

Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Test Report

APPLICANT	:	BLU Products, Inc.
PRODUCT NAME	:	Smart Phone
MODEL NAME	:	G84
BRAND NAME	:	BLU
FCC ID	:	YHLBLU84C
STANDARD(S)	:	FCC 47 CFR Part 20 (20.19) ANSI C63.19-2019
RECEIPT DATE	:	2024-06-05
TEST DATE	:	2024-06-25 to 2024-06-26
ISSUE DATE	:	2024-08-01

Xie Yiyun Xie Yiyun (Rapporteur) Edited by: Gan Jue ming Approved by: -Gan Yueming (Supervisor)

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	Cł	nange History		
Version Date Reason for change				
1.0	2024-08-01	First edition		



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1. Statement of T-Coil Measurement

The lowest contiguous point count of primary group and secondary group found during test as bellows:

Air Interface Contiguous Point Count		Secondary Group Point Count	Frequency Response	
GSM CMRS Voice	39	156	PASS	
UMTS CMRS Voice	381	580	PASS	
VoLTE	367	574	PASS	
VoWiFi	284	463	PASS	

Note:

- This device is in compliance with compliance with T-Coil requirement specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 20.19 and tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in ANSI C63.19-2019 and FCC KDB publications.
- 2. When the test result is a critical value, we will use the measurement uncertainty give the judgment result based on the 95% confidence intervals.



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2. Technical Information

Note: Provide by applicant.

2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant:	BLU Products, Inc.
Applicant Address:	8600 NW 36th Street, Suite #300 Miami, FL 33166, USA
Manufacturer:	BLU Products, Inc.
Manufacturer Address:	8600 NW 36th Street, Suite #300 Miami, FL 33166, USA

2.2. Equipment under Test (EUT) Description

Product Name:	Smart Phone
EUT IMEI:	352233930338547
Hardware Version:	KE35NC_01
Software Version:	BLU_G1050_V14.0.0100_GENERIC 01-06-2024
	GSM 850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	GSM 1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz
	LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
	LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz
Frequency Bands:	LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz
	LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz
	LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz
	WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412 MHz ~ 2472 MHz
	WLAN 5.2GHz: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz
	WLAN 5.3GHz: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz
	WLAN 5.5GHz: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz
	WLAN 5.8GHz: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz
	Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
	NFC: 13.56 MHz
Modulation Mode:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK
	EDGE: 8PSK



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	WCDMA: Q	PSK, 16QAM			
	LTE: QPSK	, 16QAM, 64QAM			
	802.11b: DS	SSS			
	802.11a/g/n	-HT20/HT40/ac-VHT20/40/80: OFDM			
	BR+EDR: G	FSK (1Mbps), π/4-DQPSK (2Mbps), 8-DPSK (3Mbps)			
	Bluetooth Ll	E: GFSK (1Mbps, 2Mbps)			
	NFC: ASK				
	WWAN: PIF	AAntenna			
Antenna type:	WLAN: PIFA Antenna				
Antenna type.	Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna				
	NFC: PIFA Antenna				
VoLTE Mode:	Support				
VoWi-Fi Mode:	Support				
SIM Cards Description:	SIM 1 GSM+WCDMA+LTE				
	SIM 2 GSM+WCDMA+LTE				

Note: For more detailed description, please refer to specification or user manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.



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2.3. Photographs of the EUT

Please refer to the External Photos for the Photos of the EUT

2.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

	dentity R Part 20 (20.19)	Document Title Hearing aid-compatible mobile handsets American National Standard Methods of	determination Remark No deviation
	R Part 20 (20.19)	v	
	R Part 20 (20.19)	v	No deviation
2 ANSI C63 1		American National Standard Methods of	
		American National Stanuaru Methous of	
	0.2010	Measurement of Compatibility between	No deviation
2 ANSI 003.1	9-2019	Wireless Communications Devices and	NO DEVIATION
		Hearing Aids	
3 KDB 28507	6 D01v06r04	HAC Guidance	No deviation
4 KDB 28507	6 D02v04	T-Coil testing for CMRS IP	No deviation
5 KDB 28507	6 D03v01r06	HAC FAQ	No deviation
Note: Additions to,	deviation, or exclusion	ions from the method shall be judged in the "meth	od
determination" colu	ımn of add, deviate o	or exclude from the specific method shall be expla	ained in the
"Remark" of the abo	ove table.		



