

### **FCC - TEST REPORT**

Report Number :	709502405780-00F	Date of Issue:	August 30, 2024			
Model	: Refer to page 4					
Product Type	: Acoustic Imaging Camera					
Applicant	: FOTRIC INC.					
Address	: No. 14, Lane 2500, Xiupu Road, Pudong, 201201 Shanghai,					
	PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF	CHINA				
Manufacturer	: FOTRIC INC.					
Address	: No. 14, Lane 2500, Xiupu	Road, Pudong, 2	01201 Shanghai,			
	PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA					

Test Result : ■ Positive □ Negative

Total pages including Appendices

26

vice GmbH according to the principles outlined in

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# 2 Report Modification Record

Alterations and additions to this report will be issued to the holders of each copy in the form of a complete document.

Issue	Description of Change	Date of Issue
709502405780-00F	First Issue	08/30/2024

# 3 Details about the Test Laboratory

## **Details about the Test Laboratory**

Test Site 1

Company name: TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch

No.16 Lane, 1951 Du Hui Road,

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P.R. China

Test Firm FCC

820234

Registration Number:

Designation

CN1183

IC Company

25988

Number:

number:

CAB identifier: CN0101

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# 4 Description of the Equipment under Test

Product: Acoustic Imaging Camera

Model no.:

Fotric AC80	Fotric 450 Pro	Fotric AC60	Fotric H0
Fotric AC81	Fotric 451 Pro	Fotric AC61	Fotric H1
Fotric AC82	Fotric 452 Pro	Fotric AC62	Fotric H2
Fotric AC83	Fotric 453 Pro	Fotric AC63	Fotric H3
Fotric AC84	Fotric 454 Pro	Fotric AC64	Fotric H4
Fotric AC85	Fotric 455 Pro	Fotric AC65	Fotric H5
Fotric AC86	Fotric 456 Pro	Fotric AC66	Fotric H6
Fotric AC87	Fotric 457 Pro	Fotric AC67	Fotric H7
Fotric AC88	Fotric 458 Pro	Fotric AC68	Fotric H8
Fotric AC89	Fotric 459 Pro	Fotric AC69	Fotric H9
Fotric H0pLus	Fotric H0+	Fotric Fac30FH	Fotric TD0
Fotric H1pLus	Fotric H1+	Fotric Fac31FH	Fotric TD1
Fotric H2pLus	Fotric H2+	Fotric Fac32FH	Fotric TD2
Fotric H3pLus	Fotric H3+	Fotric Fac33FH	Fotric TD3
Fotric H4pLus	Fotric H4+	Fotric Fac34FH	Fotric TD4
Fotric H5pLus	Fotric H5+	Fotric Fac35FH	Fotric TD5
Fotric H6pLus	Fotric H6+	Fotric Fac36FH	Fotric TD6
Fotric H7pLus	Fotric H7+	Fotric Fac37FH	Fotric TD7
Fotric H8pLus	Fotric H8+	Fotric Fac38FH	Fotric TD8
Fotric H9pLus	Fotric H9+	Fotric Fac39FH	Fotric TD9
Fotric EE0HE	Fotric EE0DT	Fotric H0Pro	Fotric AC80-Ex
Fotric EE1HE	Fotric EE1DT	Fotric H1Pro	Fotric AC81-Ex
Fotric EE2HE	Fotric EE2DT	Fotric H2Pro	Fotric AC82-Ex
Fotric EE3HE	Fotric EE3DT	Fotric H3Pro	Fotric AC83-Ex
Fotric EE4HE	Fotric EE4DT	Fotric H4Pro	Fotric AC84-Ex
Fotric EE5HE	Fotric EE5DT	Fotric H5Pro	Fotric AC85-Ex
Fotric EE6HE	Fotric EE6DT	Fotric H6Pro	Fotric AC86-Ex
Fotric EE7HE	Fotric EE7DT	Fotric H7Pro	Fotric AC87-Ex
Fotric EE8HE	Fotric EE8DT	Fotric H8Pro	Fotric AC88-Ex
Fotric EE9HE	Fotric EE9DT	Fotric H9Pro	Fotric AC89-Ex
Fotric TD0pro	Fotric TD0plus	Fotric TD0+	
Fotric TD1pro	Fotric TD1plus	Fotric TD1+	
Fotric TD2pro	Fotric TD2plus	Fotric TD2+	
Fotric TD3pro	Fotric TD3plus	Fotric TD3+	
Fotric TD4pro	Fotric TD4plus	Fotric TD4+	
Fotric TD5pro	Fotric TD5plus	Fotric TD5+	_
Fotric TD6pro	Fotric TD6plus	Fotric TD6+	_
Fotric TD7pro	Fotric TD7plus	Fotric TD7+	
Fotric TD8pro	Fotric TD8plus	Fotric TD8+	
Fotric TD9pro	Fotric TD9plus	Fotric TD9+	_

