excluded for both E- and H-field measurements for the WD output being measured. State another way, the center sub-grid and 3 other must be common to both the E- and H-field measurements.
- 8. Identify the highest field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step 7.
- 9. Convert the highest field strength reading identified in step 8 to peak V/m or A/m, as appropriate. This conversion shall be done using the appropriate probe modulation factor.
- 10. Repeat steps 1-10 for both the E- and H-field measurements.
- 11. Compare this reading to the categories in ANSI-PC63.19 and record the resulting category. The lowest category number listed in ANSI-PC63.19, obtained in step 10 for either E or H field determines the M category for the audio coupling mode assessment. Record the WD category rating.

9. ANSI-PC 63.19-2001 LIMITS

The EUT must meet the following M3 or M4 category:

Category	Telephone RF Parameters									
Near Field	AWF (dB)	E-Field Emissions dB (V/m)	H-Field Emissions(V/m)							
Frequency < 960 MHz										
M1	0	56 to 61	+5.6 to +10.6							
	-5	53.5 to 58.5	+3.1 to +8.1							
M2	0	51 to 56	+0.6 to +5.6							
IVIZ	-5	48.5 to 53.5	-1.9 to +3.1							
М3	0	46 to 51	-4.4 to +0.6							
WIG	-5	43.5 to 48.5	-6.9 to -1.9							
M4	0	< 46	< -4.4							
101 1	-5	< 43.5	< -6.9							
		Frequency > 960 MHz								
M1	0	46 to 51	-4.4 to 0.6							
	-5	43.5 to 48.5	-6.9 to -1.9							
M2	0	41 to 46	-9.4 to -4.4							
1712	-5	38.5 to 43.5	-11.9 to -6.9							
M3	0	36 to 41	-14.4 to -9.4							
IVIU	-5	33.5 to 38.5	-16.9 to -11.9							
M4	0	<36	<-14.4							
	-5	<33.5	<-16.9							

Table 1. Telephone near-field categories in linear units

10. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Error Description	Uncertainty Value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) E	(Ci) H	Std. Unc. E	Std. Unc. H	
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 5.1	N	1	1	1	± 5.1	± 5.1	
Axial isotropy	± 4.7	R	√3	1	1	± 2.7	± 2.7	
Sensor Displacement	±16.5	R	√3	1	0.145	±9.5	±1.4	
Boundarv effects	± 2.4	R	√3	1	1	± 1.4	± 1.4	
Linearitv	± 4.7	R	√3	1	1	± 2.7	± 2.7	
Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	± 2.0	R	√3	1	1	± 1.2	± 1.2	
System Detection Limit	± 1.0	R	√3	1	1	± 0.6	± 0.6	
Readout electronics	± 0.3	N	1	1	1	± 0.3	± 0.3	
Response time	± 0.8	R	√3	1	1	± 0.5	± 0.5	
Integration time	± 2.6	R	√3	1	1	± 1.5	± 1.5	
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0	R	√3	1	1	± 1.7	± 1.7	
RF Reflections	± 12.0	R	√3	1	1	± 6.9	± 6.9	
Probe Positioner	± 1.2	R	√3	1	0.67	± 0.7	± 0.5	
Probe positioning	± 4.7	R	√3	1	0.67	± 2.7	± 1.8	
Extrap. and Interpolation	± 1.0	R	√3	1	1	± 0.6	± 0.6	
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning Vertical	± 4.7	R	√3	1	1	± 2.7	± 1.8	
Device Positioning Lateral	± 1.0	R	√3	1	1	± 0.6	± 0.6	
Device Holder and Phantom	± 2.4	R	√3	1	1	± 1.4	± 1.4	
Power Drift	± 5.0	R	√3	1	1	± 2.9	± 2.9	
Phantom and Setup Related								
Phantom Thickness	± 2.4	R	√3	1	0.67	± 1.4	± 0.89	
Combined Standard Uncertainty	/					± 14.7	± 10.9	
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Po	ower					± 29.4%	± 21.8%	
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Fig					± 14.7%	± 10.9%		

Table 2. Uncertainties

Notes:

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSI-C 63.19[1]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 800MHz-3GHz and represents a worst-Case analysis. For specific test sand configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller. Some of the parameters are dependent on the user situations and need adjustment according to the actual laboratory conditions.