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3. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band	Transport Type	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
<u></u>	GSM 850	VO			No
GSM	GSM 1900	VU	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	Band II				No
WCDMA	Band IV	VO	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
(UMTS)	Band V				No
	Band 2				No
	Band 4				No
FDD-LTE	Band 5	VD	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
	Band 7				No
	Band 12				No
	Band 13				No
	Band 17				No
	Band 66				No
	Band 71				No
	2450		GSM, UMTS, LTE	VoWiFi	No
	5200 (U-NII-1)				No
WiFi	5300 (U-NII-2A)	VD			No
	5500 (U-NII-2C)				No
	5800 (U-NII-3)				No
BT	2450	DT	GSM, UMTS, LTE	N/A	No

Note:

- 1) Air Interface/Band MHz: List of all air interfaces and bands supported by the handset.
- 2) Type: For each air interface, indicate the type of voice transport mode:
- i. VO = legacy Cellular Voice Service, from ANSI C63.19-2019;
- ii. DT = Digital Transport only (no voice); and
- iii. VD = IP Voice Service over Digital Transport.
- 3) Simultaneous Transmitter: Indicate any air interface/bands that operate in simultaneous or concurrent service transmission mode.
- 4) Name of Voice Service: See Q4 in 285076 D03 HAC FAQ for further clarification.
- 5) Set device to highest device transmit power in a held to the ear mode.





4. T-Coil Test Requirements and Restrictions

4.1. T-Coil Coupling Qualifying Field Strengths

In order to comply with the requirements for T-Coil use, a WD's tested operating modes shall simultaneously meet the requirements for minimum desired ABM signal level and maximum undesired ABM field contained in this sub clause at the minimum specified number of scanned locations.

When measured as specified in this standard, there are two groups of qualifying measurement points:

Primary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its T-Coil signal, desired ABM signal, ≥ -18 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter. These measurements shall be made with the WD operating at a reference input level as specified in Table 6.1. Simultaneously, the qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤ -38 dB (A/m).

Secondary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤ -38 dB (A/m). This group inherently includes all the members of the primary group.

These levels are designed to be compatible with hearing aids that produce the same acoustic output level for either an acoustic input level of 65 dB SPL or a magnetic input level of -25 dB(A/m) (56.2 mA/m) at either 1.0 kHz or 1.6 kHz. The hearing aid operational measurements are performed per ANSI S3.22-2014.

4.2. Desired ABM signal and Undesired ABM Field Qualification Requirements

> 2G GSM Operating Modes

If the 2G GSM operating mode(s) are selected for qualification, the qualifying measurement points shall fulfil the requirements of section 6.6.2 of ANSI C63.19; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

- □ The primary group shall include at least 25 measurement points.
- □ The secondary group shall include at least 125 contiguous measurement points.

> Non-2G GSM Operating Modes

The goal of this requirement is to ensure an adequate area where desired ABM signal is sufficiently strong to be heard clearly and a larger area where undesired ABM field is sufficiently low as to avoid undue annoyance. Qualifying measurement points shall fulfill the requirements of section 6.6.2 of ANSI C63.19; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

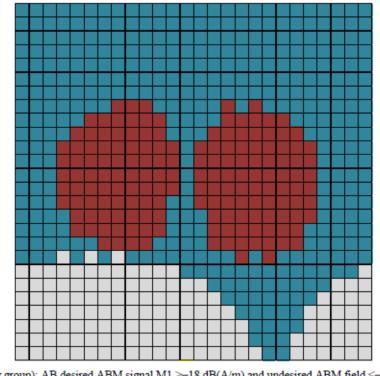
□ The primary group shall include at least 75 measurement points.