FCC ID: 2AZTCFALCONAC

Options and accessories: NA

Rating: DC 7.4V for Acoustic Imaging Camera

Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, Output DC 12V for adapter



RF Transmission Frequency:

For Bluetooth:2402~2480MHz

For 2.4G Wi-Fi:802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412~2462 MHz

802.11n-HT40: 2422~2452 MHz

For 5G Wi-Fi:5180~5240 MHz (U-NII-1)

5260~5320 MHz (U-NII-2A)

5500~5720 MHz (U-NII-2C)

5745~5825 MHz (U-NII-3)

No. of Operated Channel:

#### 79 channels for Bluetooth EDR

19 0116	11111612	IOI BIU	eloolii	EDK					
Ch	Fre (MH)	Ch	Fre (MH)	Ch	Fre (MH)	Ch	Fre (MH)	Ch	Fre (MHz)
1	2402	17	2418	33	2434	49	2450	65	2466
2	2403	18	2419	34	2435	50	2451	66	2467
3	2404	19	2420	35	2436	51	2452	67	2468
4	2405	20	2421	36	2437	52	2453	68	2469
5	2406	21	2422	37	2438	53	2454	69	2470
6	2407	22	2423	38	2439	54	2455	70	2471
7	2408	23	2424	39	2440	55	2456	71	2472
8	2409	24	2425	40	2441	56	2457	72	2473
9	2410	25	2426	41	2442	57	2458	73	2474
10	2411	26	2427	42	2443	58	2459	74	2475
11	2412	27	2428	43	2444	59	2460	75	2476
12	2413	28	2429	44	2445	60	2461	76	2477
13	2414	29	2430	45	2446	61	2462	77	2478
14	2415	30	2431	46	2447	62	2463	78	2479
15	2416	31	2432	47	2448	63	2464	79	2480
16	2417	32	2433	48	2449	64	2465		

### 40 channels for Bluetooth 4.2 BLE

Ch	Fre(MHz)	Ch	Fre(MHz)	Ch	Fre(MHz)	Ch	Fre(MHz)
0	2402	10	2422	20	2442	30	2462
1	2404	11	2424	21	2444	31	2464
2	2406	12	2426	22	2446	32	2466
3	2408	13	2428	23	2448	33	2468
4	2410	14	2430	24	2450	34	2470
5	2412	15	2432	25	2452	35	2472
6	2414	16	2434	26	2454	36	2474
7	2416	17	2436	27	2456	37	2476
8	2418	18	2438	28	2458	38	2478
9	2420	19	2440	29	2460	39	2480

# 2.4GHz WIFI: 11 for 802.11b/802.11g/802.11(H20); 7 for 802.11n(HT40)

	802.	n(HT20)	•	802.11n(HT40)			
Ch	Fre(MHz)	Ch	Fre(MHz)	Ch	Fre(MHz)	Ch	Fre(MHz)
1	2412	7	2442	3	2422	8	2447MHz
2	2417	8	2447	4	2427	9	2452MHz
3	2422	9	2452	5	2432		
4	2427	10	2457	6	2437		
5	2432	11	2462	7	2442		
6	2437						