11. HAC TEST DATA SUMMARY

 Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C):
 21.9

 S/N:
 #1

11.1 Measurement Results (E-Field CDMA / PCS DATA)

Mode	Channel	Backlight	SO	Battery	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Peak Field (dBV/m)	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT
CDMA	1013	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	25.1	72.4	36.9	51	-14.07	M4
CDMA	1013	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	24.9	40.7	31.9	51	-19.07	M4
CDMA	384	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	24.9	72.2	36.9	51	-14.09	M4
CDMA	384	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	24.9	45.5	32.9	51	-18.10	M4
CDMA	777	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	25.0	64.2	35.9	51	-15.11	M4
CDMA	777	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	25.0	51.1	33.9	51	-17.10	M4
PCS	25	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	25.1	19.6	26.4	41	-14.57	M4
PCS	25	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	25.1	38.8	32.4	41	-8.64	M4
PCS	600	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	24.9	29.8	30.1	41	-10.93	M4
PCS	600	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	24.9	44.0	33.5	41	-7.54	M4
PCS	1175	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	24.9	28.0	29.5	41	-11.47	M4
PCS	1175	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	25.0	39.2	32.5	41	-8.55	M4

NOTES:

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

2. Battery Type

- Measured IVI (
- ☑ Standard □ Extended □ Fixed
 ☑ Conducted □ EIRP □ ERP
- 3. Power Measured
- 4. Test Signal Call Mode D Manual Te
 - le 🛛 Manual Test cord 🖾 Base Station Simulator
- 5. SAR Measurement System 🗵 SPEAG



11. HAC TEST DATA SUMMARY

 Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C):
 21.9

 S/N:
 #1

11.2 Measurement Results (H-Field CDMA / PCS DATA)

Mode	Channel	Backlight	SO	Battery	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Peak Field (dBV/m)	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT
CDMA	1013	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	24.9	0.120	-19.0	0.6	-19.55	M4
CDMA	1013	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	25.0	0.098	-20.7	0.6	-21.31	M4
CDMA	384	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	24.9	0.119	-19.0	0.6	-19.63	M4
CDMA	384	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	24.9	0.107	-19.9	0.6	-20.55	M4
CDMA	777	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	24.9	0.096	-20.9	0.6	-21.49	M4
CDMA	777	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	24.9	0.111	-19.6	0.6	-20.23	M4
PCS	25	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	24.9	0.061	-26.5	-9.4	-17.05	M4
PCS	25	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	25.0	0.060	-26.6	-9.4	-17.20	M4
PCS	600	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	25.1	0.091	-23.0	-9.4	-13.58	M4
PCS	600	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	24.9	0.062	-26.3	-9.4	-16.91	M4
PCS	1175	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	In	24.9	0.078	-24.3	-9.4	-14.92	M4
PCS	1175	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Out	24.9	0.059	-26.7	-9.4	-17.34	M4

NOTES:

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

2. Battery Type

 \boxtimes Standard \square Extended \square Fixed

□ Manual Test cord ⊠ Base Station Simulator

3. Power Measured

☑ Conducted □ EIRP □ERP

- 4. Test Signal Call Mode
- 5. SAR Measurement System 🗵 SPEAG



11. HAC TEST DATA SUMMARY

 Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C):
 21.9

 S/N:
 #1

11.3 Worst-case Configuration Evaluation

Mode	Channel 600	Backlight off	SO SO55/RC3	Battery	Antenna Out	Conducted Power (dBm) 24.9	Time Avg. Field (V/m) 44.0	Peak Field (dBV/m) 33.5	FCC Limit (dBV/m) 41	FCC MARGIN (dB) -7.54	RESULT
299.765.7.742 E(roll) 45.3V/m±0.33dB								-1			
	70-										-
	60-										-
	50-				- + • • •				•	••••	
	≚ 40- 30-										
	20-										-
	10-								_		-
	0-	F. I	50	100		50 2	00 :	250	300	11111 350	

Peak Reading 3600 Probe Rotation at Azimuth axis

Worst-Case Probe Rotation about Azimuth axis

Deq

12. HAC TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Type / Model	Calib. Date	S/N
Staubli Robot RX90L	N/A	F01/ 5K09A1/A/01
Staubli Robot ControllerCS7MB	N/A	F99/5A82A1/C/01
Staubli Teach Pendant (Joystick)	N/A	D221340.01
Dell OptiPlex GX100	N/A	HY4640
Windows NT 4.0	N/A	-
SPEAG DAE3V1	March 06	446
SPEAG DAE4V1	Feb. 06	447
SPEAG E-Field Probe	April 06	2343
SPEAG H-Field Probe	July 06	6101
SPEAG HAC Phantom	N/A	-
SPEAG Light Alignment Sensor	N/A	265
SPEAG Validation Dipole D835V2	March 06	1024
SPEAG Validation Dipole D1880V2	March 06	1019
Phone Holder	N/A	-
A/B Power Indicator	N/A	-
Remote Power Switch	N/A	-
NOTE:		