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The secondary group shall include at least 300 contiguous measurement points.



Red (primary group): AB desired ABM signal M1 2-18 dB(A/m) and undesired ABM field 5-38 dB(A/m) Blue and red (secondary group): undesired ABM field ≤-38 dB(A/m)

Fig 4.1 An example of a qualifying desired ABM signal, undesired ABM field scan

4.3. Frequency Response

The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3 kHz.

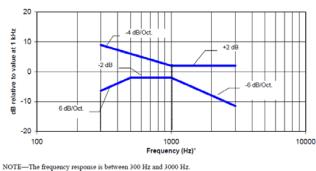


Fig 4.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength \leq -15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz

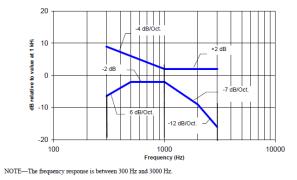


Fig 4.3 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz



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5. HAC (T-Coil) Measurement System

5.1. T-Coil Measurement Setup

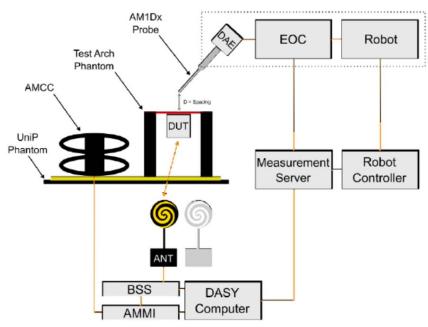


Fig 5.1 SPEAG T-Coil System Configurations

Note:

1. Per C63.19 & KDB 285076 D02, define the all of the applicable input audio level:

Standard	Protocol	Input Level (dBm0)
TIA-2000	CDMA	-18
TIA/EIA-136	TDMA (50 Hz)	-18
J-STD-007	GSM (217 Hz)	-16
T1/T1P1/3GPP (See Note 1)	UMTS (WCDMA)	-16
iDEN	TDMA (22 Hz and 11 Hz)	-18
VoIP (See Note 2)	Voice over Internet Protocol	-16

Note 1: For UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System), refer to 3GPP TS26.131 and TS26.132.

Note 2: VoIP is used in this table as a general term specifying a group of voice services that use -16 dBm0 as their normal acoustic level. The group includes a variety of voice services, including Voice-over-LTE (VoLTE), Voice-over-IP-multimedia-subsystem (VoIMS), Voice-over-Wi-Fi (VoWiFi) and similar services. For 3G, LTE, and WLAN terminals used for Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) based telephony, refer to 3GPP TS26.131 and TS26.132.



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- 2. A communication base station CMU200 is used for testing GSM / UMTS / CDMA, and it's "Decode Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input level.
- CMU200 is able to output 1 kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decode Cal", the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA.
- 4. The callbox of CMW500 is used for VoLTE over IMS and VoWiFi over IMS T-Coil measurement, the data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. And the CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE and -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.
- 5. The OTT VoIP call is tested on the data application unit of CMW500 connection to the internet.

5.2. Base Station Gain Factor

- 1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1 kHz sine signal.
- 2. The calculation formula as below showing how to determine the input level for air interface for this device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

<Input level determination>

Gain Value (linear)	Full Scaled Voltage (V)	dBm0	dB	AMMI Audio Out	AMCC Coil Out
-	1.5	3.14		0.5	3.14
100		5.6	40	2.96	-15.38
9.31		-16	19.38		-16