### 5180~5240 MHz (U-NII-1):

4 channels are provided for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
36	5180	44	5220
40	5200	48	5240

2 channels are provided for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40):

Ī	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
	38	5190	46	5230

#### 1 channel is provided for 802.11ac (VHT80):

Channel	•	Frequency (MHz)
42	_	5210

### 5260~5320 MHz (U-NII-2A)

4 channels are provided for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
52	5260	60	5300
56	5280	64	5320

2 channels are provided for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
54	5270	62	5310

### 1 channel is provided for 802.11ac (VHT80):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
58	5290		

#### 5500~5720 MHz (U-NII-2C)

12 channels are provided for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)
100	5500	124	5620
104	5520	128	5640
108	5540	132	5660
112	5560	136	5680
116	5580	140	5700
120	5600	144	5720

6 channels are provided for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)
102	5510	126	5630
110	5550	134	5670
118	5590	142	5710

3 channels are provided for 802.11ac (VHT80):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)
106	5530	138	5690
122	5610		



### 5745~5825 MHz (U-NII-3): Channel 149 - 165

5 channels are provided for 802.11a, 802.11n (HT20), 802.11ac (VHT20):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
149	5745	161	5805
153	5765	165	5825
157	5785		

2 channels are provided for 802.11n (HT40), 802.11ac (VHT40):

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
151	5755	159	5795

1 channel is provided for 802.11ac (VHT80):

Channel	,	Frequency (MHz)
155		5755

Modulation: Bluetooth EDR FHSS: GFSK, π/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK

Bluetooth 4.2+BLE DHSS: GFSK

For Wi-Fi: Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) for 802.11b

Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) for

802.11a/b/g/n/ac

Hardware Version: V01 Software Version: V6.2.0

Data speed: 1. Bluetooth EDR FHSS: 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps

2. Bluetooth 4.2+BLE DHSS: 1Mbps

3. Wi-Fi: 11b 1 ~ 11Mbps,

11g/a 6 ~ 54Mbps, 11n HT20 6.5 ~ 72.2Mbps,

11n HT 40 13.5 ~ 150Mbps, 11ac VHT40 13.5 ~ 200Mbps, 11ac VHT80 29.3 ~ 433.3Mbps

Antenna Type: PIFA Antenna

Antenna Gain: 1.76dBi for 2.4GHz; 5.96dBi for 5GHz

Description of the EUT: The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is an Acoustic Imaging Camera with Bluetooth and Wi-Fi Module. The EUT support Bluetooth EDR,

BLE function, Wi-Fi 2.4GHz and Wi-Fi 5GHz. According to the client's declaration, all the models share the same schematic, hardware circuit, PCB layout, including RF parameters, except for the number of enabled microphone modules. We chose model Fotric H6 to perform all the tests and listed the worst data in this report. Only 5GHz DFS testing results were included in this report.

report. Only 5GHz DF5 testing results were included in this report

Test sample no.: SHA-831405-2 (RF Conducted); SHA-831405-3 (RF Radiated)

The sample's mentioned in this report is/are submitted/ supplied/ manufactured by client. The laboratory therefore assumes no responsibility for accuracy of information on the brand name, model number, origin of manufacture, consignment or any information supplied.



# 5 Summary of Test Standards

Test Standards			
FCC Part 15 Subpart E	PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES		
15.407(h)	Subpart E - Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices		

#### Test Method:

KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 KDB 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02 KDB 662911 D01 Emissions Testing of Transmitters with Multiple Outputs in the Same Band ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices



# 6 Summary of Test Results

	Technical Requirements			
FCC Part 15 Subpart E; KDB 905462 D02				
Clause	Test	Test Result		
		Pass	Fail	N/A
15.407(h)(2); 6.3; 7.8.1	UNII Detection Bandwidth			
15.407(h)(2);	Initial Channel Availability Check Time (CAC)			
6.3; 7.8.2	Radar Burst at the Beginning of the CAC			
Performance Requirement Check	Radar Burst at the End of the CAC			
15.407(h)(2);	Channel Move Time			
6.3; 7.8.3	Channel Closing Transmission Time			
In-Service Monitoring	Non-Occupancy Period			
15.407; 6.3; 7.8.4	Statistical Performance Check			$\square$

Remark: The EUT is a Client Device without Radar Detection.