The E-field, H-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test. The following list of equipment was used to :

Power Meter(A) E4419B	June 06	MY40511244
Power Sensor(A) 8481	June 06	MY41090680
Signal Generator 8664A (100kHz ~ 3GHz)	April 06	3744A02069
Power Amp A0825-4343-R	Sep. 06	A00450
Dual Directional Coupler 778D	August 06	16072
Power divider 1506A	Jan. 06	MD793
Base Station Simulator E5515C	May 06	US41070189
Network Analyzer 8753ES (30KHz ~ 6GHz)	April06	JP39240221
Base Station CMU200	March 06	110740
Base Station NJZ-2000	May 06	ET00117
Bluetooth Simulator TC-3000	Jan 06	3000A490112
Signal Generator E4438C	August 06	MY45092381
Spectrum Analyzer R3273	April06	J004821



13. CONCLUSION

The HAC measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the HAC limits of the ANSI-PC63.19-2006.

These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise Laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests.



Appendix 1

HAC Data Plots

Test Laboratory: HCT Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °c Date Tested : October 16, 2006

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1024 Program Name: HAC E Dipole

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: E Device Section ;Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44

DASY4 Configuration:

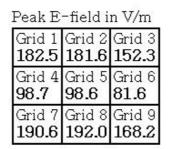
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2343; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2006-03-23
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

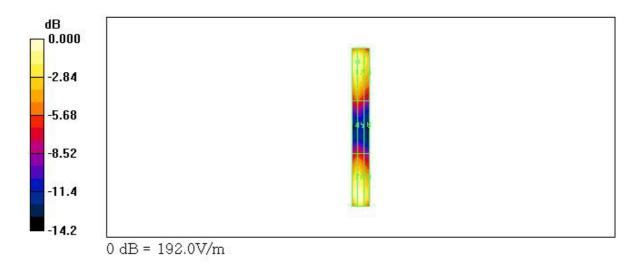
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2006-03-17

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

E Scan 10mm above CD 835 MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Maximum value of peak Total field = 192.0 V/m Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00 Reference Value = 52.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (A WF 0 dB)





Test Laboratory: HCT Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °c Date Tested : October 16, 2006

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1019 Program Name: HAC E Dipole

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Device Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44

DASY4 Configuration:

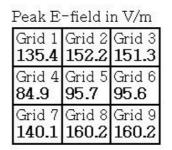
- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2343; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2006-03-23
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

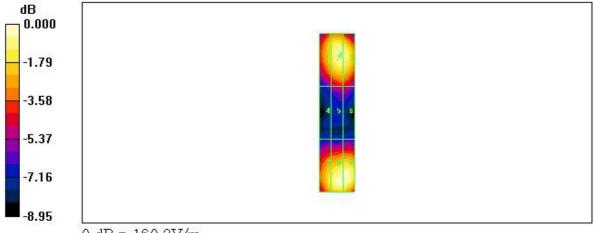
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2006-03-17

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

E Scan 10mm above CD 1880 MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Maximum value of peak Total field = 160.2 V/m Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00 Reference Value = 67.8 V/m: Power Drift = -0.011 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (A WF 0 dB)





⁰ dB = 160.2V/m

Test Laboratory: HCT Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °c Date Tested : October 16, 2006

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1024 Program Name: HAC H Dipole

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Phantom section: H Dipole Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 19

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6101; ; Calibrated: 2006-07-12

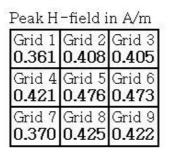
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

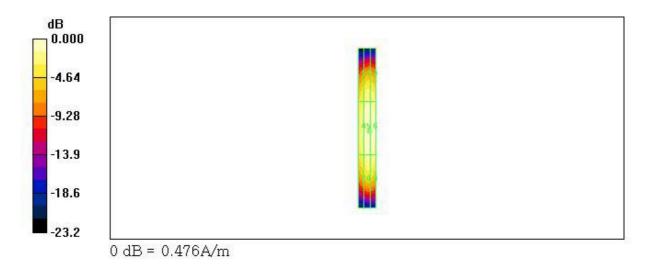
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2006-03-17

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

H Scan 10mm above CD 835 MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.476 A/m Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00 Reference Value = 0.507 A/m; Power Drift = 0.019 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (A WF 0 dB)





Test Laboratory: HCT Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °C Date Tested : October 16, 2006

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1019 Program Name: HAC HDipole

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Phantom section: H Dipole Section ;Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 19

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6101; ; Calibrated: 2006-07-12

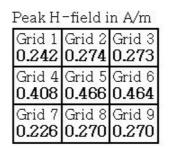
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