<Base station gain factor calculation>



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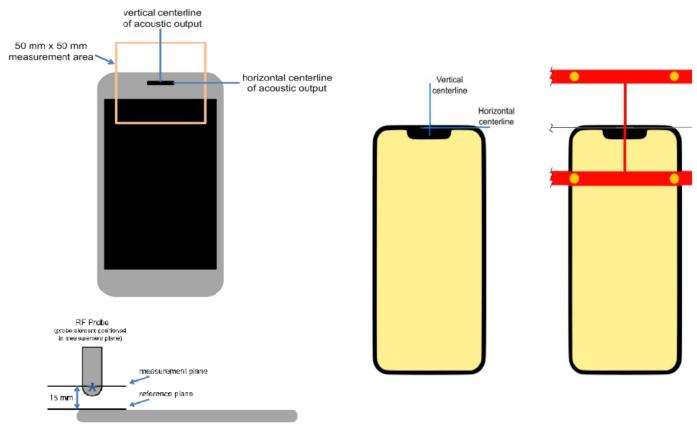
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Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.4	-12.8	4.35	40.32
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.8	-18.7	8.51	78.96

5.3. T-Coil Measurement Reference Plane



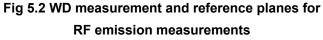


Fig 5.3 Device Under Test Positioning under the Test Arch

Note:

- 1. The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- 2. The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

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- 3. The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the acoustic output (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on or near a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the reference axis and resultant measurement area shall be noted in the test report.
- 4. The measurement area shall be 50 mm by 50 mm. The measurement area for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field may be located where the transverse magnetic measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement area should be in the vicinity of the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.
- Measurements of desired ABM signal strength and undesired ABM field are made at 2.0 mm ± 0.5 mm or 4 mm intervals in an X-Y measurement area pattern over the entire measurement area (676 measurement points total); either all measured, or measured plus interpolated, per 6.4 of ANSI C63.19.
- 6. Desired ABM signal frequency response is measured at a single location at or near the maximum desired ABM signal strength location.
- 7. The actual locations of the measurement points shall be noted in the test report.

5.4. System Validation

For correct and calibrated measurement of the voltages and ABM filed, DASY will perform a calibration job follows below:

- 1. In phase 1, the audio output is switched off, and a 200 mW symmetric rectangular signal of 1 kHz is connected directly to both channels of the sampling unit (Coil in, Probe in).
- 2. In phase 2, the audio output is off, and a 20 mW symmetric 100 Hz signal is internally connected. The signals during phases 1 and 2 are available at the output on the rear panel of the AMMI. However, the output must not be loaded, in order to avoid influencing the calibration, an RMS voltmeter would indicate 100mWRMS, during the second phase after the first two phases, the two input channels are both calibrated for absolute ants of voltages. The resulting factors are displayed above the multi-meter window.
- 3. After phases 1 and 2, the input channels are calibrated to measure exact voltages. This is required to use the inputs for measuring voltages with their peak and RMS value.
- 4. In phase 3, a mulit-sine signal covering each third-octave band from 50 Hz to 10 kHz is generated and applied to both audio outputs. The probe should be positioned in the center of the AMCC and aligned in the z-direction, the filed orientation of the AMCC. The "Coil In" channel is measuring the voltage over the AMCC internal shunt, which is proportional to the magnetic filed in the AMCC. At the same time, the "Probe In" channel samples the amplified signal picked up by the probe coil and provides a numerical integrator. The radio of two voltages in each third-octave filter leads to the spectral representation over the frequency band of interest. The coil signal is scaled in dBV, and the probe signal is first integrated and normalized to show dB A/m. The radio probe-to-coil at the frequency of 1 kHz is the sensitivity which will be used in the consecutive T-coil jobs.



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6. T-Coil Test Procedure

6.1. General Description

T-Coil measurement follows Section 6.4 of ANSI C63.19-2019.

This sub clause describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. Measurements shall be performed over a measurement area 50 mm square, in the measurement plane, as specified in A.3. The measurement area shall be scanned with a uniform measurement point spacing of 2.0 mm \pm 0.5 mm in each X-Y axis of the plane, yielding 676 measurement points with approximately even spacing throughout the area.