### 7 General Remarks

#### Remarks

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2AZTCFALCONAC, complies with DFS requirement in FCC Part 15 Subpart E.

#### **SUMMARY:**

All tests according to the regulations cited on page 6 were

- Performed
- □ Not Performed

The Equipment under Test

- - Fulfills the general approval requirements.
- ☐ **Does not** fulfill the general approval requirements.

Sample Received Date: July 12, 2024

Testing Start Date: August 13, 2024

Testing End Date: August 16, 2024

- TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch

Reviewed by:

Prepared by:

Tested by:

Cheng Huali

Hui TONG
Review Engineer

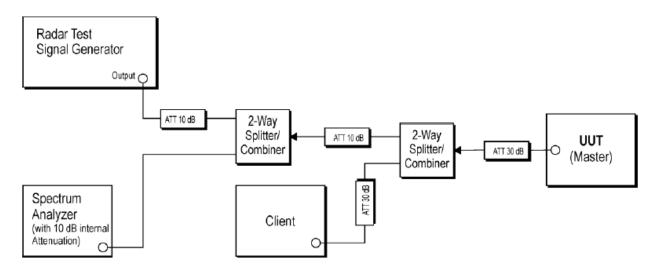
Project Engineer

Test Engineer

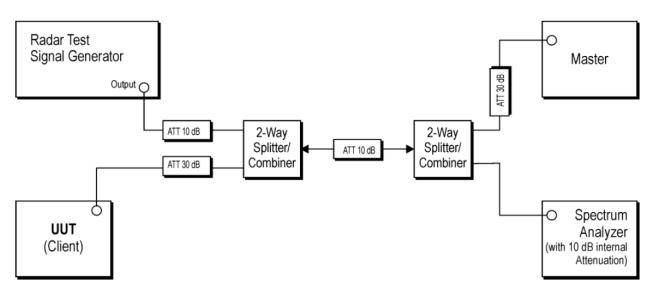


# 8 Test Setups

### 8.1 Setup for Master with injection at the Master

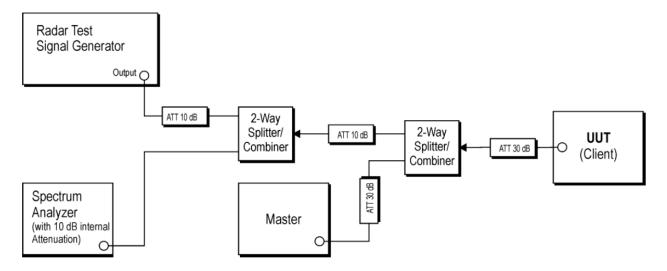


## 8.2 Setup for Client with injection at the Master





# 8.3 Setup for Client with injection at the Client





# 9 Systems test configuration

Auxiliary Equipment Used during Test:

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.(SHIELD)
Notebook	Lenovo	X240
Dual Band Wi-Fi Router (FCC ID: MSQ-RTAXJ300)	ASUS	RT-AX82U

Test software: MTS 8310

The system was configured to channel:

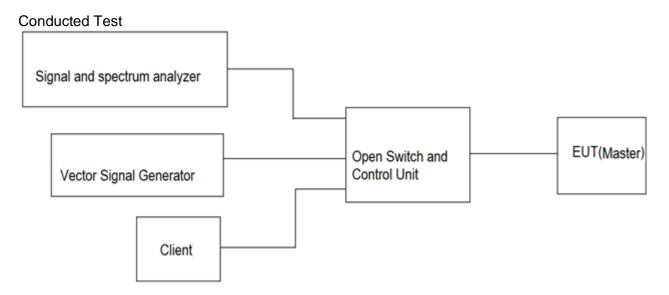
Test Mode	Channel (MHz)
802.11ac VHT80	5G WIFI-Band 2
	CH58 (5290MHz)
	5G WIFI-Band 3
	CH106 (5530MHz)

The pre-test has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates.