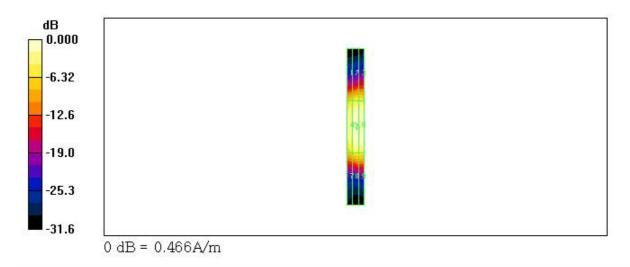
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2006-03-17

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

H Scan 10mm above CD 1880 MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.466 A/m Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00 Reference Value = 0.483 A/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (A WF 0 dB)





Test Laboratory: HCT Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °c Antenna : in Date Tested : October 16, 2006

DUT: PN-310; Type: Folder; Serial: #1 Program Name: HAC E Device

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: E Device Section ;Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44

DASY4 Configuration:

-Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2343; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2006-03-23

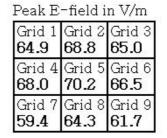
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

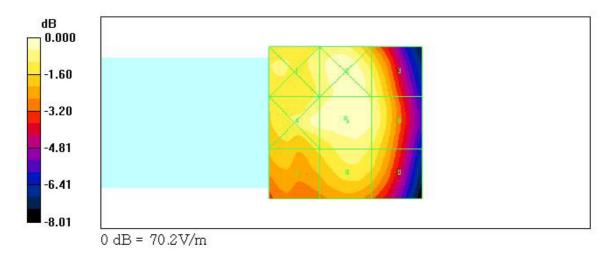
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2006-03-17

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

E Scan 10mm above Device Reference/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Maximum value of peak Total field = 70.2 V/m Probe Modulation Factor = 0.970 Reference Value = 70.6 V/m: Power Drift = -0.073 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (A WF 0 dB)





Test Laboratory: HCT Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °c Antenna : out Date Tested : October 16, 2006

DUT: PN-310; Type: Folder; Serial: #1 Program Name: HAC E Device

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: E Device Section ;Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 19

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2343; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2006-03-23

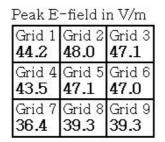
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

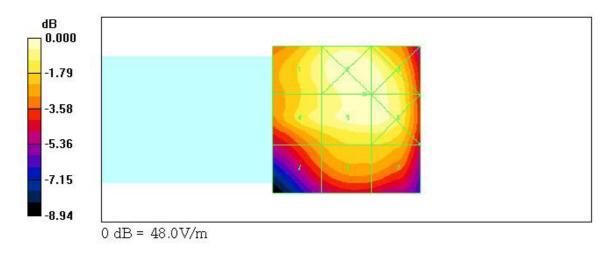
-Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2006-03-17

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

E Scan 10mm above Device Reference/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Maximum value of peak Total field = 47.1 V/m Probe Modulation Factor = 1.07 Reference Value = 41.1 V/m: Power Drift = 0.013 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)





Test Laboratory: HCT Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °c Antenna : in Date Tested : October 16, 2006

DUT: PN-310; Type: Folder; Serial: #1 Program Name: HAC H Device

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Phantom section: E Device Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6101; ; Calibrated: 2006-07-12

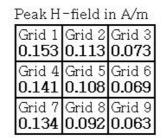
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

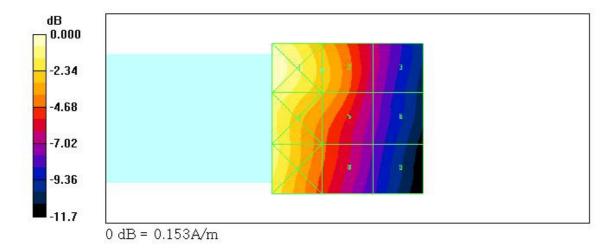
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2006-03-17

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

H Scan 10mm above Device Reference/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.113 A/m Probe Modulation Factor = 0.940 Reference Value = 0.089 A/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)





Test Laboratory: HCT Ambient Temperature : 21.9 °c Antenna : in Date Tested : October 16, 2006

DUT: PN-310; Type: Folder; Serial: #1 Program Name: HAC H Device

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³ Phantom section: E Dipole Section ;Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6101; ; Calibrated: 2006-07-12

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- -Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2006-03-17
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

H Scan 10mm above Device Reference/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.071 A/m Probe Modulation Factor = 0.780 Reference Value = 0.048 A/m: Power Drift = -0.070 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (A WF 0 dB)