Optionally, measurement point spacing may be increased to 4 mm, with interpolation employed to yield the required 676 equivalent measurement points distributed uniformly over the 50 mm square measurement area. Interpolated points shall be derived from the average of the linear representations of the field strengths of the nearest two or four equidistant measured points. The area of measurement is increased to a 52 mm square so that edge rows and columns of the required 50 mm square can be either measured or interpolated, with none extrapolated.

In addition to measuring the desired ABM signal levels, the weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. Weighting of the unintended and undesired ABM field shall be by the spectral and temporal weighting described in D.4 through D.6.

In order to assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal shall be made at the same locations. Measurements shall not include undesired influence from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load might be necessary. However, even then with a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load there could still be RF leakage from the WD, which could interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be done with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in Table 6.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well. If tested with the display in the off state this shall be documented in the test report.

Measurements shall be performed with the probe coil oriented in the transverse direction, as illustrated in A.3, that is, aligned in the plane of the measurement area and perpendicular to the long dimension of the WD. A multi-stage sequence consists of first measuring the field strength of the desired T-Coil signal (desired ABM signal) that is useful to a hearing aid T-Coil at each specified measurement point. The undesired magnetic component (undesired ABM field) is then measured in the same transverse orientation at each of



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the same measurement points. At a single location only, taken at or near the highest desired ABM signal reading, the desired ABM signal frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage. The flowchart in Figure 6.3 illustrates this three-stage process.

To minimize the need to test every WD operating mode to the telecoil requirements of Clause 6, it is permissible to exclude some subset of supported configurations. For a given WD, every mode that supports voice communication shall be considered for telecoil testing. However, if it can be demonstrated that a certain configuration will not be the worst-case telecoil configuration, such configurations may be excluded from the full telecoil scans of 6.4.34 For example, operating modes may be pre-screened by scanning for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field at a lower measurement point density than the final scans, thus saving considerable testing time by eliminating configurations that are excellent performers from more detailed testing for worst-case. In any case, the specific methods and criteria used to determine which configurations are excluded for a WD shall be explicitly stated and justified in the test report. To be considered for exclusion from telecoil testing, operating modes shall also be shown to pass the frequency response requirements of 6.6.3.

Many factors could affect telecoil test results. RF power level and amplitude modulation characteristics as well as the specific current paths within the WD associated with the RF output stage(s), the display, and processing circuitry could affect the undesired ABM field. Audio codec implementation and acoustic receiver characteristics could also affect the desired ABM signal). Therefore, any justifications for exclusions should be thorough documented. If an operating mode is under user control and instructions on how to place the WD in a less interfering condition is in the user instructions, those instructions may be followed in configuring the device for testing.



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This section follows ANSI C63.19-2019 section 6.4.1:

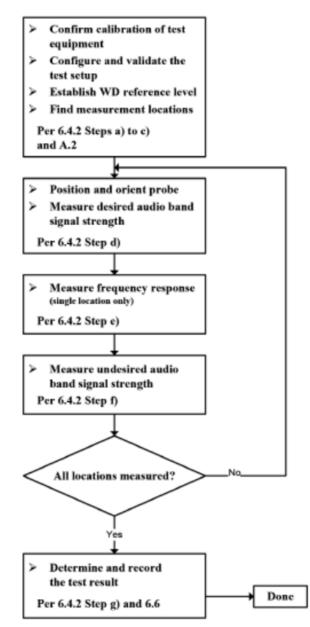


Fig 6.1 WD T-Coil signal test flowchart

Note:

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of desired ABM signal level. An alternative procedure, yielding equivalent results, using a broadband excitation is described in 6.5 of ANSI C63.19-2019.

1. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation shall be performed. This may be done using a TMFS

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or Helmholtz Coil. Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within tolerance of the expected values.