Modulation Type	Data Rate
802.11a OFDM	6Mbps
802.11n (HT20): OFDM	MCS0 (6.5Mbps)
802.11n (HT40): OFDM	MCS0 (13.5Mbps)
802.11ac (VHT20): OFDM	11ac 6.5Mbps (20MHz)
802.11ac (VHT40): OFDM	11ac 13.5Mbps (40MHz)
802.11ac (VHT80): OFDM	11ac 29.3Mbps (80MHz)

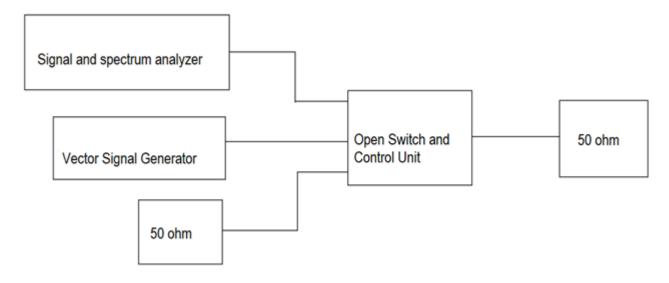


## 9.2 MWRF test system configuration



#### Conducted Radar waveform calibration

- (1) A 50ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected to place of the master.
- (2) The interference Radar Detection Threshold Level is -62dBm+2.9dB+1.5dB=-57.6dBm that had been taken into account the output power range and antenna gain.
- (3) The following equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted radar waveform. A vector signal generator was utilized to establish the test signal level for radar type 0. During this process there were no transmissions by either the master or client device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero spans (time domain) at the frequency of the radar waveform generator. Peak detection was used. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to 3MHz. The spectrum analyzer had offset -1.5dB to compensate RF cable loss 1.5dB. And antenna cable is supplied with device, so antenna cable loss is 0.4dB.
- (4) The vector signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was -62dBm+2.9dB+1.5dB=-57.6dBm. Capture the spectrum analyzer plots on short pulse radar waveform.





# 9.3 Channel Loading

System testing will be performed with channel-loading using means appropriate to the data types that are used by the unlicensed device. The following requirements apply:

	a) The data file must be of a type that is typical for the device (i.e., MPEG-2, MPEG-4, WAV, MP3, MP4, AVI, etc.) and must generally be transmitting in a streaming mode.
$\boxtimes$	b) Software to ping the client is permitted to simulate data transfer but must have random ping intervals.
	c) Timing plots are required with calculations demonstrating a minimum channel loading of approximately 17% or greater. For example, channel loading can be estimated by setting the spectrum analyzer for zero span and approximate the Time On/ (Time On + Off Time). This can be done with any appropriate channel BW and modulation type.
	d) Unicast or Multicast protocols are preferable but other protocols may be used. The appropriate protocol used must be described in the test procedures.



# 10 Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) Requirement

#### 10.1 DFS Overview

The following table from KDB 905462 lists the applicable requirements for the DFS testing.

Table 1: Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel

Requirement	Operational Mode				
	Master	Client Without Radar Detection	Client With Radar Detection		
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes		
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes		

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Requirement	Operational Mode			
	Master Device or Client	Client Without		
	with Radar Detection	Radar Detection		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required		

Additional requirements for devices with	Master Device or Client with	Client Without Radar
multiple bandwidth modes	Radar Detection	Detection
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Performance Check		
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing	Test using widest BW mode	Test using the widest
Transmission Time	available	BW mode available for
		the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required

**Note:** Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.



### 10.2 DFS Detection Thresholds

**Table 3** below provides the *DFS Detection Thresholds* for *Master Devices* as well as *Client Devices* incorporating *In-Service Monitoring* 

Table 3: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices with Radar Detection

Maximum Transmit Power	Value
	(See Notes 1, 2, and 3)
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and	-62 dBm
power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density	-64 dBm
requirement	

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

**Note 2:** Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

**Note3:** EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

### 10.3 Response Requirements

**Table 4** provides the response requirements for *Master* and *Client Devices* incorporating DFS.

Table 4: DFS Response Requirement Values

Parameter Parame	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds
	See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an
	aggregate of 60
	milliseconds over remaining
	10 second period.
	See Notes 1 and 2.
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-
	NII 99% transmission
	power bandwidth. See Note
	3.