- 2. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in 6.3.2.
- 3. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load (if necessary to control RF interference in the measurement equipment) as shown in Figure 6.1 or Figure 6.2.
- 4. The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in Table 6.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in the 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (desired ABM signal) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz, or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as specified in 6.4.3, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used.35 The same drive level will be used for the desired ABM signal frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- 5. At each measurement location over the measurement area and in the transverse orientation, measure and record the desired 1 kHz T-Coil magnetic signal (desired ABM signal) as described in Step c).
- 6. At or near a location representing a maximum in the just-measured desired ABM signal, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (desired ABM signal at fi) as described in 6.4.5.2 in each individual ISO 266:1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in Step c), and the reading taken for that band. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input–output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated or half-band integrated probe output, as described in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB (A/m).) Compare the frequency response found to the requirements of 6.6.3.
- 7. At the same locations measured in Step d), measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (undesired ABM field) with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using the specified spectral weighting, the half-band integrator followed by the temporal weighting.
- Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy both the minimum desired ABM signal level and the maximum undesired ABM field level specified in 6.6.2. Compare this to the requirements in 6.6.4 and record the result.
- 9. Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy the maximum undesired ABM field level and distribution requirements specified in 6.6.4.



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7. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Nome of Equipment	Type/Medal	Serial No. /	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	SW Version	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT	cDASY6 HAC	V1.2	NCR	NCR
	SYSTEM Software				
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	1048	2024.06.04	2025.06.03
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1044	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1032	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Holder	N/A	1094	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	480	2023.09.19	2024.09.18
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	165755	2024.01.25	2025.01.24



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Tel: 86-755-36698555

Fax: 86-755-36698525

Http://www.morlab.cn

E-mail: service@morlab.cn

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8. Summary Test Results

8.1. Test Guidance

- 1. The middle channel of each frequency band is used for T-Coil testing according ANSI C63.19-2019.
- For VoLTE radio configuration investigation is choose either one codec and an investigation was
 performed on all frequency band, data rates and modulations and RB configuration to determine the
 radio configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case configuration
 would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 3. According to KDB 285076, reporting results involves Air Interface Investigation defined following process:
 - 1) Ratio configuration Investigation: The worst radio configuration (e.g. bandwidth, modulation data rate, subcarrier spacings, and resource blocks) should be investigated and documented.
 - 2) Codec Investigation to determine the worst-case codec for each voice service, using the worst-case codec for a voice service, a range of channels and bands tested.
 - 3) Using a frequency near the center of the frequency band to test T-Coil per ANSI C63.19-2019 section 6.3.3.
- 4. For 5G VoWiFi, the worst frequency band of 802.11a would be selected to test other wireless modes.
- 5. This device was tested under the maximum volume, backlight off and mute on.
- 6. HAC mode would be active to improve the audio signal to comply with the T-Coil performance of ANSI C63.19-2019.
- 7. The device has similar frequency in LTE bands: LTE Band 12/17, LTE Band 4/66 since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid compliance.



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GSM Test Results

<Codec Investigation>

Wireless Band & Channel	Orientation	Codec Bites (Kbps)	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
GSM850 /189	Transversal (Y)	AMR-NB 4.75	54	191	13	26	PASS
		AMR-NB 12.2	40	162	13	26	PASS
		AMR-WB 6.60	51	178	14	26	PASS
		AMR-WB 12.65	50	187	14	26	PASS

Note: The worst codec of AMR-NB 12.2Kbps was selected for air interface Investigation.

<Air Interface Investigation>

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Frequency Response
GSM 850	GSM Voice	189	40	162	13	26	-53.37	PASS
GSM 1900	GSM Voice	661	39	156	13	26	-53.37	PASS

> UMTS Test Results

<Codec Investigation>

Wireless Band & Channel	Orientation	Codec Bites (Kbps)	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
WCDMA II / 9400	Transversal (Y)	AMR-NB 4.75	400	608	26	26	PASS
		AMR-NB 12.20	383	583	26	26	PASS
		AMR-WB 6.60	411	611	26	26	PASS
		AMR-WB12.65	391	607	26	26	PASS

Note: The worst codec of AMR-NB 12.2Kbps was selected for air interface Investigation.



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<Air Interface Investigation>

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Frequency Response
WCDMA II	AMR	9400	383	583	26	26	-53.37	PASS
WCDMA IV	AMR	1413	381	580	26	26	-53.37	PASS
WCDMA V	AMR	4182	390	597	26	26	-53.37	PASS

VoLTE Test Results

<Codec Investigation>

Wireless Band / Bandwidth / Channel	Orientation	Codec Bites (Kbps)	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
		AMR-NB 4.75	433	657	26	26	PASS
LTE Band 2/ 20MHz/ 18900		AMR-NB 12.20	422	636	26	26	PASS
	Transversal (Y)	AMR-WB 6.60	449	664	26	26	PASS
		AMR-WB 12.65	425	638	26	26	PASS
		EVS-WB 5.9	432	658	26	26	PASS
		EVS-WB 13.2	431	658	26	26	PASS
		EVS-NB 5.9	429	649	26	26	PASS
		EVS-NB 9.6	449	654	26	26	PASS

Note: The worst codec of AMR-NB 12.2Kbps was selected for air interface Investigation.

<Radio Configuration Investigation>

Air Interface	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Offset	Probe Position	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Frequency Response
LTE Band 2	20	QPSK	1#0	Transversal (Y)	422	PASS
LTE Band 2	20	QPSK	100#0	Transversal (Y)	432	PASS
LTE Band 2	20	16QAM	1#0	Transversal (Y)	428	PASS
LTE Band 2	20	64QAM	1#0	Transversal (Y)	426	PASS
LTE Band 2	15	QPSK	1#0	Transversal (Y)	427	PASS
LTE Band 2	10	QPSK	1#0	Transversal (Y)	432	PASS
LTE Band 2	5	QPSK	1#0	Transversal (Y)	437	PASS



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	LTE Band 2	1.4	QPSK	1#0	Transversal (Y)	435	PASS
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Note: The worst radio configuration highlight about would be selected for other air interface measurement.

<Air Interface Investigation>

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Frequency Response
LTE Band 2	QPSK/1#0	18900	422	636	26	26	-53.37	PASS
LTE Band 5	QPSK/1#0	20525	383	585	26	26	-53.37	PASS
LTE Band 7	QPSK/1#0	21100	376	578	26	26	-53.37	PASS
LTE Band 12/17	QPSK/1#0	23095	367	574	26	26	-53.37	PASS
LTE Band 13	QPSK/1#0	23230	368	574	26	26	-53.37	PASS
LTE Band 66/4	QPSK/1#0	132322	389	597	26	26	-53.37	PASS
LTE Band 71	QPSK/1#0	133322	368	576	26	26	-53.37	PASS

VoWiFi Test Results

<Codec Investigation>

Wireless Band / Channel	Orientation	Codec Bites (Kbps)	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Frequency Response
	AMR-NB 4.75	286	483	21	26	PASS	
WLAN 2.4GHz 7		AMR-NB 12.20	284	465	21	26	PASS
	Transversal (V)	AMR-WB 6.60	289	481	21	26	PASS
		AMR-WB 12.65	299	479	22	26	PASS
	Transversar (†)	EVS-WB 5.9	295	492	22	26	PASS
		EVS-WB 13.2	286	485	22	26	PASS
		EVS-NB 5.9	297	474	22	26	PASS
		EVS-NB 9.6	288	478	22	26	PASS

Note: The worst codec of AMR-NB 12.2Kbps was selected for air interface Investigation.