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions. Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.



#### 10.5 RADAR TEST WAVEFORMS

This section provides the parameters for required test waveforms, minimum percentage of successful detections, and the minimum number of trials that must be used for determining DFS conformance. Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.

Table 5 - Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

	Table 5 - Short ruise Radar Test Wavelorius									
Radar	Pulse Width	PRI	Number of Pulses	Minimum	Minimum					
Type	(µsec)	(µsec)		Percentage of	Number of					
				Successful	Trials					
				Detection						
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1					
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a  Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected	Roundup $ \left\{ \frac{\left(\frac{1}{360}\right)}{\left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{\text{PRI}_{\mu \text{sec}}}\right)} \right\} $	60%	30					
2	1-5	in Test A 150-230	23-29	60%	30					
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30					
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30					
Aggregate (	Radar Types 1-			80%	120					
	and Darley Darle		1 C 4 1-44 1	. 1 141. 441.	1					

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B. For example if in Short Pulse Radar Type 1 Test B a PRI of 3066 µsec is selected, the number of pulses would be

Roundup 
$$\left\{ \left( \frac{1}{360} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{3066} \right) \right\} = \text{Round up } \{17.2\} = 18.$$



Table 5a - Pulse Repetition Intervals Values for Test A

Pulse Repetition Frequency Number	Pulse Repetition Frequency (Pulses Per Second)	Pulse Repetition Interval (Microseconds)
1	1930.5	518
2	1858.7	538
3	1792.1	558
4	1730.1	578
5	1672.2	598
6	1618.1	618
7	1567.4	638
8	1519.8	658
9	1474.9	678
10	1432.7	698
11	1392.8	718
12	1355	738
13	1319.3	758
14	1285.3	778
15	1253.1	798
16	1222.5	818
17	1193.3	838
18	1165.6	858
19	1139	878
20	1113.6	898
21	1089.3	918
22	1066.1	938
23	326.2	3066

The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of Short Pulse Radar Types 1-4. For example, the following table indicates how to compute the aggregate of percentage of successful detections.

Radar Type	Number of Trials	Number of Successful Detections	Minimum Percentage of Successful						
			Detection						
1	35	29	82.9%						
2	30	18	60%						
3	30	27	90%						
4	50	44	88%						
Aggregate (82.9%	Aggregate (82.9% + 60% + 90% + 88%)/4 = 80.2%								



Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform

	Radar	Pulse	Chirp	PRI	Number	Number	Minimum	Minimum
	Type	Width	Width	(µsec)	of Pulses	of Bursts	Percentage of	Number of
		(µsec)	(MHz)		per <i>Burst</i>		Successful	Trials
					_		Detection	
Г	5	50-100	5-20	1000-	1-3	8-20	80%	30
				2000				

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen. Thirty unique waveforms are required for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

Each waveform is defined as follows:

- 1) The transmission period for the Long Pulse Radar test signal is 12 seconds.
- 2) There are a total of 8 to 20 *Bursts* in the 12 second period, with the number of *Bursts* being randomly chosen. This number is *Burst Count*.
- 3) Each *Burst* consists of 1 to 3 pulses, with the number of pulses being randomly chosen. Each *Burst* within the 12 second sequence may have a different number of pulses.
- 4) The pulse width is between 50 and 100 microseconds, with the pulse width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a *Burst* will have the same pulse width. Pulses in different *Bursts* may have different pulse widths.
- 5) Each pulse has a linear frequency modulated chirp between 5 and 20 MHz, with the chirp width being randomly chosen. Each pulse within a *transmission period* will have the same chirp width. The chirp is centered on the pulse. For example, with a radar frequency of 5300 MHz and a 20 MHz chirped signal, the chirp starts at 5290 MHz and ends at 5310 MHz.
- 6) If more than one pulse is present in a *Burst*, the time between the pulses will be between 1000 and 2000 microseconds, with the time being randomly chosen. If three pulses are present in a *Burst*, the random time interval between the first and second pulses is chosen independently of the random time interval between the second and third pulses.
- 7) The 12 second transmission period is divided into even intervals. The number of intervals is equal to *Burst Count*. Each interval is of length (12,000,000 / *Burst Count*) microseconds. Each interval contains one *Burst*. The start time for the *Burst*, relative to the beginning of the interval, is between 1 and [(12,000,000 / *Burst Count*) (Total *Burst* Length) + (One Random PRI Interval)] microseconds, with the start time being randomly chosen. The step interval for the start time is 1 microsecond. The start time for each *Burst* is chosen randomly.

### A representative example of a Long Pulse Radar Type waveform:

- 1) The total test waveform length is 12 seconds.
- 2) Eight (8) Bursts are randomly generated for the Burst Count.
- 3) Burst 1 has 2 randomly generated pulses.
- 4) The pulse width (for both pulses) is randomly selected to be 75 microseconds.
- 5) The PRI is randomly selected to be at 1213 microseconds.
- 6) Bursts 2 through 8 are generated using steps 3 5.
- 7) Each *Burst* is contained in even intervals of 1,500,000 microseconds. The starting location for Pulse 1, *Burst* 1 is randomly generated (1 to 1,500,000 minus the total *Burst* 1 length + 1 random PRI interval) at the 325,001 microsecond step. *Bursts* 2 through 8 randomly fall in successive 1,500,000 microsecond intervals (i.e. *Burst* 2 falls in the 1,500,001 3,000,000 microsecond range).



Table 7 - Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length	Minimum Percentage of Successful	Minimum Number of Trials
	4 /		1		(msec)	Detection	
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

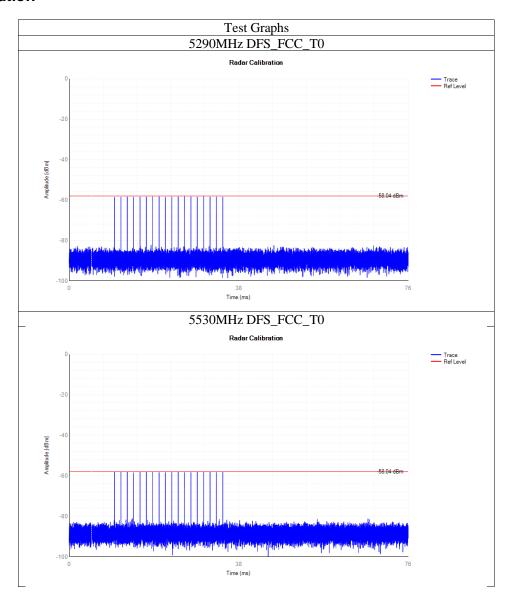
For the Frequency Hopping Radar Type, the same *Burst* parameters are used for each waveform. The hopping sequence is different for each waveform and a 100-length segment is selected from the hopping sequence defined by the following algorithm:

The first frequency in a hopping sequence is selected randomly from the group of 475 integer frequencies from 5250 – 5724 MHz. Next, the frequency that was just chosen is removed from the group and a frequency is randomly selected from the remaining 474 frequencies in the group. This process continues until all 475 frequencies are chosen for the set. For selection of a random frequency, the frequencies remaining within the group are always treated as equally likely.



# 11 Test result

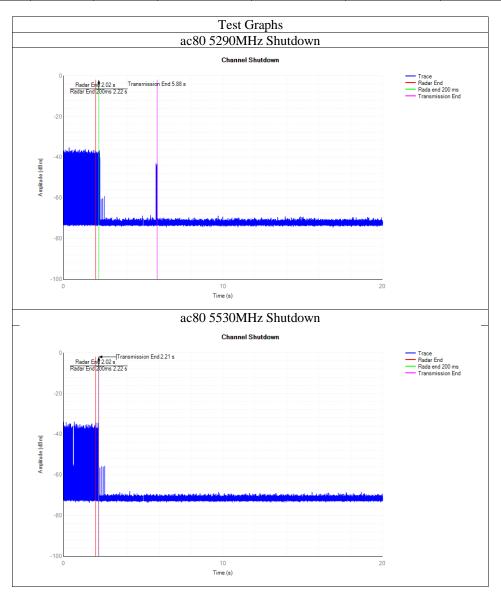
### **DFS Calibration**





#### **Shutdown Time**

	•							
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Move Time (s)	Limit Channel Move Time (s)	Close Transmission Time (s)	Limit Close Transmission Time (s)	Close Transmission Time after 200ms(s)	Limit Close Transmission Time after 200ms (s)	Verdict
ac80	5290	3.8577	10	0.177	0.26	0.046	0.06	Pass
ac80	5530	0.1837	10	0.112	0.26	0	0.06	Pass

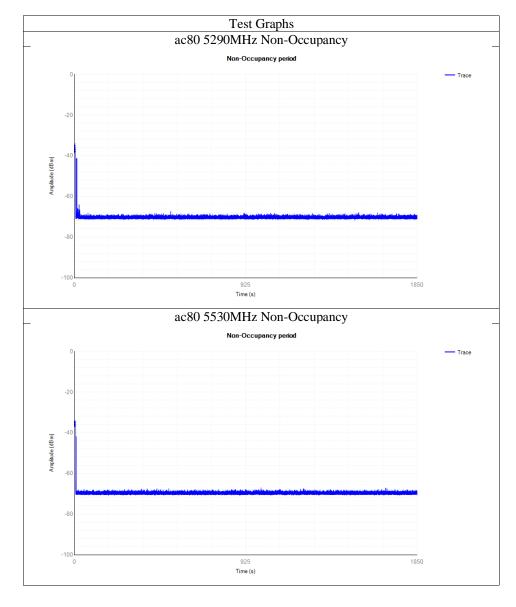




# **Non-Occupancy**

During the 30 minutes observation time, UUT did not make any transmissions on a channel after a radar signal was detected on that channel by either the Channel Availability Check or the In-Service Monitoring.

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Result	Verdict
ac80	5290	See test Graph	Pass
ac80	5530	See test Graph	Pass





# 12 Test Equipment List

**MWRF Test System** 

٠.	With Test System						
		DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CAL. DATE	CAL. DUE DATE
С	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	S2110417b- YQ-EMC	2023-10-11	2024-11-09	
		Signal spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020B	MY59050168	2024-2-19	2025-2-18
	С	RF automatic control unit	MWRFtest	MW100- RFCB	S2110418b- YQ-EMC	2023-9-28	2024-9-27
		Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	S1503003- YQ-EMC	2024-8-1	2025-7-31

Measurement Software Information				
Test Item	Software	Manufacturer	Version	
С	MTS 8310	MWRFtest	3.0.0.0	



# 13 System Measurement Uncertainly

For a 95% confidence level, the measurement expanded uncertainties for defined systems, in accordance with the recommendations of ISO 17025 were:

Items	Extended Uncertainty
Conducted Disturbance at Mains Terminals	150kHz to 30MHz, LISN, ±3.16dB
Radiated Disturbance	30MHz to 1GHz, ±5.03dB (Horizontal) ±5.12dB (Vertical)
	1GHz to 18GHz, ±5.15dB (Horizontal) ±5.12dB (Vertical) 18GHz to 25GHz, ±4.76dB

Measurement Uncertainty Decision Rule:

Determination of conformity with the specification limits is based on the decision rule according to IEC Guide 115: 2023, clause 4.3.3.