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<Radio Configuration Investigation>

Wireless Band	Air Interface	Data Rate	Channel	Probe Position Position Position Primary Group Contiguous Point Count		Frequency Response
	802.11b	1Mbps	7	Transversal (Y)	284	PASS
WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps 7 Transversal (Y) 2		298	PASS		
	802.11n-HT20	MCS0	7	Transversal (Y)	299	PASS
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0		7	Transversal (Y)	300	PASS
	802.11 ac-VHT20	MCS0	7	Transversal (Y)	296	PASS
	802.11 ac-VHT40	MCS0	7	Transversal (Y)	298	PASS
WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a	6Mbps	44	Transversal (Y)	309	PASS
WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a	6Mbps	60	Transversal (Y)	390	PASS
WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a	6Mbps	120	Transversal (Y)	382	PASS
WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a	6Mbps	157	Transversal (Y)	381	PASS

Note: The worst radio configuration highlight about would be selected for other air interface measurement.

<Air Interface Investigation>

Wireless Band	Air Interface	Channel	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Secondary Group Max Transverse	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Frequency Response
	802.11b	7	284	465	21	26	-53.37	PASS
	802.11g	802.11g 7 298 463 22		26	-53.37	PASS		
	802.11n20	7	299	470	22	26	-53.37	PASS
WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11n40	7	300	469 22		26	-53.37	PASS
	802.11ac20	7	296	468	22	26	-53.37	PASS
	802.11ac40	7	298	466	22	26	-53.37	PASS
WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a	44	309	466	24	26	-53.37	PASS
WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a	60	390	541	26	26	-53.37	PASS
WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a	120	382	531	26	26	-53.37	PASS
WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a	157	381	533	26	26	-53.37	PASS
WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11n20	44	394	542	26	26	-53.37	PASS
	802.11n40	46	391	540	26	26	-53.37	PASS
	802.11ac20	44	390	540	26	26	-53.37	PASS
	802.11ac40	46	388	538	26	26	-53.37	PASS
	802.11ac80	42	390	541	26	26	-53.37	PASS



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9. Uncertainty Assessment

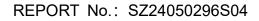
Uncertainty of Audio Band Magnetic Measurements							
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probe Distance	Div.	(Ci) ABMd	(Ci) ABMu	Standard Uncertainty (ABMd) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (ABMu) (±%)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference level	3.0	Ν	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
AMCC geometry	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
AMCC current	1.0	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
Probe positioning during calibrate	0.1	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1
Noise contribution	0.7	R	1.732	0.0143	1	0.0	0.4
Frequency slope	5.9	R	1.732	0.1	1	0.3	3.5
Probe System							
Repeatability/drift	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity/dynamic range	0.6	R	1.732	1	1	0.4	0.4
Acoustic noise	1.0	R	1.732	0.1	1	0.1	0.6
Probe angle	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Spectral processing	0.9	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration time	0.6	Ν	1	1	5	0.6	3.0
Field disturbation	0.2	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1
Test Signal							
Reference signal spectral response	0.6	R	1.732	0	1	0.0	0.4
Positioning							-
Probe positioning	1.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.1	1.1
Phantom thickness	0.9	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
EUT positioning	1.9	Ν	1.732	1	1	1.1	1.1
External contributions							
RF interference	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.3	0.0	0.0
Test signal variation	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Combined Std. Uncertainty							
Combined Std. Uncertainty (ABM Field)						3.9	6.0
Expanded STD Uncertainty						7.8	11.0



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Annex A General Information

1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.	
Laboratory Address:	FL.1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Blo	
	67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China	
Telephone:	+86 755 36698555	
Facsimile:	+86 755 36698525	

2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.			
Address:	FL.1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block			
	67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China			

3. Facilities and Accreditations

The FCC designation number is CN1192, the test firm registration number is 226174.



Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. FL.1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen , GuangDong Province, P. R. China Tel: 86-755-36698555

Fax: 86-755-36698525

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The annex B will be submitted separately.

Annex C Plots of T-Coil Test Results

The annex C will be submitted separately.

Annex D DASY Calibration Certificate

The annex D will be submitted separately.

****** END OF MAIN REPORT ******



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Fax: 86-755-36698525

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